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A

GENERAL AND HERALDIC DICTIONARY

OF

THE PEERAGE AND BARONETAGE

OF THE

UNITED KINGDOM,

FOR M.D.CCC.XXVI.

EXHIBITING, UNDER STRICT ALPHABETICAL ARRANGEMENT,

THE PRESENT STATE OF THOSE EXALTED RANKS,

WITH THEIR ARMORIAL BEARINGS, MOTTOES, &c.

AND DEDUCING THE LINEAGE OF EACH HOUSE FROM THE FOUNDER OF ITS HONORS.

WITH AN APPENDIX,

COMPRISING THE PRELATES, THE SURNAMES OF PEERS,

TITLES BY COURTESY OF THEIR ELDEST SONS, NAMES OF HEIRS PRESUMPTIVE, &c. &c.

BY JOHN BURKE, ESQ.

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TO

HIS MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY,

KING GEORGE THE FOURTH,

This Dictionary,

OF

THE PEERAGE AND BARONETAGE

OF THE UNITED KINGDOM,

IS,

WITH FEELINGS OF PROFOUND RESPECT,

MOST DUTIFULLY INSCRIBED,

BY

HIS MAJESTY'S

DEVOTED AND HUMBLE

SUBJECT AND SERVANT,

JOHN BURKE.

PREFACE.

The absolute want of any book of reference, appertaining to those elevated ranks, the Peerage and Baronetage of the United Kingdom, in which the slightest confidence, as *an authority*, could be reposed, suggested the compilation of the Work now submitted to the public.

Deeming books of this description only valuable so far as they can be easily understood and implicitly relied upon, the compiler, when he commenced his undertaking, had two objects principally in view,—perspicuity of arrangement, and accuracy of detail. To accomplish the first, he adopted the alphabetical form, as the simplest, and that by which the object sought after, could, with the greatest despatch and the least difficulty, be attained; and to succeed in the second, he left no authority, which could in the slightest degree assist him, unconsulted, and he lost no opportunity of communicating with those who had the means of affording him correct and available information.

As it is intended, however, to publish the work at the commencement of every year, he appeals respectfully to the noble and distinguished personages themselves, for such communications as shall stamp all future Editions with the broad seal of unquestionable authenticity, even in matters of the most minute detail; and he pledges himself that no effort upon his part shall be wanting, to render the Book correct and useful.

THE ROYAL FAMILY.

Reigning Sovereign.

HIS MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY GEORGE-AUGUSTUS-FREDERICK, THE FOURTH, King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and King of Hanover; Defender of the Faith; Duke of Lancaster, Cornwall, and Edinburgh; Marquess of the Isle of Ely; Earl of Carrick and Eltham; Viscount Launceston; Baron of Renfrew; Lord of the Isles, and Great Steward of Scotland; Sovereign of the illustrious Orders of the Garter, of the Bath, of the Thistle, of St. Patrick, of St. Michael and St. George, and of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic; Knight of the Russian Orders of the Black Eagle, of St. Alexander Newski, and of St. Anne; of the Polish Order of the White Eagle; of St. Esprit, in France; of the Golden Fleece, in Spain; and of William, in the Netherlands: *b.* on the 12th of August, 1762; succeeded to the throne upon the demise of his father, King George the Third, on the 29th of January, 1820; crowned in the Abbey Church of St. Peter, Westminster, on the 19th of July, 1821. His Majesty, when Prince of Wales, *m.* (on the 8th of April, 1795,) his first-cousin, Caroline-Elizabeth, second daughter of his Serene Highness Charles-William, Duke of Brunswick, sister of the late gallant Duke, and aunt of the present reigning Duke, (*b.* 17th May, 1768,) by whom he had an only daughter, Charlotte-Augusta, *b.* 7th January, 1796, *m.* 2nd May, 1816, his Royal Highness Leopold-George-Frederick, Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringuen, and Prince of Coburg, of Saalfield, Knight of the Garter, and Knight Grand Cross of the Bath. Her Royal Highness, to the inexpressible regret of an empire, wherein her popularity was unbounded, expired in a few hours after being delivered of a still-born child, on the 6th of November, 1817.

His Majesty became a widower on the 7th of August, 1821.

PRINCES AND PRINCESSES OF THE BLOOD.

[FOR PARTICULARS OF THE FORMER, SEE THE PROPER LETTER IN THE DICTIONARY.]

Brothers of the King.

PRINCE FREDERICK, Duke of York; heir presumptive to the Throne.
PRINCE WILLIAM-HENRY, Duke of Clarence and St. Andrews.
PRINCE ERNEST-AUGUSTUS, Duke of Cumberland and Tiviotdale.
PRINCE AUGUSTUS-FREDERICK, Duke of Sussex.
PRINCE ADOLPHUS-FREDERICK, Duke of Cambridge.

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First Cousin and Brother-in-law of the King.

PRINCE WILLIAM-FREDERICK, Duke of Gloucester and Edinburgh.

Sisters of the King.

PRINCESS CHARLOTTE-AUGUSTA-MATILDA; *b.* 29th of September, 1766; *m.* in 1797, to the Duke, subsequently King, of Wirtemberg. His Majesty *d.* in 1816.

PRINCESS AUGUSTA-SOPHIA; *b.* 8th of November, 1768.

PRINCESS ELIZABETH; *b.* 22nd of May, 1770; *m.* 7th of April, 1818, to Frederick-Joseph-Louis-Charles-Augustus, Landgrave and Prince of Hesse Homburg.

PRINCESS MARY; *b.* 25th of April, 1776; *m.* to her cousin, the Duke of Gloucester, on the 22nd of July, 1816.

PRINCESS SOPHIA; *b.* 3rd of November, 1777.

Niece of the King.

PRINCESS ALEXANDRINA-VICTORIA OF KENT; *b.* 24th of May, 1819; only daughter of his late Royal Highness, Edward, Duke of Kent, (who *d.* 23rd of January, 1820,) by her Royal Highness Victoria-Maria-Louisa, sister of Prince Leopold of Saxe-Coburg, and relict of his Serene Highness, Charles-Louis, Prince of Leiningen. The Duchess of Kent was *b.* on the 17th of August, 1786; and *m.* to the Duke of Kent, on the 14th of July, 1818.

Cousin of the King.

PRINCESS SOPHIA-MATILDA OF GLOUCESTER; *b.* 23rd May, 1773.

CHANGES WHICH HAVE OCCURRED DURING THE PROGRESS OF THE WORK DETAILED,

OMISSIONS SUPPLIED, AND ERRORS OF THE PRESS CORRECTED.

Readers are requested to look through this list before the Dictionary be referred to.

ABERCORN, MARQUESS OF.
Country Seats—Dudingstone House, Edinburgh; and Baron's Court, Ireland.

ABINGDON, EARL OF.
Country Seat—Rycote Park, Oxfordshire.

ALDBOROUGH, EARL OF, has a son, Mason-Gerrard, Viscount Amiens; and two daughters, the Ladies Elizabeth and Sophia Stratford.

AMHERST, LORD.
Country Seat—Montreal, county of Kent.

ANSON, VISCOUNT.
Country Seat—Shugborough, Staffordshire.

AYLMER, LORD, has obtained a royal license to use the surname of "Whitworth," after that of "Aylmer," in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his lordship's maternal kinsman, Richard Whitworth, esq., of Batchacre Park, Staffordshire.

BAKER, SIR EDWARD-BAKER, of Ashcombe, Sussex; and Ranston, in the county of Dorset; inherited the title at the decease of his father, Sir Edward-Baker Baker, (originally Littlehales,) bart. on the 4th of March, 1825.

BERNEY, SIR HANSON, of Park Hall, Norfolk; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, Sir John Berney, bart., on the 4th of October, 1825; *m.* in 1811, Anne, daughter of Henry Tahourdin, esq., of Sydenham.

BLOOMFIELD, BARON, (Right Hon. Sir Benjamin Bloomfield, knight,) of Oakhampton; and of Redwood, in the county of Tipperary, in the peerage of Ireland. This nobleman, who filled the office of first equerry to the king, obtained his peerage by creation, on the 11th of May, 1825. His lordship is now ambassador at the court of Sweden.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

BROWNLOW, EARL.
Country Seat—Belton House, Lincolnshire.

BUCCLEUGH, DUKE OF.
Country Seats—Melrose Abbey, Roxburghshire; Dalkeith House, near Edinburgh; Langholm Castle, Dumfriesshire; and Tyndale Park, co. of Oxford.

CHARLEMONT, EARL OF.
Country Seats—Marino, near Dublin; and Castle Caulfield, Tyrone.

CLANRICARDE, EARL OF, created Marquess of Clanricarde, on the 5th Oct., 1825.

COCKBURN, SIR ALEXANDER-THOMAS, succeeded to the title at the decease of his maternal uncle, Lieutenant-General Sir Alexander Campbell, K. C. B., and baronet; of Gartsford, Rosshire, at Fort St. George, on the 11th December, 1824. Sir Alexander had two sons and three daughters, by his first wife; but the former having fallen in action prior to the baronetcy being conferred, in 1815, that honor was made to descend to the male issue of his daughters, successively; viz. Olympia, (deceased,) the wife of Alexander Cockburn, esq., banker, at Madras; Isabella-Charlotte, of Sir John Malcolm, K.C.B.; and Amelia-Mary-Harriet, of John Macdonald Kinnier, esq.

DUNDAS, SIR WILLIAM, of Richmond; inherited the title at the demise of his father, Sir David Dundas, baronet, in 1826.

EGERTON, THE REVEREND SIR PHILIP GREY, of Egerton and Oulton; inherited the title at the decease of his brother, Sir John Grey Egerton, bart., on the 24th of May, 1825. Sir Philip *m.* Miss Dupre, sister of James Dupre, esq., of Wilton Park, by whom he has several children.

Sir Philip Egerton obtained a royal license, on the 16th of July, 1825, to use the surname of Grey, before that of Egerton, and to bear the arms of Grey de Wilton, quarterly with those of Egerton, as his deceased brother did.

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ERSKINE, SIR JOHN DRUMMOND, of Torrie, in the county of Fife, succeeded to the title at the decease of his brother, Sir James Erskine, bart., on the 3rd of March, 1825. Sir John is an officer in the service of the Honorable the East India Company.

FARNHAM, LORD, has been elected one of the representative peers of Ireland, vice the Earl of Donoughmore, deceased. His lordship's family was ennobled in "1756," and not in "1576," as erroneously printed.

FARQUHAR-TOWNSHEND, SIR ROBERT-TOWNSHEND. The concluding paragraph regarding this baronet should have been printed thus: "This gentleman, who is brother of the baronet last described, having filled the office of governor and commander-in-chief of the Mauritius, was created a baronet on the 21st of August, 1821."

FLEMING, (erroneously printed SIR ROBERT, should be) the REVEREND SIR RICHARD, baronet, *m.* Sarah, daughter of the late W. B. Bradshaw, esq., of Halton Hall, Lancashire.

FORBES, LORD, has been nominated his majesty's high commissioner to the general assembly of the church of Scotland, (in April, 1825.)

GEARY, SIR WILLIAM-RICHARD-POWLETT, of Oxenheath, in the county of Kent; *b.* 20th November, 1810; inherited the title at the decease of his father, Sir William Geary, bart., on the 6th of August, 1825.

GLASTONBURY, LORD, *d.* on the 26th of April, 1825, when the title became extinct.

GRAHAM, SIR SANDFORD, of Kirkstall, in the county of York, inherited the title at the decease of his father, Sir James Graham, bart. Sir Sandford *m.* in 1819, Caroline, daughter of the late John Langston, esq., of Sarsden House, in the county of Oxford, by whom he has an only daughter.

GRANTLEY, LORD, *m.* in 1825, Charlotte-Earle, youngest daughter of Sir William Beechey, knt.

GRANVILLE, VISCOUNT, was nominated ambassador to the court of France, on the 9th of June, 1825.

HAWLEY, SIR HENRY, baronet; *b.* 20th October, 1776; *m.* in 1806, Catharine-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir John-Gregory Shaw, bart., of Eltham Lodge, in the county of Kent, by whom he has two daughters, Catharine-Anne and Theodosia. Sir Henry succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, Sir Henry, on the 20th January, 1826.

HEATHCOTE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Hursley Park; *m.* on the 8th of November, 1825, Honorable Caroline-Frances Perceval, daughter of Lord Arden.

HENNIKER, SIR AUGUSTUS-BRYDGES, of Newton Hall, in the county of Essex, inherited the title at the decease of his brother, Sir Frederic Henniker, bart., on the 6th of August, 1825.

IBBETSON, SIR CHARLES, of Leeds, succeeded to the title at the decease of his brother, Sir Henry-Carr Ibbetson, bart., on the 5th of June, 1825. Sir Charles *m.* in 1812, Charlotte, second daughter of Thomas Stoughton, esq., of Bath, by whom he has no issue.

MAYO, EARL OF.

Country Seat—Palmerston House, in the county of Kildare.

MILBANKE, SIR JOHN-PENISTON, baronet, of Halnaby, in the county of York, *m.* Miss Herring, by whom he has issue. Sir John succeeded to the title at the decease of his uncle, Sir Ralph Noel, in 1825.

Lineage.

This distinguished family is directly descended from Ralph Milbanke, cupbearer to Queen Mary, of Scotland, who sought an asylum in England, in consequence of a duel in which he was engaged in his native country. The great-grandson of this gentleman,

MARK MILBANKE, esq., was created a baronet on the 7th of August, 1661. He *m.* first, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of John Acclome, esq., of Moorby, in the county of York, by whom he had four sons and a daughter; and, secondly, Faith, daughter of Thomas Acclome, esq., of Bonwicke, in the same county, by whom he had no issue. Sir Mark *d.* in 1680, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR MARK, who *d.* in 1698, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR MARK. This gentleman dying unmarried, in 1705, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR RALPH, who *m.* first, Elizabeth D'Arcy, eldest sister of Robert, Earl of Holderness, by whom he had one daughter; and, secondly, Anne, daughter of Edward Delaval, esq., of South Dissington, in the county of Northumberland, by whom he had six sons, namely, Ralph, his successor; Edward; Mark, an admiral in the royal navy; John; Francis, a clergyman of the established church; and Acclome, a field-officer in the army. Sir Ralph *d.* in 1748, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR RALPH. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of John Hedworth, esq., of Durham, by whom he had two sons and a daugh-

ter, viz. Ralph, his successor; John, who *m.* Cornelia, daughter of Sir William Chambers, knt., and left, at his decease, in 1800, John, the present baronet; and another son. Sir Ralph's daughter, Elizabeth, *m.* in 1769, Penneston, present Viscount Melbourne, and *d.* in 1818. Sir Ralph *d.* in 1793, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR RALPH. This gentleman *m.* in 1777, the Honorable Judith Noel, daughter of Sir Edward Noel, bart., who succeeded to the ancient barony of Wentworth, and was created Viscount Wentworth on the 4th of May, 1762, by whom he had an only daughter, Anna-Isabella, *b.* 17th May, 1792; *m.* 2nd January, 1815, George, late and celebrated Lord Byron, by whom she has one daughter.

Upon the demise of Lady Milbanke's brother, Thomas, last Viscount Wentworth, in 1815, Sir Ralph and her ladyship obtained the royal license to use the surname, and bear the arms, of "Noel" only, pursuant to the testamentary injunction of the deceased lord. The viscounty of Wentworth expired with his lordship, but the ancient barony of Wentworth fell into abeyance between his sister, Lady Milbanke, as it still continues between Lady Byron,) and his nephew, (the son of his second sister, Sophia,) the Hon. Nathaniel Curzon, son and heir apparent of Nathaniel, present Lord Scarsdale. Lady Noel *d.* in 1822, and Sir Ralph in 1825, when the baronetcy devolved upon his nephew, John-Peniston Milbanke, esq., the present baronet.

Country Seat—Halnaby, near Darlington, Yorkshire.

*** This lineage was omitted in its proper place, under an impression that the baronetcy had expired with Sir Ralph Noel.

MUSKERRY, LORD, *m.* in 1825, Miss Haynes, second daughter of M. Haynes, esq., of Bishop's Castle.

NEWCASTLE, DUKE OF, has recently resumed the use of two badges, which were anciently borne by his ancestors, viz.

The dexter—"A mullet or, pierced gules," from Clinton.

The sinister—"A buckle erect argent," from Pelham.

His grace's motto is,

"Loyaulté n'a honte."

PEPYS, SIR WILLIAM-WELLER, of London; *b.* 4th May, 1778; inherited the title at the decease of his father, Sir William-Weller Pepys, baronet, in June, 1825.

QUEENSBURY, MARQUESS OF.
Town Residence—Cleveland-square.
Country Seat—Kelhead, Dumfriesshire.

RADSTOCK, BARON, (Granville-George Waldegrave,) of Castletown, in the Queen's County, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 24th September, 1786; *m.* in 1823, Esther-Caroline, youngest daughter of James Puget, esq., of Totteridge, in the county of Herts, by whom he has a daughter, *b.* 14th September, 1824. His lordship succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, William, first Lord Radstock, on the 20th of August, 1825.

ROSSE, EARL OF, inherited the baronetcy upon the decease of his father, Sir William Parsons, in "1791," and not in "1801," as erroneously printed.

STEWART, SIR HUGH, of Athenry, in the county of Tyrone; *b.* in March, 1793; inherited the title at the decease of his father, the Right Hon. Sir John Stewart, bart., on the 1st of June, 1825.

STEWART, THE HONORABLE AND REVEREND DOCTOR, brother of the Earl of Galloway, is appointed Bishop of Quebec, in room of the Right Reverend Doctor Mountain, deceased.

VAVASOUR, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Haselwood, in the county of York, *d.* on the 20th January, 1826, when the baronetcy became extinct.

ABBREVIATIONS.

b.—born.
m.—married.
d.—died.
D.C.L.—Doctor of Civil Law.
D.D.—Doctor of Divinity.
F.A.S.—Fellow of the Society of Antiquarians.
F.R.S.—Fellow of the Royal Society.
M.D.—Doctor of Medicine.

British Orders of Knighthood.

K.G.—Of the Garter.
G.C.B.—Grand Cross of the Bath.
K.C.B.—Knight Commander of the Bath.
C.B.—Commander of the Bath.
K.T.—Knight of the Thistle.
K.P.—Of St. Patrick.

PEERAGE AND BARONETAGE.

ABDY, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Felix Hall, Essex, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 21st July, 1803, and *m.* 3rd June, 1806, Miss Wellesley, eldest daughter of the most noble the Marquess Wellesley. Sir William was divorced from his lady, by whom he has no issue, by Act of Parliament, on the 25th of June, 1816.

Lineage.

SIR THOMAS, the first baronet, created 7th July, 1641, was the eldest son of Alderman Abdy, of London: he died 14th January, 1685, and was succeeded by the eldest son of his second marriage,

SIR ANTHONY, who dying 2nd of April, 1704, the title was inherited by his second son, (his eldest having died in infancy),

SIR ANTHONY THOMAS. This gentleman married thrice, but having no issue by his first and second wives, and daughters only by his third, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR WILLIAM, who died in 1750, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR ANTHONY THOMAS, who dying without issue 7th of April, 1775, the family honors were inherited by his brother,

SIR WILLIAM, a naval officer.—This gentleman married in 1777, Mary, daughter of James Gordon, esq. of Hertfordshire, by whom he had issue the present baronet, Sir William, and three daughters.

Town Residence—20, Hill-street, Berkeley-square.

Country Seat—Cobham Place, Bagshot, Surrey.

ABERCORN, MARQUESS OF, (James Hamilton), Viscount Hamilton, of Hamilton, in Leicestershire; Earl of Abercorn, Baron of Paisley, Abercorn, Hamilton, Mountcastle, and Kilpatrick of Scotland; Viscount and Baron Strabane; Baron Mountcastle, and a Baronet of Ireland; *b.* in January, 1811; succeeded to the honors of his family upon the demise of his grandfather, 27th January, 1818.

Lineage.

The Marquess of Abercorn is descended from Lord Claude Hamilton, the third son of James Hamilton, Earl of Arran, who was chosen protector in 1542 to Mary Queen of Scots during her minority, and successor to the Scottish throne, in case of failure of issue upon the part of her Majesty. Lord Claude Hamilton was created Baron of Paisley, in 1635.

JAMES HAMILTON, grand uncle of the late Marquess, succeeded to a baronetcy upon the death of his grandfather, but declined assuming the title; he was in the military service and confidence of James the Second, but espousing the cause of William, he arrayed himself against his royal master, and took a distinguished part at the siege of Londonderry. Succeeding, in 1700, to the Earldom of Abercorn, his lordship, in virtue thereof, took his seat, in 1706, as a member of the Scottish Parliament. Ireland was, however, the usual place of his residence, of which realm, on the 2nd of December 1701, he was created Viscount Strabane and Baron Mountcastle. This nobleman *m.* in 1686, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir Robert Reading, bart. of Dublin, by whom he had issue nine sons and five daughters. His lordship *d.* 28th Nov. 1734, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES, who *m.* in 1711, Anne, eldest daughter of John Plumer, esq. of Blakeware, Herts, by whom he had six sons and one daughter. His lordship died on the 13th of January, 1744, leaving his titles to his eldest son,

JAMES. This nobleman was created a Peer of England, by the title of Viscount Hamilton, of Hamilton, in Leicestershire, on the 24th of August, 1786, with remainder, in case of failure of male issue, to his nephew: his lordship dying unmarried 9th of October, 1789, all the family honors devolved upon that relative,

JOHN JAMES, K.G. who *m.* on the 20th of June, 1779, his first wife, Catharine, daughter of Sir Joseph Copley, of Sprotborough, Yorkshire, by whom he had issue, James, Viscount Hamilton, (this young nobleman *m.* Harriet, daughter of Sir John Douglas, by whom he had several children, and died in the life-time of his father,) Claude, and three daughters. The Marchioness of Abercorn dying the 13th Sept. 1791, his lordship espoused, on the 4th March, 1792, his cousin, Cecil Hamilton, 8th daughter of the Hon. Geo. Hamilton, from whom he was divorced by Act of Parliament, in 1799. The Marquess *m.* on the 3rd of April, 1810, his third wife, Anne Jane,

eldest daughter of the second Earl of Arran, and relict of Henry Hatton, esq. of the county of Wexford, Ireland; by this lady he had no children. His lordship *d.* 27th January, 1818, and was succeeded by his grandson, James, son of the deceased Viscount Hamilton, the present possessor of the family honors, being the 10th Earl and 2nd Marquess of Abercorn.

Motto, in English,
Virtue is the only real nobility.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

ABERCROMBIE, BARON, (George Abercrombie), of Abouhir and Tullibody, county of Clackmannan; *b.* 17th October, 1770; *m.* Montague, third daughter of the first Viscount Melville, by whom he has George, *b.* May, 1800, and two other children. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the decease of his mother, Mary-Anne, Baroness Abercrombie, 11th Feb. 1821.

Lineage.

The family of Abercrombie holds a distinguished rank amongst the most ancient houses of Scotland. This branch of it was elevated to the peerage on the 28th of May, 1801, in the person of Mary-Anne, daughter of John Menzies, esq. of Fornton, Perthshire, relict of the gallant Sir Ralph Abercrombie, who commanded in chief the expedition to Egypt in 1801, and fell, in the moment of victory, at the celebrated battle of Alexandria.

Motto, in English,
Live and let live.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

ABERDEEN, EARL OF, (George-Hamilton Gordon), Viscount Formantine; Lord Haddo, Methlic, Tarves, and Kelliest; a peer of the United Kingdom, by the style and title of Viscount Gordon of Aberdeen, county of Aberdeen, and a baronet of Nova Scotia, K.T., M.A., F.R.S., F.S.A., and F.H.S., President of the Antiquarian Society of London; *b.* 28th Jan. 1784; succeeded to the family honors upon the decease of his grandfather, and was created a peer of the realm, 1st June, 1814. His lordship first *m.* Catharine-Elizabeth Hamilton, eldest surviving daughter of the first Marquess of Abercorn, on the 28th July, 1805, by whom he had three daughters. Her ladyship dying the 29th February, 1812, the earl espoused, on the 8th July, 1815, Harriet, Viscountess Hamilton, relict of Viscount Hamilton, and mother of the present Marquess of Abercorn, by whom he has issue, George-John-James, Lord Haddo, *b.* 28th September, 1816, and three other children.

Lineage.

Sir George Gordon, one of the Judges of Session, and President of the Council in Scotland, subsequently Chancellor of that kingdom, was created Earl of Aberdeen, on the 30th of Nov. 1682; he was succeeded by his second son,

William, who *m.* thrice, and left a numerous progeny. His lordship died in 1746, and the family honors descended to his son,

George, who *m.* Catherine, daughter of Oswold Hanson, esq. of Wakefield, in Yorkshire, by whom he had issue George, Lord Haddo, who died before his father, (2d of October, 1791) leaving seven children by Charlotte, youngest daughter of William Baird, Esq. of Newbyth, whom he had espoused. The third earl had five children, besides his eldest son. His lordship died at the advanced age of eighty-two, on the 13th of August, 1801, and was succeeded by the present earl, the eldest son of his deceased son, Lord Haddo.

Motto, in English,
Let fortune follow.

Town Residence—9, Argyll-street.
Country Seat—Haddo House, Aberdeenshire.

ABERGAVENNY, EARL OF, (Henry Neville), Viscount Neville, and Baron Abergavenny, K.T., recorder of Harwich, and patent inspector of prosecutions at the Custom-house; *b.* 22th February, 1755; succeeded his father the 10th September, 1785; *m.* 3rd October, 1781, Mary, sole offspring of the late John Robinson, esq. of Wyke House, county of Middlesex, by whom he had issue, Mary-Catharine, *b.* 27th February, 1783, who married Thomas Myers, esq. on 2nd January, 1802, and died 11th July, 1807. Henry, Viscount Neville, *b.* 22nd May, 1785; *d.* 8th April, 1806. Ralph, Viscount Neville, *b.* 21st December, 1786, *m.* Mary-Anne-Bruce Elcock, on the 2nd February, 1813. Henrietta, *b.* 14th July, 1788. John, a clergyman, *b.* 25th December, 1786. William, *b.* 28th June, 1792, also a clergyman, who *m.* Caroline, second daughter of Ralph Leeke, esq. of Longford Hall, on the 7th of September, 1824.

Lineage.

This illustrious family can trace its lineage so far back as the eleventh century, in an uninterrupted male succession.

Edward Neville, 4th son of Ralph, first Earl of Westmoreland, by his wife Joan, daughter of John of Gaunt, obtained the baronies of Bergavenny and Le Despencer, by marrying Elizabeth, sole daughter and heiress of Richard Beauchamp, Earl of Worcester; and was summoned to parliament in 1450, by the former title.

After the demise of the fourth baron, those titles were separated; that of Le Despencer descending to his daughter; and that of Bergavenny to his cousin, and male heir, Edward Neville.

William Neville, the fourteenth baron, succeeded his cousin in 1724; and was succeeded himself in 1744, by his son,

George, who, upon the 17th of May, 1784, was elevated to the dignity of Viscount and Earl. This nobleman *m.* on the 5th of Feb. 1753, Henrietta, only daughter of Thomas Pelham, esq. of Stanmer, by whom he had issue Henry, the present earl, and

two more children (a son and daughter). His lordship died on the 10th of Sept. 1785.

Motto, in English,

Form no vile wish.

Town Residence—34, Berkeley-square.

Country Seat—Edridge Castle, Sussex.

ABINGDON, EARL OF, (Montague Bertie), Lord Bertie, and Baron Norreys, of Rycote, in Oxfordshire, High Steward of Abingdon, D.C.L.; *b.* in April, 1784; succeeded his father the 26th September, 1799; *m.* in 1807, Emily, youngest daughter of the late General Gage, by whom his lordship had issue, Lord Norreys, *b.* 11th May, 1808, and four other children.

Lineage.

JAMES BERTIE, who was summoned to parliament in 1675, as Baron Norreys, of Rycote, was created Earl of Abingdon in 1682. His lordship *m.* Eleanor daughter and heiress of Sir Henry Lee, of Ditchley, Oxfordshire, bart., and by her had three daughters and two sons. He died in May, 1699; and his eldest son,

MONTAGUE, succeeded to the title. This nobleman married twice: first, Anne, daughter, and sole heiress of Peter Venables, by whom he had no children; and, after her death, Mary, the relict of General Charles Churchill, and daughter of James Gould, esq. of Dorchester, by whom he had one son, who died in 1718. The earl died on the 15th June, 1743, and was succeeded by his nephew, (the son of his brother),

WILLOUGHBY, *b.* 28th Nov. 1692, *m.* in 1727, Anna-Maria, daughter of Sir John Collins, knt., by whom he had issue, three sons and six daughters. His lordship died in 1762, and was succeeded (his eldest son, James, having been burnt to death in his bed, on the 12th of October, 1745,) by his second son,

WILLOUGHBY, *b.* 16th Jan. 1740, *m.* July, 1768, Charlotte, daughter, and co-heiress of Admiral Sir Peter Warren, K. B. by whom he had issue, Montague, the present earl, and five daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 29th of Sept. 1799.

Motto, in English,

Virtue is more powerful than a battering ram.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—

ABOYNE, EARL OF, (George Gordon), Baron Gordon, of Glenlivet and Strathaven, and a peer of the United Kingdom, under the title of Baron Meldrum, of Morven, county of Aberdeen; *b.* 28th June, 1761; *m.* 4th April, 1791, Catharine, second daughter of Sir Charles Cope, of Brewerne, Oxfordshire, bart. by whom he has issue, Charles, Lord Strathaven, representative in parliament for East Grinstead, *b.* 4th Jan. 1792, and eight other children. The present Earl of Aboyne succeeded to the Scottish titles upon the death of his father, on 28th of December, 1804, and obtained the peerage of the United Kingdom, by creation, on the 11th August, 1815.

Lineage.

The first Earl of Aboyne was Charles Gordon, third son of the second Marquess of Huntley, upon whom the title was conferred, (on the 10th of Sept. 1661) by Charles the Second, in consideration of the loyalty he evinced to his majesty during the usurpation, and the services which he had previously rendered his royal father. This nobleman died in 1681, and was succeeded by his son,

CHARLES, who *m.* Elizabeth Lyon, second daughter of the third Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn, by whom he had one son, John, who succeeded to the title, and three daughters. His lordship died in April, 1702.

JOHN, third Earl of Aboyne, *m.* Grace, daughter of George Lockhart, of Carnwath, by whom he had issue three sons. His lordship *d.* in 1732, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, fourth Earl, *b.* in 1726, who first *m.* on the 22d of April, 1759, Margaret Steward, third daughter of the sixth Earl of Galloway, by whom he had, George, who succeeded to the title, and two daughters, the youngest of whom, Margaret, *m.* in 1783, William Beckford, esq. of Fonthill Gifford, in Wiltshire. This lady died at the Castle de la Tour, in the Pays de Vaud, 23rd May, 1786, leaving two daughters. The Countess of Aboyne dying on the 12th of August, 1762, the earl married secondly, on the 23d of April, 1774, Mary Douglas, only surviving daughter of the fourteenth Earl of Morton, who brought him one son, Douglas-Gordon, *b.* 10th October, 1777; this gentleman subsequently assumed the name of *Haliburton*, upon succeeding to the extensive possessions of his maternal ancestors. The earl *d.* on the 28th of December, 1794, and was succeeded by his son, the present possessor of the title.

Motto, in English,

The rest stand on a beam.

Town Residence—20, Charles-street, Berkeley-square.

Country Seats—Aboyne Castle, Aberdeenshire; Orton Longueville, Huntingdonshire.

ACLAND, SIR THOMAS-DYKE, baronet, of Columb-John, county of Devon, *b.* 29th March, 1787; succeeded his father, Sir Thomas Dyke, 17th May, 1794; *m.* Lydia-Elizabeth, only daughter of Henry Hoare, esq. of Mitcham Grove, Surrey, on the 7th April, 1808, by whom he has issue, Thomas-Dyke, *b.* 25th May, 1809, and four other children, three sons and one daughter.

Lineage.

The family of Acland is ancient and distinguished, the present baronet being the twenty-third in lineal descent from *Hugh de Accalen*, who was seated at Accalen, in the middle of the twelfth century. The first baronet, SIR JOHN, was raised to that dignity upon the 1st of March, 1644-5; but the letters patent being destroyed during the civil wars, new ones were granted in 1667, wherein a special clause of precedency was inserted from the date of

the first letters. This gentleman was distinguished by his zealous devotion to the cause of royalty; and at one time the garrison of Columb-John was the only armed force (according to Lord Clarendon) which the unfortunate Charles had in the whole county of Devon. Sir John Acland *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Francis Vincent, bart., by whom he had three sons and two daughters. He *d.* on the 24th of August, 1647, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Francis, the second baronet, who died unmarried in 1649, and was succeeded by his brother,

Sir John, who died during his minority, in 1655, leaving one son and one daughter, by Margaret, daughter of Dennys Rolle, esq. of Stevenstone, Devonshire, whom he had espoused.

Sir Arthur, son to Sir John, was the fourth bart.; but dying a minor, the title devolved upon his uncle, the third son of the first baronet,

Sir Hugh, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Thomas Daniel, of Berwick-Hall, Yorkshire, knt. by whom he had six sons, and one daughter. His eldest son, John, dying in 1702, Sir Hugh was succeeded by his grandson, John's eldest son,

Sir Hugh, who *m.* Cicily, eldest daughter and coheiress of Sir Thomas Wrothe, of Petherton Park, county of Somerset, by whom he had issue four sons, the eldest of whom,

Sir Thomas, succeeded him; this gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Dyke, by whom he had two sons. Her ladyship died in 1753, and Sir Thomas *d.* 24th Feb. 1785, when the title devolved upon the son of his eldest son John, who had died previously to his father.

Sir John, the eighth baronet, died April 1st, 1785, and was succeeded by his uncle,

Sir Thomas, who *m.* 4th July, 1785, Henrietta, only daughter of Sir Richard Hoare, of Stourhead, county of Wilts, bart., by whom he had issue, Sir Thomas-Dyke, the present bart., and four other children, two sons and two daughters. Sir Thomas *d.* on the 17th May, 1794, and was succeeded by his eldest son, the present Sir Thomas-Dyke, who was returned to parliament by the county of Devon, in 1812 and 1820.

Motto, in English,
Unshaken.

Town Residence—Warren's Hotel.

Country Seats—Kellerton, and Acland, Devonshire.

ACLAND, SIR JOHN-PALMER, of Fairfield, county of Somerset, baronet, obtained the title by creation, on the 9th of December, 1818; *b.* 11th February, 1750; *m.* in 1781, Elizabeth, daughter of John-Rose Fuller, of Rosehill, county of Sussex, esq. by whom he had issue, Peregrine-Palmer, *b.* 10th November, 1789, and six other children, who died in infancy. Sir John Acland *m.* a second time, on the 1st of November, 1818, Sarah-Maria, daughter of Robert Knipe, of New Lodge, Berkhamstead, county of Herts, esq. widow of Philip Gibbes, esq. by whom he has one son, *b.* 27th May, 1819.

Sir John-Palmer Acland is of the family of Acland, of Columb-John, in Devonshire, and has taken the surname of Palmer, by royal licence, before that of Acland, quartering the Palmer arms in the second quarter with those of Acland.

Motto, in English,
Unshaken.

And above the crest of Palmer,
The palm is for virtue.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Fairfield, Somersetshire; and Newhouse, Devonshire.

A'COURT, THE RIGHT HON. SIR WILLIAM, baronet, G.C.B. of Heytesbury, Wiltshire, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary at Naples; *m.* 3rd October, 1808, Maria-Rebecca, second daughter of the late Honourable William-Henry Bouverie, by whom he has issue two sons, the eldest William-Ashe, *b.* 11th July, 1809. The present baronet succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 27th July, 1817.

Lineage.

William-Peirce-Ashe (the name of Ashe was assumed by his father, General A'Court, in pursuance of the will of that officer's uncle) was created a baronet on the 23d June, 1795; by his first wife, daughter of Lieutenant-colonel Bradford, he had no children; but by his second, Letitia, daughter of Henry Wyndham, esq. of Salisbury, he had seven, of whom the present baronet was the second child, and eldest son.

Motto, in English,

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Heytesbury House, Wiltshire.

ACTON, SIR FERDINAND-RICHARD-EDWARD, baronet, of Aldenham Hall, county of Salop, *b.* 24th July, 1801; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 12th August, 1811.

Lineage.

Sir Edward Acton, the first baronet, was created on the 17th Jan. 1644, and was succeeded by his eldest son, in 1659,

Sir Walter, who *d.* in 1665, and was succeeded by his son and heir,

Sir Edward, to whom succeeded in 1716, his eldest son,

Sir Whitmore, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Matthew Gibbon, esq. the ancestor of the Roman historian. Sir Whitmore *d.* on the 17th Jan. 1731-2, leaving one son, Richard who succeeded to the title, and three daughters.

Sir Richard, the fifth baronet, *b.* 1st January, 1711-12; *m.* in 1744, Anne, daughter of the third Earl of Stamford, by whom he had one son, who *d.* unmarried, and one daughter, Elizabeth, who espoused Philip Langdale, of Boughton and Stancton,

in Yorkshire, by whom she had no issue. Sir Richard died 20th Nov. 1701, and demised his estates between his cousin (in the third degree) *John-Francis-Edward Acton*, the successor to the title, and his son-in-law, during the lifetime of his daughter, but to revert, upon her death without issue, to his heir at law. In the event of a total failure of issue, the estates devolve upon Major Barnston, the son of his sister Elizabeth.

SIR JOHN-FRANCIS-EDWARD, the sixth baronet, was great-great-grandson to Sir Walter, the second, being the great grandson of his second son Edward. He was *b.* in 1736, and *m.* (by dispensation of the Sovereign Pontiff) Mary-Anne Acton, his niece, by whom he had issue Ferdinand-Richard-Edward, the present baronet, and two other children. Sir John-Francis-Edward became commander-in-chief of the land and sea forces of Naples, and was several years Neapolitan prime minister. He *d.* at Palermo, on the 12th of August, 1811.

Motto in English,

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Aldenham, Round Acton, and Aldenham, county of Salop.

AFFLECK, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Dalham Hall, county of Suffolk, lieutenant-general in the army, and lieutenant colonel of the 16th Dragoons, succeeded his cousin on the 16th of July, 1808.

Lineage.

The title was conferred the 28th May, 1782, upon EDWARD AFFLECK, a gallant naval officer, for the distinguished bravery which he displayed as commander of the centre division in the memorable engagement of the 12th of April, 1782, between Admiral Sir George Rodney, and the French squadron under Count de Grasse; with remainder to the children of his brother. Sir Edward married twice, but, dying without issue, was succeeded by his nephew,

SIR GILBERT, who *m.* the relict of Richard Vassall, esq. of Jamaica, and dying without issue, in 1808, was succeeded by his cousin,

SIR JAMES, (the present baronet) son of the Rev. James Affleck, and grand-nephew to the first bart.

Motto, in English,

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Durham Hall, Suffolk.

AILESBURY, MARQUESS AND EARL OF, (Charles-Bruce-Brudenell Bruce), Earl Bruce, Viscount Savernake, and Baron Bruce, K.T.; *b.* 14th February, 1773; *m.* 10th of April, 1793, Henrietta-Maria Hill, daughter of the first Lord Berwick, by whom he has issue George-William-Frederick, Earl Bruce, *b.* 20th Nov. 1804, and five other children, (a son and four daughters). His lordship succeeded to the titles of his father, Thomas, the late earl, 19th April, 1814, and was created, 17th July, 1821, Marquess of Ailesbury, Earl Bruce, and Viscount Savernake.

Lineage.

The barony of Bruce, of Worlton, in Yorkshire, was conferred by Charles the First in 1641, upon THOMAS BRUCE, Earl of Elgin; and his son and successor, ROBERT, was advanced to the earldom of Ailesbury in 1664, in which he was succeeded by his only son,

THOMAS, who *m.* Elizabeth, grand-daughter and sole heiress of the second Duke of Somerset, by whom he had issue, Charles, his successor, and Elizabeth, who *m.* George Brudenell, Earl of Cardigan. His lordship *d.* on the 16th of Sept. 1741.

CHARLES, the third earl, married thrice; first, Anne, daughter and coheiress of William Saville, Marquess of Halifax, by whom he had one son, Robert, who *m.*, but died in the lifetime of his father, without issue; and two daughters. By his second wife he had no children; and by his third he had an only daughter, Mary, who *m.* the third Duke of Richmond. In consequence of the failure of male issue, his lordship obtained, 17th April, 1746, by creation, the title of Lord Bruce, with remainder to his nephew, the Honourable Thomas Brudenell; and dying the 10th of Feb. 1747, without a son, the earldom of Ailesbury became extinct. His Scottish titles devolved upon Charles, Earl of Kincardine, and the barony of Bruce, created as above, descended to his nephew,

THOMAS BRUDENELL, who thereupon assumed the name and arms of Bruce, in addition to those of his own family. His lordship *m.* twice: first, 17th Feb. 1761, Susanna, daughter of Henry Hoare, of Stourhead, county of Wilts, esq. relict of Viscount Dungarvon, by whom he had issue three sons and two daughters; the youngest of whom, CHARLES, (the present marquess) succeeded to the family honors. By his second marriage with Anne, eldest daughter of the first Earl of Moira, which took place on the 14th Feb. 1788, his lordship had no children. Lord Bruce was created, 10th June, 1776, Earl of Ailesbury. His lordship *d.* 19th April, 1814, and was succeeded, as already stated, by his youngest child,

CHARLES, the present marquess, and second earl.

Motto,

Think and thank.

Town Residence—41, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seats—Tottenham Park, Wilts; Jerveux Abbey, Yorkshire; East Sheen, Surrey.

AILSA, BARON—See Earl Cassilis.

AINSLIE, SIR ROBERT-SHARPE, baronet, of Great Torrington, Lincolnshire, succeeded to the title upon the decease of his uncle, (22nd July, 1812.)

Lineage.

SIR ROBERT-SHARPE, who, after receiving the honor of knighthood, and filling for several years the high station of ambassador from his Britannic Majesty to the Sublime Porte, was created a baronet, the 19th Nov. 1804, with remainder, in case of failure of male issue, to his nephew,

SIR ROBERT-SHARPE, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
For king and country.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Great Torrington, Lincolnshire.

ALBEMARLE, EARL OF, (William-Charles Keppel), Viscount Bury, and Baron of Ashford; *b.* 14th May, 1772, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, the late earl, on the 13th of April, 1772. His lordship *m.* first, on the 9th of April, 1792, Elizabeth Southwell, fourth daughter of Edward, Lord de Clifford, by whom he has had fourteen children, nine sons and five daughters. His eldest son, *d.* in 1804, at the age of eleven; his second son Augustus-Frederick, *b.* 2nd June, 1794, is, therefore, Viscount Bury; his lordship is a naval officer, and representative in parliament for Arundel; he *m.* 4th May, 1816, Miss Frances Steer, of Chichester. The Countess of Albemarle dying, (the 14th November, 1817), the earl espoused, for his second wife, the daughter of the late Sir Henry Hunloke, bart. on the 12th of February, 1822, by whom he has no children.

Lineage.

Arnold-Joost Van Keppel, Lord of Voerst, accompanied King William in his expedition to England, in 1688, and, upon the establishment of his royal master, was created, 10th February, 1696, Earl of Albemarle, Viscount Bury, and Baron of Ashford; died on the 30th of May, 1718, and was succeeded by his son,

William-Anne, who *m.* the 21st of February, 1722-3, Lady Anne, daughter of the first Duke of Richmond, by whom he had fifteen children, eight sons and seven daughters; four of the former and three of the latter only, however, survived their infancy. His lordship *d.* the 22nd December, 1754, and was succeeded by his eldest son and child,

George, K. G. a general officer, *b.* 5th April, 1724; *m.* 20th April, 1770, Anne, youngest daughter of Sir John Miller, bart. by whom he had but one child, William-Charles, the present earl. His lordship *d.* 13th October, 1772.

Motto, in English,
Yield not to misfortunes.

Town Residence—
Country Seats—Quiddenham, Norfolk; and Bagshot, Surrey.

ALDBOROUGH, EARL OF, (Benjamin-O'Neale-Stratford), Viscount Amiens, Viscount Aldborough, of Belau, and Baron Baltinglass; succeeded to the title upon the death of his brother, John, in 1823; *m.* Martha, only child of John Burton.

The honors of the noble earl are all Irish, and his lordship not being one of the representative peers for that part of the United Kingdom, he enjoys no seat in parliament.

Lineage.

The first title conferred upon this noble family was in the person of John Stratford, who was created Baron of Baltinglass, 21st May, 1763; his lordship obtained the title of Viscount Aldborough, 22nd July, 1766, and, on the 9th February, 1777, the dignities of Viscount Amiens and Earl of Aldborough. He died the 24th of July, 1777, and was succeeded by his son,

Edward, who married twice, but having no issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

John, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of the Honourable and Rev. Frederic Hamilton, in April, 1777, by whom he had three daughters, but no son. His lordship died in 1823, and was succeeded by his brother, the present earl.

Motto, in English,
Valour and arms are irresistible.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

ALEXANDER, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Dublin; *m.* Eliza, daughter and heiress of John Wallis, esq. barrister-at-law, by whom he has issue four sons and two daughters; succeeded his father,

Sir William, an alderman of Dublin, who was created a baronet, the 11th December, 1809.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

ALLEN, VISCOUNT (Joshua-William Allen), Baron Allen, of Stillorgan, county of Dublin; succeeded to the title on the demise of his father, 1st February, 1816.

The honors of the viscount are all Irish, and his lordship not being one of the representative peers for that part of the United Kingdom, enjoys no seat in parliament.

Lineage.

John Allen, who married, in 1684, Mary, sister of Robert Fitzgerald, nineteenth Earl of Kildare, was created, 27th August, 1717, Viscount Allen and Baron of Stillorgan. His lordship *d.* on the 8th November, 1726, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Joshua, *b.* in 1685; *m.* 18th October, 1707, Margaret, daughter of Samuel du Pass, esq. of Epsom, by whom he had seven children, three of whom died in infancy. This nobleman *d.* 5th September, 1742, when the title devolved upon his only surviving son,

John, who being insulted in the public streets by some disorderly dragoons, on the 25th April, 1745, received a wound in the hand, which occasioned a fever, and caused his death on that day month, the 25th May. Dying unmarried, he was succeeded by his first cousin,

John, eldest son of Richard, third son of the first viscount, who dying without issue, 10th November, 1753, the title devolved upon his next brother,

Joshua, *b.* 26th April, 1728; *m.* Frances, eldest daughter of Gaynor Barry, esq. of Dormstown, county of Meath, on 5th August, 1731; by whom he had issue the present viscount, Joshua-William, and two daughters. His lordship died 1st February, 1816.

Motto, in English,
He triumphs in death as in life.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

ALLEYNE, SIR REYNOLD-ABEL, baronet, of the Island of Barbadoes, succeeded to the title upon the death of his father, in 1808.

Lineage.

Sir John Gay was created a baronet 19th of March, 1769, having filled the office of president of the assembly of St. Andrews, in Bardadoes, for thirty years. He married twice: first, Christian, fourth daughter and co-heiress of Joseph Dotin, esq. by whom he had one son, who died in infancy; he married, secondly, Jane Abel, daughter of Abel Alleyne, by whom he had two sons and five daughters. Sir John died 1801, and was succeeded by his second son, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

Be not moved by your own wishes, but by the public.

Residence—Mount Alleyne, Barbadoes.

ALVANLEY, BARON, (William Arden), of Alvanley, county of Chester; *b.* 20th February, 1789; a captain in the army; succeeded to the title upon the death of his father, 19th March, 1804.

Lineage.

Richard-Pepper Arden, a barrister of eminence, was the first Lord Arden. In 1782, he became solicitor-general; in 1784, attorney-general; in 1788, master of the rolls; and in 1801, lord chief justice of the common pleas, when he was called to the house of peers by letters patent, dated 22nd May, 1801, under the title of Baron Alvanley. His lordship *m.* in 1784, Anne-Dorothea, eldest daughter of Richard Wilbraham, esq. by whom he had issue three sons and three daughters. He died the 19th March, 1804, and was succeeded by his second son, (his eldest having died in infancy,) the present baron.

Motto, in English,

You shall conquer by patience.

Town Residence—5, Park-place, St. James's.
Country Seat—

AMHERST, LORD, (William - Pitt Amherst), Baron Amherst, of Montreal, county of Kent, a lord of his majesty's bed-chamber, governor-general of Bengal; *b.* January, 1773; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, Jeffrey, 3rd August, 1797; *m.* Sarah, relict of the fifth Earl of Plymouth, and co-heir of Lord Archer, on the 24th of July, 1800, by whom he has issue a daughter and four sons.

Lineage.

Jeffrey, the first Lord Amherst, was a distinguished military officer, having the command in chief of the British forces in North America from 1758 to 1764; he rendered, in that high station, most important services to his country. In 1761, he obtained the Order of the Bath; on the 20th of May, 1776, he was elevated to the peerage under the title of Baron Amherst, of Holmesdale, county of Kent; and on the 6th September, 1788, created Baron Amherst, of Montreal, county of Kent, with remainder, on failure of male issue, to his nephew, the present baron. His lordship married twice, but had no children. He died 3rd August, 1797, when the first barony became extinct; but the second, that of 1788, devolved, as specified, upon his nephew.

Motto, in English,

Victory is augmented by concord.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

ANDERSON, THE REV. SIR CHARLES-JOHN, baronet, of Broughton, Lincolnshire; *b.* 5th October, 1767; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 9th March, 1785; *m.* Frances-Mary, youngest daughter of Sir John Nelthorpe, bart. of Scarbey, Lincolnshire, on the 15th December, 1802, by whom he has issue, Charles-Henry-John, *b.* 25th November, 1802, and four other children.

Lineage.

The first baronet was,

Sir Edmund, who *m.* twice, and had seven sons and three daughters by his first wife; he was succeeded by his third son,

Sir John, who died in 1670, leaving an only son to inherit the title,

Sir Edmund; this gentleman dying unmarried, 17th December, 1676, the family honors devolved upon his uncle,

Sir Edmund, fourth son of the first baronet; who *m.* twice, and was succeeded by the only son of his second marriage,

Sir Edmund: this gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of William Harvey, of Rolls, in Essex, by whom he had two sons and three daughters; he *d.* 3rd May, 1765, and was succeeded by his second, and eldest surviving, son,

Sir William, who *m.* Anne, daughter of John Maddison, esq. of Stamford, Lincolnshire, by whom he had six daughters and three sons, the youngest of whom is the present baronet. Sir William *d.* on 9th March, 1785.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Kilwick Percy, Yorkshire, East Riding.

ANDERSON, SIR JAMES-CALEB, baronet, of Fermoy, county of Cork, created 22nd March, 1813; *m.* 20th April, 1815, Caroline, sister to Sir Robert Shaw, of Bushy Park, M.P. for the city of Dublin, and has one daughter, *b.* March, 1816.

ANGLESEY, MARQUESS OF, (Henry-William Paget), Earl of Uxbridge, county of Middlesex, and Baron Paget, of Beaudesert, Staffordshire; a Baronet of Ireland, Lord-Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Anglesey, Constable of the Castle, and Mayor of the borough of Caernarvon, Ranger of Snowden Forest, Vice-Admiral of North Wales and county of Carmarthen, G. C. B., grand cross of the Royal Guelphic Order, general in the army, and colonel of the seventh hussars; *b.* 17th May, 1768; suc-

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ceeded to the earldom and inferior titles upon the demise of his father, 13th March, 1812, and was created marquess on the 4th July, 1815; *m.* first, 25th July, 1795, Caroline-Elizabeth, daughter of the fourth Earl of Jersey, by whom he had issue, Henry, Earl of Uxbridge, *b.* 6th July, 1797, and seven other children. His lordship's first consort having obtained a dissolution of their marriage, according to the laws of Scotland, and espoused the Duke of Argyll, the Marquess of Anglesey married, for his second wife, the Lady Charlotte Cadogan, daughter of Charles, Earl Cadogan, by whom he has four children living.

Lineage.

In the third year of the reign of Edward the Sixth, 3rd December, 1549, Sir William Paget, K.G. was elevated to the peerage by summons, under the style and title of Baron Paget; his lordship *d.* in 1563, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY, who dying without issue, in 1568, the title devolved upon his brother,

THOMAS, who was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM, by whom the title was transmitted to his son,

WILLIAM, *b.* 13th September, 1609; *m.* Lady Frances Rich, by whom he had thirteen children; his lordship *d.* 19th October, 1678, and was succeeded by his fourth child and second son, (the eldest son died in infancy),

WILLIAM, *b.* 10th February, 1637, *d.* 26th February, 1712, leaving an only child,

HENRY, seventh Lord Paget; created Baron Burton, of Burton, Staffordshire, in 1712, during his father's life-time; succeeded to the Barony of Paget, and was advanced to the earldom of Uxbridge, 19th October, 1714. The earl married twice, and was succeeded by his grandson, (the son of his second son),

HENRY. This nobleman dying unmarried, 17th November, 1769, the earldom of Uxbridge and barony of Burton became extinct; but the title of Paget, being a barony in fee, devolved upon the eldest surviving son of Sir Nicholas Bayly, bart. and Caroline, grand-niece of William, the fifth Lord Paget, his spouse.

HENRY-BAILEY assumed, therefore, the name and arms of Paget alone, and was summoned to parliament by writ, 13th January, 1770. On the 19th May, 1784, he was advanced to the dignity of Earl of Uxbridge. His lordship *m.* 11th April, 1767, Jane Champagne, eldest daughter of the Dean of Clonmacnoise, in Ireland, by whom he had issue, Henry-William, *first Marquess of Anglesey*, his successor, and eleven other children. The earl died 13th March, 1812.

Motto, in English—By its reverse.

Town Residence—1, Old Burlington-street.

Country Seats—Beau Desart, Staffordshire; Plasnewydd, Anglesea; Stalbridge, Dorsetshire.

ANNESLEY, EARL OF, (William-Richard Annesley,) Viscount Glerawley, Baron of Castle-Wellan, a privy councillor, and a trustee of the linen manufacture in Ireland; *b.* 16th July, 1772; *m.* 19th May, 1803, Isabella, second daughter of William, Earl of Howth, by whom he has one daughter, *b.* March, 1804; his lordship succeeded to the title upon the decease of his father, 9th November, 1824.

Lord Annesley being a peer of Ireland only, and not a representative for that country, enjoys no seat in parliament.

Lineage.

The Earl of Annesley is directly descended from the honourable Francis Annesley, eldest son of the first Viscount Valentia, by his lordship's second marriage. The grand-son of that gentleman,

WILLIAM, *b.* in 1709, was created Baron of Annesley, of Castle-Wellan, 20th September, 1758, and Viscount Glerawley, 14th November, 1766. His lordship died on the 12th September, 1770, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

FRANCIS-CHARLES, who married in 1766, and was advanced to the earldom of Annesley, with remainder to his brother, Richard, 18th August, 1789. His lordship dying without issue, 19th December, 1802, the family honors, in consequence, devolved upon

RICHARD, *b.* 14th April, 1745; *m.* 25th September, 1771, Anne, only child and heiress of Robert Lambert, esq. of Dunleddy, Downshire, by whom he had issue, William-Richard, the present peer, and four other children.

Motto, in English,
From the love of virtue.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Castle William, county of Dublin.

ANTRIM, COUNTESS OF, (Ann-Catharine Mac Donnell), Viscountess Dunluce; *b.* 11th February, 1778; succeeded to the titles upon the demise of her father, the Marquess of Antrim, on the 28th July, 1791, with whom the marquesate was extinguished. Her ladyship *m.* first, 28th April, 1799, Sir Henry-Tempest Vane, bart., of Winyard, county of Durham, by whom she had issue, Frances-Anne Vane Tempest, *b.* 16th January, 1800; *m.* Lord Stewart, (the present Marquess of Londonderry) 3d April, 1819. Sir Henry Vane dying in 1813, the Countess of Antrim *m.* Edmund Phelps, esq. 24th of May, 1817. This gentleman subsequently assumed, by royal authority, the name of Mac Donnell.

The honors of the Antrim family are all Irish.

Lineage.

The earldom of Antrim was conferred, the 12th of December, 1620, upon

RANDAL MAC DONNELL, esq. of Dunluce, who dying, in 1730, his eldest son,

RANDAL, succeeded to the title. This nobleman, for his attachment to the royal cause, was advanced to the marquesate of Antrim, in 1644; his lordship was married, but leaving no issue, his brother,

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ALEXANDER, succeeded to the earldom. His lordship *d.* in 1699, and his eldest son,

RANDAL, inherited: this nobleman *d.* in 1721, and was succeeded by

ALEXANDER, *b.* 15th July, 1713. His lordship *m.* thrice, but had issue only by his second marriage; the third child of which,

RANDAL WILLIAM, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 13th October, 1775. His lordship was *b.* on the 4th November, 1749; *m.* 3rd July, 1774, the eldest daughter of the first Viscount Mountmorres, by whom he had issue the present countess, and two other daughters; he was created Marquess of Antrim, in August, , and on the 2nd of May, 1785, Earl of Antrim, the latter title to revert to his female issue.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Wynyard House, Durham.

ANSON, VISCOUNT, (Thomas-William Anson,) of Shugborough and Orgrave, in Staffordshire, Baron Soberton, of Soberton, Hants; *b.* 20th October, 1795; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 31st July, 1818; *m.* 11th February, 1819, Louisa-Catharine, youngest daughter of Nathaniel Phillips, esq. of Sleebech Hall, Pembrokeshire, and has issue two daughters.

Lineage.

The first nobleman of the family was the celebrated naval officer and circumnavigator,

GEORGE ANSON; who, having risen to the highest honors of his gallant profession, was created Baron Anson, of Soberton, 13th June, 1747, but dying without issue, the title became extinct; when his nephew,

GEORGE ADAMS, (his sister's son,) succeeded to his lordship's fortune, with that of his elder brother, Thomas Anson, and in pursuance of the will of the latter, assumed the name and arms of Anson. This gentleman represented the borough of Saltash, and, subsequently, the city of Litchfield in several parliaments. He *m.* in 1763, Mary Vernon, daughter of the first Lord Vernon, by whom he had several children, the eldest of whom,

THOMAS, *b.* 14th Feb. 1767, *m.* 15th Sept. 1794, Anne Margaret, second daughter of Thomas Wenman Coke, esq. of Holkham Hall, county of Norfolk, by whom he had issue the present viscount, and eleven other children. This gentleman was created Viscount Anson and Baron Soberton on the 17th February, 1806.

Motto, in English,

Despair not.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

ANSTRUTHER, SIR JOHN, of Elie House, Fifeshire, baronet, carver, by inheritance, for Scotland to his majesty; *b.* 6th Feb. 1813; succeeded to the title at his birth, his father having died previously.

Lineage.

The family of Anstruther, of the county of Fife, is of remote antiquity, and can be traced as filling high stations for seven centuries at least.

JOHN ANSTRUTHER, *b.* 27th March, 1753, a distinguished lawyer, was created a baronet, 18th May, 1798, and nominated chief justice of the supreme court of judicature in Bengal. Sir John died 26th January, 1811, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN CARMICHAEL, who *m.* 11th January, 1817, Jessee, daughter of Major-General Dewan, by whom he had issue John, the present baronet, born after his decease, which event was occasioned by typhus fever, in 1818.

Motto, in English,

I had perished, if I had not perished.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Ellie House, co. of Fife, Scotland.

ANTROBUS, SIR EDMUND, F.R. and S.A., of Antrobus, Chester, and Rutherford, Roxburgh, baronet; created 22nd May, 1815, with remainder to the sons of his deceased brother, Edward and Gibbs-Crawfurd Antrobus.

Motto, in English,

Mindful of God—grateful to friends.

Town Residence—146, Piccadilly.

Country Seat—Eaton Hall, Congleton, in the county of Chester.

APREECE, SIR THOMAS-HUSSEY, baronet, of Washington, Huntingdonshire, *b.* 15th November, 1744; *m.* Dorothea, youngest daughter and co-heiress of S. Ashby, esq. of Queenby, Leicestershire, by whom he had issue Emily-Shuckburgh Ashby, deceased, Thomas-George, and Lucy. Sir Thomas was created a baronet on the 4th of June, 1782.

Motto, in English,

Labour that you may enjoy eternal life.

Town Residence—22, Upper Berkeley-street.

Country Seats — Washingley, Huntingdonshire; Honnington, Lancashire; and Effingham House, Surrey.

ARBUTHNOT, VISCOUNT, (John Arbuthnot,) Lord Inverbervie, lord-lieutenant of the county of Kincardine, *b.* 16th January, 1777; succeeded to the honors of his family upon the decease of his father, 27th February, 1800; *m.* 25th June, 1805, Margaret, daughter of Walter Ogilvie, esq. of Clova, by whom he has issue John, *b.* 4th June, 1806, and five other children.

All the honors of the house of Arbuthnot are of Scotland; it, therefore, enjoys no hereditary seat in the legislature; but his lordship has a seat in the present parliament, as one of the sixteen representative peers of that country.

Lineage.

The first of the family ennobled was

ROBERT ARBUTHNOT, knighted for his loyal attachment to Charles the First, and, subsequently, created (16th November, 1641) Viscount Arbuthnot

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and Lord Inverbervie. His lordship died in 1655, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ROBERT, who, dying in 1681, was also succeeded by his eldest son,

ROBERT. This nobleman died in 1694, and the titles were inherited by his son,

ROBERT, who, dying unmarried, was succeeded by his brother,

JOHN. His lordship *m.* Jane, daughter of William Morrison, of Preston Grange, esq. but dying childless, the family titles devolved upon his cousin,

JOHN, son to John, second son of Robert, the second viscount. His lordship died 20th April, 1791, and was succeeded by the second son of his second marriage,

JOHN. His lordship *m.* 27th of December, 1775, Isabella, second daughter of William Graham, esq. of Morphie, county of Kincardine, by whom he had issue John, the present peer, and ten other children.

Motto, in English,
Praise be to God.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Hatton Park, Kincardineshire.

ARBUTHNOT, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Edinburgh, *b.* 24th December, 1766; *m.* 13th September, 1800, Anne, daughter of John Alves, esq. of Shipland, by whom he has issue seven sons and three daughters. Mr. Arbuthnot was lord provost of Edinburgh in 1822, at the period of his majesty's visit to the Scottish capital, and was, in consequence, created a baronet, 3rd April, 1823.

Town Residence—Edinburgh.
Country Seat—

ARDEN, BARON, (Charles-George Perceval,) of Arden, in Warwickshire, and Baron Arden, of Lohort Castle, county of Cork; register of the court of appeals for prizes, of the court of admiralty, and of the court of delegates; a lord of his majesty's bed-chamber, F.R.S., and F.S.A.: succeeded to the Irish title upon the demise of his mother, an Irish peeress, on the 14th June, 1784, and obtained the English barony, by creation, on the 28th July, 1802. His lordship was *b.* 1st October, 1756; *m.* 7th February, 1787, Margaret-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Sir Thomas-Spencer Wilson, bart. of Charlton, in Kent, by whom he had issue Catherine; Helena; Charles-Thomas, deceased; John, deceased; George-James, *b.* 15th March, 1794, a captain in the navy; and two other sons.

Lineage.

The Irish honors of Lord Arden, as stated above, are derived from his mother, the second wife of the second Earl of Egmont, Catharine Compton, third daughter of the Honorable Charles Compton; her ladyship *m.* Lord Egmont, on the 26th of January, 1756, and had issue Charles-George, the present baron; the Right Honorable Spencer Perceval, (prime minister, assassinated by Bellingham, 11th May, 1812,) and seven other children. The Countess of Egmont was created a peeress of Ireland, in remainder to her male issue, 23rd May, 1770, by the title of Baroness Arden, of Lohort Castle, county of Cork.

Motto, in English,
Under the true cross.

Town Residence—26, St. James's-place.
Country Seat—Nork, Surrey.

ARGYLL, DUKE, MARQUESS, AND EARL OF, (George-William Campbell); Marquess of Lorn and Kintyre, Earl of Campbell and Corvall, Viscount Lochow and Glenila, Lord of Inverary, Mull, Morven, and Tyrie, in Scotland; and Baron Sundridge and Hamilton, in England; hereditary master of the king's household, admiral of the Western Isles, keeper of Dunoon Castle, and of Dunstafnage and Carrick; one of his majesty's state counsellors for Scotland. His grace was *b.* on the 24th September, 1768; succeeded to his family honors, upon the demise of his father, 24th May, 1806; *m.* Caroline-Elizabeth Villiers, daughter of the fourth Earl of Jersey, 29th November, 1819, after the dissolution of her ladyship's marriage with the Marquess of Anglesea by the laws of Scotland.

Lineage.

The family of Campbell is one of the most distinguished in Scotland, and its head, Argyll, in feudal times, was perhaps the most powerful subject in the kingdom. Eight centuries ago, Gillespie Campbell, by marriage with an heiress, obtained the lordship of Lochow; from him descended Neil Campbell, whose great-great-grandson,

DUNCAN CAMPBELL, assumed the title of Argyll, and became a lord of parliament by creation, in 1445. His lordship died in 1453, and was succeeded by his grandson, (the son of his eldest son,)

COLIN; created, in 1457, Earl of Argyll, and appointed lord chancellor of Scotland in 1483; *d.* in 1492, and was succeeded by his son,

ARCHIBALD; killed 9th of September, 1503, at Flodden Field, and succeeded by his son,

COLIN, whose son,

ARCHIBALD, inherited at his decease. This nobleman was succeeded by his son,

ARCHIBALD, who dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

COLIN, who dying in 1588, was succeeded by his son,

ARCHIBALD. This nobleman married twice, and had several children; the eldest of whom,

ARCHIBALD, succeeded to the title in 1638, and was created Marquess of Argyll in 1641: beheaded at the Market Cross of Edinburgh, for acquiescing in the death of Charles the First, 27th May, 1661. This unfortunate nobleman was succeeded by his son,

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ARCHIBALD, who, in 1663, was restored to the estate and honors of his family, as Earl of Argyll. This nobleman was found guilty of high treason, in 1618, and sentenced to death, but effected his escape from the kingdom; he was, however, subsequently taken in an abortive attempt to invade Scotland, and executed at the same place, and in the same manner, as his father, 30th June, 1685. His eldest son,

ARCHIBALD being acknowledged Earl of Argyll, by parliament, before the reversal of the attainder against his father, was created Duke of Argyll, 23rd June, 1701; his grace died in 1703, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, *b.* in 16[illegible]0; created, in consideration of his distinguished gallantry as a military commander, by Queen Anne, in 1705, Baron of Chatham, and Duke and Earl of Greenwich. His grace *m.* twice, and by his last duchess, Jane Warburton, one of Queen Anne's maids of honor, had five daughters; dying, however, (November, 1743,) without male issue, his English titles became extinct, and the Scottish honors devolved upon his brother,

ARCHIBALD, who had been, in 1706, created a Scottish peer, by the titles of Lord Oransay, Dunoon, and Arase, and Viscount and Earl of Isla. His grace dying without issue, 15th April, 1761, his own immediate honors became extinct, while those of his family descended to his cousin,

JOHN, K. T. grandson to the earl executed in 1685: his grace *m.* in 1720, Mary, daughter of the second Lord Ballenden, by whom he had five children, and at his decease, 17th November, 1770, was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, ninth earl and fifth duke, *b.* in 1720; created an English peer, during the lifetime of his father, by the title of Baron Sunbridge, of Coomb Bank, Kent, 22d December, 1766; *m.* 3rd March, 1759, Elizabeth, relict of the sixth Duke of Hamilton, and second daughter of John Gunning, esq. of the county of Roscommon, in Ireland, (her grace was created a peeress of Great Britian, as Baroness Hamilton, of Hambledon, Leicestershire, 20th May, 1776,) by whom he had issue George, who died an infant; George-William, the present duke; and three other children. His grace died 24th May, 1806.

Motto, in English,

I can hardly call these things ours.

Town Residence—29, Upper Brook-street.

Country Seat—Inverary Castle, Argyllshire.

ARMYTAGE, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Kirklees, Yorkshire, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father in 1783; *m.* first, the eldest daughter of Sir Harbord Harbord, bart., afterwards created Lord Suffield, by whom he had several children, who all died young, and unmarried. Sir George *m.* secondly, in 1791, Mary, daughter of O. Bowles, esq., by whom he has three sons and two daughters, the eldest of whom, John, *m.* 2nd October, 1818, Mary, only daughter of William Asheton, esq. of Downham Hall, county of Lancaster.

Lineage.

SAMUEL ARMYTAGE, esq. was created a baronet 4th July, 1738; *d.* 1747; leaving three sons and three daughters, the eldest of whom,

SIR JOHN, succeeded to the title. This gentleman was slain at St. Cas, Sept. 1758, and dying unmarried, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

SIR GEORGE, who *m.* in 1761, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Godfrey Wentworth, esq. of Wadley Park, and Hickleton, Yorkshire, by whom he had issue George, the present baronet, and five other children.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Kirklees Hall, near Huddersfield, Yorkshire.

ARRAN, EARL OF, (Arthur-Saunders Gore), Viscount Sudley, of Castle Gore, Lord Saunders, of Deeps, and a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 20th July, 1761; *m.* 29th December, 1787, Mary, eldest daughter and heiress of Sir John Tyrrel, bart. of Heron Hall, Essex. His lordship succeeded to the titles of his family upon the demise of his father, 8th October, 1809.

The honors of this noble family being all Irish, and the present earl not being one of the representative peers for that part of the United Kingdom, his lordship enjoys no seat in parliament.

Lineage.

ARTHUR GORE was created a baronet of Ireland in 1662, and was succeeded by his grandson, whose son,

SIR ARTHUR, was created in 1758, Viscount Sudley, of Castle Gore, and Baron Saunders; and, upon the 12th April, 1762, Earl of the Arran Islands, in the county of Galway, Ireland. His lordship *d.* 17th April, 1773, and was succeeded by his son,

ARTHUR-SAUNDERS, K. P. *b.* 25th July, 1734, *m.* 24th July, 1760, Catherine Annesley, only daughter of William, Viscount Glerawley, by whom he had issue Arthur-Saunders, the present earl, and thirteen other children.

Motto, in English,

In this sign thou shalt conquer.

Town Residence—40, Dover-street.

Country Seat—Arran Lodge, Bognor, Sussex.

ARUNDEL, BARON OF WARDOUR, (Everard Arundel), a Count of the Holy Roman Empire; *m.* 26th February, 1811, Lady Mary Grenville, only daughter of the late Marquess of Buckingham, by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 14th July, 1817, but being a Roman Catholic, he is debarred from his seat in the house of peers by the illiberal tests required as a qualification.

Lineage.

SIR THOMAS ARUNDEL, for the distinguished part which he performed in the battle of Strigonium, was created by patent, dated at Prague, 4th Dec. 1595, by the Emperor Rudolph the Second, a Count

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of the Holy Roman Empire; and, on the 4th May, 1605, became an English peer by creation, as Baron Arundel, of Wardour. His lordship *d.* in 1632, and was succeeded by his son,

THOMAS, who dying in consequence of the wounds which he received at the battle of Lansdown, 1643, was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY. This nobleman was one of the persons committed to prison, upon the information of the infamous Titus Oates, in 1678, and suffered five years' incarceration. He *d.* in 1694, and was succeeded by his son,

THOMAS. This nobleman *d.* in 1726, and his eldest son,

HENRY, inherited; who dying in 1746, the family honors descended to his eldest son,

HENRY, *b.* 4th October, 1717; *d.* 12th September, 1756, and was succeeded by his son,

HENRY, *b.* 31st March, 1740; *m.* Mary, daughter of B. Conquest, esq. of Irnham, Lincolnshire, by whom he had three daughters, but no son. His lordship *d.* in Dec. 1808, and was succeeded by his cousin,

JAMES-EVERARD, *b.* 4th of March, 1763. His lordship married twice, and left a numerous progeny. By his first lady, his cousin, the honorable Mary-Christiana Arundel, whom he espoused 3d Feb. 1785, he had James-Everard, the present baron, and six other children; and by his second consort, Mary, third daughter of Robert-Burnet Jones, esq., two daughters and two sons.

Motto, in English,
Given by God.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Wardour Castle, Wilts.

ASHBROOK, VISCOUNT, (Henry-Jeffry Flower,) Baron of Castle Durrow, county of Kilkenny; *b.* 6th November, 1776; succeeded to the family honors upon the decease of his brother, 6th January, 1802; *m.* 26th May, 1802, Deborah-Susanna, only daughter and heiress of the Rev. W. M. Friend, by whom he had issue Henry, *b.* 17th June, 1806, and four other children. Viscountess Ashbrook dying, 29th March, 1810, his lordship married again, 22nd June, 1812, Emily-Theophila, eldest daughter of Sir Theophilus Metcalf, bart., by whom he has three daughters.

The honors of this noble house being all Irish, and the present viscount not one of the representative peers of that country, his lordship enjoys no seat in parliament.

Lineage.

The first baron of Castle Durrow was

WILLIAM FLOWER, esq. created 27th October, 1733; *d.* 26th April, 1746, and was succeeded by his only son,

HENRY, who, on the 30th September, 1751, became Viscount Ashbrook by creation. His lordship *d.* 27th June, 1752; and was, also, succeeded by an only son,

WILLIAM, *b.* 25th June, 1744; *m.* 9th March, 1766, Elizabeth Ridge, by whom he had issue William and Henry Jeffry, his successors, and several other children. His lordship *d.* 30th August, 1790.

WILLIAM, the fourth baron, and third viscount, *b.* 19th October, 1767, dying unmarried, was succeeded by his only brother, the present viscount.

Motto, in English,
A mind conscious of rectitude.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Wadley House, Berks.

ASHBURNHAM, EARL OF, (George Ashburnham,) Viscount St. Asaph, and Baron Ashburnham, F.S.A.; *b.* 25th December, 1760; *m.* 28th August, 1784, Sophia, third daughter of Thomas, Marquess of Bath, by whom he had issue two sons, who are both dead, and two daughters. Her ladyship dying 9th April, 1791, his lordship married again on the 25th July, 1795, Charlotte Percy, eldest daughter of the Earl of Beverley, by whom he has Bertram, Viscount St. Asaph, *b.* 2nd November, 1797, and eleven other children. The Earl of Ashburnham succeeded to the honors of his family upon the decease of his father, 8th of April, 1812; he had been previously (16th October, 1804,) called to the upper house, by summons, as Baron Ashburnham.

Lineage.

The first nobleman of the family was

JOHN ASHBURNHAM, who was created Baron Asburnham, 30th May, 1689. His lordship *d.* 22d January, 1710, and was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM, who dying without issue, in June, 1710, was succeeded by his brother,

JOHN, *b.* 13th March, 1687; created 14th May, 1730, Viscount St. Asaph, and Earl of Ashburnham. His lordship married thrice, and was succeeded by his only son, the child of his third marriage,

JOHN, *b.* 30th of October, 1724; *m.* 28th June, 1756, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Alderman Crawley, of London, by whom he had issue George, the present earl, and five other children.

Motto, in English,
The king and the state.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Ashburnham-place, Sussex.

ASHBURNHAM, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Bromham, Sussex; *b.* 21st June, 1769; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 21st August, 1823; *m.* 7th July, 1825, Miss Juliana Humphreys.

Lineage.

The first baronet was

SIR DENNY ASHBURNHAM, who had been a commissioner of the excise, and subsequently victualler of the Navy; he was succeeded by the eldest son of his second marriage,

SIR WILLIAM, a commissioner of the alienation office, and a chamberlain of the exchequer. This gentleman dying in November, 1756, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Charles, who was succeeded by his third, and eldest surviving son,

Sir William, a clergyman of the established church; *m.* 1741. This rev. gentleman became dean of Chichester; in 1753, canon residentiary of St. Paul's Cathedral; and in February, 1754, bishop of Chichester. His lordship was *b.* 16th January, 1810; he *d.* 4th September, 1797, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William, who *m.* Anne, daughter of the Rev. Francis Woodgate, and had issue William, the present baronet, besides three other sons, and a daughter.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Bromham, Sussex.

ASHTOWN, BARON, (Frederick Trench,) of Moate, county of Galway, Ireland; *b.* 3d September, 1755. Mr. Trench was a member of the Irish parliament, and obtained his peerage on the 27th of December, 1800, with remainder to the heir's male of his deceased father, Frederick Trench, esq. He *m.* on the 25th May, 1785, Elizabeth, sole daughter and heiress of Robert Robinson, esq., M.D. but having no issue, his lordship's brother, Francis, is presumptive heir to the title.

Lord Ashtown being an Irish peer only, and not a representative one, enjoys no seat in parliament.

Lineage.

His lordship is of the same family as the Earls of Clanearty, which has been settled in the county of Galway since the beginning of the seventeenth century.

Motto, in English,

Fortune the associate of virtue.

Town Residence—17, Hereford-street, Oxford-street.

Country Seat—Chessel House, Southampton.

ASTLEY, SIR JACOB, D. C. L. baronet, of Hill Morton, Warwickshire, *b.* 13th November, 1797; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 28th April, 1817; *m.* Georgiana-Elizabeth-Caroline, daughter of Sir Henry-Watkin Dashwood, baronet, by whom he has issue one son, *b.* 21st May, 1822.

Lineage.

Isaac Astley, nephew to Jacob, first Lord Astley, was created a baronet, 21st January, 1641; but dying without issue, the title became extinct: his brother,

Edward, marrying his cousin, the honorable Elizabeth, daughter of the above mentioned Lord Astley, became the father of

Jacob, who was created a baronet in 1672, and succeeded to the estates of his uncle, Sir Isaac, and the entailed lands of Lord Astley. He died in 1721, and was succeeded by his second, and eldest surviving son,

Sir Philip. This gentleman *d.* 7th July, 1738, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Edward, *b.* 25th December, 1728, who married twice, and had issue by his first marriage, four children, and by the second, seven. His eldest son and child,

Sir Jacob Henry, *b.* 12th September, 1756, succeeded to the title in April, 1802; *m.* in 1789, Hester, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Samuel Brown, esq. of King's Lynn, Norfolk, by whom he had issue Jacob, the present baronet, and nine other children.

Town Residence—13, Hereford-street, Oxford-street.

Country Seat—Melton Constable, Norfolk.

ASTLEY, SIR JOHN-DUGDALE, baronet, of Everley, Wilts.; *b.* 27th June, 1778; *m.* 27th July, 1803, Sarah, daughter of William Page, esq. of Gosport, by whom he has issue Francis Dugdale, *b.* 5th November, 1805, and twin daughters, *b.* 27th May, 1804. Mr. Astley was created a baronet on the 15th August, 1821, and is representative for the county of Wilts, in the present parliament.

Lineage.

The family of Astley is a very ancient one, in the county of Stafford, and the present baronet can trace his pedigree to Baron Thomas de Astley, who lost his life at the battle of Evesham in 1265.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Everley, Wilts.

ASTON, LORD, (Walter-Hutchinson Aston,) Baron of Forfar, county of Forfar; a clergyman of the church of England, rector of Hartfield, in Sussex; *b.* in 1769; *m.* 14th June, 1802, Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Doctor Nathan Haines, by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family upon the demise of his father, 29th July, 1805.

Lord Aston being a Scottish peer only, and not one of the representative peers of Scotland, enjoys no seat in parliament.

Lineage.

The first of the family ennobled was

Sir Walter Aston, who, at the coronation of James the First, was honored with the Order of the Bath, and subsequently, in 1611, created a baronet. In 1622, he was employed to negotiate a marriage between the Prince of Wales and the Infanta of Spain, and, in requital for his services upon that occasion, was elevated to the peerage by Charles the First, as Lord Aston, Baron of Forfar. His lordship *d.* in 1639, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Walter, who, taking an active part in favor of the royal cause, was, upon the total discomfiture of his unfortunate master, Charles the First, obliged to live in retirement until the Restoration. His lordship married a daughter of Richard, Earl of Portlands, by whom he had

Walter, who died in 1714, and was succeeded by his only son,

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WALTER, who *m.* Mary-Howard, only sister to Thomas, Duke of Norfolk, by whom he had several children, and was succeeded in 1746, by his son,

JAMES. This nobleman *m.* Barbara, daughter of the fourteenth Earl of Shrewsbury; but dying in 1751, without male issue, the title devolved upon

PHILIP, the great-great-grandson of his great-great-great-grand uncle, William Aston, of Milwich, in remainder to whose posterity the original patent was framed. His lordship died unmarried, in 1755, when his brother,

WALTER, inherited; who dying without male issue, the family honors descended to the son of his uncle Edward,

WALTER. His lordship *m.* Miss Hutchinson, by whom he had issue Walter Hutchinson, the present peer, another son, and one daughter, both of whom are dead.

Motto, in English,

I stand to my God and my country.

Town Residence—32, Chapel-street, Grosvenor-place.

Country Seat — Tordebugg Vicarage, Broomsgrove, Worcestershire.

ATHLONE, EARL OF, (George de Reede Ginkell,) Baron of Aughrim, in the county of Galway, Baron de Reede and Ginkell, Baron of Amerongen Middachier, Livendale, Elst Stervelt, and Ronenberg, in the Netherlands; *b.* 21st November, 1820; succeeded to the honors of his family upon the demise of his father, 31st October, 1823.

The Earls of Athlone being peers of Ireland only, enjoy no hereditary seat in the house of lords.

Lineage.

Godart de Ginkell, a brave and successful general in the army of William the Third, was elevated to the peerage by that monarch, in consequence of the victory which he achieved upon the plains of Aughrim, near Athlone, in Ireland, on the 12th of July, 1691; being, in 1692, created Earl of Athlone, and Baron of Aughrim, besides obtaining a grant of above 26,000 acres of land, the forfeited possessions of William Dongan, Earl of Limerick. This grant was, however, subsequently reversed by parliament, and the earl returned to his native country. His lordship was succeeded by his son,

GODART, who continued to reside in Holland, and was succeeded by his son,

GODERT-ADRIAN, who dying without male issue, 8th October, 1736, the family titles devolved upon his brother,

GODERT. This nobleman died unmarried in November, 1747, when the titles descended to his cousin,

FREDERIC-WILLIAM, who died in 1748, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

FREDERIC. This nobleman left nine children, the eldest of whom,

FREDERIC, inherited, on the demise of his father, 13th December, 1808. His lordship married twice: first, Miss Munster; and, secondly, Maria, second daughter of Sir John Eden, of Windleston, baronet; but having no issue, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

RENAUD-DEIDERICH-JACOB-DE-REEDE, who *m.* in March, 1818, Miss Hope, daughter of John-William Hope, esquire, of Amsterdam, by whom he had issue George, the present earl, another son, and a daughter.

Motto,

Death before disgrace.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

ATHOLL, DUKE, MARQUESS, AND EARL OF, (John Murray,) Marquess and Earl of Tullibardin, Earl of Strathlay and Strathardale, Viscount Glenalmond, Balquhidir, and Glenlyon, Baron Murray of Tullibardin, Lord Balvennie and Gask, in Scotland; Earl Strange, Baron Strange, and Baron Murray, of Stanley, in Gloucestershire, K.T. and F.R.S., lord-lieutenant and hereditary sheriff of Perthshire, captain-general and governor of the Isle of Man. His grace was *b.* 30th June, 1755, and succeeded to his family honors upon the demise of his father, 4th November, 1774; *m.* 26th December, 1774, Jane, daughter of the ninth Lord Cathcart, by whom he had issue John, Marquess of Tullibardin, *b.* 26th June, 1778, and eight other children. The Duchess of Atholl dying on the 4th September, 1790, his grace married a second time, 11th March, 1794, Margery, eldest daughter of the sixteenth Lord Forbes, and widow of Lord Macleod, by whom he has one daughter and a son.

Lineage.

This is one of the noblest families in Scotland; and, at one period, it enjoyed the absolute sovereignty of the Isle of Man. In 1604,

SIR JOHN MURRAY, of Tullibardin, was created Lord Murray of that place, and, in 1606, Earl of Tullibardin; which earldom was surrendered by his son William in favour of his other son Patrick, upon the former's marrying Dorothea, daughter and heiress of John Stewart, Earl of Atholl. The earldom came back, however, to the Atholl line upon the demise of Patrick's son, James, childless. William Murray's son, by the above-mentioned Dorothea,

JOHN, succeeded to the earldom of Atholl, and *m.* Jane, daughter of Sir Duncan Campbell. His lordship *d.* in 1642, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN, to whom reverted the earldom of Tullibardin, in 1670, upon the demise of his cousin, James, mentioned above. His lordship was created Marquess of Atholl, 17th February, 1676; *m.* Amelia-Sophia, only daughter of the seventh Earl of Derby, by whom he had, with several other children, his successor,

JOHN, created 30th July, 1703, Duke of Atholl and Marquess of Tullibardin. His grace *m.* first, Catharine, daughter of the Duke of Hamilton, by whom he had issue six sons and a daughter. The Duke of Atholl *m.* secondly, Mary, daughter of William, Lord Ross, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. His grace died 14th November, 1724, and was succeeded by his third son,

JAMES, upon whom (his elder brother, William, Marquess of Tullibardin, being attainted for high treason in 1716) the family honors were settled by parliament. His grace being maternal great-grandson to the seventh Earl of Derby, upon the demise of the tenth Earl of that line without issue, claimed, and was allowed, the barony of Strange, which had been conferred upon Lord Derby by writ of summons, in 1628. The duke married twice, but no male issue surviving him, the barony of Strange, and the sovereignty of the Isle of Man, descended to his only surviving daughter, Charlotte, who married her cousin,

JOHN, grandson to John, the first duke, and inheritor of the family honors. In 1765, their graces disposed of their sovereignty in the Isle of Man, (which they derived from Sir John de Stanley, knight, to whom it had been granted, in 1406, by Henry the Fourth) to the British government, for 70,000*l.* reserving, however, their landed interest, together with the patronage of the bishopric, and other ecclesiastical benefices, on payment of the annual sum of 101*l.* 15*s.* 11*d.* and rendering two falcons to the kings and queens of England upon the days of their coronation. Their graces had issue John, the present duke, and ten other children.

Motto,

Furth fortune, and fill the fetters.

Town Residence—30, Great George-street, Westminster.

Country Seat—Dunkeld, Blair-Atholl, N. B.; Castle Mona, Isle of Man.

AUBREY, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Llantrithyd, Glamorganshire, D.C.L., succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 4th September, 1786. Sir John *m.* twice; first, Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir James Colebrooke, baronet, of Galton, Surrey, by whom he had one son, who died an infant; he *m.* secondly, Martha-Catharine, daughter of George-Richard Carter, esq., of Chilton, Buckinghamshire, by whom he had no issue. Sir John Aubrey is an old member of parliament, having been chosen for Wallingford so far back as 1768. He was a lord of the treasury in 1783; and appointed, in July, 1802, a lord of the admiralty.

Lineage.

The first baronet of this very ancient family, which can be traced back to the era of William the Conqueror, was

SIR JOHN AUBREY, knight, whom Charles II. advanced to a baronetage, on 23rd of July, 1660. He was succeeded by his second and only surviving son,

SIR JOHN, who married twice, and dying in consequence of a fall from his horse, in September, 1700, was succeeded by his only son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman married thrice, and had several children. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who dying unmarried in October, 1767, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Martha, eldest daughter of Richard Carter, esquire, of Chilton, Buckinghamshire, by whom he had John, the present baronet, two other sons, and a daughter.

Motto, in English,

I bear the sun.

Town Residence—4, Upper Brook-street.

Country Seat—Dorton House, Oxon.

AUCKLAND, BARON, (George Eden), of West Auckland, county of Durham, Baron Auckland in Ireland, auditor and a director of Greenwich Hospital, *b.* 25th August, 1784; succeeded to the honors of his family upon the demise of his father, 28th May, 1814.

Lineage.

The first of this distinguished family ennobled was

WILLIAM EDEN, third son of Sir Robert Eden, of West Auckland, baronet, who, after being called to the bar, in 1769, devoted himself to the service of the state. He was, successively, a commissioner to negociate peace with North America (1778), secretary of state for Ireland, a privy counsellor in England, ambassador to France, &c. &c. On the 18th November, 1789, he was created, by letters-patent, Baron Auckland of Ireland; and, on the 22nd of May, 1793, a peer of Great Britain, by the title of Baron Auckland, of West Auckland, Durham. His lordship *m.* when Mr. Eden, (26th September, 1776) Eleanor, second daughter of the Right Honorable Sir Gilbert Elliot, by whom he had issue William-Frederic, found drowned in the Thames, 24th February, 1810, George, the present earl, and thirteen other children.

Motto,

If it be prudent.

Town Residence—30, Grosvenor-street.

Country Seat—Eden Farm, Kent.

AUDLEY, BARON, (George-John-Thicknesse Tucket,) of Heleigh, Staffordshire, *b.* March, 1783, *m.* in April; 1810, Anne-Jane, eldest daughter of rear-admiral Donnelly, by whom he has issue George-Edward, *b.* 26th of January, 1817, and four other children. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family upon the demise of his father, on the 24th of August, 1818.

Lineage.

The ancestors of Lord Audley have been sum-

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moned to parliament, as barons, so far back as the thirteenth century; Nicholas De Audley being summoned 26th January, 1297.

George Tuchet, Baron Audley, was, in 1616, created Earl of Castlehaven, in Ireland, which earldom descended to

James Tuchet, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Henry, Lord Arundel, of Wardour, by whom he had issue

James, seventh earl, who dying unmarried, 8th May, 1769, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

John Talbot. This nobleman dying without issue, the earldom of Castlehaven become extinct, but the barony of Audley descended to the eldest son of his sister Elizabeth by Philip Thicknesse, esq., to whom she had been married in November, 1749;

George Thicknesse, who, upon the death of his uncle, became twenty-first baron of Audley. In 1783, his lordship, by royal permission, assumed the surname of Tuchet, and the arms of Tuchet and Audley. Lord Audley married twice; first, upon the 21st May, 1781, Elizabeth, daughter of the second Lord Deleval, by whom he had issue, George-John, the present peer, another son, and a daughter. Lady Audley dying 11th July, 1785, his lordship married a second time, Augusta, widow of Colonel Moorhouse, by whom he had no issue.

Motto in English,
I hold it.

Town Residence—Nerot's Hotel.
Country Seat—Sandridge Park, Wilts.

AVONMORE, VISCOUNT, (Barry-John Yelverton), Lord Yelverton, Baron of Avonmore, registrar of the court of chancery in Ireland, *b.* 21st February, 1790, succeeded to the titles upon the demise of his father, 28th November, 1814.

The honors of Lord Avonmore being solely Irish, and his lordship not being a representative peer of that country, he enjoys no seat in parliament.

Lineage.

The first peer of this noble family was

Barry Yelverton, an eloquent and successful practitioner at the Irish Bar, who, after filling the office of attorney-general of that country, in 1782 was raised to the bench, as lord chief baron of the exchequer, and created Lord Yelverton, Baron of Avonmore, 16th June, 1795: in December, 1800, his lordship was advanced to the dignity of viscount. Lord Avonmore, while Mr. Yelverton, (2nd July, 1761,) married Mary, daughter of William Nugent, esq. of Clonlost, by whom he had four children: his lordship *d.* 19th August, 1805, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William-Charles, *b.* 5th July, 1762; *m.* 1st September, 1787, Mary, eldest daughter of John Reade, esq. of East Cowes, Hampshire, by whom he had issue Barry-John, the present viscount, and four other children.

Motto, in English,
They will rise again.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

AYLESFORD, EARL OF, (Heneage Finch), and Baron Guernsey, F.S.A., *b.* 23rd February, 1789; succeeded to the family honors upon the decease of his father, the 21st October, 1812; *m.* 29th April, 1821, Augusta-Sophia Greville, sister to the Earl of Warwick, by whom he has issue a daughter, and a son, Lord Guernsey, *b.* 24th December, 1824.

Lineage.

The second son of the Earl of Nottingham,

Heneage Finch, being called to the bar, was appointed solicitor-general, 13th January, 1678, and obtained so much celebrity as a lawyer, that he was chosen (having been previously removed from his official station by James the Second,) one of the principal council to defend the seven bishops. On the 15th March, 1702-3, he was created Baron of Guernsey, and, upon the accession of George the First, 19th October, 1714, Earl of Aylesford. His lordship died 22nd July, 1719, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Heneage, who was succeeded, on the 29th of June, 1757, by his only son,

Heneage, *b.* 6th November, 1715; *m.* 6th October, 1750, Charlotte, youngest daughter of the sixth Duke of Somerset, by whom he had eleven children. His lordship *d.* 9th May, 1770, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Heneage, *b.* 15th July, 1751; *m.* 16th November, 1781, Louisa Thynne, daughter of the first Marquess of Bath, by whom he had issue Heneage, the present earl, and eight other children. His lordship was lord steward of the household.

Motto, in English,
Great in adversity, equal in prosperity.

Town Residence—7, Audley-square.
Country Seat—Packington, Warwickshire.

AYLMER, LORD, (Matthew Aylmer,) Baron of Balrath, county of Meath, Ireland, a baronet of that kingdom, and K.C.B., a major-general in the army; *b.* 24th May, 1775; succeeded to the title upon the decease of his father, 22nd October, 1785; *m.* 4th August, 1801, Louisa, second daughter of Sir John Call, bart. of Whiteford, Cornwall.

Lord Aylmer being solely an Irish peer, and not a representative one, enjoys no seat in parliament.

Lineage.

The first nobleman was

Admiral Matthew Aylmer, second son of Sir Christopher Aylmer, who was created a baronet of Ireland in 1662. The admiral was elevated to the peerage by creation, in 1718, as Baron Aylmer, of Balrath; he died 18th August, 1724, and was succeeded by his son,

HENRY; to whom succeeded, on the 16th February, 1793, his second and eldest surviving son,

HENRY, who was succeeded by his only son,

HENRY, who *m.* 23rd February, 1774, Catharine, sister to the Earl of Whitworth, by whom he had issue Matthew, the present peer, and four other children.

Motto—Steady.

Town Residence—

Country Residence—

BACON, SIR EDMUND, of Redgrave, Suffolk, PREMIER BARONET OF ENGLAND, *b.* 1779; *m.* 27th August, 1801, Anne, daughter of Edward-Dashwood Bateman, esq. of Ottery St. Mary, Devonshire, by whom he has issue Edmund, *b.* in 1803, and three daughters. Sir Edmund succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 5th September, 1820.

Lineage.

The first baronet created in England was

SIR NICHOLAS BACON, knight, eldest son of Sir Nicholas Bacon, lord keeper in the reign of Elizabeth, and half-brother to the celebrated Lord Chancellor Bacon, Baron Verulam, and Viscount St. Albans: the creation took place upon the 22nd May, 1611. Sir Nicholas had by his only wife, to whom he was married fifty-two years, twelve children, and was succeeded upon his death, in 1624, by his eldest son,

SIR EDMUND, who dying without issue, on the 10th of April, 1649, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR ROBERT. This gentleman had nine sons and three daughters, and dying in 1655, was succeeded by the son of his seventh son,

SIR EDMUND, who, although he had six sons and ten daughters, died without male issue; whereupon the title devolved upon his deceased uncle's, Butts Bacon's, son,

SIR ROBERT, who died 31st January, 1704, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR EDMUND. This gentleman had a seat in parliament for many years. He *m.* in 1712, Mary, daughter of Sir Robert Kempt, bart. by whom he had four daughters, but no son; in consequence of which, the title, upon his demise in June, 1755, descended to his remote relation,

SIR EDMUND, the great-great-great-great grandson of the first baronet, Sir Nicholas, being the direct descendant of his fourth son, Butts Bacon, upon whom a baronetcy was also conferred on the 29th of July, 1627; thus, in this gentleman the honors of both branches of the family became united. Sir Edmund dying unmarried, was succeeded by his uncle,

SIR HENRY, who, also dying a bachelor, was succeeded by his brother,

SIR RICHARD. This gentleman married twice, but dying childless, the family honors devolved upon his nephew,

SIR EDMUND, son to Castell Bacon, esq. *b.* 1749; *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir William-Beauchamp Proctor, bart. by whom he had issue Edmund, the present baronet, another son, and two daughters.

Motto, in English,
Mediocrity is firm.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Raveningham, Suffolk.

BAGOT, BARON, (William Bagot,) of Blithfield, Staffordshire; a baronet, F.A.S. and F.L.S.; *b.* Sept. 11, 1773; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 22nd Oct. 1798; *m.* 30th May, 1799, Emily, daughter of the first Lord Southampton, by whom he had one daughter, who died in infancy. Her ladyship dying the 8th of June, 1808, Lord Bagot married a second time, 17th February, 1807, Louisa, eldest daughter of the third Earl of Dartmouth, by whom he has issue William, *b.* 27th March, 1811, with two more sons, and four daughters.

Lineage.

The Bagot family obtained its baronetcy 30th of May, 1627, in the person of Hervey Bagot, esq. of Blythefield, whose descendant,

WILLIAM BAGOT, the sixth baronet, was elevated to the peerage, on the 17th of October, 1780, by the title of Baron Bagot, of Blithfield. His lordship *m.* on the 29th of August, 1760, when Mr. Bagot, Louisa, only surviving daughter of the second Viscount Bolingbroke, by whom he had issue William, the present peer, and several other children.

Motto, in English,
Possessing antiquity.

Town Residence—19, Great Cumberland-street.

Country Seat—Blithfield, near Litchfield, Staffordshire.

BAILLIE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Polkemmet, county of Linlithgow; *m.* 25th of April, 1815, Mary, daughter of James Denistown, esq. of Colgrain, Dumbartonshire, by whom he has issue William, *b.* 2nd February, 1816, and five other children. Mr. Baillie was created a baronet, on the 14th of November, 1823.

Lineage.

The father of the baronet was William Baillie, esq. of Polkemmet, who, upon being appointed one of the lords of session in Scotland, in 1793, assumed the title of Lord Polkemmet. He resigned his official station in 1811.

Motto, in English,
It shines in darkness.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Polkemmet.

BAIRD, SIR DAVID, baronet, of Yardley-Bury, Herts, and Fernton, Perthshire, G.C.B. and K.C., a general in the army, and colonel of the 24th regiment of foot; created 13th April, 1809, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brother, Robert Baird, esq. of Newbyth; *m.* 4th August, 1810, Miss Campbell, of Fernton, by whom he has no issue. Sir David Baird has distinguished himself repeatedly in the field,

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but particularly in leading the storming party at Seringapatam, subsequently in Egypt, and at the battle of Corunna, where he was deprived of an arm.

Lineage.

The family of Baird have been baronets of Scotland since the year 1680.

Motto,

By strength and courage.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Yardley Bury, Herts; and Fernton, Perthshire.

BAKER, SIR FREDERICK-FRANCIS, baronet, of Loventor, Devonshire, F.R.S. and F.S.A.; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 15th June, 1809; *m.* in 1814, Harriet, third daughter of Sir John Simeon, bart. by whom he has issue two sons; the eldest *b.* at Paris, 16th of June, 1816, and the other 29th of June, 1822.

Lineage.

Doctor Baker, one of the royal physicians, being created a baronet, on the 14th August, 1776, became

Sir George: *m.* Jane, daughter of Roger Morris, esq. by whom he had issue Frederick-Francis, the present baronet, and one daughter.

Town Residence—24, Grafton-street, Bond-street.

Country Seat—Loventor, Devonshire.

BAKER, SIR EDWARD-BAKER, (late Littlehales,) of Ashcombe, Sussex, formerly an officer of rank in the army; created 2nd September, 1802; *m.* 22nd July, 1805, Lady Elizabeth-Mary, third daughter of the second Duke of Leinster, by whom he has issue one son and two daughters. On the 6th January, 1817, Sir Edward, who, up to that period, bore the name of Littlehales, assumed, by royal permission, the surname of Baker only, and the arms of Baker and Littlehales.

Motto, in English,

The end crowns the work.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Ashcombe, Sussex.

BAKER, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Upper Dunstable House, Surrey, and of Nicholas-Chayne, Devonshire; *m.* in 1783, Diana, daughter and sole heiress of Alderman Harley, of London, by whom he had issue four sons and four daughters. The second son, Henry-Lorraine, *b.* 3rd January, 1787, is the eldest surviving. The title was conferred upon the present baronet on the 11th May, 1796.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Upper Dunstable House, Surrey.

BALCARRAS, EARL OF, (James Lindsay,) Fifeshire, and Lord Lindsay, of Cummerland; *b.* 24th August, 1784; *m.* in December, 1811, Maria-Frances, only daughter of John, Lord Muncaster, by whom he has issue Lord Lindsay, *b.* in October, 1812, and another son, *b.* 27th September, 1815. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, the 27th March, 1825; he had previously a seat in the house of commons as representative of Wigan.

The honors of the house of Balcarras being solely of Scotland, it possesses no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

The family of Lindsay is of remote antiquity in Scotland, and has produced more than one noble scion, the present branch can trace its origin to the Earls of Crawford.

Sir David Lindsay, who was created Lord Lindsay, of Balcarras, 27th June, 1633, being grandson of the Honorable John Lindsay, the second son of the eighth Earl of Crawford. His lordship *d.* in March, 1641, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Alexander, who, on the 9th of January, 1650-1, was advanced to the earldom of Balcarras. His lordship *m.* the daughter and co-heiress of the first Earl of Seaforth, by whom he had issue Charles and Colin, and three daughters. The earl died 30th August, 1659, and was succeeded by his son,

Charles. This nobleman dying unmarried, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

Colin, who married thrice, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Alexander, who died without issue; when his brother,

James, inherited. This nobleman *m.* on the 24th October, 1749, Anne, daughter of Sir Robert Dalrymple, of Castletown, knt. by whom he had issue (with ten other children, one of whom was Charles Dalrymple, Lord Bishop of Kildare) his successor,

Alexander, who sat in parliament as one of the representative peers of Scotland; was a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 63rd regiment of foot. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 20th February, 1768, and *m.* 1st June, 1790, his first cousin, Elizabeth, only child of Charles Dalrymple, esq., (this lady inherited the Heigh property, upon failure of issue in her maternal family, the Bradshaigs,) by whom he had issue James, the present peer, and five other children.

Motto, in English,

The stars my camp, the Deity my light.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Heigh Hall, Lancashire.

BALL, SIR WILLIAM-KEITH, baronet, of Blofield, Norfolk, *b.* 27th October, 1786; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 20th October, 1809.

Lineage.

The first baronet was

Alexander-John, third son of Robert Ball, esq. of Ebworth, Gloucestershire, rear admiral of the blue; created 24th June, 1801; *m.* 7th July, 1785, Mary Smith, daughter of John Wilson, esq. of Westminster, by whom he had an only child, William-Keith, the present baronet.

Town Residence—2, Upper Seymour-street.
Country Seat—Blofield, Norfolk.

BAMPFYLDE, SIR GEORGE-WARWICK, baronet, of Haddington Park, Somersetshire, *b.* in 1786; *m.* 2nd May, 1807, Emma, only daughter of the Reverend Ralph Sneyd, by whom he has no issue. Sir George succeeded to the title upon the death of his father, by the hand of an assassin, on the 19th of April, 1823.

Lineage.

SIR JOHN BAMPFYLDE, the first baronet, was raised to that dignity on the 14th of July, 1641; he *m.* Gertrude, daughter of Amias Coplestone, esq. by whom he had thirteen children; by the eldest of whom,

SIR COPLESTONE, he was succeeded. This gentleman married twice, and, upon his decease, the title devolved upon his grandson,

SIR COPLESTONE-WARWICK, who died in 1727, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR RICHARD-WARWICK, who *m.* 1st August, 1742, Jane, daughter and sole heiress of Colonel Codrington, of Wraxhall, Somersetshire, by whom he had six sons and seven daughters; he died 15th August, 1776, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

SIR CHARLES-WARWICK, D.C.L., *b.* 23rd January, 1753; *m.* the eldest daughter of Sir John Moore, bart. by whom he had issue the present baronet and another son. Sir Charles was assassinated in April, 1823, by a person named Moreland, who shot him through the body, and afterwards killed himself.

Motto, in English,
To rejoice in the Lord.

Town Residence—19, Grosvenor-square.
Country Seats—Poltimore and North Molton, Devonshire; and Haddington Park, Somersetshire.

BANDON, EARL OF, (Francis Bernard,) Viscount Bernard, Viscount Bandon, and Baron Bandon; *b.* 26th November, 1755; *m.* previously to being elevated to the peerage, 12th February, 1784, Catharine-Henrietta, only daughter of Richard, Earl of Shannon, by whom he had issue James, now Viscount Bernard, *b.* 14th June, 1785, besides five other sons, and four daughters. His lordship obtained his first title of Baron Bandon, by creation, on the 30th November, 1793; that of Viscount Bandon, on the 6th of October, 1795; and upon the 6th of August, 1800, was advanced to the dignities of Viscount Bernard and Earl of Bandon. Those honors being, however, solely of Ireland, his lordship has no hereditary seat in parliament, and is not one of the Irish representative peers.

Lineage.

The Earl of Bandon is great-grandson of Francis Bandon, esq. of Castle Mahon, a barrister of eminence, and member of the Irish parliament, during the reign of William and Mary. In the succeeding reign of Anne, Mr. Bandon was, upon the 3rd July, 1711, nominated solicitor-general of Ireland; on the 26th January, 1724, prime sergeant; and upon 20th June, 1726, judge of the court of common pleas.

Motto, in English,
Proved virtue will flourish.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Castle Mahon, Ireland

BANGOR, VISCOUNT, (Nicholas Ward,) Baron of Castle Ward, Downshire, Ireland; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 20th May, 1781.

His lordship being solely an Irish peer, and not a representative one, enjoys no seat in parliament.

Lineage.

Lord Bangor's grandfather was Michael Ward, who sat in parliament for Downshire, in 1715, and was subsequently appointed one of the judges of the court of king's bench in Ireland. This gentleman's eldest son,

BERNARD, who married, in 1747, Anne, daughter of John, first Earl of Darnley, by whom he had Nicholas, the present peer, and nine other children, was created Baron Bangor, of Castleward, county of Down, 22d May, 1770, and Viscount Bangor, 13th January, 1781.

Motto, in English,
Salvation under the cross.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Castle Ward, Downshire.

BANTRY, EARL OF, (Richard White,) Viscount Bearhaven, Viscount and Baron Bantry, of Bantry, county of Cork; *b.* 6th August, 1767; created Baron of Bantry, 31st March, 1797, in consequence of the spirit which he displayed upon the arrival of the French squadron in Bantry Bay, during the preceding January. His lordship *m.* 3rd November, 1799, Margaret-Anne, daughter of William, Earl of Listowel, by whom he had issue Richard, now Viscount Bearhaven, *b.* 16th November, 1800, and two other sons and a daughter. On the 29th of December, 1800, Lord Bantry was created Viscount Bantry; and on the 22nd January, 1816, elevated to the dignities of Earl of Bantry and Viscount Bearhaven.

His lordship is a peer of Ireland only, and therefore enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, neither is he a representative peer.

Lineage.

The ancestry of Lord Bantry have held a respectable station amongst the gentry of the county of Cork, since their first introduction into Ireland, during the civil wars in the middle of the seventeenth century.

Motto, in English,
The noblest motive is the public good.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Bantry, county of Cork.

BARHAM, BARON, (Charles-Noel Noel,) of Barham Court, and Teston, Kent; *m.* in July,

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1809, Elizabeth, only daughter of Thomas Welman, esq. of Poundesford Park, Somersetshire, by whom he had no issue. That lady dying, 1st December, 1811, his lordship *m.* a second time, in May, 1817, Elizabeth, daughter of the Honorable Sir George Grey, bart. and niece to Earl Grey; who dying in December, 1818, after having given birth to a son and heir, his lordship *m.* a third time, 29th June, 1820, Arabella, second daughter of Sir James-Hamlyn Williams, bart. of Clovelly, by whom he has a son, *b.* 13th November, 1824. Lord Barham succeeded to the title upon the decease of his mother, Baroness Barham, on the 12th April, 1823.

Lineage.

The first Lord Barham was

CHARLES MIDDLETON, maternal grandfather of the present, who, for his distinguished and gallant conduct as a naval commander, was created a baronet, 23rd October, 1801, with reversion to his son-in-law, Gerard-Noel Noel, esq.; and having, subsequently, advanced to the highest rank in his profession, was, in 1805, appointed first lord of the admiralty, sworn a member of the privy council, and created a peer of the realm, by patent, dated 1st May, 1805, with remainder to his only child, Diana, the wife of Gerard-Noel Noel, mentioned above. His lordship dying, 7th June, 1813, was succeeded by his aforesaid daughter,

DIANA. Her ladyship had married, on the 20th of December, 1780, Gerard-Noel Edwards, esq. who assumed, by royal licence, upon the death of his maternal uncle, the last Earl of Gainsborough, along with his lordship's estates, the name and arms of Noel only. The issue of this marriage was Charles-Noel, the present baron, and seventeen other children.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Barham Court, Kent.

BARING, SIR THOMAS, bart., of Larkbeer, Devon, representative in parliament for Wycombe; *b.* 12th June, 1772; *m.* in 1794, Mary, eldest daughter of Charles Sealy, esq. of Calcutta, barrister-at-law, by whom he has issue Francis, and several other children. Sir Thomas succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 12th September, 1810.

Lineage.

The family of Baring has long held the most distinguished rank in the city of London; and its founder,

SIR FRANCIS, was designated correctly, when styled by Mr. Erskine, *the first merchant in the world.* This celebrated person was born the 18th of April, 1740, and had the honor of a baronetcy conferred upon him the 11th May, 1793. He married Henrietta, daughter of William Herring, esq. of Croydon, Surrey, by whom he had issue, Thomas, the present baronet; Alexander, M.P. for Taunton; Henry, M.P. for Colchester; and eight other children. Sir Francis possessed so much influence in the commercial world, that his death occasioned a sensible depression in the public funds.

Town Residence—21, Devonshire-place, Portland-place.

Country Seat—Stratton Park, Hampshire.

BARLOW, SIR GEORGE-HILLARO, baronet, of Fort-William, Bengal, G. C. B.; created, 29th June, 1803; *m.* April, 1789, in India, Elizabeth, daughter of Burton Smith, esq. of the county of Westmeath, Ireland, from whom he was divorced by act of parliament, 30th April, 1816, having previously had issue George-Ulrick, *b.* 8th October, 1791, and several other children. Sir George Barlow was appointed governor-general of India, the 5th of October, 1805, upon the demise of the Most Noble the Marquess Cornwallis, and on the 13th May, 1807, governor of Fort St. George, Madras.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Lifton, Devonshire.

BARRINGTON, VISCOUNT, (George Barrington,) of Ardglass, Downshire, and Baron Barrington, of Newcastle, county of Dublin, a clergyman of the church of England, a doctor in divinity, prebendary of Durham, and rector of Sedgefield; *b.* 16th July, 1761; *m.* 12th February, 1788, Elizabeth, second daughter of Robert Adair, esq. by whom he has issue William Keppel, *b.* 1st October, 1793, and seven other sons and two daughters. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family upon the death of his brother in 1813.

The peerage of Lord Barrington being solely of Ireland, his lordship enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

The present viscount is grandson to

JOHN SHUTE, who assumed the name and arms of Barrington, upon succeeding to the estates of Francis Barrington, esq. of Tofts, Essex, to whose lady he was first cousin, and was created, 20th June, 1720, Viscount Barrington, of Ardglass, county of Down. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter and coheiress of Sir William Daines, knt. by whom he had several children. The viscount *d.* 14th December, 1734, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM WILDMAN, *b.* 1717. This nobleman filled several high stations in the government, from the year 1754 to 1778, such as secretary at war, chancellor of the exchequer, &c. &c. He *m.* in 1740, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Henry Lovell, esq.; but no issue surviving him, his lordship was succeeded, on the 1st February, 1793, by his brother,

WILLIAM WILDMAN, who dying without issue, 31st July, 1801, the title devolved upon his brother,

RICHARD, who also dying without issue, was succeeded by his brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
Honorable acquisitions are splendid.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Becket Hall, Berks.

BARRINGTON, SIR FITZWILLIAM, baronet, of Colebourne, Isle of Wight; *m.* in 1789, Edith-Mary, daughter of Sir Samuel Marshall, knt., by whom he has issue four daughters. Sir Fitzwilliam succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, 5th August, 1818.

Lineage.

This family have enjoyed a baronetcy from the first year of the establishment of that order.

SIR FRANCIS, being created the 29th of June, 1611, this gentleman, *d.* in 1623, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who had the honor of knighthood conferred upon him during the lifetime of his father; he *m.* twice, and had a daughter and two sons by his first marriage, but no children by the second. The fortune of his grandson, Francis, devolved by will to John Shute, the first Lord Barrington. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1654, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman dying unmarried, of the small pox, in 1691, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR CHARLES, many years representative in parliament for the county of Essex; *m.* twice, but dying without issue, the title descended to his cousin,

SIR JOHN, son and heir of John, the third son of Sir Charles's grandfather, Sir John. This gentleman was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who represented Newton in parliament; he married, but having no issue, the title devolved, at his decease, 4th May, 1776, upon his brother,

SIR FITZWILLIAM, who married twice, and had seven children by his second marriage, the eldest of whom,

SIR JOHN, inherited on the 24th September, 1792; but dying unmarried, 5th August, 1818, the title descended to his brother, the present baronet.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Barrington Hall, Essex.

BATESON, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Belvoir Park, Downshire; created 18th December, 1818; *m.* Catherine, daughter of Samuel Dickson, esq. of Limerick, and has issue one son and two daughters.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Belvoir Park, Downshire.

BATH, MARQUESS OF, (Thos.-Thynne), Viscount Weymouth, Baron Thynne, of Warminster, a baronet, K. G., lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum for Somersetshire, D.C.L. and F. S. A.; *b.* 15th January, 1765; *m.* 24th April, 1794, Isabella, daughter of the fourth Lord Viscount Torrington, by whom he has issue Thomas, Viscount Weymouth, *b.* 9th April, 1796, and ten other children. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family upon the decease of his father, 19th November, 1796.

Lineage.

SIR JOHN THYNNE, knt. of Longleat, Wiltshire, the great-great-great-grand-uncle of the present marquess, was created a baronet in 1641, and was succeeded by the eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who was created on the 11th December, 1682, Baron Thynne, of Warmister, Wilts, and Viscount Weymouth, with remainder, in the event of failure of male issue, to his brother Henry. His lordship *m.* Frances, daughter of Lord Winchelsea, by whom he had an only son, who dying in the lifetime of his father without male issue, the title devolved, at the death of his lordship, 28th July, 1714, upon his grand-nephew,

THOMAS, who married twice; by his last wife, the daughter of Earl Granville, he had two sons, the youngest of whom inherited the fortune of his maternal grandfather, assumed his name, and was created Baron Carteret; while the eldest,

THOMAS, upon the demise of his father, 12th January, 1751, succeeded to the family honors, and upon the the 25th August, 1789, was elevated to the Marquesate of Bath; his lordship *m.* 22nd May, 1759, Elizabeth Cavendish, eldest daughter of William, second Duke of Portland, by whom he had issue, Thomas, the present marquess, and eight other children. His lordship was *b.* 13th September, 1734, and *d.* 19th November, 1796.

Motto, in English,
I have a good cause.

Town Residence—6, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Longleat, Wilts.

BATHURST, EARL OF, (Henry Bathurst), Baron Bathurst, of Battlesden, and Baron Apsley, of Apsley, Sussex, secretary of state for the colonial department, a teller of the exchequer, and joint clerk of the crown, K.G., F.S.A., and D.C.L.; *b.* 22nd May, 1762; *m.* 1st of April, 1789, Georgiana, youngest daughter of Lord George Lennox, by whom he has issue Henry-George, (Lord Apsley,) *b.* 24th February, 1790, and four other children. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family upon the demise of his father, 6th August, 1794.

Lineage.

The first person of this distinguished family ennobled was

ALLEN BATHURST, great grandson to an Alderman Bathurst, of London, who, upon the 31st of December, 1711, was created Baron Bathurst, and, on the 27th August, 1772, advanced to the dignity of an Earl. This nobleman *d.* 14th September, 1775, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

HENRY, a celebrated lawyer, who had during his father's life time been created (22nd January, 1771) Baron Apsley, and nominated one of the judges of the court of common pleas, and, subsequently, lord

high-chancellor of England. His was *b.* 2nd May, 1714, and married twice; first, on the 19th September, 1754, Anne, relict of Charles Phillips, esq. by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, in June, 1759, Tryphena, daughter of Thomas Scawen, esq. of Maidwell, Northamptonshire, by whom he had issue Henry, the present peer, and five other children.

Motto, in English,
Keep thy faith.

Town Residence—15, Great Stanhope-street.
Country Seat—Cirencester, Gloucestershire.

BAYNES, SIR CHRISTOPHER, baronet, of Harefield Place, Middlesex, *b.* 6th August, 1755; *m.* 1st March, 1788, Nanny, daughter of William Gregory, of Ryde, by whom he has issue William, *b.* 8th November, 1789, and three other children. Mr. Baynes was created a baronet on the 29th of June, 1801.

Motto, in English,
Rage supplies weapons.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Harefield Park, Middlesex.

BAYNING, BARON, (Henry William-Powlett-Townshend), of Foxley, Berks, a colonel in the army, and lieutenant-colonel of the grenadier guards; *b.* 8th June, 1797; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, 2nd August, 1823, and assumed by royal license, September, 1823, the names of his maternal great-grandfather William Powlett.

Lineage.

The title of Bayning, in the present family, has become twice extinct; first, upon the demise of Viscount Bayning without male issue, in 1638; and, secondly, upon the death of his lordship's sister, Anne, created Viscountess Bayning by Charles the Second for her own life only. In 1797, however, the title was again revived in the person of her ladyship's great-great-great-grandson,

Charles Townshend, created 27th of October, 1797, Baron Bayning, of Foxley, Berks. His lordship *m.* Annabella, daughter of the Rev. Richard Smith, and grand-daughter to William Powlett, esq., by whom he had two sons, Charles-Frederick-Powlett and William, and several daughters. He *d.* 16th May, 1810, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Charles-Frederick Powlett, who dying unmarrried, 2nd of August, 1823, the title devolved upon his only brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
I stand in the footsteps of my ancestors.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Honingham Hall, Norfolk.

BEAUCHAMP, EARL, (John-Reginald Pindar,) Viscount Elmley, and Baron Beauchamp, of Powyke, Worcestershire; succeeded to the honors of his family upon the demise of his brother, the 13th May, 1823, and assumed, by royal permission, the 22nd October, 1813, the name and arms of Pindar alone; *m.* 14th March, 1814, Charlotte, only daughter of John, first Lord Clonmell, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

The family name was originally Lygon; but the grandfather of the present peer, being the maternal grandson of William Lygon, esq. of Madresfield, and son of Reginald Pindar, esq. of Gloucestershire, was obliged to assume, upon inheriting the estates of his grandfather, the family name and arms, as his grandson has now that of Pindar. The eldest son of this gentleman,

William Lygon, who for thirty-two years had a seat in the common's house of parliament, was created, on the 26th February, 1806, Baron Beauchamp, of Powyke, Worcestershire; and on the 1st of December, 1815, Viscount Elmley and Earl Beauchamp. His lordship *d.* 21st October, 1816, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William Beauchamp. This nobleman dying unmarried the 13th May, 1823, the family honors devolved upon his brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
Strong by faith.

Town Residence—27, Portman-square.
Country Seat—Madresfield Court, Worcester.

BEAUFORT, DUKE OF, (Henry-Charles Somerset), Marquess of Worcester, Earl of Glamorgan, Viscount Grosmont, Baron Herbert of Chepstow and Ragland, Baron Gower, Baron Beaufort, of Caldecot Castle, and Baron de Bottetourt, K.G. and D.C.L., lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the counties of Gloster, Monmouth, and Brecon, receiver of rents of the county of Monmouth, constable of St. Briaval's Castle, and warden of the forest of Dean. His grace was *b.* 22nd December, 1766; and upon the 16th of May, 1791, he *m.* Charlotte Leveson Gower, daughter of the first Marquess of Stafford, by whom he has issue Henry, Marquess of Worcester, *b.* 5th February, 1792, and ten other children. His grace succeeded to the honors of his family upon the demise of his father, 11th October, 1803.

Lineage.

The noble family of Beaufort can trace its origin to John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster, 4th son of Edward the Third.

Sir Charles Somerset, who was honored with the garter, and created Baron of Ragland, 26th November, 1756, and Earl of Worcester, 1st February, 1514, being an illegitimate son, by Joan Hill, of Henry Beaufort, third Duke of Somerset, great-grandson of that prince. Sir Charles's immediate descendant,

Henry, the fifth earl, obtained the Marquesate of Worcester 2nd November, 1642; and his grandson,

Henry, was elevated to the dignity of Duke of Beaufort, 2nd December, 1682. In 1745, the grandson of this nobleman,

Charles-Noel, succeeded to the title, in consequence of the third duke dying without issue. His

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grace *m.* 1st May, 1740, Elizabeth, daughter of the Viscountess-Dowager Hereford, and only sister and heiress to Norborne, Baron Bottetout, (this barony was confirmed to the fifth duke, by letters patent, dated 4th June, 1803,) by whom he had several children, and was succeeded, upon his decease, 28th October, 1756, by his only son,

HENRY, *b.* 16th October, 1744; *m.* 2nd April, 1766, Elizabeth, daughter of Admiral Boscawen, by whom he had issue Henry Charles, the present duke, and twelve other children.

Motto,

I scorn to change or to fear.

Town Residence—5, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seats — Troyhouse, Monmouth; Heythrop House, Eustone, Oxfordshire; and Worcester Lodge, Gloucestershire.

BEAUMONT, SIR GEO.-HOWLAND, baronet, of Stroughton Grange, Leicestershire, D.C.L., F.S.A.; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1762; *m.* Margaret, daughter of John Willes, esq., but has no children.

Lineage.

The first baronet of this very ancient family was

SIR THOMAS, created 17th September, 1619, and subsequently, in 1622, Viscount Beaumont, of Ireland. These honors were, however, extinguished in 1702. Upon the 21st of February, 1660, another branch, in the person of

THOMAS BEAUMONT, obtained a second baronetcy. This gentleman was succeeded by his son,

SIR HENRY, who *d.* in 1688, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman dying without issue, in 1690, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR GEORGE, who succeeded by will to the estates of Viscount Beaumont, but dying unmarried, the whole descended to his brother,

SIR LEWIS, a clergyman, who *m.* Elizabeth, relict of the Rev. Mr. Temple, but having no issue, the title and estates devolved upon his cousin,

SIR GEORGE. This gentleman *m.* 26th March, 1751, Miss Rachael Howland, by whom he had one son only, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

Exalted, not elated

Town Residence—29, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Cole-Orton, Leicestershire.

+ 420 BECKETT, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Somerby Park, Lincolnshire; *b.* 30th April, 1743; obtained his title by creation on the 2nd November, 1813; *m.* 3d March, 1774, Mary, daughter of the Right Rev. Christopher Wilson, bishop of Bristol, by whom he has issue John, judge-advocate-general, and seven other sons.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Leeds, Yorkshire; and Somerby Park, Lincoln.

BECKWITH, SIR JONATHAN, baronet, of Aldborough, Yorkshire, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his relation, Sir Marmaduke, the third baronet.

Lineage.

ROGER BECKWORTH, esq. was created a baronet on the 15th of April, 1681, and dying 6th December, 1700, was succeeded by his son,

SIR ROGER, who *m.* and became the father of two sons and a daughter, but the former dying in his lifetime, the title devolved at his decease, in 1743, upon his brother,

SIR MARMADUKE, a merchant of eminence in Virginia, upon whose demise the title descended to the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

To enjoy innocently.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Aldborough, Walburne; and Allerton Gloadhow, Yorkshire.

BEDFORD, DUKE AND EARL OF, (John Russell,) Marquess of Tavistock, Baron Russell, of Cheneys, Buckinghamshire, Baron Russell, of Thornhaugh, and Baron Howland, of Streatham, Surrey; *b.* 6th July, 1766; *m.* 21st March, 1786, Georgiana-Elizabeth, second daughter of the fourth Viscount Torrington, by whom he has issue Francis, Marquess of Tavistock, (this nobleman *m.* Lady Anna-Maria Stanhope, daughter of the Earl of Harrington,) and two other sons, George-William, *b.* 8th May, 1790, and John, *b.* 19th August 1792. Her ladyship dying 11th October, 1801, (before his grace succeeded to the dukedom,) the Duke of Bedford *m.* a second time, 23d June, 1803, Georgiana, daughter of Alexander, Duke of Gordon, by whom he has seven sons and two daughters. His grace succeeded to the honors of his illustrious family upon the demise of his patriotic and deeply-lamented brother, Francis, unmarried, 2nd May, 1802.

Lineage.

Amongst the British Noblesse there is not a more illustrious house than that of Russell; the name is interwoven with the brightest achievements in the records of England, and has been borne, at different periods, by statesmen, warriors, and patriots, as sage as gallant, and as disinterested as ever guided her council, unfurled her banner, or bled for her freedom.

JOHN RUSSEL, said to be one of the most accomplished persons of the period in which he lived, was appointed gentleman of the privy chamber to Henry the Seventh, upon being nominated to other official employments; created by patent, 29th March, 1739, Baron Russell, of Cheneys, Bedfordshire. When the great monasteries were dissolved in 1540, his lordship obtained a grant to himself, and his wife, and their heirs, of the scite of the Abbey of Tavistock, and of extensive possessions belonging thereto. In the next reign, (Edward the Sixth,) on the 29th of January, 1549, his lordship was advanced to the dignity of an earldom, as Earl of Bedford; and after the accession

of Mary, he was appointed ambassador to Spain, to conduct her majesty's royal consort, Philip, to England. His lordship *d.* 14th March, 1558, and was succeeded by his son,

FRANCIS, *b.* in 1528, whose son,

FRANCIS, was summoned to parliament, as Baron Russell, in the lifetime of his father; but being slain on the Scottish border, the day before the earl's decease, the family honors, when that event took place, devolved upon Earl Francis's grandson,

EDWARD, who, dying without issue, was succeeded by his cousin,

FRANCIS, (son to William,) fourth son of Earl Francis, who filled the office of lord-deputy of Ireland, during the reign of Elizabeth, and was created 21st July, 1603, Baron Russell, of Thornhaugh, Northamptonshire. This nobleman *m.* Catharine, daughter and co-heiress of the third Lord Chandos, by whom he had issue four daughters and four sons. The second of his sons, Edward, became a distinguished naval commander, and obtained, by his heroic achievements, (7th May, 1697,) the titles of Baron Shingey, Viscount Barfleur, and Earl of Oxford. His lordship (Francis, Earl of Bedford,) *d.* 9th May, 1641, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, who was created, 11th May, 1649, Marquess of Tavistock and Duke of Bedford. His grace, *m.* Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Robert Carr, Earl of Somerset, by whom he had issue seven sons and three daughters, the second of whom was the celebrated patriot, Lord William Russell, so unjustly beheaded, 21st July, 1683. Lord William had *m.* Rachael, daughter and co-heiress to Thomas Wriothesley, Earl of Southampton, by whom he had issue. His grace dying on the 7th September, 1700, was succeeded by his grandson,

WRIOTHESLEY, the eldest son of the martyred Lord William. This nobleman *m.* in 1695, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of John Howland, esq. of Streatham, by whom he acquired a very considerable fortune; and in consequence of his marriage, was created, on the 13th June, 1693, Baron Howland, of Streatham, Surrey; his grace had issue three sons and two daughters. He *d.* in May, 1711, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WRIOTHESLEY; *b.* 1708; *m.* 1725; but dying without issue, 23d October, 1732, the honors of the family reverted to his brother,

JOHN. This nobleman, a knight of the garter, filled the office of lord-lieutenant of Ireland; and, in 1762, was appointed minister plenipotentiary to the Court of France, in which character he signed, at Fontainbleau, the preliminaries of peace with France and Spain. His grace *m.* 11th October, 1731, Diana, youngest daughter to Charles, Earl of Sunderland, by whom he had one son, who died in infancy. Her grace dying 27th September, 1735, the duke *m.* a second time, in April, 1737, Gertrude, eldest daughter to the first Earl of Gower, by whom he had issue one son, Francis, Marquess of Tavistock, who, being killed by a fall from his horse, 29th March, 1767, left issue by Elizabeth, daughter of the second Earl of Albemarle, Francis, the late duke, John, the present, and several other children. His grace *d.* 14th January, 1771, and was succeeded by his grandson,

FRANCIS, *b.* 22nd July, 1765, who, dying unmarried, the title reverted to his brother, the present duke.

Motto, in English,

What will be will be.

Town Residence—13, St. James's-square.

Country Seat—Woburn Abbey, Bedfordshire.

BEDINGFIELD, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Oxburgh, Norfolk; *b.* 23d August, 1767; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 27th March, 1795; *m.* on the 17th of the following June, Charlotte-Georgiana, daughter of Sir William Jerningham, baronet, of Cossey, by whom he has issue Henry-Richard, *b.* in 1800, and several other children.

Lineage.

The family of Bedingfield is one of the oldest Roman Catholic houses in England.

HENRY BEDINGFIELD, son to Sir Henry Bedingfield, who distinguished himself as a loyalist in the civil wars, was created a baronet, 2nd January, 1660. This gentleman died on the 6th of February, 1684-5, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR HENRY, who *d.* 14th September, 1704, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR HENRY ARUNDELL. This gentleman had six sons and two daughters. He *d.* 15th July, 1760, and was succeeded by his fifth and eldest surviving son,

SIR RICHARD, *b.* 14th September, 1726; *m.* 30th of March, 1761, Mary, only daughter of Anthony Brown, Viscount Montague, by whom he had one son, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

Contemplating the sun, I hold in contempt all things beneath it.

Town Residence—5, Curzon-street.

Country Seat—Oxburgh, Norfolk.

BEEVOR, SIR THOMAS-BRANTHWAYT, baronet, of Hethel, Norfolk, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 10th December, 1820.

Lineage.

THOMAS BEEVOR, esq., eldest son of Thomas Beevor, esq. of Norwich, was created a baronet on the 10th December, 1783; he *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Miles Branthwayt, esq. of Hethel, by whom he had issue, five sons and two daughters: dying in 1814, he was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* in 1795, Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Hugh Hare, esq. of Harpham, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and two daughters.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Hethel, Norfolk.

BELHAVEN AND STENTON, LORD, (Robert-Montgomery Hamilton,) an officer in

the army; *b.* in 1793; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 29th October, 1814; *m.* in 1816, Hamilton, daughter of Walter Campbell, esq. of Shawfield. This being a Scottish peerage, the noble lord is not an hereditary peer of parliament, nor is he a representative peer.

Lineage.

The first of the family ennobled was

SIR JOHN HAMILTON, of Broomhill, created Lord Belhaven and Stanton, in 1647. His lordship having, however, no male heirs, surrendered his barony to the crown, and obtained a new patent 10th February, 1675, by which the title descended to Sir John Hamilton, bart. of Beil, to whom his eldest grand-daughter, Margaret, had been married, and his heirs male, whatsoever. His lordship *d.* in 1679, and was succeeded by,

SIR JOHN HAMILTON, aforesaid, who, being nominated governor of Barbadoes in 1721, was drowned in his passage to that island.

He was succeeded, alternately, by his four sons,

JOHN,
ANDREW,
JAMES, and
ROBERT,
} all of whom dying unmarried, the peerage, of right, devolved upon their relative,

ROBERT HAMILTON, esq., of Whishaw; but that gentleman declining to assume the title, it remained in abeyance until claimed after his decease by his son,

WILLIAM, whose pretensions were acknowledged by a resolution of the house of lords, 25th April, 1799. His lordship *m.* Penelope, youngest daughter of Ronald Macdonald, of Clanronald, by whom he had issue Robert Montgomery, the present peer, and six other children.

Motto, in English,
Ride through.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Beil's Castle, Haddingtonshire.

BELLINGHAM, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Castle Bellingham, Ireland, F.A.S., a director of Greenwich Hospital, and receiver general of the land and assessed taxes for the city of London; *m.* 3rd December, 1783, Hester-Francis, youngest daughter of the Honorable and Rev. Robert Cholmondeley, and grand-daughter to the third Earl of Cholmondeley, by whom he has no issue. The baronetcy was conferred upon the present baronet, with reversion to the heirs of his father, on the 16th March, 1796.

Town Residence—32, Dover-street.
Country Seat—Castle Bellingham, Ireland.

BELMORE, EARL OF, (Somerset-Lowry Corry,) Viscount and Baron Belmore, of Castle Coole, a governor of the county of Tyrone, and a trustee of the linen manufacture; *b.* 11th July, 1774; *m.* 20th October, 1800, Juliana Butler, second daughter of Henry-Thomas, Earl of Carrick, by whom he has issue Armar Lowry, Viscount Corry, *b.* 23rd December, 1801, and other children. His lordship succeeded to the peerage upon the demise of his father, 2nd February, 1802.

The honors of the house of Belmore being solely Irish, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present lord is not a representative peer.

Lineage.

ARMAR CORRY, representative in the parliament of Ireland for the county of Tyrone, was, on the 6th January, 1781, created Baron Belmore, of Castle Coole; on the 6th December, 1789, his lordship was advanced to the dignity of Viscount Belmore; and on the 5th November, 1797, created Earl of Belmore. Lord Belmore *m.*, previously to being ennobled, Margaret, eldest daughter of Somerset, Earl of Carrick, by whom he had issue Somerset Lowry, the present peer, and two other children, who *d.* in infancy. Her ladyship dying in 1777, the earl *m.* a second time, Henrietta, eldest daughter and coheiress of the second Earl of Buckinghamshire, by whom he had one daughter. His lordship's second marriage being dissolved by act of parliament, and his lady subsequently *m.* to the Marquess of Lothian, the earl *m.* a third time, Mary-Anne, eldest daughter of Sir James Caldwell, by whom he had no children.

Motto, in English,
Virtue always flourishes.

Town Residence—6, Hamilton-place.
Country Seat—Castle Inniskillen, Ireland.

BERESFORD, VISCOUNT, (William-Carr Beresford,) Baron Beresford, of Albuera, and Dungarvon, county of Waterford, D.C.L., Duke of Elvas, Marquess of Campo Major, Count of Trancoso, in Portugal, G.C.B., K.T.S., K.F.M., and K.F.; a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 88th regiment of foot; governor of Jersey, and a Portuguese field-marshal.

Lineage.

General Beresford, a gallant soldier, whose good sword achieved the coronet in his own country, as well as the foreign honors he enjoys, is the son of the first Marquess of Waterford, but not of the marchioness. As a requital for his services in the Peninsular war, he was created Baron Beresford, on the 17th May, 1814; and upon the 28th March, 1823, his lordship was advanced to the dignity of a viscount.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

BERESFORD, SIR JOHN-POER, baronet, of Bagnall, county of Waterford, rear-admiral of the blue, K.C.B., K.T.S., son to the first Marquess of Waterford, and brother to the nobleman last described; *m.* Mary, daughter of Captain Molloy, of the navy, by whom he had one son. This lady dying in 1813, he *m.* a second time, 17th August, 1815, Henrietta, youngest daughter of Henry Peirse, esq. of Bedale, Yorkshire, by whom he has three children living.

Town Residence—48, Harley-street.
Country Seat—

BERKELEY, EARL OF, ( ) Viscount Dursley, and Baron Berkeley.

The titles of this noble house have lain in abeyance since the demise of the fifth earl, Frederick-Augustus, the house of lords having decided, 1st July, 1811, that his lordship's eldest son, who had previously a seat in the house of commons, and was received there as Lord Dursley, had not made good his claim to the honors of the family, not being able to establish his father's marriage with his mother prior to his birth, although the late lord solemnly declared, in his last will, that the event took place; and the Countess of Berkeley bore testimony to the same effect before the house of lords. In consequence of the decision of the lords, the title devolved upon the fifth son, Thomas-Moreton-Fitzhardinge Berkeley, who, from a conscientious belief in the legitimacy of his brother's birth, has declined assuming it.

Lineage.

The Berkeleys were summoned to parliament as barons, from the reign of Henry the Third to that of Edward the Sixth.

George, the fourteenth of these barons, was advanced, 11th September, 1679, in consequence of the loyalty he displayed towards Charles the Second, to the titles of Viscount Dursley and Earl of Berkeley. His lordship *d.* 10th October, 1628, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Charles, K.B., who had been summoned to the house of peers, during his father's life-time, as Baron Berkeley, of Berkeley. His lordship filled the high and confidential station of envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the states of Holland, in 1689. He *d.* 24th September, 1710, and was succeeded by his son,

James, K.G., vice-admiral of the blue, and first lord of the admiralty. His lordship *m.* Louisa, daughter of the first Duke of Richmond, by whom he had two daughters, and his successor, (upon his demise in 1736,)

Augustus, K.T. This nobleman *m.* in 1744, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Drax, esq. of Dorsetshire, by whom he had several children. The eldest of whom,

Frederick-Augustus, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1755. His lordship was *b.* 24th May, 1745, and espoused, 16th May, 1796, Mary, daughter of William Cole, of Wootton, Gloucestershire; prior to this marriage, four of the earl's children, by the same lady, were born; but his lordship declared that he had been privately married to the countess, in Berkeley Church, March 30, 1765, assigning, as a reason for the second nuptials, that the witnesses to the first were all dead, and the vouchers to establish it all destroyed, in consequence of the great secrecy observed; and, as we have already mentioned, he confirmed that assertion in his last will and testament. Besides these four children, his lordship had issue Thomas-Moreton-Fitzhardinge, *b.* 19th October, 1796, the gentleman supposed to be entitled to the peerage; with two sons, and three daughters.

Motto, in English,
God with us.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

BERNEY, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Parkhall, Norfolk, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 26th January, 1778; *m.* 9th September, 1779, Henrietta, daughter of the first Earl of Abergavenny, by whom he has issue Hanson, *b.* 6th December, 1780, and five other children.

Lineage.

This family have been seated in the county of Norfolk since the Conquest: the baronetcy was conferred upon

Richard Berney, esq. on the 5th of May, 1620. This gentleman was succeeded, in 1688, by his son,

Sir Thomas, who, dying in 1693, was also succeeded by his son,

Sir Richard. This gentleman had a very numerous issue, and was succeeded, in 1706, by his eldest son,

Sir Richard, who, dying unmarried, in 1710, the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Thomas. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Simon Folkes, esq. by whom he had two sons; the eldest of whom, upon his decease in December, 1794,

Sir Hanson, succeeded to the title. He *m.* Catharine, daughter and heiress of William Woolball, esq. by whom he had issue John, the present baronet, and two daughters.

Motto, in English,
Nothing rashly, nor dastardly.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Kirby Bedon, Norfolk.

BERRY, SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Catton, Norfolk, a captain in the royal navy, and K.C.B.; *b.* 17th April, 1768; *m.* 12th December, 1797, Louisa, daughter of Doctor Forster, of Norwich. The title was conferred upon Sir Edward, the 12th December, 1806, as a reward for his gallant conduct as a naval commander, particularly at the glorious battle off Cape Trafalgar, and at the victory off St. Domingo.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Catton, Norfolk.

BERWICK, BARON, (Thomas Noel-Hill,) of Attingham, Salop, D.C.L., F.S.A.; *b.* 21st October, 1770; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in January, 1789; *m.* 8th February, 1812, Miss Sophia Dubouchet.

Lineage.

The family name was originally Harwood; but Thomas Harwood, esq. father to the first, and grandfather to the present, lord, assumed the maiden sur-

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name of his mother, HILL. The second son of this gentleman's (second) marriage with Susan-Maria, eldest daughter and co-heiress of William Noel, esq. was

NOEL HILL, created Baron Berwick, 19th May, 1784; *m.* 17th November, 1768, Anne, daughter of Henry Vernon, esq. of Hilton, Staffordshire, by whom he had issue Thomas Noel, the present earl, and five other children.

Motto, in English,

All things are of value to those who know how to employ them.

Town Residence—18, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Hattingham Hall, Salop.

BERTIE, SIR LINDSEY-JAMES, baronet; *b.* 29th May, 1795; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 24th February, 1824.

Lineage.

SIR ALBEMARLE BERTIE, a distinguished naval officer, was created a baronet, 9th December, 1812, having attained the rank of admiral of the blue, and the Cross of the Bath. He *m.* 1st July, 1783, Emma, second daughter of James M. Heywood, esq. of Mariston House, by whom he had issue Lindsey-James, the present baronet, and two daughters.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

BESBOROUGH, EARL OF, (Frederick Ponsonby,) Viscount Duncannon, Baron of Besborough, and vice-admiral of Munster, in Ireland; Baron Ponsonby, of Sysonby, in England; *b.* 24th January, 1758; *m.* November 27, 1780, Henrietta-Frances, second daughter of the first Earl Spencer, by whom he has issue John-William, Viscount Duncannon, *b.* August 31, 1781, (this nobleman married Lady Maria Fane, third daughter of John, Earl of Westmoreland,) and three other sons, and a daughter.

Lineage.

The first of this ancient family ennobled was

SIR WILLIAM PONSONBY, who, 11th September, 1721, was created Baron Besborough, and February 22, 1723, Viscount Duncannon. His lordship *d.* in 1726, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

BRABAZON, advanced to the dignity of Earl of Besborough, by creation, the 6th October, 1739, and honored with a British peerage, as Baron Ponsonby, of Sysonby, the 12th of June, 1749. His lordship *m.* twice: first, the widow of Hugh Colville, esq.; and, secondly, Lady King, relict of Sir John King, bart. and daughter of John Sankey, esq.: by the last marriage he had no issue, but by the first he had several children, the eldest of whom,

WILLIAM, succeeded to the titles. His lordship *m.* 5th July, 1739, Caroline Cavendish, eldest daughter of William, Duke of Devonshire, by whom he had issue Frederick, the present peer, and eight other children, six of whom *d.* in infancy.

Motto, in English,

For the king, the law, and the people.

Town Residence—20, St. James's-square.

Country Seat—Roehampton, Surrey.

BEVERLEY, EARL OF, (Algernon Percy;) *b.* 21st January, 1750; succeeded to the dignity of Lord Louvaine, Baron of Alnwick, upon the decease of his father, Sir Hugh Smithson, first Duke of Northumberland, 16th June, 1786, (that barony being conferred upon his grace by patent, 22nd October, 1766, with remainder to his second son, Algernon;) and was created by patent, dated 2nd November, 1790, Earl of Beverley. His lordship *m.* 8th of June, 1775, Isabella-Susannah, second daughter of Peter Burrell, esq. of Beckenham, Kent, by whom he had issue George, Lord Louvaine, *b.* June 22, 1778, and eleven other children.

Lineage.

See the Duke of Northumberland, nephew to Lord Beverley.

Motto, in English,

Trust in God.

Town Residence—8, Portman-square.

Country Seat—Louvaine, Yorkshire.

BEXLEY, BARON, (Nicholas Vansittart,) of Bexley, county of Kent; *m.* 22nd July, 1806, Catherine-Isabella, second daughter of William, Lord Auckland, by whom he had no issue; this lady *d.* on the 10th August, 1810. Mr. Vansittart was for many years a member of administration, having filled the important office of chancellor of the exchequer, from the year 1812 to the beginning of 1823; when, upon his resignation, 1st March, 1823, he was created Baron Bexley.

Lineage.

The Vansittarts are of German or Dutch extraction, and have been settled in England about one hundred and fifty years, where they have been generally engaged in commercial pursuits. The father of the present peer was one of the committee of three, appointed, by the directors of the East India Company, supervisors of their affairs in the East, who were lost in 1770, on board the Aurora frigate, in their outward passage.

Town Residence—31, Great George-street, Westminster.

Country Seat—Foot's Cray Place, Kent.

BICKERTON, SIR RICHARD-HUSSEY, baronet, of Upwood, Huntingdonshire, K.C.B., K.G., and F.R.S., admiral of the white, lieutenant-general of marines, and a director of Greenwich Hospital; *m.* 25th September, 1788, Anne, daughter of James Athill, esq. of Antigua; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 24th February, 1792, and assumed, by royal licence, in 1823, his maternal surname and arms of Hussey.

Lineage.

RICHARD BICKERTON, the father of the present baronet, was a distinguished naval commander, who,

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in 1773, received the honor of knighthood, in consequence of steering his majesty's barge when reviewing the fleet at Portsmouth. On the 19th May, 1778, Sir Richard was created a baronet; he was, subsequently, a participator in the achievements of Sir Edward Hughes in the Indian Seas, and arrived at the rank of rear-admiral of the blue. He *m.* in 1758, Maria-Anne, daughter of Thomas Hussey, esq. of Wrexham, Denbighshire, by whom he had issue his successor, and five other children.

Motto, in English,
For God and the king.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Upwood, Huntingdonshire.

BIDDULPH, SIR THEOPHILUS, baronet, of Westcombe, Kent; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father in 1801; *m.* Hannah, daughter of Edward Prestridge, esq. by whom he has issue Theophilus, and six other children.

Lineage.

THEOPHILUS BIDDULPH, esq. *m.* Susanna, daughter of Alderman Highland, of London, by whom he had four sons and four daughters. He was created a baronet, 2nd November, 1664, and, upon his demise, was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR MICHAEL, who *d.* 20th April, 1718, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR THEOPHILUS. This gentleman dying without issue, the title devolved upon his cousin,

SIR THEOPHILUS, great-grandson to the first baronet, (being the son of his fourth son, Simon of Burdingbury's eldest son, Edward;) *m.* Jane, only child of his uncle, Michael Biddulph, esq. by whom he had issue Theophilus, the present baronet, and John.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Burdingbury, Warwickshire.

BLACKETT, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Matson Hall, Northumberland; *b.* 26th October, 1815; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 27th October, 1816.

Lineage.

WILLIAM BLACKETT, esq. who obtained considerable wealth by his mines and collieries, was created a baronet, 12th December, 1673; *m.* twice, and left a large family by his first wife, but no children by the second. His third son, William, was also created a baronet, 23rd January, 1684, but heirs male failing in his son and successor, Edward, that title became extinct, 27th September, 1728. Sir William Blackett *d.* 17th May, 1680, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR EDWARD. This gentleman *m.* thrice; by his first wife he had a son, who *d.* in infancy; by his second, the daughter of Sir John Yorke, knt. of Richmond, Yorkshire, he had six sons and six daughters; by his third, Diana, daughter of Lord Delamere, he had no child. He *d.* 23rd April, 1718, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR EDWARD, who dying without issue, in March, 1756, was succeeded by his nephew,

SIR EDWARD, the eldest son of the first baronet's third son, John. This gentleman *d.* February 19, 1777, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR EDWARD, who *d.* in January, 1804, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR EDWARD, who *m.* on the 8th of August, 1801, the daughter of Benjamin Keane, esq. of Weston Lodge, by whom he had issue two sons, William-Douglas, who *d.* in 1805, and William, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
We will labour in hope.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Matson Hall, Northumberland.

BLACKWOOD, THE HONORABLE SIR HENRY, baronet, rear-admiral of the blue, and K.C.B.; *b.* 28th December, 1770; *m.* 12th January, 1795, Jane-Mary, second daughter of Launcelot Crosbie, esq. by whom he had no issue. That lady dying, 19th January, 1798, he *m.* a second time, Eliza, fourth daughter of Captain Waghorn of the navy, by whom he had one son, Henry-Martin, *b.* 11th June, 1801. His second wife dying, 30th October, 1802, Sir Henry *m.* a third time, 9th May, 1803, Miss Gore, by whom he has two sons and a daughter. The baronetcy was conferred upon Sir Henry, the 1st of September, 1814.

Lineage.

The Honorable Sir Henry Blackwood is fifth surviving son of Dorcas, first Baroness Dufferin and Clanboye, deceased, by Sir John Blackwood, bart. also deceased, whose baronetcy has descended to his eldest son, the present Lord Dufferin and Clanboye. (See Dufferin.)

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

BLAIR, SIR DAVID-HUNTER, baronet, of Dunskey, county of Wigtoun; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1800; *m.* 2nd July, 1813, Dorothy-Hay, second daughter of E. H. Mackenzie, esq. of New Hall and Cromarthy, by whom he has issue one son, *b.* in March, 1817.

Lineage.

The family of HUNTER BLAIR is descended from the ancient one of Blair, of Dunskey, by the female side.

JAMES HUNTER, esq. *m.* Jane, daughter and heiress of John Blair, esq. of Dunskey, upon which occasion he assumed the name of Blair, by whom he had issue John, the late baronet; David, the present baronet; James, who inherits the family estates of his mother; and other children. This gentleman was created a baronet, the 10th of June, 1786, and was succeeded, in 1787, by his eldest son,

JOHN, who dying without male issue, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Dunskey, Wigtounshire.

BLAKE, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Langham, Suffolk; *m.* 13th of February, 1794, the Honorable Louisa-Elizabeth, daughter of the first Viscount Gage, by whom he has issue Henry-Charles, and seven other children. Sir James succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, 25th July, 1818.

Lineage.

PATRICK BLAKE, esq. son of Andrew Blake, esq. who was second son of Patrick Blake, esq. of the Island of Mountserrat, was created a baronet, the 19th of September, 1772, and *m.* Annabella, daughter of Sir William Bunbury, bart. by whom he had issue Patrick, his successor; James, the present baronet; and other children. Sir Patrick was divorced from his lady, by act of parliament, in 1778; he died in July, 1784, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR PATRICK, who dying in 1818, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Langham, Suffolk.

BLAKE, SIR FRANCIS, baronet, of Twisel Castle, Durham; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 22nd May, 1818.

Lineage.

This family, as well as the last described, is a branch of the Blakes of the county of Galway, in Ireland; but it can boast of, as immediately belonging to itself, the celebrated Admiral Blake, who *d.* unmarried in 1657.

FRANCIS BLAKE, esq. an active supporter of the government in the eventful year 1745, was created a baronet 3rd May, 1774; and dying 30th March, 1780, was succeeded by his only son,

SIR FRANCIS, who *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter of Alexander Douglas, esq. by whom he had issue Francis, the present baronet, and several other children.

Town Residence—
Country Seats—Twisel Castle, Durham; and Fowberry Tower, Northumberland.

BLAKISTON, SIR MATHEW, baronet, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 20th September, 1806; *m.* 12th April, 1810, Lucy, eldest daughter of James Mann, esq. of Linton Place, Kent, by whom he has issue a son, born in January, 1811, and a daughter *b.* in June, 1813.

Lineage.

MATTHEW BLAKISTON, a merchant of London, after being chosen alderman, filled the offices of sheriff in 1753, and lord mayor in 1760, was knighted in 1759, and created a baronet, 22nd April, 1763; succeeded by his only son,

SIR MATTHEW, who was *b.* during his father's mayoralty, in the Mansion House; *m.* September, 1782, Anne, daughter of John Rochford, esq. of Clogbreanan, county of Carlow, Ireland, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and five other sons.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Bona Vista, Lymington, Hants.

BLANE, SIR GILBERT, baronet, of Blanefield, Ayrshire, and Culverlands, Berks, M.D., one of the physicians in ordinary of the king, F.R.S., Member of the Royal College of Physicians in London, Fellow of the Royal Societies of London and Edinburgh; *b.* 29th Aug. 1749; *m.* 11th July, 1786, Elizabeth, only daughter of Ab. Gardiner, esq. by whom he has issue Gilbert Gardner, and several other children. Doctor Blane, having arrived at the highest eminence in his profession, was created a baronet, 26th December, 1812.

Motto, in English,
Peace is won by war.

Town Residence—8, Sackville-street.
Country Seats—Blanefield, and Culverlands.

BLANTYRE, BARON, (Robert-Walter Stewart,) of Lanarkshire, a major-general, and K.C.B.; b. 10th June, 1775; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 5th November, 1783; *m.* 26th February, 1813, Frances, second daughter of the Honorable John Rodney, son of the first Lord Rodney, by whom he has issue Charles, *b.* 21st December, 1818, and another son and a daughter. His lordship has been much engaged in active military service.

The barony of Blantyre, being of Scotland, confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present possessor of the title is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

WALTER STEWART, keeper of the privy seal, and gentleman of the bed-chamber to James the Sixth, and lord-treasurer of Scotland, was created Baron Blantyre, 13th July, 1606. His lordship *d.* in ten years afterwards, and was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM, who was also succeeded by his son,

WALTER. This nobleman dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

ALEXANDER, who was succeeded by his son,

ALEXANDER, from whom the title descended to his son,

WALTER, who dying unmarried in 1713, the family honors reverted to his brother,

ROBERT. This nobleman *m.* twice; first, Helen, daughter of the fourth Lord Strathmore, by whom he had no surviving issue; and, secondly, Margaret, daughter of William Hay, esq. of Drumelzier, who presented him with six sons and four daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1743, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WALTER, who dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM, who, also, dying unmarried, the family honors descended to the next brother,

ALEXANDER. This nobleman, *m.* in 1773, Catharine, daughter and heiress of Patrick Lindsay,

esq. of Eaglescairne, by whom he had issue Robert-Walter, the present lord, and several other children.

Motto, in English,

Virtue alone delights me.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Blantyre Castle, Renfrewshire.

BLAYNEY, LORD, (Andrew-Thomas Blayney,) Baron of Monaghan, in Ireland, a lieutenant-general in the army; *b.* 30th Nov. 1770; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his brother, 2nd April, 1784; *m.* in 1796, Mabella, eldest daughter of the first Earl of Caledon, by whom he has issue Cadwallader-Davis, *b.* 21st February, 1803, and two daughters.

His lordship's peerage being of Ireland, he enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament; and he is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

EDWARD BLAYNEY, a native of Wales, said to be descended from Cadwallader, king of Britain, settled in Ireland, during the reign of Elizabeth, in whose military service he had been previously engaged; and was created, by James the First, 29th July, 1621, Baron Blayney, of Monaghan. His lordship *d.* 11th February, 1629, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY, who was slain in battle, 5th June, 1646, and was succeeded by his son,

EDWARD. This nobleman dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

RICHARD, from whom it descended to his son,

HENRY-VINCENT, who transmitted it to his brother,

WILLIAM. This nobleman *d.* in 1705, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CADWALLADER-BLAYNEY, who *m.* Mary, daughter of the Honorable John Tucket, niece of the Duke of Shrewsbury, by whom he had several children. His lordship *m.* a second time, but there was no issue of that marriage: he *d.* 3rd March, 1733, and was succeeded by his son,

CHARLES-TALBOT, a clergyman of the established church, who dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

CADWALLADER; *b.* 2nd of May, 1720; *m.* 20th of December, 1766, Sophia, daughter of Thomas Tipping, esq. of Beaulieu, by whom he had issue Cadwallader-Davis, Andrew-Thomas, and two daughters. His lordship *d.* 21st November, 1775, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CADWALLADER-DAVIS; who dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,

An honorable mind is the most noble possession.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Blayney Castle.

BLENNERHASSETT, SIR ROWLAND, baronet, of Blennerville, county of Kerry; *b.* in 1741; *m.* Mellicent-Agnes, daughter of Richard Yielding, esq. of Belleview, county of Limerick, by whom he has issue Robert, and four other sons, and a daughter. The baronetcy was conferred upon Sir Rowland, the 22nd September, 1809.

Lineage.

The family of Blennerhassett is one of the most respectable amongst the gentry of the county of Kerry, where it has been settled since the reign of Elizabeth. Thomas Blennerhassett, and his son Robert, having received, in that reign, a grant of part of the Earl of Desmond's large possessions in that quarter of Ireland.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Blennerville, county of Kerry.

BLESSINGTON, EARL OF, (Charles-John Gardiner,) county of Wicklow; Viscount and Baron Mountjoy, county of Tyrone; governor of the county of Tyrone; *b.* 19th July, 1782; succeeded to the titles of Mountjoy, upon the demise of his father, 5th June, 1798, and was created Earl of Blessington, 22nd January, 1816. His lordship *m.* 11th July, 1812, Mrs. Brown, relict of Major William Brown, by whom he had issue Luke Wellington, Viscount Mountjoy, *b.* 11th September, 1813. Her ladyship dying 19th September, 1814, the earl *m.* a second time, Mrs. Farmer, widow of M. St. Leger Farmer, esq. His lordship is one of the representative peers of Ireland, but has no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

The ancestor of Lord Blessington, Luke Gardiner, a member of the Irish parliament and privy council, and vice-treasurer of Ireland, *m.* in 1711, Anne, only daughter and sole heiress of the Honorable Alexander Stewart, second son of William, first Lord Mountjoy, and was succeeded in his estates by his son Charles, also of the privy council and parliament of Ireland, who inherited the estates of his maternal great-grandfather, the Earl of Blessington, upon the extinction of the male issue in that family. This gentleman *m.* Florinde, only daughter of Robert Norman, esq. of Lagore, county of Meath, by whom he had several children, the eldest of whom,

LUKE, succeeded to his ample possessions. This gentleman, who was *b.* 7th February, 1745, represented the county of Dublin, in parliament, was a privy councillor in Ireland, and colonel of the Dublin Militia; he married 3rd July, 1773, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir William Montgomery, bart. by whom he had issue Charles-John, the present Lord Blessington, an elder son who died, and six daughters. On the 18th of October, 1789, Mr. Gardiner was created Baron Mountjoy; and, on the 6th November, 1795, advanced to the dignity of Viscount Mountjoy. His lady dying, 7th November, 1783, his lordship *m.* secondly, 20th October, 1793, Margaret, eldest daughter of Hector Wallis, esq., by whom he had one son and a daughter. Lord Mountjoy fell at the head of his regiment, during the unfortunate rebellion in Ireland, in 1798.

Motto, in English,

Never despair.

Town Residence—3, St. James's-square.

Country Seat—Mountjoy Forest Lodge, Tyrone, Ireland.

BLOIS, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Grundisburgh Hall, Suffolk; *m.* 30th of December, 1789, Clara, daughter of Jocelyn Price, esq. of Camblesworth, Yorkshire, by whom he has issue five sons and three daughters; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 17th January, 1810.

Lineage.

This is a family of very great antiquity, and derives its name from the French city of Blois.

Charles Blois, esq. was created a baronet, the 15th of April, 1686; and dying 9th April, 1738, was succeeded by his grandson,

Sir Charles, who dying unmarried, the title reverted to his uncle,

Sir Charles, the third son of the first baronet. This gentleman dying without issue, was succeeded by his half-brother,

Sir Ralph, who died in 1762, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

Sir John. This gentleman *m.* twice: first, Sarah, daughter of George Thornhill, esq. of Deddington, by whom he had Charles, the present bart., and one daughter; he *m.* secondly, Miss Ottley, of the Island of St. Christopher, by whom he left two daughters.

Motto, in English,

I trust in God.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Grundisburgh Hall, and Cockfield Hall, Suffolk.

BLOMEFIELD, SIR THOMAS-WILLIAM, baronet, of Attleborough, Norfolk; *b.* 4th March, 1791; *m.* 11th November, 1819, Salome, daughter of Samuel Kekewich, esq. of Peamore, Devonshire, by whom he has a son, *b.* 27th October, 1824; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, August, 1822.

Lineage.

Thomas Blomefield, esq., who *m.* 27th of July, 1788, Elizabeth, second daughter of chief-justice Wilmot, by whom he had issue the present Thomas, was created a baronet, 14th of November, 1807.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Attleborough, Norfolk; and Shooter's Hill, Kent.

BLOUNT, SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Soddington, Worcestershire, D.C.L.; *b.* in 1793; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in October, 1803.

Lineage.

The first baronet of this very ancient family was

Walter Blount, esq.; who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. Serjeant Wilde, and was created a baronet, 5th October, 1642. This gentleman, with his sons and brothers, were distinguished for their attachment to Charles the First, and suffered in consequence, Sir Walter, himself, being for several years incarcerated at Oxford, and in the Tower. He was succeeded in his title by his eldest son,

Sir George, who *m.* the daughter and heiress of Richard Kirkham, esq., by whom he had eight children. Upon his demise, he was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Walter Kirkham, who dying without issue, 12th May, 1717, the title devolved upon his nephew,

Sir Edward. This gentleman *m.* a daughter of Sir John Throckmorton, bart., by whom he had Edward and Walter, (his successors,) and three daughters. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Edward, who dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Walter, who *m.* in 1766, Mary, eldest daughter of James, Lord Aston, by whom he had issue several children, the eldest of whom,

Sir Walter, upon his demise, 5th of October, 1785, succeeded to the title. This gentleman *m.* 25th November, 1792, Anne, youngest daughter of Thomas Riddell, esq. of Felton Park, Northumberland, by whom he had issue the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

Thy light is my pathway.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Soddington, Worcester; and Mawley Hall, Salop.

BLUNT, SIR CHARLES-RICHARD, baronet, of London; *b.* 6th December, 1775; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 29th March, 1802: *m.* 20th March, 1824, the relict of Richard Achmuty, esq., formerly of Bengal.

Lineage.

John Blunt, esq., who *m.* twice, and had a numerous progeny by his first wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Court; was created a baronet, 17th of June, 1720. He *d.* 24th January, 1732-3, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Henry, who was also succeeded by his son,

Sir Charles-William. This gentleman *m.* 22nd July, 1764, Elizabeth, only daughter of Alderman Peers, of London, and sister and heiress to Sir Richard Peers, bart., by whom he had issue Charles-Richard, the present baronet, and several other children.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Heathfield House, Sussex.

BOEVY, SIR THOMAS-CRAWLEY, baronet, of Flaxley Abbey, Gloucestershire; *b.* 28th November, 1769; *m.* 28th October, 1807, Mary-Albinia, daughter of the late Sir Thomas-Hyde Page; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1818.

Lineage.

The family name was originally Crawley, and the founder of it, in the latter end of the seventeenth century, a merchant of London; the surname of Boevy was assumed by the second son of this gen-

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tleman, upon inheriting the estate of Flaxley Abbey, bequeathed him by William Boevy, esq.

Charles Barrow, esq. who represented Gloucester in several parliaments, was created a baronet, 10th December, 1783, with remainder to Thomas-Crawley Boevy, and was succeeded by the said

Sir Thomas Crawley; who *m.* 20th February, 1769, Anne, second daughter of the Rev. Thomas Savage, by Eleanor, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Barrow, uncle to the deceased Sir Charles; by this lady he had issue the present baronet, and thirteen other children.

Motto, in English,
To be, than to seem.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Flaxley Abbey, and St. Michael's, Gloucestershire.

BOLINGBROKE AND ST. JOHN, VISCOUNT, (Henry St. John,) Baron St. John, of Lydiard Tregoze, Baron St. John, of Battersea, and a baronet; *b.* March, 1786; *m.* 3rd June, 1812, Maria, second daughter of Sir Henry Paulet St. John Mildmay, baronet, by whom he has issue one daughter, *b.* 17th March, 1813. His lordship succeeded to the family honors, upon the demise of his father, in 1824.

Lineage.

John St. John, esq. of Lydiard, was created a baronet in 1611; and his grandson,

Sir Henry, was elevated to the peerage, as baron St. John, of Battersea, and Viscount St. John, on the 2nd July, 1716, with remainder to his third and fourth sons, John and Holles. His eldest son Henry, the celebrated secretary of state to Queen Anne, having been previously created, 7th June, 1712, Baron St. John, of Lydiard Tregose, and Viscount Bolingbroke, Lincolnshire, with remainder to the issue of his father. This nobleman was attainted in 1714, but subsequently restored, in 1725, to his estates without his titles; he *d.* childless in 1751. Viscount St. John was succeeded by his son,

John; who *d.* in Feb. 1749, and was succeeded by his nephew,

Frederick, the son of his brother Holles; who, also, succeeded to the honors of his uncle Henry, who had been attainted as stated above, and became Viscount Bolingbroke, (the limitation in the patent of that creation barring the attainder's affecting the interest of the successor.) His lordship *d.* 5th May, 1787, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George Richard; *b.* 5th March, 1761; *m.* 26th February, 1783, Charlotte, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Collins, by whom he had issue Henry, the present peer. Her ladyship dying in 1803, Lord Bolingbroke, *m.* secondly, Isabella, baroness Hompesch, by whom he had Frederick, and other children.

Motto, in English,
Neither seek, nor despise honors.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Lydiard Park, Wilts.

BOLTON, BARON, (William-Orde Powlett,) of Bolton Castle, Yorkshire; *b.* 31st October, 1782; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 30th July, 1807; *m.* 12th of May, 1810, Maria, eldest daughter of Guy, Lord Dorchester, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

Thomas Orde, esq. *m.* Jane-Mary, the illegitimate daughter of Charles, Duke of Bolton, and assumed, by royal permission, the family name, Powlett, of that noble house, upon its possessions descending to his lady, at the demise of her uncle Henry, the sixth Duke of Bolton, in 1794, without issue, when the dukedom became extinct. By this marriage he had issue William, the present peer, and four other children. Mr. Orde Powlett was created Baron Bolton, of Bolton Castle, on the 20th October, 1797.

Motto, in English,
Love loyalty.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Hackwood House, Hants; and Bolton Hall, Yorkshire.

BOOTHBY, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Broadlow Ash, Derbyshire, C.B.; *b.* 25th of March, 1782; *m.* in 1805, Fanny, niece to Charles Jenkinson, first Earl of Liverpool, by whom he has issue Brooke-William, *b.* in 1809, and other children; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 17th March, 1824.

Lineage.

The baronetcy was conferred upon this ancient family, by letters patent, dated 5th November, 1644, under the sign manual of Charles the First, and was renewed, by passing the seals, after the Restoration, in 1660, to

Sir William, grandson of Henry Boothby, the first baronet. This gentleman *m.* twice; by his first wife, he had one son, who *d.* in his father's lifetime, having a son, Henry; by his second, he had ten children, two of whom only survived him. Sir William was succeeded by his grandson, the above named

Sir Henry, who dying unmarried, the title reverted to his half-uncle,

Sir William. This gentleman *m.* twice, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Sir William, who arrived at the rank of major-general in the army, and obtained the colonelcy of the 6th regiment of foot; dying in 1787, unmarried, the title devolved upon his cousin,

Sir Brooke, grandson of the first Sir William. This gentleman left two sons and a daughter, and was succeeded at his decease, in 1789, by his eldest son,

Sir Brooke, who dying without issue, the title descended to his brother,

Sir William. This gentleman *m.* Rafela, daughter of Senior Miguel Delgardo, of Mahon, by whom he had issue William, the present baronet, and three other children.

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Motto, in English,

The death of Christ, to me, is the death of death.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Ashbourne Hall, Derbyshire, and Croperdy, Oxfordshire.

BOROUGH, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Baseldon Park, Berkshire; *m.* 21st August, 1790, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter of Gerard, Viscount Lake, by whom he has issue Edward-Richard, and three other children. The baronetcy was conferred upon the present baronet, on the 12th November, 1813.

Motto, in English,

Follow me.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Baseldon Park.

BOSTON, BARON, (George Irby,) of Boston, Lincolnshire, and a baronet; *b.* 24th December, 1777; *m.* 24th November, 1801, Rachel-Ives, eldest daughter and co-heiress of William Drake, esq. of Amersham, Bucks, by whom he has issue George-Ives, *b.* 14th September, 1802, and nine other children, of whom four are sons; William Drake, Edward Methuen, Augustus, and Llewellyn. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 25th March, 1825.

Lineage.

Edward Irby, esq., whose ancestors Anthony, and Sir Anthony, were distinguished lawyers, was member of parliament for Boston, in the reign of Queen Anne, and obtained the dignity of a baronet, 13th of April, 1704, in which title, in 1718, he was succeeded by his son,

Sir William, who was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Boston, on the 10th of April, 1761. This nobleman filled several high stations about the court, during the reigns of George the First and Second; and, while a commoner, sat in parliament for Launceston, and Bodmin. He *m.* Albinia, daughter of Henry Selwyn, esq., by whom he had, with several other children, his successor,

Frederick, who succeeded to the title, 30th of March, 1775; *b.* 9th July, 1749. This nobleman was one of the lords of the bed-chamber, an F.A.S., and D.C.L.; *m.* 15th May, 1775, the only daughter of Paul Methuen, esq. of Corsham House, Wiltshire, by whom he had issue George, the present peer, and twelve other children.

Motto, in English,

Honor is the reward of fidelity.

Town Residence—50, Grosvenor-street.

Country Seat—Hedsor Lodge, Maidenhead, Bucks.

BOSWELL, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Auchinleck, Ayrshire; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 26th March, 1822.

Lineage.

The grandfather of the present baronet was James Boswell, esq., the well known friend and biographer of Doctor Johnson, whose father, Alexander, upon being appointed one of the lords of session, in Scotland, assumed the title of Lord Auchinleck.

Alexander, the son of James, was created a baronet, the 16th August, 1821, and unfortunately killed in a duel, occasioned by a political quarrel, 26th March, 1822.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Auchinleck, Ayrshire.

BOUGHEY, SIR THOMAS-FENTON-FLETCHER, baronet, of Audley, Staffordshire; *b.* 22nd January, 1809; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1823.

Lineage.

The Boughey, an old Staffordshire family, became extinct, upon the demise of George Boughey, esq. 15th of February, 1788; who bequeathed his estates to his cousin, John-Fenton-Fletcher, son of

Sir Thomas-Fletcher, of Betley Court, Staffordshire; who was created a baronet, 24th August, 1798, and had previously *m.* the heiress of John Fenton, esq. of Newcastle, by whom he had two daughters, and the above named

Sir John-Fenton-Fletcher, his successor, who, by royal licence, assumed the name of Boughey, upon inheriting his cousin's fortune. This gentleman *m.* 9th February, 1808, Henrietta-Dorothy, eldest daughter of Sir John Chetwode, of Oakley, Staffordshire, by whom he had issue Thomas Fenton-Fletcher, the present baronet, and nine other children.

Motto, in English,

Neither seek, nor contemn, honors.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Audley Court, Staffordshire.

BOUGHTON, SIR WILLIAM-EDWARD-ROUSE, baronet, of Lawford Hall, Warwickshire, and Downton Hall, county of Salop, M.P. for Evesham; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 26th February, 1821; *m.* 24th March, 1824, Charlotte, youngest daughter of Thomas-Andrew Knight, esq. of Downton Castle, Herefordshire.

Lineage.

William Boughton, esq. of Lawford, was created a baronet, 4th August, 1641, and was succeeded in the title by his son,

Sir Edward, who *m.* twice, but having no issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir William. This gentleman *d.* in August, 1683, and transmitted the title to his son,

Sir William, who *m.* twice, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Edward, who was succeeded in February, 1721-2, by his only child,

Sir Edward. This gentleman, by his second wife, Anna-Maria Beauchamp, an heiress, left a daughter, who *m.* John Donellon, esq., and an only son, his successor,

Sir Theodosius-Edward-Allesley. The sudden death of this gentleman, during his minority,

caused an extraordinary sensation at the period it occurred. He was confined to his bed, by severe indisposition, at the family mansion of Lawford Hall, wherein his mother, and Captain and Mrs. Donellon, (his sister and brother-in-law) were at the time residing. Having taken a draught from the hands of Lady Boughton, the unfortunate gentleman almost immediately expired, on the 21st August, 1780. Suspicion of poison subsequently arising, the body, after being deposited in the family vault, was disinterred, when a coroner's inquest returned a verdict of murder against Captain Donellon, who was tried, condemned, and executed for the crime, at the Spring Assizes for the county of Warwick, in 1781. It must be remarked, however, in justice to Mr. Donellon, that the evidence against him was solely circumstantial, and not of the strongest nature, and that he died solemnly protesting his innocence. Upon the death of Sir Theodosius, the title devolved upon his cousin,

Sir Edward, grandson to the fourth baronet, Sir William, being the son of his son, (by his second marriage,) Shuckburgh Boughton. This gentleman dying unmarried in 1794, the title devolved upon his only brother,

Sir Charles-William, F.R.S., who had taken the name and arms of Rouse, upon inheriting an estate in 1768, and had been created a baronet, by the title of Sir Charles-William-Boughton-Rouse, of Rouse Lench, Worcestershire, in 1791. On succeeding to his own family honors, however, he resumed his former surname. He *m.* in 1782, Catharine, only daughter and heiress of William Pearce Hall, esq. of Downton Hall, by whom he had issue William-Edward, the present baronet, and three daughters.

Motto, in English,
All good is the gift of God.

Town Residence—13, Devonshire-place.

Country Seats—Rouse Lench, Worcestershire; Downton Hall, Salop; and Corney House, Chiswick, Middlesex.

BOWYER, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Denham Court, Bucks, and Radley, Berkshire; *b.* in March, 1783; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 6th December, 1799; *m.* 19th November, 1808, Anne-Hammond, daughter of the late gallant Captain Sir Andrew Snape Douglas, R.N. by whom he has issue three sons and a daughter.

Lineage.

The father of the first baronet was Francis Bowyer, an eminent merchant of London, and sheriff in 1577. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William Tillesworth, a fellow merchant, by whom he had, with several other children,

William, who was created a baronet, 25th June, 1660, and represented Berkshire, in parliament; *d.* 2nd Oct. 1679, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William. This gentleman *m.* Frances, daughter of Charles, Viscount Cranbourne, and was succeeded, in February, 1721-2, by his grandson,

Sir William, the son of his eldest son Cecil, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir John Stonehouse, bart., by whom he had five sons, and one daughter, the eldest of whom,

Sir William, succeeded, in 1768, to the title, but dying without issue in 1799, it reverted to his brother,

Sir George. This gentleman inherited the estates of the Stonehouse family, of Radley, and having risen to the rank of rear-admiral, was created a baronet, 16th August, 1794, prior to inheriting his family honors, in reward for the gallantry he displayed in the memorable victory achieved by Lord Howe, on the 1st June, 1794. He *m.* twice: by his first lady he had no issue, but by his second, Henrietta, only daughter of Admiral Sir Piercy Brett, knt., he had George, the present baronet, and five other children.

Motto, in English,
Content surpasses riches.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Denham Court, Bucks; and Radley, Berks.

BOYD, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Danson, Kent; *b.* 5th June, 1786; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 30th of May, 1815.

Lineage.

John Boyd, esq. was created a baronet, 30th May, 1775, and, at his demise, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, who *m.* 26th February, 1784, Margaret, fifth daughter of the Right Honorable Thomas Harley, and grand-daughter of Edward, Earl of Oxford, by whom he had issue John, the present baronet, and three other children.

Motto, in English,
I confide.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Danson, Footscray, Kent.

BOYLE, LORD, (Edmund Boyle,) of Marston, Somersetshire; created 5th of September, 1711.

See Earl of Cork, the Irish title of this nobleman.

BOYNE, VISCOUNT, (Gustavus Hamilton,) Baron Hamilton, of Stackallan, county of Meath; *b.* 12th April, 1777; *m.* 4th August, 1796, Harriet, only daughter of Benjamin Baugh, esq. of Burwarton House, Salop, by whom he has issue Gustavus-Frederick-John-James, *b.* 11th May, 1797. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the decease of his father, 29th February, 1816.

Lord Boyne being an Irish nobleman only, has no hereditary seat in parliament. His lordship is not one of the representative peers of Ireland.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the Abercorn family; Lord

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Claude Hamilton, created Baron Paisley, in 1535, being the common ancestor of both. The grandson of that nobleman,

GUSTAVUS HAMILTON, having abandoned the cause of James the Second, and distinguished himself as a military officer, in the service of William, particularly at the battle of the Boyne, the siege of Londonderry, and throughout the whole campaign in Ireland, was created, 20th October, 1715, Baron Hamilton, of Stackallan; and on the 20th August, 1717, Viscount Boyne. His lordship *d.* 16th Sept. 1723, and was succeeded by his grandson,

GUSTAVUS, whose father, the eldest son of the first viscount, died previously to that nobleman. This peer dying unmarried, the family honors devolved upon his deceased uncle Gustavus's son,

FREDERICK, who dying without issue, the titles reverted to his brother,

RICHARD, *b.* 24th March, 1724; *m.* Georgiana, second daughter of William Bury, esq. by whom he had several children. His lordship *d.* 30th July, 1789, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GUSTAVUS, *b.* 20th December, 1749; *m.* Martha-Matilda, only daughter of Sir Quaile Somerville, bart., by whom he had issue Gustavus, the present peer, and another son and two daughters.

Motto, in English,

Neither do I fear, nor despise.

Town Residence—15, Portland-place.

Country Seats—Burwarton Hall, near Ludlow, Salop; and Stackallan, Ireland.

BOYNTON, SIR FRANCIS, baronet, of Barmston, Yorkshire; *b.* 28th March, 1777; succeeded to the title upon the decease of his brother, 10th of July, 1801; *m.* in 1815, Miss Bucktrout.

Lineage.

This is a family of very great antiquity, and had the honor of a baronetcy soon after that dignity was instituted.

MATTHEW BOYNTON, esq. having been knighted by James the First, on the 6th May, 1618, and created a baronet upon the 25th of the same month; he was succeeded in his title and fortune by his eldest son,

SIR FRANCIS, who *d.* 9th September, 1665, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR GRIFFITH, who dying without issue, the family honors devolved upon his uncle Henry's son,

SIR FRANCIS. This gentleman was member of parliament for Heydon, and recorder of Beverley. He *d.* 16th September, 1739, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR GRIFFITH, who *d.* 22nd October, 1761, and was succeeded by his only child,

SIR GRIFFITH This gentleman *m.* 9th May, 1762, Charlotte, eldest daughter of Francis Topham, D.C.L., who dying without issue, the baronet *m.* secondly, Mary, eldest daughter of James Hablethwayte, esq. by whom he had three sons, Griffith, Francis, and Henry; he *d.* 6th January, 1778, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GRIFFITH, who *d.* without issue; when the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

Time passes.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Barton-Agnes, Yorkshire, East Riding.

BRADFORD, EARL OF, (Orlando Bridgeman,) Viscount Newport, county of Salop, Baron Bradford, of Bradford, in the same county, and a baronet; *b.* 19th March, 1762; *m.* 29th May, 1788, Lucy-Elizabeth, daughter of George, Viscount Torrington, by whom he has issue George-Augustus-Frederick-Henry, Viscount Newport, *b.* 23rd October, 1789, and four other children. His lordship succeeded to the barony of Bradford upon the demise of his father, 5th July, 1800, and was created, 30th November, 1815, Viscount Newport and Earl of Bradford.

Lineage.

ORLANDO BRIDGEMAN, a lawyer of eminence, having filled successively the high stations of lord chief baron of the exchequer, lord chief justice of the common pleas, and lord keeper of the great seal, was created a baronet, 7th June, 1660. The great-grandson of this distinguished and learned personage,

SIR ORLANDO BRIDGEMAN, *m.* 8th April, 1719, Anne, third daughter and co-heiress of Richard Newport, Earl of Bradford, by whom he had two sons and a daughter; the eldest of whom,

SIR HENRY, upon his demise, 25th July, 1764, succeeded to the baronetcy. This gentleman had previously *m.* 12th July, 1755, Elisabeth, daughter and heiress of John Simpson, esq., by whom he had issue Orlando, his successor (the present peer,) and seven other children. Sir Henry was created Baron Bradford, on the 13th August, 1794.

Motto, in English,

Neither rashly, nor timorously.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Weston Park, Staffordshire.

BRANDON, DUKE OF, (Alexander Hamilton.)

See, Hamilton and Brandon, Duke of.

BRAYBROOKE, LORD, (Richard-Neville Griffin,) Baron of Braybrooke, Northamptonshire; *b.* 26th September, 1783; *m.* 13th May, 1819, Jane, eldest daughter of Charles, Marquess Cornwallis, by whom he has issue Richard-Cornwallis, *b.* 17th March, 1820, and three other children. His lordship succeeded to the family honors, upon the death of his father, 1st March, 1825.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Abergavenny, through Anne Rainsford, grand-daughter of Richard Neville, esq. of Billingbear, who *m.* James, Lord Griffin, by whom she had issue two daughters; the eldest of whom *m.* William Whitwell, esq. of Arundel, Northamptonshire, and had a son,

JOHN-GRIFFIN WHITWELL, who, in 1749, assumed the surname of Griffin, and having preferred a claim to, was, in 1784, allowed the barony of Howard, of Walden. On the 5th September, 1788, his lordship was created Baron Braybrooke, with remainder to Richard-Aldworth Neville, esq. great-grand-nephew to his grand-mother, Anne Rainsford, Lady Griffin, already mentioned. His lordship dying without issue, the barony of Howard, of Walden, devolved upon his sister, Mary, wife of the Reverend Doctor Parker, and that of Braybrooke upon

RICHARD-ALDWORTH NEVILLE, who, in 1798, took the arms and name of Griffin, in obedience to the testamentary injunction of his predecessor. His lordship *m.* 9th June, 1780, Catharine, youngest daughter of the late Right Honorable George Grenville, by whom he had issue Richard, the present peer, and several other children.

Motto, in English,
Form no mean desire.

Town Residence—10, Burlington-street.

Country Seats—Audley End, Essex; and Billingbear, Berks.

BREADALBANE, EARL OF, (John Campbell,) Viscount Campbell, of Tay and Paintland; Viscount Glenorchy and Taymouth; Baron Benedoraloch, Ormerlie, and Weik; a baronet, and counsellor of state to the king in Scotland; a peer of the United Kingdom, as Baron Breadalbane, of Taymouth Castle; an officer of rank in the army, and F.R.S.; *b.* in 1762; succeeded to the Scottish honors upon the demise of his cousin, the late earl, 26th January, 1782; created a peer of the empire, as Baron Breadalbane, of Taymouth Castle, Perthshire, 13th November, 1806. His lordship *m.* 2nd September, 1793, Mary-Turner, daughter of David Gavin, esq. of Langton, by whom he has issue John, Lord Glenorchy, *b.* 26th October, 1796, and two daughters, the youngest of whom is married to the Marquess of Chandos, eldest son of his grace the Duke of Buckingham.

Lineage.

The first peer of this noble family was

SIR JOHN CAMPBELL, born in 1635; created by patent, dated 13th August, 1681, to take precedency from 22nd June, 1677, Earl of Breadalbane and Holland, Viscount of Tay and Paintland, Lord Glenorchy, Benedoraloch, Ormerlie, and Weik, with remainder to which ever of his sons, by Lady Mary Rich, to whom he was married, he might think proper, under his hand, to nominate; and in default of issue, to his nearest legitimate heirs whatsoever. His lordship having passed over his eldest son, was succeeded, upon his demise in March, 1716, by his second son,

JOHN, *b.* 19th November, 1662. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Frances, daughter of Henry, second Duke of Newcastle, by whom he had no issue; and secondly, 23rd May, 1695, Henrietta, second daughter of Sir Edward Villiers, knt.; by whom he had issue two daughters, and his successor,

JOHN, who came to the title on 23rd February, 1752. This nobleman dying without leaving male issue, his sons having all died before him, the male line of the first earl became extinct; but the clause in the patent, in favor of heirs male, transferred the peerage to the present possessor, who is great-grandson of the first earl's uncle, Colin Campbell, of Mochaster.

Motto, in English,
Follow me.

Town Residence—21, Park-lane.

Country Seats—Kelchburn Castle, Argyllshire; Taymouth, Perthshire; and Halsdon Green, Middlesex.

BRENTON, SIR JAHLEEL, baronet, K.C.B. and K.F., a post captain in the navy, and naval commissioner at the Cape of Good Hope; *b.* 22nd August, 1770; *m.* 10th April, 1812, Isabella, daughter of Anthony Stewart, by whom he has issue Charles-Launcelot, *b.* February 16, 1807, and a daughter. Her ladyship dying, Sir Jahleel *m.* secondly, 9th October, 1822, Harriet, youngest daughter of James Brenton, esq. of Halifax, Nova Scotia. The baronetcy was conferred upon the present possessor, as a reward for his gallant professional achievements on the 24th December, 1812.

Motto, in English,
Go through.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

BRIDGES, SIR BROOK-WILLIAM, baronet, of Goodneston, Kent, an officer in the navy; *b.* 22nd June, 1767; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1791; *m.* 14th August, 1800, Eleanor, eldest daughter of the late John Foote, esq. of London, by whom he had issue Brook-William, *b.* 21st June, 1800, and three other children. Her ladyship dying 29th January, 1806, Sir Brook *m.* secondly, Dorothea-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Henry Hawley, of Leybourne Grange, Kent, bart. and became again a widower on the 17th May, 1816.

Lineage.

BROOK BRIDGES, esq. one of the auditors of the imprest, was created a baronet 19th April, 1718; he had married, eleven years before, Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Marsham, bart. (subsequently Lord Romney,) by whom he had issue his successor,

SIR BROOK, who came to the title, 16th March, 1727-8. This gentleman *m.* Anne, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Sir Thomas Palmer, bart.; he *d.* 23rd May, 1733; after which event, his only child and successor,

SIR BROOK, was born. This gentleman *m.* in 1765, Fanny, daughter of Edmund Fowler, esq. of Graces, Essex, by whom he had issue Brook, who *d.* in July, 1781; William, the present baronet, who, by licence from the Archbishop of Canterbury, took

the christian name of Brook; and eleven other children.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Goodneston, Kent.

BRIDGEWATER, EARL OF, (Francis-Henry Egerton,) Viscount Brackley, Baron of Ellesmere, a clergyman of the established church, and prebendary of Durham; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his brother, 21st October, 1823.

Lineage.

THOMAS EGERTON, the illegitimate son of Sir Ralph Egerton, of Ridley, being brought up to the bar, arrived at the highest honors of his profession, and filled, during the reign of Elizabeth, successively, the important offices of solicitor and attorney-general, master of the rolls, and lord keeper of the great seal. Upon the accession of James the First, he was appointed lord chancellor, and elevated to the peerage, (the 21st July, 1603,) as baron of Ellesmere, and further advanced, 7th November, 1617, to the dignity of Viscount Brackley. His lordship *m.* thrice, but had issue by the first marriage only. He was succeeded by his son,

JOHN, who was created, 17th May, 1617, Earl of Bridgewater. This nobleman *d.* in 1649, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN, who left a numerous progeny, and was succeeded, in October, 1686, by his son,

JOHN. This nobleman *m.* twice, and left, by his second countess, Jane, daughter of Charles, Duke of Bolton, two sons, Scroope and Henry, and other children. His lordship *d.* 19th March, 1701, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SCROOPE, *b.* 11th August, 1681; created Marquess of Brackley and Duke of Bridgewater, 18th June, 1720. His grace *m.* twice: first, Elizabeth, third daughter and co-heiress of the second Duke of Marlborough, by whom he had two sons, who *d.* young, and one daughter, who *m.* the third Duke of Bedford, and, subsequently, the Earl of Jersey. The Duke of Bridgewater *m.* secondly, Rachel, sister to his son-in-law, the Duke of Bedford, by whom he had several children; amongst whom were his two immediate successors, and Louisa, who *m.* the first Marquess of Stafford. This nobleman distinguished himself by his enterprising speculations in the celebrated canal which bears his name, and which has realised an immense revenue for his successors. His grace *d.* 11th January, 1745, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN, who dying unmarried, 8th March, 1748, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

FRANCIS, with whom the dukedom became extinct, his grace dying unmarried, 3rd March, 1803; the earldom and minor titles reverted, however, to his cousin,

JOHN-WILLIAM EGERTON, son to the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Durham, grandson to the Lord Bishop of Hereford, and grand-nephew to the first and celebrated Duke of Bridgewater, (his lordship's mother was Anna-Sophia, daughter of Henry Grey, Duke of Kent.) This nobleman *m.* 14th January, 1783, Charlotte, only daughter and heiress of Samuel Haynes, esq.; but dying without issue, the family honors devolved upon his brother, the present earl, the second son of the Bishop of Durham.

Motto, in English,

Thus until.

Town Residence—Grosvenor-square.

Country Seats—Ashridge Park, Bucks; Park House, Yorkshire; and Birch Hall, Salop.

BRIDPORT, BARON, (Samuel Hood,) of Cricket St. Thomas; *b.* 7th December, 1788; *m.* 3rd July, 1810, Charlotte-Mary, only daughter of the Right Honorable and Reverend William, Earl Nelson, by whom he has issue Alexander-Nelson, *b.* 23rd December, 1814, and five daughters. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his grand-uncle, Alexander, Baron Bridport, of Ireland, (3rd May, 1814,) who was also Viscount and Baron Bridport, in England, but which honors, at his decease, became extinct.

The barony of Bridport being of Ireland, confers no hereditary seat in the legislature, and the present baron is not a representative peer.

Lineage.

(For the immediate descent of the present Baron Bridport, see Viscount Hood, whose second son his lordship is.)

ALEXANDER HOOD, a very distinguished naval commander, having served as rear-admiral, under Lord Howe, at the relief of Gibraltar, in 1782, was invested with the military Order of the Bath; and having, by his gallantry, as second in command, contributed to the ever-memorable victory of the 1st June, 1794, was created Baron Bridport, of Cricket St. Thomas, in Ireland, on the 12th of August following. In 1795, his lordship gained a splendid victory over the French fleet, and was, in consequence, elevated to the peerage of Great Britain, 13th June, 1796, as Baron Bridport, of Cricket St. Thomas, Somersetshire. On the 10th of June, 1801, his lordship was further advanced to the dignity of Viscount Bridport, being then vice-admiral of Great Britain, and general of marines. The viscount *m.* twice, but dying without issue, the Irish barony devolved, according to the limitation of the patent, upon his great-nephew, the present peer.

Motto, in English,

With prosperous winds.

Town Residence—12, Wimpole-street.

Country Seat—Redlinch, Wilts.

BRISCO, SIR WASTELL, baronet, of Crofton Hall, Cumberland; *b.* in 1778; *m.* 18th November, 1806, Miss Lester, by whom he has a son, *b.* 17th September, 1808; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 27th December, 1806.

Lineage.

JOHN BRISCO, esq. of Crofton Hall, eldest son of the Rev. Doctor Brisco, was created a baronet on the 4th June, 1782. He had previously *m.* Caroline, daughter of Gilbert-Fane Fleming, esq., by whom he had issue the present baronet, and seven other children.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Crofton Hall, Cumberland.

BRISTOL, EARL OF, (Frederick-William Hervey,) Baron Hervey, of Ickworth, Suffolk; F.R.S. and A.S.; *b.* in June, 1769; *m.* 20th February, 1798, Elizabeth-Albina, daughter of the late Lord Templetown, by whom he has issue Frederick-William, Lord Hervey, with four other sons, and six daughters. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 8th July, 1803.

Lineage.

JOHN HERVEY, esq. was created Baron Hervey, of Ickworth, 23rd March, 1703; and Earl of Bristol, 19th October, 1714. His lordship *m.* twice: by his first lady, who died in giving birth to her third daughter, he had three children, all of whom died young; by his second, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Felton, bart. of Playford, Suffolk, and Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of James, third Earl of Suffolk, he had issue John, Lord Hervey, (who was called up to the house of peers as Baron Hervey, during the life-time of his father, and died previously to that nobleman, leaving several children, the three eldest of whom became, in succession, Earls of Bristol,) and fourteen other children. His lordship *d.* 20th January, 1751, and was succeeded by his grandson, the eldest son of Lord Hervey,

GEORGE-WILLIAM, who, in right of his grandmother, upon the demise of Henry, tenth Earl of Suffolk, became joint heir to that nobleman's estates, and successor to the barony of Howard de Walden; but dying unmarried, 20 March, 1775, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

AUGUSTUS-JOHN, second son of Lord Hervey. This nobleman was a naval officer, and obtained the rank of vice-admiral. He *m.* privately, 4th August, 1744, the celebrated Miss Chudleigh, who, in twenty-five years afterwards, 8th March, 1769, publicly espoused Evelyn Pierrepont, Duke of Kingston; for which offence her ladyship was impeached before the house of peers. The earl died 25rd December, 1779, without issue, and was succeeded by his brother,

FREDERICK-AUGUSTUS, third son of Lord Hervey; a clergyman, and Lord Bishop of Derry. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Jermyn Danvers, bart. by whom he had issue JOHN-AUGUSTUS, who *d.* in the life-time of his father, leaving a daughter, whose son inherited the barony of Howard de Walden; Frederick-William, the present peer; and three daughters.

Motto, in English,

I shall never forget.

Town Residence—6, St. James's-square.

Country Seat—Ickworth Park, Suffolk.

BRODRICK BARON, (George Brodrick,) of Pepper Harrow, Surrey. See Viscount Middleton.

BROGRAVE, SIR GEORGE-BERNEY, baronet, of Worsted, Norfolk; *b.* 4th February, 1772; *m.* 7th May, 1800, (in which year he succeeded to the title, upon the demise of his father,) Emma-Louisa, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Edward Whitwell, esq.; which marriage was dissolved, by act of parliament, on the 28th April, 1809.

Lineage.

BERNEY BROGRAVE, esq. of Worsted House, was created a baronet the 21st of June, 1791. This gentleman *m.* twice: first, Jane, daughter of Edward Hawker, esq. by whom he had two daughters; and, secondly, Jane, daughter of Matthew Hallcott, esq. by whom he had the present baronet, and four other sons, and two daughters.

Motto, in English,

The end is to come.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Worsted House, Norfolk.

BROKE, SIR PHILIP-BOWES-VERE, baronet, K.C.B.; a distinguished naval officer, created a baronet, 2nd November, 1813, in consideration of the gallant victory which he achieved on the 1st of June previously, as captain of the Shannon, vessel of war, over the United States' frigate, of superior force, the Chesapeake; *m.* Sarah-Louisa, daughter of Sir William Middleton, bart. by whom he has issue Philip, and a daughter.

Motto, in English,

Let us preserve the mighty trident.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

BROMHEAD, SIR EDWARD-FRENCH, baronet, of Thurlby Hall, Lincolnshire, M.A. and F.R.S.; born 26th March, 1789; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 11th May, 1822.

Lineage.

GONVILLE BROMHEAD, an officer in the army, who obtained the high rank of lieutenant-general, was created a baronet, 19th February, 1806; he had *m.* Jane, youngest daughter of Sir Charles French, bart. of Castle French, by Rose, Baroness French, a peeress in her own right, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and two other sons, and a daughter.

Motto, in English,

We prosper by harmony.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Thurlby Hall, near Lincoln.

BROMLEY, SIR ROBERT-HOWE, baronet, of East Stoke, Nottinghamshire, a naval

officer; *b.* 28th November, 1778; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 17th August, 1808; *m.* 8th June, 1812, Miss —— Wilson, youngest daughter of Daniel Wilson, esq. of Dalham Tower, Westmoreland, by whom he has issue a son and heir, born in December, 1815, and two daughters.

Lineage.

George Smith, esq. grandson of Thomas Smith, of Nottingham, who *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of Major William Howe, and grand-daughter to Prince Rupert, (Major Howe's mother being illegitimate daughter to that distinguished personage,) was created a baronet, 31st October, 1757. He had two sons and two daughters; and at his demise was succeeded by his son,

Sir George; *b.* 18th August, 1758; *m.* 8th January, 1778, Esther, eldest daughter of Ashton, first Viscount Curzon, by whom he had issue the present baronet. Sir George assumed, by royal proclamation, on the 7th February, 1778, the name of Bromley.

Motto, in English,

Think much.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Carswallis, Gloucestershire; and Stokehall, Nottingham.

BROOKE, EARL, (Henry-Richard Greville,) and Earl of Warwick, Baron Brooke, of Beauchamp Court, in Warwickshire, lord-lieutenant, and custos-rotulorum, of the county of Warwick; *b.* in 1779; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 2nd May, 1816; *m.* on the 21st of October following, Sarah, relict of John-George, fifth Lord Monson, and only daughter of the Earl of Mexborough, by whom he has issue Lord Brooke, *b.* 28th March, 1818.

Lineage.

Sir Fulke Greville, K.B. (a direct descendant of Sir Fulke Greville's, and Elizabeth, his wife, sole heiress of the Willoughbys, of Brooke, and maternally descended from the ancient Earls of Warwick,) was created Baron Brooke, of Beauchamp's Court, 19th January, 1621, with reversion to his cousin, Robert Greville. His lordship *d.* 20th September, 1628, having previously obtained a grant of the ruinous castles of Warwick, from James the First; and was succeeded by the above-mentioned

Robert, who was slain at the head of the parliamentary troops, as a general officer, at Litchfield, in 1642, and was succeeded by his son,

Francis; at whose decease the title devolved upon his brother,

Robert, and, after him, upon another brother,

Fulke, who died 22nd October, 1710, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Fulke. This nobleman enjoyed the title but four months; and dying unmarried, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

William, who *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Henry Thynne, esq. by whom he had issue an only son,

Francis, who succeeded to the title upon the 28th July, 1727; and was advanced to the dignity of Earl Brooke, 7th July, 1747; and Earl of Warwick, 13th November, 1759. His lordship *m.* 16th May, 1742, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Lord Archibald Hamilton, by whom he had issue three sons and four daughters. The earl *d.* on the 6th July, 1773, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George. This nobleman *m.* twice: by his first marriage he left no surviving issue; but by his second, with Henrietta, daughter of Richard Vernon, esq. he had Henry-Richard, the present peer, and eight other children.

Motto, in English,

I can scarcely call these things ours.

Town Residence—2, Seymour-place, Park-lane.

Country Seat—Warwick Castle, Warwickshire.

BROOKE-DE-CAPELL-BROOKE, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Great Oakley, Northamptonshire, F.R.S.; *m.* 18th August, 1788, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Major-General Worge, by whom he has issue Arthur, an officer in the horse-guards, *b.* 22nd October, 1791, and five other children. The baronetcy was conferred upon Sir Richard, the 20th June, 1803.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Great Oakley, Northamptonshire; and Ahadoe, county of Cork.

BROOKE, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Norton Priory, Chester; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1796; *m.* his first-cousin, Harriet, second daughter of Sir Foster Cunliffe, bart. by whom he has issue a son and heir, *b.* 13th December, 1814, and two younger sons and a daughter.

Lineage.

Henry Brooke, esq. was created a baronet on the 12th December, 1662; he died in two years afterwards, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Richard. This gentleman had five sons, and was succeeded at his demise, in February, 1709-10, by the eldest,

Sir Thomas, who *m.* Grace, daughter of Roger Wilbraham, esq. by whom he had six sons and three daughters. He was succeeded by his grandson,

Sir Richard. This gentleman died in 1781, and his eldest son,

Sir Richard, succeeded to the title. He *m.* Mary, second daughter of Sir Robert Cunliffe, bart. by whom he had the present baronet, two more sons, and three daughters.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Norton Priory, Chester.

BROOKE, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Cole-Brooke, county of Fermanagh; *m.* Harriet, daughter of Brinsley, Viscount Lanesborough, by whom he has issue Arthur, a naval officer, and four other sons and two daughters. He had

an elder son, Francis, who fell at Waterloo. Sir Henry was created a baronet on the 7th January, 1822.

Town Residence—

*Country Seat—*Cole-Brooke, county of Fermanagh.

BROUGHTON, SIR JOHN-DELVES, baronet, of Broughton, Staffordshire, a general officer; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 23rd July, 1813; *m.* Mary, sister of Sir John Egerton, bart. of Oulton Park, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

Bryan Broughton, esq. eldest son of Thomas Broughton, esq. by Frances, sister of Sir Harvey Bagot, of Staffordshire, was knighted, and subsequently created a baronet; the 10th March, 1660, he *m.* Bridget, daughter of Sir Thomas Lucy, bart. by whom he had six sons, and dying the 13th July, 1708, was succeeded by the eldest,

Sir Thomas, who was, also, succeeded (in 1710) by his eldest son,

Sir Bryan, who *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir Thomas Delves, bart. of Doddington, by whom he had two daughters, and his successor,

Sir Bryan-Broughton Delves. This gentleman *m.* in May, 1738, Miss Forrester, daughter of William Forrester, esq. M.P. by whom he had two sons. He assumed the surname of Delves, in obedience to the testamentary injunction of his grandfather, Sir Thomas Delves, upon inheriting that gentleman's estate in Cheshire. Dying 11th August, 1744, he was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Bryan-Broughton Delves, who dying without issue, 16th January, 1766, the title devolved upon his brother,

The Rev. Sir Thomas, who *m.* thrice; but had issue only by his first marriage, with Mary, daughter of John Wicker, of Hasham, esq. John Delves, the present baronet, is his second son, besides whom there were seven sons and five daughters.

Town Residence—

*Country Seats—*Broughton, Staffordshire; and Aystrop, Lincoln.

BROWN, SIR WILLIAM-AUGUSTUS, baronet, of Westminster; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 20th April, 1784; and has been for many years labouring under the melancholy malady—insanity.

Lineage.

The baronetcy, with remainder to own, or his brother's male issue, was conferred the 11th March, 1731-2, upon

Robert Brown, esq. a merchant, at Venice, who had been his majesty's resident abroad. Sir Robert dying without male issue, the title devolved upon his nephew,

Sir James, who left an only son, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

I rejoice.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

BROWNLOW, EARL, (John Cust,) Viscount Alford, and Baron Brownlow, of Belton, Lincolnshire, and a baronet, lord-lieutenant, custos rotulorum, and vice-admiral of the county of Lincoln, recorder of Boston, F.R. and A.S.; *b.* 19th August, 1779; succeeded to the barony of Brownlow, upon the demise of his father, 25th December, 1807; *m.* 24th July, 1810, Sophia, second daughter of Sir Abraham Hume, by whom he had issue John Hume, (now Viscount Alford,) *b.* 16th October, 1812, and two other children. Her ladyship *d.* 21st February, 1814. His lordship was advanced to the dignities of viscount and earl, the 27th November, 1815, by the titles of Viscount Alford, and Earl Brownlow. He *m.* secondly, 22nd September, 1818, Caroline, second daughter of George Fludyer, esq., by whom he has three daughters.

Lineage.

The baronetcy was conferred, on the 29th Sept. 1677, upon

Richard Cust, esq. of Pinchbeck, Lincolnshire, who *d.* in 1700, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Sir Richard, who *m.* Anne, sister and sole heiress of John Brownlow, Viscount Tyrconnel, of the kingdom of Ireland, by which alliance he obtained the mansion and estate of Bolton, in Lincolnshire: by this lady he had a numerous family, and was succeeded at his decease, 25th July, 1734, by his eldest son,

Sir John, who, upon the demise of his uncle, John, Viscount Tyrconnel, without male issue, in 1746, inherited the estates of that nobleman, the title becoming extinct. This gentleman being a member of the house of commons, was elected to the speaker's chair, in 1761, and 1768; he *m.* 8th Dec. 1743, Etheldred, daughter of Thomas Payne, esq. of Lincolnshire, by whom he had issue, with several other children, his successor,

Sir Brownlow. This gentleman, in consideration of the public and honorable services of his father, (who died 24th January, 1770,) was elevated to the peerage, on the 20th May, 1776, as Baron Brownlow, of Belton. His lordship *m.* twice: by the first marriage, he had but one daughter, who died in childhood; by the second, which took place 31st August, 1775, with Frances, only daughter and heiress of Sir Henry Banks, knt., of Wimbledon, Surrey, he had the present peer, and eleven other children.

Motto, in English,

His works are mine.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

BROWNRIGG, SIR ROBERT, baronet, G.C.B., a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 9th regiment of foot; *m.* 7th April,

1789, Elizabeth, fifth daughter of William Lewis, esq. of Cornwall, in the Island of Jamaica, by whom he has issue Robert-James, *b.* 23rd Dec. 1790, an officer of rank in the army, and several other children. His lady having died on the 12th April, 1804, General Brownrigg *m.* secondly, 27th June, 1810, Sophia, daughter of the Rev. Doctor Bissett, of the Isle of Wight. The baronetcy was conferred upon the general, on the 9th of March, 1816.

Motto, in English,
Virtue strengthens with wounds.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

BRUCE, SIR JAMES-ROBERTSON, baronet, of Down Hill, county of Londonderry; *b.* 4th September, 1788; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, the late Sir Frederick Hervey.

Lineage.

The title was conferred the 19th June, 1804, upon the Rev.

HENRY-HERVEY-ASTON BRUCE, (great grandson of the first Earl of Bristol,) who *m.* 10th November, 1786, Letitia, daughter of the Rev. Doctor Henry Barnard, of Bovah, county of Londonderry, by whom he had seven other children, beside

SIR FREDERICK HERVEY, who *m.* Ellen, youngest daughter of R. Bamford-Hesketh, esq., but dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Down-Hill, Coleraine.

BRUCE, SIR STEWART, baronet, of Dublin, uncle to the baronet last described, being younger brother of the late Rev. Sir Henry Hervey-Aston-Bruce. Sir Stewart is gentleman-usher, at the Castle of Dublin, and registrar of the illustrious order of St. Patrick. He was created a baronet the 24th December, 1812.

Town Residence—Dublin Castle.

BRYDGES, SIR SAMUEL-EGERTON, baronet, of Denton Court, Kent, a barrister at law; *b.* 30th November, 1762; *m.* in January, 1786, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of the Rev. William-Dejovas Byrche, by whom he has James-Thomas-Barrett Brydges, *b.* in June, 1789, an officer of the foot-guards, another son, and two daughters. His lady having died in July, 1796, Mr. Brydges *m.* secondly, Mary, daughter of the Rev. William Robinson, by whom he has several children. Mr. Brydges sat in parliament for Maidstone, in 1812, and was created a baronet, the 27th May, 1815. He was elected at a Chapter, held in Franconia, in 1807, a Knight Grand Commander of the Equestrian Secular and Chapteral Order of St. Joachim.

Motto, in English,
Support the right.

Country Seats—Denton Court, and Lee Priory, Kent.

BUCCLEUCH AND QUEENSBURY, DUKE OF, (Walter-Francis-Scott Douglas,) Marquess of Dumfrieshire, Earl of Drumlanrig, Buccleuch, Sanquhar, and Dalkeith, Viscount Nith, Thortholwold, and Ross; Baron Douglas, of Kinmount, Meddebie, Dornock, Scott of Whitechurch and Eskdale, in Scotland; Earl of Doncaster, Yorkshire, and Baron Tyndale, Northumberland, in England; *b.* 25th of November, 1806; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 20th April, 1819.

Lineage.

SIR WALTER SCOTT, a descendant of Richard le Scot, of Lanarkshire, was created Lord Scott, of Buccleuch, on the 16th March, 1605, and his son,

WALTER, on the 16th March, 1606, was elevated to the dignity of Earl of Buccleuch. This nobleman died in 1633, and leaving no male issue, his eldest daughter,

MARY, became Countess of Buccleuch. Her ladyship *m.* Walter Scott, of Harden, but dying childless, the family honors devolved upon her sister,

ANNE, who married the unfortunate Duke of Monmouth, illegitimate son of Charles the Second. In 1673, their graces were created Duke and Duchess of Buccleuch, Earl and Countess of Dalkeith, and Baron and Baroness Whitechurch and Eskdale, with remainder to their heirs male. The English honors of the Duke of Monmouth, (Earl of Doncaster, and Baron Tyndale,) as well as his Scottish dukedom of Buccleuch, were forfeited upon the execution of that unhappy nobleman for high treason. The peerages enjoyed by the Duchess, however, in her own right, (Duchess of Buccleuch by creation, and Countess of Buccleuch by inheritance,) were not affected by the attainder. The offspring of this union were James, Earl of Dalkeith, and Henry, created Earl of Deloraine, Viscount Hermitage, and Baron Scott, in 1706, which titles became extinct, with the fourth earl, in 1807. The duchess *m.* secondly, Charles, third Lord Cornwallis, and at her demise, 6th February, 1732, was succeeded by her grandson,

FRANCIS, son of Lord Dalkeith. His lordship obtained a restoration of the earldom of Doncaster, and barony of Scott, of Tyndale, by act of parliament, in 1743; he *m.* 5th April, 1720, Jane, eldest daughter of James, second Duke of Queensbury, by whom he had issue a son, and three daughters who died unmarried, with Francis, Earl of Dalkeith, who died in the life-time of his father, but left a son, Henry, and a posthumous daughter by his countess, Caroline, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John Duke of Argyll. The Duke of Buccleuch *m.* a second time, Miss Powell; by whom, however, he had no issue. His grace *d.* 22nd April, 1751, and was succeeded by his grandson,

HENRY, *b.* 2nd September, 1746, who was installed Knight of the illustrious order of the Garter.

His grace *m.* 20th March, 1767, Elizabeth, daughter of George, Duke of Montague, by whom he had issue Charles-William-Henry, and six other children. The fifth son, Henry-James-Montague, succeeded to the barony of Montague, upon the demise of his grandfather, the Duke of Montague. His Grace, the Duke of Buccleuch, at the decease of William, fourth Duke of Queensbury, without issue, on the 23rd December, 1810, succeeded to that dukedom, to the marquesate of Dumfrieshire, the earldom of Drumlanrig and Sanquhar, the viscounty of Nith, Thortholwold and Ross, the lordship of Douglas, of Kelmont, Middlebel and Dornock, with the barony of Drumlanrig, and considerable estates in the county of Dumfries, agreeable to the limitation of the patent creating those honors in 1706, and in virtue of an entail, executed by the second Duke of Queensbury; his grace, in consequence, assumed the titles. He *d.* the 11th January, 1812, and was succeeded by his son,

CHARLES-WILLIAM-HENRY, a Knight of the Thistle, who had been summoned to parliament, in 1807, during the lifetime of his father, as Baron Tyndale. His grace was *b.* 24th May, 1774; and *m.* 24th of March, 1795, Harriet-Catherine, youngest daughter of Thomas, Viscount Sidney, by whom he had issue George-Henry, who *d.* in 1808; six daughters; Walter-Francis, the present duke, and a younger son.

Motto, in English,
I love.

Town Residence—Privy Gardens.
Country Seat—

BUCHAN, EARL OF, (David-Stewart Erskine,) Lord Auchterhouse, and Lord Cardross, Stirlingshire; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 1st December, 1767; *m.* 15th October, 1771, Margaret, daughter of William Fraser, esq. of Fraserfield, by whom he has no issue.

The honors of the house of Buchan being solely Scottish, it possesses no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This very ancient earldom came into the family of Erskine, with Mary Douglas, Countess of Buchan, who married

JAMES ERSKINE, third son of John, Earl of Marr; upon which occasion, that gentleman obtained a charter, dated 25th November, 1625, granting the earldom of Buchan to himself, and his heirs male whatever; in this charter he is denominated the sixth earl. His lordship was succeeded by his son,

JAMES, who, dying in 1664, was succeeded by his only son,

WILLIAM. This nobleman dying unmarried, the title devolved upon

DAVID, Lord Cardross, the great-grand-nephew of the above-mentioned James Erskine, being the direct descendant of his brother Henry, fourth son of Lord Marr. His lordship *m.* in 1697, Frances, only daughter and heiress of Henry Fairfax, esq. of Hust, Berkshire, by whom he had a numerous progeny; he *m.* secondly, Isabella, daughter of Sir William Bracket, bart. but had no issue. He died 11th October, 1745, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY-DAVID, *b.* 16th April, 1810; *m.* 31st January, 1739, Agnes, second daughter of Sir James Stewart, of Collness, bart., by whom he had issue the present earl, and two other sons, the youngest of whom, Thomas, was the celebrated and eloquent advocate, who became lord chancellor of England, and was then created Lord Erskine. The Earl of Buchan had, likewise, two daughters.

Motto, in English,
Judge not.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Drybingh Abbey, Roxburghshire.

BUCKINGHAM AND CHANDOS, DUKE AND MARQUESS OF, (Richard-Temple-Nugent-Brydges-Chandos Grenville,) Earl Temple, Viscount and Baron Cobham of the realm at large, and Earl Nugent, of Ireland, K.G., lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the county of Buckingham; *b.* 20th March, 1776; succeeded to the marquesate of Buckingham, earldoms of Temple and Nugent, and barony of Cobham, upon the demise of his father, 11th February, 1813; obtained the dukedoms of Buckingham and Chandos, and marquesate of Chandos, by creation, 4th February, 1822. His grace *m.* 16th April, 1796, Anne-Eliza, only daughter and heiress of James Brydges, third Duke of Chandos, by whom he has issue Richard-Plantagenet-Brydges-Chandos-Temple Grenville, Marquess of Chandos, one of the representatives in parliament of the county of Bucks; *b.* 11th February, 1797; who *m.* 13th May, 1819, Mary, youngest daughter of the Earl of Breadalbane, by whom he has one son, (Earl Temple,) and one daughter.

Lineage.

HESTHER TEMPLE, eldest daughter of Sir Richard Temple, of Stowe, county of Bucks, bart., and sister of Richard, Viscount and Baron Cobham, *m.* in 1710, Richard Grenville, esq. of Wootton, in the same county, by whom she had several children. This lady, upon the demise of her brother without issue, became, in her own right, viscountess and baroness Cobham, and was created, 18th October, 1749, Countess of Temple. Her ladyship *d.* 7th October, 1752, and was succeeded by her son,

RICHARD, Earl Temple, who obtained the honor of the Garter. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Chambers, esq. of Stanworth, but leaving no issue, the title devolved upon his nephew,

GEORGE, who, upon marrying, 16th of April, 1775, Mary-Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Robert, Earl Nugent, of the kingdom of Ireland,

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obtained the royal permission to assume the names of Nugent and Temple, before that of Grenville, and to sign "Nugent" before all titles whatsoever. His lordship was created, on the 4th December, 1784, Marquess of Buckingham; and, upon the demise of his father-in-law, succeeded to the Irish earldom of Nugent. The marquess had issue Richard Nugent, the present duke; George, who became Baron Nugent, at the decease of his mother, (the marchioness having been created an Irish peeress, on the 29th of December, 1800,) with remainder to her second son, and one daughter.

Motto, in English,

How beloved are thy temples.

Town Residence—91, Pall Mall.

Country Seats—Stowe & Wootton, Bucks; Avington, Hants; Gosfield, Essex; and Southgate, Middlesex.

BUCKINGHAMSHIRE, EARL OF, (Geo.-Robert-Hobert Hampden,) Baron Hobert, of Blickling, and a baronet; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his uncle, 5th Feb. 1816; *m.* 3rd May, 1819, Miss Glover; assumed, by royal permission, in 1824, the name and arms of Hampden.

Lineage.

The baronetcy was conferred the 22nd of May, 1611, on

Sir Henry Hobert, knt., a lawyer of eminence, upon his appointment to the chief-justiceship of the common-pleas. He *d.* in 1625, and was succeeded by

Sir John, of Blickling-house, Norfolk; at whose demise, in 1647, the title devolved upon his nephew,

Sir John, who was succeeded by his son,

Sir Henry Hobert. This gentleman being killed in a duel, his son,

Sir Henry Hobert, succeeded to the title. This gentleman was elevated to the peerage, on the 20th May, 1728, as Baron Hobert, of Blickling; and upon the 5th of September, 1746, his lordship was advanced to the dignity of Earl of Buckinghamshire. He *m.* twice: by the first marriage, he had two sons and five daughters, and by the second, two sons; the eldest sons of both marriages succeeded, in turn, to the family honors. His lordship *d.* 22nd Sept. 1756, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John. His lordship *m.* twice, but leaving no male issue, the title devolved upon his half-brother,

George, who *m.* in May, 1757, Albinia, daughter and co-heiress of Lord Vere Bertie, by whom he had a numerous progeny. His lordship *d.* 14th Nov. 1804, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

Robert, who had been summoned to parliament, in 1798, as Baron Hobert; *b.* 6th May, 1760. His lordship *m.* first, on the 4th January, 1792, Margaretta, widow of Thomas Adderley, esq. of the county of Cork, by whom he had one daughter, now the wife of the Right Honorable Frederick-John Robinson, chancellor of the exchequer. The countess dying, the earl *m.* a second time, Eleanor-Agnes, daughter of Lord Auckland, by whom he had no issue; in consequence of which, the family honors devolved upon his brother George-Vere Hobert's son and heir, the present peer.

Motto, in English,

The author makes it more valuable.

Town Residence—St. James's-square.

Country Seat—Roehampton, Surrey.

BULLER, SIR FRANCIS, baronet, of Lupton, Devonshire; *b.* 28th Sept. 1767; *m.* in 1791, Miss Holiday, only daughter and heiress of John Holiday, esq. of Lincoln's Inn, by whom he has several children. Sir Francis succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 3rd June, 1800.

Lineage.

Francis Buller, esq. an eminent lawyer, was, in 1778, nominated a judge of the court of king's bench, from whence he was removed to the court of common pleas. On the 28th November, 1789, he was created a baronet. His lordship *m.* Susannah, only daughter and heiress of Francis Yarde, esq. by whom he had issue the present baronet, and another son, and two daughters.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Churston Ferrers, and Lupton House, Devonshire.

BUNBURY, SIR HENRY-EDWARD, baronet, of Barton, Suffolk; *m.* 4th April, 1807, Louisa-Aurelia, daughter of the Honorable Henry-Edward Fox, son of the first Lord Holland; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, 31st March, 1821. Sir Henry has arrived at the rank of major-general in the army, is a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, and F.S.A.

Lineage.

Thomas Bunbury, esq. was created a baronet on the 29th June, 1681, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Henry, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Kendrick Eyton, knight, one of the Welch judges. He was succeeded by his son,

Sir Henry. This gentleman *m.* Susanna, only daughter of William Hanmer, esq., by whom he had four sons and five daughters. He *d.* 12th February, 1732-3, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

Sir Charles, who dying unmarried, the title reverted to his brother,

The Reverend Sir William, who *m.* Eleanor, daughter of Thomas Graham, esq. of Holbrook, and had several children; amongst whom was Henry-William, the celebrated caricaturist. Sir William *d.* 11th June, 1764, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Thomas-Charles, *b.* in May, 1740; *m.* 2nd June, 1762, Sarah, daughter of Charles, second Duke of Richmond; which marriage was dissolved by act of parliament, in 1776. The baronet dying without issue, the title devolved upon his nephew, the present Sir Henry-Edward, son to his brother, Henry-William.

Motto, in English,
Nothing in life is permanent.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Barton, Suffolk.

BURDETT, SIR FRANCIS, baronet, of Bramcote, Warwickshire; *b.* 25th January, 1770; *m.* 5th August, 1793, Sophia, youngest daughter of the late Thomas Coutts, esq. the opulent banker, by whom he has issue Robert, *b.* 26th April, 1796, and five daughters. Sir Francis succeeded to the title upon the demise of his grandfather, 22nd February, 1797. He has had a seat in parliament since 1796, where he has been distinguished by his eloquence, consistency, and patriotism. The baronet represents in the present, as he did in the two last parliaments, the independent city of Westminster.

Lineage.

This patriotic gentleman can trace his pedigree to Hugh de Burdett, who came to England in the train of the Conqueror; and amongst his ancestors we find Thomas Burdett, who was beheaded, in 1477, for wishing the horns of a buck, killed in his park by Edward IV., in the belly of his majesty's adviser. The baronetcy was conferred the 25th of February, 1619, upon

THOMAS BURDETT, the eighteenth lineal descendent from Hugh de Burdett. This gentleman *m.* Jane, daughter and heiress of William Frauncys, esq., of Foremark, by whom he had three sons and seven daughters. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR FRANCIS, who *d.* 30th December, 1696, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT. This gentleman was a member of parliament for several years. He *m.* thrice: by the first marriage he had one daughter; by the second he had four sons and four daughters; but by the third, no children. He died 13th January, 1715-16, and was succeeded by his grandson, (the posthumous son of his second son Robert,)

SIR ROBERT, D.C.L., who *m.* twice: first, Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir Charles Sedley, bart. by whom he had three sons and two daughters: the eldest son died in infancy; the second, Francis, *m.* Eleanor, daughter and co-heiress of William Jones, esq. of Ramsbury Manor, Wiltshire, by whom he had issue Francis, the present baronet, and several other children. This gentleman dying before his father, the title, upon the demise of Sir Robert, devolved upon his eldest son. Sir Robert *m.* secondly, Lady Caroline Harpur, widow of Sir Henry Harpur, and daughter of John, Duke of Rutland, by whom he had no children.

Town Residence—25, St. James's-place.

Country Seats — Foremark, Derbyshire; and Ramsbury, Wilts.

BURDET, SIR CHARLES-WYNDHAM, baronet, of Burthwaite, Yorkshire; *b.* 19th July, 1771; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 19th July, 1803. Sir Charles is an officer of rank in the army.

Lineage.

This family traces its origin to the same source as that last mentioned. It obtained the baronetcy on the 25th July, 1665, in the person of

FRANCIS BURDET, esq. who married Miss Stephenson, of Lincolnshire, by whom he had one son. He died in 1719, and was succeeded by

SIR FRANCIS, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Charles Wyndham, esq. of Stokesby, Norfolk, by whom he had fourteen children. He died in 1748, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THE REVEREND SIR HUGH. This gentleman dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR CHARLES, who, by his second wife, Sarah, daughter of Joseph Halsey, esq., had Charles Wyndham, the present baronet, and two other sons, and two daughters.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Acomb, Yorkshire.

BURGOYNE, SIR JOHN-MONTAGU, baronet, of Sutton, Bedfordshire; *b.* 17th October, 1796; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 16th August, 1817; *m.* 7th January, 1819, Charlotte, daughter of Michael Head, esq. Sir John is an officer in the grenadier-guards.

Lineage.

JOHN BURGOYNE, esq., great-grandson of Robert Burgoyne, one of the auditors of the exchequer, in the reign of Henry VIII. was created a baronet on the 15th July, 1641. He died in 1654, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR ROGER. This gentleman *m.* twice, and left a numerous progeny. He *d.* 16th September, 1677, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who *d.* 9th April, 1709, and his eldest son,

SIR ROGER, inherited. He died, 23rd May, 1734, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who survived his father but a few weeks, and dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR ROGER. This gentleman *m.* in January, 1739, Frances Montagu, eldest daughter of George, first Earl of Halifax, by whom he had issue two sons and four daughters. He was succeeded by his son,

SIR MONTAGU-ROGER, who was a general officer in the army, and representative in parliament, for many years, for the county of Bedford. He *m.* 1st November, 1794, Catharine, only daughter of John Burton, esq. of Owlerton, by whom he had issue John Montagu, the present baronet, and five other children.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Sulton Park, Bedfordshire.

BURNABY, SIR WILLIAM-CRISPHOOD, baronet, of Broughton Hall, Oxford-

shire; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 6th September, 1811; *m.* 2nd May, 1818, Mrs. Wood, widow of Joseph Wood, esq. of Bermuda.

Lineage.

WILLIAM BURNABY, esq. (third son of John Burnaby, of Kensington,) a captain in the navy, obtained the honor of knighthood, in 1754; and subsequently, having arrived at the rank of admiral, was created a baronet, 31st Oct. 1767. He married Mrs. Donovan, of the island of Jamaica, by whom he had a son and a daughter. That lady dying, he espoused, secondly, Grace, daughter of Drewry Ottley, esq. by whom he had several children. The admiral was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM CHALONER, who *m.* 29th June, 1783, Elizabeth, second daughter of Crisp Molineaux, esq. of Garboldesham, Norfolk, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and one daughter.

Motto, in English,

For the king.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Broughton Hall, Oxfordshire.

BURRARD, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Lymington, Hampshire; *b.* 2nd March, 1793; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 18th October, 1813.

Lineage.

HARRY BURRARD, esq. son of George Burrard, esq. of Lymington, and grand-nephew of Sir Harry Burrard, bart. who *d.* in 1791, was created a baronet the 12th Nov. 1807. This gentleman was a military officer, and arrived at considerable rank, being a lieutenant-general in the army, and lieutenant-colonel of the first foot-guards. He *m.* Hannah, daughter of H. Darby, esq. of London, merchant, by whom he had the present baronet, and several other children.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Olsden, Hampshire.

BURRELL, SIR CHARLES-MERRICK, baronet, of Knipp Castle, Sussex, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1796; *m.* Frances, eldest daughter of the Earl of Egremont, by whom he has three sons and one daughter. Sir Charles is one of the representatives of New Shoreham in the present parliament, as he has been in the three last.

Lineage.

This family is of great antiquity, being traceable to Randulphus Burrel, who *m.* Sermonda, daughter of Sir Walter Woodland, standard-bearer at the celebrated battle of Poictiers. It obtained a baronetcy on the 15th July, 1765, in the person of Merrick Burrell, esq.; but that title descended to Sir Peter Burrell, who was created, in 1796, Baron Guydir. The grandfather of Sir Peter, however, had a son, William, who married the daughter of Charles Reymond, esq. of Valentine House, Essex, upon whom a baronetcy was conferred, on the 3rd May, 1773, with remainder to his son-in-law and his heirs. Sir Charles Reymond dying, was succeeded by his said son-in-law,

SIR WILLIAM BURRELL. This gentleman was the father of Charles-Merrick, the present baronet; and six other children.

Motto, in English,

Tranquillity under liberty.

Town Residence—3, St. James's-street.

Country Seat—Knipp Castle, Sussex.

BURROUGHS, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Castle Bagshaw, county of Cavan, Ireland, *m.* Letitia, daughter of William Newburgh, esq. of Ballyhaise, by whom he had issue William, *b.* 15th September, 1784, *d.* 11th May, 1814, of wounds received in the discharge of his military duty, as an officer of the Coldstream foot-guards, before Bayonne,—and three daughters, one of whom is dead. Sir William filled the office of advocate-general in Bengal, during the government of Lord Cornwallis; and, for his services in that capacity, was created a baronet, the 1st December, 1804.

Motto, in English,

Fortune favors the brave.

Town Residence—23, Grafton-street, Bond-street.

Country Seat—Castle Bagshaw.

BURTON, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Strockerston, Leicestershire, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1735.

Lineage.

THOMAS BURTON, esq. was created a baronet on the 22nd July, 1622. He married twice, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman was distinguished for his loyalty to the unfortunate King Charles, for which his property was confiscated. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Prettyman, bart. by whom he had issue two sons, and was succeeded by the eldest,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* Anne, eldest daughter of Sir Thomas Clutterbuck, knight, by whom he had his successor, the present baronet, and another son.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Hoxen Hall, Suffolk.

BUTE, MARQUESS OF, (John-Crichton Stuart,) Earl of Windsor; Viscount Mountjoy, of the Isle of Wight; Baron Mountstuart, of Wortley, Yorkshire; Baron Cardiff, of Cardiff Castle; all peerages of the empire. Earl of Dumfries, and Bute; Viscount Ayr, Mountstuart, and Kingarf; Baron Crichton, of Sanquhar, Lord Cumnoch, Cumra, and Inchinarnoch, of Scotland; and a baronet, hereditary sheriff, and coroner, of the county of Bute; lord-lieutenant of Glamorganshire. *b.* 3rd August, 1793; succeeded to the earldom of Dumfries upon the demise of his maternal grandfather, the 7th April, 1806. He had previously, by royal permission, (26th August, 1805,) assumed the name and arms of Crichton, in addi-

tion to, and before, Stuart. Succeeded to the marquesate, &c. upon the decease of his paternal grandfather, 16th November, 1814; *m.* on the 28th July, 1818, Maria, eldest daughter of George-Augustus, Earl of Guildford, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

This noble family is directly descended from Robert the Second, of Scotland, from whom it originally obtained a grant of estates in the Isle of Bute. The baronetcy was conferred in 1627, and, in 1703,

Sir James Stuart, being of the privy-council of Queen Anne, was created Earl of Bute, of the kingdom of Scotland. His lordship *d.* in 1710, and was succeeded by his son,

James, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Archibald, first Duke of Argyll, by whom he had several children. His lordship *d.* 28th January, 1723, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, *b.* in 1713; *m.* Mary Montague, great-grand-daughter of Edward, first Earl of Sandwich, by whom he had five sons and five daughters. Her ladyship was created, on the 3rd of April, 1761, Baroness Mountstuart, of Wortley, Yorkshire, with remainder to her male issue by the Earl of Bute. His lordship was a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. He *d.* 10th March, 1792, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, who had, upon the demise of his mother, 13th November, 1794, succeeded to the barony of Mountstuart, having been previously (20th May, 1776) created Baron Cardiff, of Cardiff Castle: on the 21st March, 1796, he obtained the viscounty of Mountjoy, in the Isle of Wight; and was created, at the same time, Earl of Windsor, and Marquess of Bute. His lordship was *b.* 30th June, 1744; and was *m.* twice: first to Charlotte-Jane, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Herbert, Viscount Windsor, by whom he had issue John, Lord Mountstuart, who *m.* on the 12th October, 1792, Elizabeth Crichton, only daughter and heiress of Patrick, Earl of Dumfries, and died in two years afterwards, leaving issue the present marquess, and a posthumous son. Besides Lord Mountstuart, the marquess had nine other children by his first consort. Her ladyship dying 28th January, 1800, his lordship *m.* secondly, on the 7th of September, in the same year, Frances, second daughter of the late Thomas Coutts, esq. the opulent London banker, by whom he had a daughter, who *m.* Lord Sandon, son of the Earl of Harrowby, and a son. His lordship died at Geneva, and the family honors descended to his grandson, the present peer.

Motto, in English,

He flourishes by the honor of his ancestors.

Town Residence—South Audley-street.

Country Seats—Mount Stuart, Isle of Bute; Luton House, Bedfordshire; and Cardiff Castle, Glamorganshire.

BUXTON, SIR ROBERT-JOHN, baronet, of Shadwell, Norfolk; *b.* 27th October, 1753; *m.* 22nd May, 1777, Julia-Mary, second daughter of Sir Thomas Beevor, bart. by whom he has issue John-Jacob, *b.* 13th August, 1788, and two daughters. The baronetcy was conferred upon Mr. Buxton on the 25th Nov. 1800.

Town Residence—77, Harley-street.

Country Seat—Shadwell Lodge, Norfolk.

BYRON, BARON, (George-Anson Byron,) of Rochdale, county of Lancaster, a captain in the navy; *m.* 18th March, 1816, Mary-Elizabeth, daughter of Sacheverel-Chandos Pole, esq. of Redbourne, Derbyshire, by whom he has issue George Anson, *b.* in 1818, another son, and two daughters. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his cousin, 19th April, 1824.

Lineage.

The family of Byron can be traced back to the period of the Conquest, when it possessed considerable estates in Yorkshire. It was ennobled in the person of

Sir John Byron, a distinguished and faithful adherent of the unfortunate Charles the First, who created him, on the 19th October, 1643, Baron Byron, of Rochdale, with remainder to the male issue of his five brothers, Richard, William, Robert, Gilbert, and Philip. Dying childless, in 1652, his lordship was succeeded by his brother,

Richard, who died in 1679, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

William. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John, Viscount Chaworth. He died 13th November, 1695, and was succeeded by his son,

William. This nobleman *m.* thrice: first, Mary, daughter of John, Duke of Bridgewater, by whom he had no issue; secondly, Frances-Wilhelmina, third daughter of William, first Earl of Portland, by whom he had three sons and one daughter, all of whom *d.* unmarried; and, thirdly, Frances, second daughter of William, Lord Berkeley, of Stratton, by whom he had several children. His lordship *d.* 8th August, 1736, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, *b.* 5th November, 1722. His lordship having killed William Chaworth, esq. in a duel, 26th January, 1765, was arraigned before his peers, in Westminster Hall, 13th February following, and found guilty of manslaughter; but claiming the benefit of the statute of Edward the Sixth, he was discharged upon simply paying his fees. His lordship *m* Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Shaw, esq. of Besthorpe Hall, Norfolk, by whom he had two sons and two daughters, but dying without male issue, the family honors devolved upon his great-nephew,

George-Gordon, grandson of John, second son of William, the fourth lord. His lordship's mother was Catharine Gordon, a lineal descendant of the Earl of Huntley, by Princess Jane (Stuart), daughter of James the Second, of Scotland. But royal and

illustrious as the ancestry of this distinguished nobleman were, his own transcendant genius threw his hereditary honors into immeasurable shade. The first poet of his age and nation, a disinterested patriot, and an enthusiastic advocate of freedom, he fell a victim to anxiety of mind, experienced in his glorious endeavour to promote the cause of Grecian renovation, in which he had personally embarked, and died at Missolonghi, in Greece, 19th April, 1824, in the thirty-seventh year of his age, having been born 22nd January, 1788. His lordship *m.* 2nd January, 1815, Anne-Isabella, only child of Sir Ralph-Milbank Noel, bart. by whom he had one daughter, Ada-Augusta, *b.* 10th December, 1815. A separation from his lady took place soon after the birth of this child, and his lordship almost immediately afterwards departed from his native country, to which he never subsequently returned.

Motto, in English,
Trust Byron.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

CADOGAN, EARL OF, (Charles-Henry-Sloane Cadogan,) Viscount Chelsea, and Baron Cadogan; *b.* in June, 1749; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 3rd April, 1807.

Lineage.

This distinguished family was ennobled in the person of

WILLIAM CADOGAN, a distinguished general officer, who succeeded the Duke of Marlborough, in 1722, as commander-in-chief of the army, and was elevated to the peerage, by the title of Baron Cadogan, of Reading, Berks, 21st June, 1716. On the 8th May, 1718, his lordship was created Baron Cadogan, of Oakley, Bucks, Viscount Caversham, Oxon, and Earl of Cadogan; the barony, in case of failure of male issue, to revert to his brother, Charles Cadogan. His lordship dying in 1726, and leaving only two daughters, the earldom and viscounty became extinct, and the barony descended to his brother,

CHARLES, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Hans Sloane, bart. by whom he had an only son, his successor,

CHARLES-SLOANE. His lordship died at the advanced age of eighty-five, 24th September, 1776, and was succeeded by his only son,

CHARLES-SLOANE. His lordship was advanced to an earldom and viscounty, on the 27th December, 1800, by the titles of Earl Cadogan and Viscount Chelsea. He married twice: first, on the 28th of May, 1747, Frances, daughter of Lord Montfort, by whom he had issue Charles-Henry-Sloane, the present peer, and five other sons. His lordship *m.* secondly, 10th August, 1777, Mary, eldest daughter of Charles Churchill, esq., by whom he had issue three sons and three daughters; from this lady, he was divorced, by act of parliament, in 1797.

Motto, in English,
He who envies is the inferior.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Santon Downham, Suffolk.

CAITHNESS, EARL OF, (Alexander Sinclair,) Lord Berriedale, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* 24th June, 1790; *m.* 22nd November, 1813, Miss Leigh, youngest daughter and co-heiress of the Reverend William Leigh, of Rushall, Herefordshire, by whom he has no issue; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1823.

The honors of the house of Caithness being solely Scotch, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

The Sinclairs were Earls of Orkney until

WILLIAM, the third earl, who was lord high chancellor of Scotland, obtained a grant from James the Second, of that kingdom, dated 28th August, 1446, of the earldom of Caithness, which title he assumed in addition to that of Orkney, and was styled Earl of Orkney and Caithness, until the year 1471, when his lordship surrendered the earldom of Orkney to James the Third, and resigned that of Caithness to his son by his second marriage, (passing over a son by the first,)

WILLIAM, who was slain at Flodden-Field, 9th September, 1513. He was succeeded by his son,

JOHN, who was killed in attempting to take possession of the Orkneys, in 1529. He was succeeded by his son,

GEORGE. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of the Earl of Montrose. He was succeeded by his grandson,

GEORGE, who *d.* in 1643, and was succeeded by his great-grandson,

GEORGE, who, dying childless, in 1676, alienated his estates to Sir John Campbell, who was, in consequence, created Earl of Caithness; but, in 1681, he was obliged to relinquish both to the rightful heir,

GEORGE, grandson of the fifth earl, being the son of his second son, Francis. This nobleman dying unmarried, the family honors devolved, in 1698, upon his cousin,

JOHN, who, surviving three sons, died in 1763, when the title reverted to

WILLIAM, descended from John, of Greenland, third son of the fourth earl. His lordship died in 1779, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN, who dying without issue, 8th April, 1789, the title devolved upon

JAMES, who was directly, although remotely, descended from George, youngest son of the fourth earl. His lordship *m.* 2nd January, 1784, Jane, second daughter of Alexander Campbell, esq. of Barcaldine, by whom he had issue the present earl, and several other children.

Motto, in English,
Commit thy work to God.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Barrogill Castle, Caithness-shire.

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CALEDON, EARL OF, (Dupre Alexander,) Viscount Alexander, and Baron Caledon, K.P., one of the governors of the county of Tyrone, and colonel of the Tyrone militia; *b.* 14th December, 1777; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 22nd March, 1802; *m.* 16th October, 1811, Catharine, second daughter of the Earl of Hardwicke, by whom he has issue Viscount Alexander, *b.* in July, 1813.

The honors of the house of Caledon being solely Irish, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament; the present earl is, however, one of the representative peers of Ireland.

Lineage.

This family was ennobled in the person of

JAMES ALEXANDER, esq. who, after fulfilling the duties of several high offices in India, was, on the 6th of June, 1790, created Baron Caledon. In November, 1797, he was advanced to the dignity of Viscount Alexander, and, on the 29th of December, 1800, created Earl of Caledon. His lordship *m.* 28th November, 1774, Anne, second daughter of James Crawfurd, esq. of Crawfurdsburn, Downshire, by whom he had issue the present earl, and two daughters.

Motto, in English,

By sea and land.

Town Residence—3, St. James's-square.

Country Seat—Castle Caledon, county of Tyrone, Ireland.

CALL, SIR WILLIAM-PRATT, baronet, of Whiteford, Cornwall; *b.* in 1781; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 1st March, 1801; *m.* 19th of June, 1806, Louisa, daughter of George, fourth Earl of Granard, by whom he has issue a son, *b.* 10th May, 1815, and four daughters.

Lineage.

JOHN CALL, esq. eldest son of John Call, esq. of Launcells, Cornwall, having served, with considerable reputation, as military engineer in India, and, subsequently, filled other high stations at home, was created a baronet, the 21st June, 1791. He *m.* in 1772, Philadelphia, third daughter and co-heiress of Doctor Battie, by whom he had issue William-Pratt, the present baronet, another son, and four daughters.

Motto, in English,

With grateful hand.

Town Residence—25, Old Bond-street.

Country Seat—Whiteford House, Cornwall.

CALTHORPE, BARON, (George-Gough Calthorpe,) of Calthorpe, Norfolk, and a baronet; *b.* 22nd June, 1787; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, 5th June, 1807.

Lineage.

The male line of the family of Calthorpe became extinct at the demise of Sir Henry Calthorpe, K.B., in 1783; but the sister of that gentleman, Barbara, having *m.* Henry Gough, esq. of Edgbaston, who was created a baronet, April 6, 1728, he bequeathed the entire of his estates to her son, upon condition of assuming the name of Calthorpe, which he did accordingly, and became

SIR HENRY-GOUGH CALTHORPE, in 1788. This gentleman *m.* 1st of May, 1783, Frances, youngest daughter of General Carpenter, by whom he had eleven children. On the 15th June, 1796, he was created Baron Calthorpe, of Calthorpe. His lordship *d.* 16th March, 1798, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, who dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baron.

Motto, in English,

The same way, by different steps.

Town Residence—33, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Ampton, Bury St. Edmund's, Suffolk.

CALVERT, SIR HARRY, baronet, (created 3rd December, 1818,) G.C.B., a lieutenant-general in the army, colonel of the 14th regiment of foot, lieutenant-governor of Chelsea Hospital, and adjutant-general of the forces; *m.* Caroline, second daughter of the late Thomas Hammersley, esq. by whom he has issue Henry, *b.* 12th December, 1801, and three daughters.

Motto, in English,

The pledge to my ancestor is redeemed.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

CAMBRIDGE, HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF, (Prince Adolphus-Frederick,) fifth and youngest surviving son of his late majesty, King George the Third, and brother to the reigning sovereign; *b.* 24th February, 1774; created Baron of Culloden, in Scotland, Earl of Tipperary, in Ireland, and Duke of Cambridge, in England, on the 27th of November, 1801; *m.* in 1818, Her Serene Highness, Augusta-Wilhelmina-Louisa, Princess of Hesse, youngest daughter of Frederick, Landgrave of Hesse, by whom he has issue George-William-Frederick-Charles, *b.* 26th March, 1819, and Augusta-Caroline-Charlotte-Elizabeth-Maria-Sophia-Louisa, *b.* 19th July, 1822. His royal highness is governor-general of Hanover, chancellor of the university of St. Andrew's, K.G. and K.G.C.B., a field-marshal in the army, and colonel of the Coldstream regiment of foot-guards.

Residence—His royal highness resides principally at the seat of his government, in Hanover.

CAMDEN, MARQUESS OF, (John-Jeffreys Pratt,) Earl Camden, Earl Brecknock, Viscount Bayham, and Baron Camden, K.G. and F.S.A., one of the tellers of the exchequer, lord-lieutenant, custos rotulorum, and vice-admiral of the county of Kent, and recorder of Bath; *b.* 11th February, 1759; *m.* 31st December, 1785, Frances, only daughter and heiress of William Molesworth, esq. of Wembury, Devonshire, by whom he has issue George-Charles, Earl of Brecknock, *b.* 2nd May, 1799, and three daugh-

ters. His lordship succeeded to the earldom of Camden, and the inferior titles, upon the demise of his father, 18th April, 1794, and was created, on the 7th September, 1812, Marquess Camden and Earl Brecknock.

Lineage.

CHARLES PRATT, third son of lord chief-justice Pratt, being bred to the bar, was, in 1759, chosen recorder of Bath, and, during the same year, appointed to the high legal office of attorney-general. In December, 1761, he was elevated to the chief-justiceship of the common pleas, and, on the 17th July, 1765, raised to the peerage, as Baron Camden, of Camden-place, county of Kent; his lordship was, subsequently, upon the resignation of the Earl of Northington, appointed lord high chancellor of England; in 1784, he was nominated lord president of the council; and, on the 13th May, 1786, advanced to a viscounty and earldom, by the titles of Viscount Bayham and Earl Camden. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Nicholas Jefferys, esq. of the Priory, county of Brecknock, by whom he had issue John, the present marquess, and four daughters.

Motto, in English,
The judgment of our peers, or the laws of the land.

Town Residence—22, Arlington-street, Piccadilly.

Country Seats—Wilderness, Kent; Bayham Abbey, Sussex; and Brecknock Priory, South Wales.

CAMERON, SIR EWEN, baronet, of Fassifern and Collart, Argyllshire; created March 8, 1817; *m.* Miss Louisa Campbell, of Barchaldine, by whom he had issue three sons and three daughters; the eldest of whom, Colonel John Cameron, of the 92nd foot, distinguished himself in Holland, in Egypt, and during the whole of the late peninsular war; but, unfortunately, fell at Quatre Bras, 16th June, 1815. His lady dying, Sir Ewen *m.* a second time, Katherine, daughter of Major Macpherson, by whom he has no children.

Mottos,
Over the crest—Arriverette.
Under the arms—Maya.

CAMPBELL, SIR ARCHIBALD, baronet, of Succouth, Dumbartonshire; *b.* in 1769; *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John Balfour, esq. of Balbirnie, by whom he has several children; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 28th March, 1823. In 1809, he was appointed one of the lords of session in Scotland, where he presides by the title of Lord Succouth.

Lineage.

ILAY CAMPBELL, D.C.L., eldest son of Archibald Campbell, esq. of Succouth, *m.* in 1766, Susan-Mary, daughter of Archibald Murray, of Cringally, esq., by whom he had issue the present baronet, and six daughters. The honor of a baronetcy was conferred upon him on the 17th September, 1808.

Town Residence—Edinburgh.

Country Seat—Succouth, Dumbartonshire.

CAMPBELL, SIR ALEXANDER, baronet, of Gartsford, Ross-shire, K.C.B., a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 80th regiment of foot; created a baronet, 6th of May, 1815; *m.* Olympia-Elizabeth, sister of Sir John Morshead, bart. by whom he had issue two sons, both military officers, and both slain in action, and three daughters. His first lady dying, Sir Alexander *m.* secondly, Elizabeth-Anne, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Pemberton, by whom he has had a son, who *d.* in infancy, and a daughter.

Motto, in English,
Without fear.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Gartsford, county of Ross.

CAMPBELL, SIR GUY, baronet, C.B., a lieutenant-colonel in the army, and major in the 6th regiment of foot; created a baronet on the 22nd May, 1815; *m.* 13th January, 1817, Frances-Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Montagu Burgoyne, esq. of Marks-Hall, who died the 7th May, 1818. Sir Guy *m.* secondly, 21st November, 1820, Pamela, daughter of the late Lord Edward Fitzgerald, and cousin of the present Duke of Leinster, by whom he has issue a son, *b.* 25th October, 1822, and another, *b.* 17th April, 1824.

Motto, in English,
Follow me.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

CARBERY, BARON, (John-Evans Freke,) of the county of Cork, and a baronet; *b.* 11th of November, 1765; *m.* 25th January, 1783, Catharine-Charlotte, third daughter of Arthur, Earl of Arran, by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his cousin, the late lord, on the 4th March, 1807.

The barony of Carbery being Irish, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament. The present baron sits, however, in the house of lords as one of the representative peers of Ireland.

Lineage.

This family was ennobled in the person of

GEORGE EVANS, esq. who was created, on the 9th of May, 1715, Baron Carbery, with remainder, in default of issue male, to the male issue of his father. His lordship *d.* 28th of August, 1749, and was succeeded by his son,

GEORGE, who *m.* on the 23rd May, 1792, Frances, daughter of Richard, Viscount Fitzwilliam, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. His lordship *d.* 2nd February, 1759, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, who died 26th May, 1783, and was succeeded by his only son,

GEORGE. This nobleman *m.* on the 13th August, 1792, Susan, only daughter and heiress of Colonel Watson, by whom he had no issue; (her ladyship

m. after his lordship's decease, George-Freke Evans, esq. of Bulgaden Hall, county of Limerick.) His lordship *d.* 31st December, 1804, when the family honors reverted to his uncle,

JOHN, second son of the second lord. His lordship had one son, (who died without issue before himself,) and four daughters. He died on the 4th March, 1807, when the title devolved upon his cousin, the present

SIR JOHN-EVANS FREKE, baronet, grandson of the Honorable John Evans, and Grace Freke, only daughter of Sir Ralph Freke, of West Bilney, Norfolk, and son of John Evans, who assumed the name of Freke, in pursuance of the will of his uncle, Sir John-Redmond Freke, with whom the baronetcy of Freke, of West Bilney, became extinct. In 1768, John-Evans Freke was created a baronet; he had previously (15th July, 1764,) *m.* Elizabeth, second daughter of Arthur, Earl of Arran, by whom he had, with several other children, the present Lord Carbery.

Motto, in English,
Liberty.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Laxton Hall, Northamptonshire.

CARDIGAN, EARL OF, (Robert Brudenell,) Baron Brudenell, of Stanton Wivill, in Leicestershire, and a baronet; *b.* 26th April, 1769; *m.* 8th March, 1794, Penelope-Anne, daughter of George-John Cooke, esq. of Harefield Park, Middlesex, by whom he has issue James-Thomas, Lord Brudenell, and seven daughters. His lordship succeeded to the family honors, upon the demise of his uncle, the 24th February, 1811.

Lineage.

THOMAS BRUDENELL, esq., great-grandson of Sir Robert Brudenell, knt., chief-justice of the common-pleas, in the reign of Henry the Eighth, was created a baronet, 29th June, 1611, and elevated to the peerage, by the style of Baron Brudenell, of Stanton Wivill, on the 26th April, 1627. His lordship was advanced to the earldom of Cardigan, on the 20th April, 1661, and died in four years afterwards, when he was succeeded by his son,

ROBERT, who *d.* 16th July, 1703, and was succeeded by his grandson,

GEORGE. This nobleman *m.* Elizabeth Bruce, eldest daughter of Thomas, second Earl of Aylesbury, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. The two eldest sons became, in succession, earls of Cardigan, and the youngest was created earl of Aylesbury. His lordship *d.* 5th July, 1732, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, who *m.* Mary, third daughter and co-heiress of John, second Duke of Montagu, upon the death of whom, in 1749, Lord Cardigan assumed the name and arms of Montagu; and on the 5th of November, 1766, was advanced to a marquesate and dukedom, by the titles of Marquess of Monthermer, and Duke of Montagu; on the 21st August, 1786, he obtained the barony of Montagu, of Boughton, with reversion to James, second son of his daughter, Elizabeth, Duchess of Buccleuch. His grace dying 23rd May, 1790, the dukedom and marquesate were extinguished, the barony of Montague descended as limited, and the earldom of Cardigan devolved upon his brother,

JAMES, who had been previously (17th October, 1780,) created, by patent, Baron Brudenell. This nobleman *m.* twice, but had no issue. His lordship *d.* 24th February, 1811, when the family honors devolved upon his nephew, the present peer, only son of his brother Robert, by Anne, daughter of Sir Cecil Bishopp, bart.

Motto, in English,
On grace depend.

Town Residence—Portman-square.
Country Seat—Dean Park, near Wansford, Northamptonshire.

CAREW, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Haccombe, Devon, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1805; *m.* 3rd October, 1806, Elizabeth, only daughter of Walter Palk, esq. of Marley, Devonshire, by whom he has issue Walter-Palk, and three other sons and a daughter.

Lineage.

THOMAS CAREW, esq., of Haccombe, was created a baronet, 2nd August, 1661. By marrying Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Henry Carew, of Brickleigh, knt., this gentleman united two branches of the family; he was succeeded by his son,

SIR HENRY. This gentleman married thrice, but had issue only by his third lady, Gratiana, daughter of Thomas Darrel, esq. of Trevernon, Cornwall; he was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY DARREL, who dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR THOMAS, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who was also succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR FRANCIS, who *m.* in June, 1777, Jane, daughter of the Rev. Charles Smalwood, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and two other sons, and five daughters.

Motto, in English,
Not conscious of ill.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Haccombe, Devonshire.

CARHAMPTON, EARL AND VISCOUNT OF, (John-Luttrell Olmius,) of Castlehaven, and Baron Irnham, of Luttrelstown, county of Dublin; *m.* 1st July, 1766, Elizabeth-Olmius, only daughter of John, Lord Waltham, by whom he had issue two sons, who died, and a daughter. His lordship, having lost his first lady, *m.* secondly, Maria, eldest daughter of John Morgan, esq. by whom he has issue Maria-Anne, *b.* May, 1799. The earl is a commissioner of excise; he succeeded to the honors of his

family upon the demise of his brother, 25th April, 1821.

The earldom and viscounty of Carhampton and barony of Irnham, being of Ireland only, they confer no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not a representative peer.

Lineage.

SIMON LUTTRELL, second son of Henry Luttrell, esq. of Luttrelstown, by Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Jones, esq. of Halkin, Flintshire, was created Baron Irnham, of Luttrelstown, on the 13th October, 1768; Viscount Carhampton, of Castlehaven, 9th January, 1781; and Earl of Carhampton, 23rd June, 1785. His lordship *m.* in 1737, Maria, only daughter and heiress of Sir Nicholas Lawes, by whom he had issue five sons, and three daughters. His lordship's eldest daughter Anne, after the demise of Christopher Hatton, esq. her first husband, espoused his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, brother to his most Gracious Majesty, King George the Third. The earl *d.* 14th January, 1787, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY LAWES, *b.* 7th August, 1743, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the sixth dragoon guards. His lordship *m.* Jane, daughter of George Boyd, esq. but dying without issue, the family honors devolved upon his brother, the present earl.

Motto, in English,

In God is my trust.

Town Residence—5, Devonshire-place, Portland-place.

Country Seat—

CARLETON, VISCOUNT, (Hugh Carleton,) of Clare, Baron Carleton, of Annet, county of Tipperary, D.C.L.; *b.* 11th September, 1739; filled the office of solicitor-general in Ireland, in 1779, and was elevated to the chief-justiceship of the common-pleas in that country, in 1787; created Baron Carleton, of Annet, in November, 1789, and Viscount Carleton, of Clare, county of Tipperary, 7th November, 1797. His lordship *m.* twice, but had no issue by either marriage.

Lord Carleton being solely an Irish nobleman, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, but his lordship is one of the representative peers.

Motto, in English,

Seek out the truth.

Town Residence—13, George-street, Hanover-square.

Country Seat—Annet, county of Tipperary.

CARLETON, BARON, (Henry Boyle,) of Carleton—See Earl of Shannon.

CARLISLE, EARL OF, (George Howard,) Viscount Howard, of Morpeth; Baron Dacres, of Gillesland; *b.* 17th September, 1773; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, September, 1825; *m.* in 1801, Georgiana, eldest daughter of William, Duke of Devonshire, by whom he has issue Viscount Morpeth, with four other sons, and four daughters; of the latter, three are married, viz. Georgiana, to the Honorable George-James-Welbore-Ellis Agar; Harriett, to George, Earl Gower; and Caroline, to the Honorable W. S. S. Lascelles, second son of Lord Harewood.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the illustrious ducal house of Norfolk, sprung from William, second son of Thomas, fourth Duke. The great-grandson of William,

CHARLES HOWARD, was created, 30th April, 1661, Baron Dacre, of Gillesland, (his great-grandmother was Elizabeth, sister and co-heir of George, Lord Dacre, of Gillesland, by whom the family obtained estates in Cumberland and Yorkshire,) Viscount Howard, of Morpeth, and Earl of Carlisle. His lordship *d.* 24th July, 1686, and was succeeded by his son,

EDWARD, who was, upon his demise, 23rd April, 1692, succeeded by his son,

CHARLES. This nobleman filled the high offices of first lord of the treasury, constable of the Tower, and governor of Windsor Castle. His lordship *d.* on the 1st May, 1738, and was succeeded by his son,

HENRY, *b.* in 1694. His lordship *m.* twice: first, 27th November, 1717, Frances, daughter of Charles, third Earl of Sunderland, by whom he had three sons, and two daughters, all of whom died in the lifetime of the earl; and secondly, 8th June, 1743, Isabella, daughter of William, fourth Lord Byron, by whom he had issue four daughters, and his successor,

FREDERICK, who was installed a Knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter; his lordship was born 28th of May, 1748; succeeded to the family honors, on the 4th September, 1758, and *d.* on the th of September, 1825. He *m.* Margaret-Caroline, daughter of Granville-Leveson, first Marquess of Stafford, by whom he had issue the present peer, with three other sons, and six daughters. His lordship's eldest daughter *m.* Lord Cawdor; the second, third, and fourth, *d.* unmarried; the fifth, Elizabeth, *m.* the present Duke of Rutland; and the youngest, Gertrude, William, son of Hans Sloane, esq.; his third son, Frederick, fell at Waterloo; and his youngest son is a clergyman of the established church.

Motto, in English,

I am willing, but unable.

Town Residence—12, Grosvenor Place.

Country Seats—Castle Howard, Yorkshire; Naworth Castle, Cumberland.

CARNARVON, EARL OF, (Henry-Geo. Herbert,) Baron Portchester, of High Clere, Hampshire; *b.* 3rd June, 1772; *m.* 26th April, 1796, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Colonel Acland, by whom he has issue Lord Portchester, *b.* in June, 1800, and three daughters. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 3rd June, 1811.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Herbert, Earls of Pembroke and Montgomery, sprung from

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Thomas, second son of the eighth Earl: the second son of that gentleman,

HENRY HERBERT, was created, on the 17th Oct. 1780, Baron Portchester, and advanced to an earldom, by the style of Earl of Carnarvon, on the 3rd July, 1793. His lordship *m.* on the 5th July, 1771, Elizabeth, daughter of Charles, first Earl of Egremont, by whom he had issue Henry-George, the present peer, and several other children.

Motto, in English,
One I will serve.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—High Clere House, Hampshire.

CARRICK, EARL OF, (Somerset-Richard Butler,) and Viscount Ikerrin, county of Tipperary, Ireland; *b.* 28th September, 1779; *m.* 1st September, 1811, Anne, eldest daughter of Owen Wynne, esq. of Haslewood, county of Sligo, by whom he has an only daughter, *b.* in July, 1812. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 20th July, 1813.

The honors of the house of Carrick being solely Irish, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament. The present earl is, however, one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

SIR PIERCE BUTLER, lineal descendant of John, youngest son of Edmund, Earl of Carrick, whose eldest son, James, was created Earl of Ormonde, and bore the title of Earl of Ormonde and Carrick, was created, 12th May, 1629, Viscount Ikerrin. His lordship was succeeded by his grandson,

PIERCE, who was succeeded by his son,

JAMES, who was also succeeded by his son,

PIERCE. This nobleman *m.* Alicia, eldest daughter of Murrough, Viscount Blessington, and left an only son,

JAMES, who dying without issue, in 1612, the title reverted to his uncle,

THOMAS, who left two sons, both of whom, in turn, succeeded to the peerage. His lordship *d.* 7th March, 1719, and was succeeded by

JAMES, who dying in two years afterwards without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

SOMERSET-HAMILTON. His lordship *m.* 18th of May, 1745, Juliana Boyle, eldest daughter of Henry, Earl of Shannon, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. Lord Ikerrin was elevated to an earldom, as Earl of Carrick, on the 10th of June, 1748. He died the 15th April, 1774, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY-THOMAS, *b.* 19th May, 1746; *m.* 7th August, 1774, Sarah, second daughter and co-heiress of Edward Taylor, esq. of Askeaton, by whom he had issue Somerset-Richard, the present earl, and three other sons, and four daughters.

Motto, in English,
Be stedfast.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

CARRINGTON, BARON, (Robert Smith,) of Upton, county of Nottingham, and Baron Carrington, of Bulcot Lodge, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* in 1752; *m.* Miss Bernard, by whom he had issue one son, Robert-John, (heir apparent,) and eleven daughters. His lordship, who was one of the most eminent bankers in London, obtained the Irish barony, by creation, on the 16th July, 1796, and that of the empire, on the 20th October, 1797.

Motto, in English,
Persevering and faithful.

Town Residence—Whitehall Yard.
Country Seats—Wycombe Abbey, Bucks; Deal Castle, Kent.

CARTERET, BARON, (Henry-Frederick-Thynne Carteret,) of Hawnes, county of Bedford; *b.* 17th November, 1735; assumed, by act of parliament, upon inheriting the possessions of his grandfather, the last Earl Granville, in 1776, the name and arms of Carteret, and was created Baron Carteret, with remainder, in default of issue male, to the sons (except the eldest) of his brother, Thomas, first Marquess of Bath.

Lineage.

Lord Carteret is second son of Thomas, second Viscount Weymouth, (father of the late Marquess of Bath,) by Louisa, daughter of John Carteret, Earl Granville—See Marquess of Bath.

Motto, in English,
Loyal duty.

Town Residence—
Country Seats—Hawnes-place, Bedfordshire; and Carteret, Cornwall.

CARYSFORT, EARL OF, (John-Joshua Proby,) Baron of Carysfort, county of Wicklow, in the Irish peerage, and a peer of the empire, as Baron Carysfort, of Norman Cross, Huntingdonshire; *b.* 12th August, 1751; succeeded to the Irish barony upon the demise of his father, 18th Oct. 1772; *m.* first, 19th of March, 1774, Elizabeth, only daughter of the Right Honorable Sir William Osborne, of New Town, county of Tipperary, bart., by whom he had issue William-Allen, Lord Proby, who died in 1804; John, present Lord Proby; and another son, and two daughters. His lordship *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, sister to the late Marquess of Buckingham, by whom he has three daughters. Lord Carysfort obtained the Irish earldom, by creation, on the 18th August, 1789, and his English barony, on the 21st January, 1821.

Lineage.

SIR JOHN PROBY, K.B. a lord of the admiralty in 1757, member of parliament for Huntingdonshire, and a privy counsellor, was created Baron Carysfort, of Carysfort, county of Wicklow, 23rd of January, 1752. His lordship was grandson of William Proby, esq. governor of Fort St. George, Madras, who inherited the estates of his relative, Sir Heneage Proby,

bart. His lordship *m.* 27th August, 1750, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress (with her sister) of John, Viscount Allen, by whom he had issue John-Joshua, the present peer, and one daughter, who *m.* Thomas-James Storer, esq.

Motto, in English,
This hand is hostile to tyrants.

Town Residence—11, Lower Berkeley-street.

Country Seats—Elton Hall, Stilton, Huntingdonshire; and Glenart Castle, Wicklow, Ireland.

CASSILIS, EARL OF, (Archibald Kennedy,) and Lord Kennedy, in Scotland, Baron Ailsa, of the empire at large, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *m.* 1st of June, 1793, Margaret, daughter of John Erskine, esq. of Dunnoltar, by whom he has issue Archibald, Lord Kennedy, born in 1794, and another son, and four daughters. His lordship succeeded to the Scottish honors and the baronetcy, upon the demise of his father, 29th December, 1794, and was created Baron Ailsa, 12th November, 1806.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient and honorable Scottish family, its members being, at different periods, employed in some of the highest and most confidential public situations. In the year 1452,

GILBERT KENNEDY, knt. of Dunure, was elevated to the peerage, as Lord Kennedy; in which he was succeeded by his son, who was also succeeded by his son,

DAVID. This nobleman, being of the privy council of James the Fourth, was, by that monarch, created Earl of Cassilis. His lordship was slain at Flodden Field, and was succeeded by his son,

GILBERT. This nobleman was murdered, in endeavouring to rescue his sovereign, James the Fifth, from the Earl of Angus. He was succeeded by his son,

GILBERT, who filled the high office of lord treasurer of Scotland, and assisted, as a deputed Scottish peer, in 1558, at the marriage of the ill-fated Mary Stuart, with Francis, Dauphin of France. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of John Kennedy, esq. of Colzean, by whom he had two sons, Gilbert and Thomas. He died in 1558, and was succeeded by the former,

GILBERT, who *d.* in 1576, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN. This nobleman dying without issue, the title devolved upon his nephew,

JOHN, who was succeeded by his son,

JOHN. This nobleman *d.* in 1702, and was succeeded by his grandson,

JOHN, with whom the male issue of this branch of the family was extinguished. His lordship dying 7th August, 1759, and leaving no child, the family honors reverted to

THOMAS, the direct descendant of Thomas, son of Gilbert, the third earl. The grandfather of this nobleman, Archibald, was created a baronet of Nova Scotia, in 1682; his lordship did not, however, obtain his family honors until the house of lords resolved, on the 27th January, 1762, "that he had a right to the title and dignity of Earl of Cassilis, as heir male of David, first earl; and to the title of Lord Kennedy, as heir of Gilbert, first lord." The earl dying without issue, 30th November, 1775, the titles devolved upon his brother,

DAVID, who dying, 8th December, 1792, without issue, this branch became extinct, and the titles reverted to

ALEXANDER, great-grandson of Alexander, the ancestor of the last two earls. His lordship was a captain in the navy. He *m.* twice, and had by his second wife, Anne, daughter of John Watts, esq. of New York, Archibald, the present peer, and two other sons.

Motto, in English,
Consider the end.

Town Residence—Privy Gardens.

Country Seats—Culzean Castle, Ayrshire; Cassilis; Newark Castle, Scotland; and St. Margaret's, Middlesex.

CASTLE COOTE, BARON, (Eyre Coote,) of the county of Roscommon; *m.* in July, 1822, Barbara, second daughter of Sir Joshua C. Meredyth, bart. of Madareen; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 22nd January, 1823.

The barony of Castle Coote being Irish only, possesses no hereditary seat in the legislature.

Lineage.

CHARLES-HENRY COOTE, seventh Earl of Montrath, and great-great-great-grandson of Sir Charles Coote, of Castle Cuffe, who was created a baronet of Ireland, in 1621, having no heir male, obtained, by creation, on the 20th of July, 1800, the barony of Castle Coote, with reversion to Charles-Henry Coote, the lineal descendant of his lordship's ancestor, the above-mentioned Sir Charles. Upon the demise of Lord Montrath, the title of Castle Coote devolved, accordingly, upon

CHARLES-HENRY, who *m.* Elizabeth-Anne, eldest daughter and co-heiress of the Reverend Doctor Tilson, by whom he had issue two sons, who died unmarried in the life-time of his lordship, Eyre, the present peer, and one daughter, who died in youth.

Motto, in English,
Truth conquers.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

CASTLEMAINE, VISCOUNT, (William Handcock,) Baron Castlemaine, of Moydrum, county of Westmeath; *b.* 28th August, 1761; *m.* 20th March, 1782, Florinda, eldest daughter of William, Earl of Clancarty, by whom he has no issue. His lordship represented the borough of Athlone, in the Irish parliament, from 1783 to the final dissolution of that assembly in 1801. He was created, the 21st December, 1812, Baron Castlemaine, with remainder to his only brother, Richard; and, on the 22nd January, 1822,

was advanced to the viscounty, but without the reversionary grant.

This being an Irish peerage, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the viscount is not a representative peer.

Motto, in English,
Watch and pray.

Town Residence—
*Country Seat—*Moydrum, county of Westmeath.

CASTLE STEWART, EARL OF, (Robert Stewart,) Viscount Stewart, Baron Castle Stewart, of Ireland, and a baronet; *m.* 23rd of April, 1806, Jemima, only daughter of Colonel Robinson, by whom he has issue Edward, Viscount Stewart, *b.* 10th of September, 1807, and another son, and three daughters. His lordship succeeded to the titles upon the demise of his father, 26th August, 1809.

The honors of the Earl of Castle Stewart being solely Irish, his lordship enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the royal house of Stuart, sprung from Robert, Duke of Albany, third son of Robert the Second, of Scotland.

ANDREW STEWART, third Lord Ochiltrie, the direct descendant in the fourth degree of Andrew, the great-great-grandson of the above-mentioned Duke of Albany, having sold the barony of Ochiltrie to his cousin, James Stewart, of Killeith, was created, in November, 1619, Baron of Castle Stewart, in Ireland. His lordship *d.* in 1632, and was succeeded by his son,

ANDREW, who *d.* in 1639, and was succeeded by his son,

ANDREW, who was succeeded by his only son,

JOSIAS. This nobleman dying without issue, the title reverted to his uncle,

JOHN. After the decease of this nobleman, without issue, the title remained in abeyance until the year 1774, when it was claimed by, and allowed to,

ANDREW-THOMAS, the heir male of Robert, third son of the first lord. His lordship was created Viscount Castle Stewart, 20th December, 1793, and advanced to an earldom, as Earl of Castle Stewart, on the 29th December, 1800. He *m.* 25th July, 1781, Sarah, daughter of the Right Honorable Godfrey Lill, judge of the court of common pleas in Ireland, by whom he had issue Robert, the present peer, and another son, and four daughters.

Motto, in English,
Forward.

Town Residence—
*Country Seat—*Castle Stewart, county of Tyrone.

CATHCART, EARL, (William-Shaw Cathcart,) Viscount Cathcart, Baron Greenock, of the United Kingdom, and Baron Cathcart, of that part of it called Scotland, K.T., ambassador to the court of St. Petersburgh, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 2nd regiment of life guards; succeeded to the Scottish barony, upon the demise of his father, 21st July, 1776; and, upon his return from commanding the expedition to Copenhagen, in 1807, was created a peer of the empire at large, the 9th of November, by the titles of Baron Greenock and Viscount Cathcart. On the 16th of July, 1814, his lordship was advanced to the dignity of Earl Cathcart. He *m.* in 1779, Miss Elliot, of New York, by whom he has issue Charles-Murray, Lord Greenock, *b.* 21st Dec. 1783, an officer of rank in the army, and three other sons, and three daughters.

Lineage.

ALLAN CATHCART, knt. was created Baron Cathcart by James the Second, of Scotland, in 1447. His lordship's descendant,

ALLAN, the seventh lord, *m.* Elizabeth Dalrymple, daughter of Viscount Stair, by whom he had, with other children, his successor,

CHARLES. This nobleman filled some high stations in the court of George the Second; but going in a military command to the West Indies, he died at St. Christophers, in 1740, and was succeeded by his son,

CHARLES, who *m.* 24th July, 1753, Jane, daughter of Lord Archibald Hamilton, by whom he had issue William-Shaw, the present earl, and six other children.

Motto, in English,
I hope to speed.

*Town Residence—*3, Cumberland-place.
Country Seat—

CAVAN, EARL AND BARON OF, (Richard-Ford-William Lambart,) Viscount Kilcoursie, and Lord Lambart, of the kingdom of Ireland, K.C., a general officer, and colonel of the 45th regiment of foot; *b.* 10th September, 1763; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 2nd November, 1778; *m.* 8th July, 1782, Honora, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Henry Gould, one of the judges of the court of common pleas, by whom he had issue George-Frederick-Augustus, Viscount Kilcoursie, *b.* 9th March, 1789, and five other children, two sons, who died in infancy, and three daughters. Her ladyship dying 1st October, 1813, the earl *m.* secondly, 11th August, 1814, Lydia, second daughter of William Arnold, esq. of Slatwood, Isle of Wight, by whom he has two sons and a daughter.

The honors of the house of Lambart being solely of Ireland, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

OLIVER LAMBART, who, in 1601, was appointed governor of the province of Connaught, in Ireland, was elevated to the peerage, as Baron of Cavan, on the 17th February, 1607. His lordship *d.* in 1618, and was succeeded by his son,

CHARLES, who, in 1647, was advanced to a vis-

county and earldom, as Viscount Kilcoursie and Earl of Cavan. His lordship was succeeded by his son,

RICHARD, to whom succeeded his son,

CHARLES. This nobleman had two sons, and was succeeded by the eldest,

RICHARD. His lordship was succeeded by his son,

FORD, who dying without male issue, the family honors reverted to his first cousin,

RICHARD, grandson to Charles, the third earl. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Sophia, heiress of the Honorable Oliver Lambart, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of George Davis, esq. one of the commissioners of the navy, by whom he had issue Richard, the present peer, and one daughter.

Motto, in English,
Prepared on all sides.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

CAVE, SIR WILLIAM BROWNE, baronet, of Stanford, Northamptonshire; *m.* in 1793, Louisa, fourth daughter of Sir Robert-Mead Wilmot, bart. by whom he has issue five sons and a daughter; succeeded to the title upon the demise of the Reverend Sir Charles Cave, unmarried, on the 21st March, 1810.

Lineage.

The baronetcy was conferred, the 30th June, 1641, upon

THOMAS CAVE, esq. a gentleman who had distinguished himself during the civil wars, by zealous loyalty to his sovereign; he *m.* twice, and by his second wife, Penelope, second daughter of Thomas, Viscount Wenman, of the kingdom of Ireland, (a title now extinct,) had, with several other children, his successor,

SIR ROGER. This gentleman, also, *m.* twice: first, Martha, daughter and heiress of John Brown, esq. clerk of the parliament; and, secondly, Mary, daughter of Sir William Bromley, K.B. He had a numerous progeny by both ladies, and *d.* 11th Oct. 1703, when he was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of John, Viscount Fermanagh, of Ireland, (a title now extinct,) by whom he had two sons, and two daughters. He *d.* 21st April, 1719, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR VERNEY, who dying unmarried, the title of fortune devolved upon his brother,

SIR THOMAS, a barrister at law: he *d.* 7th Aug. 1776, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Sarah, daughter of Mr. John Edwards, a merchant of London, by whom he had a son and daughter. He *d.* 31st May, 1780, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman dying without issue, the title reverted to his uncle,

THE REV. SIR CHARLES, who dying unmarried, the title devolved upon the present baronet.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Thedingworth, Leicestershire.

CAWDOR, BARON, (John - Frederick Campbell,) of Castlemartin, Pembrokeshire, F.R.S.; *b.* 21st November, 1790; *m.* 30th July, 1816, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the Marquess of Bath, by whom he has issue two daughters; one *b.* 6th January, 1819, and the other in May, 1820. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 1st of June, 1821.

Lineage.

This family is a branch of the noble house of Argyll, springing from Sir John Campbell, third son of Archibald, Earl of Argyll.

JOHN CAMPBELL, eldest son of Pryce Campbell, esq. of Cawdor Castle, was created a peer of Great Britain by the style of Baron Cawdor, the 21st June, 1796. His lordship *m.* 27th July, 1789, Caroline, eldest daughter of the late Frederick, Earl of Carlisle, by whom he had issue John-Frederick, the present peer, and another son George-Pryce, a captain in the navy.

Motto,
Be mindful.

Town Residence—9, Grosvenor-square.
Country Seat—Stackpole Court, Pembrokeshire.

CAYLEY, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Brompton, Yorkshire, F.R.S.; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in March, 1792; *m.* in 1795, Sarah, daughter of the Rev. George Walker, of Nottingham, by whom he has issue George, and two other sons, and five daughters.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient family of the county of Norfolk, being settled there so far back as the reign of John. The baronetcy was conferred, the 26th April, 1661, upon

WILLIAM CAYLEY, esq. who *m.* Dorothy, eldest daughter of Sir William St. Quintin, of Yorkshire, by whom he had five sons and two daughters; he was succeeded by his second son,

SIR WILLIAM, who was also succeeded by his second son,

SIR ARTHUR, who died at an advanced age, in 1727, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SIR GEORGE, who *m.* 31st May, 1730, Philadelphia, daughter of John Digby, esq. of Mansfield Woodhouse, Nottinghamshire, by whom he had six sons and eight daughters. He *d.* at the age of eighty-four, in 1791, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* Isabella, daughter of John Seton, esq. by whom he had issue the present baronet, and four daughters.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Brompton, Yorkshire.

CHAD, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Thursford, county of Norfolk; *m.* 14th June, 1810, Anne, second daughter of Edward, Earl of Winterton, by whom he has issue Edward, *b.* 5th September, 1811; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 24th November, 1815.

Lineage.

George Chad, esq. was created a baronet on the 21st of June, 1791; *m.* first, Sarah, daughter of John Rowls, esq. of Kingston, Surrey, by whom he had issue Charles, the present baronet, and two other sons, and a daughter; he *m.* secondly, Mary, sole heiress of Edward Fletcher, esq. of Richmond, Surrey, by whom he had no child.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Thursford Hall, county of Norfolk.

CHAMPNEYS, SIR THOMAS SWYMMER, baronet, of Orchardley, Somersetshire; *b.* 31st May, 1769; *m.* 21st April, 1792, Charlotte-Margaret, second daughter of Sir R. Mostyn, bart. by whom he has no issue; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 2nd of July, 1821.

Lineage.

This family is said to have been settled at its present seat in Somersetshire, since the Conquest, and to have always enjoyed the highest degree of respectability. The baronetcy was conferred the 12th January, 1767, upon

Thomas Champneys, esq. who *m.* Caroline-Anne, daughter of Richard Cox, esq. of Quarley, Hampshire, by whom he had issue Thomas Swymmer, the present baronet, (he derives the name of Swymmer from his grandmother, the heiress of Langley Swymmer, esq.) and one daughter.

Motto, in English,

Not afraid to die for my country.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Orchardly, Somersetshire.

CHARLEMONT, EARL OF, (Francis-William Caulfield,) Viscount Caulfield, Baron of Charlemont; *b.* 3d January, 1775; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 4th August, 1792; *m.* 9th February, 1802, Miss Bermingham, youngest daughter and coheiress of William Bermingham, esq. of Ross Hill, county of Galway, by whom he has issue William Francis, Viscount Caulfield.

The honors of the house of Charlemont being solely Irish, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament; the present earl is, however, a representative peer.

Lineage.

Sir Toby Caulfield, knt., in consideration of his public services in Ireland, was created, by James the First, on the 22nd of December, 1620, Baron Charlemont, with remainder to his nephew,

William. This nobleman *d.* in 1640, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Toby, who was murdered in 1641: when the title devolved upon his brother,

Robert, who dying without issue in the same year, (1641,) the barony reverted to his brother,

William; created Viscount of Charlemont, 8th October, 1665. His lordship *m.* Sarah, daughter of Charles, Viscount Drogheda, by whom he had issue his successor,

William, who died 21st of July, 1728, and was succeeded by his son,

James. This nobleman *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter of the Right Honorable Francis Bernard, one of the judges of the court of common-pleas, by whom he had two sons: the youngest, Francis, who *m.* Mary, only daughter of John, Lord Eyre, was lost with his lady, infant child, and servant, in a dreadful hurricane, upon their passage to Ireland, in November, 1775. The viscount *d.* 21st April, 1734, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

James, K.B.; *b.* 18th August, 1728, created Earl of Charlemont, 23rd December, 1763; *m.* 2nd July, 1768, Mary, daughter of Thomas Hickman, esq. of the county of Clare, by whom he had issue Francis-William, the present peer, and two other sons and a daughter. His lordship was a distinguished patriot, and had the high honor of being nominated commander-in-chief of the celebrated volunteer army of Ireland, in 1780.

Motto, in English,

God my leader, my sword my companion.

Town Residence—45, Grosvenor-place, London; Palace-row, Dublin.

Country Seat—Castle Caulfield, Armagh.

CHARLEVILLE, EARL OF, (Charles-William Bury,) Viscount Charleville, Baron Tullamore, F.R.S., and member of the Royal Irish Academy; *b.* 30th June, 1764; *m.* 4th June, 1798, Catharine-Maria, only daughter and heiress of Thomas-Townley Dawson, esq. by whom he has issue Charles-William, Lord Tullamore, *b.* 28th April, 1801. Mr. Bury being heir general, and representative of the house of Moore, Lords of Tullamore, and Earls of Charleville, through his mother, the Honorable Jane Moore, (his father was William Bury, esq. of Shannon Grove,) sister to Charles Moore, with whom the earldom and barony were extinguished, in 1765; was created Baron Tullamore, 7th November, 1797, Viscount Charleville, 29th December, 1800, and Earl of Charleville, 16th February, 1806.

Motto, in English,

Virtue flourishes under the Cross.

Town Residence—12, Cavendish-square.

Country Seats—Charleville Forest, Tullamore, Ireland.

CHATHAM, EARL OF, (John Pitt,) Viscount Pitt, of Burton Pynsent, Somersetshire, and Baron Chatham, of Chatham, K.G., a general officer in the army, colonel of the 4th regiment of foot, and governor-general of Gibraltar; *b.* 10th September, 1757; succeeded to the earldom and viscounty, upon the demise of his father, 11th May, 1778, and to the barony, on the death of his mother, 3rd April, 1803; *m.* 9th July, 1783, Mary-Elizabeth, second daugh-

ter of Thomas, Viscount Sidney, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

WILLIAM PITT, esq. second son of Robert Pitt, of Boconnock, having distinguished himself as one of the most eloquent senators, and one of the ablest statesmen of the two last reigns, (George the Second, and George the Third,) obtained a peerage for his lady, Hester Grenville, sister to the Earl of Temple, on the 4th of December, 1761, by the style of Baroness Chatham; and was himself, on the 4th of August, 1766, created Viscount Pitt, and Earl of Chatham. His lordship had several children, the eldest of whom was John, the present Earl, and the youngest but one, the celebrated William Pitt, who held, for so many eventful years, the reins of government, as prime minister of England. Lord Chatham's death was singular and impressive. In an effort to speak in the house of lords, when labouring under infirmities, he suddenly dropt down, and although he died not immediately, his lordship survived but two or three weeks afterwards. His remains were honored with public obsequies, and a pension of £4000 a year was settled upon the earldom of Chatham.

Motto, in English,
By God's blessing.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Burton Pynsent, Somersetshire; Hayes, Kent.

CHATTERTON, SIR WILLIAM-ABRAHAM, baronet, of Castle Mahon, Cork; *b.* in 1787; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 9th April, 1806.

Lineage.

JAMES CHATTERTON, esq. a barrister of eminence, after filling some high legal offices, was created a baronet, 3rd August, 1801; he *m.* Rebecca, daughter of Abraham Lane, esq. of the city of Cork, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and another son, and three daughters.

Motto, in English,
Loyal to death.

Country Seat—Castle Mahon, Cork.

CHESTERFIELD, EARL OF, (George-Augustus-Frederick Stanhope,) and Baron Stanhope, of Shelford; *b.* 23rd May, 1805, succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 29th August, 1815.

Lineage.

PHILIP STANHOPE, (eldest son of Sir John Stanhope, knt., ancestor of the Earls of Harrington,) was created Baron Stanhope, of Shelford, Nottinghamshire, 7th November, 1616, and advanced to the earldom of Chesterfield, 4th August, 1628. His lordship, by his first wife, Catherine, daughter of Francis, Lord Hastings, had eleven sons; and by his second, Anne, daughter of Sir John Packington, one son, the ancestor of the Earls of Stanhope. His lordship *d.* 12th September, 1656, and was succeeded by his grandson,

PHILIP. This nobleman *m.* thrice, and was succeeded, in 1713, by the eldest son of his third marriage,

PHILIP, who *d.* in 1726, and was succeeded by his son,

PHILIP-DORMER. This was the celebrated Earl of Chesterfield. His lordship obtained the honor of the Garter, and filled, at different periods, some of the highest offices. In 1745, he was lord-lieutenant of Ireland, and the next year secretary of state; but he was even more distinguished as a wit than a politician. He *m.* Melosina de Schulemburgh, who was created, in 1722, Countess of Walsingham, and Baroness of Aldborough. His lordship dying 24th March, 1773, without issue, the family honors reverted to

PHILIP, great-great-grandson of Arthur, eleventh son of the first earl; *b.* 10th November, 1775; K.G., and master of the horse to the King. His lordship *m.* twice, and by his second wife, Henrietta, third daughter of the first Marquess of Bath, had issue George-Augustus-Frederick, the present peer, and two daughters.

Motto, in English,
From God and the king.

Town Residence—Chesterfield House, South Audley-street.

Country Seat—Bradley Hall, Derbyshire.

CHETWODE, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Oakley, Staffordshire; *b.* 11th May, 1764; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 25th May, 1779; *m.* 26th October, 1785, Harrietta, eldest daughter of George-Harry, Earl of Stamford and Warrington, by whom he has issue John, and six other sons, and seven daughters.

Lineage.

JOHN CHETWODE, esq. was created a baronet, on the 6th of April, 1700. He *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Alderman Sir Jonathan Raymond, knt., of London, by whom he had a son and three daughters; and secondly, Catharine, daughter of John Tayleur, esq. by whom he had no issue. Sir John *d.* 22nd April, 1733, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR PHILIP-TOUCHET, who *d.* 15th November, 1764, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* Dorothy, third daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Brentland, esq. by whom he had eight children, none of whom survived himself, but his successor, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
Christ is my crown.

Town Residence—23, Cumberland-street, Portman-square.

Country Seats—Oakley, Staffordshire; Chetwode, Buckinghamshire; and Whitley, Chester.

CHETWYND, VISCOUNT, (Richard-Walter Chetwynd,) of Bearhaven, county of Cork, and Baron of Rathdowne, county of Dublin; *b.* 14th December, 1800; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 27th February, 1821; *m.* 30th August, 1822, Mary,

only surviving daughter of Robert Moss, by whom he has issue a son and heir, *b.* 26th July, 1823; and another son, *b.* in 1824.

The honors of Lord Chetwynd being solely Irish, his lordship enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and he is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

WALTER CHETWYND, esq., eldest son of John Chetwynd, A. M. of Ridge, Staffordshire, was created, 29th June, 1717, Viscount Chetwynd, of Bearhaven, county of Cork, and Baron of Rathdowne, county of Dublin, with remainder, in case of failure of issue, to the heirs male of his father. His lordship dying without a son, on the 21st February, 1735, was succeeded by his brother,

JOHN. This nobleman had two sons and two daughters, but the former dying before himself, without issue, the titles, at his decease, 21st June, 1767, devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM-RICHARD, who *d.* 3rd April, 1770, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM. This nobleman had several children, and was succeeded, 12th November, 1791, by his third son, (the two elder having died before his lordship,)

RICHARD, *b.* 29th September, 1757; *m.* Charlotte Cartwright, daughter of —— Cartwright, esq. of Aynho, by whom he had issue Richard-Walter, the present peer, another son, and five daughters.

Motto, in English,
Probity is true honor.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

CHETWYND, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Grendon, Warwickshire; *m.* 30th August, 1804, Hannah-Maria, eldest daughter of John Sparrow, esq. of Bishton, Staffordshire, by whom he has no issue; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 24th March, 1824.

Lineage.

This family is sprung from the same stock as the noble house of Chetwynd. The baronetcy was conferred upon

GEORGE CHETWYND, esq., son of William Chetwynd, of Brockton, Staffordshire, on the 1st of May, 1795. He had previously received the honor of knighthood, (January, 1787,) and *m.* Jane, daughter of Richard Bantin, esq., by whom he had issue George, the present baronet, three other sons, and a daughter.

Motto, in English,
God's will be done.

Town Residence—7, Great George-street, Westminster.

Country Seats—Broeton Lodge, Litchfield; and Grendon Hall, Atherstone, Warwickshire.

CHICHESTER, EARL OF, (Thomas Pelham,) Baron Pelham, one of the postmasters-general, a privy-councillor in Ireland, and F.R.S.; *b.* 28th April, 1756; *m.* in 1801, Mary-Henrietta-Juliana, daughter of Francis, Duke of Leeds, by whom he has issue Henry-Thomas, Lord Pelham, *b.* 25th June, 1804, another son, and six daughters. His lordship was called to the house of peers, by writ, during the life-time of his father, 29th June, 1801, as Baron Pelham, and succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of that nobleman, 8th January, 1805.

Lineage.

THOMAS PELHAM, esq., son of Thomas Pelham, of Stanmer, Sussex, succeeded, on the death of his cousin, Thomas Pelham, Duke of Newcastle, in 1768, to the barony of Pelham, of Stanmer, which had been conferred upon his grace, 5th May, 1762, with limitation to this gentleman, and his issue male; and his lordship was elevated to an earldom, by patent, 23rd June, 1801, as Earl of Chichester. He *m.* 11th May, 1754, Anne, daughter and heiress of Frederick M. Frankland, esq., by whom he had issue Thomas, the present peer, two other sons, and four daughters.

Motto, in English,
Love of country conquers.

Town Residence—17, Stratton-street.

Country Seat—Stanmer, Lewes, Sussex.

CHICHESTER, SIR ARTHUR, baronet, of Raleigh, Devonshire, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his cousin, 30th September, 1808; *m.* in 1819, Charlotte, youngest daughter of Sir Henry Williams, by whom he has a son and heir, *b.* 8th October, 1822, and two daughters.

Lineage.

This family is from the same stock as the noble house of Chichester, Earls of Donegal.

JOHN CHICHESTER, esq. was created a baronet on the 4th August, 1641, and dying in 1667, was succeeded by his son,

SIR JOHN, at whose demise, in 1680, without male issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR ARTHUR, who *d.* in 1717, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR JOHN, who *d.* in 1740, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* Frances, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir George Chudleigh, by whom he had an only child, his successor,

SIR JOHN, who dying unmarried, the title reverted to the present baronet, the son of the Rev. William Chichester, Sir John's uncle

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Youlston, Barnstaple; and Sandford, Devonshire.

CHICHESTER, SIR ARTHUR, baronet, of Green Castle, county of Donegal, Ireland, created 13th September, 1821.

Country Seat—Green Castle, Donegal.

CHOLMELEY, SIR MONTAGUE, baronet, of Easton, Lincolnshire, created 4th March, 1806; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John

Harrison, of Norton-place, esq., by whom he has issue Montague-John, two other sons, and three daughters. Sir Montague Cholmeley is member for Grantham.

Country Seat—Easton, Lincolnshire.

CHOLMONDELEY, MARQUESS AND EARL OF, (George-James Cholmondeley,) Earl of Rocksavage; Viscount Malpas; Baron Cholmondeley, of Namptwich, county of Chester; Baron Newburgh, county of Anglesey; and Viscount Cholmondeley, and Baron Newburgh, in the peerage of Ireland; a baronet, and K.G. His lordship is lord-steward of the household, and chamberlain of Chester. He was *b.* 30th April, 1740; and succeeded to all the honors but the marquesate and the earldom (of Rocksavage), which he obtained by creation, 22nd November, 1815, upon the demise of his grandfather, 10th June, 1770. He *m.* 25th April, 1791, Georgiana-Charlotte, second daughter of Peregrine, third Duke of Ancaster, by whom he has issue George-James-Horatio, Earl of Rocksavage, *b.* 17th January, 1792, summoned to the house of peers, 27th December, 1821, as Baron of Newburgh; and another son. He had a daughter, who *m.* Colonel Seymour, and *d.* 2nd December, 1821. The Marchioness of Cholmondeley is joint hereditary great chamberlain of England with her sister, the Baroness Willoughby de Eresby.

Lineage.

ROBERT CHOLMONDELEY, eldest son of Sir Hugh Cholmondeley, of Cholmondeley, knight, was created a baronet on the 29th June, 1611; and in 1628, advanced to the dignity of viscount of the kingdom of Ireland, by the style of Viscount Cholmondeley, of Kells; and a baron of England, as Baron Cholmondeley, of Namptwich. He was further advanced, in the ensuing year, to the earldom of Leinster, in Ireland, but dying without male issue, his honors became extinct, while his estates descended to his nephew,

ROBERT CHOLMONDELEY, who was created Viscount Cholmondeley, of Kells, (one of the titles enjoyed by his uncle,) by patent, dated 29th March, 1661. His lordship *d.* in May, 1681, and was succeeded by his son,

HUGH, who, upon the accession of William and Mary, having actively espoused their cause, was created by letters patent, dated 10th April, 1689, Lord Cholmondeley, of Namptwich, with remainder, in case of failure of issue, to his brother, George Cholmondeley. His lordship was advanced, on the 27th December, 1706, to the dignity of Viscount Malpas, and Earl of Cholmondeley. He *d.* the 18th January, 1724-5, unmarried, and was succeeded by his only brother,

GEORGE, who had previously distinguished himself as a military officer, having commanded the horse grenadier-guards of William, at the battle of the Boyne, and had been elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as Baron Newburgh, of the county of Wexford. The second son of this nobleman, James, *m.* Penelope, daughter of the fourth Earl of Barrymore, by which marriage the mansion-house and estate of Rocksavage came into the family of Cholmondeley. The earl *d.* on the 7th May, 1733, and was succeeded by his son,

GEORGE, *b.* 7th January, 1703; a K.B.; *m.* 14th September, 1723, Mary, only daughter of Sir Robert Walpole, first Earl of Orford, by whom he had issue George, Viscount Malpas, (who *m.* Hester, daughter and heiress of Sir Francis Edwards, bart., and left George-James, the present marquess, and a daughter. Lord Malpas *d.* 15th March, 1764,) and several other children.

Motto, in English,

Virtue is the safest casque.

Town Residence—94, Piccadilly.

Country Seats—Cholmondeley Castle, Cheshire; and Houghton, Norfolk.

CHURCHILL, BARON, (Francis-Almarick Spencer,) of Whichcote; *b.* 30th December, 1779; *m.* 25th November, 1800, Frances, daughter of Augustus-Henry, Duke of Grafton, by whom he has issue Francis, five other sons, and three daughters. His lordship was elevated to the peerage, by the above title, on the 11th August, 1815.

Lineage.

See that of the Duke of Marlborough, Lord Churchill's brother.

Motto, in English,

God defends the right.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

CLANBRASSIL, BARON, (Robert Jocelyn,) of Hyde Hall, Herts, K.P.

See Earl of Roden.

CLANCARTY, EARL OF, (Richard-La-Poer French,) Viscount Dunlo, of Dunlo, and Balinasloe; Baron Kilconnel, of Garbally, county of Galway, of that part of the United Kingdom called Ireland; and a peer of the empire, as Viscount Clancarty, and Baron Trench, of Garbally; G.C.B.; governor and custos-rotulorum of the county of Galway, and colonel of the Galway militia. In 1813, his lordship was appointed ambassador to the Hague, and was created, by the King of the Netherlands, in 1818, Marquess of Heusden, to enable him to accept which honor, he obtained permission, under the sign-manual of his own sovereign. His lordship was *b.* 18th of May, 1767; *m.* 9th of February, 1796, Henrietta-Margaret, second daughter of the Right Honorable John Staples, by whom he has issue William-Thomas, Viscount Dunlo, *b.* 21st September, 1803; and two other sons, and four daughters. He succeeded to the Irish peerage upon the demise of his father, 27th April, 1805, and was created Baron Trench, of the

realm at large, 4th August, 1815; and Viscount Clancarty in 1824.

Lord Clancarty sits in the house of lords as one of the Irish representative peers, although, since his election, he has obtained an hereditary seat there as a peer of the realm.

Lineage.

WILLIAM-POWER-KEATING TRENCH, third son of Richard Trench, esq. of Garbally, by Frances, only daughter and heiress of David Power, esq., was created, on the 25th November, 1797, Baron Kilconnel; on the 3rd of June, 1801, Viscount Dunlo; and on the 11th February, 1803, Earl of Clancarty. His lordship *m.* on the 30th October, 1762, Anne, eldest daughter of the Right Honorable Charles Gardiner, by whom he had issue Richard, the present peer, and nine other sons, and eight daughters.

Motto, in English,
Fortune, the associate of virtue.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Garbally, county of Galway.

CLANMORRIS, BARON, (Charles-Barry Bingham,) of Newbrook, county of Mayo, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1821.

Lord Clanmorris, being a peer of Ireland only, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

JOHN BINGHAM, esq., maternal nephew of John, eleventh Earl of Clanricarde, *m.* 21st May, 1791, Anna-Maria, only daughter of Viscount Avonmore, by whom he had issue Charles-Barry, the present peer, and two other sons, and a daughter; was created, on the 31st July, 1800, Baron Clanmorris, of Newbrook.

Motto, in English,
Christ is my hope.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Newbrook, county of Mayo.

CLANRICARDE, EARL OF, (Ulick-John De Burgh,) Baron of Dunkellin; *b.* 20th December, 1802; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 27th July, 1803; *m.* in 1825, Miss Canning, only daughter of the Right Honorable George Canning, his majesty's principal secretary of state for foreign affairs.

Lord Clanricarde, being a peer of Ireland only, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

The family of De Burgh, Burke, or Bourke, as the name has, at different periods, been written, ranks amongst the most ancient in the empire, and deduces an uninterrupted line of powerful nobles from the Conquest. Adelm De Burgh (uncle of Hubert de Burgh, Earl of Kent, esteemed one of the greatest subjects in Europe, during the reigns of John, and Henry the Third) settled in Ireland, and was the progenitor of

ULICK, created Earl of Clanricarde and Baron Dunkellin, 1st July, 1543. From this nobleman directly descended

RICHARD, the fourth Earl, who was created, 3rd April, 1624, Baron Somerhill and Viscount Tunbridge, county of Kent; and on the 23rd of August, 1628, Earl of St. Albans. His lordship *d.* in 1636, and was succeeded by his son,

ULICK. This nobleman was advanced to the marquesate of Clanricarde, in Ireland, 21st February, 1644, but dying without male issue, that title, and his English honors, were extinguished, while the Irish earldom of Clanricarde, and barony of Dunkellin, alone reverted to his first-cousin,

RICHARD, who dying without issue, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM. This nobleman was succeeded by his son,

RICHARD, who *d.* without issue, and was succeeded by his brother.

JOHN, who *d.* 17th October, 1722, and was succeeded by his son,

MICHAEL. This nobleman *m.* Anne, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John Smith, esq. of Tudworth, Hampshire, speaker of the English house of commons, and subsequently chancellor of the exchequer, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* 29th November, 1726, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

JOHN-SMITH, who died in 1782, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY. This nobleman, who was a privy-councillor of Ireland, a knight of St. Patrick, and governor of the county of Galway, was created Marquess of Clanricarde on the 18th of August, 1785, but dying without issue, 8th December, 1797, the marquesate became extinct, and his lordship's other titles devolved upon his only brother,

JOHN-THOMAS, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 66th foot. His lordship *m.* 17th March, 1790, Eliza, daughter of the late Sir Thomas Burke, bart. of Marble Hill, county of Galway, by whom he had issue Ulick-John, the present peer, and two daughters. On the 29th December, 1800, his lordship obtained a grant, conferring the dignity of countess upon his daughters in succession, and that of Earl of Clanricarde upon their male issue, according to priority of birth, in case of the failure of his own male descendants.

Motto, in English,
One king, one faith, one law.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Portumna Castle, county of Galway.

CLANWILLIAM, EARL OF, (Richard Meade,) Viscount Clanwilliam, of the county of Tipperary; Baron Gilford, of the county of Down; and a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 15th August, 1795; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in Sept. 1805.

Lord Clanwilliam, being an Irish nobleman only, enjoys no hereditary seat in the legislature, nor is he a representative peer.

Lineage.

JOHN MEADE, esq., grandson of Sir John Meade, knight, and Catherine, his wife, daughter of Sir Dominick Sarsfield, bart., Viscount Kilmallock, represented the county of Tipperary in parliament, in 1692, (previously filling the office of attorney-general to James, Duke of York, and having a seat upon the bench as judge of the county of Tipperary,) was created a baronet on the 29th May, 1703. This gentleman *m.* thrice; and dying 12th January, 1711, was succeeded by the third son of his (third) marriage with Elizabeth, daughter of Pierce, Viscount Ikerrin,

SIR PIERCE. This gentleman dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR RICHARD, who *m.* Catharine, second daughter of Henry Prettie, esq., the ancestor of Lord Dunnalley, by whom he had a son and a daughter. Sir Robert *d.* 27th April, 1744, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR JOHN, *b.* a few days before his father's death (21st April, 1744); *m.* 29th August, 1765, Theodosia, only daughter and heiress of Robert H. Magill, esq., by whom he had several children. Sir John was elevated to the peerage, by creation, 17th November, 1766, as Baron Gilford, and Viscount Clanwilliam; and on the 20th July, 1776, was created Earl of Clanwilliam. His lordship *d.* 19th October, 1800, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

RICHARD, *b.* 10th May, 1766; *m.* 6th October, 1793, a foreign lady of rank, Caroline, Countess of Thunn, by whom he had issue Richard, the present peer, another son, and three daughters. His lordship *m.* secondly, the dowager Lady Shouldham, and *d.* in two months afterwards, on the 3rd of September, 1805.

Motto, in English,
Always ready.

Residence—Lord Clanwilliam is envoy-extraordinary, and ambassador - plenipotentiary, to the Prussian Court, and resides, of course, at Berlin.

CLARE, EARL OF, (John Fitzgibbon,) Viscount Fitzgibbon, Baron Fitzgibbon, of Lower Cornello, county of Limerick, in the Irish peerage, and a peer of the realm, as Baron Fitzgibbon, of Sidbury, Devonshire; *b.* 2nd June, 1792; succeeded to the family honors, upon the demise of his father, 28th January, 1802.

Lineage.

JOHN FITZGIBBON, esq., eldest son of John Fitzgibbon, esq. of Mount Shannon, county of Limerick, barrister-at-law, and member of the Irish parliament, was bred to the profession of his father, and, after filling the office of attorney-general of Ireland, was elevated to the high station of lord chancellor of that kingdom, in 1789, and created Baron Fitzgibbon, of Lower Cornello. On the 20th December, 1793, his lordship was created Viscount Fitzgibbon, of Limerick, and, on the 10th of June, 1795, advanced to the dignity of Earl of Clare. On the 24th September, 1799, the earl obtained his English peerage, as Lord Fitzgibbon, of Sidbury. His lordship *m.* 1st July, 1786, Anne, eldest daughter of Richard-Chapel Whaley, esq. by whom he had issue John, the present peer, and four other children, two of whom are living, a son and daughter.

Motto,
Be surprised at nothing.

Town Residence—15, Sackville-street.

Country Seat—Mount Shannon, county of Limerick.

CLARENCE AND ST. ANDREWS, HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF, (Prince William-Henry,) in Great Britain, and Earl of Munster, in Ireland, K.G., K.T., G.C.B., admiral of the fleet, and ranger of Bushy Park; third son of his late majesty, George the Third, and brother to the reigning sovereign; *b.* 21st August, 1765; created Duke of Clarence and St. Andrews, and Earl of Munster, on the 19th May, 1789; *m.* 11th July, 1818, Her Serene Highness Amelia-Adelaide-Louisa-Catharine, eldest daughter of George, late Duke of Saxe-Meinengen, by whom he had two daughters, who both died in infancy.

Town Residence—Stable-yard.

Country Seat—Bushy Park, Middlesex.

CLARENDON, EARL OF, (John-Charles Villiers,) Baron Hyde, of Hindon, and a Prussian count; *b.* 14th November, 1757; *m.* 5th January, 1791, Maria-Eleanor, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Admiral Forbes, by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family upon the demise of his brother, 7th March, 1824.

Lineage.

THE HONORABLE THOMAS VILLIERS, second son of William, second Earl of Jersey, who *m.* 30th March, 1752, Charlotte, eldest daughter of William, Earl of Essex, by whom he had three sons and a daughter, was created, 3rd June, 1756, Baron Hyde, of Hindon, and, on the 14th of June, 1776, Earl of Clarendon; in 1782, his lordship obtained his Prussian honors. He *d.* 11th December, 1786, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, who dying unmarried, the family honors devolved upon his next brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
The cross is the test of faith.

Town Residence—18, North Audley-street.

Country Seats—The Grove, Watford, Herts; and Penllline Castle, Carmarthenshire.

CLARINA, BARON, (Eyre Massey,) of Elm Park, county of Limerick; *b.* 6th May, 1798; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1810.

Lord Clarina being a baron of Ireland only, has no hereditary seat in parliament, nor is he a representative peer.

Lineage.

EYRE MASSEY, esq. having entered early into the military service of his country, and having reached

the highest rank of his profession, was created, in recompense for his distinguished services, a peer of the kingdom of Ireland, as Baron Clarina, on the 27th December, 1800. His lordship *m.* Miss Catharine Clements, sister to the first Earl of Leitrim, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He died 17th May, 1804, and was succeeded by his second and only surviving son,

NATHANIEL-WILLIAM, who was also a military officer, and arrived at the rank of lieutenant-general in the army; *m.* Penelope, second daughter of Michael R. Westropp, esq. by whom he had issue Eyre, the present peer, two other sons, and two daughters.

Motto, in English,
For the liberty of my country.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Elm Park, county of Limerick.

CLARGES, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of St. Martin's-in-the-Fields, county of Middlesex; *b.* 24th July, 1782; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, the late Sir Thomas.

Lineage.

WALTER CLARGES, son of Sir Thomas Clarges, knt. (whose sister was the wife of the celebrated General Monk, Duke of Albemarle, and who was himself actively distinguished in restoring Charles the Second,) was created a baronet, on the 20th of October, 1674. He *m.* thrice, and was succeeded at his demise, in 1705-6, by the eldest son of his second marriage,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Barbara, youngest daughter and co-heiress of John, Viscount Fitzharding, by whom he had a son and daughter; the former of whom *m.* Anne, second daughter and co-heiress of John, Viscount Barrington, and died before his father, leaving one son, and a daughter. Sir Thomas *d.* 19th February, 1759, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR THOMAS, who married Miss Skrine, by whom he had the present baronet, another son, and two daughters. Sir Thomas was constable of the castle of the county palatine of Durham.

Town Residence—26, South-street, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Sutton, Yorkshire.

CLARKE, SIR SIMON-HOUGHTON, baronet, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, the late Sir Philip; *m.* 9th April, 1814, Catharine, second daughter of John-Houghton James, esq. of the island of Jamaica, by whom he has issue two sons and a daughter.

Lineage.

SIMON CLARKE, esq., who suffered in his fortune for his loyalty to Charles the First, was created a baronet, on the 1st of May, 1617: he *m.* twice, and had five sons and a daughter by his first lady, but no issue by his second. Sir Simon was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who died without issue, when the title reverted to his nephew,

SIR SIMON. The father of this gentleman, Peter Clarke, esq. a military officer, was killed, in 1639, by Lord Morley. Sir Simon *d.* 10th of November, 1687, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR SIMON, who was succeeded by his son,

SIR SIMON-PETER, an officer in the navy, upon whose decease without issue, the title reverted to his cousin,

SIR SIMON, eldest son of Philip, second son of Sir Simon, the third baronet. This gentleman *d.* in 1770, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR SIMON, who *m.* the daughter of —— Houghton, esq. the great Jamaica planter, with whom he obtained £100,000 fortune; by this lady he had two sons and a daughter. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR PHILIP-HOUGHTON, who dying without issue, the title devolved upon his only brother, the present baronet.

Town Residence—19, Hanover-square.

Country Seats—Oak Hill, East Barnet; and Aldwick-place, Bognor, Sussex.

CLARKE, SIR WILLIAM-HENRY-ST. LAURENCE, bart., of Cresses Green House, Cork; *b.* 31st August, 1801; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 7th February, 1803.

Lineage.

MAJOR-GENERAL WILLIAM CLARKE, eldest son of William Clarke, esq. an eminent merchant of Cork, having distinguished himself as a military officer and commander, was created a baronet, on the 28th June, 1804; *m.* in 1799, Margaret, daughter of Thomas Prendergast, esq. of Dublin, by whom he had issue William-Henry, the present baronet, four other sons, and two daughters.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Cresses Green House, near Cork.

CLAVERING, SIR THOMAS-JOHN, baronet, of Axwell, Durham; *b.* 5th of April, 1771; *m.* Clara, daughter of John, Count de la Sable, of Anjou, by whom he has issue Thomas-Charles, *b.* 5th October, 1796, two other sons, and two daughters. Sir Thomas succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, the late baronet, on the 14th October, 1794.

Lineage.

JAMES CLAVERING, esq. was created a baronet, on the 5th June, 1661, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR JAMES, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Middleton, bart., by whom he had two sons and a daughter. The former dying, however, in his lifetime, without issue, the title, at his decease, devolved upon his brother,

SIR JOHN, who was succeeded by his son,

SIR JAMES. This gentleman died in 1726, while travelling abroad, and, never having married, the title reverted to his uncle,

SIR FRANCIS, who died in 1738, without issue, when the title devolved upon

Sir James, grandson of the first baronet, being the child of his second son, James. This gentleman *m.* twice: by his first lady, Catharine, daughter of Thomas Yorke, esq. he had seven sons, but by his second no issue. He *d.* 18th May, 1748, and was succeeded by his fifth son, the four eldest having died in infancy,

Sir James, LL.D., who dying without issue, the title devolved upon his nephew, the present baronet, the son of his brother, George, by Mary, relict of Sir John Pole, bart.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Axwell, Greencroft, and Whitehouse, in the county of Durham.

CLAYTON, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Morden, Surrey; *b.* 16th April, 1762; *m.* 16th July, 1785, Mary, daughter of Sir William East, bart. by whom he has issue William-Robert, *b.* 28th August, 1786, (who *m.* in 1817, the granddaughter of Sir Neil O'Donel, bart., Alice, the daughter and heiress of his deceased son, Colonel O'Donel,) and six other children. Sir William succeeded to the title upon the demise of his cousin, 10th May, 1799.

Lineage.

William Clayton, esq., nephew and heir of Sir Robert Clayton, knt. who, in 1679, served the office of lord mayor of London, and represented the metropolis for nearly thirty years in parliament, was created a baronet, 13th January, 1731-2. This gentleman inherited large estates from his father, as well as those which he derived from his uncle. He *m.* Martha, eldest daughter of John Kenrick, esq. of Flore, county of Surrey, by whom he had several children. Sir William *d.* in 1774, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Kenrick, who was succeeded by his only son,

Sir Robert. This gentleman dying without issue, on the 10th May, 1799, the title devolved upon his cousin, the present baronet, the eldest son of the first baronet's fourth son, William, by his second wife, Caroline-Mary, daughter of Rice Lloyd, esq. of Carmarthenshire.

Motto, in English,
Virtue consists in action.

Town Residence—

Country Seats — Morden, Surrey; and Harleyford, Buckinghamshire.

CLAYTON, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Adlington, Lancashire, F.A.S.; created 3rd of May, 1774, with remainder to the male issue (in case of failure of his own) of his father, John Clayton, esq.; *m.* in 1780, Anne, daughter of Charles White, esq. of Manchester, by whom he has one daughter.

Lineage.

John Clayton, esq., grand-nephew of Doctor Robert Clayton, Bishop of Clogher, in Ireland, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Goodwin, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and three other sons.

Motto, in English,
Honesty before riches.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Adlington, Lancashire.

CLERKE, SIR WILLIAM-HENRY, baronet, of Hitcham, Buckinghamshire; *b.* 13th September, 1793; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1818; *m.* 2nd May, 1820, Mary-Elizabeth, daughter of George-Watkin Kenrick, esq. of Mertyn, Kent, who presented him with a son and heir, on the 17th November, 1822.

Lineage.

John Clerke, esq., who *m.* Philadelphia, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Edward Carr, knt. by whom he had several children, was created a baronet on the 13th July, 1660. He *d.* in October, 1667, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William, who, at his demise in 1678, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William. This gentleman *m.* Catharine, second daughter of Sir Arthur Onslow, baronet, by whom he had two sons and four daughters. He *d.* in 1699, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir John, who died without issue, in February, 1726-7, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir William, who *d.* also without issue, and the baronetcy reverted to his cousin,

Sir Francis, son of John, who was second son to Sir William, the second baronet, and grandson to the first. This gentleman dying unmarried, the title descended to

Sir Francis Carr, (who was great-great-grandson of the first baronet, being the direct descendant of his sixth son, Richard;) *b.* 24th October, 1748. This gentleman, being a military officer, lost his life in action, at Saratoga, in 1777, and was succeeded by his brother,

Sir William-Henry, a clergyman of the established church; *m.* in 1792, Byzantia, eldest daughter of Thomas Cartwright, esq. of Northamptonshire, by whom he had issue William, the present baronet, and four other children.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Bury, Lancashire.

CLERMONT, VISCOUNT, (William-Chas. Fortescue,) and Baron Clermont, of Clermont, county of Louth, an officer of rank in the army; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his uncle, in 1806.

Lord Clermont being an Irish nobleman only, enjoys no hereditary seat in the legislature, and is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

William-Henry Fortescue, esq., eldest son of Thomas Fortescue, esq. by Elizabeth, sister of Lord Clanbrassil, was created Baron and Viscount Clermont, of Clermont, county of Louth, 25th of July, 1776, with remainder, in case of failure of male

issue, to his brother, the Right Honorable James Fortescue, of Ravensdale Park, and his issue male; and in the following year obtained an earldom, as Earl Clermont, but without the reversionary grant. His lordship *d.* 29th September, 1806, when, leaving no child, the earldom was extinguished, and the barony and viscounty devolved upon his nephew, the present peer.

Motto, in English,

A strong shield is the security of commanders.

Town Residence—44, Berkeley-square.

Country Seats—Clermont Lodge, Norfolk; and Mount Cashell, Ireland.

CLIFDEN, VISCOUNT, (Henry-Welbore-Agar Ellis,) Lord Clifden, Baron of Gowran, county of Kilkenny, Ireland, and a peer of Great Britain, as Baron Mendip, of Mendip, county of Somerset; clerk of the privy council, in Ireland, and F.S.A.; *b.* 22nd January, 1761; succeeded to the Irish titles upon the demise of his father, 1st January, 1789, and to the English barony, at the death of his great-uncle, Welbore, 2nd February, 1802. His lordship *m.* 10th March, 1792, Caroline, eldest daughter of George, third Duke of Marlborough, by whom he has an only son and child, George-James Welbore, *b.* 14th January, 1797, who is *m.* to Georgiana, daughter of the present Earl of Carlisle.

Lineage.

Lord Clifden's honors being inherited through both his parents, it will be necessary to trace both lines.

James Agar, esq. (eldest son of Henry Agar, esq. by Anne Ellis, only daughter of the Right Reverend Welbore Ellis, Lord Bishop of Meath, and sister of Welbore Ellis, first Lord Mendip,) having, for many years, represented the county of Kilkenny in parliament, and filled some high official stations in Ireland, was created Baron Clifden, on the 27th July, 1776, and viscount, on the 10th December, 1780. His lordship *m.* Lucia, eldest daughter of John Martin, esq., by whom he had issue the present peer, and three other children.

Welbore Ellis, brother-in-law of the first Lord Clifden, and son of Bishop Ellis, having fulfilled the duties of some of the highest official employments under the Irish government, between the years 1749 and 1782, was created a peer of Great Britain, on the 13th August, 1794, as Baron Mendip, of Mendip, in Somersetshire, with remainder, in case of failure of issue, to the heirs male of his sister, Viscountess Clifden. His lordship *m.* twice, but dying without issue, 2nd February, 1802, the title devolved, of course, upon his great-nephew, the present Viscount Clifden.

Motto, in English,

These things have not occurred without God.

Town Residence—22, Hanover-square.

Country Seats—Gowran Castle; and Holdenby-House, Northamptonshire; and Ringwood, Kilkenny, Ireland.

CLIFFORD, BARON, (Charles Clifford,) of Chudleigh, Devonshire, F.S.A.; *b.* 28th November, 1759; *m.* 29th November, 1786, Eleanor-Mary, youngest daughter of Henry, Lord Arundel, by whom he has issue Hugh-James; *b.* 29th May, 1790; who *m.* Mary-Lucy, only daughter of Thomas Weld, esq. of Lullworth Castle, Dorsetshire, (Mr. Weld, since the death of his lady, has become a clergyman of the church of Rome,) and several other children. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his brother, on the 15th of January, 1793, but being of the Roman Catholic persuasion, he is deprived of his hereditary seat in the legislature, by the impolitic and illiberal tests still in force, against individuals who adhere to the ancient faith of Christendom.

Lineage.

Thomas Clifford, esq., directly descended from Sir Lewis Clifford, being lord high treasurer of England, was created Baron Clifford, of Chudleigh, on the 22nd of April, 1672. His lordship *d.* in 1673, and was succeeded by his son,

Hugh, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Thomas Preston, and dying in 1730, was succeeded by his son,

Hugh. This nobleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Blount, esq. of Blagdon, Devonshire, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1732, and was succeeded by his son,

Hugh, who *d.* 1st September, 1783, and was succeeded by his son,

Hugh-Edward-Henry, who *m.* Apollonia, daughter and co-heiress of Marmaduke, last Lord Langdale, but dying without issue, in 1793, the title devolved upon his brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,

Always ready.

Country Seats—Ugbrook Park, Devon; and East-Park Hall, Lancashire.

CLIFTON, BARON, (John Bligh,) of Leighton Bromswold, Huntingdonshire. See Earl Darnley.

CLIFTON, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Clifton, Nottinghamshire; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 26th September, 1815.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient house, and obtained a baronetcy upon the first institution of that order;

Sir Gervase Clifton, K.B., being created, the 22nd May, 1611. This gentleman was grandson of Sir Gervase Clifton, knt., a distinguished personage in the reigns of Henry the Eighth, and Mary. He *m.* no less than seven times, and left issue by his first, second, and sixth wives. The eldest son of the first marriage,

Sir Gervase, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father. This gentleman *d.* without issue, and the title devolved upon his nephew,

Sir William, the grandson of the first baronet,

by his second marriage. He *d.* unmarried, and was succeeded by his cousin,

SIR GERVASE, another grandson of the first baronet's, by his sixth wife. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Dudley Bagnell, esq. of Newry, by whom he had fifteen sons, and one daughter. He *d.* in March, 1730-1, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR ROBERT, who was succeeded, in 1748, by his son,

SIR GERVASE. This gentleman *m.* Miss Lloyd, an heiress, by whom he had Robert, the present baronet, and several other children.

Motto, in English,
Keep the right.

Country Seat—Clifton, Nottingham.

CLINTON, BARON, (Robert-Cotton-St.-John Trefusis,) of Maxtock, Warwickshire, an officer of rank in the army; *b.* 28th April, 1787; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 28th August, 1797; *m.* 4th August, 1814, Frances-Isabella, eldest daughter of William-S. Poyntz, esq. of Cowdray Park, by whom he has no children.

Lineage.

JOHN DE CLINTON, great-great-great-great-grandnephew of Geoffrey, Baron de Clinton, chamberlain to Henry the First, was summoned to parliament, as Baron Clinton, on the 27th of February, 1299. His lordship *d.* in 1314, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN DE CLINTON, who was summoned to parliament, by Edward the Third, in 1333. He died in 1335, and his son,

JOHN, was summoned to parliament, by the same monarch, in 1357, and *d.* in 1397, when his grandson,

WILLIAM, inherited; summoned to parliament by Richard the Second, in 1399; *d.* in 1432, and was succeeded by

JOHN, who *d.* in 1465, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN, never summoned to parliament; *d.* in 1514, and succeeded by his son,

THOMAS, who was summoned to parliament, by Henry the Eighth, in 1514; and *d.* in three years afterwards, when his son,

EDWARD, succeeded, and was created, 4th May, 1571, Earl of Lincoln. His lordship *d.* in 1584, and four Earls of Lincoln succeeded alternately, in a direct line; the fifth Earl, (Edward,) however, having no male issue, the earldom at his demise, in 1692, devolved to his cousin and heir male, Francis, and the barony remained in abeyance from that period to the year 1721, when

HUGH-FORTESCUE, grandson of Margaret Clinton, aunt and co-heiress of the last baron, was summoned to parliament, as Baron Clinton, and on the 5th of July, 1746, created Earl of Clinton, and Baron Fortescue, of Castle Hill. His lordship *d.* without issue, in 1751, when the earldom became extinct, and the barony was placed again in abeyance, being disputed by Margaret-Fortescue, the deceased earl's sister, and Margaret, Countess of Orford; but on the demise of the former, in 1760, unmarried, the latter,

MARGARET, relict of Robert, second Earl of Orford, inherited, as heir general of Theophilus, Earl of Lincoln. Upon the demise of this lady, in 1781, the barony descended to her son,

GEORGE, EARL OF ORFORD, who died in 1791, without issue, when it reverted to

ROBERT-GEORGE-WILLIAM TREFUSIS, esq., of Trefusis, Cornwall. This gentleman, as the direct descendant of Arabella Clinton, claimed, and was allowed, the barony in 1794, as fifteenth baron. His lordship *m.* on the 28th April, 1786, a Swiss lady, of the name of Gaulis, by whom he had issue Robert-Cotton-St.-John, the present peer, and five other children.

Motto, in English,
Every thing comes from God.

Country Seat—Trefusis Castle, Cornwall.

CLIVE, BARON, (Edward Clive,) of Plassey, county of Wexford, Ireland.

See Earl Powis.

CLONBROCK, BARON, (Luke Dillon,) of Clonbrock, county of Galway, Ireland; *b.* 25th April, 1780; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 22nd July, 1795; *m.* in 1803, Anastatia, only daughter and sole heiress of Joseph-Henry, Lord Wallscourt, by whom he has issue Robert, *b.* 29th March, 1807, and two daughters. Her ladyship *d.* in 1816.

Lord Clonbrock, being a nobleman of Ireland only, enjoys no hereditary seat in the legislature, nor is his lordship a representative peer.

Lineage.

ROBERT DILLON, eldest son of Luke Dillon, esq. of Clonbrock, by Bridget, daughter of John Kelly, esq. of Castle Kelly, and the Honorable Honoria de Burgh, daughter of John, ninth Earl of Clanricarde, was created Baron of Clonbrock, on the 3rd of June, 1790. His lordship had married, on the 14th January, 1776, Letitia, only daughter and heiress of John Green, esq. of Old Abbey, county of Limerick, by whom he had issue Luke, the present peer, and two daughters.

Motto, in English,
Help from above.

Country Seat—Clonbrock, county of Galway.

CLONCURRY, BARON, (Valentine-Brown Lawless,) of the county of Kildare, and a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 19th August, 1773; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 28th of August, 1799; *m.* first, in 1803, Eliza-Georgiana, youngest daughter of Lieutenant-General Morgan, by whom he had issue two children. The eldest died, and the second *m.* John-Michael-Henry, Baron de Roebeck. His lordship was divorced from his first lady, by act of parliament, 7th April, 1811, and *m.* in the following June, Emily, relict of the Honorable Joseph Leeson, and mother of the present Lord

Miltown, by whom he has issue Edward, *b.* 24th September, 1816, and two daughters, who are elder.

Lord Cloncurry being a baron of Ireland only, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, nor is his lordship one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

NICHOLAS LAWLESS, esq., son of Robert Lawless, esq. of Abington, county of Limerick, by Mary, daughter of Dominick Hadsor, esq., having returned to Ireland, from Normandy, subsequently to his father's death, and conformed to the established religion, obtained a seat in parliament, and was created a baronet, 20th June, 1776. On the 22nd September, 1789, Sir Nicholas was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Cloncurry; he had *m.* in 1761, Margaret, only daughter of Valentine Browne, esq., of Dublin, by whom he had issue Valentine-Browne, the present peer, and other children.

Motto, in English,

By virtue and providence.

Country Seat—Cloncurry Castle, county of Kildare.

CLONMELL, EARL OF, (Thomas Scott,) Viscount Clonmell, and Baron Erlsfort; *b.* 15th August, 1783; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 23rd May, 1798; *m.* on the 9th of February, 1805, Henrietta, daughter of George, second Earl of Warwick, by whom he has issue Lord Erlsfort, *b.* 4th Jan. 1816, another son, and seven daughters, five of whom are elder than his sons.

Lord Clonmell, being an Irish nobleman only, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, nor is his lordship one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

JOHN SCOTT, grandson of Captain Thomas Scott, an officer in the army of King William, being bred to the bar, arrived at the high legal offices of solicitor and attorney-general and prime serjeant of Ireland, between the years 1774 and 1783. In 1784, he was elevated to the chief-justiceship of the court of king's bench: and on the 10th May, in that year, created Baron Erlsfort. On the 18th August, 1789, his lordship was created Viscount Clonmell; and on the 20th December, 1793, advanced to the dignity of Earl of Clonmell. The earl *m.* twice: by his first lady, he had an only son, who died in infancy; by his second, the daughter and heiress of Patrick Lawless, esq. of Dublin, he had Thomas, the present peer, and Charlotte, who *m.* the Earl of Beauchamp, on the 14th March, 1814.

Motto, in English,

Fear to transgress.

Town Residence—41, Upper Brook-street.

Country Seat—Lisson Earl, Tipperary.

COCKERELL, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Seizincote, Gloucestershire; *b.* 18th February, 1755; *m.* first, in 1789, Mary, daughter of Sir Charles-William Blunt, bart. by whom he had no issue; and secondly, 13th Feb. 1808, Harriet, second daughter of the late Lord Northwick, by whom he has one son, Charles-Rushout, *b.* 19th June, 1809. Sir Charles obtained his baronetcy on the 25th September, 1809.

Town Residence—157, Piccadilly.

Country Seat—Seizincote Morton, Gloucestershire.

CODRINGTON, SIR CHRISTOPHER-BETHELL, baronet, of Dodington, Gloucestershire; *m.* in 1796, Carolina-Georgiana-Harriott, daughter of Thomas, Lord Foley, by whom he has issue Christopher-William, *b.* 12th of March, 1805, three other sons, and eight daughters. Sir Christopher succeeded to the title upon the demise of his cousin, in 1816.

Lineage.

WILLIAM CODRINGTON, esq., a descendant of a younger branch of the house of Codrington, of Codrington, Gloucestershire, was created a baronet, on the 21st April, 1721: he *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William Bethell, esq. of Surndon, by whom he had several sons and daughters. Sir William *d.* in 1738, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *d.* 11th March, 1792, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman dying without issue, 12th September, 1816, the title reverted to his cousin, the present baronet, the son of the first baronet's fourth son, Edward.

Town Residence—14, Park-Lane.

Country Seat—Dodington Park, Gloucestershire.

COFFIN, SIR ISAAC, baronet, of the Magdalen Islands, Lower Canada; *b.* at Boston, 16th May, 1759; entered the royal navy, and arrived at the rank of an admiral of the blue; *m.* in 1811, Elizabeth-Browne, only child of W. Greenly, esq. of Titley Court, Herefordshire. Admiral Coffin was created a baronet on the 16th June, 1804.

Motto, in English,

They appear the just rewards of good actions.

Country Seat—Rephum, Lincolnshire.

COGHILL, SIR JOSIAH-CRAMER, baronet, of Coghill, Yorkshire; *m.* in 1812, Miss Dobson, by whom he has a daughter; that lady dying, he *m.* again, in 1819, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter of the Right Honorable Charles-Kendal Bushe, lord-chief-justice of the court of king's bench, in Ireland, by whom he has a daughter, *b.* 9th December, 1819. Sir Josiah is a captain in the royal navy; he succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, 9th Dec. 1819.

Lineage.

JOHN CRAMER, grandson of Hester Coghill, by her husband, Oliver Cramer, esq., assumed the name of Coghill, upon inheriting the fortune of his cousin, Hester, (Coghill) Countess of Charleville; was created a baronet, 25th July, 1778; *m.* Maria, daughter of His Grace Doctor Josiah Hart,

Archbishop of Tuam, by whom he had issue John-Josiah Cramer, and seven daughters. He *d.* in 1790, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who, by royal permission, on the 7th June, 1807, assumed the name and arms of Coghill only; dying without issue, 21st May, 1817, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

The sentinel sleeps not.

Country Seat—Randalls, Surrey.

COLCHESTER, BARON, (Charles Abbot,) of Colchester, Essex; *b.* 14th October, 1757; *m.* in 1796, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Philip Gibbs, baronet, by whom he has issue two sons; Charles, *b.* 12th March, 1798, an officer in the navy; and Philip-Henry, *b.* 10th June, 1802. Mr. Abbot, second son of the Rev. Doctor Abbot, of Colchester, was originally bred to the bar; in 1801, he was appointed chief secretary to the lord-lieutenant of Ireland; and, in 1802, was elected to the high office of speaker of the house of commons, the duties of which he fulfilled until the termination of the session of 1817, when, upon his retirement, he was created, on the third of June, in that year, Baron Colchester, of Colchester.

Motto, in English,

Friend to God and my country.

Town Residence—18, Spring Gardens.

Country Seat—Kidbrook, East Grinstead, Sussex.

COLEBROKE, SIR JAMES-EDWARD, baronet, of Bath; *b.* 7th July, 1761; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 5th August, 1809; *m.* 31st January, 1820, Mrs. Stewart, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

JAMES COLEBROOKE, (son of James Colebrooke, esq., who was eldest son of Thomas Colebrooke, of Arundel,) *b.* 21st July, 1722; created a baronet 12th October, 1759, with remainder, in case of failure of issue, to his brother, George Colebrooke, of Southgate; *m.* Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Stephen Skinner, esq., by whom he had two daughters. He *d.* 12th May, 1761, and was succeeded by his brother,

SIR GEORGE, who *m.* 23rd July, 1754, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Patrick Gaynor, esq., of Antigua, by whom he had issue three sons and two daughters, and dying 5th August, 1809, was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son, James-Edward, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

The honest alone are worthy.

Country Seat—Southgate, Middlesex.

COLLETON, SIR JAMES-ROUPELL, baronet, of London, an officer of rank in the army; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1815; *m.* in December, 1819, Septima-Sexta, daughter of Admiral Graves, of Hembury Port, Devonshire, by whom he has a son and heir, *b.* 30th March, 1821.

Lineage.

This is an ancient Devonshire family, upon which a baronetcy was conferred on the 18th February, 1660, in the person of

JOHN COLLETON, esq., who had distinguished himself by his fidelity to Charles the First. This gentleman left four sons, and was succeeded by the eldest,

SIR PETER, who was succeeded by his only son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman had three sons and a daughter: the eldest and third sons left issue, but all three died before their father. Sir John was succeeded by his grandson, (the child of his eldest son,)

SIR JOHN, who *m.* twice, and left a daughter by his first marriage, and by his second

SIR JOHN-SNELL, who *d.* in 1801, without issue, when the title reverted to his cousin,

SIR JAMES NASSAU, the son of the third baronet's third son, Robert. This gentleman *m.* 2nd December, 1778, Susanna, daughter of William Nixon, esq. of Lincoln, by whom he had issue Sir James, the present baronet, another son, and two daughters. He *d.* 17th January, 1815.

Country Seat—Ash Park, Herts.

COLQUHOUN, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Luss, Dumbartonshire; *m.* in 1802, Janet, daughter of Sir John Sinclair, of Ulster, bart., by whom he has issue three sons and two daughters; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1805.

Lineage.

This is a Scottish family of great antiquity, which has enjoyed a Nova Scotia baronetcy since the year 1625. That patent was resigned, however, in 1704, by Sir Humphrey Colquhoun, upon condition of its being renewed to his son-in-law, James Grant, esq., who assumed then the name of Colquhoun.

SIR JAMES COLQUHOUN, the eighth successor to the patent of 1704, was created a baronet of Great Britain, on the 10th June, 1786; he *m.* in 1772, Mary, one of the co-heiresses of James Falconer, esq. and grand-daughter of Lord Falconer, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and six other sons, and four daughters.

Motto, in English,

If I can.

Country Seat—Rosedow, Dumbartonshire.

COLT, SIR JOHN-DUTTON, baronet, of Leominster, Herefordshire; *m.* Mallet, eldest daughter of George Langley, esq. of Goulding Hall, by whom he has issue five sons and a daughter; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1809.

Lineage.

HARRY-DUTTON COLT, esq., son of George Colt, and Elizabeth Dutton, his wife, was created a baronet on the 2nd of March, 1692, with remainder to his brother, John-Dutton Colt. Sir Harry *d.* without issue in 1731, when the title descended, according to the limitation in the patent, to his great-nephew,

Sir John-Dutton, only son of his brother's eldest son, John-Dutton. This gentleman *m.* Miss Lloyd, by whom he left his successor, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
He conquers who suffers.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Leominster, Herefordshire.

COLVILLE, LORD, (John Colville,) of Culross, an officer of rank in the navy, and a representative peer, in the present parliament, for Scotland; *b.* in 1768; *m.* in 1790, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Ford, esq., and aunt to the present Sir Francis Ford, bart., by whom he has no issue.

The barony, being of Scotland, confers no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

James Colville, esq. eldest son of Sir James Colville, knight, of East Wemyss, by Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Douglas, of Lochleven, having acquired considerable military renown upon the Continent, was created, 20th January, 1609, Baron Colville, of Culross, with remainder, after his own direct male heirs, to his heirs male generally, bearing the name and arms of Colville. His lordship *m.* Isabel, daughter of Lord Ruthven, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He *d.* in 1620, and was succeeded by his grandson,

James, who *d.* in twenty years afterwards, without issue, when the title devolved upon his cousin, the son of Alexander Colville, the first lord's brother,

John; but this gentleman, and his four immediate descendants, refusing to assume the title, the peerage remained in abeyance, until claimed, in 1722, by, and allowed, 27th May, 1723, to

John, the sixth in descent from Alexander, brother of the first lord, being the son of Alexander Colville, by Mary, daughter of Sir Charles Erskine, bart. of Cambo. This nobleman was a military officer, and fell at the head of his regiment, at the siege of Carthagena, in 1741, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Alexander, who distinguished himself as a naval officer, and arrived, in 1770, at the rank of vice-admiral of the white. Dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

John. His lordship was a military officer, and was engaged in much active service. He *m.* Miss Webber, by whom he left John, the present peer, another son, and two daughters.

Motto, in English,
I can never forget.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

COMBERMERE, BARON, (Stapleton Cotton,) of Combermere, county of Chester; a baronet, and G.C.B.; governor of Sheerness; a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 3rd regiment of light dragoons. This gallant officer having been engaged in active military service from the period he entered the army in 1791, until the conclusion of the war in 1814, was, in regard of his brilliant services, elevated to the peerage, on the 17th May, 1814, as Baron Combermere. He *m.* first, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter of Thomas, Duke of Newcastle, by whom he had three sons, who are all dead. Her ladyship dying in 1807, his lordship *m.* secondly, 22nd June, 1814, Caroline, second daughter of William-Fulke Greville, esq., by whom he has a son and heir, *b.* 24th November, 1818.

Lineage.

Robert Cotton, son of Thomas Cotton, esq. of Combermere, by Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Sir George Calveley, bart., was knighted at the Restoration, and subsequently created a baronet by Charles the Second, the 29th March, 1677. He represented the county of Chester in parliament for nearly forty years; and dying in 1712, was succeeded by his fourth and eldest surviving son,

Sir Thomas, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Robert-Salisbury, who *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the first Earl of Dysart, but dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Lynch-Salisbury, who *d.* in 1775, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Robert-Salisbury. This gentleman *m.* in 1767, Frances, co-heiress of James-Rusel Stapleton, esq., by whom he left issue Sir Stapleton, the present Lord Combermere, and several other children.

Motto, in English,
Prepared in all situations.

Country Seat—Combermere, Cheshire.

CONGREVE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Walton, Staffordshire; *b.* 20th May, 1772; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 30th April, 1814, and was appointed his successor, also, in the public offices which he held, namely, comptroller of the royal laboratory, and superintendant of military machines. Sir William is the inventor of the rocket system which bears his name, and which, under his superintendance, has been incorporated in the military and naval tactics of the kingdom. For the essential service performed by those rockets at the memorable battle of Leipsic, the baronet was presented by the Emperor Alexander with the Russian order of St. Anne.

Lineage.

Lieutenant-General William Congreve, who filled the official situations which his son now holds, was created a baronet the 7th of December, 1812. By his first wife, Miss Elmston, he had issue William, the present baronet, another son, and two daughters; by his second, the widow of General Eyre, he left no children.

Motto, in English,

He is not dead whose fame survives.

Town Residence—13, Cecil-street, Strand.

Country Seat—Woolwich, Kent.

CONSTABLE, SIR THOMAS-ASTON, baronet, of Tixall, Staffordshire; *b.* 8th March, 1806; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 25th February, 1823.

Lineage.

THOMAS-HUGH CLIFFORD, esq., son of Thomas Clifford, esq., by Barbara, daughter and co-heiress of James, Lord Aston, was created a baronet on the 22nd May, 1815; *m.* 7th June, 1791, Mary-Macdonald, second daughter of John Chichester, esq., of Arlington, county of Devon, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and two daughters. Sir Thomas-Hugh Clifford assumed, by royal permission, in 1821, the name of Constable only.

Motto, in English,

Always ready.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Tixall, Staffordshire.

CONWAY AND KILLULTAGH, BARON, (Francis-Charles-Ingram-Seymour Conway,) of the county of Antrim. See Marquess of Hertford.

CONYNGHAM, MARQUESS, (Henry-Burton Conyngham,) Earl of Conyngham, Earl of Mount Charles; Viscount Slane, Conyngham, and Mount Charles; and Baron Conyngham, in Ireland; and a peer of the empire, as Baron Minster, of Minster, county of Kent; K.P.; a general officer in the army; custos rotulorum of the county of Clare, and one of the governors of the county of Donegal; *b.* 26th December, 1766; succeeded to the barony of Conyngham upon the decease of his father, 22nd May, 1787; created Viscount Conyngham, 6th December, 1789; Earl Conyngham, and Viscount Mount Charles, 5th November, 1797; Marquess Conyngham, Earl of Mount Charles, and Viscount Slane, 22nd January, 1816. His lordship was created a peer of the realm at large, on the 14th July, 1821, by the title of Baron Minster, of Minster Abbey, county of Kent. He *m.* 5th July, 1794, Elizabeth, daughter of Joseph Dennison, esq., an eminent merchant of London, by whom he has issue Francis-Nathaniel, Earl of Mount Charles, *b.* 11th June, 1797, who *m.* 23rd April, 1824, Lady Jane Paget, daughter of the Marquess of Anglesea; another son, and three daughters.

His lordship sits in parliament as one of the representative peers of Ireland, being elected for life prior to obtaining the barony of Minster, which confers upon him an hereditary seat in the legislature.

Lineage.

HENRY CONYNGHAM, esq., second son of Major-general Conyngham, (who *d.* in 1705, of a wound received at the battle of St. Estevans,) by Mary, daughter of Sir John Williams, of Minster Court, Kent, bart., was created Baron Conyngham, of Mount Charles, on the 3rd of October, 1753; Viscount Conyngham, 20th July, 1756; and Earl and Baron Conyngham, 14th January, 1781, the barony to descend, in case of failure of issue, to Francis-Pierpont Burton, the eldest son of his sister, Mary, by Francis Burton, esq. His lordship dying without male issue, on the 3rd of April, 1781, all his honors became extinct, except the barony of Conyngham, which was inherited, according to the patent, by the above-mentioned

FRANCIS-PIERPONT BURTON. His lordship *m.* 19th March, 1750, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the Right Honorable Nathaniel Clements, by whom he had issue Henry, the present marquess, who assumed the name of Conyngham, another son, and three daughters.

Motto,

Over, fork, over.

Town Residence—5, Hamilton-place.

Country Seats—Mount Charles, Donegal; and Slane Castle, Meath, Ireland.

COOKE, SIR GEORGE-AUGUSTUS, baronet, of Wheatley, county of York; *m.* in 1807, Miss Eliza Mellish, who *d.* in May, 1808; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 2nd June, 1823.

Lineage.

GEORGE COOKE, esq., second son of Bryan Cooke, esq., of Sanvil, in Yorkshire, a distinguished loyalist during the Civil Wars, was created a baronet on the 10th of May, 1661, with remainder, in case of failure of male issue, to his brother, Henry, and his descendants. Sir George dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR HENRY, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GEORGE, who had seven sons and two daughters. Dying 18th October, 1732, he was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR BRYAN. This gentleman *m.* Priscilla, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Squire, esq., by whom he had two sons and three daughters. He *d.* in February, 1729-30, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GEORGE, who *d.* without male issue, on the 16th August, 1756, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR BRYAN, who was succeeded, in 1769, by his only son,

SIR GEORGE. This gentleman *m.* in 1770, Frances, daughter of Sir John-Lambert Middleton, bart., by whom he had issue George-Augustus, the present baronet, and several other children.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Wheatley, Doncaster, Yorkshire.

COOPER, SIR ASTLEY-PASTON, baronet, of Gadesbridge, Hertfordshire; *b.* 23rd August, 1768; *m.* 12th of December, 1791, Ann, daughter of Thomas Cock, esq. a merchant of

London, by whom he has no issue. Mr. Cooper (son of the Reverend Doctor Cooper,) a surgeon of the first eminence, being appointed surgeon to his majesty, was created a baronet, on the 31st August, 1821, with remainder, in case of failure of male issue, to his nephew, Astley-Paston Cooper, esq. and his male descendants.

Motto, in English,

Nothing is great unless it be good.

Town Residence—2, New-street, Spring Gardens.

Country Seat—Hemel-Hempstead, Herts.

COOTE, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Donnybrooke, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1800; *m.* in 1814, Caroline-Elizabeth, second daughter of John Whalley, esq. by whom he has a son, *b.* 6th September, 1815, and a daughter, *b.* in 1819.

Lineage.

Sir Charles Coote is the illegitimate son of the last Earl of Bellamont, an Irish peer, who, having no legitimate male issue, obtained an English baronetcy on the 29th of April, 1774, with remainder to the present baronet.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Bellamont Forest, Ireland.

COPLEY, SIR JOSEPH, baronet, of Sprotborough, Yorkshire; *m.* 23rd May, 1799, Lady Cecil Hamilton, grand-daughter of James, Earl of Abercorn, (her ladyship having been divorced from her first husband and cousin, John-James, Marquess of Abercorn,) by whom he has no issue. Sir Joseph succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, 11th April, 1801.

Lineage.

Joseph Moyle, esq. having *m.* the only daughter and heiress of Sir Godfrey Copley, baronet, of Sprotborough, and assumed, in consequence, the name of Copley, was created a baronet, on the 15th August, 1778: by this lady he had two sons, and three daughters. He *d.* 11th April, 1801, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Lionel, who, dying without issue, was succeeded by his brother, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Sprotborough, Yorkshire.

CORBET, SIR ANDREW, baronet, of Moreton Corbet, county of Salop; *m.* April 23, 1790, Mary, eldest daughter of Thomas Taylor, esq. of Lymme Hall, by whom he has issue Andrew-Vincent, *b.* 15th June, 1800, and three other sons, and a daughter. Sir Andrew obtained his baronetcy on the 3rd October, 1808.

Motto, in English,

God feeds the ravens.

Country Seat—Moreton Corbet, Salop; and Linslade, Buckinghamshire.

CORK AND ORRERY, EARL OF, (Edmund Boyle,) Viscount Dungarvan and Kynalmeakey, Baron Boyle of Youghall, Baron of Bandon Bridge, and Baron Broghill, of Ireland, and a peer of the empire, as Baron Boyle, of Marston, Somersetshire; an officer of rank in the army; *b.* 21st October, 1767; succeeded to the family honors, upon the demise of his father, in 1798; *m.* 9th of October, 1795, Isabella, third daughter of William Poyntz, of Midgham House, Berkshire, esq. by whom he has issue Edmund-William, Viscount Dungarvan, *b.* 2nd April, 1798, and eight other children.

Lineage.

Sir Richard Boyle, knt., a member of the privy council in Ireland, was elevated to the peerage of that country, on the 16th of September, 1616, as Baron Boyle, of Youghall, and, on the 16th October, 1620, his lordship was created Viscount Dungarvan and Earl of Cork. He *d.* in 1643, having had four sons, who were all advanced to the peerage, and a fifth, who was ennobled by his talents, Robert Boyle, the celebrated philosopher. The second son, Lewis, created Baron and Viscount Boyle, fell at the battle of Liscarrol, in 1642, when the title became extinct. Roger, the third son, was created Earl of Orrery; Francis, the fourth, Viscount Shannon, which title ceased with his grandson; and the eldest,

Richard, succeeded his father, as Earl of Cork. His lordship having *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Henry Clifford, Earl of Cumberland, was created, 4th November, 1644, Baron Clifford, of Lanesborough, county of York, and, on the 20th of March, 1664, Earl of Burlington, in which honors he was succeeded, at his decease in 1697, by his grandson,

Charles, who *d.* in 1704, and was succeeded by his son,

Richard, with whom the English honors ceased, his lordship dying, in 1735, without male issue; but the Irish earldom of Cork devolved upon his kinsman,

John, Baron Broghill, and Earl of Orrery, in Ireland, and Baron Boyle, of Marston, Somersetshire, in England, fifth in descent from Roger, third son of the first Earl of Cork, who was created, 28th February, 1628, Baron Broghill, and, on the 5th September, 1660, Earl of Orrery. Charles, the fourth Earl of Orrery, (father of this peer, by Elizabeth, daughter of John, Earl of Exeter,) was created Baron Boyle, of Marston, in Somersetshire, 5th September, 1711. The earl *m.* in 1728, Henrietta, youngest daughter of George, Earl of Orkney, by whom he had issue Hamilton, and other children. He *m.* secondly, Margaret, daughter and sole heiress of John Hamilton, by whom he had Edmund, and two daughters. His lordship *d.* 22nd of November, 1762, and was succeeded by his son,

Hamilton, who *d.* unmarried, in little more than a year after his father, (17th January, 1764,) when the honors of the family devolved upon his brother,

Edmund, *b.* in 1742. His lordship *m.* 25th August, 1764, Anne, daughter of Kelland Courtenay, esq. (which marriage was dissolved in 1782,) by whom he had issue Edmund, the present peer, and four other children. The earl *m.* a second time,

17th January, 1796, Mary, youngest daughter of John, Viscount Galway, by whom he had no children. His lordship *d.* in October, 1796.

Motto, in English,

Honor is the reward of virtue.

Town Residence—3, Hamilton-place.

Country Seat—Maraton House, near Frome, Somersetshire.

CORNEWALL, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of London; *b.* in 1774; *m.* 26th of September, 1816, Jane, only daughter of William Naper, esq. by whom he has issue Velters, *b.* 20th February, 1824, and two daughters. Sir George succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 26th August, 1819.

Lineage.

GEORGE AMYAND, esq., an eminent merchant of London, a member of parliament, one of the assistants of the Russia Company, and an East India director, was created a baronet, on the 4th of August, 1764; *m.* Maria, daughter of John A. Kerton, esq., by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1766, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GEORGE, who, upon his *m.* in 1771, with Catherine, only daughter and heiress of Velters Cornewall, esq. of Moccas Court, Herefordshire, assumed the name and arms of Cornewall: by this lady, he had issue Sir George, the present baronet, another son, and six daughters.

Motto, in English,

During life.

Town Residence—28, Park-street.

Country Seat—Moccas Court, Herefordshire.

CORNWALLIS, EARL, (James Mann,) Viscount Brome, Baron Cornwallis, of Eye, county of Suffolk, and a baronet; *b.* 20th September, 1778; *m.* 12th December, 1804, Maria-Isabella, only daughter of Francis Dickens, esq. M.P., by whom he has issue Charles-James, Viscount Brome, and a daughter. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 20th January, 1824, having previously (in 1814) assumed, by royal permission, his mother's maiden name of "Mann" alone.

Lineage.

FREDERICK CORNWALLIS, esq. of Brome, county of Suffolk, the lineal descendant of John Cornwallis, who was sheriff of London in 1378, and who settled at Brome, was created a baronet, on the 4th of May, 1627, and elevated to the peerage, by the title of Baron Cornwallis, of Eye, on the 20th of April, 1661. His lordship was succeeded at his demise, in 1662, by his eldest son,

CHARLES. This nobleman *d.* in 1673, and was succeeded by his son,

CHARLES, who *m.* twice: first, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Stephen Fox, knt., by whom he had four sons; and, secondly, Anne Scot, Duchess of Monmouth and Buccleuch, relict of the unhappy James, Duke of Monmouth, by whom he had a son, Lord George, who *d.* in youth, and two daughters. His lordship filled the high office of first commissioner of the admiralty during the reign of William the Third. He *d.* 29th April, 1698, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

CHARLES, as well in the peerage, as in the lord-lieutenancy of the county of Suffolk. His lordship was a military officer, and served in several campaigns under King William. He *m.* Charlotte, daughter and sole heiress of Richard, Earl of Arran, by whom he had eight sons and three daughters. He *d.* 19th January, 1721-2, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, who was created, on the 30th of June, 1753, Viscount Brome and Earl Cornwallis. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Charles, Viscount Townshend, by whom he had issue four sons and three daughters. He *d.* 23rd June, 1762, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 33rd regiment of foot; *m.* in July, 1768, Jemima, daughter of James Jones, esq. by whom he had a son and daughter. His lordship distinguished himself in India, and was advanced to a marquesate, as Marquess Cornwallis, on the 15th August, 1792. He was nominated lord-lieutenant of Ireland, in 1799, and acquired imperishable fame by the humanity which, at that melancholy period, characterised his government. He *d.* 5th October, 1805, and was succeeded by his son,

CHARLES, who leaving at his demise, in 1823, five daughters, and no son, the marquesate became extinct, and the earldom reverted to his uncle,

THE RIGHT REVEREND JAMES, Lord Bishop of Litchfield and Coventry, third son of Charles, first earl. His lordship *m.* Catharine, daughter of Galfridus Mann, of Egerton, esq., by whom he had issue James, the present peer, and a son and daughter, both of whom died before himself.

Motto, in English,

Virtue conquers envy.

Town Residence—6, Hill-street.

Country Seat—Linton-place, Maidstone.

COTTERELL, SIR JOHN-GEERS, baronet, of Garnons, Herefordshire; *b.* 21st September, 1757; *m.* 4th January 1791, Frances-Isabella, only daughter and heiress of Henry-Michael Evans, esq. by whom he has issue John-Henry, *b.* 15th April, 1800, and seven other children. Colonel Cotterell was created a baronet, on the 20th November, 1805.

Motto, in English,

I plundered not, but received.

Town Residence—54, Curzon-street.

Country Seats—Garnons, Herefordshire; and Francomb House, Worcestershire.

COTTON, SIR VINCENT, baronet, of Landwade; *b.* in October, 1801; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 24th February, 1812.

Lineage.

JOHN COTTON, esq. son of Sir John Cotton, knt.,

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was high sheriff of Cambridgeshire, when the rebellion against Charles the First commenced, and displayed unshaken attachment to the royal cause. He was created a baronet, on the 14th July, 1641, and *d.* in 1690, when he was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who *d.* in 1712, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR JOHN-HINDE. This gentleman left an only son, his successor,

SIR JOHN-HINDE, who *m.* Anne, second daughter of Alderman Parsons, twice lord mayor of London, by whom he had six sons and three daughters. He *d.* 23rd of Jan., 1795, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR CHARLES, who entered early into the naval service of his country, and arrived at the rank of admiral, and commander-in-chief of the channel fleet. He *m.* 27th February, 1798, Philadelphia, eldest daughter of Sir Joshua Rowley, bart. by whom he has issue Vincent, the present baronet, another son, and two daughters.

Motto, in English,
Fidelity succeeds.

Country Seat—Madingley Hall, Cambridgeshire.

COVENTRY, EARL OF, (George-William Coventry,) of Warwickshire, and Viscount Deerhurst, county of Gloucester, recorder of the city of Worcester, and high steward of Tewkesbury; *b.* 28th April, 1758; *m.* in 1777, Catharine, daughter of Robert, Earl of Northington, by whom he had no issue, her ladyship dying in 1779. His lordship *m.* again, in 1783, Peggy, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir Abraham Pitchess, knt., by whom he has issue George-William, Viscount Deerhurst, *b.* 16th October, 1784, and nine other children. Lord Deerhurst *m.* first, Emma-Susanna, daughter of William, Earl of Beauchamp, and, secondly, Mary, daughter of Aubrey, Duke of St. Albans, and nine other children. The earl succeeded to the honors of his family, at the demise of his father, on the 3rd September, 1809.

Lineage.

THOMAS COVENTRY, an eminent lawyer, appointed chief-justice of the court of common pleas in 1606, *m.* Miss Jeffreys, (an heiress) of Croome d'Abitot, by whom he had three sons, Thomas, William, and Walter. The eldest,

THOMAS, pursuing the course of his father, was, in 1621, nominated attorney-general, and, in four years afterwards, (1st November, 1625,) raised to the important station of lord keeper of the great seal. On the 10th April, 1628, he was elevated to the peerage, by the title of Baron Coventry, of Aylesborough, Worcestershire. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Sarah, daughter of Sir Edward Sebright, knt., by whom he had a son (his successor) and a daughter. He *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of John Aldersey, esq. by whom he had four sons and four daughters. His grandson, Sir John Coventry, K.B. and M.P., was remarkable for being the occasion of the legislature's passing the "Coventry Act." Sir John having made some observation in his place in parliament, which was supposed to reflect upon Charles the Second, was attacked by a party of courtiers, on the 21st of December, 1670, and, after bravely defending himself, was dreadfully wounded in the nose. The circumstance being communicated to parliament, the house of commons immediately passed a bill of banishment against the perpetrators of the outrage, with a clause, expressly depriving the king of the power of pardoning them. Lord Coventry *d.* in 1640, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, who *d.* in 1661, leaving two sons, Thomas, and an elder,

GEORGE, who succeeded to the peerage. This nobleman *m.* Margaret, daughter of John, Earl of Thanet, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. His lordship *d* on the 15th December, 1680, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, *b.* 2nd September, 1654. This nobleman dying unmarried, 25th July, 1687, the title and fortune reverted to his uncle,

THOMAS, who was advanced to a viscounty and earldom by King William, on the 26th April, 1697, as Viscount Deerhurst and Earl of Coventry, with limitation, in case of failure of his own issue male, to the grandsons of Walter Coventry, next brother to the first baron. His lordship *d.* 15th July, 1699, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS. This nobleman *d.* in 1710, and was succeeded by his eldest son, (by Anne, daughter of Henry, Duke of Beaufort,)

THOMAS, who *d.* at school, 28th January, 1711-12, in his ninth year, when the family honors reverted to his uncle,

GILBERT. This nobleman *m.* twice, but dying, in January, 1733-4, without male issue, the barony became extinct; the other titles, however, and the greater part of the estates, devolved upon the lineal descendant of Walter Coventry, brother to the first lord, according to the limitation of the patent; that person was

WILLIAM COVENTRY, of London, then one of the clerks of the green cloth, and member of parliament for Bridport. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John Allen, esq. of Westminster, by whom he had issue three sons. He *d.* 18th March, 1750-1, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

GEORGE-WILLIAM, who *m.* on the 5th of March, 1752, Maria, eldest daughter of John Gunning, esq. of the county of Roscommon, Ireland, by whom he had one son, George-William, the present peer, and three daughters. Her ladyship dying, 30th September, 1760, the earl *m.* a second time, 27th September, 1764, Barbara, daughter of Lord St. John, of Bletsoe, by whom he had two sons.

Motto, in English,
Sincerely and constantly.

Town Residence—106, Piccadilly.

Country Seat—Croome Court, near Upton, Worcestershire.

COURTENAY, VISCOUNT, (William Courtenay,) of Powderham Castle, Devonshire, and a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 30th July, 1768; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 14th December, 1788.

Lineage.

This is one of the most illustrious houses in the British peerage, and can trace its descent to Pharamond, founder of the French monarchy, in 420. The immediate ancestor, of the present viscount was

Sir Philip Courtenay, of Powderham Castle, son of the second Earl of Devon, whose descendant,

William Courtenay, *b.* in 1628, was created a baronet, in 1644; his grandson,

Sir William Courtenay, *m.* in 1704, Anne, daughter of James, Earl of Abingdon, by whom he had, with several other children, his successor,

Sir William, who was created, on the 6th of May, 1762, Viscount Courtenay, of Powderham Castle. His lordship *m.* Frances, daughter of Heneage, Earl of Aylesford, by whom he had several children. He *d.* (in ten days after being elevated to the peerage) on the 16th May, 1762, and was succeeded by his only son,

William, *b.* 30th October, 1742; *m.* 7th May, 1762, Miss Clack, of Wallingford, by whom he had issue William, the present peer, and thirteen daughters.

Motto, in English,

Whither am I fallen? What have I done?

Country Seat—Powderham Castle, Devonshire.

COURTOWN, EARL OF, (James-George Stopford,) Viscount Stopford, Baron Courtown, of the county of Wexford, Ireland, and a peer of the realm, as Baron Saltersford, of Saltersford, county palatine of Chester, K.P.; *b.* 15th August, 1765; *m.* 29th January, 1791, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Henry, third Duke of Buccleuch, by whom he has issue James-Thomas, Viscount Stopford, *b.* 27th March, 1794, (*m.* 4th July, 1824, his cousin, Anne, daughter of the late, and sister to the present, Duke of Buccleuch,) and nine other children. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 30th March, 1810.

Lineage.

James Stopford, esq., lineally descended from James Stopford, of Saltersford, county of Chester, who settled in Ireland about the middle of the seventeenth century, was elevated to the Irish peerage, on the 19th September, 1758, as Baron of Courtown, county of Wexford, and advanced to the dignities of Viscount Stopford and Earl of Courtown, on the 12th April, 1762. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter of the Right Reverend Edward Smyth, Lord Bishop of Down and Connor, by whom he had eleven children. He *d.* 12th January, 1770, and was succeeded by his son,

James, who obtained, on the 7th June, 1796, by creation, the English barony of Saltersford. His lordship *m.* 16th April, 1762, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Powis, esq. of Hintlesham Hall, Suffolk, by whom he had issue James-George, the present peer, and three other sons.

Motto, in English,

Faithful to an unhappy country.

Country Seats—Beate Hall, Cheshire; and Courtown, Ireland.

COWPER, EARL, (Peter-Leopold-Louis-Francis Cowper,) Viscount Fordwich, Baron Cowper, of Wingham, Kent, and a baronet, F.R.S.; *b.* 6th May, 1778; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his brother, in 1799; *m.* 21st July, 1805, Amelia, daughter of Peniston, Viscount Melbourne, by whom he has issue George-Augustus-Frederick, Viscount Fordwich, *b.* 26th June, 1806, and two other sons, and two daughters. His lordship is a count of the holy Roman empire.

Lineage.

William Cowper, esq. of Ratling Court, Kent, son of Alderman Cowper, of London, was created a baronet, on the 4th March, 1642. Dying in 1644, he was succeeded by his grandson,

Sir William, who had two sons; from the youngest of whom descended Cowper, the poet. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William, who, in 1707, was appointed lord high chancellor of Great Britain, having been previously (the 9th November, 1706,) elevated to the peerage, as Baron Cowper, of Wingham, county of Kent. On the 18th March, 1718, his lordship was created Viscount Fordwich, county of Kent, and Earl Cowper. The earl *m.* twice; and, by his second consort, Sarah, daughter of John Clavering, esq., left two sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1723, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, who assumed the surname of Clavering, before that of Cowper, in obedience to the will of his maternal uncle. His lordship *d.* in December, 1764, and was succeeded by his only son,

George-Nassau, *b.* 26th August, 1738; *m.* in 1775, Anne, daughter of Francis Gore, esq. of Southampton, by whom he had issue George-Augustus, his successor, Peter-Leopold, the present peer, and another son. His lordship was created a count of the holy Roman empire, on the 3rd January, 1778. He *d.* in 1789, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George-Augustus, who *d.* unmarried, 12th February, 1799, when the family honors devolved upon the present peer.

Motto, in English,

It is your own.

Town Residence—11, Little Maddox-street.

Country Seat—Pensangar, near Hertford, Herts.

CRANSTOUN, BARON, (James-Edward Cranstoun,) of Creling, Roxburgh; *b.* in Aug. 1809; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 5th September, 1818.

The barony of Cranstoun being of Scotland

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alone, confers no hereditary seat in the legislature.

Lineage.

SIR WILLIAM CRANSTOUN, knt. was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, on the 17th of November, 1609, as Baron Cranstoun, of Creling. His lordship had three sons, and was succeeded, in 1627, by the eldest,

JOHN, who, although twice *m.* died without issue, when the peerage devolved upon his nephew,

WILLIAM, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Alexander, Earl of Leven, by whom he had one son, his successor,

JAMES. This nobleman was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM, who *m.* Jane, daughter of William, Marquess of Lothian, by whom, with six other children, he had his successor,

JAMES. This nobleman *m.* Sophia, daughter of Jeremiah Brown, esq., by whom he had five sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1773, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, who died unmarried, in 1778, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

JAMES. This nobleman was a naval officer, and distinguished himself, as commander of the Belliqueux, in the celebrated action between Admiral Hood and Comte de Grasse, on the 25th and 26th of January, 1782. His lordship *d.* without issue, in 1796, when the title reverted to his nephew,

JAMES-EDWARD, who *m.* Miss Macnamara, of the island of St. Christophers, by whom he had the present peer, and a daughter.

Motto,

Thou shalt want ere I want.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

CRAVEN, EARL OF, (Craven,) of the county of York, Viscount Uffington, and Baron Craven, of Hampsted-Marshall, Berkshire; *b.* 18th July, 1809; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, August, 1825.

Lineage.

WILLIAM CRAVEN, eldest son of Sir William Craven, knt., an alderman of London, and lord mayor in 1611, having distinguished himself as a military officer in different foreign services, received, upon his return to his native country, the honor of knighthood, on the 4th March, 1626, and in eight days afterwards, (by letters patent, dated the 12th,) was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Craven, of Hampsted-Marshall, in the county of Berks, with remainder, in case of failure of issue, to his brothers, John and Thomas, successively, and their male descendants; but those gentlemen having died without children, his lordship, when advanced to the dignities of Viscount Craven, of Uffington, in the county of Berks, and Earl of Craven, of Yorkshire, 15th March, 1663, had the reversion of those honors made, with that of the original barony renewed, to his cousins, Sir William Craven, of Lenchwyke, knt. and his brother, Sir Anthony Craven, knt. successively, and their male descendants. Sir William dying, however, without a son, the earl obtained, by letters patent, dated 11th December, 1665, an extension of the limitation of the original barony of Craven to Sir Thomas Craven, knt. the next brother of the deceased Sir William. His lordship *d.* unmarried, at the advanced age of eighty-eight years and ten months, on the 9th of April, 1697, when, Sir Anthony Craven having died without issue, in 1670, the earldom and viscounty were extinguished; but the barony of Craven, of Hampsted-Marshall, devolved, according to the last limitation, that of 1665, upon the son and heir of Sir Thomas Craven,

WILLIAM, who was succeeded, in 1611, by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, who *d.* without issue, in 1739, when the barony devolved upon his brother,

FULWAR. This nobleman dying unmarried, in 1764, the title reverted to his cousin,

WILLIAM, (nephew of the second lord,) who *d.* without issue, in 1769, and was succeeded by his nephew,

WILLIAM. This nobleman *m.* on the 10th May, 1767, Elizabeth, daughter of Augustus, Earl of Berkeley, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* 26th September, 1791, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, *b.* 1st September, 1770; created, 13th June, 1801, Viscount Uffington and Earl Craven; *m.* 12th December, 1807, Miss Brunton, an admired and celebrated actress, by whom he had issue the present peer, *b.* 18th July, 1809, and another son, *b.* 15th December, 1810, and a daughter, *b.* 26th January, 1815.

Motto, in English,

Virtue consists in action.

Town Residence — 16, Charles-street, Berkeley-square.

Country Seats—Coombe Abbey, Coventry; Ashdown Park, Lambourn, Berks; and Hempstead Lodge, in the same county.

CRAUFURD, SIR JAMES, baronet, of KILBURNEY, county of Stirling; *m.* 2nd March, 1792, Maria-Theresa, eldest daughter of the Honorable General Gage, by whom he has issue James-Robert, an officer in the army, who *m.* Barbara, daughter of the Earl of Coventry. Sir James succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1800.

Lineage.

ALEXANDER CRAUFURD, esq., created a baronet on the 24th March, 1781, had three sons, the eldest of whom is the present baronet; the second, Charles, adopting the army as a profession, arrived at the rank of lieutenant-general, and the command of a regiment of dragoons, and obtained the Grand Cross of the Bath: he *d.* without issue. The third, Robert, being also a military officer, received a

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mortal wound while gallantly leading a division of the army, as major-general, to the assault of Ciudad Rodrigo, on the 19th of January, 1812.

Country Seat—Kilburney, Stirlingshire.

CREMORNE, BARON, (Richard-Thomas Dawson,) of Castle Dawson, county of Monaghan, Ireland; *b.* 31st August, 1788; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his grand-uncle, in 1813; *m.* 10th March, 1815, Anne, third daughter of John Whaley, esq., of Whaley Abbey, county of Wicklow, by whom he has issue a son and heir, *b.* 7th September, 1817.

The barony of Cremorne, being of Ireland only, confers no hereditary seat in the legislature, and the present lord is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

Thomas Dawson, esq., son of Thomas Dawson, esq., of Dawson's Grove, county of Monaghan, by Elizabeth, daughter of his grace, John, (Vesey,) Archbishop of Tuam, was created, on the 28th May, 1770, Baron Dartrey, and advanced to the dignity of Viscount Cremorne, on the 19th June, 1785. He had *m.*, previously, his first wife, (15th July, 1754,) Anne, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Pomfret, by whom he had a son and a daughter, who both died in youth. Her ladyship dying 1st March, 1769, his lordship *m.* secondly, 8th May, 1770, Hannah, only daughter of Thomas Freame, esq., by whom he had another son and a daughter, who both died in the year 1787. The viscount, thus deprived of direct descendants, was created, 14th November, 1797, Baron Cremorne, with remainder to his nephew, Richard Dawson, esq., and his heirs male. His lordship *d.* 1st March, 1813, when the viscounty of Cremorne, and the barony of Dartrey, became extinct; but the barony of Cremorne descended, according to the limitation of the patent, to the present peer, Richard-Thomas, who is the eldest son of the above-named Richard Dawson, by Catharine, daughter of Arthur Graham, esq., of Hockley, county of Armagh.

Motto, in English,
Always propitious.

Country Seat—Dawson's Grove, county of Monaghan.

CREWE, BARON, (John Crewe,) of Crewe, county of Chester; *b.* in 1742; represented the county of Chester in parliament from 1768 to 1796; *m.* in 1776, Frances-Anne, only daughter of Fulke Greville, esq., by whom he has issue John, a general officer in the army, and Emma. Mr. Crewe, who represents an ancient Cheshire family, was advanced to the peerage, as Baron Crewe, of Crewe, by creation, on the 25th February, 1806.

Motto, in English,
I follow, though not inferior.

Town Residence—18, Grosvenor-street.

Country Seat—Crewe Hall, near Namptwich, Cheshire.

CREWE, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Caulk Abbey, Derbyshire; *b.* 1st February, 1795; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1818; *m.* 9th September, 1819, Charlotte-Elizabeth, only daughter of the Reverend J. Craven, of Chilton, Wiltshire.

Lineage.

The name of this family, which is originally of Warwickshire, was Harpur, until changed by the father of the present baronet.

Henry Harpur, esq., son of Sir John Harpur, knight, was created a baronet on the 8th September, 1626. He *d.* leaving three sons and six daughters, and was succeeded by the eldest,

Sir John, who had five sons, and as many daughters. He *d.* in 1669, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, who had been previously knighted. This gentleman *m.* Anne, second daughter of Lord Willoughby, of Parham, by whom he had one son and a daughter. He *d.* in 1681, and was succeeded by

Sir John, his only son, who *m.* Catherine, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Thomas, Lord Crew, of Stene, by whom he had three sons and four daughters. He *d.* in 1741, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Henry. This gentleman *m.* Caroline, daughter of John, Duke of Rutland, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. He *d.* 7th June, 1748, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Henry, who *m.* in 1754, Frances-Elizabeth, second daughter of Francis, Earl Brooke and Warwick, by whom he had one son, his successor,

Sir Henry, *b.* 13th May, 1763; *m.* 1791, Miss Hawkins, by whom he had issue George, the present baronet, and seven other children. This gentleman assumed, by royal permission, in 1808, the name of Crewe, which he derived from his great-grandmother, Catherine, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas, Lord Crew. Sir Henry was killed, by a fall from his coach-box, the 7th February, 1818.

Country Seat—Caulk Abbey, Derbyshire.

CROFT, SIR THOMAS-ELMSLEY, baronet, of Croft Castle, Herefordshire; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 13th February, 1818; *m.* 9th September, 1824, Sophia-Jane, daughter of the late Richard Lateward, esq., of Ealing Grove, Middlesex.

Lineage.

Herbert Croft, esq., only son of the Right Reverend Herbert, Lord Bishop of Hereford, was created a baronet on the 18th November, 1671; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Archer, esq., by whom he had six children. He *d.* in 1720, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Archer, who was succeeded by his son,

Sir Archer. This gentleman disposed of Croft Castle, and dying without male issue, the title alone devolved upon his brother,

Sir John, who *d.* without issue, in 1797, when the title reverted to his kinsman,

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THE REVEREND SIR HERBERT, grandson of Francis, third son of the first baronet. This gentleman *m.* twice, but having no male issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR RICHARD, an eminent physician, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of Doctor Denman, and sister of Thomas Denman, esq., common-serjeant of the city of London, by whom he had issue the present baronet, two other sons, and a daughter. Sir Richard was in attendance upon her Royal Highness the Princess Charlotte of Wales and Saxe Coburg, at the moment of her lamented death, and he survived the melancholy occurrence but a few months.

Motto, in English,

To be, rather than to seem.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

CROFT, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Cowling-Hall, Yorkshire; *b.* 21st March, 1777; created a baronet, 17th December, 1818.

Motto, in English,

To be, rather than to seem.

Country Seat—Cowling Hall, Yorkshire.

CROFTON, BARON, (Edward Crofton,) of Mote, county of Roscommon, Ireland, and an English baronet; *b.* 1st August, 1806; succeeded to the baronetcy upon the demise of his father, in 1816, and to the peerage at the death of his grandmother, a baroness in her own right, on the 12th of August, 1817.

The barony of Crofton, being of Ireland only, confers no hereditary seat in the legislature.

Lineage.

A baronetcy was conferred upon

EDWARD CROFTON, esq., in 1661, which title ceased with

SIR EDWARD, the sixth lineal inheritor, who *d.* in 1746, without issue, when the estates of the family devolved upon his sister,

CATHERINE. This lady *m.* in 1745, Marcus Lowther, esq., who assumed the name of Crofton, and was created a baronet, in 1758. He *d.* in 1784, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD, *b.* 17th August, 1746; *m.* Anne, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Croker, esq. of Backweston, county of Kildare, by whom he had ten children. Sir Edward *d.* 30th September, 1797; and on the 1st December following, (1797) his widow,

DAME ANNE CROFTON, was elevated to the peerage, as Baroness Crofton, of the Mote, county of Roscommon, with remainder to

SIR EDWARD, and other children, in succession, of her marriage with the late Sir Edward Crofton. This gentleman *m.* 12th September, 1801, Charlotte, fifth daughter of John, Earl of Galloway, by whom he had issue Sir Edward, the present baronet, who, upon the demise of Baroness Crofton, in 1818, succeeded also to the peerage.

Motto, in English,

God giveth the increase.

Country Seat—The Mote, Roscommon, Ireland.

CROFTON, SIR HUGH, baronet, of Mohill House, county of Leitrim; *b.* 7th July, 1763; *m.* in 1787, Frances, youngest daughter of Ralph Smyth, esq. of the county of Westmeath, by whom he has issue Morgan-George, and ten other children, six of whom are sons. Sir Hugh succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 12th February, 1802.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble family last described.

MORGAN CROFTON, esq., son of Thomas Crofton, esq. of Mohill, by Anne, daughter of George Crofton, of Lisburn, was created a baronet, 7th July, 1801; he *m.* Jane, youngest daughter of Colonel d'Alsac, by whom he had issue Hugh, the present baronet, and four other children.

Motto, in English,

God giveth the increase.

Country Seat—Mohill-house, county of Leitrim, Ireland.

CULLUM, SIR THOMAS GERY, baronet, of Hawstead, Suffolk, F.R.S. and F.A.S.; *b.* in 1741; *m.* in 1774, Mary, daughter of Robert Hanson, esq. of Yorkshire, by whom he has issue the Rev. Thomas-Gery, *b.* in 1777, and another son. Sir Thomas succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, 19th October, 1785.

Lineage.

THOMAS CULLUM, who filled the office of sheriff of London and Middlesex, in the year 1647, and became an alderman of London, was created a baronet, on the 18th June, 1660. He had *m.* in 1623, Mary, second daughter and co-heiress of Nicholas Crispe, of London, merchant, by whom he had three children. He *d.* in 1664, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Dudley, third daughter of Sir Henry North, baronet. Sir Thomas died in 1680, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR DUDLEY, who *m.* twice, but died without issue, when the title reverted to his cousin,

SIR JASPER, grandson of the first baronet, being the son of his second son, John. This gentleman *d.* in 1754, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR JOHN, who, by his second wife, Susanna, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Gery, knt., had six sons, and as many daughters. He *d.* 16th January, 1774, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THE REV. SIR JOHN, rector of Hawstead, and Great Thurlow. This gentleman dying without issue, in 1785, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

Let him be supported.

Country Seats—Hawstead-place; and Hardwick House, Suffolk.

CUMBERLAND AND TIVIOTDALE, HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE

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OF, (Prince Ernest-Augustus,) in England and Scotland; and Earl of Armagh, in Ireland; K.G., G.C.B.; chancellor of the University of Dublin; a field marshal in the army, and colonel of the 15th light dragoons; *b.* 5th of June, 1771; *m.* in 1815, (on the 29th May, and 29th August,) Frederica-Sophia-Charlotte, daughter of Frederick, Grand Duke of Mecklenburgh Strelitz, and relict of Frederick-William, Prince of Salms Braunfels, by whom he has one son, George-Frederick-Alexander-Charles-Ernest-Augustus, *b.* 27th May, 1819. His Royal Highness, who is the fifth son of his late majesty, King George the Third, and brother of the reigning sovereign, was created Earl of Armagh, and Duke of Cumberland and Tiviotdale, on the 23rd of April, 1798.

Residence—Ambassador's-court, St. James's Palace.

CUNLIFFE, SIR FOSTER, baronet, of Liverpool; *m.* in 1781, Harriet, daughter of Sir David Kinloch, bart., by whom he has issue Foster, *b.* in 1782, who *m.* the only daughter of Lord Crewe; and eight other children. Sir Foster succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, the late Sir Robert.

Lineage.

ELLIS CUNLIFFE, esq., son of Foster Cunliffe, esq., who was member of parliament for Liverpool, was created a baronet, with remainder, in case of failure of issue, to his brother, on the 26th March, 1759. He died in 1767, and left two daughters, but no son, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR ROBERT, who *m.* Mary, daughter of J. Wright, esq., of Nottingham, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and three daughters.

Motto, in English,
Faithfully.

Country Seat—Acton, Denbighshire.

CURTIS, SIR LUCIUS, baronet, of Gatcombe, Hampshire; captain in the royal navy, and C.B.; *b.* in 1780; *m.* in 1814, Miss Greetham, daughter of Moses Greetham, esq. by whom he has issue a son and heir, *b.* 14th April, 1817, and two other sons. Sir Lucius succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 14th Nov. 1816.

Lineage.

SIR ROGER CURTIS, knt., a naval officer of distinguished bravery, having obtained the rank of admiral of the red, was created a baronet, on the 10th September, 1794, in consideration of his heroic achievements under Lord Howe, in the memorable engagement of the 1st of June, in that year; he had been previously knighted for his conduct at the siege of Gibraltar, in 1782. Sir Roger *m.* Sarah, youngest daughter of Matthew Brady, esq., of Gatcombe House, Hampshire, by whom he left issue the present baronet, and a daughter.

Motto, in English,
Through dangers.

Country Seat—Gatcombe House, Isle of Portsea, Hampshire.

CURTIS, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Culland's Grove, Middlesex; *b.* 14th January, 1752; *m.* 9th November, 1776, Anne, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Edward Constable, esq., by whom he has issue William, *b.* 2nd March, 1782, and three other sons and a daughter.

Mr. Curtis was chosen an alderman of the city of London, in 1785; returned to parliament in 1790, for the same place, which he has since continued to represent, with the interruption of one short parliament only; served the office of lord mayor, in 1796; and was created a baronet on the 23rd December, 1802.

Country Seat—Culland's Grove, Southgate, Middlesex.

CUYLER, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of St. John's-Lodge, Herts; a major-general in the army; *b.* 29th January, 1794; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in March, 1819; *m.* 6th February, 1823, Catharine-Frances, daughter of the Rev. Fitzwilliam Hallifax.

Lineage.

CORNELIUS CUYLER, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 69th foot, was created a baronet, on the 29th October, 1814; he *m.* Anne, daughter of Major Grant, by whom he had issue the present baronet, another son, and four daughters. Sir Cornelius *d.* 8th March, 1819.

Country Seat—St. John's Lodge, Welwyn, Herts.

DACRE, BARON, (Thomas Brand,) *b.* 15th March, 1774; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his mother, a peeress in her own right, on 3rd October, 1819; *m.* in the December following, Barbarina, relict of Valentine Wilmot, esq., and daughter of Admiral Sir Chaloner Ogle, baronet.

Lineage.

The senior members of the family of Dacre have been summoned to parliament as barons, since the year 1321. Joan, the grand-daughter and heiress of the sixth baron, having married

RICHARD FIENES, that gentleman was summoned to parliament, in 1459, as Baron Dacre, but his great-grandson,

THOMAS FIENES, (who was also summoned to parliament in the same rank,) having committed murder, for which he suffered death, in 1541, the honors of the family were forfeited. In 1562, however, those honors were restored to his son and heir,

GREGORY FIENES, who was summoned to parliament, in 1573. This nobleman *d.* in 1594, without issue, when his sister,

MARGARET, the wife of Sampson Lennard, esq., claimed the barony, and was allowed it in 1604. The lineal descendant of this lady, in the fourth degree,

THOMAS LENNARD, the fourteenth Baron Dacre,

was created, on the 5th October, 1674, Earl of Sussex. His lordship dying, in 1715, without male issue, the earldom became extinct, and the barony of Dacre fell into abeyance, between the earl's two daughters and co-heiresses, Barbara and Anne; the former dying, however, without issue, in 1741,

ANNE became Baroness Dacre. Her ladyship *m.* thrice: first, Richard-Barret Lennard, the great-grandson (through his second son) of the twelfth Baron Dacre, by whom he had an only son, Thomas; secondly, Henry, eighth Lord Teynham, by whom she had, with other children, Charles, the grandfather of the present baron; and, thirdly, the Honorable Robert Moore, son of the Earl of Drogheda, by whom she also had children. Her ladyship *d.* in 1755, and was succeeded by her eldest son,

THOMAS-BARRET LENNARD. This gentleman dying without issue, 12th January, 1786, the title devolved upon his nephew,

TREVOR-CHARLES ROPER, the eldest son of his half brother, the Honorable Charles Roper, (Lord Teynham's eldest son, by Anne, Baroness Dacre.) His lordship *d.* 4th July, 1794, without issue, when the family honors reverted to his sister,

THE HONORABLE GERTRUDE ROPER, who *m.* Thomas Brand, esq., of the Hoo, county of Herts, by whom she had issue Thomas, the present peer; Henry, a major-general in the army, who distinguished himself in the peninsular war; and one daughter, Gertrude, *b.* 25th October, 1772.

Motto, in English,

Desire good.

Town Residence—2, Chesterfield Street.

Country Seat—The Hoo, near Welwyn, Herts.

DALHOUSIE, EARL OF, (George Ramsay,) and Lord Ramsay, of Scotland; a peer of the empire, as Baron Dalhousie, of Dalhousie Castle, county of Edinburgh; a general officer in the army, colonel of the 26th regiment of foot, and a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath; *b.* in 1770; succeeded to the Scottish honors upon the demise of his father, 15th November, 1787; and was created a peer of the realm, as above, on the 18th July, 1815. His lordship *m.* Christian, only child and heiress of Charles Brown, esq. of Coalston, Haddingtonshire, by whom he has issue George, Lord Ramsay, *b.* 3rd August, 1806, and another son. Lord Dalhousie, who distinguished himself as a military commander in the late war, particularly at Waterloo, has been appointed captain-general, and governor-in-chief, of the Canadas, Nova Scotia, &c. &c.

Lineage.

GEORGE RAMSAY, esq., knighted by King James the Sixth, of Scotland, was elevated to the peerage, as Lord Ramsay, on the 25th August, 1618; and was succeeded in 1630, by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, who *m.* 19th June, 1633, Margaret, daughter of David, Earl of Southesk, by whom he had two sons, George, and John, and one daughter. His lordship was advanced to an earldom, as Earl of Dalhousie, on the 29th June, 1633, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, who *d.* in 1675, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM. This nobleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Henry, Earl of Drogheda, by whom he had three sons, and a daughter. He *d.* in 1682, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, who *d.* unmarried, in 1696, (his lordship was killed in Holland, by a Mr. Hamilton,) when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM. This nobleman was a military officer of rank and distinction: dying in 1810, unmarried, the peerage reverted to his kinsman,

WILLIAM, grandson of the first Earl of Dalhousie, through his second son, John, by Miss Sinclair. His lordship *m.* Jane, daughter of Lord Ross, by whom he had George, who died during the lifetime of his father, leaving issue Charles and George, who succeeded in turn to the title; and another son. The Earl *d.* 8th December, 1739, and was succeeded by his grandson,

CHARLES, who *d.* unmarried in 1764, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

GEORGE. This nobleman filled the elevated station of high commissioner to the general assembly of the church of Scotland, from the year 1777 to 1782. His lordship *m.* 30th July, 1767, Elizabeth, daughter of Andrew Glen, esq., niece and heiress of James Glen, esq., of Longcroft, by whom he had issue George, the present peer; William, who assumed the name of Maule, being that of his grandmother; and nine other children. Lord Dalhousie succeeded, upon the death of his uncle, William Maule, Earl of Panmure, in 1782, to the very extensive estates of that family for life, with remainder, according to settlement, to his second son, who, as we have observed above, took the name of Maule.

Motto, in English,

By prayer and deeds.

Country Seat—Dalhousie Castle, Mid-Lothian.

DALLAS, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Petsall, Staffordshire; *m.* in 1788, Catherine, fourth daughter of Sir John Blackwood, bart., and Dorcas, Baroness Dufferin and Claneboye, by whom he has issue William-Gemmel, *b.* 11th April, 1792, and five other children. Mr. Dallas was created a baronet on the 21st of July, 1798.

Country Seat—Petsall, Staffordshire.

DALLING, SIR WILLIAM - WINDHAM, baronet, of Burwood Park, Surrey, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1798.

Lineage.

JOHN DALLING, esq., son of John Dalling, esq., of Bungay, county of Suffolk, by Anne, daughter of Colonel Windham, of Ersham House, Norfolk, having arrived at the rank of colonel in the army, and being appointed governor of Jamaica, was

created a baronet on the 4th March, 1783. Colonel Dalling *m.* twice: by his first lady he had no issue; but by his second, Louisa, daughter of Excelles Lawford, esq., he had a numerous family, of which the present baronet is the fifth and eldest surviving son.

Town Residence—58, Portland-place.

Country Seats—Ersham Hall, Bungay, Suffolk; and Burwood Park, Surrey.

DALRYMPLE, SIR HUGH-WHITEFORD, knight and baronet, of High Mark, county of Wigtoun; a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 57th foot; *b.* 3rd December, 1750; *m.* the 16th May, 1783, Frances, youngest daughter and co-heiress of General Leighton, by whom he has issue Adolphus-John, *b.* 3rd July, 1784, and three daughters. Sir Hugh Dalrymple was created a baronet on the 6th May, 1815.

Motto,
(round the crest)
"Firm."

Town Residence—23, Upper Wimpole-street.

Country Seats—Delrow, Herts; and High Mark, Wigtoun.

DARELL, SIR HARRY-VERELST, baronet, of Richmond, Surrey; *b.* 25th December, 1768; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1803; *m.* in 1809, Amelia-Marin-Anne, only daughter of William Beecher, esq., by whom he has issue a son, *b.* in February, 1817, and a daughter, *b.* ten years before (3rd March, 1810.) Sir Henry is senior merchant on the Bengal establishment.

Lineage.

LIONEL DARELL, esq., son of Lionel Darell, esq., of Bedford-row, London, represented Heydon in parliament, and was created a baronet on the 12th of May, 1795. He *m.* in July, 1766, Isabella, daughter of Timothy Tullie, esq., a director of the East India Company, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and six other children. Sir Lionel Darell having been chosen a director of the East India Company, he became chairman of the court of directors, and colonel of one of the India house regiments of volunteers.

Country Seat—Richmond Hill, Surrey.

DARLINGTON, EARL OF, (William-Harry Vane,) Viscount and Baron Barnard, of Barnard Castle, county of Durham; lord-lieutenant and vice-admiral of the same county; *b.* 27th July, 1766; *m.* 19th September, 1787, Catharine, daughter of Harry, last Duke of Bolton, by whom he had issue Henry, Viscount Barnard, *b.* 16th August, 1788, (*m.* Sophia, eldest daughter of the Earl of Paulett,) and several other children. His first lady dying 17th June, 1807, Lord Darlington *m.* a second time, 27th July, 1813, Miss E. Russell, of Newton House, Yorkshire. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family at the decease of his father, 8th September, 1792.

Lineage.

SIR CHRISTOPHER VANE, knight, eldest son of Sir Henry Vane, who was beheaded for high treason, on Tower Hill, 14th June, 1662, was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Barnard, of Barnard Castle, by letters patent, dated the 8th July, 1699. His lordship *d.* in 1723, and was succeeded by his eldest son, (his second son was created Viscount Vane, in Ireland, which title ceased with the second lord,)

GILBERT, who was succeeded, in 1753, by his eldest son,

HENRY. This nobleman *m.* in 1725, Grace, daughter of Charles, Duke of Cleveland, by whom he had several children. His lordship having filled some high official employments, was created Viscount Barnard, and Earl of Darlington, by letters patent, dated 3rd April, 1754. He *d.* 6th March, 1758, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY. His lordship *m.* 10th March, 1757, Margaret, sister of James, Earl of Lonsdale, by whom he had two daughters, and his successor, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
Neither rashly nor diffidently.

Town Residence—17, St. James's-square.

Country Seats—Raby Castle, Darlington, Durham; Newton House, near Beadle, Yorkshire.

DARNLEY, EARL OF, (John Bligh,) Viscount Darnley, of Athboy, and Baron Clifton, of Rathmore, county of Meath, in the peerage of Ireland; and Baron Clifton, of Leighton Bromwold, in that of England; F.R.S.; hereditary high-steward of Gravesend and Milton; *b.* 30th June, 1767; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 31st July, 1781; *m.* in 1791, Elizabeth, third daughter of the late Right Honorable William Brownlow, of Lurgan, by whom he has issue John, Lord Clifton, *b.* 18th June, 1792, (*m.* in 1825, Emma-Jane, daughter of Sir Henry Parnell, bart.,) and four other children.

Lineage.

The English barony of Clifton, which was created by summons, in 1608, came into the family of Bligh by the marriage, in 1713, of

THEODISIA, only surviving child and heiress of Edward Hyde, Earl of Clarendon, and Baroness Clifton in her own right, with

JOHN BLIGH, eldest son of the Right Honorable Thomas Bligh, by Elizabeth, daughter of Colonel Napier, of Lougherew. This gentleman was subsequently elevated to the Irish peerage, being created, on the 14th September, 1721, Baron Clifton, of Athboy; on the 17th March, 1722, Viscount Darnley; and on the 29th June, 1725, Earl of Darnley. His lordship had five children, and was succeeded, in 1728, by his eldest son,

EDWARD, who had previously inherited the English barony upon the demise of his mother, 30th

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July, 1722. His lordship *d.* unmarried, 27th July, 1742, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN, *b.* 1st October, 1719; *m.* 11th September, 1766, Mary, daughter and heiress of John Stoyte, esq., of the county of Westmeath, by whom he had issue John, the present peer, and six other children.

Motto, in English,
Look to the end.

Town Residence—46, Berkeley-square.

Country Seats—Cobham Hall, near Gravesend, Kent; and Rathmore, county of Meath, Ireland.

DARTMOUTH, EARL AND BARON OF, (William Legge,) Viscount Lewisham, D.C.L.; *b.* 29th November, 1784; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 2nd November, 1810; *m.* in 1821, Charlotte-Frances, daughter of Charles Chetwynd, Earl Talbot, by whom he had two sons, who, with her ladyship, are both dead.

Lineage.

The founder of this noble family was Alderman Thomas Legge, of the city of London, who served the office of sheriff, in 1343, and was lord mayor, in the years 1346 and 1353; from him lineally descended

GEORGE LEGGE, who was created Baron Dartmouth, on the 2nd December, 1682. His lordship *d.* in 1691, and was succeeded by his only son,

WILLIAM, who was secretary of state, in 1710, and, on the 5th September, 1711, was advanced to a viscounty and earldom, as Viscount Lewisham and Earl of Dartmouth. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter of Heneage, Earl of Aylesford, by whom he had six sons and two daughters; the eldest of the former, George, Viscount Lewisham, *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Sir Arthur Kaye, of Yorkshire, baronet, by whom he left a son and two daughters. His lordship died in the lifetime of his father. The earl *d.* 15th December, 1750, and was succeeded by his grandson,

WILLIAM, who *m.* in 1755, Frances-Catherine, only daughter and heiress of Sir Charles-Gunter Nicholl, K.B. His lordship *d.* in 1801, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, who was called, by writ, to the house of lords, as Baron Dartmouth, during the lifetime of his father. His lordship *m.* 24th September, 1782, Frances, ninth daughter of Heneage, third Earl of Aylesford, by whom he had issue William, the present peer, and thirteen other children.

Motto, in English,
Virtue delights in being tried.

Town Residence—12, Berkeley-square.

Country Seats — Sandwell, Staffordshire; and Woodsome, Yorkshire.

DASHWOOD, SIR HENRY-WATKIN, baronet, of Kirklington Park, Oxfordshire; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 10th November, 1779; *m.* 17th July, 1780, Miss Graham, niece to William, Lord Newhaven, by whom he has issue George, *b.* 17th September, 1786, (married Marianne, daughter of Sir William Rowley, bart.) and four other children. Sir Henry Dashwood is an old member of the house of commons, having had a seat there during ten parliaments, as representative of the borough of Woodstock.

Lineage.

ROBERT DASHWOOD, eldest son of George Dashwood, esq. (who, in the reign of Charles the Second, joined in farming the revenues of Ireland, and, subsequently, became one of the excise and hearth-money farmers in England,) was created a baronet, on the 16th May, 1684, with remainder, in case of failure of male issue, to the descendants male of his father; *m.* Penelope, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Chamberlayne, bart., by whom he had nine children, five sons and four daughters. He *d.* in 1734, and was succeeded by the second and eldest surviving son of his fourth and deceased son, Robert,

SIR JAMES, who *m.* in 1738-9, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Edward Spencer, esq. of Rendlesham, county of Suffolk, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. Henry-Watkin, the present baronet, is the second son, the eldest died in infancy.

Country Seat—Kirklington Park, near Woodstock, Oxfordshire.

DAVY, SIR HUMPHREY, bart., D.C.L., president of the royal society, and member of numerous literary institutions throughout Europe. Professor Davy having distinguished himself by his scientific researches, was, in consideration of his transcendant genius in that walk of literature, created a baronet, on the 20th October, 1818. He *m.* Jane, daughter and heiress of Charles Kerr, esq. and relict of Shuckburgh-A.-Apreece, esq., eldest son of Sir Thomas Apreece, bart.

Motto, in English,
Fire restrained, our lives are secure.

Town Residence — 26, Park-street, Grosvenor-square; and Royal Society, Somerset House.

DAWNAY, BARON, (John-Christopher-Burton Dawnay,) of Cowick, Yorkshire.

See Viscount Downe.

DE BATHE, SIR JAMES-WYNNE-BUTLER, baronet, of Knightstown, county of Meath, Ireland; *b.* 25th October, 1792; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1808.

Lineage.

JAMES-MICHAEL DE BATHE, esq. lineally descended from Hugo de Bathe, one of the knights who accompanied Strongbow, Earl of Pembroke, to Ireland, in 1172, was created a baronet, on the 7th of July, 1801; *m.* Anna-Maria, only daughter and heiress of William Wynne, esq., by whom he had issue the present baronet, and William-Plunket, who

is a field officer, and who *m.* in 1820, Mary, eldest daughter of Thomas Earle, esq. of Spekelands, Lancashire. Sir James *d.* 22nd February, 1908.

Motto, in English,

Trifles do not deter me.

Country Seats—Knightstown and Ladyrath, in the county of Meath, Ireland.

DE BLAQUIERE, BARON, (John Blaquiere,) of Ardkill, county of Londonderry, and a baronet; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1812.

Lord De Blaquiere being an Irish baron only, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and he is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

JOHN BLAQUIERE, esq. fifth son of John Blaquiere, esq. (who emigrated from France, in consequence of the revocation of the edict of Nantz, in 1685, and settled in England,) being nominated principal secretary to the lord-lieutenant of Ireland, in 1772, and invested, in 1774, with the Order of the Bath, was created a baronet, in 1784, and sworn of the privy council in Ireland. He *m.* 24th December, 1775, Eleanor, daughter of Robert Dawson, esq. of Anne's Grove, county of Cork, by whom he had issue John, the present peer, and four other sons, and three daughters. Sir John Blaquiere was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as Baron de Blaquiere, of Ardhill, on the 30th of July, 1800.

Motto, in English,

Maintain the truth.

Country Seat—Ardkill, county of Londonderry, Ireland.

DECIES, BARON, (The Reverend John-De-la-Poer Beresford,) of the county of Waterford; *b.* 20th January, 1776; succeeded to the title upon the decease of his father, The Right Honorable William, Baron Decies, Lord Archbishop of Tuam, 6th September, 1819; *m.* 26th July, 1810, Charlotte, only daughter and heiress of Robert Horsley, esq. of Bolam House, county of Northumberland, by whom he has issue William-Robert-John, and three daughters.

The barony of Decies being of Ireland only, confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present lord is not a representative peer.

Lineage.

His lordship's descent being the same as that of the Marquess Waterford, whose cousin he is, see that title.

WILLIAM BERESFORD, third son of Marcus Beresford, Earl of Tyrone, and brother of the first Marquess of Waterford, having entered into holy orders, was successively Bishop of Dromore (1780), Bishop of Ossory (1782), and Archbishop of Tuam (1794). Mr. Beresford *m.* 12th June, 1763, Elizabeth, second daughter of John Fitzgibbon, esq. and sister of John, Earl Clare, by whom he had, with fourteen other children, John De-la-Poer, the present peer. His grace was elevated to the Irish peerage, on the 21st December, 1812, as Baron Decies, a title borne by his maternal grandfather, James La Poer, third and last Viscount Decies, and Earl of Tyrone. He *d.* 6th September, 1819.

Motto, in English,

The cross is our only dependence.

DE CLIFFORD, BARON, (Edward-Southwell Clifford,) of Clifford Castle, Herefordshire; D.C.L.; *b.* 23rd June, 1767; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1777; *m.* in 1789, Mary-Elizabeth, daughter of his grace Joseph, Archbishop of Tuam, and Earl of Mayo, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient barony, being held by tenure so far back as the middle of the twelfth century. In 1299,

ROBERT CLIFFORD, grandson and heir of Roger Clifford, the last baron by tenure, who *d.* in 1285, was summoned to parliament by writ, as were his direct descendants to

JOHN, the ninth baron, who *m.* Margaret, daughter and heiress of Henry, Lord Vescy, (subsequently to which union, the Cliffords were generally styled Barons Vescy, in addition to Clifford,) by whom he had three sons. His lordship, being a partisan of the house of Lancaster, was slain, on the 29th March, 1461, at the battle of Towton, and was attainted in parliament the following November. The eldest son of this nobleman,

HENRY, to screen him from the Yorkists, being but seven years of age when his father fell, was disguised as a shepherd's boy, and thus brought up without the slightest education. He was, at length, restored, however, to his honors, in the thirty-second year of his age, by the first parliament of Henry the Seventh. His lordship *d.* in 1523, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY, who was created, on the 18th June, 1523, Earl of Cumberland, which earldom was transmitted to the sixth earl, upon whose demise, in 1605, without male issue, it became extinct, and the barony of De Clifford remained in abeyance until 1628, when

ANNE, Countess of Dorset, only daughter and heiress of George Clifford, third Earl of Cumberland, claimed it; but nothing effectual in the matter ensued, and upon her ladyship's demise, in 1675, the barony remained in the same state, and so continued, until her second daughter, Isabella, Countess of Northampton, and her children, died, when it became vested in

THOMAS TUFTON, Earl of Thanet, (the eldest son of the Countess of Dorset's eldest daughter, Margaret, Countess of Thanet,) who claimed the barony, and had his claim acknowledged by the house of lords, in 1691. Dying in 1729, however, without male issue, the barony again fell into abeyance, between his five daughters, until the king was pleased to determine the matter in favor of

MARGARET, (the third daughter,) Countess of Leicester, who *d.* without issue, in 1775, when the

crown again interfered, and transferred the barony to

EDWARD SOUTHWELL, esq. son and heir of Edward Southwell, esq. of Gloucestershire, by Catherine, daughter of Lady Catherine Tufton, the eldest daughter of Lord Thanet. His lordship *m.* Sophia, daughter of Samuel Campbell, esq. of Mount Campbell, county of Leitrim, Ireland, by whom he had issue the present peer, and three other sons, who *d.* in infancy, besides five daughters.

Should the present baron die without male issue, the barony will again fall into abeyance, between the issue of his three deceased sisters.

Motto, in English,
The king wills it.

Town Residence—24, Bruton-street.

Country Seat—Kingsweston, near Bristol.

DE CRESPIGNY, SIR WILLIAM-CHAMPION, of Champion Lodge, Surrey; *b.* 1st January, 1765; *m.* 4th August, 1786, Sarah, daughter of Other-Lewis, Earl of Plymouth, by whom he has issue Augustus-James, *b.* in 1791, and two other sons, besides three daughters. Sir William succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 28th January, 1818.

Lineage.

CLAUDE-CHAMPION DE CRESPIGNY, D.C.L., *m.* in 1764, Miss Clarke, only daughter and heiress of Joseph Clarke, esq. by whom he had issue the present baronet.

Country Seat—King's-row, Southampton.

DE DUNSTANVILLE, BARON, (Francis Basset,) of Tehidy, and Baron Basset, of Stratton, county of Cornwall, a baronet, recorder of Penryn, and D.C.L.; *m.* first, in 1780, Frances-Susannah, daughter of John-Hippisley Coxe, esq. of Stone Easton, by whom he had one daughter, Frances, *b.* 1st May, 1780; *m.* secondly, in 1824, Harriett, daughter of Sir William Lemon, bart. Mr. Basset, the eldest son of Francis Basset, esq. the representative of the ancient family of Basset, by Margaret, daughter of Sir John St. Aubyn, bart., was created a baronet, 24th November, 1779, and advanced to the peerage, as Baron Dunstanville, on the 17th June, 1796. His lordship was created Baron Basset, of Stratton, on the 30th October, 1797, with remainder to his only daughter, Frances, and her male descendants.

Motto, in English,
For the king and the people.

Town Residence—South-place, Knightsbridge.

Country Seat—Tehidy Park, Cornwall.

DE GREY, COUNTESS, (Amabel-Hume Campbell,) of Wrest, Bedfordshire, and Baroness Lucas, of Crudwell, Wilts; *b.* 22nd January, 1751; *m.* 16th July, 1772, Alexander, Lord Polwarth, only son of Hugh, Earl of Marchmont, (created a peer of England, as Baron Hume, of Berwick, 20th May, 1776,) by whom her ladyship had no issue; his lordship *d.* in 1781. Lady Hume succeeded her mother, Jemima, Marchioness de Grey, 10th January, 1797, in the barony of Lucas, and was created, 5th October, 1816, Countess de Grey, with remainder, in case of failure of male issue, to her sister, Jemima, Dowager Baroness of Grantham, and her male descendants.

Lineage.

The earldom of Kent devolved, at the demise of Henry, the ninth earl, without issue, 21st November, 1639, upon

THE REVEREND ANTHONY GREY, whose grandson,

ANTHONY, the twelfth Earl of Kent, *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of John, Lord Lucas, Baron of Shenfield, county of Essex, who was created, on the 7th May, 1663, Baroness Lucas, of Crudwell, in the county of Wilts, with remainder to her issue, male and female, by the Earl of Kent. The only son of this marriage was

HENRY, who succeeded upon the demise of his parents to the honors of both; and on the 14th of December, 1700, was created Viscount Goodrich, of Goodrich Castle, in Herefordshire; Earl of Harold, in the county of Bedford; and Marquess of Kent. On the 22th April, 1710, his lordship obtained a dukedom, as Duke of Kent; and in 1713, was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. His grace *m.* twice: first, Jemima, eldest daughter of Thomas, Lord Crew, of Steane, by whom he had four sons and seven daughters: the former all died before himself, without issue. His grace *m.* secondly, Sophia, daughter of William, Duke of Portland, by whom he had a son, who died in infancy, and a daughter, who *m.* the Right Reverend John Egerton, Lord Bishop of Durham. His grace having no surviving male issue, was created, 9th May, 1740, Marquess Grey, in remainder to his grand-daughter, Jemima Campbell, daughter of Lady Amabel Grey, by her husband, John, Viscount Glenorchy, and her heirs male. His grace *d.* 5th June, 1740, when all the titles but the marquesate of Grey, and the barony of Lucas, became extinct, but those devolved upon his grand-daughter, already mentioned.

JEMIMA, who had *m.* a few days before the death of her grand-father, Philip, Earl of Hardwicke, by whom she had two daughters only, Amabel, the present countess, and Mary-Jemima, who *m.* Thomas, Lord Grantham. Upon the decease of the marchioness, without male issue, the marquesate was extinguished, but the barony of Lucas descended to her eldest daughter.

Town Residence—4, St. James's-square.

Country Seats—Wrest House, Silsoe, Bedfordshire; and Putney Heath, Surrey.

DELAMERE, BARON, (Thomas Cholmondeley,) of Vale Royal, county of Chester; *b.* in 1767; *m.* in 1810, Henrietta-Elizabeth, third daughter of Sir Watkin-Williams Wynn, bart., by whom he has issue Hugh, *b.* 3rd October, 1812, and two other sons and a daughter.

Mr. Cholmondeley, who is descended from the same original ancestor as the Marquess of Cholmondeley, was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Delamere, on the 17th July, 1821.

Motto, in English,

Virtue is the safest defence.

Country Seat—Vale Royal, Chester.

DELAWARR, EARL, (George - John West,) Viscount Cantalupe, Baron Delawarr, and Baron West; *b.* 26th October, 1791; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1795; *m.* 21st June, 1813, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Frederick, Duke of Dorset, by whom he has issue George-John-Frederick, Viscount Cantalupe, b. 25th April, 1814; and five other sons, and a daughter.

Lineage.

The founder of this family was Sir Thomas West, knight, who lived in the reign of Edward the Second, and was in high favor with that monarch and his successor. He *m.* Eleanor, daughter and heiress of Sir John Cantalupe, knight, by whom he obtained the manor of Snitterfield, in Warwickshire, and was afterwards summoned to parliament as a baron. From this Sir Thomas descended

Sir Thomas West, knight, who *m.* Joan, daughter of Roger, and heiress of his sons, John and Thomas, Barons La Warre. This gentleman was summoned to parliament, as were his lineal descendants, until the reign of Mary, when

Sir William West was attainted, but restored by Elizabeth, and created Baron Delawarre. His lordship was succeeded, in 1595, by his son,

Thomas, who was succeeded by his son,

Thomas. This nobleman was governor and captain-general of Virginia, where he *d.* in 1628, and was succeeded by his son,

Henry, who was succeeded by his son,

Charles, and he by his son,

John, who transmitted the barony to his son,

John. This nobleman was a general officer in the army, a K.B., and governor of Guernsey. He *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Donagh, Earl of Clancarty, by whom he had several children. His lordship was created, 18th March, 1761, Viscount Cantalupe, and Earl of Delawarr. He *d.* in March, 1766, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, who was also an officer of high rank in the army. His lordship *d.* 22nd November, 1777, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William-Augustus, who *d.* unmarried, in 1783, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

John-Richard, who *m.* Catherine, daughter of Henry Lyell, esq., of Bourn, Cambridgeshire, by whom he had issue the present peer, and two daughters. His lordship *d.* 28th July, 1795.

Motto, in English,

The day of my life.

Town Residence—17, Upper Grosvenor-street.

Country Seat—Bourn Hall, Caxton, Cambridgeshire.

DE LA ZOUCH, BARON, (Cecil Bishopp,) of Harringworth, and a baronet, of Parham Park, Sussex; D.C.L., and F.R.S.; *b.* 29th Dec. 1753; *m.* 27th June, 1782, Harriot-Anne, only daughter and heiress of William Southwell, esq., of Frampton, Gloucestershire, by whom he has three daughters. He had two sons, the eldest of whom was an officer in the army, and fell in Canada, 11th July, 1813. The youngest was in the navy, and died of the yellow fever, in Jamaica, in 1808; neither having left issue. Sir Cecil Bishopp, who had represented, for a great many years, the borough of New Shoreham in parliament, was summoned to the Upper House, by writ, as Baron De La Zouch, (a rank to which he was entitled in right of his mother,) on the 27th of August, 1815.

Lineage.

The Barons La Zouch were summoned to parliament so far back as the reign of Edward the Second; first, in the person of

William La Zouch, and, subsequently, in that of his grandson,

William, from whom the honor descended through nine direct generations; but at the demise of the ninth baron,

Edward, in 1625, the barony fell into abeyance, (between his two daughters, and their descendants,) and so continued, until terminated by the crown in favor of the present peer, who is descended from Elizabeth, the eldest, wife of

Sir William Tate, knt., whose great-great-great-grand-daughter, Susanna Hedges, *m.* 8th Jan. 1750,

Sir Cecil Bishopp, baronet, of Parham Park, great-great-grandson of Sir Thomas Bishopp, knt., who was created a baronet, on the 24th July, 1620. Sir Cecil *d.* in 1791, and was succeeded in the baronetcy by his only son, the present peer.

Motto, in English,

For God and the church.

Town Residence—6, Duchess-street, Portland-place.

Country Seat—Parham Park, Sussex.

DENBIGH, EARL OF, (Basil - Percy Fielding,) Viscount Fielding, Baron Fielding, of Newnham-Paddox and St. Liz, in the peerage of England; and in that of Ireland, Earl of Desmond, Viscount Callan, and Baron Fielding; *b.* 25th March, 1796; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his grandfather, 14th July, 1800; *m.* in 1822, the Honorable Miss Moreton, eldest daughter of Lord Ducie, by whom he has a son, Viscount Fielding, and a daughter, both born 9th April, 1823.

Lord Denbigh is also a Count of the Holy Roman Empire.

Lineage.

The family of Fielding, which is descended from the Earls of Hapsburgh, in Germany, was ennobled in England, in the person of

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Sir William Fielding, created 30th December, 1620, Baron and Viscount Fielding, of Newnham-Paddox; and on the 14th September, 1622, Earl of Denbigh. His lordship *m.* Susan, daughter of Sir George Villars, by whom he had three sons and four daughters. George, the second son, was created, 22nd November, 1622, Baron Fielding, Viscount Callan, and Earl of Desmond, in the peerage of Ireland; those honors to be enjoyed after the demise of Sir Richard Presten, then Earl of Desmond. This nobleman had five sons, one of whom, John, Canon of Salisbury, was grandfather of Henry Fielding, the celebrated novelist. The eldest son of the Earl of Denbigh,

Basil, upon his lordship's decease, 8th April, 1643, succeeded to the honors of the family; he was created, 2nd February, 1663, Baron St. Liz, as a descendant from Agnes, daughter and heiress of John de St. Liz. Dying without issue, the peerage devolved upon his nephew,

William, second Earl of Desmond, who *d.* 28th August, 1685, and was succeeded by his son,

Basil. This nobleman left a numerous family, and was succeeded, in 1716, by his eldest son,

William, who *d.* in 1755, and was succeeded by his only son,

Basil, *b.* 3rd January, 1712; *m.* first, on the 12th April, 1757, Mary, third daughter and co-heiress of Sir John-Bruce Cotton, baronet, by whom he had issue William, Viscount Fielding, and another son. Lord Fielding *d.* in the lifetime of his father, leaving a son, the present peer, and two daughters, who obtained, by royal permission, in 1813, the same rank and precedence as if their father lived to enjoy the earldom. Lord Denbigh *m.* secondly, Sarah, relict of Sir Charles Halford, baronet, by whom he had no issue.

Motto, in English,

Virtue prospers under oppression.

Country Seat—Newham-Paddox, near Rugby, Warwickshire.

DENYS, SIR GEORGE-WILLIAM, baronet, of Easton-Neston; *b.* 20th May, 1788; *m.* 5th December, 1809, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of George Lind, esq., of Stafford-place, London, by whom he has issue George-William, *b.* 11th December, 1811, two other sons, and four daughters. Mr. Denys, who is the eldest son of the late Peter Denys, esq., of Hans-place, Middlesex, by Charlotte, only daughter of the Earl of Pomfret, was created a baronet, 23rd November, 1813.

Motto, in English,

Now, and always.

Country Seat—Easton Neston, county of Northampton.

DERBY, EARL OF, (Edward-Smith Stanley,) Lord Stanley, and Baron Stanley, of Latham, and a baronet; lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the county of Lancashire; *b.* 18th September, 1752; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his grandfather, 24th February, 1776; *m.* first, in 1774, Elizabeth, only daughter of James, sixth Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, by whom he had issue Edward Smith, Lord Stanley, *b.* 21st April, 1775, and two daughters. Lord Stanley *m.* 30th June, 1798, Charlotte-Margaret, second daughter of the Rev. Geoffrey Hornby, by whom he has three sons and four daughters. The Earl of Derby *m.* secondly, 1st May, 1797, Miss Farren, a very celebrated and much admired actress, daughter of Mr. Farren, of Cork, by whom he has one daughter living, who *m.* 29th November, 1821, Thomas, Earl of Wilmot.

Lineage.

Sir Thomas Stanley, K.G, (great-grandson of Sir John Stanley, who obtained, in 1406, a grant in fee of the Isle of Man,) having *m.* Margaret, Countess of Richmond, mother of Henry the Seventh, and having contributed to the decisive victory of Bosworth-field, was created by the successful monarch, 27th October, 1485, Earl of Derby. His lordship *m.* Eleanor Neville, daughter of Richard Neville, the celebrated Earl of Warwick, by whom he had issue, with other children, George, who *m.* Joan, daughter and heiress of Lord Strange, and, in consequence, was summoned to parliament as Baron Strange; he *d.* in the lifetime of his father, leaving two sons. The earl *d.* in 1504, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Thomas, who was succeeded by his son,

Edward, who was also succeeded by his son,

Henry. His lordship *d.* in 1534, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Ferdinando. Upon the death of this nobleman, in 1595, without male issue, the baronies of Stanley and Strange fell into abeyance, between his three daughters and co-heiresses, while the earldom devolved upon his brother,

William, who purchased the claims of his nieces upon the Isle of Man. His lordship *d.* in 1642, and was succeeded by his son,

James, who had been summoned to parliament, in 1621, as Baron Strange; which barony has since been inherited by the ducal house of Athol. His lordship was distinguished for his devoted attachment to Charles the First, and to Charles the Second, and being made prisoner after the battle of Worcester, was beheaded at Bolton, 15th October, 1651. He had *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Claude de la Tremouille, Duke de Thouars, and left issue Amelia-Sophia, who *m.* John, Marquess of Athol; and his successor,

Charles, who *d.* in 1672, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William-George-Richard, who *d.* without male issue, in 1742, when the title devolved upon his brother,

James, who *d.* also without issue, (1735,) when the barony of Strange reverted to his aunt, the Marchioness of Athol, and the earldom of Derby devolved upon

Sir Edward Stanley, baronet, the descendant of Sir James Stanley, knt., of Crosshall, in Lan-

cashire, who was grandson of the first Earl. Sir Edward Stanley's great-great-grandfather, Edward Stanley, esq., was created a baronet, the 26th Jan. 1627. This nobleman *m.* in 1714, Elizabeth, only daughter of Robert Hesketh, of Rufford, esq., by whom he had issue, with other children, James, commonly styled Lord Stanley, who *m.* Lucy, daughter and co-heiress of Hugh Smith, esq. of Weald Hall, county of Essex, (in consequence of which union, he assumed, by permission of parliament, the name and arms of Smith, in addition to those of Stanley,) by whom he had issue Edward, the present peer, and six other children. His lordship *d.* before his father, in May, 1771, and upon the demise of that nobleman, the family honors descended to his grandson, the present Lord Derby.

Motto, in English,
Without changing.

Town Residence—23, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seats—Knowsley, Lancashire; and Woodmanstone, Surrey.

DE ROOS, BARONESS, (Charlotte Fitzgerald de Roos,) lady of Lord Henry Fitzgerald, third son of James, late Duke of Leinster, by whom she has issue Henry-William, *b.* 12th June, 1793, and five other sons, and two daughters. The barony of de Roos was in abeyance, until terminated by the late king, on the 9th of May, 1806, in favor of her ladyship, upon which occasion, she assumed the name of de Roos.

Lineage.

Robert de Roos, grandson of Robert de Roos, one of the twenty-five barons who extorted Magna Charta from John, was summoned to parliament, as Baron de Roos, in the year 1264, (the forty-ninth of Henry the Third,) and the barony descended from father to son, until it devolved upon

Thomas, the fifth baron, who was brother to his predecessor, as was

William, the seventh baron. The grandson of this nobleman,

Thomas, the tenth, being attainted 4th Nov. 1461, his honors became forfeited, but his son,

Edmund, obtained a reversal of the attainder, in 1485; he was not summoned, however, to parliament. Upon the demise of this nobleman without issue, in 1508, the barony fell into abeyance between his three sisters and co-heiresses, which terminated in favor of

George Manners, the son and heir of Eleanor, the eldest sister, by Sir Robert Manners, knt., the two younger sisters having *d.* without issue; this nobleman was never summoned to parliament. His lordship *m.* Ann, only daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas St. Leger, knt., by Ann Plantagenet, sister of Edward the Fourth. He *d.* in 1513, and was succeeded by his son,

Thomas, who was summoned to parliament 12th November, 1515, and created Earl of Rutland, 18th June, 1525, being also installed a knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter. His lordship *d.* in 1543, when the barony, with the earldom, descended to his son,

Henry, by whom, in 1563, they were transmitted to his son,

Edward, who *d.* without male issue, in 1587, when the earldom of Rutland reverted to his brother, and the barony of de Roos descended to his only daughter and heiress,

Elizabeth, who *m.* William Cecil, second Earl of Exeter. Her ladyship *d.* in 1591, and the barony of De Roos was confirmed to her son and heir,

William Cecil, on the 22nd July, 1616. His lordship *d.* however, in two years afterwards, without male issue, (his father, the Earl of Exeter, being still living,) when the barony reverted to his cousin,

Francis Manners, the sixth Earl of Rutland. This nobleman had previously contested it, as heir-general, and obtained, on the same day that it was confirmed to his cousin, a patent, creating himself, and his heirs male, Baron Roos, of Hamlake; he died in 1632, without male descendants, when the new barony was extinguished, but the old one devolved upon his only daughter and heiress,

Katherine, who *m.* George Villiers, first Duke of Buckingham. Her ladyship *d.* in 1666, and was succeeded in the barony by her eldest son,

George, second Duke of Buckingham, who *d.* in 1687, without male issue, when the barony fell into abeyance, between the heirs of Bridget, wife of Sir Robert Tyrwhitt, bart. and Frances, wife of William, Lord Willoughby, of Parham, sisters of Francis, sixth Earl of Rutland, and so continued, until terminated in favor of the present baroness, who is only daughter and heiress of the Honorable Robert-Boyle Walsingham, youngest son of Henry, Earl of Shannon, by Charlotte, daughter of Sir Charles-Hanbury Williams, bart. the descendant of the before-mentioned Frances, Lady Willoughby, of Parham.

DERING, SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Surenden-Dering, Kent; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his grandfather, in 1801.

Lineage.

Sir Edward Dering, knt. was created a baronet, on the 1st of February, 1626. He *m.* thrice, and was succeeded by the only son of his second marriage, with Anne, third daughter of Sir John Ashburnham, knt.,

Sir Edward, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Edward. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Cholmeley, bart., by whom he had three sons and one daughter. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Cholmeley. This gentleman having been killed in a duel, in 1711, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Edward, who *d.* in 1762, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Edward. This gentleman *m.* first, in 1755, Selina, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Robert Fur-

nese, bart., by whom he had a son and a daughter. He *m.* secondly, Deborah, only daughter of John Winchester, esq. of Nethersole, by whom he had four sons and three daughters. He *d.* 8th December, 1798, and was succeeded by the son of his first marriage,

SIR EDWARD, who *m.* Anne, daughter of William Hale, esq. of King's Walden, Herts, by whom he had issue two sons and a daughter. Edward, the eldest son, *m.* Henrietta, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Richard Neville, esq. of Furness, county of Kildare, by whom he had issue Edward, the present baronet, and a daughter; he *d.* 19th September, 1808. Sir Edward *d.* 30th June, 1811, when his grandson, mentioned above, succeeded to the title.

Motto, in English,

I would not willingly terrify: I am ignorant of fear.

Country Seat—Surenden-Dering, Kent.

DESART, EARL OF, (John-Otway-O'Connor Cuffe,) Viscount Castle Cuffe, and Viscount and Baron of Desart, county of Kilkenny; *b.* 12th October, 1818; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1820.

The earldom of Desart and minor titles, being of Ireland only, confer no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

JOHN CUFFE, esq. the descendant of Hugh Cuffe, who settled in Ireland during the reign of Elizabeth, and obtained a considerable grant of land in the county of Cork, was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Desart, on the 10th December, 1733. His lordship *m.* twice, and was succeeded, in 1749, by the third and eldest surviving son of his second marriage, with Dorothea, eldest daughter of General Georges,

JOHN, who *d.* in 1767, without male issue, when the barony devolved upon his brother,

OTWAY, who was created Viscount Desart, on the 6th January, 1781, and Earl of Desart, on the 20th December, 1793. His lordship *m.* in 1785, Anne, eldest daughter of John, Earl of Altamont, by whom he had a son and two daughters. He *d.* 9th August, 1804, and was succeeded by his only son,

JOHN-OTWAY, *b.* 20th of February, 1788; *m.* in 1817, Catharine, eldest daughter of Maurice-N. O'Connor, esq. of Mount Pleasant, by whom he had an only son, the present peer. His lordship *d.* 23rd November, 1820.

Motto, in English,

Virtue unacquainted with sordid repulse.

DESMOND, EARL OF, (Basil-Percy Fielding,) Viscount Callan, and Baron Fielding, of Ireland.

See Earl of Denbigh.

DE VESCI, VISCOUNT, (John Vesey,) of Abbey-Leix, Queen's County, Baron Knapton, and a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 15th February, 1771; *m.* in August, 1800, Frances-Letitia, daughter of the late Right Honorable William Brownlow, by whom he has issue Thomas, *b.* 20th September, 1803, and a daughter, *b.* 19th June, 1802. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1804.

This being an Irish peerage, it confers no hereditary seat in the legislature, and the present viscount is not a representative peer.

Lineage.

HIS GRACE, JOHN VESEY, Archbishop of Tuam, was father of

THE RIGHT REV. SIR THOMAS VESEY, bart. Lord Bishop of Ossory, whose son, by Mary, daughter and heiress of Deney Muschamp, esq. of Hersley, Surrey,

JOHN-DENEY, succeeded to the baronetcy, in 1730, and was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Knapton, 10th April, 1750. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William Brownlow, esq., by whom he had issue one son and four daughters. He *d.* 25th June, 1761, and was succeeded by his son,

THOMAS, who was created, the 22nd June, 1776, Viscount de Vesci, of Abbey-Leix. His lordship *m* 24th of September, 1769, Elizabeth-Selina, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Arthur Brooke, bart., by whom he had issue John, the present peer, and two other sons, and two daughters. He *d.* 13th October, 1804.

Motto, in English,

Under this sign thou shalt conquer.

Country Seat—Abbey-Leix, Queen's County.

DEVONSHIRE, DUKE OF, (William-Spencer Cavendish,) Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Baron Cavendish, of Hardwicke, and Baron Clifford, lord-lieutenant and high steward of the county of Derby, D.C.L.; *b.* 21st May, 1790; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1811.

Lineage.

This is one of the most illustrious houses in the British peerage, its members having filled some of the highest offices in church and state for more than five centuries. It was ennobled in the person of

WILLIAM CAVENDISH, second son of Sir William Cavendish, knt. (who was gentleman-usher to Cardinal Wolsey,) by Elizabeth, sister and heiress of John Hardwicke, esq. of Hardwicke, in Derbyshire, (this Sir William was lineally descended from Sir John Cavendish, chief-justice of the court of king's bench, in the reign of Edward the Third,) was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Cavendish, of Hardwicke, 4th May, 1605, and advanced to an earldom, as Earl of Devonshire, 7th August, 1618. His lordship *d.* 3rd March, 1625, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, who *d.* in 1628, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM. This nobleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William, Earl of Salisbury, by whom he had a daughter, and his successor,

WILLIAM, who was created, 12th May, 1694, Mar-

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quess of Hartington and Duke of Devonshire, and installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. His grace *d.* 18th August, 1707, and was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM, K.G. who *d.* in 1729, and was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM, K.G. *b.* 1698; *m.* in 1718, Catherine, only daughter and heiress of John Hoskins, esq., by whom he had four sons and three daughters. His grace *d.* 5th December, 1755, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, K.G., *b.* in 1720; called to the house of peers in the lifetime of his father, 13th June, 1751, as Baron Cavendish. His grace *m.* 28th March, 1748, Charlotte, Baroness Clifford, only daughter and heiress of Richard, Earl of Burlington and Cork, by which union the barony of Clifford, created by the writ of Charles the First, in 1628, came into this family. His grace, who was lord-lieutenant of Ireland, in 1755, *d.* 2nd October, 1764, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, K.G., who inherited the barony of Clifford from his mother; *b.* 14th December, 1748; *m.* first, 5th June, 1774, Georgiana, daughter of John, Earl Spencer, by whom he had William-Spencer, the present duke, and two daughters: the eldest, Georgiana, *m.* George, present Earl of Carlisle; and the youngest, Viscount Granville. Her grace dying in 1806, the duke *m.* again, 19th October, 1809, Elizabeth, daughter of Frederick, Earl of Bristol, by whom he had no child. His grace *d.* 29th July, 1811.

Motto, in English,
Secure by caution.

Town Residence—78, Piccadilly.

Country Seats—Chiswick, Middlesex; Chatsworth, Hardwicke, Derbyshire; Londsborough, and Bolton Abbey, Yorkshire; and Lismore Castle, Ireland.

DICKSON, SIR ARCHIBALD - COLLINGWOOD, baronet, of Hardingham, county of Norfolk; *b.* 30th June, 1772; *m.* in 1797, Harriet, daughter of Admiral Bourmaster, by whom he has William, and two daughters; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, in 1803. Sir Archibald is a naval officer of rank, being rear-admiral of the blue.

Lineage.

ADMIRAL ARCHIBALD DICKSON was created a baronet on the 21st September, 1802, with remainder, in case of failure of male issue, to his nephew, the present baronet, son of Admiral William Dickson, by Jane, daughter of Alexander Collingwood, esq. of Unthank, county of Northumberland.

Motto, in English,
Fortune favors the brave.

Country Seat—Hardingham, Norfolk.

DIGBY, EARL, (Edward Digby,) Viscount Coleshill, and Baron Digby, in England; Lord Digby, Baron of Greashill, King's county, Ireland; lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Dorset; *b.* 6th January, 1773; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1793.

Lineage.

This family was first ennobled in the person of

SIR JOHN DIGBY, knight, who was created, 25th November, 1618, Baron Digby, of Sherborne, county of Dorset, and, on the 15th September, 1622, Earl of Bristol, which titles became extinct upon the demise, in 1698, of his grandson, the third earl, without male issue; but his nephew,

ROBERT DIGBY, was elevated to the Irish peerage, on the 29th July, 1620, as Baron Digby, of Greashill, and was succeeded, in 1642, by his son,

KILDARE, whose two eldest sons,

ROBERT and SIMON } succeeded in turn to the barony, and both dying without issue, a younger brother,

WILLIAM, inherited. This nobleman *m.* Jane, daughter of Edward, Earl of Gainsborough, by whom he had issue, besides eight children, who died in infancy, Edward, who *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Sir Stephen Fox, and *d.* in the lifetime of his father, leaving several children. His lordship *d.* 29th November, 1752, and was succeeded by his grandson,

EDWARD. This nobleman *d.* unmarried, 27th November, 1757, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

HENRY, who was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, 19th August, 1765, as Baron Digby; and advanced, on the 1st November, 1790, to the rank of Viscount Coleshill, county of Warwick, and Earl Digby, county of Lincoln. His lordship *m.* twice: by his first lady he had no surviving issue; by the second, Mary, daughter and heiress of John Knowles, esq., of Canterbury, he had Edward, the present peer, and four other children. He *d.* 25th September, 1793.

Motto, in English,
From God, not fortune.

Town Residence—35, Brook-street.

Country Seat—Sherborne Castle, Dorsetshire.

DILLON, VISCOUNT, (Henry-Augustus-Dillon Lee,) of Costello Gallen, county of Sligo, an officer of rank in the army; *b.* 28th October, 1777; *m.* in 1807, Miss Browne, eldest daughter of D. G. Browne, esq., M.P., by whom he has two sons, one *b.* 20th April, 1810, and the other in 1813; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 9th November, 1813.

Lord Dillon, being an Irish viscount only, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, nor is his lordship one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

SIR THEOBALD DILLON, knight, of Costello Gallen, descended from Sir Maurice Dillon, who was son of Gerald Dillon, of Drumrany, the ancestor of the Earls of Roscommon, was created Viscount Dillon, on the 16th March, 1621-2. This

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nobleman *d.* at an advanced period of life, in 1624, leaving so numerous a progeny, that he assembled, at one time, in his house, above a hundred of his descendants. He was succeeded by his grandson, from whom descended the four subsequent viscounts; but the seventh,

THEOBALD, was grandson of his second son, Lucas. This nobleman, being an officer in the army, attached himself to the falling fortunes of James the Second, and was outlawed in 1690. The outlawry was, however, reversed in favour of his son and successor,

HENRY, whose son and successor,

RICHARD, *d.* without male issue, in 1737, when the title devolved upon his cousin,

CHARLES, son of General Arthur Dillon, of the French service, who also *d.* without issue, in 1741, and was succeeded by his brother,

HENRY. This nobleman was a colonel in the French service, but having retired, and returned home, he *m.* 26th October, 1774, Charlotte Lee, eldest daughter, and, eventually, sole heiress of George-Henry, Earl of Litchfield, by whom he had issue Charles, his successor; Arthur, a general in the French service, who was guillotined 13th April, 1794 (this officer was father of Madame Bertrand, so celebrated for her devotion to the Emperor Napoleon); and other children. His lordship *d.* 3rd November, 1787, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, who claimed, and was allowed, the viscounty, by the Irish house of lords, in 1788. His lordship *m.* Henrietta-Maria, only daughter of Constantine, Lord Mulgrave, by whom he has issue the present peer, and a daughter.

Motto, in English,

While I breathe I hope.

Town Residence—Nerot's Hotel, 15, Clifford-street, Bond-street.

Country Seat—Loughlin Castle, county of Mayo.

DILLON, SIR CHARLES-DRAKE, baronet, of Lismullen, county of Meath, Ireland, succeeded to this title, and also to a barony of the Holy Roman Empire, upon the demise of his father, in 1805; *m.* Charlotte, daughter of John Hamilton, esq., but has no issue.

Lineage.

JOHN DILLON, esq., descended from a common ancestor with the Lords Roscommon and Dillon, was created a baronet 31st July, 1801; he *m.* Millicent, daughter of Roger Drake, esq., of Fernhill, Berkshire, by whom he had issue Charles-Drake, the present baronet, and three other sons, and three daughters. Sir John Dillon had the honor conferred upon him, in 1782, of a free barony of the Holy Roman Empire, by his imperial majesty Joseph the Second, with reversion to his male and female descendants.

Motto, in English,

Aid from above.

Country Residence—Lismullen, county of Meath, Ireland.

DIXIE, SIR WILLIAM-WILLOUGHBY-WOLSTAN, baronet, of Fulstone Hall, Leicestershire; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1814; *m.* 21st November, 1815, Bella-Anna, youngest daughter of the Reverend Thomas Adnutt, by whom he has issue Willoughby-Wolstan, *b.* 16th October, 1816, and another son and daughter.

Lineage.

WOLSTAN DIXIE, esq., a gentleman of distinction in the county of Leicester, took so decided a part in favor of the royal cause at the breaking out of the Rebellion, in 1641, that he was presented, in consideration of the essential service which he rendered to the king, with a warrant for a baronet's patent, but which was not completed until the 4th July, 1660. He *d.* in 1682, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR BEAUMONT, who *m.* Mary, sister and heiress of Sir William Willoughby, baronet, by whom he had seven sons and five daughters, and was succeeded by the eldest,

SIR WOLSTAN, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WOLSTAN. This gentleman *m.* twice, and had children by both marriages. He *d.* in 1766, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WOLSTAN, who *d.* at an advanced period of life, unmarried, in 1806, when the title devolved upon his first-cousin,

SIR BEAUMONT-JOSEPH, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of Joseph Shewen, of Stradey, Carmarthenshire, esq., by whom he had issue four sons and five daughters. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR BEAUMONT-JOSEPH, who *d.* unmarried, 20th July, 1814, when the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

What I have said, I have said.

Country Seat—Bosworth House, Leicestershire.

DODSWORTH, SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Newland Park, Yorkshire; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1789; *m.* 29th September, 1804, Susan, youngest daughter of Henry Dawkins, esq. of Standlynch, Wiltshire, by whom he has no issue. Sir Edward, whose name was Smith, assumed, by royal permission, in 1821, the name of Dodsworth only.

Lineage.

JOHN-SYLVESTER SMITH, esq., son of John Smith, esq., of Newland Park, by Anne, daughter of Christopher Horton, esq., was created a baronet 10th December, 1783; *m.* in 1761, Henrietta-Maria, daughter of John Dodsworth, esq., by whom he had issue the present baronet, and six other children.

Country Seat—Thornton Hall, Yorkshire.

DOLBEN, SIR JOHN-ENGLISH, baronet, of Finedon, Northamptonshire; *m.* in 1770, Hannah, daughter of William Hallet,

jun. esq. of Cannons, county of Middlesex, by whom he has five daughters. Sir John succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1814.

Lineage.

GILBERT DOLBEN, esq. son and heir of His Grace, John (Dolben), Archbishop of York, (who, prior to entering into holy orders, was a military officer, and distinguished himself upon active service,) being one of the justices of the court of common pleas in Ireland, was created a baronet, 1st of April, 1704. He *d.* in 1722, and was succeeded by his son,

THE REVEREND SIR JOHN, D.D. who *m.* Elisabeth, second daughter of William, Lord Digby, by whom he had several children. He *d.* 20th November, 1756, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* twice, but had issue only by his first marriage, with Judith, daughter and sole heiress of Somerset English, esq., namely, John-English, the present baronet, and a daughter, who *d.* in 1804.

Country Seat — Thingdon, otherwise Finedon, Northamptonshire.

DOMVILLE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of St. Albans, Herts; *b.* 26th December, 1742; *m.* 26th May, 1769, Miss Finney, by whom he has a son, William, *b.* 22nd March, 1774, and two daughters.

Mr. Domville served the office of sheriff of London, in the year 1804-5, was chosen alderman, 1st February, 1806, and placed in the civic chair, in 1813-14; during which period, he presided at a banquet given by the citizens of London, at their Guildhall, to His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, and the sovereigns of Russia and Prussia, accompanied by several personages of the most exalted station. In consequence of which, and as a mark of the prince's favor towards the city of London, the lord mayor was created a baronet, by royal warrant, dated 8th July, 1814.

Motto, in English,
Sweet peace returns.

Country Seat—St. Albans, Herts.

DOMVILLE, SIR COMPTON, baronet, of Templeogue, and Santry House, county of Dublin; *m.* first, Elizabeth-Frances, daughter of the Right Reverend and Honorable Charles, (Lindsay) Lord Bishop of Kildare, by whom he had an only son, Compton-Charles, *b.* in 1812; and *m.* secondly, Helena-Sarah, daughter of Frederick French, esq., by whom he has a son, *b.* 28th February, 1821.

Mr. Domville, the son and heir of the late Charles Pocklington, esq., assumed the name of Domville upon inheriting the estates of his uncle, Sir Compton Domville, of Templeogue, baronet, in 1766, and was created a baronet, on the 28th May, 1815.

Country Seats—Templeogue, and Santry House.

DONCASTER, EARL OF, (Walter-Francis-Scott Douglas,) and Baron Tyndale, county of Northumberland.

See Duke of Buccleuch.

DONEGAL, MARQUESS AND EARL OF, (George-Augustus Chichester,) Earl of Belfast, Viscount Chichester, and Baron of Belfast, in the Irish peerage, and Baron Fisherwick, of Fisherwick, Staffordshire, in that of England, K.P.; *b.* 13th August, 1769; *m.* 8th August, 1795, Anna, daughter of the late Sir Edward May, baronet, by whom he has issue George-Hamilton, Earl of Belfast, *b.* 10th February, 1797, and six other sons. Lord Belfast *m.* in 1822, Harriet, eldest daughter of Richard, late Earl of Glengall. The marquess succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1799.

Lineage.

EDWARD CHICHESTER, esq. son of Sir John Chichester, of Raleigh, county of Devon, knt., by Gertrude, daughter of Sir William Courtnay, of Powderham, was created a peer of Ireland, as Baron Belfast, and Viscount Chichester, 1st April, 1625, immediately after the decease of his elder brother, Arthur, without issue, who had been lord deputy of Ireland, and was created, in 1612, Baron Chichester, of Belfast. The viscount *d.* in 1648, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ARTHUR, who was elevated to the Irish peerage during the lifetime of his father, 30th March, 1647, as Earl of Donegal, with remainder, in case of failure of male issue, to the male descendants of his father. His lordship dying without issue, in 1697, the family honors devolved upon his deceased brother's eldest son,

ARTHUR, who was succeeded by his son,

ARTHUR, who was an officer of high rank in the Spanish service, and killed in action, 10th April, 1706. His lordship was succeeded by his son,

ARTHUR, upon whose demise without issue, in 1756, the family honors devolved upon his nephew,

ARTHUR, who was created a British peer, by the title of Baron Fisherwick, of Fisherwick, county of Stafford, on the 3rd July, 1790, and advanced in the Irish peerage, on the 27th June, 1791, to the dignities of Earl of Belfast and Marquess of Donegal. His lordship *m.* thrice: first, in 1761, Anne, eldest daughter of James, Duke of Hamilton, by whom he had issue George-Augustus, the present peer, and two other sons, besides four daughters, who died in infancy; secondly, Charlotte, widow of Thomas Moore, esq. of Barn, county of Tipperary; and, thirdly, Barbara, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Godfrey; neither of which marriages, however, produced issue.

Motto, in English,
Honor comes unsolicited.

Country Seat—Belfast, Ireland.

DONERAILE, VISCOUNT AND BARON, (Hayes St. Leger,) of the kingdom of Ireland; *b.* 9th May, 1786; *m.* in 1816, Charlotte-Esther, second daughter of Francis, Earl of Bandon, by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 8th November, 1819.

Viscount Doneraile being a nobleman of Ireland only, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and his lordship is not a representative peer.

Lineage.

ARTHUR ST. LEGER, esq. of Doneraile, in Ireland, was elevated to the peerage of that kingdom, in 1703, as Baron Kilmadow and Viscount Doneraile. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, heiress of John Hayes, esq. of Winchelsea, M.P., by whom he had his successor,

ARTHUR, who *m.* Mary, only daughter of Charles, Lord Mohun, (who fell in the memorable duel with the Duke of Hamilton,) and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ARTHUR-MOHUN. This nobleman *m.* twice, but *d.* without issue, in 1749, when the family honors reverted to his uncle,

HAYES, who also *d.* without issue, in 1767, when the titles became extinct, but the estates devolved upon the son of his sister, Elizabeth, by Richard Aldworth, esq. of Newmarket, county of Cork,

ST. LEGER ALDWORTH, esq., who, in 1776, was created Baron Doneraile, and, in 1785, advanced to the viscounty. His lordship *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of Redmond Barry, esq. of the county of Cork, by whom he had six sons and six daughters. He *d.* 15th Mary, 1787, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HAYES, who *m.* in 1785, Charlotte, fourth daughter of James Bernard, esq. of Castle Bernard, and sister of Francis, Earl of Bandon, by whom he had issue the present peer, and four other children.

Motto, in English,

Great and good.

DONOUGHMORE, EARL OF, (John-Hely Hutchinson,) Viscount Suirdale, and Baron Donoughmore, of Knocklofty, in the peerage of Ireland; Lord Hutchinson, Baron of Alexandria and of Knocklofty, and Viscount Hutchinson, in that of the empire at large; a general in the army, colonel of the 18th regiment of foot, governor of Stirling Castle, and Knight Grand Cross of the Bath; *b.* 15th May, 1757; created 16th December, 1801, Baron Hutchinson, of Alexandria and Knocklofty, in consideration of his military achievements in Egypt during that year, with an annual pension of £2000 attached to the barony; succeeded to the other titles, his lordship's hereditary family honors, upon the demise of his brother, in 1825.

Lineage.

THE RIGHT HON. JOHN-HELY HUTCHINSON, (son of Francis Hely, esq.) an eminent lawyer and statesman of Ireland, *m.* 8th June, 1751, Christiana, daughter of Lorenzo Nixon, esq. and niece and heiress of Richard Hutchinson, esq. of Knocklofty, county of Tipperary, by whom he had issue Richard-Hely, the late lord, John-Hely, the present peer, Francis-Hely, (heir presumptive to the family honors,) and several other children. Mr. Hutchinson having filled some of the highest legal and political offices in Ireland, obtained a peerage for his lady,

CHRISTIANA, as Baroness Donoughmore, on the 16th October, 1783. Her ladyship *d.* 24th June, 1788, and was succeeded in the barony by her eldest son,

RICHARD-HELY, *b.* 29th January, 1756; advanced to a viscounty, as Viscount Suirdale, the 7th of November, 1797, and created Earl of Donoughmore, the 29th December, 1800, with special remainder to the male descendants of his mother, the late Baroness Donoughmore. His lordship was enrolled amongst the peers of the empire, as Viscount Hutchinson, of Knocklofty, on the 14th July, 1821, with a similar reversionary grant. Lord Donoughmore was a lieutenant-general in the army, governor of the county of Tipperary, and lord treasurer's remembrancer in the court of exchequer in Ireland. He was never married, and, consequently, upon his demise, the 27th August, 1825, the family honors devolved upon his brother, Lord Hutchinson.

Motto, in English,

He bravely supports the cross.

Town Residence—4, Bulstrode-street.

Country Seat—Knocklofty, Clonmell, Ireland.

DORCHESTER, BARON, (Arthur-Henry Carleton,) of Dorchester, county of Oxford; *b.* 20th February, 1805; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his grandfather, 18th November, 1808.

Lineage.

SIR GUY CARLETON, K.B., a general officer in the army, was, in consideration of his eminent services during the American war, elevated to the peerage, 21st August, 1786, as Baron Dorchester, of Dorchester, county of Oxford, having previously obtained a pension of £1000 per annum for his own life, and the lives of his lady and two eldest sons. His lordship *m.* (21st May, 1772,) Maria, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Effingham, by whom he had issue nine sons and two daughters. The two eldest sons *d.* unmarried; the third, Christopher, an officer of rank in the army, *m.* Priscilla-Martha, daughter of William Belford, esq., by whom he had an only son, the present peer. Colonel Carleton *d.* before his father, 4th February, 1806.

Motto, in English,

Formerly we conquered with these arms.

Country Seat—Esholt, near Leeds, Yorkshire.

DORMER, BARON, (John-Evelyn-Pierrepont Dormer,) of Wenge, Buckinghamshire, an officer in the army; *m.* 6th November, 1795, Elizabeth, daughter of William-John, Marquess of Lothian, by whom he had (her ladyship *d.* in

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1822,) no children. Captain Dormer succeeded to the barony upon the demise of his half-brother, 2nd April, 1819, and is the first of his family who has taken a seat in the house of lords, although the peerage has existed more than two centuries. The former lords adhered to the religious creed of their forefathers, and were, in consequence, deprived of their privilege as hereditary legislators.

Lineage.

Sir Robert Dormer, of Wenge, knt., was advanced to the peerage, as Baron Dormer, of Wenge, 30th June, 1615. He *d.* in the following year, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Robert, who was created Viscount Ascott and Earl of Carnarvon, 2nd August, 1623. His lordship was killed at the battle of Newbury, in 1643, and was succeeded by his only son,

Charles, who *d.* 29th November, 1709, without male issue, when the earldom and viscounty were extinguished, but the barony descended to his kinsman,

Rowland, great-grandson of the first lord, through his second son, Anthony, who *d.* unmarried, in 1712, when the peerage devolved upon

Charles, another great-grandson of the first lord, through his third son, Robert. His lordship *d.* 2nd July, 1728, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Charles, who *d.* unmarried, 7th May, 1764, when the title devolved upon his brother,

John, who *m.* in 1719, Mary, daughter of Sir Cecil Bishopp, bart. of Parham, by whom he had two sons and three daughters. He *d.* 7th October, 1785, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Charles. This nobleman *m.* twice: first, Mary Talbot, sister to the present Earl of Shrewsbury, by whom he had one son, Charles; and, secondly, the widow of General Mordaunt, by whom he had the present peer, and three daughters. His lordship *d.* 29th March, 1804, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Charles, who *d.* unmarried, 2nd April, 1819, when the peerage devolved upon his half-brother, the present baron.

Motto, in English,
What God wills, I will.

Country Seats — Peterley Lodge, Bucks; and Grove Park, near Warwick.

DORSET, DUKE OF, (Charles-Sackville Germain,) Earl of Dorset and Middlesex, Viscount Sackville, Baron Buckhurst, Baron Cranfield, and Baron Bolebroke; *b.* 27th August, 1767; succeeded to the viscounty of Sackville and barony of Bolebroke, at the demise of his father, (the once celebrated Lord George Germaine,) 26th August, 1785, and to the dukedom and other hereditary honors of his family upon the death of his cousin, 14th February, 1815.

Lineage.

The Sackvilles, or Saukevilles, as the name was originally written, have been persons of considerable power, wealth, and influence, since the Conquest; and the house of Dorset can trace its foundation to

Sir Robert de Saukville, knight, third son of Herbrand de Salchevilla, one of the chieftains in the army of the Conqueror. From this Robert descended

Thomas Sackville, who was knighted, in the presence of Queen Elizabeth, by the Duke of Norfolk, 8th June, 1567, and, subsequently, on the same day, created a peer of the realm, as Baron Buckhurst. In 1594, his lordship was appointed lord high treasurer of England; and, on the 13th March, 1603, he was elevated to an earldom, as Earl of Dorset. He *d.* suddenly, at the council-table, at Whitehall, on the 19th April, 1608, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, who enjoyed the family honors but a few months, and dying 25th February, 1608-9, was succeeded by his eldest son, by Mary, daughter of Thomas, Duke of Norfolk,

Richard, who *d.* in 1624, leaving two daughters only, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

Edward, installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter; *m.* Mary, daughter and heiress of Sir George Curzon, of Croxhall, by whom he had issue two sons. His lordship *d.* in 1652, and was succeeded by his eldest, and only surviving son,

Richard. This nobleman *m.* Frances Cranfield, eldest daughter of (and, ultimately, sole heiress of her brother) Lionel, Earl of Middlesex, by whom he had several children. His lordship *d.* in 1697, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Charles, K.G., who, succeeding also, in right of his mother, to the estates of the Earl of Middlesex, was created, 4th April, 1675, Earl of Middlesex, and Baron Cranfield. His lordship's second wife was Mary, daughter of James, Earl of Northampton, by whom, besides a daughter, he had his successor,

Lionel-Cranfield, K.G., *b.* 18th January, 1688; created Duke of Dorset, 7th June, 1720; fourteen years after, he inherited the family honors. His grace *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Lieutenant-general Colyear, by whom he had issue Charles-John-Philip, and George, who, in 1770, assumed the name of Germain, and became celebrated, when Lord George Germain, both as a soldier and a politician. In the former character, however, he was less fortunate than in the latter, having incurred the displeasure of his commander-in-chief, Ferdinand, Prince of Brunswick, at the battle of Minden, and being subsequently censured by a court-martial, held at his own desire, upon returning to England. His lordship was endowed with extraordinary talents, and filled, subsequently to this unhappy affair, some of the highest offices in administration. He was elevated to the peerage, 11th February, 1782, as Baron Bolebroke, and Viscount Sackville. He *m.* Diana, second daughter and co-heiress of John Sambrooke, esq., by whom he had issue; and *d.* 26th August, 1785. Besides these sons, the Duke of

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Dorset had three daughters. His grace *d.* 10th October, 1763, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, who *d.* without issue, 5th of January, 1769, when the family honors devolved upon his nephew,

JOHN-FREDERICK. His grace *d.* 19th July, 1799, and was succeeded by his only son,

GEORGE-JOHN-FREDERICK, *b.* 15th November, 1793: killed by a fall from his horse, while hunting near Dublin, 22nd February, 1815, being on a visit, at the time, with his mother, who had married Charles, Earl of Whitworth, then lord-lieutenant of Ireland. Dying a bachelor, the family honors devolved upon his cousin, the present duke.

Motto, in English,
Never attempt, or accomplish.

Town Residence—46, Harley-street.

Country Seat—Drayton House, Northamptonshire.

DOUGLAS, BARON, (Archibald Douglas,) of Douglas Castle, county of Lanark, lord-lieutenant and hereditary sheriff of the county of Forfar; *b.* in 1748; *m.* 1st June, 1771, Lucy, only daughter of William, late Duke of Montrose, by whom he has issue Archibald, and another son and daughter. He *m.* secondly, Frances, posthumous daughter of Francis, Earl of Dalkeith, and sister of the third Duke of Buccleuch, by whom he has three sons and three daughters.

Lineage.

JANE DOUGLAS, only sister (and heiress to the estate) of her brother, Archibald, Duke of Douglas, *m.* Sir John Stewart, bart., of Grandtully, by whom she had the present Archibald, who assumed, upon inheriting the fortune of his uncle, the name and arms of Douglas, and was created a peer of the realm, as Baron Douglas, of Douglas Castle, 8th July, 1790.

Motto, in English,
Never behind.

Country Residence—Douglas Castle.

DOUGLAS, BARON, (George Douglas,) of Lochleven, county of Kinross, created 11th August, 1791.

See Earl Morton.

DOUGLAS, SIR HOWARD, baronet, of Carr, Perthshire, C.B. and F.R.S., a colonel in in the army, and inspector-general of the royal military college; *m.* in 1799, Anne, eldest daughter of James Dundas, esq., by whom he has issue Charles, and four other sons, and four daughters. Sir Howard succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, 24th May, 1809.

Lineage.

CHARLES DOUGLAS, esq., an eminent and distinguished naval commander, was created a baronet, 13th January, 1777, for the important service which he rendered at the head of his squadron, in 1776, by forcing his way up the river St. Lawrence, and relieving Quebec, then closely invested by the Americans. After a series of other gallant exploits, this brave officer *d.* 10th March, 1789, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR WILLIAM-HENRY, vice-admiral of the blue. This gentleman dying unmarried, in 1809, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
Be sure.

DOUGLAS-SCOTT, SIR JOHN-JAMES, baronet, of Springwood Park, Roxburgh; *b.* 18th July, 1792; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 4th June, 1821; *m.* in 1822, Hannah-Charlotte, only child of Henry Scott, esq., of Horseley Hall, in consequence of which union he assumed, by royal permission, the name and arms of Scott, in addition to those of Douglas.

Lineage.

SIR JAMES DOUGLAS, knight, a naval officer of rank, knighted, in 1759, for being the bearer of the intelligence of the surrender of Quebec, having distinguished himself by his skill and gallantry, was created a baronet, 10th June, 1786. He *d.* in 1787, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GEORGE, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of David, Earl of Glasgow, by whom he had issue the present peer, and a daughter.

Country Seat—Springwood, Roxburghshire.

DOWNE, VISCOUNT, (John-Christopher-Burton Dawnay,) of Downshire, Ireland; Baron Dawnay, of Cowick, in the county of York; and a baronet of England; *b.* 15th November, 1764; succeeded to the Irish title upon the demise of his father, in 1780, and was created Baron Dawnay on the 28th May, 1796; *m.* 31st December, 1815, Louisa, daughter of George Welstead, esq., of Apsley, by whom he has no issue. His lordship assumed his mother's name of Burton before his paternal one of Dawnay.

Lineage.

SIR JOHN DAWNAY, of Cowick, baronet, a direct descendant of Sir Paine Dawnay, of Dawnay Castle, in Normandy, knight, who accompanied William the First to England, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as Viscount Downe, on the 19th February, 1680. His lordship *d.* in 1695, and was succeeded by his only son,

HENRY, who *d.* in 1741, and was succeeded by his grandson,

HENRY-PLEYDELL. This nobleman *d.* 9th December, 1760, of a wound received at the battle of Campen, and the title devolved upon his only brother,

JOHN, who *m.* 20th May, 1763, Laura, only daughter and heiress of William Burton, esq., of the county of Rutland, by whom he had issue John-Christopher, the present peer, three other sons and two daughters.

Motto, in English,
He fears shame.

Town Residence—11, Charles-street, Berkeley-square.

Country Seats—Cowick Hall, and Danby Lodge, Yorkshire.

DOWNES, BARON, (William Downes,) of Aghenville, King's county, a privy-counsellor of Ireland, and vice-chancellor of Trinity College, Dublin.

Mr. Downes, who is grandson of the Right Reverend Dive Downes, Lord Bishop of Cork and Ross, having been brought up to the legal profession, and having distinguished himself as a lawyer, was elevated to the Irish Bench, as a puisne judge, in 1792; from which station he was advanced, in 1803, upon the lamented death of Lord Kilwarden, to the chief-justiceship of the court of king's bench, in Ireland. Retiring, in 1822, his lordship was created, by patent, dated 10th December, in that year, Baron Downes, with remainder, in case of failure of male issue, to Sir Ulysses Burgh, K. C. B., grandson of his aunt, Anne Downes, who *m.* Thomas Burg, esq., of Best, county of Kildare.

The barony of Downes, being of Ireland, confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not a representative peer.

Motto,

To be, rather than to seem.

Town Residence—Dublin.

Country Seat—

DOWNSHIRE, MARQUESS OF, (Arthur-Blundell-Sandys-Trumbull Hill,) Earl and Viscount of Hillsborough, Viscount Kilwarlin, and Baron Hill, of Kilwarlin, in the peerage of Ireland; Earl of Hillsborough, Viscount Fairford, and Baron Harwich, in that of England; hereditary constable of Hillsborough Fort; D.C.L.; *b.* 8th October, 1788; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 7th September, 1801; *m.* 25th October, 1811, Maria, eldest daughter of Other, Earl of Plymouth, by whom he has issue Arthur-Wills-Blundell-Trumbull-Windsor, Earl of Hillsborough, *b.* 6th August, 1812, and two other sons, and a daughter.

Lineage.

Sir Moyses Hill, knight, descended from the family of Hill, of Devonshire, two members of which were judges of England in the beginning of the fifteenth century, went over to Ireland, as a military officer, with the Earl of Essex, in 1573, to suppress O'Neile's rebellion, and was subsequently nominated governor of Olderfleet Castle, an important fortress at the period, as it protected the harbour of Larne from the invasion of the Scots; the great-great-grandson of this gentleman,

Trevor Hill, esq., *b.* in 1693, and educated in England, where he was a member of parliament, in 1714-15, was created, by patent, dated 21st August, 1717, a peer of Ireland, as Baron Hill, of Kilwarlin, and Viscount Hillsborough, in the county of Down. His lordship *d.* 3rd May, 1742, and was succeeded by his second and only surviving son,

Wills, who was created Viscount Kilwarlin, and Earl of Hillsborough, by letters patent, dated 31st October, 1751, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his uncle Arthur Hill, and enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, on the 20th November, 1756, as Baron Harwich, of Harwich, in Essex. His lordship was advanced to an English viscounty and earldom, on the 18th August, 1772, by the titles of Viscount Fairford, and Earl of Hillsborough; and created an Irish marquess, as Marquess of Downshire, 19th August, 1789. The marquess *m.* twice: first, Margaretta, daughter of Robert Fitzgerald, Earl of Kildare, by whom he had five children; and secondly, Mary, Baroness Stawell, by whom he had none. He *d.* in 1793, and was succeeded by his second, and eldest surviving son,

Arthur, *b.* 3rd March, 1753; *m.* in 1786, Lady Sandys, Baroness of Ombersley, only daughter of the Honorable Martin Sandys, and niece and heiress of the last Lord Sandys, by whom he had issue the present peer, and four other sons and two daughters. The marquess *d.* 7th September, 1801.

Motto, in English,

By God and my sword, I have obtained.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Hillsborough, Downshire; North Aston, Oxfordshire; Timweston, Buckinghamshire; and Hill Park, Kent.

DOYLE, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Guernsey, G.C.B.; a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 89th regiment of foot; *b.* in 1750. Mr. Doyle being bred to arms, and having acquired the highest rank and honor as a soldier, was created a baronet, on the 29th October, 1805.

Motto, in English,

By valour he conquers.

Town Residence—4, Somerset-street, Portman-square.

D'OYLEY, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Shottisham, Norfolk; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1818; *m.* Miss Green, by whom he has three sons and a daughter. Sir Charles is collector of the customs, at Calcutta.

Lineage.

Sir William D'Oyley, knt., was created a baronet, 29th July, 1663; and upon his demise, in 1667, was succeeded by his son,

Sir William, who was knighted in the lifetime of his father. This gentleman *m.* Miss Hadley, sister of Lady Torrington, by whom he had five sons. He was succeeded by the eldest,

Sir Edmund, who *d.* in 1760, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Edmund. This gentleman *d.* unmarried in 1763, and the title devolved upon

The Reverend Sir Hadley, grandson of the second baronet, through his third son Hadley. This gentleman *m.* Henrietta, daughter of the Rev. Mr. Osborn, Vicar of Thaxted, by whom he had two

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sons and five daughters. He *d.* in 1765, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN-HADLEY, senior merchant on the Bengal establishment; *m.* in 1780, Diana Rochfort, widow of William Coats, esq., of Calcutta, and niece of Robert, first Earl of Belvedere, in Ireland, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and two other sons, and two daughters. Sir John died at Calcutta, in January, 1818.

Country Seat—D'Oyley, Hampshire.

D'OYLEY, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Chislehampton, Oxfordshire; succeeded to the title upon the demise of Sir John D'Oyley, in 1773.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the family of Sir Charles D'Oyley, which is admitted to be of great antiquity.

JOHN D'OYLEY, esq., created a baronet, 7th of July, 1666; *m.* Margaret, eldest daughter and coheiress of Sir Richard Cholmondeley, knight-banneret, by whom he had nine children, (seven sons, and two daughters.) He *d.* in 1709, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* Susanna, daughter of Sir Thomas Put, baronet, by whom he had four sons and two daughters; he was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who *d.* in 1759, and leaving only daughters, the title devolved upon his brother,

THE REVEREND SIR JOHN, who *d.* unmarried, in 1773, and was succeeded by the present baronet.

Country Seat—Addorbury-Well, Oxfordshire.

DRAKE, SIR THOMAS-TRAYTON-FULLER-ELIOT, baronet, of Nutwell Court, Devonshire; *b.* the 8th February, 1785; *m.* the 5th August, 1819, Eleanor, only daughter of James Halford, esq., of Saleham, county of Middlesex. Sir Thomas, who is a field officer in the army, is third and eldest surviving son of John-Trayton Fuller, esq., of Bayley Park, Sussex, by Anne, only daughter of George-Augustus Elliot, Baron Heathfield, and Anne-Pollexfen Drake, (eldest daughter of Sir Francis Drake; and sister and heiress of Sir Francis-Henry Drake, of East Buckland, county of Devon, baronets.) He assumed the names and arms of Eliot and Drake, by royal permission, in 1813, and was created a baronet, on the 22nd August, 1821, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brothers, William-Stephen Fuller, and Rose-Henry Fuller, both officers of rank in the navy.

Motto, in English,

"Strongly and rightly;" also,

"In despite of difficulties."

Country Seats—Nutwell Court, Buckland Abbey, Shenford Sheeppayne House, and Yarncombe, all in Devonshire.

DROGHEDA, MARQUESS OF, (Charles-Moore,) Earl of Drogheda, Viscount Moore, of Drogheda, and Baron Moore, of Mellefont, in the peerage of Ireland; and Baron Moore, of Moore Place, county of Kent, in that of the empire at large; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1821.

Lineage.

From two brothers, Sir Edward and Sir Thomas Moore, knights, who went over to Ireland, in the time of Elizabeth, descended the two noble houses of Drogheda and Charleville. Sir Edward's son,

SIR GARRETT MOORE, knt., was elevated to the Irish peerage as Baron Moore, of Mellefont, on the 20th July, 1616; and created Viscount Moore, of Drogheda, the 7th February, 1621. His lordship *d.* in 1627, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

CHARLES. This nobleman was killed at Portlester, county of Meath, in the service of King Charles the First, 7th August, 1643, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY, who was advanced to an earldom, as Earl of Drogheda, on the 14th June, 1661. His lordship *d.* in 1675, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, who *m.* Letitia-Isabella, daughter of John, Earl of Radnor, lord-lieutenant of Ireland, but dying without issue, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

HENRY. This nobleman *m.* Mary Cole, sister of Arthur, Baron Ranelagh, by whom he had issue Charles, Lord Moore, who *d.* before his father, leaving several children by his wife, Jane, only daughter and heiress of Arthur, Viscount Ely. The earl *d.* 7th June, 1714, and was succeeded by his grandson,

HENRY, who *d.* 4th April, 1745, without issue, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

EDWARD. This nobleman *m.* twice: first, Sarah, daughter of Brabazon, Earl of Besborough, by whom he had his successor, and other children; secondly, Bridget Southwell, niece of Thomas, Lord Southwell, by whom he had two sons. His lordship, and his son, the Honorable and Reverend Edward Moore, were lost in their passage to Dublin, 28th October, 1758. He was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

CHARLES, K.P.; created the 27th of June, 1791, Marquess of Drogheda, in Ireland; and enrolled amongst the peers of the empire, on the 17th June, 1801, as Baron Moore, of Moore Place, county of Kent. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter of Francis, Marquess of Hertford, by whom he had issue, Charles, the present peer, and another son, and five daughters. The marquess having attained an advanced period of life, died 22nd December, 1821.

Motto, in English,

The brave man may fall, but must not yield.

Town Residence—Sackville-street, Dublin.

Country Seat—Moore Park, Queen's county.

DRYDEN, THE REVEREND SIR HENRY, baronet, of Canons-Ashby; *b.* 25th July, 1787; *m.* in 1817, Elizabeth, daughter of

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the late Rev. Julius Hutchinson, of Woodhall Park, Herts, by whom he has issue Henry-Edward-Leigh, *b.* 17th August, 1818; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1818.

Lineage.

The family of Dryden, of which the celebrated John Dryden, the poet, was a member, obtained a baronetcy, on the 15th November, 1619, which continued for more than a century, when it ceased with Sir John Dryden, who died without issue. Elizabeth, sole heiress of this gentleman, and daughter of his brother Bevill Dryden, of Ore, Berkshire, having *m.* on the 14th June, 1781,

JOHN TURNER, esq. (brother of Sir Gregory-Page Turner, bart.) that gentleman, by royal permission, assumed the name and arms of Dryden only, 16th December, 1791; and was created a baronet, on the 2nd of May, 1795. Dying in two years afterwards, he was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN-EDWARD, who *d.* unmarried 29th Sept. 1818, when the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Canons-Ashby, Northamptonshire.

DUCIE, BARON, (Thomas-Reynolds Moreton,) of Fortworth, county of Gloucester, F.S.A.; *b.* 31st August, 1776; *m.* 5th December, 1797, Frances, only daughter of Henry, Earl of Carnarvon, by whom he has issue Henry-George-Francis, *b.* 8th May, 1802; another son, and four daughters. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 20th August, 1808.

Lineage.

ROBERT DUCIE, descended from a Norman family of distinction, having served the office of sheriff of London, in 1620, and being subsequently chosen alderman, was advanced to the dignity of a baronet, 28th November, 1629. In two years afterwards, (1631,) Sir Robert was elected to the civic chair, and served the high magisterial office of Lord Mayor of London. This gentleman accumulated immense wealth, for, although he lost above £80,000, by King Charles the First, whose banker he was, he is said, nevertheless, to have died worth £400,000. His second and eldest surviving son,

SIR WILLIAM, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as Viscount Downe, but dying without issue, the title ceased, and the estates descended to the only daughter of his younger brother, Robert,

ELIZABETH DUCIE, who *m.* Edward Moreton, esq., of Moreton and Engleton, in Staffordshire, by whom she had issue

MATTHEW-DUCIE MORETON, created 9th June, 1720, Lord Ducie, Baron of Moreton. His lordship *d.* 2nd May, 1735, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

MATTHEW, who was created Baron Ducie, of Fortworth, with remainder to his nephews, Thomas and Francis Reynolds. His lordship *d.* 25th December, 1770, when the barony of Ducie, of Moreton, became extinct; and that of Fortworth devolved upon his nephew,

THOMAS REYNOLDS, son of Eliza Moreton, by Thomas Reynolds, esq., who assumed, by act of parliament, in 1771, the name and arms of Moreton. Dying without issue, however, the barony devolved, in 1785, upon his brother,

FRANCIS REYNOLDS, who also assumed the name of Moreton. This nobleman, by his first wife, Mary, daughter of Thomas Purvis, esq. of Shepton Mallet, had issue the present peer, and another son; by his second marriage, he had no child.

Motto,

By perseverance.

Town Residence—36, Dover-street.

Country Seat—Woodchester Park, Gloucestershire.

DUCKETT, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Corsham, Wilts; *b.* in 1777; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 15th December, 1822.

Lineage.

GEORGE JACKSON, esq., judge-advocate to the royal navy, having *m.*, for his second wife, Grace, daughter and heiress of Gwyn Goldstone, esq., of London, merchant, by Grace, daughter and coheiress of George Duckett, esq., of Hartham House, Wilts, assumed the name and arms of Duckett, and was created a baronet, 21st of June, 1791. Sir George, by his first marriage, with his first cousin, Miss Ward, had three sons, all of whom died in infancy, and three daughters; and by his second, an only son, his successor, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

I will have the right.

Country Seats—Roydon, Essex; and Hartham House, Wiltshire.

DUCKWORTH, SIR JOHN-THOMAS-BULLER, baronet, of Fenteroon, Cornwall; *b.* 17th March, 1807; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 1st September, 1817.

Lineage.

JOHN-THOMAS DUCKWORTH, esq., a distinguished naval officer, having been advanced to the rank of admiral of the white, and obtained, by his eminent services, the grand Cross of the Bath, was created a baronet, 2nd November, 1813. He *m.* twice: first, Anne, only daughter and heiress of John Wallis, esq., by whom he had an only son, who was killed at the battle of Albuera; and secondly, Susannah-Catherine, daughter of the Right Reverend William, (Buller) Lord Bishop of Exeter, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and two other sons.

Motto, in English,

By discipline, faith, and perseverance.

Country Seat—Wear, near Exeter, Devonshire.

DUKINFIELD, SIR JOHN-LLOYD, baronet, of Dukinfield Hall, county of Chester;

b. 3rd February, 1785; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 20th of October, 1824.

Lineage.

ROBERT DUKINFIELD, esq. was created a baronet, on the 16th June, 1655; he *m.* twice, and was father of twenty-four children. By his first marriage with Jane, daughter of Sir Thomas Estcourt, knt., he had six sons and four daughters; the second son succeeded to the title, as did, in his turn, the eldest son of the third son; by his second marriage, he had fourteen children, of one of whom, Nathaniel, the present baronet is the grandson. Sir Robert *d.* in 1729, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

SIR CHARLES, who was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SIR WILLIAM, who inherited the estates of Sir Samuel Daniel, of Over Tabley, Chester, and assumed, by act of parliament, the name of Daniel; dying, however, without male issue, having had an only daughter, the title reverted to his nephew,

SIR SAMUEL, who *d.* without issue, 15th May, 1768, when the title devolved upon his cousin,

SIR NATHANIEL. This gentleman *m.* in 1783, Katharine, sister of John Warde, of Squerries, esq., by whom he had issue Samuel, an officer of dragoons, who was lost at sea, in returning from the Spanish campaign; John-Lloyd, the present baronet; and five other children.

Motto, in English,

Wherever there is love, there is fidelity.

Country Seat—Stanlake, Berkshire.

DUDLEY AND WARD, VISCOUNT, (John-William Ward,) of Dudley, in the county of Worcester; and Baron Ward, of Birmingham, county of Warwick; *b.* 9th August, 1781; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 25th April, 1823.

Lineage.

WILLIAM WARD, (sixth son of Edward Ward, esq., of Bexley, in Norfolk,) an opulent goldsmith, in London, and jeweller to the queen of Charles the First, resided at Heal, in Staffordshire, and was succeeded in his extensive estates by his son,

HUMBLE WARD, who, *m.* in the lifetime of his father, Frances, daughter and heiress of Sir Fernando Sutton, and grand-daughter of Edward Sutton, Lord Dudley, who, upon the demise of her father, and grandfather, succeeded to the barony of Dudley, as

FRANCES, BARONESS DUDLEY, when her husband, Humble Ward, above mentioned, was first knighted, and, subsequently, 23rd March, 1644, elevated to the peerage, as

HUMBLE, BARON WARD, of Birmingham. His lordship *d.* 4th October, 1673, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

EDWARD, who, at the demise of his mother, in 1701, succeeded, also, to the barony of Dudley, and became Lord Dudley and Ward. His lordship *d.* in a few months afterwards, and was succeeded by his grandson,

EDWARD. This nobleman *m.* Diana, daughter of Thomas Howard, esq., of Ashsted, Surrey. His lordship *d.* during his minority, in 1704, and was succeeded by his posthumous son,

EDWARD, who *d.* unmarried, in 1731, when the family honors reverted to his uncle,

WILLIAM, who also dying unmarried, (in 1740) the baronies separated.

That of Dudley devolving upon his nephew,

FERNANDO-DUDLEY LEA, son of William Lea, esq., of Hales Owen Grange, in Shropshire, by Frances, only sister of the deceased lord. It fell, however, into abeyance, (as it so continues,) upon the demise of this nobleman, unmarried, 21st October, 1757.

And that of Ward descending to

JOHN WARD, of Sedgley Park, Staffordshire, great-grandson of the first Lord Ward, through his third son, William Ward, esq., of Willingworth. This nobleman was advanced to a viscounty, by letters patent, dated 23rd April, 1763, as Viscount Dudley and Ward. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Anna-Maria, daughter of Charles Bourchier, esq. of the city of Dublin, by whom he had one son; and, secondly, Mary, daughter and heiress of John Carver, esq., by whom he had two sons, the youngest of whom, William, only survived. His lordship *d.* in 1774, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, who *d.* without issue, in 1788, when the family honors devolved upon his half-brother,

WILLIAM, *b.* 21st January, 1750; *m.* 1st August, 1780, Julia, second daughter of Godfrey Bosville, esq., of Gunthwaite, Yorkshire, by whom he had an only son, the present peer. His lordship was distinguished by the purest and most liberal benevolence of character. He *d.* 25th April, 1823.

Motto, in English,

As I was.

Town Residence—9, Park-lane.

Country Seat—Himley Hall, near Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.

DUFFERIN AND CLANEBOYE, BARON, (James Blackwood,) of Ballyliedy, and Killyleagh, county of Downe, and a baronet, governor of the county of Downe, and colonel of the North Downshire militia; *b.* 8th July, 1755; *m.* in 1801, Anne-Dorothea, only daughter of John, Baron Oriel, by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his mother, in 1807.

The barony of Dufferin, being of Ireland only, confers no hereditary seat in the legislature. The present baron sits, however, as a representative peer.

Lineage.

ROBERT BLACKWOOD, esq., of Ballyliedy, was created a baronet, 1st July, 1763. He *m.* twice, and was succeeded by the eldest son of his first marriage with Miss Leeson, sister of the first Earl of Miltown.

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Sir John, who *m.* Dorcas, eldest daughter and heiress of James Stevenson, esq., of Killyleagh, by whom he had several children. He *d.* 27th February, 1799, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son, the present peer. Subsequently to the decease of Sir John Blackwood, (on the 30th July, 1800,) his widow,

Dorcas, was elevated to the peerage, as Baroness Dufferin and Claneboye, with remainder to the male descendants of her late husband. Her ladyship *d.* 8th February, 1807, when her son, Sir James Blackwood, bart., succeeded, as already mentioned, to the barony.

Motto, in English,
By the right way.

Town Residence—13, Cavendish square.

Country Seat—Ballyleidy, Downshire, Ireland.

DUMBLANE, VISCOUNT, (George-William-Frederick Osborne,) created 2nd July, 1673.

See Duke of Leeds.

DUMFRIES, EARL OF. (John-Stuart Chrichton.)

See Marquess of Bute.

DUNBAR, SIR JAMES, knight and baronet, of Boath, county of Nairn, an officer of rank in the navy; *m.* 2nd February, 1814, Helen, daughter of James Coull, esq., of Ashgrove, by whom he has a daughter, *b.* in 1817. Sir James was created a baronet on the 19th September, 1814.

Country Seat—Boath, county of Nairn.

DUNCAN, VISCOUNT, (Robert-Dundas-Duncan Haldane,) of Camperdown; Baron Duncan, of Lundie, county of Perth; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1804; *m.* in 1805, Jane, daughter of the late Sir Hugh-H. Dalrymple, baronet, by whom he has issue Adam, *b.* 25th March, 1812, another son, and three daughters.

Lineage.

Adam Duncan, esq., second son of Alexander Duncan, esq., of Lundie, county of Angus, by Helena Haldane, of Gleneagles, Perthshire, having entered early into the naval service of his country, rose to the rank of admiral of the blue, and acquired considerable fame in his profession. Admiral Duncan encountered the Dutch fleet, under the command of Admiral de Winter, off Camperdown, in 1797, and obtained a most splendid victory, for which gallant and memorable achievement, he was elevated to the peerage, on the 30th October, 1797, as Baron Duncan, of Lundie, and Viscount Duncan, of Camperdown, with a pension of 3000*l.* a year attached, for the life of himself, and his two next successors. His lordship *m.* Henrietta, second daughter of the Right Honorable Robert Dundas, lord-president of the court of session in Scotland, by whom he had issue the present peer, another son, and five daughters. He *d.* 4th August, 1804.

Motto, in English,
Firm, in every station.

Country Seat—Camperdown, Perthshire.

DUNDAS, BARON, (Laurence Dundas,) of Aske, county of York, and a baronet; lord-lieutenant, and vice-admiral, of Orkney and Shetland; *m.* Miss Hale, daughter of General Hale, by whom he has issue Thomas, and two daughters; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1820.

Lineage.

Laurence Dundas, esq. was created a baronet, 16th November, 1762, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brother, Thomas; *m.* Margaret, daughter of Alexander Bruce, esq., of Kennet, by whom he had an only son,

Sir Thomas, who succeeded to the title, in 1781, and was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Dundas, of Aske, on the 13th August, 1794. His lordship had *m.* thirty years before, (24th May, 1764,) Charlotte Wentworth, sister to Earl Fitzwilliam, by whom he had issue Laurence, the present peer, and five other sons, and five daughters. He *d.* 14th June, 1820.

Motto, in English,
Try.

Town Residence—17, Hertford-street, May-fair.

Country Seats—Aske, Richmond, and Mark Hall, Guisborough, both in Yorkshire; and Carse House, Falkirk, Scotland.

DUNDAS, SIR DAVID, baronet, of Richmond, Surrey; *m.* Isabella, daughter of William Robertson, esq. of Richmond, by whom he has issue William, *b.* 10th December, 1777, another son, and four daughters. Mr. Dundas, who was one of the medical attendants of his late majesty King George the Third, was created a baronet, on the 22nd May, 1815.

Motto, in English,
Try.

Country Seats—Richmond, Surrey; and Llanelly, Carmarthenshire.

DUNDAS, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Beechwood, county of Mid-Lothian; *b.* July 30, 1761; *m.* Matilda, daughter of the late Archibald Cockburn, one of the barons of the Scottish exchequer, by whom he has issue David, and six daughters. Sir Robert, who is one of the principal clerks of the court of session in Scotland, was created a baronet, 24th August, 1821.

Country Seat—Beechwood, Mid-Lothian.

DUNDONALD, EARL OF, (Archibald Cochrane,) county of Ayr, Baron Cochrane, of Renfrew, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *m.* 17th October, 1774, Anne, second daughter of Captain Grant, of the navy, by whom he has issue Thomas, Lord Cochrane, an eminent naval commander, and five other sons. The earl *m.* secondly, Mary, relict of John Mayne, esq.; and thirdly, Anna-Maria, daughter of John Plowden, esq., by neither of which marriages has he

had issue. Lord Cochrane *m.* Miss Barnes, by whom he has two sons and a daughter.

The honors of the house of Dundonald being entirely Scotch, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not a representative peer.

Lineage.

SIR WILLIAM COCHRANE, of Cowdon, knight, (grandson of Elizabeth Cochrane, heiress of William Cochrane, of Cochrane, by her husband, Alexander Blair, esq. of Blair, who, upon his marriage, assumed the name and arms of Cochrane,) was elevated to the peerage, 27th December, 1647, by letters patent, as Baron Cochrane, of Dundonald, and, on the 12th of May, 1669, was advanced to an earldom, as Earl of Dondonald; being created, at the same time, Lord Cochrane, of Paisley and Ochiltree, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his female descendants, without division, who should bear or assume the name and arms of Cochrane, and, in failure, to his heirs general. His lordship *m.* Eupheme, daughter of Sir William Scott, of Ardross, Fifeshire, by whom he had an only son, William, Lord Cochrane, who *m.* in 1653, Catharine, second daughter of John, Earl of Cassilis, and dying before his father, left a large family. The earl *d.* in 1686, and was succeeded by his grandson,

JOHN, who *d.* in 1690, and was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM, who *d.* unmarried, 19th November, 1705, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN. His lordship *d.* in 1720, and was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM. This nobleman *d.* unmarried, 27th January, 1725, when his unentailed property descended to his nephew, James, Duke of Hamilton, and the peerage and entailed estates to his cousin,

THOMAS, great-grandson of the first lord, through the second son of his son, Lord Cochrane, William of Kilmarnock, who *m.* Grizel, third daughter of James, Marquess of Montrose. This nobleman *m.* Catharine, second daughter of Lord Basil Hamilton, of Baldoon, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* 28th May, 1737, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM. This nobleman, a military officer, fell at the siege of Louisbourgh, in America, in 1758, and, dying unmarried, the titles reverted to

THOMAS, great-grandson of the first Earl of Dundonald. His lordship *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of James Ker, esq. of Berwickshire, by whom he had two children; he *m.* secondly, Jane, eldest daughter of Archibald Stuart, esq. of Tovience, Lanarkshire, by whom he had Archibald, the present peer, and several other children.

Motto, in English,

By courage and labour.

Country Seat—Culross Abbey, Perthshire.

DUNGANNON, VISCOUNT, (Arthur-Hill Trevor,) of Dungannon, county of Tyrone, and Baron Hill, of Olderfleet, county of Antrim; *b.* 2nd October, 1763; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his grandfather, 30th January, 1771; *m.* in 1795, Charlotte, eldest surviving daughter of Charles, Lord Southampton, by whom he has issue Arthur Hill, *b.* 9th November, 1798.

Lord Dungannon being a peer of Ireland only, has no hereditary seat in parliament, nor is his lordship a representative peer.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Downshire.

ARTHUR HILL, (grandson of William Hill, esq. by Mary, eldest daughter of Sir Marcus Trevor, created Viscount Dungannon, in 1662,) having succeeded to the estates of his maternal great-grandfather, Sir John Trevor, of Brinkinalt, speaker of the house of commons in England, and first lord commissioner of the great seal, assumed the name and arms of Trevor, and was elevated to the peerage, 27th April, 1765, as Viscount Dungannon, the former creation having become extinct. His lordship had no issue by his first wife, Anne, daughter of Chief Baron Deane; but by his second, Anne, daughter of Edmund-Francis Stafford, esq. whom he *m.* in 1737, he had an only son, Arthur, who *m.* Letitia, daughter of Henry, Viscount Mount-Morres, and *d.* in the lifetime of his father, leaving Arthur, the present peer, and three daughters.

Motto,

What is just and honorable.

Town Residence—3, Grafton-street, Bond-street.

Country Seats—Brynkinalt, Denbighshire; and Roehampton, Surrey.

DUNMORE, EARL OF, (George Murray,) Viscount Fincastle, and Baron Murray, of Blair, Moulin, and Tillemot; *b.* in 1762; *m.* in 1803, his first-cousin, Susan, third daughter of Archibald, Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, by whom he has issue Alexander, Viscount Fincastle, and another son. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1809.

Lord Dunmore being a nobleman of Scotland only, has no hereditary seat in parliament, and his lordship is not a representative peer.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the ducal house of Atholl, springing from

LORD CHARLES MURRAY, second son of John, Marquess of Atholl, by Ameliana-Sophia, daughter of James, seventh Earl of Darby, through whom the barony of Strange and the sovereignty of the Isle of Man came into the Atholl family, who was created, on the 16th August, 1686, Earl of Dunmore, Viscount Fincastle, and Baron Murray, of Blair, Moulin, and Tillemott. His lordship *m.* Catharine, daughter of Robert Watts, esq. of Hertford, by whom he had issue James, who *d.* unmarried in his father's lifetime; John and William, who successively became peers; and three more sons and three

daughters. The earl *d.* in 1710, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

JOHN, who *d.* unmarried in 1752, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM. This nobleman *m.* Catherine, daughter of his uncle, Lord William Murray, who became Lord Nairne, by marrying the heiress of that family, by whom he had issue three sons and three daughters. His lordship was arraigned, at the court held at Southwark, for high treason, in 1746, having been engaged in the rebellion of 1745, and pleaded guilty, but received his majesty's most gracious pardon. He *d.* in the December of the same year, and was succeeded by his eldest son.

JOHN, who *m.* in 1759, Charlotte, daughter of Alexander, Earl of Galloway, by whom he had issue George, Viscount Fincastle, the present peer, and several other children. His lordship's sixth daughter, Augusta, obtained the royal permission, in 1806, to assume the name of De Ameland. Her ladyship had previously *m.* 4th April, 1793, at Rome, and subsequently, 5th December, in the same year, at St. George's Church, Hanover-square, His Royal Highness, Prince Augustus-Frederick, Duke of Sussex, sixth son of his late majesty, King George the Third, by whom she has a son and a daughter. This marriage was dissolved by the prerogative court, without any reflection upon her ladyship's reputation, in August, 1794.

Motto,

Furth fortune.

Country Seat—Dunmore Park, Stirlingshire.

DUNALLEY, BARON, (Henry Prittie,) of Kilboy, county of Tipperary; *b.* 3rd March, 1775; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1801; *m.* 10th July, 1802, Maria, only daughter of Dominick Trant, of the county of Cork, esq. by whom he has no issue.

The barony of Dunalley being of Ireland only, confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not a representative peer; he sits, however, as a commoner in the lower house, being returned there for the English borough of Okehampton.

Lineage.

HENRY PRITTIE, esq. son of Henry Prittie, esq. of Dunalley Castle, by Deborah, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Archdeacon O'Neil, having represented the county of Tipperary in the Irish parliament, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 30th July, 1800, as Baron Dunalley, of Kilboy. His lordship *m.* in 1766, Catharine, relict of John Bury, esq. (by whom she had Charles-William, the present Earl of Charleville,) and daughter of Francis Sadleir, esq. of Sopwell Hall, county of Tipperary, and had issue Henry, the present peer; Francis-Aldborough, M.P. for the county of Tipperary; and seven other children. His lordship *d.* 3rd Jan. 1801.

Motto, in English,

Prepared for all things.

Country Seat—Kilboy, county of Tipperary.

DUNRAVEN, EARL OF, (Wyndham-Henry-Wyndham Quin,) Viscount Mountearl, Baron Adare, county of Limerick, and a baronet; *b.* 24th September, 1782; *m.* 27th December, 1810, Caroline, daughter and sole heiress of Thomas Wyndham, esq. of Dunraven Castle, Glamorganshire, in consequence of which marriage, he assumed, in 1815, by royal permission, the name of Wyndham, in addition to, and before, that of Quin: by this lady, his lordship has issue Edwin-Richard-Wyndham, Viscount Mountearl, *b.* 19th May, 1812, and a daughter, *b.* in 1814. The earl succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1824.

Lord Dunraven being an Irish nobleman only, enjoys no hereditary seat in the legislature, and he is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This is one of the very few families in the Irish peerage which claims a national descent, with what truth, however, it is not easy to determine, nor is it our province to inquire. We find, and we are satisfied with transmitting the information, that the *Quins*, according to Hibernian genealogical lore, deduce their surname from "Con Cead Caha," or, Con of the hundred battles, monarch of Ireland in the second century, and that this prince's grandson actually bore the cognomen of Quin, that is, the descendant of Con, when he wielded the sceptre in 254.

VALENTINE-RICHARD QUIN, esq., eldest son of Wyndham Quin, esq., of Adare, (whose mother was Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Henry Windenham, esq., of the Court, county of Limerick,) was created a baronet of Great Britain, 24th March, 1781, and elevated to the peerage, 30th July, 1800, as Baron Adare; advanced to a viscounty, 22nd January, 1816, as Viscount Mountearl; and created Earl of Dunraven, 22nd January, 1822. His lordship *m.* twice: first, in 1777, Frances, daughter of Stephen, Earl of Ilchester, by whom he had issue, Wyndham-Henry, the present peer, another son, and two daughters; and, secondly, the widow of Colonel Blennerhasset, by whom he had no children. He *d.* 24th August, 1824.

Motto, in English,

I wish to see those things which are above.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

DUNSANY, BARON, (Edward-Wadding Plunket,) of Dunsany Castle, county of Meath; *b.* 7th April, 1775; *m.* in 1803, Charlotte-Louisa, youngest daughter of Nicholas, first Lord Cloncurry, by whom he has issue two sons and a daughter. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1821.

Lord Dunsany being an Irish baron only, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and he is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This and the noble house of Fingal claim a common ancestor in

Christopher Plunket, who was deputy to Sir Thomas Stanley, lord-deputy of Ireland, in 1432; and who *m.* Joan, daughter and sole heiress of Sir Lucas Cusack, knt., Lord of Killeen and Dunsany, by whom he had, with other children, John, who inherited the lordship of Killeen, and

Christopher, that of Dunsany, of which he was created baron, in 1490; from this nobleman, the barony descended from father to son, until the accession of the tenth baron,

Edward, who inherited from his grandfather. His lordship dying unmarried, the barony devolved upon his brother,

Randall. This nobleman adhering to the falling fortunes of his legitimate sovereign, James the Second, was outlawed in 1691; but being included in the treaty of Limerick, his estates were restored; neglecting, however, the forms necessary to re-establish himself in the privileges of the peerage, neither his lordship nor his immediate descendants had a seat in the house of lords. He *d.* in 1735, and was succeeded by his only son,

Edward, who *d.* in 1781, and was succeeded by his only son,

Randall, who claimed in 1791, and was allowed, his seat in parliament, which had fallen into abeyance through the negligence of his grandfather. His lordship *m.* first, Margaret, widow of Edward Mandeville, of Ballydene, county of Tipperary, and daughter of Edward Archdeacon, esq., of the county of Kilkenny, by whom he had issue Edward-Wadding, the present peer, another son and three daughters; and secondly, Emma, sister of Sir Drummond Smith, baronet, of Tring Park, Herts, by whom he had no children.

Motto,

Quick, without impetuosity.

Country Seat—Dunsany Castle, county of Meath, Ireland.

DUNTZE, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Rockbere House, Devonshire; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1794; *m.* in 1804, Dorothea, daughter of Sir Thomas Carew, baronet, of Tiverton Castle, Devonshire, by whom he has an only son, *b.* 1st October, 1806.

Lineage.

John Duntze, esq., an eminent merchant of Exeter, and M.P. for Tiverton, was created a baronet, 28th October, 1774; he *d.* in February, 1794, leaving a large family, of which the present baronet is the eldest son.

Country Seat—Payford, Devonshire.

DURRANT, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Scottowe, county of Norfolk; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1790; *m.* in 1799, Miss Steenbergen, by whom he has issue, a son and two daughters.

Lineage.

Thomas Durrant, esq. was created a baronet, 10th December, 1783. He *m.* Susannah, eldest daughter of Hambleton Custance, esq., of Weston, county of Norfolk, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and two other sons and a daughter.

Country Seat—Scottowe, county of Norfolk.

DYER, SIR THOMAS - RICHARD-SWINNERTON, baronet, of Tottenham, Middlesex; a major-general in the army; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1801; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of the late James Standerwick, esq., of Wington House, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

William Dyer, esq., barrister at law; created a baronet, 6th July, 1678; *m.* Thomasine, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Swinnerton, esq., of Stanway Hall, the heir of Sir John Swinnerton, knt. and alderman, (who had served the office of lord mayor of London,) by whom he had several children, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John-Swinnerton. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Rowland Johnson, esq., by whom he had five sons and four daughters. He *d.* 17th May, 1701, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

Sir Swinnerton, who *d.* without male issue, 4th March, 1735-6, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir John Swinnerton, who was succeeded in 1780, by his eldest son,

Sir John-Swinnerton. This gentleman, who was a colonel in the army, and one of the grooms of the bedchamber to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, *m.* Miss Vicary, by whom he had the present baronet, and a daughter. He *d.* 31st of March, 1801.

Town Residence—5, Clarges-street, Piccadilly.

Country Seat—Olington House, near Alresford, Hants.

DYKE, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Horeham, county of Sussex, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1810. Sir Thomas is colonel of the West-Kent militia.

Lineage.

Thomas Dyke, esq., second son of Sir Thomas Dyke, knt., by Catharine, daughter of Sir John Bramptone, knt., lord chief-justice of the court of king's bench, was created a baronet, on the 3rd of March, 1676. He *d.* in 1706, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

Sir Thomas, who *d.* in 1756, and was also succeeded by his only surviving son,

Sir John-Dixon, who *m.* Philadelphia, daughter of George Horne, esq., of East Grimstead, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and two other sons, and three daughters. Sir John *d.* 6th September, 1810.

Country Seat—Lullingstone Castle, Kent.

DYNEVOR, BARON, (George - Talbot Rice,) of Dynevor, Carmarthenshire, lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the same county; *b.* 8th October, 1765; succeeded to the barony upon the demise of his mother, in 1798; *m.*

the 20th October, 1794, Frances, daughter of Thomas, Viscount Sidney, by whom he has issue George, *b.* 5th August, 1795, (who *m.* 27th November, 1824, Miss Fitzroy, daughter of Lord Charles Fitzroy, and assumed, in the same month, the surname of Trevor,) besides two other sons, and six daughters.

Lineage.

WILLIAM TALBOT, second baron and first Earl Talbot, having no surviving male issue, was created Baron Dynevor, of Dynevor, on the 17th October, 1780, with remainder to his only daughter, Cecil, by Mary, daughter and heiress of Adam de Cardonnel, esq. His lordship *d.* 27th April, 1782, and the barony, according to the limitation, descended to the said

CECIL, who, in 1787, assumed the name and arms of de Cardonnel, in pursuance of the testamentary injunction of her mother. Her ladyship *m.* 16th August, 1756, George Rice, esq., of Newton, county of Carmarthen, by whom she had issue George-Talbot Rice, the present peer, (who re-assumed, by royal permission, in 1817, his family name and arms of Rice, instead of those of Cardonnel,) and five other children. The baroness *d.* 14th March, 1793.

Motto, in English,
Secret and bold.

Town Residence—34, Dorset-street.

Country Seats—Barrington Park, Oxfordshire; and Dynevor Castle, Llandilo, South Wales.

DYSART, COUNTESS OF, (Louisa Tollemache,) of the county of Fife, and Baroness Huntingtower, of the county of Perth; *m.* John Manners, esq. of Grantham-Grange, Lincolnshire, by whom she has issue William, created a baronet, 5th January, 1793 (now Lord Huntingtower, who assumed, by royal permission, upon his mother's accession to the peerage, in 1821, the name of Tollemache); John, *m.* to the Duchess-dowager of Roxburgh; and five other children,—one son and four daughters. Mr. Manners, her ladyship's husband, *d.* in 1792; and in 1821, upon the demise of her brother, Wilbraham, Earl of Dysart, she succeeded to her own family honors, when she obtained the royal permission to bear the name and arms of Tollemache, as the sole heir and representative of that ancient family, instead of those of Manners; the same to extend to her sons, John and Charles, and her daughter, Lady Laura.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

WILLIAM MURRAY, esq., son of the Reverend William Murray, minister of Dysart, county of Fife, having filled the confidential office of private secretary to King Charles the First, when Prince of Wales, was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, by letters patent, dated 3rd August, 1643, as Earl of Dysart and Lord Huntingtower, with remainder, in failure of male issue, to his daughters and their descendants. His lordship was succeeded by his eldest daughter,

ELIZABETH, who obtained a confirmation of her rank from King Charles the Second, by charter under the great seal, dated 5th August, 1670, (her ladyship having surrendered to his majesty the original letters patent,) with the former precedence. The countess *m.* first, Sir Lionel Tollemache, bart., of Helmingham, Suffolk, by whom she had eleven children. She *m.* secondly, John, Duke of Lauderdale, by whom she had no issue. Her grace *d.* in 1697, and was succeeded by her eldest son,

SIR LIONEL TOLLEMACHE, baronet. His lordship *m.* in 1680, Grace, eldest daughter and coheiress of Sir Thomas Wilbraham, bart., by whom he had one son and four daughters. His son, Lord Huntingtower, *d.* in the lifetime of his father, having *m.* a lady of the house of Devonshire, Miss Cavendish, by whom he left a son and daughter. The Earl *d.* 3rd February, 1727, and was succeeded by his grandson,

LIONEL, who *m.* in 1713, Grace, eldest daughter of John, first Earl of Granville, by whom he had six children, of whom his three immediate successors were the first, second, and fifth. He *d.* in 1770, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

LIONEL. This nobleman *m.* twice, but dying without issue, 22nd of February, 1799, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

WILBRAHAM, who *d.* 9th March, 1821, without issue, when the peerage descended to his sister, Louisa, the present peeress.

Town Residence—104, Pall Mall.

Country Seats—Ham House, Richmond, Surrey; and Halmingham Hall, Suffolk.

EAST, SIR GILBERT, baronet, of Hall Place, Berkshire; *b.* 17th April, 1764; *m.* 10th May, 1788, Eleanor-Mary, eldest daughter of William Jolliffe, esq., by whom he has no issue; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1819.

Lineage.

WILLIAM EAST, esq., son and heir of William East, esq., barrister-at-law, by Anne, daughter of Sir George Cooke, knight; was created a baronet, 5th June, 1766. He *m.* Hannah, daughter of Henry Cassamajor, esq., of Tokington, Gloucestershire, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and another son and daughter.

Motto, in English,
I advance.

Town Residence—38, Welbeck-street.

Country Seats—Hall-place, and Fifefield-House, Berkshire.

EAST, SIR EDWARD-HYDE, knight and baronet, of Calcutta; *b.* 9th September, 1764; *m.* 23rd December, 1786, Jane-Isabella, third daughter of Joseph-Chaplin Hankey, esq., of East Bergholt, Suffolk, by whom he has issue

James Buller, *b.* 1st February, 1789, (*m.* to Caroline-Eliza, 2nd daughter of James-Henry Leigh, esq., of Stoneleigh, in Warwickshire,) and a daughter. Mr. East being appointed chief-justice of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Calcutta, received the honor of knighthood, at Carlton-House, 26th Feb. 1813, and was created a baronet on the 25th April, 1823.

Motto, in English,

Proceed with a steady pace.

Town Residence—12, Stratford-place.

Country Seat — Hadderstrop-House, Chipping Norton, Oxon.

EDEN, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of West Auckland, county of Durham; *b.* 25th October, 1774; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 23rd August, 1812.

Lineage.

Robert Eden, esq., son of Colonel Robert Eden, of West Auckland, was created a baronet, 13th November, 1672; he *m.* Margaret, daughter and heiress of John Lambton, esq., of Durham, by whom he had eight sons and six daughters. He *d.* in 1720, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, who *d.* in 1728, and was succeeded by his only son,

Sir Robert. This gentleman *m.* Mary, youngest daughter of William Davidson, esq., by whom he had five sons and two daughters. Of the former, the second was created a baronet, in 1776, (see the next article); the third was elevated to the peerage of Ireland first, and, subsequently, to that of England, as Baron Auckland; and the fifth was created a peer of Ireland, by the title of Baron Henly, of Chardstock. Sir Robert *d.* in June, 1755, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, who *m.* twice: by the first marriage with Catharine, daughter of John Thomson, esq., of Kirby Hall, he had no issue; but by the second, with Dorothea, only daughter of Peter Johnson, esq., recorder of York, he had two sons, and nine daughters. He *d.* in 1812, and was succeeded by his eldest son, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

If there be prudence.

Country Seat—Windlestone, Durham.

EDEN, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Thuir, county of Durham; *b.* 31st January, 1803; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, 24th December, 1814.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the last family described.

Robert Eden, esq., second son of Sir Robert Eden, baronet, of West Auckland, being governor of the province of Maryland, was created a baronet, 10th September, 1776; he *m.* Miss Calvert, sister to the last Lord Baltimore, by whom he had two sons. He *d.* in 1786, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Frederick-Morton, who *m.* in 1792, Miss Smith, daughter and heiress of James-Paul Smith, esq., of New Bond-street, by whom he had issue seven sons and two daughters. He *d.* in November, 1809, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Frederick. This gentleman was an officer in the army, and fell at New Orleans, in 1814; dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

EDMONSTONE, SIR ARCHIBALD, baronet, of Duntreath, county of Stirling; *b.* 12th March, 1795; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1821.

Lineage.

Archibald Edmonstone, esq., eldest son of Archibald Edmonstone, esq., (by Anne Campbell, grand-daughter of Archibald Earl of Argyll, and niece of Archibald first Duke of Argyll,) was created a baronet, 3rd May, 1774; *m.* Susanna-Mary, only daughter of Roger Harene, esq., by whom he had five sons and three daughters; he *m.* secondly, Hester, daughter of Sir Gilbert Heathcote, baronet, but had no issue. He *d.* in 1807, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Charles. This gentleman, like his father, *m.* twice; first, Emma, fifth daughter of Richard-Wilbraham Bootle, esq., by whom he had the present baronet, and a daughter; secondly, Louisa, youngest daughter of Beaumont, Lord Hotham, by whom he had three sons and two daughters; he *d.* in April, 1821.

Motto, in English,

Virtue augments honor.

Country Seat—Duntreath, Stirlingshire.

EDWARDES, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Shrewsbury; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 23rd February, 1816.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient Welch family, which traces its descent to princes and nobles, who flourished long before the Norman Conquest of England. The baronetcy was conferred upon

Thomas Edwardes, esq., on the 21st March, 1644, but the patent being lost during the Civil Wars, a new one, bearing date 22nd April, 1678, and granting precedency from the date of the original, was conferred upon his eldest son,

Sir Francis, a colonel of foot, in the service of William the Third. He *d.* in Ireland, in 1690, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Francis. This gentleman left a daughter, who *m.* the fifth baronet; and his successor,

Sir Francis, who *m.* twice, but leaving only a daughter, by his second marriage, (who *m.* Viscount Malpas, and was mother of George-James, Earl of Cholmondeley,) the title reverted to his cousin and brother-in-law,

Sir Henry, grandson of the first baronet, (through his second son, Thomas, by Anne, daughter and co-heiress of John Haynes, esq.,) by his lady, Eleanor, daughter of Sir Francis Edwardes. This gentleman had seven children. He *d.* in 1767, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Thomas, who *d.* in 1790, without male issue, when the title reverted to

The Reverend Sir Thomas, (great-grandson of the first baronet, through his fifth son Jonathan,) who *m.* Juliana, only surviving daughter of John Thomas, esq., of Aston, by whom he had two sons. He *d.* in 1797, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

The Reverend Sir John-Thomas-Cholmondeley. This gentleman *m.* Frances, daughter of John Gask, esq., of London, by whom he had issue Sir Henry, the present baronet, and four other children.

Country Seat—Cholmondeley Frodesley, county of Salop.

EGERTON, SIR JOHN-GREY, baronet, of Egerton and Oulton, county of Chester; succeeded to the title upon the demise of Sir Thomas Egerton, Earl of Wilton, in 1814, without male descendants; *m.* Maria, daughter of Thomas-Scott Jackson, esq., by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

This is one of the oldest baronetcys, being conferred five years after the institution of the order, 5th April, 1617, upon

Rowland Egerton, esq., of Egerton and Oulton, eldest surviving son of Sir John Egerton, knt., (by Margaret, daughter of Sir Rowland Stanley,) who *m.* Bridget, daughter and co-heiress of Arthur, Lord Grey de Wilton, by whom he had three sons, the second and eldest surviving of whom,

Sir John, was his successor at his demise, in 1646. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of George Wintour, esq., and dying in 1674, was succeeded by his only surviving son,

Sir John, who *m.* Elizabeth, sister and sole heiress of Edward Holland, esq., of Heaton, Lancashire, by whom he had eight children. He *d.* in 1729, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Holland. This gentleman died in a year after his father, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Edward, who *d.* unmarried in 1743, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Thomas-Grey. This gentleman *m.* Catherine, daughter of the Rev. Mr. Copley, by whom he had two sons. He *d.* in 1756, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Thomas, who *m.* in 1769, Eleanor, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Ralph Asheton, of Middleton, bart., by whom he had two sons and three daughters, one of whom, Eleanor, consort of Robert, Earl Grosvenor, alone survived. Sir Thomas was elevated to the peerage, on the 15th May, 1784, as Baron Grey de Wilton; and created, 26th June, 1801, Viscount Grey de Wilton, and Earl of Wilton; the two last titles to revert, in default of male issue, to Thomas Grosvenor, second son of his daughter, Countess Grosvenor, and to all her ladyship's younger sons, by Earl Grosvenor, in succession. His lordship *d.* 23rd September, 1814, when the barony of Grey de Wilton became extinct. The viscounty and earldom descended, according to the patent, and the baronetcy reverted to the present baronet, who is the great-great-great-grandson of the first baronet through his fourth son, Sir Philip Egerton, knt., by Catherine, daughter and sole heiress of Piers Conway, esq., of Hendre, Flintshire.

Motto, in English,

I trust in virtue, not in arms.

Town Residence—4, Grafton-street, Bond-street.

Country Seat—Oulton Park, Cheshire.

EGLINTON, EARL OF, (Archibald-William Montgomerie,) and Lord Montgomerie in the peerage of Scotland; and Baron Ardrossan, of Ardrossan, county of Ayr, in that of the empire at large; *b.* 29th September, 1812; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his grandfather, the 15th December, 1819.

Lineage.

Sir Alexander de Montgomerie, knight, grandson of John de Montgomerie, of Eglisham, (who obtained the lordships of Eglinton and Ardrossan by his marriage with Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Sir Hugh de Eglinton, knight,) was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, 31st January, 1448-9, as Lord Montgomerie. He *d.* in 1461, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Alexander, to whom succeeded his son,

Hugh, who was created Earl of Eglinton, in 1507. His lordship *d.* at an advanced age, in 1545, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Hugh, who *d.* the year after his grandfather, and was succeeded by his son,

Hugh. This nobleman *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir John Drummond, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1585, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Hugh, who was assassinated the following year, when the family honors descended to his only son,

Hugh. This nobleman *m.* his cousin, Margaret, daughter of Robert, second son of Hugh, the third earl; but having no issue, his lordship obtained, 28th November, 1611, a charter, settling the earldom upon the younger sons (Alexander, Thomas, and John Seton) of his aunt, Margaret, by Robert, first Earl of Wintown. The earl *d.* in 1612, and was succeeded by his cousin,

Alexander Seton, who assumed the name of Montgomerie. His lordship *m.* Anne, eldest daughter of Alexander, Earl of Linlithgow, by whom he had four sons. He *d.* in 1661, and was succeeded by his son,

Hugh. This nobleman *m.* twice, and by his second wife, Mary, second daughter of John, Earl of Rothes, had issue two sons and five daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1673, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Alexander, who *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of William, Earl of Dumfries. His lordship *d.* in 1701, and was succeeded by his son,

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ALEXANDER. This nobleman *m.* thrice: by his first lady, Margaret, daughter of William, Lord Cochrane, he had four surviving daughters; by his second, Anne, daughter of George, Earl of Aberdeen, he had an only daughter; and by his third, Susanna, daughter of Sir Archibald Kennedy, bart., he had three sons and seven daughters. He *d.* in 1729, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, who was assassinated by an excise officer, named Campbell, in 1769, and dying unmarried, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

ARCHIBALD. This nobleman *m.* twice, but having only two daughters by his second marriage, with Frances, only daughter of Sir William Twysden, bart., the family honors reverted, at his decease, in 1796, to

HUGH, K.T., great-grandson of Colonel James Montgomerie, fourth son of Alexander Seton, the sixth earl, and son of Alexander Montgomerie, esq., of Coylofield, by Lilias, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Robert Montgomerie, baronet, of Skelmosly. This nobleman, who was enrolled amongst the peers of the empire, as Baron Ardrossan, on the 15th February, 1806, *m.* Eleanora, daughter of John Hamilton, esq., of Bowertree Hill, by whom he had Archibald, Lord Montgomerie, another son, and a daughter. Lord Montgomerie *m.* Mary, only surviving daughter and heiress of Archibald, the late earl, by whom he had an only son, Archibald-William, the present peer. His lordship *d.* in the lifetime of his father, 24th January, 1814. The earl *d.* 15th December, 1819.

Motto, in English,
Take good care.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

EGMONT, EARL OF, (John Perceval,) Viscount Perceval, of Kanturk; Baron Perceval, of Burton, in the peerage of Ireland; and Lord Lovel and Holland, of Enmore, Somersetshire, in that of England; *b.* the 13th August, 1767; *m.* the 10th March, 1792, Bridget, only daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Wynn, and niece of Sir Thomas Wynn, bart., first Baron Newborough, by whom he has an only son, John-James, Viscount Perceval. The earl succeeded to the family honors, which include, besides those enumerated, a baronetcy of Ireland, upon the demise of his father, 25th February, 1822.

Lineage.

JOHN PERCEVAL, esq., eldest son of Sir Philip Perceval, knight, (a gentleman who had obtained grants of forfeited land in Ireland, to no less an amount than 101,000 statute acres, prior to the commencement of the Civil War, in the reign of Charles the First,) was created a baronet of Ireland, on the 9th September, 1661, by patent, containing this remarkable clause, that "the eldest son, or grandson, shall exist a baronet, after the age of twenty-one years, at the same time with the father, or grandfather." He *m.* Catherine, daughter of Robert Southwell, esq., of Kingsale, by whom he had four sons and two daughters, Philip, Robert, John, Charles, Catherine, and Helen. He *d.* at the age of thirty-six, on the 1st November, 1665, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR PHILIP, who *d.* unmarried 11th September, 1680, when the title devolved upon his brother, the third son of the first baronet, (the second son, Robert, having been assassinated, on the 5th June, 1677, in the Strand, London, by some unknown assassin, who was never discovered)

SIR JOHN, who *d.* on the 29th of April, 1686, of a contagious distemper caught from the prisoners at the assizes of Cork. He left three sons and two daughters by his lady, Catherine, daughter of Sir Edward Dering, bart., of Surenden, Kent, and was succeeded by the eldest son,

SIR EDWARD, who *d.* in his ninth year, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR JOHN, who, after becoming a privy counsellor of Ireland, and sitting for several years in the Irish house of commons, was elevated to the peerage of that kingdom, by privy seal, dated at St. James's, on the 4th March, 1714, and, by patent, at Dublin, on the 21st April, 1715, as Baron Perceval, of Burton, in the county of Cork, with limitation to the heirs male of his father; and, on the 25th February, 1772, his lordship was created Viscount Perceval, of Kanturk, also in the county of Cork, with the annual fee of twenty marks, payable out of the exchequer, attached to support the honor. In 1732, the viscount obtained a charter to colonise the province of Georgia, in America, and, being nominated president thereof, was advanced to an earldom in the peerage of Ireland, by patent, dated the 6th November, 1733, as Earl of Egmont. His lordship *m.* in 1710, Catharine, eldest daughter of Sir Philip Parker à Morley, bart., of Erwarton, Suffolk, by whom he had issue one son and two daughters. The earl *d.* 1st May, 1748, and was succeeded by his only son,

JOHN, *b.* 24th February, 1711; *m.* Catharine, second daughter of James, Earl of Salisbury, by whom he had John-James, his successor, and six other children. Her ladyship dying, 16th August, 1752, the earl *m.* a second time, 26th January, 1756, Catharine, third daughter of the Honorable Charles Compton, (created an Irish peeress, as Baroness Arden, of Lohort Castle, with remainder to her ladyship's heirs male, on the 19th May, 1770,) by whom he had Charles-George, who succeeded to the barony of Arden upon the demise of his mother; Spencer, prime minister of England from 1809 to 1812, when he was assassinated by a person of the name of Bellingham; and six other children. The Earl of Egmont having filled some high offices about Court, and being sworn of the privy council, was enrolled amongst the peers of England, on the 7th May, 1762, as Baron Lovel, and Baron Holland, of Enmore, county of Somerset. His lordship *d.* 13th of December, 1770, and was succeeded by his son,

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JOHN-JAMES, who *m.* Isabella, only daughter and heiress of Lord Nassau Paulett, third son of Charles, Duke of Bolton, by whom he left an only son, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
Under the fair cross.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Enmore Castle, Somersetshire; Erwarton, Suffolk; and Kanturk Castle, county of Cork.

EGREMONT, EARL OF, (George-O'Bryen Wyndham,) and Baron Cockermouth, both in the county of Cumberland, and a baronet; *b.* 18th December, 1751; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 21st August, 1763.

Lineage.

This noble house deduces its descent from *Dilwardus*, an eminent Saxon, in the county of Norfolk, who, being possessed of an estate in Wymondham, (subsequently called Wyndham,) assumed, soon after the Norman Conquest, his surname therefrom.

Upon a descendant of this individual,

WILLIAM WYNDHAM, esq., a baronetcy was conferred, by Charles the Second, on the 9th of September, 1661, which he enjoyed twenty-two years, when, dying in 1683, he was succeeded by his third and eldest surviving son,

SIR EDWARD. This gentleman *m.* Catharine, daughter of Sir William-Levison Gower, baronet, by whom he had a son and a daughter, and was succeeded by the former,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman filled, in the reign of Queen Anne, the high stations of master of the buck hounds, secretary at war, and chancellor of the exchequer, and was sworn of her majesty's privy council. He *m.* twice; and, by his first lady, Catharine, second daughter of his grace, Charles, Duke of Somerset, had two sons and two daughters. His second son, inheriting the estate of his uncle, Henry, Earl of Thomond, bore the name and arms of O'Brien, and was created Earl of Thomond, in Ireland. Of Sir William's second marriage, with the Marchioness Dowager of Blandford, there was no issue. Sir William Wyndham was esteemed one of the most polished gentlemen and eloquent statesmen of his day. He *d.* on the 17th June, 1740, after a few days' illness, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR CHARLES, who also succeeded, upon the demise of his uncle, Algernon, Duke of Somerset, without male issue, on the 7th February, 1750, to the earldom of Egremont and barony of Cockermouth; his grace having obtained those titles by patent, dated the 3rd of October, 1749, with remainder to the sons of his sister, Lady Catharine Wyndham. His lordship *m.* Alicia-Maria, daughter of George, Lord Carpenter, by whom he had issue George-O'Bryen, the present peer, and six other children.

Motto, in English,
To the best right.

Town Residence—4, Grosvenor-place.

Country Seats—Petworth and Brighton, Sussex.

ELDON, EARL OF, (John Scott,) Viscount Encombe, of Encombe, county of Dorset, and Baron Eldon, of Eldon, county of Durham, D.C.L., F.R.S., and F.S.A.; *b.* 4th June, 1751; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Aubone Surtees, esq. of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, of which marriage, John, the eldest son, *m.* Henrietta-Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir Matthew-White Ridley, bart., and *d.* in 1805, leaving an only son, the present Viscount Encombe, heir to the earldom. Lord Eldon has, besides, another son, and two daughters.

Mr. Scott, son of Mr. William Scott, a gentleman engaged extensively in the coal trade, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, having been bred to the legal profession, and having established a high legal reputation, was nominated solicitor-general in 1788, when he received the accustomary honor of knighthood. In 1793, he was appointed attorney general, and, in 1799, elevated to the bench and peerage, as lord chief-justice of the court of common pleas, and Baron Eldon, (the 18th July.) From this station, his lordship was advanced, in 1801, to the exalted dignity of lord high chancellor of Great Britain, and has since held the seals, with the interruption of only fourteen months, (from the 7th February, 1806, to the 1st April, 1807.) On the 6th of July, 1821, his lordship was advanced to a viscounty and earldom, as Viscount Encombe and Earl of Eldon.

Motto, in English,
Be your honors without stain.

Town Residence—1, Hamilton-place.

Country Seat—Encombe, Dorsetshire.

ELFORD, SIR WILLIAM, bart. F.R.S.; *m.* first, Mary, daughter of the Reverend John Davis, of Plympton, by whom he has issue Jonathan, *b.* 5th November, 1776, and two daughters; and, secondly, Mrs. Walrond, relict of Colonel Walrond. This gentleman, who is recorder of Plymouth, and lieutenant-colonel of the South Devon militia, was created a baronet, on the 26th November, 1800.

Motto, in English,
Renown is achieved with difficulty.

Country Seat—Bickham, near Plymouth.

ELGIN AND KINCARDINE, EARL OF, (Thomas Bruce,) Baron Bruce, of Kinloss, and of Torry; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his brother, 15th July, 1777; *m.* 11th March, 1799, Mary, only child of William-Hamilton Nesbit, esq., by whom he had issue George-Charles-Constantine, Lord Bruce, *b.* 5th April, 1800, and three other children. This marriage being dissolved by act of parliament, in 1808, the earl *m.* a second time, 21st September, 1810, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of James-Townshend Oswald, esq., by whom he has two

sons and a daughter. Lord Elgin is a lieutenant-general in the army, and is celebrated for a splendid collection of Grecian antiques, which he procured during his residence as ambassador extraordinary in Turkey, and which are now deposited in the national museum, under the denomination of the "*Elgin marbles*."

This being a Scottish peerage only, it confers no hereditary seat in the legislature, but the present lord sits as one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This noble family claims descent from the royal house of Bruce, and that claim is generally admitted. The first of its members ennobled, however, was

EDWARD BRUCE, esq. second son of Edward Bruce, of Blairhall, who, in consideration of the services rendered to James the First, (being that monarch's ambassador at the court of Elizabeth,) was elevated to the peerage, on the 8th July, 1604, as Baron Bruce, of Kinloss. His lordship *m.* Magdalen, daughter of Sir Alexander Clerk, by whom he had two sons, who both succeeded in turn to the peerage, and one daughter. He *d.* in 1610, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

EDWARD, who was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Bath. His lordship did not, however, long enjoy his honors, for he was killed in a duel, in 1613, by Sir Edward Sackville. Dying unmarried, the barony devolved upon his brother,

THOMAS, who was advanced to an earldom, 21st June, 1633, as Earl of Elgin, and created an English peer, on the 1st of August, 1641, as Baron Bruce, of Whorlton, county of York. His lordship *d.* in 1663, and was succeeded by his only son,

ROBERT, who, for his loyalty to the Charles's, was created, 18th March, 1663-4, Baron Bruce, of Skelton, county of York, Viscount Bruce, of Ampthill, county of Bedford, and Earl of Aylesbury. His lordship *m.* Diana, daughter of Henry, Earl of Stamford, by whom he had eight sons, and nine daughters. He *d.* in 1685, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

THOMAS. This nobleman *m.* twice, and had issue, by his first countess, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry, Lord Beauchamp, and heiress of her brother, William, Duke of Somerset, a son and a daughter; and by his second, Charlotte, Countess of Sannu, in Brabant, an only daughter. He *d.* in 1741, and was succeeded by his only son,

CHARLES, who had been called to the upper house in the lifetime of his father, by writ, in 1711, as Lord Bruce, of Whorlton. In April, 1746, his lordship obtained a new patent, creating him Baron Bruce, of Tottenham, county of Wilts, with remainder to his nephew, Thomas-Bruce Brudenell, the youngest son of his sister, Elizabeth, by George, Earl of Cardigan. The earl *m.* thrice, but leaving no surviving male issue, the earldom of Aylesbury, the viscounty of Bruce, of Ampthill, and the barony of Bruce, of Skelton, as well as that of Bruce, of Whorlton, became extinct at his decease, the 10th of February, 1747. The barony of Bruce, of Tottenham, devolved upon his nephew, and the Scottish honors reverted to his heir general,

CHARLES BRUCE, ninth Earl of Kincardine, the descendant of Sir George Bruce, of Carnock, younger brother of the first Lord Bruce, of Kinloss, (Edward, the grandson of this Sir George, was created, 26th December, 1647, Lord Bruce, of Torry, and Earl of Kincardine,) who then assumed the joint title of Earl of Elgin and Kincardine. His lordship *m.* in 1759, Martha, only child of Thomas White, esq. a banker in London, by whom he had issue William-Robert and Thomas, who both succeeded in turn to the title, besides five other children. The Countess of Elgin filled, with great credit to herself, the important station of governess to her Royal Highness the deeply-deplored Princess Charlotte of Wales; her ladyship *d.* in 1810. The earl *d.* thirty-nine years before, in 1771, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-ROBERT, who *d.* in a few months after his father, when the family honors devolved upon his brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
We have been.

Country Seat—Archerfield House, Fifeshire.

ELIBANK, BARON, (Alexander Murray,) of Elibank, in the county of Selkirk, and a baronet; *m.* in 1803, Jane, daughter of James Hamilton, esq. of Bachilton, by whom he has issue Alexander, *b.* 25th May, 1804, another son, and three daughters. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 24th September, 1820.

Lord Elibank, being a nobleman of Scotland only, enjoys no hereditary seat in the legislature, and his lordship is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

PATRICK MURRAY, esq. son of Sir Gideon Murray, (who was third son of Andrew Murray, of Blackbarony, and one of the lords of session, in 1613,) was created a baronet, 16th May, 1628, and elevated to the peerage, 18th March, 1643, as Baron Elibank, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever. His lordship *d.* in 1650, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

PATRICK, who *d.* in 1661, and was succeeded by his son,

ALEXANDER. This nobleman *d.* in 1687, and was succeeded by his son,

ALEXANDER, who *m.* Miss Stirling, of Edinburgh, by whom he had issue Patrick and George, successive barons; Gideon, a clergyman of the church of England, whose son, by Elizabeth, daughter of General Montolieu, became seventh baron; and eight other children. His lordship *d.* in 1735, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

PATRICK, who *d.* without issue, in 1778, when the title devolved upon his brother,

GEORGE. This nobleman entered the royal navy early in life, accompanied Lord Anson in his circumnavigatory voyage, and became an admiral. Dying without issue, the title devolved upon his nephew, the Reverend Doctor Gideon Murray's son,

ALEXANDER. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Mary-Clara Montolieu, daughter of Lewis-Charles, Baron de St. Hypolite, by whom he had issue Alexander, the present peer, besides two other sons, and two daughters; secondly, Miss Stewart, by whom he had no child.

Motto, in English,
By virtue and faith.

Country Seat—Dum Hall, Scotland.

ELLENBOROUGH, BARON, (Edward Law,) of Ellenborough, county of Cumberland; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 13th December, 1818; *m.* Octavia-Catharine, youngest daughter of Robert, first Marquess of Londonderry, by whom he had no issue. Her ladyship dying in 1819, his lordship *m.* secondly, 15th September, 1824, Jane-Elizabeth, daughter of Admiral Digby.

Lineage.

EDWARD LAW, esq., fourth son of the Right Reverend Edmund, (Law) lord bishop of Carlisle, an eminent lawyer, was nominated attorney general, in 1801, upon which occasion he received the accustomary honor of knighthood; and, in 1802, was appointed successor to Lord Kenyon, as lord chief-justice of the court of king's bench, when he was elevated to the peerage, (19th April, 1802,) by the title of Baron Ellenborough, of Ellenborough. His lordship, who was *b.* in 1750, *m.* in 1789, Anne, daughter of George-Philip Towry, esq., by whom he had issue Edward, the present peer, and nine other children.

Motto, in English,
Law and equity.

Town Residence—16, Park-lane.

Country Seat—Roehampton, Surrey.

ELPHINSTONE, LORD, (John Elphinstone,) *b.* 23rd June, 1807; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 21st May, 1813.

The barony of Elphinstone being of Scotland only, confers no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

ALEXANDER ELPHINSTONE, esq. was raised to the peerage of Scotland, in 1509. He fell at Flodden-field, in four years afterwards, and was succeeded by his son,

ALEXANDER, who was amongst the slain, at the battle of Pinkie, in 1547. His lordship was succeeded by his son,

ROBERT, to whom succeeded his son,

ALEXANDER. This nobleman filled the high office of lord treasurer of Scotland. He *d.* in 1648, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, who *d.* in 1649, leaving an only daughter, who *m.* her father's nephew and successor,

ALEXANDER. His lordship *d.* in 1654, and left two sons, who became successive barons: the eldest,

ALEXANDER, succeeded his father, and *d.* without issue, in 1669, when the youngest,

JOHN, inherited. This nobleman *m.* Isabel, daughter of Charles, third Earl of Lauderdale, by whom he had his successor,

CHARLES, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Primrose, ancestor of the Earls of Roseberry, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1738, and was succeeded by his third and eldest surviving son,

CHARLES. This nobleman *m.* Clementina, daughter and sole heiress of John, Earl of Wigtoun, by whom he had seven children: his fourth son, George-Keith, entered the navy, distinguished himself therein, advanced to the rank of an admiral, and was created Lord Keith, in Ireland, and Viscount Keith, in the peerage of the empire. Lord Elphinstone *d.* in 1784, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, who *m.* Anne, daughter of James, third Lord Ruthven, by whom he had issue four sons, and four daughters. His second son, Admiral Charles Elphinstone, succeeded to the estates of the Wigtoun family, and, in consequence, assumed the name of Fleming. His lordship *d.* 19th August, 1794, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 26th foot; *m.* in 1806, Lady Carmichael, relict of Sir John Carmichael, baronet, and youngest daughter of Cornelius Elliot, esq., of Woollee, Roxburghshire, by whom he had an only son, the present peer. His lordship was lord-lieutenant of Dumbartonshire.

Motto,
Cause caused it.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

ELPHINSTONE, SIR HOWARD, baronet, of Sowerby, county of Cumberland; an officer of rank in the army, lieutenant colonel in the Royal Engineers, and companion of the Bath; *b.* 4th March, 1773; *m.* in 1803, Frances, eldest daughter of John Warburton, esq., by whom he has issue Howard, *b.* 9th June, 1804, and three daughters. Colonel Elphinstone was created a baronet, 25th May, 1816.

Town Residence—13, Norfolk-street, Park-lane.

Country Seat—Ore-place, Hastings, Sussex; and Sowerby, Cumberland.

ELTON, THE REVEREND SIR ABRAHAM, baronet, of the city of Bristol; *m.* in 1776, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Alderman Sir John Durbin, knt., an eminent merchant of Bristol, by whom he has issue Charles-Abraham, *b.* 31st October, 1778, and four other children. His lady dying, in 1822, he *m.* secondly, in

1823, Mary, eldest daughter of William Stewart, esq., of Castle Stewart. The reverend gentleman succeeded to the baronetcy upon the demise of his father, in 1790.

Lineage.

ABRAHAM ELTON, esq., mayor of Bristol, in 1710, and member of parliament for that city, was created a baronet, on the 31st of October, 1717; he *m.* Mary, daughter of Robert Jefferies, esq., of Pilegreen, county of Gloucester, by whom he had three sons. He *d.* in 1718, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ABRAHAM, who *d.* in 1742, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ABRAHAM. This gentleman dying unmarried, in 1761, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR ABRAHAM-ISAAC, who *m.* 26th December, 1747, Elizabeth, daughter of James Read, esq. by whom he had an only son, the present baronet, and three daughters.

Country Seat—Clevedon Court, near Bristol.

ELY, MARQUESS AND EARL OF, (John Loftus,) county of Wicklow; Viscount Loftus, of Ely; and Baron Loftus, of Loftus Hall, county of Wexford, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Loftus, of Long Loftus, county of York, in that of England, and a baronet; K.P. and D.C.L.; *b.* 15th of February, 1770; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1806; *m.* 22nd May, 1810, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter of Sir Henry-Watkin Dashwood, baronet, by whom he has issue John-Henry, Viscount Loftus, *b.* 19th January, 1814, and four other sons and three daughters. The Marquess is a privy councillor, in Ireland; governor of the county of Fermanagh, and colonel of the Wexford militia.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient Yorkshire family, said to have been of consideration in that county since the reign of Alfred. The name was, however, formerly spelt "Lofthouse," and the immediate ancestor of the present peer was

NICHOLAS LOFTUS, esq., (great-grandson of his grace Adam, (Lofthouse) Lord Archbishop of Dublin, (consecrated in 1567,) and lord-chancellor of Ireland from 1578 to 1605,) who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 5th October, 1751, as Baron Loftus, of Loftus Hall; and created, 19th July, 1756, Viscount Loftus, of Ely. His lordship *m.* twice, but had issue only by his first marriage, with Anne, daughter of William, Viscount Duncannon, namely, Nicholas and Henry, who became, successively, peers; Mary, *m.* to William Alcock, esq.; Anne, *m.* to Charles Tottenham, esq.; and Elizabeth, *m.* to Sir John Tottenham, bart. The viscount *d.* 31st December, 1763, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

NICHOLAS, who was created Earl of Ely on the 25th October, 1766. His lordship *d.* upon the 31st of the same month, and was succeeded by his only son,

NICHOLAS, who *d.* unmarried, in 1769, when the earldom became extinct, and the viscounty and barony reverted to his uncle,

HENRY, *b.* 11th November, 1709, advanced to an earldom, as Earl of Ely, in 1771, and installed a knight of the most illustrious order of St. Patrick in 1783. His lordship *m.* twice, but having no issue, the titles all ceased at his demise, 8th May, 1783, but his estates devolved upon his nephew,

SIR CHARLES TOTTENHAM, baronet, who, upon inheriting, assumed the name and arms of Loftus, and was created in two years afterwards, 28th June, 1785, Baron Loftus, of Loftus Hall. On the 22nd December, 1789, his lordship was advanced to a viscounty, as Viscount Loftus, of Ely; on the 15th February, 1794, he was created Earl of Ely; on the 29th December, 1800, Marquess of Ely; and a peer of the empire at large, as Baron Loftus, of Long Loftus, on the 19th January, 1801. His lordship *m.* 23rd June, 1766, Jane, eldest daughter and coheiress of Robert Myhill, esq., by whom he had two sons, John, the present peer, and the Right Reverend Robert-Ponsonby, lord bishop of Clogher. He *d.* the 22nd March, 1806. The Marquess of Ely was a privy-councillor in Ireland, a knight of St. Patrick, and governor of the county of Wexford.

Motto, in English,

Round the crest,—Loyal, to death.

In the usual place,—Take me, such as I am.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Loftus Hall, county of Wexford.

ENNISKILLEN, EARL OF, (John-Willoughby Cole,) Viscount Enniskillen, Baron Mountflorence, in the peerage of Ireland; and Baron Grinstead, of Grinstead, Wiltshire, in that of the empire at large; K.P.; *b.* 23rd March, 1768; succeeded to the Irish honors upon the demise of his father, 22nd May, 1803, and obtained the English barony, by creation, on the 11th August, 1816. His lordship *m.* in 1805, Charlotte, fourth daughter of Henry, first Earl of Uxbridge, by whom he has issue Lord Mountflorence, *b.* 24th January, 1807, and three other sons, and a daughter. The Countess of Enniskillen *d.* on the 26th January, 1816.

Lord Enniskillen is custos-rotulorum and governor of the county of Fermanagh.

Lineage.

JOHN COLE, esq., son of John Cole, esq., of Florence Court, by Florence, only daughter of Sir Bouchier Wray, baronet, of Trebitch, county of Cornwall, was created an Irish peer, on the 8th of September, 1760, as Baron Mountflorence. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Hugh-Willoughby Montgomery, esq., of Carrow, county of Fermanagh, by whom he had two sons and five daughters. He *d.* the 30th November, 1767, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-WILLOUGHBY, who was created Vis-

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count Enniskillen on the 20th July, 1776, and Earl of Enniskillen on the 18th August, 1789. His lordship *m.* on the 3rd November, 1763, Anne, daughter of Galbraith-Lowry Corry, esq., of Ahenis, and sister of Armar Corry, Earl of Belmore, by whom he had issue John-Willoughby, the present peer; Sir Galbraith-Lowry, a distinguished military officer, who obtained the Grand Cross of the Bath, and received the repeated thanks of the house of commons for his heroic achievements during the Peninsular War; and three other sons, besides five daughters.

Motto, in English,

Worship God, serve the king.

Country Seat—Florence Court, county of Fermanagh.

ERNE, EARL OF, (John Creighton,) Viscount Creighton, and Baron Erne, of Crum Castle, in the county of Fermanagh, succeeded to the barony upon the demise of his father, 10th June, 1773; advanced to a viscounty, as Viscount Creighton, the 6th January, 1781; and created Earl of Erne, 18th August, 1789. His lordship *m.* twice: first, in 1761, Catherine, second daughter of the Right Reverend Robert, (Howard) Lord Bishop of Elphin, by whom he had issue Abraham, Lord Creighton, another son, and four daughters; and, secondly, in 1776, Mary, eldest daughter of the Right Honorable and Right Reverend Frederick, Earl of Bristol, and Bishop of Derry, by whom he has one daughter.

The Earl of Erne, being a nobleman of Ireland only, has no hereditary seat in parliament: he sits, however, as one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

ABRAHAM CREIGHTON, esq., eldest son of Major-General Creighton, of Crum Castle, by Catherine Southwell, grand-daughter of Sir Thomas Southwell, bart., was created an Irish peer, as Baron Erne, on the 15th July, 1768. His lordship *m.* twice, but had issue only by his first marriage, with Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Lord Chief-Justice Rogerson, namely, David, who *d.* in infancy; John, the present peer; Abraham; and three daughters.

Motto,

God send grace.

Country Seat—Crum Castle, county of Fermanagh.

ERROL, EARL OF, (William-George-Hay Carr,) and Baron Hay; hereditary lord high-constable of Scotland; *b.* 21st February, 1801; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 26th January, 1819; *m.* 4th December, 1820, Elizabeth Fitzclarence, third daughter of His Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence, by whom he has a son, Lord Hay, *b.* 3rd May, 1823. His lordship is one of the lords of the bed-chamber.

The Earl of Errol, being a Scottish nobleman only, has no hereditary seat in parliament, but he sits as one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

The noble houses of Earl and Tweedale are descended from a common ancestor, William de Haya, whose eldest son,

WILLIAM, obtained, about the close of the twelfth century, the lordship of Errol; from this personage directly descended

WILLIAM HAY, created, 17th March, 1452, Earl of Errol. His lordship *d.* in five years afterwards, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

NICHOLAS, who *d.* without issue, in 1470, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM. This nobleman *d.* in 1506, and was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM, killed at Flodden-Field, in 1513, and succeeded by his only son,

WILLIAM, who *d.* without male issue, when the family honors reverted to his cousin,

GEORGE, grandson of William, the third earl, through his second son, Thomas Hay, of Logyalmond. His lordship was succeeded by his eldest son,

ANDREW, who married his cousin, Jean, only daughter and sole heiress of William, the fifth earl, by whom he had an only son. He *m.* secondly, Agnes, daughter of George, Earl of Caithness, by whom, also, he had one son, George Hay, of Killour. His lordship was succeeded by his eldest son,

FRANCIS, who *d.* in 1631, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM. This nobleman acted as lord high-constable of Scotland at the coronation of Charles the First. His lordship *d.* in 1636, and was succeeded by his only son,

GEORGE, who *d.* in 1674, without male issue, when the peerage reverted to

JOHN, great-grandson of Andrew, the seventh earl, through his second son, George Hay, of Killour. His lordship *m.* Anne, only daughter of James, third Earl of Perth, by whom he had a son and two daughters. He *d.* in 1704, and was succeeded by his only son,

CHARLES, who *d.* unmarried, in 1717, when the family honors devolved upon his eldest sister,

MARY, who *d.* without issue, and was succeeded by her grand-nephew,

JAMES, grandson of Margaret, sister of the late countess, (who *m.* James, Earl of Linlithgow and Calendar, one of the lords attainted in 1715,) through her daughter, Mary, by her husband, William, Earl of Kilmarnock (one of the noblemen executed upon Tower-Hill, in 1746). His lordship *m.* twice: first, in 1749, Rebecca, daughter of Alexander Lockhart, esq., by whom he had one daughter only; and, secondly, in 1762, Isabella, daughter of Sir William Carr, bart., of Etalt, county of Northumberland, by whom he had George and William, both, in succession, earls, besides another son, and nine daughters. The earl *d.* on the 3rd of June, 1778, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, who *d.* in 1798, without issue, when the title devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM, *b.* 12th March, 1772; assumed, 28th March, 1795, by royal permission, the name and arms of Carr, in obedience to the testamentary injunction of his maternal grandfather, Sir William Carr, bart. His lordship *m.* thrice: by his first lady, Jane, daughter of Matthew Bell, esq., he had an only daughter; by his second, Alicia, youngest daughter of Samuel Elliot, esq., he had eight children; the eldest, James, Lord Hay, was killed at Waterloo; the fourth, William-George, is the present peer; the seventh is a son, Samuel; and the rest are all daughters. His lordship *m.* thirdly, Harriet Somerville, sister of Lord Somerville, by whom he left a son and daughter.

Motto, in English,
Preserve the yoke.

Country Seats—Dalgety Castle, Aberdeenshire; and Errol House, Perthshire.

ERSKINE, BARON, (David - Montagu Erskine,) of Restormel Castle, county of Cornwall; *m.* in 1800, Fanny, daughter of General Cadwalder, of Philadelphia, by whom he has issue three sons and six daughters; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 17th November, 1823.

Lineage.

THE HONORABLE THOMAS ERSKINE, third son of Henry-David, Earl of Buchan, having served both in the army and navy, at length devoted his talents to the bar, to which he was called in 1778. Gifted with the most powerful eloquence, Mr. Erskine rose, at once, to the height of his profession as an advocate, in which capacity he continued until the year 1806, when he was appointed lord high-chancellor of Great Britain, and elevated to the peerage, on the 8th of April, in the same year, as Baron Erskine, of Restormel Castle. His lordship *m.* 29th May, 1770, Frances, daughter of Daniel Moore, esq., by whom he had issue David-Montagu, the present peer, and seven other children. He *m.* secondly, Miss Sarah Buck.

Motto,
Trial by jury.

Country Seat—Restormel Castle, Cornwall.

ERSKINE, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Torrie, county of Fife, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1813; *m.* Louisa, third daughter of the late Earl of Uxbridge, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Erskine, Earls of Mar. The first baronet, (created the 21st June, 1791,)

SIR WILLIAM ERSKINE, being directly descended from John, Earl of Mar, high-treasurer of Scotland, through his second son, Henry Erskine, Lord Cardross. Sir William was a military officer, and obtained his title as a recompense for the eminent services which he rendered in that capacity. He *m.* twice, and by his second wife, Frances, daughter of James Moray, esq., of Abercairney, and grand-daughter of Alexander, Earl of Eglinton, he had three sons and five daughters. He *d.* in 1795, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who adopted the profession of his father, and rose to the rank of lieutenant-general. He was actively engaged in the Peninsular War, and fell a victim to the fatigues of the campaign, a violent fever terminating his gallant career, at Brozes, on the 13th February, 1813. Dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Torrie, Fifeshire.

ERSKINE, SIR DAVID, baronet, of Cambo, in Fifeshire; *m.* in 1821, Jane, daughter and heiress of Hugh Williams, esq. of Conway, by whom he has a son, *b.* 22nd July, 1824. Sir David obtained his baronetcy on the 27th August, 1821.

Motto, in English,
Wise and valiant.

Country Seat—Cambo House, Fifeshire.

ESSEX, EARL OF, (George - Capell Coningsby,) Viscount Malden, of the county of Essex, and Baron Capell, of Hadham, in the county of Hertford; recorder and high-steward of Leominster; *b.* 13th November, 1758; *m.* in 1786, Mrs. Stephenson, relict of Edward Stephenson, esq., by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 5th March, 1799, and assumed the name of Coningsby upon inheriting the estates of his grandmother, the Countess of Coningsby.

Lineage.

The founder of this noble family was

SIR WILLIAM CAPEL, knight, alderman of London, and lord-mayor in 1503. This gentleman accumulated considerable wealth, and, in consequence attracting the attention of Empson and Dudley, the well-known extortioners of Henry the Seventh, was fined 1600*l.*, to which he submitted; but to a second imposition of 2000*l.*, in some years afterwards, under the pretence that during his mayoralty he did not duly punish a party brought before him for coining, he demurred, for which he was committed to the Tower, and there remained until the death of the king. The great-great-great-great-grandson of this eminent citizen,

ARTHUR CAPEL, having represented the county of Hertford in parliament, was created, on the 6th August, 1641, Baron Capel, of Hadham. Attaching himself actively, upon the breaking out of the Civil War, to the cause of the king, he fell a victim, ultimately, to his loyalty, and was beheaded, in Old Palace Yard, on the 9th March, 1649. His lordship left four sons and six daughters, and was succeeded by the eldest,

ARTHUR, who, upon the Restoration, 20th April, 1661, was advanced to a viscounty and earldom, as

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Viscount Malden and Earl of Essex. This nobleman filled, from 1672 to 1677, the high station of viceroy of Ireland, and, after his recall, the important office of first lord-commissioner of the treasury. He was, however, accused, with the celebrated Lord Russell, of the *Fanatic Plot*, and being committed to the Tower, was found, on the 13th July, 1683, soon after his commitment, with his throat cut. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Algernon, Earl of Northumberland, by whom he had six sons and two daughters. He was succeeded by his only surviving son,

ALGERNON. This nobleman was an officer in the army, and served in Flanders, under King William. His lordship *d.* 10th January, 1709-10, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, who *m.* in 1718, Jane, eldest surviving daughter of Henry, Earl of Clarendon, by whom he had four daughters. The Countess dying in 1724, his lordship *m.* a second time, on the 3rd February, 1726, Elizabeth, daughter of Wriothesley, Duke of Bedford, by whom he had a son and two daughters. He *d.* 8th January, 1743, and was succeeded by his only son,

WILLIAM-ANNE, *b.* 7th October, 1732; *m.* first, in 1745, Frances, daughter of Sir Charles-Hanbury Williams, and grand-daughter of Thomas, Earl of Coningsby, by whom he had issue George, Viscount Malden, the present peer, and two daughters. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1767, Harriet, daughter of Colonel Bladen, by whom he had four sons.

Motto, in English,
By faith and fortitude.

Town Residence—3, Norfolk-street, Park-lane.
Country Seat—Cashiobury Park, Watford, Herts.

EVELYN, SIR JOHN, bart. of Wolton Place, county of Surrey; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his cousin, 1st April, 1812. He had been declared many years before, by an inquisition, to be labouring under insanity.

Lineage.

JOHN EVELYN, esq., (grandson of George Evelyn, esq., who first brought the manufacture of gunpowder to perfection in England, during the reign of Elizabeth,) was created a baronet, on the 6th of August, 1713. He *d.* 14th July, 1763, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Hugh, first Viscount Falmouth, by whom he had a son and two daughters. He *d.* in 1767, and was succeeded by his son,

FREDERICK, who *d.* in 1812, and was succeeded by his cousin, the present baronet, who is great-grandson of the first baronet, through his second son, Charles.

Country Seat—Wolton-place, Surrey.

EVERARD, SIR HUGH, baronet, of Much Waltham, Essex; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, 7th of March, 1741-2.

Lineage.

RICHARD EVERARD, esq. was created a baronet, on the 29th January, 1628. He *m.* twice, and was succeeded by the eldest son of his first marriage, with Joan, daughter of Sir Thomas Barrington, baronet,

SIR RICHARD-BARRINGTON, who was succeeded, at the age of seventy-four, by his second and only surviving son,

SIR HUGH. This gentleman distinguished himself in early life, as a military officer. He *d.* in 1705-6, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR RICHARD, who *m.* Susanna, daughter and co-heiress of the Right Reverend Richard (Kidder) Lord Bishop of Bath and Wells, (this prelate was killed by the fall of a chimney, in his palace at Wells, during the great storm, in November, 1703,) by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1732-3, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR RICHARD, who *d.* unmarried in 1741-2, when the title devolved upon his only brother, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Broomfield-green, Essex.

EVERY, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Egginton, county of Derby; *b.* 4th June, 1777; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 28th December, 1785; *m.* in 1798, Penelope, daughter of Sir John-Parker Mosley, baronet, by whom he has issue Henry, *b.* in 1800, and three other sons and a daughter.

Lineage.

SIMON EVERY, esq., distinguished by his loyalty to King Charles the first, was created a baronet, the 26th May, 1641. He *m.* Miss Leigh, the eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Henry Leigh, of Egginton, knt., by whom he had four sons and a daughter. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY. This gentleman married Vere, daughter of Sir Henry Herbert, knt., by whom he had six sons and three daughters: of the former, the eldest, third, and fifth, succeeded, in turn, to the baronetcy. He *d.* 29th September, 1700, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY, who *m.* twice, but died without male issue, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman was a distinguished naval officer, during the reign of William the Third He *m.* twice, but having no issue, his brother,

THE REVEREND SIR SIMON, succeeded to the title. This gentleman *d.* in January, 1753, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY, who *d.* without issue, in 1755, when the title devolved upon his brother,

THE REVEREND SIR JOHN, who also *d.* without issue, (in 1779) when the baronetcy reverted to

SIR EDWARD, the descendant of Francis, third son of the first baronet. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Edward Mosley, esq. of Horsley, in Derbyshire, and widow of William Elliott, esq., and of Joseph Bird, esq., by whom he had issue Henry,

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the present baronet, two other sons and three daughters.

Country Seat—Egginton, Derbyshire.

EXETER, MARQUESS AND EARL OF, (Brownlow Cecil,) and Baron of Burleigh, in the county of Northampton; *b.* 2nd July, 1795; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 1st May, 1804; *m.* in 1824, Isabella, daughter of William-Stephen Poyntz, esq., of Cowdray, county of Sussex. His lordship performed the duties of grand almoner, at the coronation of his majesty King George the Fourth.

Lineage.

The name of this noble family has been spelt at different periods Sitsilt, Sicell, Seycil, Cyssel, and Cecil.

William Cecil, *b.* 13th February, 1520, son and heir of Richard Cyssel, an officer of the court, in attendance upon the person of Henry the Eighth, obtained the confidence of Queen Elizabeth; and having become her lord-treasurer, continued her majesty's principal adviser for forty years; he was created Baron Burleigh, on the 25th February, 1570-71. His lordship *m.* twice, and left issue by both marriages: Thomas his successor, by the first, with Mary, daughter of Peter Cheek, esq.; and Robert, who was created Earl of Salisbury; besides two daughters, by the second with Mildred, daughter of Sir Anthony Coke, knt., of Geddy Hall, in Essex. He *d.* 4th August, 1598, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Thomas, created Earl of Exeter, on the 4th of May, 1605, and installed a knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter. His lordship had issue by his first wife, Dorothy, daughter and coheiress of John Nevil, Lord Latimer, five sons and eight daughters; and by his second, an only daughter. His third son, Edward, was created Viscount Wimbledon, but died without male issue, when the title became extinct. Lord Exeter *d.* in 1622, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, also a knight of the Garter. His lordship *d.* in 1640, without issue, when the family honors reverted to the only son of his brother Richard,

David, who was succeeded in 1643, by his son,

John, who was succeeded in 1677, by his son,

John. This nobleman *d.* in 1700, and his son,

John, inherited. This nobleman *m.* twice, but had issue only by his second marriage, with Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Brownlow, baronet, of Belton. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, who *d.* unmarried in 1722, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

Brownlow, who *m.* Hannah-Sophia, daughter and heiress of Thomas Chambers, esq. of Derby, by whom he had several children. He was succeeded, in 1754, by his eldest son,

Brownlow. This nobleman died in 1793, without issue, when the family honors reverted to his nephew,

Henry. His lordship was advanced to a marquesate, as Marquess of Exeter, on the 4th Feb. 1801. He *m.* thrice: by his first marriage, he had no surviving issue; by his second, with Miss Sarah Hoggins, he had Brownlow, the present peer, and two other sons and a daughter; by his third, which took place in 1800, with Elizabeth, Duchess Dowager of Hamilton, he had no children. His lordship *d.* on the 1st May, 1804.

Motto, in English,
One heart, one way.

Town Residence—1, Connaught-place.

Country Seat—Burleigh, Northamptonshire.

EXMOUTH, VISCOUNT, (Edward Pellew,) Baron Exmouth, of Cannonteign, Devonshire; a baronet, and knight Grand Cross of the Bath; *m.* Susan, daughter of James Frowd, esq., by whom he has Pownoll-Bastard, a captain in the navy, and two other sons, besides two daughters.

Mr. Pellew, having entered early into the naval service of his country, soon became a distinguished member of his gallant profession, and won the honorable reward of valour. On the 29th of June, 1793, he received the honor of knighthood, for his heroic conduct, in capturing the Cleopatra, French frigate; on the 5th of March, 1796, he was created a baronet, and having risen to the rank of admiral of the blue, was elevated to the peerage, on the 1st of June, 1814, as Baron Exmouth, of Cannonteign, county of Devon. His lordship was advanced to a viscounty, by the title of Viscount Exmouth, on the 10th of December, 1816, for his gallantry in bombarding and destroying the fleet and arsenal of Algiers, during that year.

Motto, in English,
From God, not fortune.

Town Residence—Warren's Hotel, Regent-street.

Country Seat—

FAGG, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Weston, county of Sussex; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1822.

Lineage.

John Fagg, esq., son of John Fagg, esq., of Rye, was created a baronet, on the 11th December, 1660, and was succeeded at his demise, in 1700, by his eldest son,

Sir Robert, who *d.* in 1715, leaving an only son,

Sir Robert. This gentleman was succeeded, in 1736, by his only son,

Sir Robert. This gentleman having no issue, demised his estates in Kent and Sussex, to his sister, Elizabeth, (who had *m.* Sir Charles-Matthew Goring, baronet,) and the title reverted to his cousin,

Sir William, great-grandson of the first baronet, through his second son, Charles, who *d.* in 1791, and was succeeded by his only son,

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The Reverend Sir John, who *m.* in 1789, Anne, only daughter and heiress of Daniel Newman, esq., of Canterbury, by whom he had issue two sons, who *d.* in infancy; John, the present baronet, three other sons, and three daughters.

Country Seat—Mystole, Kent.

FAIRFAX, BARON, (The Reverend Bryan Fairfax,) of Cameron; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his cousin, in 1793; *m.* Miss Carey, by whom he has several children.

The barony of Fairfax being of Scotland, confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not a representative peer.

Lineage.

Sir Thomas Fairfax, knt., of Denton, in the county of York, was created a peer of Scotland, on the 18th of October, 1627, as Baron Fairfax, of Cameron. His lordship *d.* in 1640, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Ferdinando, who was succeeded by his son,

Thomas, the celebrated parliamentary-general, during the Civil Wars. His lordship, who had *m.* Anne, daughter of Lord Vere, *d.* without male issue, in 1671, when the title reverted to his cousin,

Henry, grandson of the first lord, through his second son, the Honorable Henry Fairfax, of Oglethorpe, in the county of York. This nobleman *m.* Frances, daughter of Sir Robert Berwick, by whom he left two sons, Thomas and Henry. His lordship *d.* in 1688, and was succeeded by the eldest,

Thomas, who *m.* Catharine, daughter and heiress of Thomas, Lord Colepepper, by whom he had three sons; by the eldest of whom,

Thomas, he was succeeded. His lordship *d.* unmarried, in 1781, when the title devolved upon his only surviving brother,

Robert. This nobleman *m.* twice, but *d.* without issue, in 1793, when the barony was claimed by the present peer, and confirmed to him by parliament, in 1800. His lordship is the youngest surviving son of William Fairfax, whose father, Henry, was second son of Henry, the fourth lord.

Motto, in English,
Speak—do—

Residence—North America, where his lordship has considerable property.

FALKLAND, VISCOUNT, (Charles-John Carey,) of Falkland, in the county of Fife; *b.* 5th November, 1803; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 2nd March, 1809.

This being a Scottish peerage only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

Sir Henry Carey, K.B., who was comptroller of the household to James the first, and viceroy of Ireland, in the reign of that monarch, was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, on the 10th November, 1620, as Viscount Falkland. His lordship *d.* in 1633, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Henry. This nobleman, who was celebrated as a man of letters, and a poet, filled the office of secretary of state to Charles the first. His lordship was killed at the battle of Newbury, and was succeeded by his only son,

Henry, who was also succeeded by his only son,

Anthony. This nobleman filled some high official stations during the reigns of Charles the Second, and William the Third. He *d.* in 1694, and was succeeded by his son,

Lucius-Henry, who *d.* in 1730, and was succeeded by his son,

Lucius-Charles. This nobleman *d.* in 1785, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Henry-Thomas, who *d.* unmarried in 1796, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Charles-John, an officer of rank in the royal navy. This nobleman *m.* in 1802, Miss Auton, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. The eldest of whom, Charles-John, is the present viscount.

Motto, in English,
Faithful in both.

Country Seat—Worley Hall, Berks.

FALMOUTH, EARL OF, (Edward Boscawen,) Viscount Falmouth, and Baron Boscawen-Rose, in the county of Cornwall; *b.* 10th May, 1787; succeeded to the viscounty and barony, upon the demise of his father, in 1808; and created Earl of Falmouth, on the 14th June, 1821. His lordship *m.* in 1810, Anne-Frances, daughter of Henry Banks, esq., of Kingston House, Dorsetshire, M.P. for Corfe Castle, by whom he has an only son, Lord Boscawen, *b.* 8th July, 1811.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient family, deriving its name from the lordship and manor of Boscawen-Rose, in the county of Cornwall, of which it has been in possession since the reign of John. It was not ennobled, however, until the reign of George the First, when

Hugh Boscawen, esq., (son and heir of Edward Boscawen, esq., a distinguished member of the house of commons, during the reign of Charles the Second,) who had been previously constituted Warden of the Stannaries, was made comptroller of the household, sworn of the privy council, and, on the 13th June, 1720, elevated to the peerage, as Baron of Boscawen-Rose, and Viscount Falmouth. His lordship *m.* on the 23rd of April, 1700, Charlotte, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Charles Godfrey, esq., and niece of the celebrated Duke of Marlborough, by whom he had eight sons and ten daughters. He *d.* 25th October, 1734, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Hugh, a general officer in the army, and captain of the yeomen of the guard. His lordship *m.* on the 6th May, 1736, Hannah-Catharina-Maria, widow of Richard Russel, esq., and daughter of Thomas Smith, esq., of Worplesdon, in the county of Surrey, but dying without issue, the family honors reverted to his nephew,

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George-Evelyn, son of the distinguished Admiral Boscawen, (who received, on the 6th of December, 1758, the thanks of the house of commons, for his eminent services in North America,) by Frances, daughter of William-Evelyn Glanville, esq., of St. Clare, county of Kent. His lordship *m.* Miss Crewe, only daughter of John Crewe, esq., of Bolesworth Castle, county of Chester, by whom he had issue the present earl, two other sons, and two daughters. The viscount *d.* the 14th February, 1808.

Motto, in English,
Patience surpasseth knowledge.

Town Residence—2, St. James's-square.

Country Seats—Woolhampton, near Newbury, Berks; and Tregothan, near Truro, Cornwall.

FARNABY, SIR CHARLES-FRANCIS, baronet; *b.* in 1787; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1802; *m.* in 1810, Eliza, youngest daughter of Thomas Morland, esq., of Court-lodge, by whom he has no children.

Lineage.

Charles Farnaby, esq., descended from Thomas Farnaby, the celebrated classic annotator, received the honor of knighthood, in 1715, and was created a baronet, on the 21st July, 1726. He *d.* in 1741, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Thomas. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of the Rev. Doctor Montague Lloyd, by whom he had three sons and one daughter. He *d.* in 1760, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Charles, who assumed the name of Radcliffe, upon marrying Penelope, widow of Mr. Charleton, a London merchant, and sister and heiress of John Radcliffe, esq., of Hitchen Priory, by whom he had no issue. He *d.* in 1712, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir John. This gentleman *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of Samuel Lennard, esq., and grand-daughter of Sir Samuel Lennard, baronet, of Wickham Court, county of Kent, by whom he had issue Charles-Francis, the present baronet, three other sons and a daughter. Sir John Farnaby was lieutenant-colonel of the second regiment of Life Guards.

Country Seat—Wickham Court, Bromley, Kent.

FARQUHAR, SIR THOMAS-HARVIE, baronet, of Cadogan-House, Chelsea; *b.* in 1775; *m.* in 1809, Sybella, daughter and heiress of the Reverend Morton Rockliffe, of Woodford, Essex, by whom he has six children; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1819.

Lineage.

Walter Farquhar, esq., a descendant of Sir Robert Farquhar of Lenturk, knight-banneret, having arrived at eminence in the medical profession, was created a baronet, 1st March, 1796, and became, subsequently, physician to his present majesty, when Prince Regent. He *m.* Anne, fourth daughter of Alexander Stephenson, esq. of Barbadoes, by whom he had Thomas, the present baronet, Robert-Townshend, raised to the same dignity, (see next article) and six other children.

Motto, in English,
With heart and hand.

Town Residence—16, St. James's-street.

Country Seat—Roehampton, Surrey.

FARQUHAR-TOWNSHEND, SIR ROBERT-TOWNSHEND, baronet, of the Mauritius, assumed the surname of Townshend, by royal permission, in 1824; *m.* in 1809, Maria, second daughter of Francis Latour, esq. of Madras, by whom he has one son, Walter. This gentleman is brother to the baronet last described, having filled the office of governor, and commander-in-chief of the Mauritius, and was created a baronet on the 21st August, 1821.

Motto, in English,
With heart and hand.

Town Residence—Richmond-terrace, Whitehall.

FARRINGTON, SIR CHARLES-HENRY, baronet, of Blackheath, county of Kent; *b.* 26th September, 1794; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his grandfather, in 1824.

Lineage.

Anthony Farrington, esq. (son of lieutenant-colonel Charles Farrington, of the artillery,) entered early into the army, and having reached the rank of a general officer, with the command of the 1st battalion of royal artillery, was created a baronet, on the 2nd December, 1818. He *m.* in 1766, Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander Colden, esq., of New York, by whom he had two sons and three daughters; his eldest son, Charles-Colden Farrington, of the 33d foot, *d.* in the lifetime of his father, leaving an only son, (the present baronet) by Caroline, daughter of Philip Boland, of Cork, esq.

Motto, in English,
The good time will arrive.

Country Seat—Blackheath, Kent.

FARNHAM, BARON, (John-Maxwell Barry,) succeeded to the title upon the demise of his cousin, the late Earl of Farnham, in 1823; *m.* in 1787, Juliana-Lucy, eldest daughter of Arthur, Earl of Mountnorris, by whom he has no issue.

The barony of Farnham, being an Irish one, confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This family settled in Ireland during the reign of Elizabeth, and is a branch of the Scottish house of Maxwell, Earls of Nithisdale. It was ennobled in 1576, when

John Maxwell, esq. was created Baron of Farnham. His lordship had *m.* on the 8th of June, 1719, Judith, heiress of James Barry, esq., of New-

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town Barry, county of Wexford, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. The first and second sons succeeded to the title. The third, Henry, entered into holy orders, and became bishop of Meath, and left two sons, by Margaret, only daughter of Lord Chief-Baron Foster, of the Irish exchequer. His lordship *d.* 6th August, 1759, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, who was created Viscount and Earl of Farnham, in 1760. His lordship *m.* twice, but leaving no male issue, those dignities were extinguished at his demise, and the barony devolved upon his brother,

Barry, who obtained a viscounty and earldom, as Viscount Farnham, in 1780, and Earl of Farnham, 22nd June, 1785. His lordship *m.*, first, in 1751, Margaret, second daughter and co-heiress of Robert King, esq., of Drenson, county of Meath, by whom he had a son and two daughters. He *m.*, secondly, in 1771, Grace, daughter of Arthur Burdett, esq., by whom he had three daughters. He *d.* in 1800, and was succeeded by his only son,

John-James, who *m.* Grace, only daughter of Thomas Cuffe, esq., of Grange, county of Kilkenny, but dying without issue, 24th July, 1823, the viscounty and earldom were extinguished, and the barony reverted to the present peer, who is grandson to the first baron, through his third son, the Right Reverend Henry, Lord Bishop of Meath.

Motto, in English,
I am ready.

Country Seat—Newtown Barry, county of Wexford, Ireland.

FERGUSON, SIR ANDREW, baronet, of Londonderry; *m.* Anne, daughter of Robert Alexander, esq., of Broomhall, county of Londonderry, by whom he has two sons and two daughters. Mr. Ferguson was created a baronet, on the 7th of October, 1801.

Motto, in English,
Sweets from sours.

FERRARD, VISCOUNT, (Thomas-Henry Skeffington,) and Baron Oriel, of Collon, county of Louth; *m.* in 1810, Harriet, Viscountess Massareene, and Baroness Loughneagh, in her own right, in consequence of which union, he assumed the viscountess's surname of Skeffington, and the arms of her ladyship's family, in place of his own family surname of Foster. There are issue of this marriage a son, *b.* 30th November, 1812, and a daughter, *b.* 11th April, 1816. Mr. Skeffington succeeded to the peerage upon the demise of his mother, a viscountess and baroness in her own right, on the 20th of January, 1824.

This peerage, being of Ireland only, confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is not a representative peer.

Lineage.

Margaret-Amelia Burgh, only daughter of Thomas Burgh, esq., of Birt, county of Kildare, *m.* in 1764, the Right Honorable John Foster, speaker of the last house of commons of Ireland, and now an English peer, by whom she had issue four sons, which died in infancy; Thomas-Henry, the present peer; and a daughter, the lady of James, Lord Dufferin. Mrs. Foster was elevated to the peerage, on the 5th of June, 1790, as Baroness Oriel, of Collon, county of Louth; and advanced to a viscounty, 7th November, 1797, by the title of Viscountess Ferrard.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

FERRERS, EARL, (Robert Shirley,) Viscount Tamworth, and a baronet; F.S.A.; *b.* 21st September, 1756; *m.* first, in 1778, Miss Elizabeth Prentise, by whom he had an only son, Robert, Viscount Tamworth, who *d.* without issue, in 1824; and, secondly, in 1799, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Wrightson Mundy, esq., of Maskeaton, in Derbyshire, by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 18th April, 1787.

Lineage.

George Shirley, esq., grandson and heir of Francis Shirley, esq., (who was sheriff of the counties of Warwick and Leicester, in the fourth year of Philip and Mary,) was created a baronet at the first institution of that dignity, 22nd May, 1611, being the fourth in order of precedency. He *d.* in 1622, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

Sir Henry, who *m.* in 1615, Dorothy, youngest daughter of Queen Elizabeth's accomplished but unfortunate favorite, Robert, Earl of Essex. He *d.* in 1632, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Charles, then in his ninth year. This gentleman *d.* unmarried, in 1646, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Robert. This gentleman was committed to the Tower by the Protector, Cromwell, and there ended his life, in captivity, leaving two sons and two daughters, by his wife, Catharine, daughter of Humphrey Okeover, of Okeover, esq., the eldest of whom,

Sir Seymour, succeeded to the title, and *m.* Diana, daughter of Robert, Earl of Aylesbury, by whom he left an only son, who succeeded, but survived his father only a short period, when the title reverted to

Sir Robert, Sir Seymour's brother, who had been previously knighted. This gentleman being grandson and heir of Lady Dorothy Devereux, the younger of the two sisters and heiresses of Robert Devereux, last Earl of Essex of that family, and the issue male of the elder sister being extinct, his majesty, King Charles the Second, was graciously pleased, on the 14th December, 1677, to terminate the abeyance of the ancient baronies of Ferrars of Chartley, Bourchier, and Lovaine, in his favor, those baronies being so situated since the decease of

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the above-mentioned Robert, last Earl of Essex. His lordship being sworn of the privy-councils of King William, and of Queen Anne, was created, by the latter sovereign, on the 3rd September, 1711, Viscount Tamworth, and Earl Ferrers. He *d.* on the 25th December, 1717, having had issue by his first wife, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Laurence Washington, esq., of Caresden, in the county of Wilts, ten sons and seven daughters; and by his second, Selina, daughter of George Finch, esq., of the city of London, five sons and five daughters. His lordship's eldest son, Robert, died in 1699, leaving issue Robert, who *d.* in 1714, and a daughter, Elizabeth, who *m.* James, fifth Earl of Northampton, and succeeded to the baronies of Ferrars of Chartley, Bourchier, and Lovaine, while the higher titles of earl and viscount descended to the earl's second son,

WASHINGTON, who *d.* without male issue, 14th April, 1729, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

HENRY. This nobleman *d.* unmarried, in 1745, when the peerage reverted to his nephew,

LAURENCE, son and heir of the Honorable Laurence Shirley, tenth son of Robert, Earl Ferrers. His lordship *m.* 16th September, 1752, Mary, youngest daughter of Amos Meredith, esq., son and heir of Sir William Meredith, of Henbury, Cheshire, bart., from whom he separated without having any issue. Although not always bereaved of intellect, this nobleman evinced, generally, strong symptoms of constitutional insanity, and, unfortunately, in one of the paroxysms of the malady, his lordship committed a foul murder upon his own confidential land-steward, an aged gentleman, of the name of Johnson, in January, 1760, for which he was condemned to suffer the penalty of the law, and was executed, accordingly, at Tyburn, on the 5th of May, following. Upon which melancholy event, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

WASHINGTON, a naval officer of rank. His lordship *d.* without male issue, on the 1st of October, 1778, and was succeeded by his next brother,

ROBERT, who *m.* Catherine, daughter of Rowland Cotton, esq., of Etwall, in Derbyshire, by whom he had issue Robert, the present peer, and two other sons, of which the youngest, Washington, is living, and is heir presumptive to the title.

Motto, in English,

Honor is the reward of virtue.

Town Residence—28, Norfolk-street, Park-lane.

Country Seats—Chartley Castle, near Litchfield, Staffordshire; Stanton-Harold, near Ashby-de-la-Zouche; Rakedale, near Melton-Mowbray; Radcliffe on Wreke, near Leicester.

FETHERSTONHAUGH, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Fetherstonhaugh, county of Northumberland; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 24th May, 1774; *m.* on the 12th September, 1825, Miss Mary-Anne Bullock.

Lineage.

MATTHEW FETHERSTONHAUGH, esq., (the descendant of a very ancient family, which assumed that surname, in the reign of King Stephen, A.D., 1373, and obtained a baronetcy, in 1660,) having inherited the estates of his kinsman, Sir Henry Fetherstonhaugh, baronet, with an injunction to obtain a continuation of the title, was created a baronet, on the 3rd of January, 1747. He had *m.* on the 24th of the previous December, Sarah, only daughter of Christopher Lethieullier, esq., of Belmont, Hampshire, by whom he had an only son, the present baronet.

Country Seats—Harringbrook, Essex; Up-Park, Sussex; and Fetherstonhaugh Castle, Northumberland.

FETTES, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Comely Bank, county of Edinburgh; *b.* 25th June, 1750; *m.* Maria, daughter of Doctor John Malcolm, of Air, by whom he has an only son, William, *b.* 31st December, 1787. Mr. Fettes was created a baronet, on the 13th June, 1804.

Motto—Industry.

Country Seats—Comely-bank, Edinburgh; and Whampfrey, Dumfries.

FFRENCH, BARON, (Charles Ffrench,) of Castle Ffrench, county of Galway, and a baronet; *b.* 9th April, 1786; *m.* in 1809, Maria, eldest daughter of John Browne, esq. of Moyne, in the county of Galway, by whom he has an only daughter, *b.* in July, 1816. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 9th December, 1814.

This being an Irish barony, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament. The present peer being of the Roman Catholic persuasion, would, however, be excluded by the oaths of qualification, indispensible upon taking a seat in the legislature.

Lineage.

CHARLES FFRENCH, esq., of Castle Ffrench, was created a baronet, in 1779; he *m.* Rose Dillon, of the noble family of Dillon, Earls of Roscommon, by whom he had issue a son and two daughters. He *d.* in 1784, and his widow,

DAME ROSE FFRENCH, was advanced to the peerage of Ireland, on the 14th February, 1798, as Baroness Ffrench, of Castle Ffrench, with remainder to her children, by her late husband, Sir Charles. Her ladyship *d.* on the 8th of December, 1805, and was succeeded by her only son,

SIR THOMAS FFRENCH, who had inherited the baronetcy upon the decease of his father. His lordship *m.* in 1785, Margaret, eldest daughter of Thomas Reddington, esq. of Kilconnan, by whom he had issue Charles, the present peer, and seven other children.

Motto, in English,

Death rather than dishonor.

Country Seat—Castle Ffrench, county of Galway, Ireland.

FIFE, EARL OF, (James Duff,) Viscount Macduff, Baron Braco, of Kilbryde, county of Cavan, and lord-lieutenant of the county of Bamff; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 16th April, 1811; *m.* Mary-Caroline, second daughter of Louisa, Countess of Dysart, by whom he had no issue; her ladyship *d.* in 1805. His lordship distinguished himself by his valour during the Peninsular War, having volunteered his services, and obtained the rank of major-general, in the Spanish patriotic army.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in the legislature. The earl sits, however, in the house of commons, as representative of the county of Bamff.

By an article of the Union between Great Britain and Ireland, peers of the latter country, who relinquish their right to be elected representative peers, may sit as commoners in the lower house of parliament, for any part of the empire, but Ireland.

Lineage.

WILLIAM DUFF, esq., a descendant of Fyfe Macduff, who enjoyed considerable affluence and power, so far back as the 9th century, in the reign of Kenneth the Second, of Scotland, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the Queen Regent Caroline, as Baron Braco, of Kilbrydé, on the 28th July, 1735; and advanced to a viscounty, and earldom, on the 26th April, 1759, by the titles of Viscount Mac Duff, and Earl of Fife. His lordship *m.* twice, and had issue by his second wife (only), Jane, daughter of Sir James Grant, baronet, seven sons, and as many daughters. He *d.* 30th September, 1763, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

JAMES, who was created a peer of England, on the 19th February, 1790, as Baron Fife, but dying without male issue, in 1809, that barony became extinct, and the other titles devolved upon his brother,

ALEXANDER. His lordship *m*, Mary, daughter of George Skene, esq., of Skene, by whom he had issue James, the present peer, another son, Lieutenant General Duff, and four daughters.

Motto, in English,
By virtue and deeds.

Town Residence—
Country Seats—

FILMER, THE REVEREND SIR JOHN, baronet, of East Sutton, Kent, M.A.; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 27th June, 1810; *m.* in 1818, Charlotte, daughter of Joseph Portall, esq., of Freefolk, Hampshire, by whom he had no issue; he *m.* secondly, in 1821, Miss Esther Stow. Sir John Filmer is Vicar of Abbott's Langley, in the county of Herts.

Lineage.

ROBERT FILMER, esq., barrister at law, was created a baronet, on the 24th December, 1674; he *d.* in 1675, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir W. Beversham, knt., by whom he had nine children. He *d.* in 1720, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR EDWARD, who *m.* Mary, daughter of John Wallis, esq., by whom he had eleven sons, and nine daughters. He *d.* in 1755, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman dying in 1797, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR BEVERSHAM, who also died without issue, and was succeeded by his brother,

THE REVEREND SIR EDMUND, in 1805, who had *m.* in 1756, Annabella-Christiana, eldest daughter of Sir John Honywood, bart., by whom he had issue John, the present baronet, and several other children.

Country Seat—East-Sutton Park, Kent.

FINGALL, EARL OF, (Arthur-James Plunkett,) Baron Killeen, of Killeen Castle, county of Meath, and a knight of the most illustrious order of St. Patrick; *b.* 9th September, 1759; *m.* in 1785, Frances, only daughter of John Donellan, esq., of Bally-Donnellan, county of Galway, by whom he has issue Arthur-James, Lord Killeen, *b.* 29th March, 1791, and a daughter, Harriet, *m.* to John Jones, jun., esq., of Llamarth Court, county of Monmouth. Lord Killeen *m.* in 1817, Louisa, only daughter of Elias Corbally, esq.

Lord Fingal, being a peer of Ireland only, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament. His lordship, as a Roman Catholic, would, however, be excluded by the oaths still in force against those who profess the ancient faith of Christendom.

Lineage.

This noble family is descended from a common ancestor with the baronial houses of Louth and Dunsany. John Plunkett, of Bewley, county of Louth, whose eldest son, John's, descendant, Sir Oliver Plunkett, was created Baron Louth, and whose second son, Richard's, grandson,

SIR CHRISTOPHER PLUNKETT, knight, living in the reigns of Henry the Sixth and Edward the Fourth, *m.* Joan, only daughter and heiress of Sir Lucas Cusac, Lord of Killeen and Dunsany, by whom he had two sons, the younger of whom, Christopher, was the ancestor of the Lords Dunsany, and the elder,

JOHN, became lord of Killeen, a barony created in 1181. The seventh descendant from this nobleman, and inheritor of the barony,

LUCAS, was created, on the 26th September, 1628, Earl of Fingall. His lordship *d.* in 1637, and was succeeded by his son,

CHRISTOPHER, who was succeeded, in 1649, by his son,

LUKE, to whom succeeded his son,

PETER. This nobleman was outlawed, in 1691, for his loyalty to his legitimate sovereign, James the Second, but the outlawry was reversed in six years afterwards. His lordship *d.* in 1717, and was succeeded by his only son,

JUSTIN, who *d.* without issue, in 1734, when the family honors reverted to

ROBERT, great-grandson of the first earl, through his second son, George. His lordship *d.* in 1738, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ARTHUR-JAMES, then in his seventh year. His lordship *m.* in 1755, Henrietta-Maria, only daughter and heiress of William Woolascot, esq., of Woolhampton, in Berkshire, by whom he had issue Arthur-James, the present peer, and three other sons, besides an only daughter, Theresa, who *m.* James Dease, esq., of the county of Westmeath.

Motto, in English,

Quick, without impetuosity.

Country Seat—Killeen Castle, county of Meath, Ireland.

FISHERWICK, BARON, (George-Augustus Chichester,) of the county of Stafford.

See Marquess of Donegal.

FITZGERALD-JUDKIN, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Lisheen, county of Tipperary; *b.* in 1788; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1810. Is married, and has an only daughter.

Lineage.

THOMAS FITZGERALD, esq. son of Robert Uniacke, esq. (who assumed the name and arms of Fitzgerald,) in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal uncle, John Judkin, esq., of the city of Cashel, took the name of Judkin in addition to, and before, that of Fitzgerald. He *m.* Elizabeth, second daughter of Joseph Capel, esq., by whom he had issue John, the present baronet, and two other sons. Mr. Judkin-Fitzgerald having filled the office of high-sheriff of the county of Tipperary at the commencement of the unfortunate Rebellion of 1798, in Ireland, and having distinguished himself by a more than ordinary degree of zeal in hunting down the deluded and rebellious peasantry, (the worthy sheriff being the introducer of the torture, at the infliction of which he presided,) was, as a recompense for his meritorious services, created a baronet, on the 5th of August, 1801. He *d.* suddenly, on the 24th September, 1810.

Country Seat—Lisheen, county of Tipperary.

FITZGERALD, SIR AUGUSTUS, baronet, of Newmarket-on-Fergus, county of Clare, Ireland; *m.* Elizabeth, second daughter of Thomas Barton, esq., of Grove, county of Tipperary, by whom he has no issue. Mr. Fitzgerald was created a baronet on the 5th January, 1821, with remainder, in default of male descendants, to his brother, William Fitzgerald, esq.

Country Seat—Newmarket-on-Fergus.

FITZGIBBON, BARON, (John Fitzgibbon,) of Sidbury, Devonshire, created the 24th September, 1799.

See Earl of Clare.

FITZHERBERT, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Tessington, Derbyshire; *b.* in 1783; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1799; *m.* in 1805, Agnes, daughter of the Reverend William Beresford, by whom he has issue four sons and three daughters.

Lineage.

WILLIAM FITZHERBERT, esq., eldest son of William Fitzherbert, esq., M.P. for Derby, was created a baronet on the 10th December, 1783. He *m.* Sarah, daughter of William Perrin, esq., by whom he had four sons. He *d.* in 1791, and was succeeded by the eldest,

SIR ANTHONY-PERRIN, who *d.* unmarried, in 1799, when the title devolved upon his only surviving brother, the present baronet.

Town Residence—16, Henrietta-street, Cavendish-square.

Country Seat—Tessington, near Ashbourne, Derbyshire.

FITZWILLIAM, EARL, (William-Wentworth Fitzwilliam,) Viscount Milton, of Norborough, Northamptonshire; and Lord Fitzwilliam, Baron of Milton, in the peerage of England; Earl Fitzwilliam, Viscount Milton, and Baron Fitzwilliam, of Lifford, in that of Ireland; D.C.L.; *b.* 30th May, 1748; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 9th August, 1756; *m.* in 1770, Charlotte, youngest daughter of William, Earl of Besborough, by whom he has an only son, Charles-William, Viscount Milton, *b.* 4th May, 1786, one of the representatives in parliament for the county of York. The countess dying in 1822, his lordship *m.* a second time, in 1823, Louisa, Lady-dowager Ponsonby, fourth daughter of Richard, Viscount Molesworth, by whom he has no child. Her ladyship *d.* in 1824. Lord Milton *m.* in July, 1806, Charlotte, daughter of Lord Dundas, by whom he has four sons and four daughters.

Earl Fitzwilliam was lord-lieutenant of Ireland, for a very short period, in 1795.

Lineage.

This is one of the most ancient families in the empire, being traceable to Sir William Fitzwilliam, knight, cousin to King Edward, the Confessor, whose grandson,

SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, knight, *m.* Eleanor, daughter and heiress of Sir John Elmley, of Elmley and Sprotburgh, by which marriage the family of Fitzwilliam obtained the lordships of Elmley and Sprotborough, which continued with it until the reign of Henry the Eighth, when they were transferred, by co-heiresses, to the families of Suthill and Copley.

SIR JOHN FITZWILLIAM, one of the Lords of

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Elmley and Sprotborough, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William, who *m.* Maud, daughter of Ralph, Lord Cromwell, of Tattershall, and co-heiress of Lord-Treasurer Cromwell, by whom he had six sons, the youngest of whom,

John Fitzwilliam, esq., of Milton and Green's-Norton, in Northamptonshire, *m.* Eleanor, daughter of William Villers, esq., of Brokesby, in the county of Leicester, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. The great-grandson of this gentleman,

Sir William Fitzwilliam, was lord-deputy, and lord chief-justice of Ireland, from 1560 to 1575. The grandson of this Sir William,

William Fitzwilliam, esq., of Milton and Gaines-Park Hall, was, by letters patent, dated at Westminster, 1st December, 1620, created an Irish peer, by the title of Lord Fitzwilliam, of Lifford, in the county of Donegal. His lordship *d.* on the 6th January, 1643-4, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, who was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

William, *b.* 29th April, 1643; advanced to an Irish viscounty and earldom, on the 21st July, 1716, as Viscount Milton, in the county of Westmeath, and Earl Fitzwilliam, of the county of Tyrone. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Edmund Cremor, esq., of West-Winch, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he had four sons and six daughters. He *d.* on the 28th December, 1719, and was succeeded by his third and eldest surviving son,

John, who *d.* 28th August, 1728, and was succeeded by his only son,

William, then a minor. His lordship was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, by George the Second, on the 19th April, 1742, by the style and title of Lord Fitzwilliam, Baron of Milton, in the county of Northampton; and, on the 6th of September, 1746, was advanced to an English viscounty and earldom, as Baron Milton and Earl Fitzwilliam, of Norborough, in the same county. He *m.* in 1744, Anne Wentworth, eldest daughter of Thomas, Marquess of Rockingham, by whom he had issue William-Wentworth, the present peer, another son, and six daughters.

Motto, in English,

Let reason govern desire.

Town Residence—4, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seats — Milton, near Peterborough, Northamptonshire; and Wentworth-House, near Rotherham, Yorkshire.

FITZWILLIAM, VISCOUNT, (John Fitzwilliam,) of Merion, and Baron Fitzwilliam, of Thorncastle, both in the county of Dublin; F.R.S.; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his brother, on the 4th of February, 1816.

This being an Irish peerage, Lord Fitzwilliam enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and his lordship is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This family, which is supposed to be a branch of the ancient house of Fitzwilliam in England, has been settled in Ireland since the reign of John. It was ennobled in the person of

Sir Thomas Fitzwilliam, knight, of Merion, county of Dublin; created, 5th August, 1629, Baron and Viscount Fitzwilliam. His lordship left two sons, by the eldest of whom,

Oliver, he was succeeded. This nobleman was created Earl Tyreonnel, but dying without issue, that earldom was extinguished in 1667, while the family honors devolved upon his brother,

William, who *d.* in 1681, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Thomas. This nobleman, for his attachment to James the Second, was outlawed, but the outlawry was subsequently reversed. His lordship *d.* in 1704, and was succeeded by his son,

Richard, who conformed to the established church, and took his seat in the Irish house of peers in 1710. His lordship *m.* Frances, eldest daughter of Sir John Shelley, bart., by whom he had three sons and two daughters. His lordship's eldest daughter *m.* first, Henry, Earl of Pembroke; and, secondly, North-Ludlow Bernard, esq. The viscount *d.* in 1743, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Richard, K.B., a privy-councillor in Ireland, and vice-admiral of Leinster. His lordship *m.* in 1744, Catharine, daughter of Sir Matthew Decker, bart., by whom he had issue four sons. He *d.* in 1776, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Richard, who *d.* unmarried, in 1816, when the family honors devolved upon his brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,

God protecting, there is nothing to fear.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

FLEMING, SIR ROGER, baronet, of Rydal, county of Westmoreland, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1821.

Lineage.

William Fleming, esq., son of Sir Daniel Fleming, knight, was created a baronet on the 4th October, 1705, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the male descendants of his father. He *d.* 29th August, 1736, and leaving daughters only, the title devolved upon his brother,

The Right Reverend Sir George, lord bishop of Carlisle. His lordship *m.* Catharine, daughter of Robert Jefferson, esq., by whom he had a son, who died, without issue, before his father, and five daughters. The bishop *d.* 2nd July, 1747, when the title reverted to his nephew,

Sir William, grandson of Sir Daniel Fleming, knight, through his tenth child, Major Michael

Fleming. This gentleman was succeeded by his only son,

SIR MICHAEL-LE, who *m.* Diana, only daughter and heiress of Thomas, Earl of Suffolk, by whom he had an only daughter, who *m.* his successor,

SIR DANIEL, great-nephew of the first baronet, being the descendant of his brother, Roger. This gentleman dying without male issue, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

Peace, plenty, wisdom.

Country Seat—Rydal Hall, Westmoreland.

FLETCHER, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Clea-Hall, Cumberland; *b.* 18th September, 1807; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 10th August, 1821.

Lineage.

HENRY FLETCHER, esq., sixth son of John Fletcher, esq., by Isabel, daughter and co-heiress of John Senhouse, esq., having been engaged in the sea-service of the East India Company, and subsequently chosen a member of its court of direction, was created a baronet on the 20th May, 1782. He *m.* in 1768, Catharine, daughter and sole heiress of Henry Luntot, esq., by whom he had a son and daughter. Sir Henry represented the county of Cumberland in parliament for thirty-four years. He *d.* in 1807, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR HENRY, who *m.* in 1801, Frances-Sophia, daughter of Thomas Vaughan, esq., of Woodstone, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and another son, and a daughter.

Motto, in English,

By war, not by love.

Country Seat—Ashley Park, Surrey.

FLETCHER, SIR RICHARD-JOHN, baronet, of Carrow, county of Cork; *b.* 3rd February, 1805; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1813.

Lineage.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL RICHARD FLETCHER, of the royal engineers, son of the Reverend Richard Fletcher, having distinguished himself as chief engineer during the Peninsular War, was created a baronet on the 14th December, 1812. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Dr. John Mudge, of Plymouth, by whom he had the present baronet, and six other children. Sir Richard terminated his gallant career before St. Sebastian, in August, 1813.

Country Seat—Carrow, county of Cork.

FLOWER, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Lobb, Oxfordshire; *m.* Anne, eldest daughter of Joseph Squire, of Plymouth, esq., by whom he has issue James, *b.* 14th December, 1794, (who *m.* in 1816, Mary-Jane, daughter of Sir Walter Stirling, bart.,) and six daughters.

Mr. Flower, an opulent tradesman, having been chosen one of the aldermen of London in 1801, and lord-mayor in 1808, was created a baronet on the 8th December, 1809.

Country Seats—Lobb Farm, Oxfordshire; and Woodford, Essex.

FLOYD, SIR HENRY, baronet, *b.* 2nd September, 1793; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1818; *m.* 30th August, 1821, Mary, eldest daughter of William Murray, esq., of Jamaica, by whom he has issue. Sir Henry is a field officer of cavalry.

Lineage.

GENERAL JOHN FLOYD, colonel of the 8th regiment of dragoons, was created a baronet on the 30th March, 1816; *m.* in 1791, Rebecca, daughter of Charles Darke, esq., of Madras, by whom he had an only son, the present baronet. He *m.* secondly, in 1805, Lady Denny, relict of Sir Barry Denny, bart., and daughter of Crosbie Morgell, esq., by whom he had three daughters, the second of whom is the wife of the Right Honorable Robert Peel. Sir John *d.* on the 10th January, 1818.

FLUDYER, SIR SAMUEL-BRUDENELL, baronet, of London; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1768; *m.* in 1784, Maria, daughter of Robert Weston, esq., by whom he has issue Samuel, *b.* 31st January, 1800, and three daughters.

Lineage.

SAMUEL FLUDYER, esq., (eldest son of Samuel Fludyer, an eminent clothier of London,) being chosen alderman, and having served the office of sheriff of London, received the honor of knighthood on the 19th September, 1755, and was created a baronet on the 14th November, 1759. Sir Samuel was lord-mayor in 1761, and had the honor, during his mayoralty, of entertaining his majesty King George the Third and his royal consort, at a civic feast. He *m.* twice, and by his second wife, Caroline, daughter of the Honorable James Brudenell, and niece of George, Earl of Cardigan, had issue Samuel-Brudenell, the present baronet, and another son,

Town Residence—16, Great Cumberland-place.

Country Seat—Felixstow, Suffolk.

FOLEY, BARON, (Thomas Foley,) of Kidderminster, in the county of Worcester; *b.* 22nd December, 1760; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 2nd July, 1793; *m.* in 1806, Cecilia-Olivia, fifth daughter of William-Robert, Duke of Leinster, by whom he has issue Thomas, *b.* 10th December, 1808, three other sons, and three daughters.

Lineage.

THOMAS FOLEY, esq., eldest son of Thomas Foley, esq., of Whitley Court, in the county of Worcester, and great-grandson of Richard Foley, esq., of Stourbridge, in the same county, was elevated to the peerage, on the 31st December, 1711, as Baron Foley, of Kidderminster. His lordship *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of Mr. Serjeant Strode, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. He *d.* on the 22nd January, 1732-3, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

THOMAS, who *d.* unmarried, on the 8th of January, 1766, when the title became extinct, but was revived, on the 20th May, 1776, in favor of his lordship's cousin, who inherited the family estates,

THOMAS FOLEY, esq., great-great-grandson of Thomas Foley, of Whitley Court, through his second son, Paul, and son of Thomas Foley, of Stoke Edith, by the first of five wives, Hester, daughter and heiress of Thomas Andrews, esq., of London. His lordship *m.* in 1740, Grace Granville, daughter and heiress of George, Lord Lansdown, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. He *d.* 18th November, 1777, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, *b.* 7th July, 1742, *m.* 20th March, 1776, Henrietta, fourth daughter of the late Lord Harrington, by whom he left issue Thomas, the present peer, and an only daughter, Harriet, who *m.* Sir Christopher-B. Codrington, bart. His lordship *d.* on the 2nd July, 1793.

Motto, in English,

That I may do good.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Stoke Edith, Herefordshire; and Whitley Court, in the county of Worcester.

FOLKES, SIR WILLIAM-JOHN-HENRY-BROWNE, baronet, of Hillington, county of Norfolk; *m.* 21st April, 1816, Charlotte, youngest daughter of Dominick Browne, esq., of Castle Mont-Garet, in Ireland, by whom he has issue three sons. Sir William succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 11th December, 1821.

Lineage.

MARTIN-BROWNE FOLKES, esq., F.R.S., only son of Martin Folkes, esq., (a descendant of Martin Folkes, barrister-at-law, who was attorney-general in the reign of Queen Anne,) by Mary, only daughter of Sir William Browne, knt., M.D., was created a baronet on the 3rd of May, 1774; *m.* in 1777, Fanny, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Turner, bart., of Warham, county of Norfolk, by whom he had issue the present baronet, and an only daughter.

Motto, in English,

What will be will be. Oppose evils when they commence.

Country Seat—Hillington, Norfolk.

FORBES, LORD, (James-Ochoncar Forbes,) a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* in 1765; *m.* 2nd July, 1792, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Walter Hunter, esq., of Polmood, by whom he has issue James, an officer in the Guards, *b.* 9th April, 1796, and five other sons, besides four daughters. His lordship, who is a general officer in the army, and colonel of the twenty-first regiment of foot, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 29th July, 1804.

This being a Scottish peerage, it confers no hereditary seat in the legislature, but the present lord is one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

SIR ALEXANDER DE FORBES was created Lord Forbes, in 1440, from whose son,

JAMES, the second lord, descended, through his second son, Patrick, the Earls of Granard, in Ireland. The eldest son,

WILLIAM, succeeded to the Scottish barony, and from him descended

JAMES, the seventeenth lord, who *m.* Catharine, only daughter of Sir Robert Innes, bart., by whom he had issue John-Ochoncar, the present lord, and five other children. His lordship *d.* in 1804.

Motto,

Grace may guide.

Country Seat—Castle Forbes, Aberdeenshire.

FORBES, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Edinglassie, county of Aberdeen; *b.* 3rd April, 1773; *m.* in 1800, Elizabeth, daughter of —— Cotgrave, esq., a major in the East India Company's service at Bombay, by whom he has issue John, *b.* 15th December, 1801, three other sons, and an only daughter. Mr. Forbes was created a baronet on the 4th November, 1823.

Motto, in English,

Not rashly.

Town Residence—Fitzroy-square.

Country Seat—Edinglassie, Aberdeenshire.

FORD, SIR FRANCIS, baronet, of Ember Court, Surrey; *b.* 15th February, 1787; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, the 7th June, 1801; *m.* in 1807, Eliza, only daughter of Henry Brady, esq., of Limerick, by whom he has two sons.

Lineage.

FRANCIS FORD, esq., a member of council in Barbadoes, and member of the British parliament in 1790, was created a baronet on the 23rd February, 1793. He *m.* in 1785, Mary, eldest daughter of George Adams, esq., and niece of Thomas, Viscount Anson, by whom he had issue Francis, the present baronet, and eight other children.

Motto, in English,

All things are subject to vicissitude.

Country Seat—Ember Court.

FORRESTER, BARON, (James-Walter Grimston,) of Corstorphin, in the peerage of Scotland; succeeded to the title on the 3rd December, 1808.

See Earl of Verulam.

FORESTER, BARON, (Cecil-Weld Forester,) of Willey Park, county of Salop; *m.* 17th June, 1800, Catharine-Mary, second daughter of the late Duke of Rutland, by whom he had issue John-George-Weld, and five other sons, besides five daughters. Mr. Forester, who is grandson of Brook Forester, esq. of Dothill, by Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of George Weld, esq. of Willey Park, through his second son, Cecil, by Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Townshend, esq., was ele-

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vated to the peerage, as Baron Forester, of Willey Park, on the 17th July, 1821.

Motto, in English,

Always the same.

Town Residence—28, Sackville-street.

Country Seat — Willey Park, near Browsley, Shropshire.

FORTESCUE, EARL, (Hugh Fortescue,) Viscount Ebrington, of the county of Gloucester, and Baron Fortescue, of Castle Hill, in the county of Devon; lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of Devonshire; F.S.A. and D.C.L.; *b.* 12th March, 1753; *m.* in 1782, Hester, sister of the late marquess of Buckingham, by whom he has issue Hugh, Viscount Ebrington, *b.* 13th February, 1783; Hester, *m.* to Lord King; and five other children. Lord Ebrington *m.* in 1817, Susan, eldest daughter of Dudly, Earl of Harrowby, and has issue. The earl succeeded to the barony of Fortescue at the demise of his father, on the 10th July, 1785, and was created Viscount Ebrington and Earl Fortescue on the 1st September, 1789.

Lineage.

This noble family deduces its origin from Sir Richard le Forte, a distinguished soldier in the invading army of William the Conqueror, who protected his royal master, at the celebrated battle of Hastings, by bearing a strong shield before him; from which event, the French word "*escu*" (a shield) has been added to the original name of "*Forte.*" The son of this gallant warrior,

Sir Adam Fortescu, knight, being also a commanding officer in the same conflict, obtained, from the successful monarch, a grant of Winnonderton, or, as it is now written, Winston, in the county of Devon, of which he became lord. His grandson,

Sir John Fortescue, knight, being bred to the Bar, was lord chief-justice of England, 1442, and lord-chancellor in 1461. His lordship's son and heir,

Martin Fortescue, of Filleagh, in Devonshire, had two sons: from the younger, William, descended the Fortescues, who became Viscounts Clermont, in Ireland, and from the elder,

John, descended

Sir Hugh Fortescue, knight of the Bath, who was summoned to parliament, in 1721, as Lord Clinton, in right of his maternal great-grandmother, Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Theophilus, Earl of Lincoln, and Baron Clinton. On the 5th of July, 1746, his lordship was created Earl Clinton, and Baron Fortescue, of Castle Hill, Devon; the barony of Fortescue to revert, in default of male issue, to his half-brother, Matthew Fortescue. The earl dying without male descendants, on the 3rd of May, 1751, the earldom was extinguished, and the barony devolved, according to the limitation of the patent, to

Matthew Fortescue. His lordship *m.* in the July following, Anne, second daughter of John Campbell, esq. of Calder, in Scotland, and of Stackpole-Court, Pembrokeshire, by whom he had issue Hugh, the present peer, and two other sons, and a daughter.

Motto, in English,

At the omnipotent disposal of God.

Town Residence—17, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Castle Hill, South Molton, Devonshire.

FOULIS, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Ingleby Manor, in the county of York, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1802; *m.* in 1824, Mary-Jane, second daughter of the late General Sir Charles Ross, bart.

Lineage.

Sir David Foulis, having accompanied James the First to England, and being a great favorite with that monarch, was created a baronet on the 6th February, 1619. In the subsequent reign, however, he fell into disgrace, and for resisting, in 1632, the commission issued to compel gentlemen to compound for neglecting to receive the honor of knighthood, he was brought before the Star-Chamber, when he was deprived of his official employments, committed to the Fleet, and fined 6000*l.* His son and heir was also sent to the Fleet, and fined 500*l.* He *d.* in 1642, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Henry, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir David. This gentleman *d.* in 1694, and was succeeded by his third and eldest surviving son,

Sir William, who was succeeded, in 1741, by his only son,

Sir William. This gentleman *m.* Mildred, eldest daughter of Henry, Viscount Downe, by whom he had four daughters, and his successor,

Sir William, who was succeeded, in 1780, by his eldest son,

Sir William. This gentleman *m.* in 1789, Mary-Anne, second daughter of Edmund Turner, esq. of Panton House, in Lincolnshire, by whom he had issue William, the present baronet, and four other children.

Country Seat—Ingleby Manor, Yorkshire.

FOWKE, SIR FREDERICK-GUSTAVUS, baronet, of Lowesby, in the county of Leicester; *b.* 24th June, 1782; *m.* in 1815, Mary-Anne, only daughter of the late Anthony Henderson, esq. M.P., by whom he has a son, *b.* 9th April, 1818, and a daughter, *b.* in 1822. Mr. Fowke, the third and only surviving son of Sir Thomas Fowke, knight, groom of the bedchamber to His Royal Highness Henry-Frederick, Duke of Cumberland, by Anne, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir Isaac Woollaston, bart. of Lowesby Hall, was created a baronet on the 7th February, 1814.

Country Seat—Lowesby Hall, Leicestershire.

FOXFORD, BARON, (Edmund-Henry Pery,) of Stackpole Court, county of Clare, created 11th August, 1815.

See, Earl of Limerick.

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FRANKFORT DE MONTMORENCY, VISCOUNT, (Lodge-Reymond De Montmorency,) and Baron Frankfort, of Galmoye, county of Kilkenny; *b.* 24th November, 1806; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 21st September, 1822.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the ancient and illustrious house of Morres, Viscounts and Barons of Mountmorres, through Reymond Morres, third son of Francis Morres, esquire, and brother of Harvey Morres, first Baron and Viscount Mountmorres. That gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Francis Lodge, esq. of Dublin, and had, with four other children,

Lodge Evans Morres, who acted a distinguished part in the political arena of Ireland, from 1768, when he was first returned to parliament, until that country ceased to be an independent kingdom, in 1801. In July, 1800, he was called to the upper house, as Baron Frankfort, of Galmoye, and on the 22nd January, 1815, advanced to a viscounty, as Viscount Frankfort de Montmorency, during which year his lordship obtained the royal permission to adopt the ancient family surname of "De Montmorency" only. His lordship *m.* twice: first, in 1777, Mary, daughter and sole heiress of Joseph Fade, esq. of Dublin, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, Catharine, daughter of George White, esq. of Castle Bellingham, by whom he had Lodge Reymond, the present peer, and three daughters.

Motto, in English,
God helps.

Town Residence—Merion-square, Dublin.
Country Seat—

FRANKLAND, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Thirkelly, county of York, *b.* in 1750; *m.* in 1775, Dorothy, daughter of William Smelt, esq., by whom he has issue one surviving son only, Robert, *b.* in July, 1784. Sir Thomas succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 24th November, 1794.

Lineage.

William Frankland, esq. was created a baronet on the 24th December, 1660. He *m.* Arabella, daughter of the Honorable Henry Bellasyse, eldest son of Thomas, Viscount Fauconberg, by whom he had three sons and a daughter, by the eldest of whom,

Sir Thomas, he was succeeded. This gentleman, upon marrying Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Russell, bart., obtained a considerable estate at Chiswick, by deed of gift from his uncle, Lord Fauconberg, whose niece that lady was. The issue of this marriage were seven sons and three daughters. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1726, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Thomas. This gentleman *m.* twice, but having no son, the title reverted to his cousin,

Sir Charles-Henry, grandson of the second baronet, through his fourth son, Henry, governor of Bengal, by Mary, daughter of Alexander Cross, esq. This gentleman *d.* without issue, in 1768, and was succeeded by his brother,

Sir Thomas, a naval officer, and admiral of the white: *m.* in 1743, Sarah Rhett, grand-daughter of the chief-justice of the Province of South Carolina, by whom he had nineteen children, the fifth being Thomas, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Great-Thirkelby Hall, North-Riding, Yorkshire.

FRASER, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Leadclune, county of Inverness; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 16th February, 1818.

Lineage.

William Fraser, esq., a direct descendant from Lord Hugh Fraser, of Lovat, through Alexander, his second son, was created a baronet on the 27th November, 1806. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of James Farquharson, esq., a merchant of London, by whom he had issue William, the present baronet, and eleven other children.

Motto, in English,
I am ready.

Country Seat—Ray Lodge, Woodford.

FREDERICK, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Burwood-House, Surrey; *b.* 18th March, 1749; *m.* Mary, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Richard Garth, esq., of Morden, by whom he had issue John, a military officer, killed in Egypt; Richard, *b.* the 30th December, 1780; and nine other children. Sir John succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 9th of April, 1783.

Lineage.

This family traces its origin to Alderman Christopher Frederick, lord-mayor of London in 1662, and one of the most opulent merchants of that period. This wealthy citizen was succeeded by his son,

Sir John Frederick, knight; and that gentleman by his son,

John Frederick, esq., who was advanced to a baronetcy on the 10th of June, 1723. He *m.* Miss Kennersley, by whom he had two sons, and dying in 1755, was succeeded by the eldest,

Sir John, who *d.* unmarried, in 1757, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Thomas. This gentleman having only two daughters, the title, at his decease, reverted to his kinsman,

Sir John, (the descendant of the first baronet's brother, Sir Thomas, knight,) who *m.* in 1741, Susannah, daughter of Sir Roger Hudson, of Sunbury, knight, by whom he had two sons and three daughters. The eldest son *d.* in infancy, and the second, John, is the present baronet.

Country Seat—Burwood-House, Surrey.

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FREEMANTLE, SIR THOMAS-FRANCIS, baronet, of Swanburne, in the county of Buckingham; *m.* in 1825, Miss L. E. Nugent. Mr. Freemantle, the eldest son of Sir Thomas-Francis Freemantle, K.C.B., (a naval officer of distinction, and a baron of the Austrian empire,) was created a baronet, on the 14th of August, 1821, and allowed by permission, under the sign-manual of his own sovereign, dated the 22nd January, 1822, to use the foreign title of baron, obtained by his father.

Country Seat—Swanburne, Bucks.

GAGE, VISCOUNT, (Henry-Hall Gage,) of Castle-Island, in the county of Kerry; Baron Gage, of Castlebar, in the county of Mayo, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Gage, of High Meadow, in the county of Gloucester, in that of England, and a baronet; *b.* 14th December, 1791; succeeded to the family honors, upon the demise of his father, 29th January, 1808; *m.* in 1813, Elizabeth-Maria, eldest daughter of the Honorable Edward Foley, by whom he has two sons and three daughters.

Lineage.

SIR THOMAS GAGE, baronet, the eighth in descent from John Gage, esq. of Firle, in the county of Sussex, who was created a baronet, on the 22nd of March, 1622, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as Viscount Gage, of Castle Island, and Baron Gage, of Castlebar, on the 14th September, 1720. His lordship *m.* first, Benedicta-Maria-Theresa, only daughter and heiress of Benedict Hall, esq., of High Meadow, county of Gloucester, by whom he had issue William-Hall, his successor; Thomas, (the celebrated General Gage, commander-in-chief of his majesty's forces in North America, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of Peter Kemble, esq., president of the council of New Jersey, by whom he left Edward, and other children,) and Theresa. His lordship *m.* secondly, Mrs. Bond, relict of Henry-Jermyn Bond, esq., by whom he had no child. He *d.* in 1745, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-HALL, *b.* 1st January, 1718; created an English peer, on the 27th October, 1780, by the title of Baron Gage, of Firle, county of Sussex. His lordship *m.* in 1757, Elizabeth, sister of Sampson, Lord Eardley, by whom he had an only son, who died in infancy. The viscount, thus deprived of direct descendants, obtained, on the 1st of November, 1790, another English peerage, as Baron Gage, of High Meadow, in the county of Gloucester, with remainder to his heir presumptive, and nephew, Major-General Henry Gage, son of the American commander-in-chief. His lordship *d.* on the 11th of October, 1791, when the barony of Gage and Firle became extinct, and the other honors devolved upon the above-mentioned

HENRY, who *m.* in 1782, Susanna-Maria, only daughter and heiress of William Skinner, esq., by whom he had issue, Henry-Hall, the present peer, and another son. He *d.* on the 29th January, 1808.

Motto, in English,
Courage without fear.

Town Residence — Grillon's Hotel, Albemarle-street.

Country Seat—Firle Place, Lewes, Sussex.

GAGE, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Hengrave, in the county of Suffolk; *b.* 5th September, 1810; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 27th December, 1820.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Gage, Viscounts Gage, sprung from

EDWARD GAGE, esq., third son of Sir John Gage, of Firle, baronet, (whose eldest son was ancestor of the viscounts) by Lady Penelope Darcey, granddaughter of Sir Thomas Kytson, of Hargrave, through whom he inherited that estate. He was knighted at the coronation of Charles the Second, and created a baronet, on the 15th July, 1662. Sir Edward *m.* five times, and had issue by all his wives but the last, viz. by Mary, daughter of Sir William Hervey, he had a son, (his successor) and two daughters; by Frances, daughter of Walter, Lord Aston, he had a son; by Miss Anne Watkins, he had a son; and by Elizabeth, daughter of George, Earl of Desmond, he had four sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1707, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* twice: first, Mary-Charlotte, daughter of Sir Thomas Bond, baronet, of Peckham, Surrey, by whom he had two sons and six daughters; by his second wife, Lady Spring, relict of Sir Thomas Spring, baronet, he had no child. Sir William *d.* on the 8th February, 1727, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR THOMAS, (eldest son of his eldest son, Thomas, who *d.* in 1716.) This gentleman *d.* unmarried, in 1741, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR WILLIAM, who *d.* in 1767, without issue, when the title reverted to his cousin,

SIR THOMAS-ROOKWOOD, grandson of Sir William, (second baronet,) through his second son John, by Elizabeth, only child of Thomas Rookwood, esq. of Coldham Hales, Suffolk. This gentleman *d.* in 1796, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* twice: first, Charlotte, daughter of Thomas Fitzherbert, esq. of Swinnerton, in Staffordshire, by whom he had four sons and a daughter; and secondly, Charlotte, daughter of John-Hook Campbell, esq., cousin of John, Lord Cawdor, by whom he had two daughters. He *d.* in 1798, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* Mary-Anne, daughter of Valentine, Earl of Kenmare, by whom he had two sons, Thomas, the present baronet, and Edward. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1820.

Country Seat—Hengrave Hall, Suffolk.

GALBRAITH, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Shanwally, in the county of Donegal; *m.* Re-

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beeen-Dorothea, daughter and co-heiress of John Hamilton, esq. of Castlefin, county of Dublin, by whom he has five daughters. Mr. Galbraith was created a baronet, on the 26th January, 1813.

Country Seats—Shanwally, Donegal; and Castlefin, in the county of Dublin.

GALLOWAY, EARL OF, (George Stewart,) and Lord Garlies, in the peerage of Scotland, and Baron Stewart, of Garlies, in that of England; KT., vice-admiral in the royal navy, and lord-lieutenant of the counties of Wigtoun and Kirkcudbright; *m.* in 1797, Jane, second daughter of Henry, first Earl of Uxbridge, by whom he has issue Randolph, Lord Garlies, *b.* 16th September, 1800, and five daughters, the eldest of whom is *m.* to George, Marquess of Blandford. The earl succeeded to his family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 13th November, 1806.

Lineage.

This, through the female line, is a branch of the royal house of Stewart, springing from Sir Walter Stewart, of Garlies, grandson of Alexander, high steward of Scotland (whose great-grandson, Robert, ascended the Scottish throne, in 1371). Marion, daughter and heiress of Sir Walter Stewart, of Dalswinton, and great-grand-daughter of the above Sir Walter, of Garlies, *m.*

Sir John Stewart, son of Sir William Stewart, of Jedworth, said to be of the house of Darnley, and had issue

Sir William Stewart, whose great-grandson,

Alexander Stewart, esq., was created, on the 2nd of April, 1607, Lord Garlies, and upon the 19th of September, 1623, his lordship was advanced to the earldom of the county of Galloway, when he was sworn of the privy council to King James the First. His lordship *d.* in 1649, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

James, who *d.* in 1671, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Alexander. This nobleman *m.* Mary, daughter of James, second Earl of Queensberry, by whom he had three sons. His lordship was succeeded by the eldest,

Alexander, who *d.* unmarried, in 1694, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

James, who *d.* in 1747, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Alexander. This nobleman *d.* in 1773, and his eldest son,

John, inherited. His lordship obtained the illustrious order of the Thistle, and was nominated one of the lords of the bedchamber to his late majesty, King George the Third. He *m.* twice: first, Charlotte-Mary, daughter of Francis, Earl of Warwick, by whom he had a son, who *d.* in infancy; and secondly, Anne, daughter of Sir James Dashwood, baronet, by whom he had sixteen children, the second and eldest surviving of whom, is George, the present peer. The Earl of Galloway was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, as Baron Stewart, of Garlies, in the county of Wigtoun, on the 6th June, 1796, and *d.* in ten years afterwards.

Motto, in English,

Virtue is greater when wounded.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

GALLWEY, SIR WILLIAM-PAYNE, baronet; *m.* 19th November, 1804, Harriet Quin, only daughter of Valentine-Richard, Earl of Dunraven, by whom he has no issue. This gentleman, who is fifth son of Abraham Payne, esq., by Miss Margaret Gallwey, was created a baronet, on the 8th of December, 1812, and allowed, by royal permission, to assume, in 1814, the surname and arms of Gallwey, in compliance with the testamentory injunction of Tobias-Wall Gallwey, esq., of the Island of St. Christopher. Sir William is a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 12th regiment of royal lancers.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

GALWAY, VISCOUNT, (William-George-Moncton Arundel,) and Baron Killard, of the county of Clare; *b.* 28th March, 1782; *m.* in 1804, Catharine-Elizabeth, daughter of George Handfield, esq., by whom he has issue George-Edward-Arundel, *b.* 1st March, 1805, and four other sons, and a daughter. His lordship succeeded to his family honors at the demise of his father, in July, 1810.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in the legislature, and the present viscount is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

John Moncton, esq., eldest son of Robert Moncton, esq. a descendant from an ancient Yorkshire family, and a commissioner of trade, in the reign of King William, was created a peer of Ireland, on the 27th July, 1727, by the titles of Baron Killard, of the county of Clare, and Viscount Galway. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John, Duke of Rutland, by whom he had three sons and one daughter. He *m.* secondly, in 1734, Jane, fourth daughter of Henry-Warner Westenra, esq. by whom he had the same number of children. He *d.* in 1751, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, who had been appointed, in 1748, receiver-general of his majesty's crown and fee-farm rents, in the counties of York, Westmoreland, Durham, &c. His lordship *d.* in 1772, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Henry-William, who *d.* unmarried, in 1776, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

Robert-Moncton-Arundel. This nobleman *m.* twice: first, in 1779, Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel Mathew, esq., of Felix Hall, Essex, by whom he had William-George, the present viscount, and nine other children; and secondly, Mrs. Drum-

mond, relict of Peter-Auriol-Hay Drummond, esq., and only child of Pemberton Milnes, esq. of Wakefield, in the county of York, by whom he had no issue.

Motto, in English,
Whilst I breathe, I shall confide in the cross.
Country Seat—Serlby Hall, Nottinghamshire.

GAMBIER, BARON, (James Gambier,) of Iver, in the county of Buckingham; *b.* 13th October, 1756; *m.* Louisa, second daughter of Daniel Matthew, esq. of Felix Hall, in the county of Essex, by whom he has no issue. Mr. Gambier, having adopted early in life the naval profession, obtained the rank of post captain, in 1778, and being distinguished by his gallantry, gradually advanced to the highest station, that of admiral, in 1805. In 1807, he was appointed naval commander-in-chief of the expedition against Copenhagen, and upon its successful termination, (9th November, 1807) was elevated to the peerage, by the title of Baron Gambier, of Iver.

Motto, in English,
By faith, not arms.
Country Seat—Iver, Buckinghamshire.

GARDINER, SIR JAMES-WHALLEY-SMYTHE, baronet, of Roch-Court, Hampshire; *b.* 2nd September, 1785; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 21st August, 1805; *m.* in 1807, Frances, 2nd daughter of the late Oswald Mosley, esq. of Bolesworth Castle, by whom he has issue James-Whalley-Smythe, *b.* 5th September, 1812, and two other sons, besides four daughters.

Lineage.

JOHN WHALLEY, esq., eldest son of Doctor Robert Whalley, of Oxford, by Grace, only daughter and heiress of Doctor Bernard Gardiner, by Grace, daughter and ultimately sole heiress of Sir Sebastian Smythe, knt., physician to his majesty King William the Third, assumed the name and arms of Gardiner, upon inheriting the estates of his kinsman, Sir William Gardiner, baronet, of Roch-Court, (who *d.* without issue, in 1779, when that title became extinct,) and was created a baronet, on the 28th of December, 1782. Sir John-Whalley Gardiner, at the demise of his great-aunt, 27th June, 1787, Miss Smythe, (an heiress) of Cuddesden, in the county of Oxford, having, also, succeeded to a fortune, took the name of "Smythe," before that of Gardiner. Dying in 1797, however, without issue, the title and estates devolved upon his brother,

SIR JAMES-WHALLEY-SMYTHE, who *m.* in 1784, Elizabeth, second daughter of the Reverend Doctor Assheton, by whom he had one son, James, the present baronet. He *m.* secondly, in 1789, Jane, eldest daughter of the Reverend Doctor Master, of Croston, by whom he had four sons and four daughters. Sir James *d.* the 21st August, 1805.

Town Residence—30, Queen Anne-street.
Country Seat—Roch-Court, near Fareham, Hampshire.

GARDNER, BARON, (Alan-Legge Gardner,) in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Gardner, of Uttoxeter, in the county of Stafford, in that of the empire at large, and a baronet of England; *b.* 29th January, 1810; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in December, 1815.

Lineage.

ALAN GARDNER, esq., son of William Gardner, esq. of Coleraine, in Ireland; *b.* in 1742, having entered the royal navy, advanced to the rank of rear-admiral, and was created a baronet, in August, 1794, for his distinguished conduct in the celebrated naval engagement which took place during the previous June. On the 29th December, 1800, Sir Alan was created a peer of his native country, by the title of Baron Gardner; and, on the 27th Nov. 1806, enrolled amongst the peers of the empire at large, as Baron Gardner, of Uttoxeter, in the county of Stafford. His lordship *m.* Susanna-Hyde, only daughter and sole heiress of Francis Gale, esq. of Liguana, in the Island of Jamaica, by whom he had a numerous family. He *d.* in 1808, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ALAN-HYDE, K.C.B., and admiral in the royal navy. His lordship *m.* twice: first, in 1796, Maria-Elizabeth, only daughter of Thomas Adderley, esq., which marriage was dissolved in 1805; and secondly, Charlotte, third daughter of Robert, Lord Carrington, by whom he had Alan-Legge, the present peer, and a daughter.

Motto, in English,
Virtue is a sheet anchor.
Country Seat—Uttoxeter, Staffordshire.

GARVAGH, BARON, (George Canning,) of Garvagh, in the county of Londonderry; *m.* Georgiana, daughter of Robert, first Marquess of Londonderry, by whom he had no issue. Her ladyship dying in 1804, his lordship *m.* secondly, in 1824, Rosebelle-Charlotte-Isabella, eldest daughter of Henry Bonham, esq. of Titness Park, in the county of Berks.

Mr. Canning, eldest son of Paul Canning, esq. of Garvagh, and first cousin of the Right Honorable George Canning, was created an Irish peer, on the 28th October, 1818, by the title of Baron Garvagh.

This barony being of Ireland, confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and Lord Garvagh is not one of the representative peers.

Town Residence—41, Hertford-street.
Country Seat—Garvagh, Londonderry, Ireland.

GEARY, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Oxenheath, in the county of Kent; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1796; *m.* on the 15th January, 1810, Mrs. Dering, relict of Edward Dering, esq., and daughter of Richard Neville, esq. of Furnace, county of Kildare, by whom he has two sons, the elder *b.*

20th November, 1810, and the younger, in April, 1816.

Lineage.

ADMIRAL FRANCIS GEARY, son of Francis Geary, esq. of Cheddington, in Buckinghamshire, was created a baronet, on the 17th August, 1782. He *m.* Mary, only child of Philip Bartholomew, esq., by whom he had William, the present baronet, and another son, besides three daughters.

Motto,
Chuse.

Country Seat—Oxenheath, Kent.

GEORGE, SIR RUPERT-DENNIS, of Park Place, Middlesex; *b.* 9th October, 1796; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 25th January, 1823.

Lineage.

RUPERT GEORGE, esq., (third son of Dennis George, esq. of Clophook, in the Queen's county,) *b.* 16th June, 1749; *m.* in 1782, Margaret, daughter of Thomas Cochren, esq., of the Province of Halifax, by whom he left issue Rupert George, the present baronet, and four daughters. Mr. George, who was first commissioner of the transport board, was created a baronet, on the 18th September, 1809.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

GERARD, SIR WILLIAM, of Bryn, in Lancashire; *b.* 12th July, 1773; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1791; *m.* Anna-Maria, second daughter of Miles Stapleton, esq. of Richmond, in Yorkshire, by whom he had no issue. Her ladyship died in 1808.

Lineage.

This is one of the oldest baronetcies of the kingdom, being conferred on the day when the order was instituted, 22nd May, 1611, upon

THOMAS GERARD, esq., who received back the £1000, which he paid for the honor, in consideration of the sufferings endured by his father, in the service of the unfortunate Mary, Queen of Scots. This gentleman married thrice, and had issue a son and daughter, by his first wife Cecily, daughter of Sir Walter Maney, knight. He was succeeded by his only son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman had six sons and a daughter, and was succeeded by the eldest,

SIR WILLIAM, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman was also succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* Mary, second daughter of John Cansfield, esq., and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *d.* unmarried, 22nd March, 1740, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman leaving no male issue, was succeeded in 1780, by his brother,

SIR ROBERT-CANSFIELD, who *m.* Catherine, daughter of William Anderson, esq., of Buxton, by whom he had four sons, and four daughters. He *d.* on the 6th March, 1784, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT, who *d.* in minority, on the 26th of August, 1791, when the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
In God is my hope.

Country Seat—Gareswood Hall, Lancashire.

GIBBES, SIR PHILIP, baronet, of Fackley, Oxfordshire; succeeded to the title upon the demise of Sir Philip, the first baronet.

Lineage.

PHILIP GIBBES, esq., son of Philip Gibbes, esq., by Elizabeth, daughter of John Harris, esq., was created a baronet, on the 30th of May, 1774. He *m.* in 1753, Agnes, daughter and heiress of Samuel Osborne, esq. of Jamaica, by whom he had two sons, who both *m.* and died in his lifetime, and two daughters, the eldest of whom *m.* Charles, Lord Colchester. Sir Philip lived to an advanced period of life, and was succeeded at his demise, by the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
Be firm to your purpose.

Country Seat—Fackley, Oxfordshire,

GIBBONS, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Stanwell Place, Middlesex; *m.* in 1795, Elizabeth, daughter of the late Richard Taylor, esq., of Charleton House, by whom he has issue; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1814.

Lineage.

WILLIAM GIBBONS, esq., speaker of the house of assembly, in the Island of Barbadoes, was created a baronet, on the 21st of April, 1759. He *d.* in 1760, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* Martha, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Kenrick. He *d.* in 1776, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentlemen *m.* in 1771, Rebecca, daughter of Admiral Watson, by whom he had five sons and three daughters, the eldest of whom, John, is the present baronet.

Country Seat—Stanwell Place, Middlesex.

GIFFORD, BARON, (Robert Gifford,) of St. Leonard's, in the county of Devon; *b.* 24th February, 1779; *m.* 6th April, 1816, Harriet-Maria, daughter of the Reverend Edward Drewe, of Broadhembury, in the same county, by whom he has issue, Robert Francis, *b.* 19th of March, 1817, another son, and three daughters. Mr. Gifford, a barrister of eminence, was nominated solicitor-general, on the 9th May, 1817, promoted to the attorney-generalship, in July, 1719, and elevated to the bench and peerage, in 1824, (30th January) as chief-justice of the common pleas, and Baron Gifford, of St. Leonard's. His lordship was, subsequently, in the same year, appointed master of the rolls, when he resigned the chief justiceship.

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Town Residence—Roll's House, Chancery-lane.
Country Seat—Roehampton, Surrey.

GLASGOW, EARL OF, (George Boyle,) Viscount Kelburne, and Lord Boyle, of Kelburne, Stewartown, Cumbraes, Fenwick, Larges, and Dalry, in the peerage of Scotland; and Baron Ross, of Hawkstead, county of Renfrew, in that of the empire at large; *b.* 26th March, 1766; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 1775, and obtained his British peerage, by creation, on the 11th August, 1815; *m.* in 1788, Augusta, daughter of James, Earl of Errol, by whom he had issue John, Viscount Kelburne, a naval officer, *b.* in 1789, who distinguished himself in his profession, and *d.* in 1818; James, now Viscount Kelburne, also a naval officer, *b.* 10th April, 1792; another son; and three daughters. The Countess dying, in 1822, his lordship *m.* a second time, in 1824, Julia, daughter of The Right Honorable Sir John Sinclair, bart.

Lineage.

DAVID BOYLE, esq. of Kelburne, (a descendant of Sir Richard Boyle, of Kelburne, whose son, Robert, was one of the Scottish barons who swore allegiance to Edward the Third, of England, in 1296,) was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, on the 31st of January, 1699, as Lord Boyle, of Kelburne, Stewartown, Cumbraes, Larges, and Dalry, with remainder to his issue male, and heirs male whatsoever, and created, by patent, dated 12th of April, 1703, Earl of Glasgow, Viscount Kelburne, and Baron Boyle, of Stewartown, Cumbraes, Fenwick, Larges, and Dalry. His lordship *m.* twice, and had issue by his first lady, (Margaret, daughter of Patrick Crawford, esq. of Kilburny,) four sons; and by his second, (Jane, daughter and heiress of William Mure, esq. of Rowallan,) two daughters. He *d.* in 1733, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, who *d.* in 1740, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN. This nobleman *m.* on the 11th July, 1755, Elizabeth, second daughter of George, Lord Ross, and eventually heiress to her brother William, the thirteenth, and last, Lord Ross of that line, by whom he left issue George, the present peer, and two daughters. His lordship filled the important station of high commissioner to the general assembly of the church of Scotland, from 1764 to 1772.

Motto, in English,
The Lord will provide.

Country Seats—Hawkstead, in the county of Renfrew; and Kelburne House, Ayrshire.

GLASTONBURY, BARON, (James Grenville,) of Butley, in the county of Somerset; *b.* 6th July, 1742.

Mr. Grenville, (son of The Right Honorable James Grenville, uncle to the late Marquess of Buckingham, by Mary, daughter and heiress of James Smyth, esq. of Harden, in the county of Herts,) being sworn of his majesty's most honorable privy council, and nominated one of the lords of the treasury, in 1782, was elevated to the peerage, on the 20th October, 1797, as Baron Glastonbury, of Butley, with remainder to his brother, General Grenville, who *d.* in 1823, unmarried. His lordship has never married.

Motto, in English,
Friendly alone to virtue.

Town Residence—23, Hill-street, Berkeley-square.
Country Seat—Butley, Glastonbury, Somersetshire.

GLENGALL, EARL OF, (Richard Butler,) Viscount and Baron Caher, of the county of Tipperary; *b.* in 1794; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1819.

This being an Irish peerage, it confers no hereditary seat in the legislature, and the present earl is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This branch of the noble house of Ormond was first elevated to the peerage, in the person of

THOMAS BUTLER, esq. (grandson of Thomas Butler, of Caher, who was great-great-grandson of James, third Earl of Ormond,) created Baron Caher, in 1543; which barony became extinct, upon the demise of his son and successor,

EDMUND, without issue. It was, however, revived on the 6th of May, 1583, to

SIR THEOBALD BUTLER, knt., nephew of the first Lord Caher, being the son of his youngest brother, Pierce Butler, and was handed down in a direct line to

PIERCE, the 10th Baron, at whose demise, unmarried, in 1788, it reverted to his kinsman,

RICHARD, son of James Butler, esq., of Fethard, who *m.* in 1793, Emilia, youngest daughter of James St.-John Jeffreys, esq. of Blarney Castle, in the county of Cork, by whom he had issue Richard, the present peer, and four daughters. His lordship was created Earl of Glengall, and Viscount Caher, on the 22nd January, 1816. He *d.* in January, 1819.

Motto,
God be my guide,

Town Residence—54, Grosvenor-street.
Country Seat—Caher Castle, county of Tipperary.

GLENLYON, BARON, (James Murray,) of Glenlyon, in the county of Perth; *b.* 29th of May, 1782; *m.* in 1810, Emily-Frances, second daughter of Hugh, late Duke of Northumberland, by whom he has issue George-Augustus-Frederick, *b.* 6th May, 1815. His lordship, who is second son of John, present Duke of Atholl, a major-general in the army, and one of the lords of the bed-chamber to his majesty, was created a peer of the United Kingdom, as Baron Glenlyon, on the 9th July, 1821.

Motto,
Furth, fortune, and fill the fetters.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Glenlyon, Perthshire.

GLOUCESTER AND EDINBURGH, HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF, (Prince William-Frederick,) and Earl of Connaught; K.G., G.C.B., F.R.S., and D.C.L.; chancellor of the University of Cambridge; a field-marshal in the army, and colonel of the third regiment of foot guards; *b.* 15th January, 1776; succeeded to the peerage upon the demise of his father, on the 25th August, 1805; *m.* on the 22nd July, 1816, his cousin, Her Royal Highness, The Princess Mary, fourth daughter of His Majesty, King George the Third, and sister to the reigning sovereign; by whom he has no issue.

The title of Royal Highness (borne of right by the king's sons, daughters, brothers, and uncles,) was conferred by especial warrant upon the duke, in 1816.

Lineage.

PRINCE WILLIAM-HENRY, third son of His Royal Highness, Frederick, Prince of Wales, and brother of his majesty, King George the Third, *b.* 23rd of November, 1743, was created by patent, dated 10th November, 1764, Duke of Gloucester and Edinburgh, in Great Britain; and Earl of Connaught, in Ireland. His royal highness *m.* in 1766, Maria, Countess-dowager of Waldegrave, daughter of the Honorable Sir Edward Walpole, K.B., and grand-daughter of Sir Robert Walpole, first Earl of Orford, K.G., by whom he had issue Sophia-Matilda, *b.* 29th May, 1773; Caroline, who *d.* in infancy; and William-Frederick, the present duke.

Town Residence—Gloucester House, Park-lane.

Country Seats—Bagshot Park, Surrey; and Boldrewood Lodge, Hants.

GLYN, SIR LEWEN-POWELL, baronet, of Ewell, in the county of Surrey; *b.* in 1801; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 4th September, 1814.

Lineage.

RICHARD GLYN, esq., a banker and alderman of London, filled the civic chair, in 1758, and was created a baronet, on the 25th September, 1759; he *m.* first, Susannah, only daughter and heiress of George Lewen, esq. of Ewell, in Surrey, by whom he had three sons, one of whom, his successor, alone survived. He *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Carr, esq., by whom he had, also, three sons, Richard-Carr, (created a baronet) Thomas-Clayton, and Edward. Sir Richard *d.* in 1772, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THE REVEREND SIR GEORGE, who *m.* first, Jane, daughter of the Reverend Watkin Lewes, by whom he had two sons, both deceased. He *m.* secondly, in 1790, Catharine, youngest daughter and co-heiress of the Reverend Gervas Powell, and had issue Lewen-Powell, the present baronet, and another son and a daughter.

Country Seat—Ewell, Surrey.

GLYN, SIR RICHARD-CARR, baronet, of Gaunts, in the county of Dorset; *b.* in 1755; *m.* Mary, only daughter of John Plumtree, esq. of Nottingham, by whom he has issue Richard-Plumtree, *b.* in 1787, and three other sons and a daughter.

Mr. Glyn, (the eldest son, by his second wife, of Alderman Sir Richard Glyn, bart. of Ewell,) a banker, and alderman, of London, served the office of lord mayor, in 1798, and was created a baronet, on the 22nd November, 1800.

Motto,

Firm to my trust.

Town Residence—4, Arlington-street.

Country Seat—Gaunt's House, Wimbourn, Dorsetshire.

GLYNNE, SIR STEPHEN-RICHARD, baronet, of Hawarden Castle, in the county of Flint; *b.* in 1807; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 5th of March, 1815.

Lineage.

WILLIAM GLYNNE, esq. (eldest son of Sir John Glynne, knt., an eminent crown lawyer and politician in the reign of Charles the First, and lord-chief-justice of the court of king's bench, during the Usurpation, who made his peace with the restored monarch, and received the honor of knighthood,) was created a baronet, on the 20th of May, 1671. He *m.* Penelope, daughter of Stephen Anderson, esq., of Bedfordshire, by whom he had two sons and five daughters. He was succeeded by his third and eldest surviving son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *d.* in 1721, without male issue, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR STEPHEN. This gentleman *d.* in 1729, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR STEPHEN, who *d.* unmarried in a few months afterwards, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *d.* also unmarried, in 1730, when the title devolved upon his only remaining brother,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* Honora, daughter of Henry Conway, esq., son and heir of Sir John Conway, bart., of Bodrydden, county of Flint, by whom he had several children. He *d.* in 1777, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THE REVEREND SIR STEPHEN, who was succeeded by his posthumous son,

SIR STEPHEN-RICHARD, *b.* in May, 1780; *m.* in 1806, Mary, daughter of Richard-Aldworth, Lord Braybrooke, by whom he had issue Stephen-Richard, the present baronet; Henry, *b.* in 1812, and Catharine. He *d.* on the 5th of March, 1815.

Town Residence—36, Berkeley-square.

Country Seat—Hawarden Castle, in the county of Flint.

GOOCH, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Benacre Hall, in the county of Suffolk; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1781;

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m. Anna-Maria, daughter of William Hayward, esq. of Surrey, by whom he has three sons and five daughters. His eldest son, Thomas-Sherlock, *m.* in 1796, Mariana, daughter of —— Whitaker, esq. of Lyster House, by whom he has three sons, and as many daughters.

Lineage.

WILLIAM GOOCH, esq., *b.* 21st October, 1681, became lieutenant-governor of Virginia, and was created a baronet, on the 4th November, 1746, with remainder, in default of issue, to his brother and his male descendants. Dying childless, in 1751, the title devolved, according to the limitation, upon

THE RIGHT REVEREND THOMAS, successively president of Caius College, Cambridge (1716); Vice-chancellor (1717); Lord Bishop of Bristol (1737); Lord Bishop of Norwich (1738); and Lord Bishop of Ely (1747). His lordship *m.* first, Mary, sister of the Right Reverend Thomas Sherlock, Lord Bishop of London, by whom he had an only son, Thomas, his successor. He *m.* secondly, Harriet, daughter of Sir Thomas Miller, baronet, by whom he had, also, one son. He *m.* thirdly, Mary Compton, niece of the Right Reverend, and Right Honorable, Henry, Earl of Northampton, Lord Bishop of London, in 1675, by whom he had no child. His lordship *d.* in 1754, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* twice: first, Mrs. Anne Bates, daughter and heiress of John Attwood, esq., by whom he had Thomas, the present baronet, and several other children; and secondly, Phœbe, widow of John Birtles, esq., by whom he left one daughter. He *d.* in September, 1781.

Motto,

By fidelity and virtue.

Country Seat—Benacre Hall, Suffolk.

GOODRICKE, SIR HENRY-JAMES, baronet, of Ribston, in Yorkshire; *b.* 16th September, 1797; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 23rd March, 1802.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient Yorkshire family, whose members have repeatedly served the office of high sheriff in their native county. It obtained a baronetcy, on the 14th of August, 1641, in the person of

JOHN GOODRICKE, esq. (son of Sir John Goodricke, knt.) who suffered much during the Civil Wars, being confined first at Manchester, and then in the Tower, from whence he was fortunate enough to escape to France, where he continued to reside until the Restoration. He *m.* twice: first, Catharine, daughter and heiress of Stephen Norcliff, esq., by whom he had a son; and secondly, Elizabeth, Viscountess-dowager Fairfax, by whom he had another son. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY, who *d.* without issue, in 1704-5, when the title devolved upon his half-brother,

SIR JOHN, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY. This gentleman had seven sons and four daughters; and was succeeded, in 1738, by the eldest,

SIR JOHN, who was sworn of his majesty's most honorable privy council, and resided at Stockholm, as envoy extraordinary from the court of London. He *d.* in 1789, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR HENRY, who *m.* Charlotte, second daughter of the Right Honorable James Fortescue, and sister of Viscount Clermont, by whom he had an only son, the present baronet. He *d.* in 1802.

Country Seat—Ribston Hall, in the county of York.

GOOLD, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Old Court, in the county of Cork; *m.* 13th of May, 1802, Charlotte, eldest daughter of Valentine, Earl of Kenmare, by whom he has issue. Succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 20th of August, 1818.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient family, of the county of Cork, in Ireland; one of its members, William Goold, esq., was mayor of the city of Cork, so far back as the reign of Henry the Seventh.

FRANCIS GOOLD, esq., second son of George Goold, esq. of Old Court, was created a baronet, on the 8th of August, 1801, with remainder, in default of direct issue, to the heirs male of his father. Dying childless, in 1818, Sir Francis was succeeded by his nephew, the present baronet, who is son of Henry Goold, esq., by Catharine, third sister of Edmund O'Callaghan, esq. of the county of Clare.

Motto, in English,

God will provide for me.

Country Seat—Old Court, in the county of Cork.

GORDON, DUKE OF, (Alexander Gordon,) Marquess and Earl of Huntley; Earl of Enzie, Viscount Inverness, Baron Gordon, of Strathbogie, Lord of Badenach, Lochabar, Strath-haven, Achindoun, Balmore, Gartley, and Kincardine, in the peerage of Scotland; Earl of Norwich, and Baron Gordon, of Huntley, in the county of Gloucester, Baron Beauchamp, of Bletshoe, and Baron Mordaunt, of Turvey, in the county of Bedford, in the peerage of England; K.T., and F.R.S.; Premier Marquess, and keeper of the great seal of Scotland; lord-lieutenant of the county of Aberdeen, and hereditary governor of Inverness Castle; *b.* in 1743; succeeded to the Scottish honors upon the demise of his father, in 1752; created Earl of Norwich, and Baron Gordon of Huntley, on the 12th of February, 1784, and inherited the barony of Beauchamp, of Bletshoe, (created by summons, 1st June, 1363,) and the barony of Mordaunt, of Turvey, (created, also, by summons, 4th of May, 1532,) as heir-general of the first Earl of Peterborough, and Elizabeth Howard, his wife, at the decease of Mary Anestatia, Baroness Mordaunt, without issue, in 1819; *m.* first, in 1767, Jane, daughter of Sir William Maxwell, baronet, by whom he has issue George, Mar-

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quess of Huntley, *b.* 2nd February, 1770; called to the house of peers by summons, as Baron Gordon, of Huntley, on the 11th April, 1807; Charlotte, *m.* in 1789, to Charles, late Duke of Richmond; Maderuna, the lady of Charles Palmer, esq. of Lockley Park; Susan, *m.* to William, present Duke of Manchester; Louisa, *m.* to Charles, late Marquess Cornwallis; and Georgiana, *m.* to the present Duke of Bedford. Her grace dying, in 1812, the duke *m.* a second time, in 1820, Mrs. Christie, who *d.* in 1824, without issue.

Lineage.

This noble family deduces its origin from

Sir Adam Gordon, knt., of Huntley, who was slain in 1402, and was succeeded in his estates, by his only daughter, who married

Alexander Seton, second son of Sir William Seton, of Seton, upon which occasion that gentleman assumed the name of Gordon, and was created (on the 29th January, 1449-50,) Earl of Huntley, in which title he was succeeded by the eldest son of his third marriage, with Elizabeth, daughter of William, Lord Crichton,

George, who *m.* Princess Annabella, daughter of King James the First, of Scotland, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Alexander, who was succeeded in 1523-4, by his grandson,

George, to whom succeeded his son,

George, who was succeeded by his only son,

George, created, on the 17th April, 1599, Baron of Badenoch, Lochaber, Strathaven, Achindoun, Balmore, Gartley, and Kincardine, Viscount Inverness, Earl of Enzie, and Marquess of Huntley. His lordship *m.* Henrietta, eldest daughter of Esme, Duke of Lennox, and was succeeded, in 1636, by his eldest son,

George, who had been created, on the 20th of April, 1632, Viscount Aboyne, with remainder, at his demise, or succession to his family honors, to his third son, Lord James Gordon. His lordship was a staunch adherent of the unfortunate Charles the First, and suffered, in consequence, decapitation, on the 22nd March, 1649, when he was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

Lewis, who was succeeded, in 1653, by his only son,

George, who was elevated to a dukedom, as Duke of Gordon, on the 1st of November, 1684. His grace *m.* Elizabeth, second daughter of Henry, Duke of Norfolk, by whom he had a son and daughter. He *d.* in 1716, and was succeeded by his only son,

Alexander, who *m.* in 1706, Henrietta, daughter of Charles, Earl of Peterborough and Monmouth, by whom he had issue four sons. His grace *m.* secondly, Jane, Duchess-dowager of Atholl, daughter of John Drummond, esq., by whom he had seven daughters. He *d.* in 1728, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Cosmo-George. His grace *m.* in 1741, Catherine, daughter of William, Earl of Aberdeen, by whom he had issue Alexander, the present duke, and five other children. The duke *d.* in France, in 1752.

Motto, in English,
By courage, not intrigue.

Country Seats — Strathbogy Castle, Aberdeenshire; and Gordon Castle, Bamfshire.

GORDON, VISCOUNT, (George-Hamilton Gordon,) of Aberdeen, in the peerage of the Empire, so created, 18th June, 1814.

See, Earl of Aberdeen.

GORDON, BARON, (George Gordon,) of Huntley, G.C.B.; a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 1st regiment of foot, lord-lieutenant of the county of Aberdeen; *b.* 2nd February, 1770; *m.* 11th December, 1813, Miss Brodie, only daughter and heiress of Alexander Brodie, esq., of Air Hall, in Scotland, by whom he has no children. His lordship, who is only son of the Duke of Gordon, and titular Marquess of Huntley, was, by summons, created a peer of the realm, on the 11th of April, 1807, as Baron Gordon, of Huntley.

Motto, in English,
By courage, not intrigue.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

GORDON, SIR JENISON-WILLIAM, baronet, of Newark-upon-Trent, in the county of Nottingham; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1780; *m.* in 1781, Harriet-Frances-Charlotte, daughter of George-Finch Hatton, esq., and great-grand-daughter of Daniel, Earl of Winchelsea, by whom he has no issue. Her ladyship *d.* in 1801.

Lineage.

Samuel Gordon, esq., descended from John, first Lord Lochenvar, through his youngest son, The Honorable William Gordon, of Cricklaw, was created a baronet, on the 21st of August, 1764, having been previously knighted, when high sheriff of the county of Nottingham, in 1760. He *m.* Miss Elizabeth Bradford, niece and heiress of Sir Matthew Jenison, by whom he had Jenison-William, the present baronet, and three daughters.

Country Seat—Haverholm Priory, Lincolnshire.

GORDON, SIR WILLIAM-GORDON-CUMING, baronet, of Gordonstone, in the county of Perth; *b.* 20th July, 1787; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 10th February, 1806.

Lineage.

Alexander-Penrose Cuming, esq., eldest son of Alexander Cuming, esq., of Altyr, in Elgin, by Grace Penrose, niece and sole heiress of John Penrose, esq. of Penrose, in the county of Cornwall, being heir and representative of the late Sir William Gordon, baronet, of Gordonstone, assumed, in obedience to the testamentary injunction of that

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gentleman, the name and arms of Gordon, and was created a baronet, on the 21st of May, 1804. He *m.* Helen, daughter of Sir Ludovick Grant, by whom he had issue William, the present baronet, another son, and nine daughters. He *d.* in 1806.

Motto,

Courage.

Country Seats—Altyr, in Elgin; and Gordonstone, Perthshire.

GORDON-DUFF, SIR ALEXANDER-CORNEWALL, baronet, of Hankin, in the county of Ayr; *b.* 3rd February, 1811; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 8th March, 1823.

Lineage.

JAMES DUFF, esq., son of William Duff, esq. of Crombie, in Scotland, having, for many years, filled the office of British consul, at the port of Cadiz, was created a baronet, on the 12th November, 1813, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the second son of his sister, Anne, by the Honorable Alexander Gordon, third son of William, Earl of Aberdeen, whom she *m.* in 1738. Sir James *d.* in 1815, and was succeeded, of course, by his nephew,

SIR WILLIAM-DUFF GORDON, who assumed, by royal permission, the name and arms of Duff, in addition to those of Gordon; *b.* 8th April, 1772; *m.* in 1810, Caroline, daughter of Sir George Cornewall, bart., by whom he had issue Alexander-Cornewall, the present baronet, and another son and daughter. He *d.* in 1823.

Country Seat—Kinstair, Ayrshire.

GORDON, SIR JAMES-WILLOUGHBY, baronet, of Niton, in the Isle of Wight; *m.* Julia, daughter of Richard H. A. Bennett, esq. of Babraham, in Somersetshire, by whom he has issue a son and daughter.

Mr. Gordon, having attained the rank of major-general in the army, with the Grand Cross of the Bath, was created a baronet, on the 5th December, 1818.

Sir James is colonel of the 85th regiment of foot, and quarter-master-general of the Forces.

Motto, in English,

By courage, not intrigue.

Country Seat—Niton, Isle of Wight.

GORING, SIR CHARLES-FOSTER, baronet, of Highden, in the county of Sussex; *m.* Miss Dent, by whom he has issue Henry-Dent, and eight other children; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, Sir Harry.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient Sussex family, the members of which, in remote reigns, have filled important stations about the court, and, in more recent ones, have held high commissions in the army. It obtained the baronetcy, however, through Sir James Bowyer, of Lighthorn, in the county of Sussex, who procured a patent, in 1678, to entail his title (conferred upon his grandfather, in 1627,) upon

HENRY GORING, esq. of Highden, with precedence, according to the date of the first creation. This gentleman, of course, succeeded Sir James; he *m.* Diana, daughter of Sir Edward Bishopp, baronet, and grand-daughter of Nicholas, first Earl of Thanet, by whom he had two sons, and was succeeded by his grandson, the son of Captain Goring,

SIR CHARLES. This gentleman dying without issue, the title devolved upon his half-brother,

SIR HARRY, who *m.* Miss Matthews, daughter and co-heiress of Admiral Sir George Matthews, knt., by whom he had eleven children, nine sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1734, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR CHARLES-MATTHEWS, who *m.* Mary, youngest daughter of William Blackburn, esq., by whom he had a son and two daughters. He *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, second daughter of Sir Robert Fagg, bart., and, eventually, heiress of her brother, Sir Robert Fagg, bart., by whom he had one son, Charles, who inherited the Fagg estates in Kent and Sussex. Sir Charles Matthews was succeeded, in 1769, by his eldest son,

SIR HARRY. This gentleman *m.* twice: first, Miss Forster, only child of Governor Forster, of Fort William, in Bengal, by whom he had Charles-Forster, the present baronet, and a daughter. He *m.* secondly, Miss Elizabeth Fisher, by whom he had one son, Harry.

Town Residence—2, Chapel-street, Portland-place.

Country Seat—Highden, Sussex.

GORMANSTON, VISCOUNT, (Jenico Preston,) of Gormanston, in the county of Dublin; *b.* 4th January, 1775; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 15th December, 1786; *m.* in 1794, Margaret, eldest daughter of Thomas-Arthur, Viscount Southwell, by whom he has issue Edward-Anthony-John, *b.* 8th June, 1796, and five other sons, besides two daughters.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament. Lord Gormanston is, however, excluded from the legislature upon another account,—that of professing the Roman Catholic religion.

Lineage.

SIR ROBERT DE PRESTON, of Gormanston, being nominated deputy to Richard, Duke of York, lord-deputy of Ireland, in 1478, was created, in that year, Viscount Gormanston. The title, from this nobleman, was handed down, in regular descent, to

NICHOLAS, the sixth in succession, who *m.* the Honorable Mary Barnewall, daughter of Nicholas, first Lord Kingsland, by whom he had issue two sons. He *d.* in 1643, and was succeeded by the eldest,

JENICO. This nobleman adhering to his allegiance to James the Second, was outlawed in 1691; from which period, the title, although regularly borne by the rightful successors, was not acknowledged in law until the present viscount was restored to the privileges of his ancestors, by parliament,

in 1800. To the outlawed viscount succeeded his nephew,

JENICO, and to him his brother,

ANTHONY, who *m.* his first-cousin, Miss Mary Preston, and was succeeded, in 1716, by his only son,

JENICO, who *d.* on the 31st October, 1757, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ANTHONY. This nobleman *m.* Honetta, daughter of Lieutenent-General Robinson, of Denston-Hall, in Suffolk, by whom he had an only son, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
Without stain.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

GORT, VISCOUNT, (Charles Vereker,) and Baron Kiltarton, in the county of Galway; governor of the same county; constable of the city of Limerick, and colonel of its militia, and a privy-councillor in Ireland; *b.* in 1768; *m.* first, in 1790, Jane, relict of William Stamer, esq. of Cornelly, in the county of Clare, and daughter of Ralph Westropp, esq. of Allyfern, by whom he has issue John-Pendergast, *b.* 21st April, 1790, and two daughters; he *m.* secondly, in 1810, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John Pallisser, esq. of Derryluskan, in the county of Tipperary, by whom he has a son. His lordship succeeded to the peerage upon the demise of his uncle, on the 23rd of May, 1817.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament. The present viscount sits, however, as one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

JOHN-PENDERGAST SMYTH, esq., son of Charles Smyth, esq., who represented the city of Limerick for forty-five years in parliament, by Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Thomas Pendergast, bart., and sister and heiress of the last baronet, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 15th May, 1810, as Baron Kiltarton, with remainder to his nephew, Charles Vereker, the son of his sister, Juliana, who *m.* Thomas Vereker, esq. of Roxborough, in the county of Limerick. His lordship was advanced to a viscounty, as Viscount Gort, with the same reversionary clause, on the 22nd January, 1816, and *d.* unmarried in the following year.

Motto, in English,
Truth conquers.

Town Residence—Nerot's Hotel, Clifford-street, Bond-street.

GOSFORD, EARL OF, (Archibald-Acheson,) Viscount and Baron Gosford, of Market Hill, in the county of Armagh, and a baronet; governor and custos-rotulorum of the same county, and colonel of its militia; *m.* in July, 1805, Mary, only daughter of Robert Sparrow, esq. of Worlingham Hall, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he has issue Archibald, Lord Acheson, *b.* 29th August, 1806, and four daughters. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 14th January, 1807.

This being an Irish peerage, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament. The present earl sits, however, as one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

SIR ARCHIBALD ACHESON, bart., the sixth in descent from Sir Archibald Acheson, secretary of state for Scotland, who was created a baronet in September, 1628, and son of Sir Arthur Acheson, by Anne, daughter of the Right Honorable Philip Savage, chancellor of the exchequer for Ireland, was created Baron Gosford on the 20th July, 1776, and Viscount on the 20th of June, 1785. His lordship *m.* in 1740, Mary, youngest daughter of John Richardson, esq. of Rich Hill, in the county of Armagh, by whom he had ten children. He *d.* in 1790, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ARTHUR, who was created Earl of Gosford in 1806. His lordship *m.* in 1774, Milicent, daughter of General Pole, by whom he had issue Archibald, the present peer, and six other children. He *d.* on the 14th January, 1807.

Motto, in English,
To the watchful.

Town Residence—Blake's Hotel, Jermyn-street.

Country Seat—Gosford Castle, in the county of Armagh.

GRACE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Grace Castle, in the county of Kilkenny, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his cousin, Sir Richard Gamon, bart. of Michenden, in the county of Middlesex, on the 8th of April, 1818.

Lineage.

This family deduces its descent from Reymond le Gros, one of the most powerful barons in the train of Strongbow, Earl of Pembroke, who acquired the great district in the county of Kilkenny, called "Grace's County."

ELIZABETH GRACE, only child of John Grace, esq. of Thomastown, *m.* Richard Gamon, esq. of Datchworthbury, in the county of Herts, by whom she had

RICHARD GAMON, esq. of Michenden, in the county of Middlesex, who was created a baronet on the 11th May, 1795, with remainder to Richard Grace, esq. of Southville, a member of the Irish parliament, who *m.* Jane, daughter of the Honorable George Evans, by whom, with other children, he had William, the present baronet. Mr. Grace *d.* in 1801. Sir Richard Gamon *m.* twice; but by his first lady, Grace, daughter of James Jeffreys, esq., having no issue; and by his second, Amelia, daughter of the late Duke of Atholl, having an only daughter; the baronetcy devolved, at his demise, in 1818, according to the reversionary clause in the patent.

Motto, in English,
Above the crest—Depend on Grace.
Under the arms—Our name and deeds accord.

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Country Seat—Grace Castle, county of Kilkenny.

GRAFTON, DUKE OF, (George-Henry Fitzroy,) in the county of Northampton; Earl of Euston, and Earl of Arlington; Viscount Thetford, Viscount Ipswich; Baron Arlington, of Arlington, and Sudbury, of Sudbury; lord-lieutenant, vice-admiral, and custos-rotulorum, of the county of Suffolk; hereditary receiver-general of the profits of the seals in the courts of king's bench and common pleas, and recorder of Thetford; *b.* 14th January, 1760; *m.* in 1784, Charlotte-Maria, daughter of James, Earl of Waldegrave, (by his countess, who became, after his lordship's decease, the wife of His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, brother to his late majesty King George the Third,) by whom he has issue Henry, Earl of Euston, *b.* in 1790, another son, and four daughters. Lord Euston *m.* in 1812, Mary-Caroline, youngest daughter of the Honorable Sir George-Cranfield Berkely, by whom he has a son and two daughters. His grace of Grafton succeeded to his family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 14th March, 1811.

Lineage.

Henry Fitzroy, second illegitimate son of his majesty King Charles the Second, by Barbara Villiers, Duchess of Cleveland, *b.* 28th September, 1663, was created, on the 16th of August, 1672, Baron of Sudbury, Viscount Ipswich, and Earl of Euston; on the 11th of September, 1675, Duke of Grafton; and, in 1680, installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. His grace *m.* in 1689, Isabella, sole heiress of Henry, Earl of Arlington, Viscount Thetford, and Baron Arlington, by whom he had an only son,

Charles, who succeeded to the family honors in 1690, and became Earl of Arlington, and Viscount Thetford, creations of the 22nd April, 1672; and Baron Arlington, of Arlington, creation of 14th March, 1603, upon the death of his mother. His grace *m.* Henrietta, daughter of Charles, Marquess of Worcester, and grand-daughter of the Duke of Beaufort, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. His eldest son *d.* without issue, in 1747; his third son, Charles, *d.* in minority, in 1739; and his second son, Augustus, *d.* in 1788, leaving issue Augustus-Henry and Charles, (who was created Baron Southampton in 1788.) His grace *d.* in 1757, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Augustus-Henry, who was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and filled the high offices of secretary of state, and first lord of the treasury, in 1765 and 1766. His grace *m.* twice: first, in 1756, Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Henry, Lord Ravensworth, from whom he was divorced, by act of parliament, in 1769, having previously had issue George-Henry, the present Duke, and another son, and a daughter. He *m.* a second time, Elizabeth, daughter of the late Reverend Sir Richard Wrottesley, bart., by whom he had six sons and seven daughters. He *d.* on the 14th March, 1811.

Motto,

The ornament and recompense of virtue.

Town Residence—47, Clarges-street, Piccadilly.

Country Seat—Wakefield Lodge, Stoney-Stratford; and Euston Hall, Thetford.

GRAHAM, EARL, (James Graham,) and Baron Graham, of Belford, in the county of Northumberland, created 23rd May, 1722.

See, Duke of Montrose.

GRAHAM, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Esk, in the county of Cumberland; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1795; *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter of John Young, esq. of Battle, by whom he has issue Robert, *b.* 14th August, 1813, and five other children.

Lineage.

This family is of Scottish descent, and is said to have taken up its residence upon the English border, in the reign of Henry the Fourth. It obtained a baronetcy through

Richard Graham, esq., a gentleman in the service of the Duke of Buckingham, who was advanced to that honor on the 29th of March, 1629, and subsequently distinguished himself in the Royal Cause, particularly at the battle of Edge-Hill, where he was severely wounded, and lay amongst the slain for an entire night. He *d.* in 1653, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir George, who *d.* in 1657, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Richard, who, in 1680, was advanced to the peerage of Scotland, as Viscount Preston, and took his seat in the parliament of that kingdom, under that title. His lordship was British ambassador to the Court of France for many years, and, subsequently, secretary of state to James the Second. Upon the Revolution occurring, he was committed to the Tower, but soon released. Being afterwards apprehended in an attempt to escape to his old master in France, he was sent to Newgate, arraigned for high-treason, and condemned, but pardoned through the intercession of his friends. He *d.* in 1659, and was succeeded by his son,

Edward, in the peerage and baronetcy, who died in 1709, and was succeeded by his only son,

Charles, who *d.* without issue, in 1739, when the viscounty became extinct, but the baronetcy devolved upon his kinsman,

The Reverend William Graham, who *m.* Susannah, relict of Richard Trench, esq. of Battle, in the county of Sussex, and had issue three sons and three daughters. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Charles, who *d.* unmarried in 1795, when the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Motto,

Reason contents me.

GRAHAM, SIR BELLINGHAM, baronet, of Norton-Conyers, in the county of York; *b.* 3rd November, 1789; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 13th April, 1796; *m.* in 1810, Henrietta, third daughter of the late George Hatch, esq. of West-Hatch, in the county of Essex, by whom he has two sons and two daughters.

Lineage.

Richard Graham, esq. was advanced to a baronetcy on the 7th of November, 1762, in consideration of the services which he had rendered to the Royal Cause during the Civil War. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Colonel Sir Chichester Fortescue, knight, of Dromesken, in Ireland, by whom he had four sons and six daughters. By the third, and eldest surviving, of the former,

Sir Reginald, he was succeeded. This gentleman, who had been page of honor to James the Second, *m.* Frances, daughter and heiress of Henry Bellingham, esq. by whom he had three sons. He *d.* on the 20th May, 1728, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Bellingham, who *d.* unmarried in 1730, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Reginald. This gentleman *d.* on the 4th November, 1755, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Bellingham, who *m.* Miss Hudson, of Bridlington, in the county of York, by whom he had a son and a daughter. He *d.* in 1790, and was succeeded by the former,

Sir Bellingham. This gentleman *m.* Priscilla, daughter of Sir Charles Whitworth, knight, and sister to Charles, Earl Whitworth, by whom he had issue the present baronet and two daughters. He *d.* on the 13th April, 1796.

Town Residence—17, Henrietta-street, Cavendish-square.

Country Seats — Hill-place, near Droxford, Hants; Quarndon Hall, Leicestershire; and Norton-Conyers, and Kippax, in the county of York.

GRAHAM, SIR JAMES-ROBERT-GEORGE, baronet, of Netherby, in the county of Cumberland; *m.* 8th July, 1819, Fanny, youngest daughter of James Campbell, esq. of Ardinglass, by whom he has no issue; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, 13th April, 1824.

Lineage.

This is also a branch of the house of Graham, of Esk. The Honorable Catharine Graham, surviving daughter and heiress of the last Viscount Preston, dying, in 1757, without issue, devised her estates to her cousin, the Reverend Robert Graham, (grandson of Sir George Graham, the second baronet, of Esk, through his second son, the Reverend Doctor William Graham,) whose second son,

James Graham, esq., was created a baronet on the 28th December, 1782. He *m.* in 1785, Catherine, eldest daughter of John, seventh Earl of Galloway, by whom he had issue James-Robert-George, the present baronet, and twelve other children.

Motto,

Reason contents me.

Country Seat—Netherby, in the county of Cumberland.

GRAHAM, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Kirkstall, in the county of York; *b.* 18th November, 1753; *m.* in 1781, Anne, only daughter of the Reverend Thomas Moore, of Kirkstall, and, eventually, heiress to her brother, Thomas Moore, esq., major of the 4th regiment of cavalry, (who *d.* unmarried, in 1784,) by whom he has an only son, Sandford, *b.* 10th March, 1788, and *m.* in 1819, to Caroline, daughter of John Langston, esq. of Sandon House, Oxfordshire.

Sir James Graham, who claims to be of the family of Graham, of Esk, obtained his baronetcy on the 3rd of October, 1808. He is recorder of the borough of Appleby, and representative in parliament for Carlisle.

Town Residence—1, Portland-place.

Country Seats—Kirkstall, in the county of York; and Edmund Castle, Cumberland.

GRANARD, EARL OF, (George Forbes,) Viscount Forbes, and Baron of Clanehugh, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of Nova Scotia, to which honors he succeeded upon the demise of his father, the late Earl, in 1780; created a peer of the empire at large, as Baron Granard, of Castle Donnington, in the county of Leicester, on the 15th February, 1806. His lordship was *b.* on the 14th June, 1760; and *m.* in 1779, Selina-Frances, fourth daughter of John, late Earl of Moira, by whom he has issue George-John, Viscount Forbes, *b.* the 3rd May, 1785; another son, and five daughters.

Lord Granard is a lieutenant-general in the army, a privy-councillor, and clerk of the crown and Hanaper, in Ireland, governor and custos-rotulorum of the county of Longford, and colonel of the Longford militia.

Lineage.

Arthur Forbes, esq., a descendant of the Lords Forbes, in Scotland, settled at Castle Forbes, in Ireland, in 1622, and was created a baronet of Nova Scotia in 1628. He *d.* in 1632, and was succeeded by his only son,

Sir Arthur, who was elevated to the Irish peerage, on the 23rd of September, 1675, as Baron Clanehugh and Viscount Granard, and created Earl of Granard on the 20th December, 1684. His lordship *d.* in 1695, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Arthur, who *m.* in 1678, Mary, eldest daughter of Sir George Rawdon, of Moira, bart., by whom he had four sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1737, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George Forbes, who had been summoned to the Irish house of lords, in the lifetime of his father, as Baron Forbes. His lordship was a naval

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officer of rank, being admiral of the red. He *d.* in 1765, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 29th regiment of foot. His lordship *d.* in 1779, and was succeeded by his only son,

GEORGE. This nobleman *m.* twice: first, in 1759, Dorothy, second daughter of Sir Nicholas Bayley, bart., of Plas Newyth, in the Isle of Anglesey, by whom he had an only son, George, the present earl; and, secondly, in 1766, Georgiana-Augusta, eldest daughter of Augustus, fourth Earl of Berkely, by whom he had two sons and four daughters.

Motto, in English,

The torch of the mind is the flame of glory.

Country Seat—Castle Forbes, county of Longford, Ireland.

GRANDISON, VISCOUNT, (George-Child-Villiers,) in the Irish peerage.

See, Earl of Jersey.

GRANTHAM, BARON, (Thomas-Philip Weddell,) of Grantham, in the county of Lincoln, and a baronet; *b.* 8th December, 1781; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1786, and assumed, by royal permission, the name of Weddell (one of the daughters of his lordship's ancestor, Sir William Robinson, knight, *m.* William Weddell, esq. of Erswick, in the county of York). His lordship *m.* in 1805, Henrietta-Frances, youngest daughter of William, late Earl of Enniskillen, by whom he has issue Frederick-William Weddell, *b.* 11th April, 1810, and three daughters.

Lineage.

The family name of this noble house was Robinson, and its founder was William Robinson, an eminent Hamburgh merchant, who was lord-mayor of York in the years 1581 and 1594, from whom directly descended

METCALFE ROBINSON, esq., who was created a baronet on the 30th July, 1660, and represented the city of York for several years in parliament. Dying, however, without male issue, the title became extinct, while the estates devolved upon his nephew,

WILLIAM ROBINSON, who had the baronetcy revived in 1689. He was lord-mayor of the city of York in 1700, and represented that city in parliament from 1697 to 1712. He *m.* Mary, daughter of George Aislabie, esquire, of Studley Royal, in the county of York, by whom he had six children, and dying in 1736, was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR METCALFE, who *d.* unmarried within a few days of his father, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR TANCRED. This gentleman was a naval officer, and rose to the rank of rear-admiral of the white. He was twice lord-mayor of York, in 1718 and in 1738. He *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of William Norton, esq. of Disforth, in the county of York, by whom he had nine children. Sir Tancred *d.* in 1754, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *d.* without issue, on the 4th March, 1770, when the title devolved upon his brother,

THOMAS ROBINSON, Baron Grantham, who began his political and diplomatic career as secretary of embassy, in 1723, to Horace Walpole, esq. (afterwards Lord Walpole,) ambassador to the Court of France. From that period until 1749, he was employed in different important diplomatic missions to the various Courts of Europe. In 1750, he was appointed master of the great wardrobe, and sworn of the privy-council; and, in 1754, nominated one of the principal secretaries of state, which office he filled until 1755, when he resumed the post of master of the great wardrobe. He was elevated to the peerage, by letters patent, dated 7th April, 1761, by the style of Lord Grantham, Baron Grantham, in Lincolnshire; and, subsequently, appointed one of the postmasters-general of Great Britain and Ireland. His lordship *d.* on the 30th September, 1770, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS. This nobleman was also a diplomatist, being appointed secretary of embassy to the Congress of Augsburgh in 1761, and ambassador to the Court of Madrid in 1771. In 1779, he was nominated first lord of trade; in 1782, secretary of state for foreign affairs; and, in 1783, he concluded the preliminaries of peace with France. His lordship *m.* in 1780, Mary-Jemima, daughter of Philip, second Earl of Hardwicke, and sister and heiress presumptive of Amabel, Countess de Grey, by whom he left two sons, Thomas-Philip, the present peer, and Frederick-John, now chancellor of the exchequer. His lordship *d.* on the 10th July, 1786.

Motto, in English,

The same as from the beginning.

Town Residence—1, St. James's-square.

Country Seats—Newby Hall, Boroughbridge, Yorkshire; and West-Cowes, in the Isle of Wight.

GRANTLEY, LORD, (Fletcher Norton,) Baron of Markenfield, in the county of York; *b.* in October, 1795; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, on the 12th November, 1822.

Lineage.

FLETCHER NORTON, esq., eldest son of Thomas Norton, esq. of Grantley, being bred to the Bar, was appointed solicitor-general in 1761, when he received the accustomary honor of knighthood. In November, 1763, he was raised to the attorney-generalship; and, in 1769, appointed chief-justice in Eyre. In 1770, Sir Fletcher was chosen speaker of the house of commons, which elevated station he continued to fill until 1780. He was elevated to the peerage, on the 9th of April, 1782, as Lord Grantley, Baron of Markenfield, in the county of York. His lordship *m.* in 1741, Grace, daughter of Sir William Chapple, knight, one of the judges of the court of king's bench, by whom he had issue

William, his successor; Fletcher, one of the barons of the exchequer, in Scotland, (who *m.* Miss Caroline-Elizabeth Balmain, and had four sons, the eldest of whom, Fletcher, is the present peer,) and one daughter. His lordship *d.* in 1789, and was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM, who *d.* without issue, on the 12th of November, 1822, when the title devolved upon his nephew, the present baron.

Motto, in English,

I follow a long train of ancestors.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Grantley Park, Yorkshire.

GRANVILLE, VISCOUNT, (Granville-Levison Gower,) of Stone Park, in the county of Stafford; *m.* in 1809, Henrietta, daughter of William, late Duke of Devonshire, by whom he has issue Granville-George, *b.* 11th May, 1815, another son, and two elder daughters. This nobleman, who is youngest son of Granville, first Marquess of Stafford, and great-grand-nephew, maternally, of Grace Granville, Countess of Granville, was created Viscount Granville, of Stone Park, on the 12th of August, 1815.

Motto, in English,

You may break, but cannot bend me.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Stone Park, Staffordshire.

GRAVES, LORD, (Thomas-North Graves,) Baron of Gravesend, county of Londonderry; *b.* 28th May, 1775; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 9th February, 1802; *m.* in 1803, Mary, youngest daughter of Henry, Earl of Uxbridge, and sister of the present Marquess of Anglesey, by whom he has issue William-Thomas, *b.* 18th April, 1804, four other sons and four daughters. His lordship is one of the lords of the king's bedchamber, and comptroller of the household to his Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex.

This being an Irish barony, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament. The present baron sits, however, in the lower house, as one of the representatives of Milborne Port.

Lineage.

THOMAS GRAVES, esq., son of Thomas Graves, esq. of Thankes, in the county of Cornwall, by Elizabeth, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Budgell, being bred a naval officer, distinguished himself upon various occasions, but particularly as leader of the British van, in the decisive and glorious conflict between Admiral Earl Howe and the French fleet, upon the 1st of June, 1794, for which gallant service, he was elevated to the Irish peerage, in the July following, by the title of Lord Graves, Baron of Gravesend, county of Londonderry. His lordship *m.* in 1771, Elizabeth, daughter, and one of the co-heiresses of William-Peere Williams, esq., of Cadleigh, in Devonshire, by whom he had issue Thomas-North, the present baron, another son, and four daughters. He *d.* on the 9th of February, 1802.

Motto, in English,

An eagle does not catch flies

Town Residence—15, Hanover-street.

Country Seat—Bishop's Court, Exeter.

GRAY, BARON, (Francis Gray,) of Gray, in the county of Perth; F.R.S.; *b.* 1st September, 1765; *m.* in 1794, Mary-Anne, daughter of James Johnstone, esq., major of the 61st regiment of foot, by whom he has issue John, *b.* 12th May, 1798, and three daughters. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, on the 12th of Dec. 1807.

This being a Scottish barony, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament. The present lord is, however, one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

The nobility of this family can be traced to the beginning of the fifteenth century, when

SIR ANDREW GRAY, of Broxmouth, was created a peer of parliament, as Lord Gray, of Gray. His lordship was succeeded by his son,

ANDREW, who survived his eldest son, Patrick, Master of Gray, and was succeeded at his demise, in 1469, by his grandson,

ANDREW, who was succeeded by his son,

PATRICK. This nobleman having no male issue, obtained a reversionary grant of the title to his nephew,

PATRICK, son of Gilbert Gray, of Buttergask, who *d.* in 1582, and was succeeded by his son,

PATRICK, who was succeeded by his son,

PATRICK, to whom succeeded his son,

ANDREW. This nobleman having no male issue, obtained a new patent, in 1663, by which the title descended to the son of his only daughter, by Sir William Gray, of Pettendrum,

PATRICK, in 1663, who having no male issue, was himself obliged to obtain a new patent, in 1707, in favor of the husband of his only daughter,

JOHN GRAY, esq. of Crichee, who inherited at his father-in-law's demise, in 1711. His lordship *d.* in 1724, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN, who *d.* in 1738, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN. This nobleman *m.* in 1741, Miss Blair, an heiress, by whom he had issue Andrew, Master of Gray, who *d.* unmarried in the lifetime of his father; Charles, his successor; William-John, the late, and Francis, the present lord, besides six daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1782, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

CHARLES, who *d.* in 1786, unmarried, when the title devolved upon his next brother,

WILLIAM-JOHN, who also *d.* unmarried, on the 12th of December, 1807, when the barony descended to the present peer.

Motto,

Anchor, fast anchor.

Country Seat—Kinfauns Castle, Perthshire.

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GREEN, SIR JUSTLY-WATSON, baronet, of Marass, in the county of Kent; *b.* 8th October, 1785; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1811.

Lineage.

WILLIAM GREEN, esq., son of Fairbridge Green, esq., of the county of Durham, having risen to the rank of a general officer in the army, was created a baronet, on the 10th of June, 1786. He *m.* in 1754, Miriam, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Justly-Watson, by whom he had issue Justly, the present baronet, another son and five daughters.

Country Seat—Marass, county of Kent.

GREEN, SIR CHARLES, knt., and baronet, of Milnrow, in the county of York; *b.* 18th December, 1749. This gentleman, the son of Christopher Green, esq., (an officer, who fell at the battle of Minden,) by Britannia, daughter of Charles Hamilton, esq., of Monaghan, in Ireland, having risen to the rank of a general in the army, and obtained the command of the 37th regiment of foot, had the honor of knighthood conferred upon him, on the 4th of May, 1803, and was, subsequently, created a baronet, on the 5th of December, 1805.

Motto, in English,

To maintain a steady mind.

Country Seat—Milnrow, Yorkshire.

GRENVILLE, BARON, (William-Wyndham Grenville,) of Wolton-under-Bernewood, in the county of Bucks; *b.* 25th October, 1759; *m.* in 1792, Anne, only daughter of Thomas, Lord Camelford, and sister and sole heiress of the last lord, by whom he has no issue. His lordship, who is a distinguished statesman, having filled some of the highest political offices, during the eventful reign of his late majesty, (George the Third,) was elevated to the peerage, on the 25th of November, 1790, by the above title. Lord Grenville is auditor of the exchequer; chancellor of the University of Oxford; one of the governors of the Charter House, and high-steward of Bristol; D.C.L., and F.S.A.

Lineage.

His lordship is second son of the Right Honorable George Grenville, by Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Wyndham, baronet.—For a further genealogical account, see the lineage of his nephew, the Duke of Buckingham.

Motto, in English,

Following the example of his ancestors.

Town Residence—21, Charles-street, Berkeley-square.

Country Seat—Dropmore, Buckinghamshire.

GRESLEY, SIR ROGER, baronet, of Drakelow, in the county of Derby; *b.* 27th of December, 1799; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 26th of March, 1808; *m.* in 1821, Sophia, youngest daughter of George William, present Earl of Coventry, by whom he has a daughter, *b.* 14th October, 1823.

Lineage.

This is one of the oldest baronetcies in the kingdom, being conferred in little more than a month after the institution of the order, (on the 29th June, 1611,) upon

GEORGE GRESLEY, esq., who represented New-Castle-Under-line, in parliament. He *m.* Susan, daughter of Sir Humphrey Ferrars, knt., by whom he had a son and two daughters. The former *d.* in the lifetime of his father, leaving ten children, by Bridget, daughter of Sir Thomas Burdett, bart., the eldest surviving of whom,

SIR THOMAS, succeeded his grandfather, and *d.* in 1699, when he was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *d.* in 1711, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SIR THOMAS, who *d.* of the small pox, leaving an only daughter, in 1753, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR NIGEL. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of the Reverend Mr. Wynn, of Cheshire, by whom he had one son, and six daughters. He *d.* in 1787, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR NIGEL-BOWYER, who *m.* twice: first, his cousin, Wilmot, only daughter of his uncle, Sir Thomas Gresley, and thus obtained the estates which had been separated from the title, upon the demise of that gentleman. By this union he had three daughters. Her ladyship dying in 1790, he *m.* secondly, in 1796, Maria-Eliza, daughter and heiress of Caleb Gatway, esq. of Worcester, by whom he had issue Roger, the present baronet, another son, and two daughters. Sir Nigel *d.* on the 26th March, 1808.

Motto, in English,

Faith superior to fortune.

Town Residence—2, Saville-street.

Country Seats—Drakelow, Derbyshire; and Knipersley, in the county of Stafford.

GREY, EARL, (Charles Grey,) Viscount Howick, and Baron Grey, of Howick, in the county of Northumberland, and a baronet; *b.* 13th March, 1764; *m.* 18th November, 1794, Mary-Elizabeth, daughter of William-Brabazon, Lord Ponsonby, by whom he has issue Henry, Viscount Howick, *b.* 28th December, 1802, six other sons and five daughters. His lordship's eldest daughter, Louisa-Elizabeth, is *m.* to John-George Lambton, esq. of Lambton, M.P. for the county of Durham. The earl succeeded to the peerage upon the demise of his father, on the 14th November, 1807; and to the baronetcy, upon the decease of his uncle, Sir Henry Grey, of Howick, in 1808.

Lineage.

GENERAL SIR CHARLES GREY, K.B., brother of Sir Henry Grey, baronet, of Howick, in the county of Northumberland, (descended from a common ancestor with the (extinct) Barons Grey, of Werke, the last of whom, *d.* in 1706,) having distinguished

himself as a military officer, (commencing his career as aid-de-camp to Prince Ferdinand, at the battle of Minden, and terminating it, as commander-in-chief, at the reduction of the French West India Islands, during the war with France, immediately subsequent to the Revolution in that country,) was elevated to the peerage, on the 23rd of June, 1801, by the title of Baron Grey, of Howick, and advanced to a viscounty and earldom, on the 11th of April, 1806, as Viscount Howick, and Earl Grey. His lordship *m.* in 1762, Elizabeth, daughter of George Grey, esq. of Southwick, in the county of Durham, by whom he had issue, Henry, who died in infancy; Charles, the present peer, a celebrated patriot, statesman, and orator; and several other children. His lordship's eldest daughter, Elizabeth, *m.* in 1786, the late lamented patriot, Samuel Whitbread, esq., M.P. for Bedford. The earl *d.* on the 14th of November, 1807.

Motto, in English,

To serve the king with good will.

Town Residence—48, Berkeley-square.

Country Seat—Howick, near Alnwick, Northumberland.

GREY DE RUTHYN, BARONESS, (Barbara Yelverton,) *b.* in 1810; succeeded to the title in the same year, (7th Nov. 1810,) upon the demise of her father.

Lineage.

This barony was created, by summons, on the 30th of December, 1324, when

ROGER DE GREY, of Ruthyn, younger son of John, Lord Grey, was called to parliament, by writ, as Baron de Grey, of Ruthyn. His lordship *d.* in 1353, when the barony was inherited by his son and heir,

REGINALD, who *d.* in 1388, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

REGINALD; to whom succeeded, in 1400, his grandson,

EDMUND, created Earl of Kent, on the 3rd of May, 1465, in which title, the barony merged for 174 years, until the earldom became extinct at the demise of

HENRY, eighth earl, and eleventh baron, without male issue, in 1639. His lordship's great-grandfather, Henry-Grey, fourth earl and seventh baron, never used any title, in consequence of his poverty. Upon the demise of the last Earl of Kent, his nephew, (the son of his lordship's sister, Susan, who *m.* Sir Michael Longueville,)

CHARLES LONGUEVILLE, claimed the barony, and had his claim admitted, in 1640. His lordship *d.* in three years afterwards, and was succeeded by his only daughter and heiress,

SUSAN, who thus became Baroness Grey de Ruthyn. Her ladyship *m.* Sir Henry Yelverton, baronet, of Easton Mauduit, in the county of Northampton, and dying, in 1676, was succeeded by her son,

SIR CHARLES YELVERTON, bart., who *d.* unmarried, in 1679, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

SIR HENRY, created on the 21st of April, 1690, Viscount Longueville. His lordship *d.* 1704, and was succeeded by his son,

TALBOT, who was advanced to an earldom, as Earl of Sussex, on the 26th September, 1717. His lordship *d.* in 1731, and was succeeded by his son,

GEORGE-AUGUSTUS. This nobleman *d.* unmarried, in 1758, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

HENRY, *b.* in 1729. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Hesther, daughter of John Hall, esq. of Mansfield Woodhouse, by whom he had a son, who *d.* in infancy, and a daughter, Barbara, who *m.* in 1775, Edward-Thornton Gould, esq., and *d.* in the lifetime of her father, leaving issue a son and three daughters; and secondly, Mary, daughter of John Vaughan, esq. of Bristol, by whom he had no child. His lordship dying, thus, without male descendants, in 1799, the earldom of Sussex and the viscounty of Longueville were extinguished, but the barony of Grey de Ruthyn devolved upon the son of his daughter, his lordship's grandson,

HENRY-EDWARD GOULD, who assumed, in 1800, the name and arms of Yelverton, in place of those of his paternal family. His lordship *m.* in 1809, Anna-Maria, daughter of William Kellam, esq. of Ryton-upon-Dunsmore, in the county of Warwick, by whom he had an only child and heiress, Barbara, the present baroness.

Country Seat—Brandon House, Warwickshire.

GREY, THE HONORABLE SIR GEO., baronet, and a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath; *b.* 10th of October, 1767; *m.* in 1795, Mary, daughter of Samuel Whitbread, senr., esq., and sister of the late member for Bedford, by whom he has issue George, *b.* 11th May, 1799, another son and three daughters. This gentleman, who is the fourth son of the late Earl Grey, and brother of the present, and a captain in the royal navy, was created a baronet, on the 29th July, 1814.

Motto, in English,

To serve the king with a free will.

Town Residence—Portsmouth, where he is Commissioner of the Dock-yard.

GRIMSTON, VISCOUNT, (James-Walter Grimston,) and Baron Dunboyne, in the peerage of Ireland.

See, Earl of Verulam.

GRINSTEAD, BARON, (John-Willoughby Cole,) of Grinstead, in the county of Wilts; created 18th July, 1815.

See, Earl of Enniskillen.

GROSVENOR, EARL, (Robert Grosvenor,) Viscount Belgrave, Baron Grosvenor, of Eaton, in the county Palatine of Chester, and a baronet; *b.* 22nd March, 1767; *m.* in 1794, Eleanor, daughter and sole heiress of Thomas,

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Earl of Wilton, by whom he has issue Richard, Viscount Belgrave, *b.* 27th January, 1795, (*m.* in 1819, Elizabeth-Maria, youngest daughter of the present Marquess of Stafford,) and another son and daughter. The earl succeeded to his family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 5th of August, 1802. His lordship is lord-lieutenant of the county of Flint.

Lineage.

This noble family traces its descent in the male line, to an illustrious house, which flourished in Normandy, for a century and a half before the conquest of England, and obtained its surname, from having held the high and powerful office in that principality of Le Grovenour. The founder of the family, Gilbert Le Grosvenor, came to England, in the train of the Conqueror, and was nephew of Hugh Lupus, Count of Avranches, and, subsequently, Earl of Chester, uncle of the victorious monarch. The immediate ancestor of the present earl, however, was

RICHARD GROSVENOR, second and eldest surviving son of Richard Grosvenor, esq. of Eaton, who was created a baronet, on the 23rd February, 1721-2, and from whom directly descended

SIR RICHARD GROSVENOR, the seventh baronet. This gentleman was elevated to the peerage, by patent, dated 8th April, 1761, as Baron Grosvenor, of Eaton, in the county palatine of Chester, and obtained a viscounty and earldom upon the 5th of July, 1784, by the titles of Viscount Belgrave, of the county of Chester, and Earl Grosvenor. His lordship *m.* in 1764, Henrietta, daughter of Henry Vernon, esq., by whom he had an only son, Robert, the present earl.

Motto,

Virtue, not ancestry, should characterize nobility.

Town Residence—83, Upper Grosvenor-street.

Country Seats—Eaton Hall, Cheshire; Halkin, Flintshire.

GUILFORD, EARL OF, (Frederick North,) and Baron Guilford, of Guilford, in the county of Surrey; *b.* in February, 1766; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his brother, in 1817.

Lineage.

SIR EDWARD NORTH, knight, a lawyer of eminence during the reign of Henry the Eighth, and one of the executors of that monarch's will, was summoned to parliament, by writ, dated the 17th of February, 1553, as Baron North, of Kirtling, in the county of Cambridge. His lordship *d.* in 1600, and was succeeded by his grandson,

DUDLEY, who was succeeded in 1666, by his son,

DUDLEY. This nobleman *m.* Anne, daughter and coheiress of Sir Charles Montague, by whom he had twelve children, the eldest of whom,

CHARLES, succeeded at his demise; and to him succeeded his only son,

WILLIAM, who *d.* without issue, in 1734, when the barony devolved upon his cousin,

FRANCIS, third Baron Guilford. This nobleman was grandson of Francis North, (second son of Dudley, Baron North, by Anne Montague,) who having adopted the legal profession, filled, successively, the offices of solicitor and attorney-general, lord-chief-justice of the court of common pleas, and lord-keeper of the great seal, between the years 1671 and 1682. In 1671, he received the honor of knighthood; and by letters patent, dated 27th September, 1683, was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Guilford, of Guilford, in the county of Surrey. His lordship *d.* in 1685, and was succeeded by his son, Francis, who was succeeded by his son, Francis, who inherited, as above, the ancient barony of his family. His lordship was *b.* in 1704, and he *m.* in 1728, Lucy, daughter of George, Earl of Halifax, by whom he had one son, Frederick, his successor. He *m.* secondly, in 1736, Elizabeth, Viscountess-dowager of Lewisham, daughter of Sir Arthur Kaye, by whom he had five children; and thirdly, Catharine, Countess-dowager of Rockingham, by whom he had no issue. His lordship was created Earl of Guilford, by letters patent, dated 8th of April, 1752; and dying, in 1790, was succeeded by his son,

FREDERICK. This nobleman was installed a knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter, and filled the highest official stations, between the years 1759 and 1770, being prime minister of Great Britain within that period. His lordship *m.* in 1756, Anne, daughter and sole heiress of George Speke, esq., by whom he had issue George-Augustus, his successor; Francis, late earl; Frederick, the present, and three other children. The earl *d.* on the 5th August, 1792, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE-AUGUSTUS. This nobleman *m.* twice: first, in 1785, Maria-Frances-Mary, daughter of George, Earl of Buckinghamshire, by whom he had a daughter; and secondly, Susan, daughter of Thomas Coutts, esq., the late opulent banker, by whom he had two more daughters, between whom the ancient barons of North and Kirtling fell into abeyance upon his lordship's demise, in 1802, and the other titles devolved upon his brother,

FREDERICK, who *d.* without issue, in 1817, when they descended to his brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,

By courage and faith;—and,
Virtue is the only true nobility.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Kirtling, Cambridgeshire; and Wroxton Abbey, in the county of Oxford.

GUISE, SIR BERKELEY-WILLIAM, of Highnam, in the county of Gloucester; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1794.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the family of Guise, of Elmore, in Gloucestershire, which enjoyed a baronetcy through its senior members, from 1661 to 1782,

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when the title became extinct at the demise of Sir William Guise. In the following year, however, (10th December, 1783,) a similar honor was conferred upon

JOHN GUISE, esq., son of Henry Guise, esq., by Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Edward Cooke, esq., a descendant from a junior member of the family. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Thomas Wright, esq., by whom he had five sons and three daughters. The eldest of whom, Berkeley-William, is the present baronet.

Town Residence—5, Pall Mall Place.

Country Seat—Highnam Park, Gloucestershire.

GUNNING, SIR ROBERT-HENRY, baronet, of Elsham, in the county of Kent; *b.* 26th December, 1795; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 7th of April, 1823.

Lineage.

ROBERT GUNNING, esq., son of Robert Gunning, esq., by Catherine, daughter of Thomas Edwards, esq., was created a baronet, on the 17th of October, 1778. He *d.* in 1816, and was succeeded by his son,

GEORGE-WILLIAM, who *m.* in 1794, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry, first Lord Bradford, by whom he had issue Robert-Henry, the present baronet, three other sons, and four daughters. He *d.* on the 7th of April, 1823.

Motto, in English,

One governs with imperial sway.

Country Seat—Horton, Northamptonshire.

GWYDIR, BARON, (Peter-Robert-Drummond Burrell,) of Gwydir, in the county of Carnarvon, and a baronet; *b.* in March, 1782; *m.* on the 20th October, 1807, Clementine-Sarah, daughter and sole heiress of James Drummond, Lord Perth, by whom he has issue three daughters. In consequence of this union, his lordship assumed, by royal permission, on the 5th of November succeeding his marriage, the name and arms of Drummond, in addition to those of his own family, Burrell. He succeeded to the barony upon the demise of his father, on the 29th June, 1820, and, also, to the deputy-great chamberlainship of England.

Lineage.

MERRICK BURRELL, esq., second son of Peter Burrell, esq. of Beckingham, in the county of Kent, was created a baronet, on the 15th of July, 1765, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his elder brother and his heirs male. Sir Merrick dying childless, in 1787, the title devolved upon his grand-nephew,

SIR PETER BURRELL, (grandson of Peter Burrell, an eminent merchant and sub-governor of the South Sea Company,) who received the honor of knighthood, in 1781, upon officiating as deputy grand chamberlain, at the trial of Warren Hastings, esq.; and was elevated to the peerage, by the title of Baron Gwydir, of Gwydir, in the county of Carnarvon, on the 16th June, 1796. His lordship *m.* in 1779, Priscilla-Barbara-Elizabeth Lindsey, Baroness Willoughby D'Eresby, in her own right, eldest daughter of Peregrine, third Duke of Ancaster, and sister and co-heiress of Robert, fourth Duke, hereditary grand chamberlain of England, by whom he had issue Peter-Robert, the present peer, two other sons, and a daughter. His lordship *d.* on the 29th of June, 1820.

Motto, in English,

An even mind is never depressed.

Town Residence—142, Piccadilly.

Country Seat—Drummond Castle, Dumblaine.

HADDINGTON, EARL OF, (Charles Hamilton,) Baron of Binning, and hereditary keeper of Holyrood Park; *b.* in 1753; *m.* in 1779, Sophia, daughter of John, second Earl of Hopetoun, by whom he has an only son, Thomas, Lord Binning, *b.* in 1780, and *m.* in 1802, to Maria, only daughter of George, present Earl of Macclesfield. The earl succeeded to the family honors at the demise of his father, on the 19th of May, 1794, and was nominated lord-lieutenant of the county of Haddington.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the ancient ducal house of Hamilton, and was ennobled in the person of

THOMAS HAMILTON, esq., son of Sir Thomas Hamilton, knt. of Priestfield; one of the lords of session, who, being bred to the bar, and advanced to the most important legal offices in Scotland, was created Baron Binning, on the 30th of November, 1613, and Earl of Haddington, on the 28th of March, 1619. His lordship *m.* first, Miss Bothwick, by whom he had an only daughter; secondly, Miss Foulis, daughter of Sir James Foulis, baronet, by whom he had three sons and three daughters; and thirdly, Miss Ker, by whom he had no issue. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, who *m.* first, Catharine, fourth daughter of John Earl of Mar, by whom he had four sons and a daughter; and secondly, Jane, third daughter of George, Marquess of Huntley, by whom he left one (posthumous) daughter. His lordship having actively espoused the cause of the Covenanters, was unfortunately blown up in the Castle of Dunglas, of which he was governor, on the 30th of August, 1640, (by treachery, it is supposed,) with several of his kindred and adherents. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, who *d.* during his minority, in 1645, having previously *m.* the celebrated and beautiful Henrietta de Coligny, eldest daughter of Gaspard, Compte de Coligny, by whom he had no issue, and, in consequence, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN. This nobleman *d.* in 1669, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, who *m.* in 1674, Margaret, eldest daughter of John, Duke of Rothes, lord chancellor of Scotland, who, upon the demise of her father, without male issue, in 1681, (when the dukedom ceased) became Countess of Rothes. To prevent the junction of the two earldoms, it was contracted, at the period of her ladyship's nuptials with the Earl of Haddington, that the earldom of Rothes should be inherited by the eldest son of the marriage, and the earldom of Haddington, by the second; in consequence of which contract, Lord Haddington was succeeded at his demise, in 1685, by his second son,

THOMAS, who obtained a charter of the earldom of Haddington, on the 25th of February, 1687, and was, also, appointed by charter, on the 23rd of Jan. 1691, hereditary keeper of Holyrood Park. His lordship *d.* in 1735, and was succeeded by his grandson,

THOMAS. His lordship *m.* twice: first, in 1750, Mary, daughter of Rowland Holt, esq. of Redgrave, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he had Thomas, the present earl, and another son; and, secondly, in 1786, Anne, eldest daughter of Sir Charles Gascoigne, knight, by whom he had an only daughter. He *d.* on the 19th of May, 1794.

Motto, in English,

Undertake and persevere.

Country Seat—Tyningham Castle, Haddingtonshire.

HAGGERSTON, SIR CARNABY, baronet, of Haggerston Castle, in the county of Northumberland; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1777; *m.* Frances, daughter of Waller Smythe, esq., and granddaughter of Sir John Smythe, bart. of Espe, in the county of Durham, by whom he has an only child, Mary, the wife of Sir Thomas Stanley, bart. of Horton, in the county of Chester.

Lineage.

THOMAS HAGGERSTON, esq. commanding officer of a regiment in the service of King Charles the First, was created a baronet on the 15th of August, 1643. He *m.* Alice, daughter and heiress of Henry Banaster, esq. of Bank, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had two sons and four daughters, and was succeeded by the second, and eldest surviving, son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* twice; first, Margaret, daughter of Sir Francis Howard, knight, of Corby Castle, by whom he had nine sons and a daughter; and, secondly, Jane, daughter and heiress of Sir William Carnaby, by whom he had no child. Sir Thomas's eldest son, Thomas, fell in the service of James the Second, in Ireland; the third, fourth, and fifth sons, became clergymen of the church of Rome, (the family still adhering to that faith,) while the second son, William, *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Philip Constable, bart., and dying before his father, left, besides three daughters, a son,

SIR CARNABY, who succeeded to the title upon the demise of his grandfather, Sir Thomas. This gentleman *m.* Miss Elizabeth Middleton, of Stockhill, in the county of York, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1756, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who had married, two years previously, Mary, daughter of George Silvertop, esq. of the county of Northumberland, by whom he had three sons, the eldest of whom, Carnaby, is the present baronet; and two daughters. He *d.* on the 1st November, 1777.

Country Seat—Haggerston Castle, Northumberland.

HALES, SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Woodchurch, in the county of Kent; *m.* in 1789, Lucy, second daughter of Henry Darell, esquire, of Colehill, by whom he has no issue; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1802.

Lineage.

This is one of the oldest baronetcies, being conferred in the second creation after the institution of the order, on the 29th June, 1611, upon

EDWARD HALES, esq. (a descendant of Sir James Hales, knight, one of the judges of the court of common-pleas, in the reign of Henry the Eighth.) This gentleman *d.* in 1654, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR EDWARD, an active adherent of Charles the First. He *d.* in France, a few years after the Restoration, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR EDWARD. This gentleman espousing the cause of James the Second, (under whom he had risen to the command of a regiment, was sworn of the privy-council, and nominated lieutenant-governor of the Tower,) was thrown into prison for a year and a half after the Revolution. Obtaining, at length, his liberty, he joined his royal master in France, and was created by him Earl of Tenterden, in the county of Kent. He *d.* in 1695, and was succeeded in the baronetcy by his second and eldest surviving son, (the eldest, Edward, fell at the battle of the Boyne,)

SIR JOHN, who *m.* first, Helen, daughter of Sir Richard Bealing, by whom he had two sons; and, secondly, Helen, daughter of Dudley Bagnal, esq. of Newry, by whom he had three sons. He *d.* in 1744, and was succeeded by the son of his second son, his grandson,

SIR EDWARD. This gentleman *m.* twice: first, Winifred, fourth daughter of Sir John Webb, bart., by whom he had Edward, the present baronet, and other children; and, secondly, Mrs. Palmer, by whom he had no children. He *d.* in August, 1802.

Town Residence—54, Montagu-square.

Country Seats—Hale's-place, Canterbury; and Woodchurch, Kent.

HALES, SIR PHILIP, baronet, of Brakesbourne, in the county of Kent; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1773; *m.* in 1775, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Thomas Smith, of Keyworth, in the

county of Nottingham, by whom he had an only daughter. Sir Philip *d.* on the 12th of April, 1824, when it is presumed that the baronetcy, which was created on the 12th of June, 1660, became extinct.

HALFORD, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Penton, in the county of Lincoln; *m.* in 1795, Elizabeth - Barbara, third daughter of John, Lord St. John, of Bletshoe, by whom he has issue Henry, *b.* the 22nd August, 1797, who *m.* in July, 1824, Barbara, daughter of Mr. Serjeant Vaughan; and a daughter, *b.* in 1796, the wife of Frederick Coventry, esq. the nephew of the Earl of Coventry. This gentleman is the second son of Doctor John Vaughan, of Leicester, by Hester, daughter of Alderman Smalley, of the same place, grand-daughter of Sir Richard Halford, bart., and first-cousin of Sir Charles Halford, with whom that title ceased.

Mr. Vaughan being bred to the profession of medicine, was appointed physician-extraordinary to his late majesty King George the Third, (in which situation he continues with the present king,) and created a baronet on the 27th of September, 1809. Succeeding, subsequently, to the estates of Sir Charles Halford, Sir Henry Vaughan, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of that gentleman, assumed, by permission of parliament, in 1815, the name and arms of Halford only.

Town Residence—16, Curzon-street.

Country Seat—Weston Hall, Market Harborough, Leicestershire.

HALTON, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Samford, in the county of Essex; *b.* the 15th November, 1746; *m.* Mary, daughter of Michael Garner, esq. of King's Ripton, in the county of Huntingdon, by whom he has issue William, *b.* 18th October, 1769. He had a daughter, Mary, who became the wife of John Houghton James, esq. of Jamaica, and *d.* in 1808, leaving four sons and as many daughters, of whom the second daughter *m.* Sir Simon-Houghton Clarke, bart. Sir William Halton succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1776.

Lineage.

WILLIAM HALTON, esq. was created a baronet on the 10th September, 1642, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who was succeeded, in 1662, by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman dying unmarried in 1675, the title devolved upon his half-brother,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John Cresener, esq., and had several children, the eldest of whom,

SIR WILLIAM, succeeded, in 1726, at his father's demise, but dying without issue in 1754, the title devolved upon his kinsman,

SIR THOMAS, great-grandson of the first baronet, through his third son, Richard. This gentleman *m.* Miss Burton, of London, by whom, with other children, he had his successor, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Reach, Huntingdonshire.

HAMILTON, DUKE OF, (Alexander Hamilton,) Marquess of Hamilton, in the county of Lanark, Marquess of Douglas and Clydesdale, Earl of Angus, Arran, and Lanark, Lord of Macanshire, Polmont, Abernethy, and Aberbrothock, in the peerage of Scotland; Duke of Brandon, in the county of Suffolk, and Baron Dulton, in the county of Chester, in the peerage of England; and a nobleman of France, as Duke of Chatelherault; lord-lieutenant of Lanarkshire, and hereditary keeper of Holyrood-House; F.R. and S.A.; *b.* the 3rd of October, 1767; *m.* in 1810, Susan-Euphemia, daughter of William Beckford, esq. late of Fonthill Abbey, in the county of Wilts, by whom he has a son, William-Anthony-Archibald, Earl of Angus and Arran, *b.* 15th February, 1811, and a daughter, *b.* June, 1814. His grace succeeded to the honors of his father, on the 16th of February, 1819.

Lineage.

This illustrious family is said to be descended from William de Hameldon, one of the younger sons of Robert de Bellomont, Earl of Leicester; but it can be traced to

DAVID, son of Walter de Hameldun, one of the persons who took the oath of allegiance to Edward the First, in 1292. From this gentleman descended

SIR JAMES HAMELTON, of Cadyow, created a lord of parliament on the 28th of June, 1445, and succeeded, in 1479, by his only son,

JAMES, who was advanced to an earldom, on the 11th August, 1503, as Earl of Arran, and was succeeded, in 1530, by his only son,

JAMES. This nobleman having been declared by the parliament of Scotland, in 1543, heir-presumptive to the crown of that kingdom, was, in consequence thereof, appointed tutor to Queen Mary, and governor of the realm during her majesty's minority. In five years afterwards, his lordship was invested with the French order of St. Michael, and created, by Henry the Second, of France, Duke of Chatelherault, in Poitou. His grace *m.* Margaret, eldest daughter of James, third Earl of Morton, and *d.* on the 22nd of January, 1575, when he was succeeded in his honors by his eldest son,

JAMES; but, in consequence of the insanity of that nobleman, his grace's estates descended to his second son,

THE HONORABLE JOHN HAMILTON, who, with his younger brother, Claude, was banished from Scotland in 1579; but, returning in 1585, the act of forfeiture was annulled, and he was elevated to the peerage, on the 17th of April, 1599, as Marquess of Hamilton. His lordship died on the 12th

of April, 1604, and was succeeded by his only son,

JAMES, K.G., who, upon the demise of his uncle, James, Earl of Arran (already mentioned as insane) and Duke of Chatelherault, in 1609, succeeded to the family honors. His lordship obtained an English peerage, on the 16th June, 1619, by the titles of Baron Ennerdale, and Earl of Cambridge. He *m.* Anne, daughter of James, Earl of Glencairne, by whom he had two sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1625, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES, K.G., who was created, on the 17th June, 1633, Marquess of Clydesdale; and, on the 12th of April, 1643, Duke of Hamilton. His grace espousing warmly and actively the cause of his royal master, Charles the First, was defeated and taken prisoner at the battle of Preston, and suffered decapitation, in Old Palace Yard, on the 9th of March, 1648. He had *m.* Mary, daughter of William, first Earl of Denbigh, by whom he had four sons, who *d.* in infancy, and two daughters, Anne, and Susanna, who *m.* John, Earl of Cassilis. His grace was succeeded by his brother,

WILLIAM, who had himself been elevated to the peerage, on the 31st of March, 1639, as Lord Macanshire and Polmont, and Earl of Lanarkshire. His grace *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of James, Earl of Dirleton, by whom he had a son, who *d.* in infancy, and five daughters. The duke received a mortal wound in the service of Charles the Second, at the unfortunate battle of Worcester, and dying without male issue, his English titles were extinguished, but the dukedom of Hamilton, &c. devolved upon (the daughter of the late duke) his niece,

ANN, who *m.*

WILLIAM DOUGLAS, eldest son of William, first Marquess of Douglas, and obtained, by petition, for him, after her marriage, the title of Duke of Hamilton, for life. He had been previously elevated to the peerage as Earl of Selkirk. The issue of this marriage were seven sons and three daughters. His grace *d.* in 1694, and was succeeded in the earldom of Selkirk by his eldest son,

JAMES, to whom the duchess, a few years afterwards, surrendered her title, and his grace obtained an English peerage, upon the 11th of September, 1711, as Baron Dulton, in the county of Chester, and Duke of Brandon, in the county of Suffolk; but, upon applying for his seat in the house of lords, it was objected that, by the twenty-third article of Union, "no peer of Scotland could, after the Union, be created a peer of England;" and the house of lords so resolved, after a protracted debate, on the 30th December, 1710. His grace *m.* first, Anne, daughter of Robert, Earl of Sunderland, by whom he had two daughters; and, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Digby, Lord Gerrard, of Bromley, by whom he had seven children. The duke having accepted a challenge from Charles, Lord Mohun, engaged that nobleman in Hyde Park, on Sunday, the 15th of November, 1712; and, having slain his opponent, fell himself, it was suspected, through the treachery of General Macartney, Lord Mohun's second, for whose apprehension a reward of 500*l.* was subsequently offered. His grace was succeeded by his son,

JAMES. This nobleman *m.* thrice. By his first wife, Anne, daughter of John, Earl of Dundonald, he had an only son, his successor; by the second, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Strangways, esq. of Melbury Samford, in the county of Dorset, he had no issue; and by the third, Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Edward Spencer, esq. of Rendlesham, he had two sons and a daughter. His grace *d.* in 1742, and was succeeded by his son,

JAMES, who *m.* in 1752, Elizabeth second daughter of John Gunning, esq. of the county of Roscommon, in Ireland, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. His grace *d.* in 1758, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES-GEORGE, who succeeded to the marquesate of Douglas, and earldom of Angus, (the latter created on the 9th of April, 1389,) upon the demise of Archibald, last Duke of Douglas, in 1761. His grace dying unmarried, in 1769, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

DOUGLAS, who, in 1782, again mooted the point decided against his predecessor, in 1710, relative to his seat in the house of lords; and obtaining, after the opinion of the judges was taken, a resolution in his favour, was summoned, as Duke of Brandon. His grace dying without issue, in 1799, the family honors reverted to his uncle,

ARCHIBALD, eldest son, by his second wife, of James, fifth Duke of Hamilton. His grace *m.* Harriet, daughter of Alexander, Earl of Galloway, by whom he had issue Alexander, the present duke, (summoned to the house of lords, in the lifetime of his father, as Baron Dulton,) another son, and three daughters. The duke *d.* on the 16th of February, 1819.

Motto,
Through.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Hamilton Place, North Britain.

HAMILTON, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of The Mount, in the county of Middlesex, an officer of rank (vice-admiral of the blue) in the navy; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 24th of January, 1784; *m.* in 1803, Henrietta-Martha, only daughter of George Drummond, esq. of Stanmore, by whom he has two sons, one born in May, 1808, and the other on the 3rd of April, 1810.

Lineage.

CAPTAIN JOHN HAMILTON, of the royal navy, was created a baronet on the 6th of July, 1776, for the gallantry and professional skill which he displayed during the preceding year at the siege of Quebec. He *m.* on the 4th of October, 1763, Cassandra, daughter of Edward Chamberlaine, esq. of

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county of Gloucester, by whom he had Charles, the present baronet, and Edward, a post captain in the royal navy, who had the honor of knighthood conferred upon him, in 1800, for gallant achievements in his professional capacity, and was, subsequently, created a baronet.

Motto,
Through.

Town Residence—6, Foley Place.

Country Seat—The Mount, Uxbridge, Middlesex.

HAMILTON, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Woodbrook, in the county of Tyrone; *m.* Emily-Sophia, daughter of George-Paul Monke, esq., and grand-daughter of Marcus, (Beresford) Earl of Tyrone, by whom he has an only son, James-John. This gentleman, a lineal descendant of the Abercorn branch of the noble house of Hamilton, was created a baronet, on the 6th of May, 1815. He is a lieutenant-general in the army, colonel of the second Ceylon regiment, and governor of Duncannon Fort. In the recent Peninsular war, Sir John Hamilton so gallantly distinguished himself, that the Prince Regent of Portugal conferred upon him the insignia of a knight commander of the order of the Tower and Sword; and the King of Portugal, the Grand Cross of the same distinguished order.

Mottos,

Over the saw in the arms—Through.

Under the arms—Virtue is the only nobility.

Town Residence—19, Baker-street.

Country Seat — Woodbrook, in the county of Tyrone.

HAMILTON, SIR EDWARD, knight and baronet, of Trebinsham-House, in the county of Brecknock; *b.* 12th March, 1772; *m.* Miss Macnamara, by whom he has two sons and two daughters. This gentleman, who is a post captain in the royal navy, and second son of the late Captain Sir Edward Hamilton, R. N. received the honor of knighthood, by patent, dated 3rd of February, 1800, for the gallantry which he displayed, in cutting out his majesty's ship Hermione, from Porto Cavallo, in South America. He, subsequently, obtained the Grand Cross of the Bath, and was created a baronet, on the 20th of October, 1818.

Motto,
Through.

Town Residence—38, Nottingham-Place.

Country Seat—Trebinsham House, Brecknockshire.

HAMLYN, SIR JAMES-WILLIAMS, baronet, of Clovely Court, in the county of Devon, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 28th May, 1811; *m.* Diana, daughter of Abraham Whitaker, esq. of London, by whom he has issue two sons and a daughter.

Lineage.

JAMES HAMMETT, esq., son of Richard Hammett, esq. by Miss Risden, (an heiress) having inherited the estates of his great-uncle, Zachary Hamlyn, esq. of Lincoln's Inn, and Clovely Court, assumed, by act of parliament, the name and arms of Hamlyn, in place of those of his own family, and was created a baronet, on the 23rd of June, 1795. He *m.* Miss Williams, (an heiress) and had issue James-Williams, the present baronet, another son, and two daughters.

Country Seat—Clovely Court, Devonshire.

HAMOND, SIR ANDREW-SNAPE, knight and baronet, of Holly Grove, in the county of Berks; *m.* Anne, daughter and heiress of Henry Graeme, esq., of Hanwell Heath, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he has issue Graham-Eden, a captain in the royal navy, *b.* in December, 1799, and Caroline, *b.* in 1781. This gentleman, who is a naval officer of rank, and only son of the late Robert Hamond, esq., of Blackheath, by Susannah, only daughter and heiress of Robert Snape, esq., was knighted, in 1778, and created a baronet, on the 10th of December, 1783, in recompense for his distinguished professional services.

Country Seat—Holly Grove, Berkshire.

HAMPSON, SIR GEORGE-FRANCIS, baronet, of Taplow, in the county of Buckingham; *b.* 22nd October, 1789; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 19th of February, 1820; *m.* in 1822, Mary, daughter of the late Admiral Browne, by whom he has a son and heir, *b.* 25th September, 1823.

Lineage.

THOMAS HAMPSON, esq., son of Sir Thomas Hampson, knt., and alderman of the city of London, was created a baronet on the 3rd of June, 1642, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Anthony Dennis, esq. of Orleigh, in the county of Devon, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. He *d.* in 1670, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR DENNIS, who *d.* without issue, in 1719, when the title reverted to his cousin,

SIR GEORGE, a physician (grandson of the first baronet, through his fourth son, George Hampson, esq. M.D., by Grace, sister of Sir Robert Holte, baronet). This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of John Coghill, esq. of Bleachington, in the county of Oxford, by whom he had issue two sons and five daughters. He *d.* in 1724, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GEORGE, who *d.* in 1754, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SIR GEORGE-FRANCIS, who was succeeded, in 1774, by his son,

SIR THOMAS-PHILIP. This gentleman *m.* in 1788, Jane, eldest daughter and eventually co-heiress of Peter Hodson, esq. of Buck, in the county of Cumberland, by whom he had George-Francis, the

present baronet; and two daughters, who *d.* in infancy. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1820.

Motto, in English,

Now or never.

Town Residence—31, Hertford-street, May-Fair; and, professionally, being a barrister-at-law, 19, Lincoln's Inn Old-square.

HANHAM, SIR JAMES, THE REVEREND, baronet, of Winbourne, in the county of Dorset; *m.* first, in 1793, Anne, daughter of the late Edward Pike, esq., a lieutenant in the royal navy, by whom he has issue a son and two daughters; and secondly, in 1815, Miss Pattey, by whom he has another daughter. Sir James succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1806.

Lineage.

WILLIAM HANHAM, esq., son of John Hanham, esq., by Frances, sister of John Doddington, esq. of Bremer, in the county of Hants, was created a baronet, on the 24th of May, 1667. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of George Cooper, esq. of Clarendon Park, in the county of Wilts, and niece of Anthony Ashley, first Earl of Shaftesbury, by whom he had an only son, his successor,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* Jane, only daughter and heiress of William Eyre, esq. of Newstone Park, in the county of Wilts, by whom he had five sons and one daughter, and was succeeded by the eldest,

SIR WILLIAM, who was succeeded in 1762, by his son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* thrice, and had an only son, (by his second wife, Mary, third daughter of Doctor Lynch, dean of Canterbury,) his successor,

SIR WILLIAM-THOMAS, who *d.* without issue, in 1791, when the title reverted to his uncle,

THE REVEREND SIR JAMES, fourth son of Sir William, the third baronet. This gentleman *m.* Jane, niece and sole heiress of William Philips, esq. of Corfe Mullen, in the county of Dorset, by whom he had issue James, the present baronet, four other sons and seven daughters.

Country Seats—Dean's Court, near Winbourne, in the county of Dorset; and Newstone Park, Wilts.

HANMER, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Hanmer, in the county of Flint; *m.* in 1779, Margaret, eldest daughter and co-heiress of George Kenyon, esq. of Peel, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had six sons and a daughter. His eldest son, Thomas, *m.* in 1808, Arabella-Charlotte, eldest daughter and co-heiress of the late Thomas-Skipp-Dyott Bucknall, esq., and *d.* in 1818, leaving John, *b.* in 1809, and seven other children. Sir Thomas succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1783.

Lineage.

WALDEN HANMER, esq., only son and heir of Job Hanmer, esq., a lineal descendant from Sir John de Hanmere, knt., constable of Caernarvon Castle, in the reign of Edward the First, was created a baronet, on the third of May, 1774. He *m.* Anne, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Henry-Vere Graham, esq., by whom he had Thomas, the present baronet, four other sons and a daughter.

Motto, in English,

Preserve your honor.

Country Seats—Hanmer-Hall, and Bettisfield Park, Flintshire.

HARBERTON, VISCOUNT, (Henry Pomeroy,) and Baron Harberton, of Carbery, in the county of Kildare, F.S.A.; *b.* 8th December, 1749; *m.* in 1788, Mary, daughter of Nicholas Grady, esq. of Grange, in the county of Limerick, by whom he has no surviving issue. His lordship succeeded to the family honors, upon the demise of his father, on the 9th of April, 1798.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

ARTHUR POMEROY, esq., eldest son of John Pomeroy, esq., and grandson of the very reverend Arthur Pomeroy, dean of Cork, was elevated to the Irish peerage, on the 20th of September, 1783, as Baron Harberton, of Carbery, and advanced to the viscounty of Harberton, on the 5th of July, 1791. His lordship *m.* in 1747, Miss Colley, daughter and co-heiress of Henry Colley, esq. of Castle Carbery, and niece of the first Lord Mornington, by whom he had issue Henry, the present peer, and six other children. He *d.* on the 9th of April, 1798.

Motto, in English,

Fortune is the associate of courage.

Town Residence—29, Upper Grosvenor-street.

Country Seat—Carbery Castle, in the county of Kildare.

HARBOROUGH, EARL OF, (Robert Sherard,) and Baron of Harborough, of the county of Leicester, in the peerage of Great Britain, and Baron Sherard, of Leitrim, in that of Ireland; *b.* 26th August, 1797; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 10th of December, 1807.

Lineage.

This noble family deduces its origin from that of Schirrard, which was powerful and opulent at the period of the Conquest, in the counties of Chester and Lancaster. The immediate founder of its dignities, however, was

WILLIAM SHERARD, esq., who received the honor of knighthood from James the First, at Oatlands, on the 3rd of July, 1622, and was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the succeeding monarch, on the 10th of July, 1626, as Baron Sherard of Leitrim. His lordship *m.* Abigail, eldest daughter and heiress of Anthony Bennet, esq., of Greenwich, by whom he had seven sons and four daughters. He *d.* on the 16th of April, 1640, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Bennet, who *d.* in 1700, and was succeeded by his only son,

Bennet, who was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, as Baron Harborough, of Harborough, in the county of Leicester, on the 19th of October, 1714, with remainder, in default of male issue, to Philip Sherard, esq. of Wissenden, in the county of Rutland, (great-grandson of the first baron, through his second son, The Honorable Philip Sherard,) advanced to a viscounty, on the 31st of Oct. 1718, by the title of Viscount Sherard, of Stapleford; and created, on the 8th of May, 1719, Earl of Harborough, with the like reversionary clause, in the patent of creation, as had already been granted in that of the barony. His lordship *d.* on the 16th of October, 1732, without male issue, when the viscounty became extinct, but the earldom and barony devolved, according to the limitation, upon

Philip Sherard, who inherited, also, as direct heir, the Irish title. This nobleman *m.* Anne, only daughter and heiress of Nicholas Pedley, knt., of Huntingdon, sergeant-at-law, by whom he had six sons and eight daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 20th July, 1750, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Bennet. This nobleman *m.* four times: first, in 1748, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Ralph, Earl Verney, by whom he had no issue; secondly, in 1757, Frances, daughter of the Honorable William Noel, by whom he had a daughter; thirdly, in 1761, Margaret, daughter of Thomas Hill, esq. of Tern, in Shropshire, by whom he had a daughter still-born, and a son, who *d.* in infancy; and fourthly, in 1767, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Thomas Cave, bart. of Stumford Hall, by whom he had no child. His lordship *d.* on the 24th February, 1770, and thus leaving no male issue, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

The Reverend Robert, prebendary, and canon residentiary of Salisbury. His lordship *m.* first, Catharine, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Edward Hearst, esq. of Salisbury, by whom he had no child; and secondly, Jane, daughter of William Reeves, esq., by whom he had Lucy, and his successor, (in 1799)

Philip, *b.* 10th of October, 1767; *m.* in 1791, Eleanor, youngest daughter of the Honorable John Monckton, of Fineshade, in the county of Northampton, by whom he had issue Robert, the present peer, and five daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 10th of December, 1807.

Motto, in English,
Envy is the foe of honor.

Town Residence—Stevens's Hotel, 11, Clifford-street.

Country Seats—Stapleford, Leicestershire; and Glaston, in the county of Rutland.

HARCOURT, EARL AND VISCOUNT OF, (William Harcourt,) Viscount Nuneham, and Baron Harcourt, of Stanton-Harcourt, in the county of Oxford; *b.* 20th March, 1743; *m.* in 1778, Mary, relict of Thomas Lockhart, esq., and eldest daughter of the Reverend Doctor Danby, by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his brother, in April, 1809. The Earl of Harcourt is a general officer in the army, colonel of the 16th regiment of dragoons, and a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath. His lordship is also deputy-lieutenant of Windsor Forest, and deputy-ranger of Windsor Great Park.

Lineage.

This ancient and distinguished family traces its pedigree to Bernard, a nobleman of the royal blood of Saxony, who obtained in 876, when Rollo, the Dane, made himself master of Normandy, the lordships of Harcourt, Caileville, and Beaufeel, in that province. From this nobleman descended

Ebrand de Harcourt, commander of the archers of Val de Ruel, in the army which successfully invaded England, in 1066, under William the Conqueror. The second son of this warrior, Robert de Harcourt, is said to be the ancestor of the present Earl of Harcourt, but the immediate founder of the honors of the family was

Simon Harcourt, esq., a lawyer of eminence, who filled the offices of solicitor and attorney-general, with little interruption, from 1702, (when he was knighted,) until 1710, when he was nominated lord-keeper of the great seal, and sworn a member of the privy council. In the following year, 3rd September, 1711, he was elevated to the peerage, by the title of Baron Harcourt, of Stanton Harcourt; and on the 7th of April, 1712, declared lord high chancellor of Great Britain, which exalted station he continued to fill, until the accession of George the First, in 1714. On the 24th of July, 1721, he was created Viscount Harcourt, and, in the following month, again called to the council board. His lordship *m.* thrice, but had issue only by his first wife, Rebecca, daughter of Thomas Clark, esq., viz. three sons and two daughters. He *d.* on the 29th of July, 1727, and was succeeded by his grandson, (the son of his eldest son)

Simon, who was created, on the 1st of December, 1749, Viscount Nuneham, of Nuneham-Courtney; and Earl of Harcourt, of Stanton Harcourt. His lordship *m.* in 1735, Rebecca, only daughter and heiress of Charles Le Bas, esq. of Pipwell Abbey, in the county of Northampton, by whom he had issue George-Simon, his successor, William, the present earl, and two daughters. The earl filled some high diplomatic stations during the reigns of George the Second, and his successor; and was viceroy of Ireland, in the year 1772. He lost his life, on the 16th September, 1777, by unfortunately falling into a well, in his own Park, at Nuneham, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George Simon, who *d.* without issue, in April, 1809, when the family honors devolved upon his brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
Good times will come.

Town Residence—

Country Seats— Stanton-Harcourt; and Nuneham-Courtney, both in Oxfordshire.

HARDINGE, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Lurran, in the county of Fermanagh; *m.* Miss Gore, by whom he has no issue. This gentleman, who is the eighth son of the late Nicholas Hardinge, esq. of Canbury, in the county of Surrey, one of the clerks of the house of commons, by Jane, daughter of the Right Honorable Sir John Pratt, lord chief-justice of the court of king's bench, was created a baronet, on the 4th of August, 1801, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the male heirs of his late father.

Town Residence—25, Duke-street, Manchester-square.

Country Seat—Sunbridge, Seven Oaks, Kent.

HARDWICKE, EARL OF, (Philip Yorke) Viscount Royston, and Baron Hardwicke, of Hardwicke, in the county of Gloucester; a knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter; lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the county of Cambridge; high steward of Cambridge University; F.R., and A.S., and D.C.L.; *b.* 31st May, 1757; *m.* in 1782, Elizabeth, daughter of James, Earl of Balcarras, by whom he has four daughters. His lordship had besides, three sons, the eldest of whom, Philip, Viscount Royston, was lost in a storm, off Lubeck, on the 7th of April, 1808, in his twenty-fourth year; the second *d.* in his 13th year; and the youngest did not survive infancy. The Earl succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his uncle, on the 16th of May, 1790. Lord Hardwicke filled the office of viceroy of Ireland, from 1801 to 1806, with dignity, courtesy, and humanity.

Lineage.

PHILIP YORKE, esq., only son of Philip Yorke, gentleman, attorney-at-law, of the town of Dover, having arrived at eminence in the legal profession, was appointed solicitor-general in 1719, at the early age of twenty-nine, and attorney-general in four years afterwards, which office he continued to fill until 1733, when he was elevated to the bench and peerage, as lord chief-justice of England, and (on the 23rd of November,) Baron Hardwicke, of Hardwicke. In 1754, his lordship was nominated lord high-chancellor of Great Britain; and then advanced (on 2nd of April,) to a viscounty and earldom, by the titles of Viscount Royston, and Earl of Hardwicke; *m.* Margaret, daughter of Charles Cocks, esq. of the city of Worcester, by whom he had five sons and two daughters. His second son, Charles, was an eminent lawyer, and having filled the office of solicitor and attorney-general, was appointed lord high-chancellor, when he suddenly died, January 22, 1770, at the moment that a patent conferring the title of Baron Morden upon him, was in progress of completion. The earl *d.* on the 6th of March, 1764, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

PHILIP, *b.* in 1720; *m.* in 1740, Jemima, only daughter of John, third Earl of Breadalbane, by Amabel, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Henry de Grey, last Duke of Kent, of that line, who became, upon the demise of her father, Baroness Lucas, of Crudwell, and Marchioness de Grey. The issue of this marriage were, Anabella, who *m.* Alexander, Lord Polworth; and Mary-Jemima, the wife of Thomas, Lord Grantham. His lordship dying, in 1798, without male issue, the family honors devolved upon his nephew, Philip, the present peer, who is eldest son of the Honorable Charles Yorke, mentioned already, as having risen to the most exalted station, and dying at the moment his patent of peerage was passing through the regular forms.

Motto, in English,

Neither desire nor fear.

Town Residence—3, St. James's-square.

Country Seat—Wimpole Hall, near Arrington, Cambridgeshire; and Tittenhanger Hall, Herts.

HARDY, SIR THOMAS-MASTERMAN, K.C.B, and baronet, of Holcott, in the county of Northampton; *b.* 5th April, 1769; *m.* in 1807, Anne-Louisa, daughter of the Honorable Admiral Sir George-Cranfield Berkely, G.C.B. by whom he has three daughters. This gentleman, who is second son of Joseph Hardy, esq. of Portisham, in the county of Dorset, by Anne, daughter of Thomas Masterman, esq., of Kingston, in the same county, was created a baronet, on the 4th of February, 1806, for the gallantry which he displayed, as captain of the Victory, (Lord Nelson's flag-ship,) in the glorious engagement off Cape Trafalgar.

Country Seat—Holcott, Northamptonshire.

HARE, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Stow Hall, in the county of Norfolk; *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Sir Francis Geary, bart., by whom he had no issue; and secondly, Anne-Elizabeth, daughter of the late Lord Graves, by whom he has Thomas, *b.* 18th July, 1807, and Elizabeth, *b.* in August, 1804. This gentleman, who is the son of Thomas Leigh, esq., of Iver, in the county of Bucks, by Anne, daughter of the Right Reverend Robert, (Clavening) Lord Bishop of Peterborough, and grandson of Thomas Leigh, esq., by Mary, daughter of Sir Thomas Hare, bart., of Stow, in the county of Norfolk, and sister of the three last baronets of that family, (a baronetcy created in 1641,) assumed the name of Hare, by act of parliament, and was created a baronet, as the representative of that ancient family, on the 14th of December, 1818.

Country Seat—Stow Hall, Norfolk.

HAREWOOD, EARL OF, (Henry Lascelles,) and Baron Harewood, of Harewood, in the county of York; *b.* 25th December, 1767; *m.* in 1794, Harriet, eldest daughter of the late Lieutenant-General Sir John Seabright,

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bart., by whom he has issue Edward, Viscount Lascelles, *b.* 13th July, 1796, six other sons, and four daughters. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 3rd of April, 1820.

Lineage.

The present is the second peerage which has been conferred upon this distinguished family. The first, a barony, upon

EDWIN LASCELLES, esq., son of Henry Lascelles, esq. of Harewood, by the titles of Baron Harewood, of Harewood, on the 9th of July, 1790. This nobleman dying, however, in 1795, without male issue, the title was extinguished; but his lordship's estates descended to the eldest surviving son of his deceased uncle, Edward Lascelles, esq., of Barbadoes, his cousin,

EDWARD LASCELLES, esq., who was created, on the 18th of June, 1796, Baron Harewood, of Harewood, in the county of York; and advanced to a viscounty and earldom, on the 7th of September, 1812, by the titles of Viscount Lascelles, and Earl of Harewood. His lordship *m.* in 1761, Anne, daughter of William Chaloner, esq., of Gisborough, in the county of York, by whom he had issue Edward, who *d.* unmarried; Henry, the present peer, and two daughters. The earl *d.* on the 3rd of April, 1820.

Motto, in English,
Salvation in God alone.

Town Residence — Harewood - place, Hanover-square.

Country Seat—Harewood House, near Wetherby, Yorkshire.

HARINGTON, SIR JOHN-EDWARD, baronet, of Ridlington, in the county of Rutland; *b.* in 1760; *m.* in 1787, Marianne, daughter of Thomas Philpot, esq., by whom he has issue James, *b.* 30th September, 1788, three other sons, and a daughter. Sir John succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1793.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient and distinguished family, connected with many ennobled houses, and ranking amongst the oldest baronets in the kingdom.

JAMES HARINGTON, esq., third son of Sir James Harington, knt., and younger brother of Sir John Harington, knt., who was created Lord Harington, of Exton, on the 21st July, 1603, (a barony which became, upon the demise of the second baron without issue, in 1614, extinct,) was created a baronet, on the 29th of June, 1611, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD, who received the honor of knighthood in the lifetime of his father. This gentleman was succeeded by his only son,

SIR JAMES, who *m.* Catharine, daughter and coheiress of Alderman Sir Edward Wright of London, by whom he had a numerous family. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR EDMUND, who *d.* without issue, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR EDWARD, who also *d.* without issue; when it reverted to his nephew,

SIR JAMES; to whom succeeded his son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* Anna, daughter of James Ashenhurst, esq., of Park Hall, in the county of Stafford, by whom, with other children, he had his successor, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
In a firm knot.

Country Seat—Old Windsor, Berks.

HARLAND, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Sproughton, in the county of Suffolk; *b.* in 1765; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1784; *m.* in 1801, Arethusa, daughter of Henry Vernon, esq., by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

ROBERT HARLAND, esq., only son of Captain Robert Harland, of the royal navy, being brought up to the profession of his father, advanced through the various gradations, to the highest rank of admiral, and was created a baronet, on the 19th of March, 1771. He *m.* Miss Reynold, daughter of Colonel Rowland Reynold, by whom he had issue Robert, the present baronet, and three daughters. He *d.* on the 21st February, 1784.

Country Seat—Wherstead Lodge, Suffolk.

HARNAGE, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of London; *b.* 5th July, 1767; *m.* in 1791, Mary, eldest surviving daughter of Henry Harnage, esq. of Belleswardine, in the county of Salop, by whom he has issue George, *b.* 19th July, 1792, and two other sons. This gentleman, who is the only son of the late John Lucie, esq. of London, merchant, by Mary, daughter of Henry Harnage, esq., also of London, assumed, in 1821, by royal permission, the surname of "Harnage" only, and was created a baronet, on the 8th of September, in the same year.

HARRINGTON, EARL OF, (Charles Stanhope,) Viscount Petersham, of Petersham, in the county of Surrey, and Baron Harrington, of Harrington, in the county of Northampton; *b.* 20th March, 1753; succeeded to the family honors, upon the demise of his father, on the 1st of April, 1779; *m.* in the same year, Jane, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Fleming, baronet, of Brompton Park, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he has issue Charles Viscount Petersham, *b.* in 1781, and nine other children, viz. Lincoln, lieutenant-colonel of the 17th dragoons; Anna - Maria, present Marchioness of Tavistock; Leicester, a lieutenant-colonel in the army; Fitzroy, a clergyman of the established church; Francis-Charles-Henry; Caroline; Charlotte-Augusta, present Duchess of Leinster; and Augustus. The Earl of Harrington is a general officer in the army, colonel of the first regiment of Life Guards, captain-governor and constable of Windsor Castle, and Knight Grand Cross of the Bath.

Lineage.

This branch of the distinguished house of Stanhope, Earls of Chesterfield, was ennobled in the person of

WILLIAM STANHOPE, esq., great-great-grandson of Sir John Stanhope, knt., through Sir John Stanhope, knt., of Elvaston, in the county of Derby, one of the sons of his second marriage, (the eldest son of his first marriage, Philip, was created Earl of Chesterfield,) a distinguished soldier and statesman during the reigns of the two first sovereigns of the house of Brunswick, from the year 1715 to 1729. He was engaged in diplomatic missions of the utmost importance, and having concluded, in the latter year, the pacific treaty of Seville, (commenced at the Congress of Soissons,) he was elevated to the peerage, on the 20th of November, 1729, by the title of Baron Harrington, of Harrington, in the county of Northampton, (which barony had been formerly enjoyed by a branch of the family, but was extinguished at the demise of the second baron, without male issue, in 1647.) In 1730, his lordship was nominated principal secretary of state, and continued to hold the seals, until a change of ministry took place, in 1741, when he was appointed lord-president of the council, and on the 9th of February, in that year, raised to the dignities of Viscount Petersham, of Petersham, in the county of Surrey, and Earl of Harrington, in the county of Northampton. The earl, subsequently, resumed the office of secretary of state; and, in 1746, was appointed lord-lieutenant-general, and general governor of Ireland, in which important station, he continued until the year 1751, when he was succeeded by the Duke of Dorset. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter and heiress of Colonel Edward Griffith, by whom he had two sons (twins). He *d.* in February, 1742-3, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 2nd Troop of Horse Grenadier Guards. His lordship *m.* on the 11th of March, 1746, Caroline, eldest daughter of His Grace, Charles, Duke of Grafton, by whom he had Charles, the present peer, and six other children.

Motto, in English,

From God and the King.

Town Residence—Stable-yard, St. James's.

Country Seat—Gawesworth, Cheshire; and Elvaston, in the county of Derby.

HARRIS, BARON, (George Harris,) of Seringapatam, and Mysore, in the East Indies; and of Belmont, in the county of Kent; *b.* 18th March, 1746; *m.* in 1779, Anne-Carteret, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Charles Dixon, esq. of Bath, by whom he has issue William-George, *b.* 17th January, 1782, a colonel in the army, and lieutenant-colonel of the 3rd Regiment of Foot, and seven other children. His lordship had two sons, besides Michael-Thomas, who *m.* Emma, fourth daughter of William Money, esq. of Walthamstow, and *d.* (leaving issue) in 1824; and George, killed at the head of his troops, in the attack upon New Orleans, in 1815. This nobleman, who is the son of the late Reverend George Harris, of Brasted, in the county of Kent, having adopted a military life, advanced to the rank of a general officer in the army, and obtained the colonelcy of the 73rd Regiment of Foot, with the Grand Cross of the Bath. Being high in command at the siege and capture of Seringapatam, and gallantly distinguishing himself there, he was rewarded, by having the barony, already specified, conferred upon him, on the 11th of August, 1815.

Motto,

My prince and my country.

Country Seat—Belmont, in the county of Kent.

HARROWBY, EARL OF, (Dudley Ryder,) Viscount Sandon, of Sandon, in the county of Stafford; and Baron Harrowby, of Harrowby, in the county of Lincoln; *b.* 22nd December, 1762; *m.* in 1795, Susan-Levison, daughter of Granville, first Marquess of Stafford, by whom he has issue Dudley, Viscount Sandon, *b.* 7th May, 1727; *m.* in 1823, Frances, only daughter of John, first Marquess of Bute, another son, and two daughters; the eldest of the latter is the wife of Hugh, Viscount Ebrington. Lord Harrowby, who is lord-president of the council, succeeded to the barony upon the demise of his father, on the 20th of June, 1803, and was advanced to the viscounty and earldom, on the 19th of July, 1809.

Lineage.

The family of Ryther, or Rider, as at different periods it was 'spelled,' is of Yorkshire, and the name is derived from Ryther, in the Hundred of Barkston, in that county.

NATHANIEL RYDER, esq., only son of Lord Chief-Justice Sir Dudley Ryder, knt., (for whom his majesty had signed a warrant, elevating him to the peerage, the day before his demise, in 1756, which event, however, prevented the completion of the intended honor,) was created Baron Harrowby, of Harrowby, in Lincolnshire, by letters patent, dated the 20th May, 1776. His lordship *m.* in 1762, Elizabeth, daughter of the Right Reverend Richard, (Terrick) Lord Bishop of London, by whom he had Dudley, the present Earl, and seven other children, of whom, Henry, the sixth son, took holy orders, and is now Lord Bishop of Litchfield and Coventry.

Motto, in English,

The promise to my ancestor is redeemed.

Town Residence—39, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Sandon Hall, near Litchfield, Staffordshire.

HARTLAND, BARON, (Thomas Mahon,) of Strokestown, in the county of Roscommon; *b.* 2nd August, 1766; *m.* in 1811, Catharine, eldest daughter of James Topping, esq. of What-

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croft Hall, in the county of Chester, by whom he has no issue; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 4th of January, 1819. Lord Hartland is an officer in the army, of the rank of lieutenant-general.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This family, which claims an ancient Irish descent, was ennobled in the person of

MAURICE MAHON, esq., representative in parliament, for the county of Roscommon, from 1782 until the period of the Legislative Union between Great Britain and Ireland, when he was elevated to the peerage of the latter country, (30th July, 1800,) as Baron Hartland, of Strokestown. His lordship *m.* in 1765, Catharine, youngest daughter of Stephen, Viscount Mountcashell, by whom he had issue Thomas, the present peer; Stephen, a lieutenant-general in the army; and Maurice, a clergyman of the established church.

Motto, in English,
Fortitude has shielded me from danger.

Town Residence—40, Grosvenor-place.

Country Seat—Bawn House, Strokestown, Ireland.

HARTOPP-CRADOCK, SIR EDMUND, baronet, of Freathby, in the county of Leicester; *b.* 21st of April, 1749; *m.* Anne, only child of Joseph Hurlock, esq., of Fort-Marlborough, in the East Indies, by Sarah, eldest daughter and eventually heiress of Sir John Hartopp, bart., and had five sons and seven daughters, of whom two sons and two daughters alone are living. George-Harry-William, the eldest surviving son, assumed the name of Fleetwood, in addition to that of Hartopp, upon his mother's inheriting the estates of her kinsman, General Charles Fleetwood.

This gentleman, (Sir Edmund) who is great-grandson of Sir John Hartopp, baronet, and son of Edmund-Cradock Bunney, esq., assumed the name and arms of Hartopp, upon his marriage with Miss Hurlock; and was created a baronet, on the 12th of May, 1796.

Country Seat—Four Oaks Hall, Warwickshire.

HARTWELL, SIR FRANCIS-JOHN, knight and baronet, of Dale Hall, in the county of Essex; *b.* in 1757; *m.* first, in 1781, Anna-Charlotte-Maria, eldest daughter of Captain John Elphinstone, of the royal navy, by whom he has no surviving issue; he had, however, five children, the eldest of whom, the Reverend Houlton Hartwell, *m.* Ruth, daughter of David Ball, of Bishop's Hall, esq., and left two sons and a daughter. Sir Francis *m.* secondly, in 1812, Louisa, daughter of John Aldridge, esq. of New Lodge, in the county of Sussex, by whom he has a daughter, Louisa, *b.* 20th of June, 1813.

This gentleman, who is son of the late Robert Hartwell, esq. lieutenant-governor of Greenwich Hospital, was knighted, in 1802, in consequence of acting as proxy for Lord Keith, on the installation of that nobleman, as a knight of the most illustrious order of the Bath, and was created a baronet, on the 26th of October, 1805. Sir Francis is colonel of the Deptford and Woolwich volunteers, and a director of Greenwich Hospital.

Motto, in English,
Content with my lot.

Country Seat—Dale Hall, Essex.

HASILRIGGE, SIR ARTHUR-GREY, baronet, of Nosely Hall, in the county of Leicester; *b.* 20th October, 1812; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in Oct. 1819.

Lineage.

This family traces its genealogy to Roger de Hesilrigge, one of the knights in the invading army of William the Conqueror, and it ranks amongst the most ancient gentry of the kingdom.

THOMAS HASILRIGGE, esq. was created a baronet on the 21st of July, 1622. He *d.* in 1629, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ARTHUR, who was an active *Cromwellian* during the Civil Wars, and high in the confidence of the Protector. He *m.* twice: first, Frances, daughter of Thomas Elines, esq., by whom he had two sons and two daughters; and secondly, Dorothy, sister of the Parliamentary General, Robert, Lord Brooke, by whom he had three sons and five daughters. He *d.* in 1660, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who *d.* in 1680, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *d.* unmarried, in 1700, when the title reverted to his uncle,

SIR ROBERT, the only surviving son of Sir Arthur, by his second marriage. This gentleman *d.* in 1713, and was succeeded by his only surviving child,

SIR ROBERT, to whom succeeded, in 1721, his only son,

SIR ARTHUR, who *d.* in 1763, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT, to whom succeeded his only son,

SIR ARTHUR, who *d.* without issue, in 1805, when the title devolved upon his uncle.

SIR THOMAS-MAYNARD. This gentleman *m.* twice, but had no issue by either marriage. He *d.* in 1817, when the title reverted to his kinsman,

SIR ARTHUR-GREY, grandson of Sir Arthur, the seventh baronet, through his youngest son, Colonel Grey Hasilrigge. This gentleman *m.* in 1811, Miss Henrietta-Anne Bourne, of Staffordshire, by whom he had issue Arthur-Grey, the present baronet, two other sons and a daughter.

Motto, in English,
For God and one's country.

Country Seat—Nosely Hall, Leicestershire.

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HASTINGS, MARQUESS OF, (Francis-Rawdon Hastings,) Earl of Rawdon, Viscount Loudoun, Baron Hastings, Hungerford, Botreaux, Molines, and Rawdon, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; Earl Moira and Baron Rawdon, in that of Ireland, and a baronet of that part of the empire; a Knight of the Garter, G.C.B., F.R.S., F.S.A., and M.R.I.A.; created Baron Rawdon, of Rawdon, in the county of York, on the 5th March, 1783; succeeded to the Irish honors upon the demise of his father, on the 20th of June, 1793; to the ancient baronies of Hastings, Hungerford, Botreaux, and Molines, at the death of his mother (a baroness in her own right), on the 12th of April, 1808; and was created, on the 7th December, 1816, Viscount Loudoun, Earl of Rawdon, and Marquess of Hastings; *b.* 7th December, 1754; *m.* in July, 1804, Flora-Muir (Campbell), Countess of Loudoun in her own right, by whom he has issue George-Augustus-Frederick, Earl of Rawdon, *b.* 4th of February, 1808, and three daughters. The marquess is a general officer in the army, colonel of the 27th regiment of foot, and governor and commander-in-chief of the island of Malta and its dependencies, constable and chief governor of the Tower of London, and lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the Tower division. His lordship assumed the surname of Hastings, upon inheriting that ancient barony.

Lineage.

This illustrious family traces its descent to Paulinus de Rawdon, to whom William the Conqueror granted considerable estates, part of which the present marquess enjoys. From this personage directly descended

George Rawdon, esq. of Moira, in the county of Down, who was created a baronet of Ireland, on the 20th of May, 1665. He *d.* in 1684, and was succeeded by his only son,

Sir Arthur, who was succeeded by his only son,

Sir John. This gentleman *m.* in 1717, Dorothy, second daughter of Sir Richard Levinge, bart., speaker of the house of commons in Ireland, by whom he had, with other children, his successor,

Sir John, who was elevated to the Irish peerage, on the 9th of April, 1750, as Baron Rawdon, of Rawdon, in the county of Down, and advanced to the earldom of Moira, on the 3rd of December, 1761. His lordship *m.* thrice: first, in 1741, Helina, youngest daughter of John, Earl of Egmont, by whom he had two daughters; secondly, in 1746, Anne, daughter of Trevor, Viscount Hillsborough, by whom he had no child; and, thirdly, in 1752, Elizabeth Hastings, eldest daughter of Theophilus, ninth earl of Huntingdon, who inherited the baronies of Hastings, &c. (created by summons, in 1461) upon the demise of her brother, Francis, tenth Earl of Huntingdon, without issue, in 1789. By this last union, his lordship had Francis, the present marquess; Anne; John-Theophilus, who *d.* in 1808, leaving an only daughter, now the lady of Lord George-William Russel, second son of the Duke of Bedford; Selina-Frances, present Countess of Granard; George, a major in the army; and Charlotte, the lady of Hamilton Fitzgerald, esq., besides four sons and a daughter, who *d.* in infancy. His lordship *d.* on the 20th of June, 1793.

Motto, in English,

We, too, have scattered arrows.

Residence—The seat of his government.

Country Seats—Donnington Park, in the county of Leicester; and Ledstone Hall, Yorkshire.

HASTINGS-ABNEY, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Willesley, in the county of Derby; *b.* 1st October, 1792; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 30th of September, 1823; obtained the royal permission for himself and his brother, Frank Hastings, esq., to assume the surname and arms of Abney, in addition to those of their own family, as representatives of the ancient house of Abney, through their maternal grandfather, Thomas Abney, esq. of Wellesley, in the county of Derby.

Lineage.

Charles Hastings, esq. a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 12th Regiment of Foot, was created a baronet, on the 28th of February, 1806. He *m.* Parnell, daughter and sole-heiress of Thomas Abney, esq. of Willesley, by whom he had two sons, Charles, the present baronet, and Frank.

Motto, in English,

In truth is victory.

Country Seat—Willesley Hall, Derbyshire.

HAWARDEN, VISCOUNT, (Cornwallis Maude,) of Hawarden, in the county of Tipperary, Baron de Montalt, and a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 28th March, 1780; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his brother, 26th of February, 1807; *m.* in 1811, Jane, youngest daughter of Patrick-Craufurd Bruce, esq. of Taplow Lodge, in the county of Bucks, by whom he has a son, *b.* 4th of April, 1817, and two elder daughters.

This being an Irish peerage, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

Robert Maude, esq. grandson of Christopher Maude, esq. (who emigrated from Yorkshire to Ireland in the beginning of the seventeenth century,) was created a baronet of Ireland, in 1705. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Francis Cornwallis, esq. of Acton, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He *d.* on the 4th of August, 1750, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Thomas, who was elevated to the peerage, on the 18th of July, 1776, as Baron de Montalt, but dying without issue, in 1777, the barony ceased, while the baronetcy devolved upon his brother,

Sir Cornwallis, created, on the 29th of June,

1785, Baron de Montalt, and, on the 23rd December, 1792, Viscount Hawarden, of Hawarden, in the county of Tipperary. His lordship *m.* thrice: first, in 1756, Letitia, daughter of Thomas Vernon, esq. of Hanbury Hall, in the county of Worcester, by whom he had one daughter; secondly, in 1766, Mary, niece of Ralph Allen, esq. of Prior Park, in the county of Somerset, by whom he had his successor, Thomas-Ralph, and three daughters; and, thirdly, in 1777, Anne-Elizabeth, sister of Charles, Viscount Monk, by whom he had Cornwallis, the present viscount, and thirteen other children. His lordship *d.* on the 23rd of August, 1803, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS-RALPH, who *d.* without male issue, on the 26th of February, 1807, when the family honors devolved upon his half-brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
Safe in virtue.

Country Seats—Hawarden Castle, Flintshire; and Prior Park, Somersetshire.

HAWKE, BARON, (Edward-William-Harvey Hawke,) of Towton, in the county of York; *b.* 15th July, 1779; *m.* in 1821, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Ramsden, bart.; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 1st of December, 1824.

Lineage.

EDWARD HAWKE, esq. (son of Edward Hawke, esq. of Lincoln's Inn, barrister-at-law, by Elizabeth, relict of Colonel Ruthven, and daughter of Nathaniel Bladen, esq.) a naval officer of the highest rank and eminence, was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Bath, in 1747, in consequence of the gallant victory which he had, during that year, achieved over the French fleet in the West Indies. In 1755, he was appointed vice-admiral of Great Britain, and first lord of the admiralty; and, upon the 20th of May, 1776, elevated to the peerage, as Baron Hawke, of Towton, in the county of York. His lordship *m.* Catherine, daughter of Walter Brooke, of Burton Hall, in the county of York, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. He *d.* on the 17th October, 1781, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

MARTIN-BLADEN, *b.* 20th October, 1744; *m.* in 1771, Cassandra, youngest daughter of Sir Edward Turner, bart. of Ambrosden, in the county of Oxford, by whom he had six children. His lordship *d.* in 1805, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

EDWARD, *b.* 3rd May, 1774; *m.* in 1798, Frances-Anne, second daughter and co-heiress of Stanhope Harvey, esq. of Womersley Park, in the county of York, (when he assumed the surname and arms of Harvey, in addition to those of his own family,) by whom he had three sons, Edward-William, the present peer, Stanhope, and Martin. His lordship *d.* on the 1st of December, 1824.

Motto.
Strike.

Country Seat—Towton, Yorkshire.

HAWKINS, SIR JOHN-CÆSAR, baronet, of Kelston, in the county of Somerset; *b.* 9th February, 1782; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, on the 2nd of July, 1793; *m.* in 1804, Charlotte, eldest daughter of William Surtees, esq. of Seaton-Burr, in the county of Northumberland, by whom he has issue John-Cæsar, *b.* 2nd December, 1805, and six other children.

Lineage.

CÆSAR HAWKINS, esq. an eminent surgeon of London, was created a baronet, on the 25th of July, 1778. He *m.* Miss Cox, by whom he had several children. His eldest son, John, *m.* Anne, eldest daughter of Joseph Colborne, esq., and dying in 1785, left three children, the eldest of whom, on the 13th of February, 1786, was Sir Cæsar's successor.

SIR CÆSAR, who *d.* on the 2nd of July, 1793, without issue, when the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Kelston, Somersetshire.

HAWKINS, SIR CHRISTOPHER, baronet, of Trewithan, in the county of Cornwall. This gentleman, who is second son of the late Thomas Hawkins, esq. of Trewithan, by Anne, daughter of James Heywood, esq. was created a baronet, on the 21st of June, 1791. Sir Christopher is recorder of Grampound and St. Ives, and represented the former borough in parliament for several years. He is now one of the representatives of Penryn.

Town Residence—31, Argyll-street.

Country Seat—Trewithan, Truro, Cornwall.

HAWLEY, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Leybourne-Grange, in the county of Kent; *b.* 12th November, 1746; *m.* first, in 1770, Dorothy, only daughter and heiress of John Ashwood, esq. of Madeley, in the county of Salop, by whom he has Henry, *b.* 20th October, 1776, and three daughters; and, secondly, in 1785, Anne, eldest daughter of William Humphrey, esq. of Llewyn, in the county of Montgomery, by whom he has likewise a son and three daughters. This gentleman, who is only son of the late James Hawley, esq. of Leybourne-Grange, by Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Joseph Banks, esq. of Raveesby Abbey, in the county of Lincoln, was created a baronet, on the 14th of May, 1795.

Country Seat—Leybourne-Grange, Kent.

HAY, BARON, (Thomas-Robert-Hay Drummond,) of Pedwardine, in the county of Hereford, created the 31st December, 1711.

See Earl of Kinnoul.

HAY, SIR JOHN-DALRYMPLE, baronet, of Old Luce, in the county of Wigtoun; *b.* 14th of April, 1746; *m.* Susannah, only daughter of Sir Thomas Hay, of Park, and heiress of her brother, Sir Thomas Hay, by whom he has a son, James, *b.* 8th July, 1787, and six daughters. This gentleman, who is the son of the late James Dalrymple, esq. of Dunragget, in

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the county of Wigtoun, assumed, upon his marriage, the name and arms of Hay, in addition to those of his own family, and was created a baronet, on the 20th of April, 1798.

Motto, in English,

Keep thy yoke.

Country Seat—Old Luce, Wigtoun.

HAYES, SIR THOMAS-PELHAM, baronet, of Westminster, in the county of Middlesex; *b.* in 1794; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 19th of July, 1809. Sir Thomas is assistant to the collector of Bahar, in Bengal.

Lineage.

Doctor John-Macnamara Hayes, son of John Hayes, esq. by Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Sheedy Macnamara, esq., having been physician to his majesty's forces during the first American war, was created a baronet, on the 6th of February, 1797. He *m.* in 1787, Anne, eldest daughter of Henry White, esq. of New York, by whom he had issue Sir Thomas-Pelham, the present baronet, two other sons, and five daughters. He *d.* in 1809.

Residence—Calcutta.

HEAD, THE REVEREND SIR JOHN, baronet, of Hermitage, in the county of Kent; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 21st of November, 1796; *m.* in 1801, Jane, only daughter of Thomas Walker, esq. of London, by whom he has issue Edmund-Walker, *b.* in 1805, and a daughter, Anne. Sir John is perpetual curate of Egerton, and rector of Rayleigh, both in Kent.

Lineage.

This family, which is of antiquity in Kent, derives its surname from the Kentish port, now called Hythe, but formerly known as "*De Hede.*" The baronetcy was conferred, on the 19th of June, 1676, upon

Richard Head, esq. second son of Richard Head, esq. of Raynham, in the county of Kent, by Anne, daughter of William Hartridge, esq. of Cranbrooke, in the same county. This gentleman *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Alderman Merrick, of Rochester, by whom he had three sons and a daughter; and, secondly, Elizabeth, co-heiress of —— Willy, esq. by whom he had two sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1689, and was succeeded by the only son of his son, Francis—his grandson,

Sir Francis, who *m.* Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of James Smithsby, esq. and grand-daughter of Sir Thomas Smithsby, knt., by whom he had nine children, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Richard, who *d.* unmarried, in 1721, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Francis. This gentleman *m.* in 1726, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Boys, knt. M.D., by whom he had six children. Dying, however, in 1768, without male issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

The Reverend Sir John, Archdeacon of Canterbury. This gentleman *d.* in 1769, without issue, when the title reverted to his kinsman,

Sir Edmund, great-great-grandson of the first baronet, (through the eldest son of his second marriage, John, who *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heiress of John Dawes, esq.) This gentleman *m.* twice: first, Mary, only daughter of Daniel Raineaux, esq. of Dublin, by whom he had John, the present baronet, and two other children, who *d.* in infancy; and, secondly, Dorothy, daughter of Maximilian Western, esq. of Coke Thorpe, in the county of Oxford, by whom he had no child. He *d.* in November, 1796.

Motto,

Study quiet.

Country Seat—Wiarton House, Maidstone, Kent.

HEADFORT, MARQUESS OF, (Thomas Taylour,) Earl of Bective, of Bective Castle, Viscount Headfort, Baron of Headfort, a baronet of Ireland, and a knight of the most illustrious Order of St. Patrick; *b.* 18th November, 1757; *m.* in 1778, Mary, only daughter and heiress of George Quin, esq. of the county of Clare, by whom he has issue Thomas, Earl of Bective, *b.* 4th May, 1787, (who *m.* in 1822, Olivia, relict of Edmund-Tuite Dalton, esq. and daughter of Sir John Stevenson, knt.) with another son, and two daughters. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 14th of February, 1794, and was elevated to a marquesate, on the 29th of December, 1800.

The Marquess of Headfort being a peer of Ireland only, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament; he sits, however, as one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

Thomas Taylour, esq. son of Thomas Taylour, esq. of Ringmer, in the county of Sussex, (who went over to Ireland, and settled there, in the train of Sir William Petty, about the middle of the seventeenth century,) was created a baronet of Ireland, in 1704. He *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Robert Cotton, bart. of Combermere, and dying in 1736, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Thomas, who *m.* Mary, daughter of John Graham, esq. of Platten, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Thomas, *b.* 20th October, 1724; *m.* in 1754, Jane, eldest daughter of the right honorable Hercules Rowley, by Elizabeth, Viscountess Langford, by whom he had issue Thomas, the present marquess, four other sons, (the fourth of whom was created, on the 30th July, 1800, Baron Langford,) and two daughters. This gentleman was elevated to the Irish peerage, on the 6th of September, 1760, as Baron Headfort; created, on the 12th of April, 1762, Viscount Headfort; and advanced to an earldom, as Earl of Bective, of Bective Castle, on the 24th of October, 1766. His lordship was installed, in 1783, a knight of the most illustrious order of St. Patrick, and *d.* on the 14th of February, 1794.

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Motto, in English,
He attains whatsoever he pursues.

Country Seat—Bective House, in the county of Meath.

HEADLEY, BARON, (Charles-Allanson Winn,) of Aghadoe, in the county of Kerry, and a baronet of England; *b.* 25th June, 1784; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 9th of April, 1798.

This being an Irish barony, it confers no hereditary seat in the legislature, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the family of Winn, baronets, of Nostell Abbey, in the county of York.

George Winn, esq. great-grandson of Sir George Winn, the first baronet, of Nostell Abbey, through his second son, George, having been bred to the legal profession, was nominated, in 1761, English baron of the court of exchequer in Scotland, created a baronet of England, in 1776, and elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as Baron Headley, in 1797. His lordship *m.* first, in 1765, Anne, fourth daughter of Sir Rowland Winn, of Nostell Abbey, by whom he had a daughter, who *d.* in minority; and, secondly, in 1783, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and heiress of Arthur Blennerhasset, esq. of the county of Kerry, by whom he had issue Charles, the present peer; George-Mark-Arthur-Way, and two daughters. Lord Headley inherited, in 1763, the estates of Mark Winn, esq. of Little Warley, in the county of Essex; and, in 1775, those of his maternal cousin, Charles Allanson, esq., upon which occasion he assumed the surname of Allanson, before that of Winn. He *d.* on the 9th of April, 1798.

Motto, in English,
By virtue and labour.

Country Seats—Little Warley-House, Essex; and Bramham Biggin, Yorkshire.

HEATHCOTE, SIR GILBERT, baronet, of London; *b.* in 1773; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 4th of December, 1785; *m.* Catharine-Sophia, fourth daughter of the late John Manners, esq. of Grantham Grange, in the county of Lincoln, by Louisa Tallemache, present Countess of Dysart in her own right, and has issue Gilbert-John, *b.* 16th January, 1793, and two other sons.

Lineage.

Gilbert Heathcote, esq. (eldest son of Alderman Gilbert Heathcote, of Chesterfield, by Anne, daughter of Thomas Dickens, esq. thrice mayor of the same place,) being one of the projectors of the Bank of England, an alderman, representative in parliament, and lord mayor of the city of London, received the honor of knighthood from Queen Anne, and was created a baronet, on the 17th Jan. 1732-3. He *m.* Hesther, daughter of Christopher Reyner, esq. by whom he had a son and two daughters. He *d.* on the 25th of January, 1732-3, and was succeeded by his only son,

Sir John, who *d.* in 1759, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Gilbert. This gentleman *m.* first, in 1749, Margaret, youngest daughter of Philip, Earl of Hardwicke, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, in 1770, Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Hudson, esq. by whom he had Gilbert, the present baronet, two other sons, and a daughter. He *d.* on the 4th of December, 1785.

Town Residence—12, Langham-place, Portland-place.

Country Seats—Normanton Park, Stamford, Lincolnshire; and Durdans, Epsom.

HEATHCOTE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Hursley, in the county of Hants; *b.* in 1799; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, in 1825. Sir William is in remainder to the earldom of Macclesfield.

Lineage.

This and the family last described are descended from a common progenitor, namely, Gilbert Heathcote, esq. alderman of Chesterfield, whose third son, Samuel, having realized a considerable fortune at Dantzic, returned to his native country, and *m.* in 1690-1, Mary, second daughter of William Dawsonne, esq. of Hackney, by whom, with other children, he had his successor,

William Heathcote, esq. who *m.* in 1720, Elizabeth, only daughter of Thomas, Earl of Macclesfield, lord high chancellor of England, upon whose male descendants the honors of her father are intailed, in default, at any period, of the direct male line. The issue of this marriage were six sons and three daughters. Mr. Heathcote was created a baronet, on the 16th of August, 1733, and, dying in 1751, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Thomas, who *d.* in 1787, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William. This gentleman *m.* Frances, daughter and co-heiress of John Thorpe, esq. of Embley, in the county of Hants, by whom, with other children, he had Thomas-Freeman, his successor, and the Reverend William, who *m.* in 1798, Elizabeth, daughter of Lovelace-Bigg Wither, esq. of Marydown, in the county of Hants, and dying in three years afterwards, left issue William, the present baronet. Sir William *d.* in 1819, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Thomas-Freeman, who *m.* in 1799, Elizabeth, only daughter of Thomas-Edwardes Freeman, esq. of Batsford, in the county of Gloucester; but dying without issue, in 1825, the title reverted to his nephew, its present possessor.

Country Seats—Hursley Lodge, near Winchester, and Embley, near Rumsey, both in Hampshire.

HENLEY, BARON, (Morton Eden,) of Chardstock, G.C.B. and F.R.S.; *b.* 8th July, 1752; *m.* in 1783, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Robert Henley, first Earl of Northington, and eventually co-heiress to her brother, Robert, at whose demise, in 1786, that peerage ceased; by

whom he has issue Robert-Henley, *b.* 3rd September, 1789, barrister-at-law, who *m.* in 1824, Miss H. Peel, daughter of Sir Robert Peel, baronet; another son, and a daughter.

Mr. Eden, the youngest son of Sir John Eden, bart., and brother of William, first Lord Auckland, having been employed by his sovereign as a diplomatist of the first class, at different courts in Europe, from 1776 to 1799, was created, on the 9th of November, in the latter year, Baron Henley, of Chardstock.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Motto, in English,

If there be but prudence.

Town Residence—46, Hertford-street, May-fair.

HENNIKER, BARON, (John-Minet Henniker-Major,) of Stratford-upon-Slaney, in the county of Wicklow, and a baronet of England; *b.* 20th November, 1777; *m.* in 1799, Mary, daughter of the Reverend William Chafy, canon of Canterbury, by whom he has issue John, *b.* 3rd February, 1801, two other sons, and five daughters. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, on the 5th of December, 1821.

This being an Irish barony, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

John Major, esq., of Worlingworth Hall, in the county of Suffolk, was created a baronet, on the 8th of July, 1765, with remainder, in default of male issue, to John Henniker, esq. the husband of his eldest daughter, Anne, who assumed the name of Major, in addition to his own. (His second and only other daughter, Elizabeth, *m.* Henry Bridges, second Duke of Chandos.) Upon the demise of Sir John, therefore, his title, according to the limitation of the patent, and a moiety of his estates, devolved upon

Sir John Henniker-Major, who, by the abovementioned union, had issue John, his successor; Major, who *m.* in 1776, Mary, daughter of John Phœnix, esq. of Rochester, (leaving at his demise, in 1803, John Minet, the present lord, with other children;) and Brydges-Trecothick, a lieutenant-general in the army, who was created a baronet, in 1813. Sir John Henniker-Major was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as Baron Henniker, of Stratford-upon-Slaney, on the 30th of July, 1800; and dying on the 18th of April, 1803, was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, who *d.* without issue, on the 5th of Dec. 1821, when the family honors devolved upon his nephew, the present baron.

Motto, in English,

God is the Major Buttress.

Town Residence—21, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seats—Worlingworth Hall, near Eye; Major House, near Stoneham, both in the county of Suffolk; and Broadstairs, Kent.

HENNIKER, SIR FREDERICK, baronet, of Newton Hall, in the county of Essex; *b.* 1st November, 1793; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 3rd of July, 1816.

Lineage.

Lieutenant-General the Honorable Brydges-Trecothick Henniker, youngest son of John, first Lord Henniker, was created a baronet, on the 2nd of November, 1813. He *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of William Press, esq., by whom he had issue Frederick, the present baronet, three other sons, and two daughters.

Motto, in English,

God is the greatest support.

Town Residence—3, Albany.

Country Seat—Newton Hall, Dunmow, Essex.

HEPBURN, SIR JOHN-BUCHAN, baronet, of Smeaton, in the county of Haddington; *b.* 6th February, 1790; *m.* Mary, only daughter of Thomas Hogg, esq., of Newliston, in the county of Linlithgow, and grand-daughter of James, seventh Earl of Lauderdale, by whom he has two sons and a daughter. Sir John succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 3rd of July, 1819.

Lineage.

George-Buchan Hepburn, esq., son of John Buchan, esq. of Letham, (who assumed the name of Hepburn, upon his marriage with Elizabeth, daughter of Patrick Hepburn, esq. of Smeaton,) was created a baronet, on the 6th of May, 1815. He *m.* twice, but had issue only by his first wife, Jane, eldest daughter of Alexander Leith, esq. of Glenkindy, in the county of Aberdeen, namely, John-Buchan, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

To renew the old house.

Country Seat—Smeaton, in Haddingtonshire.

HEREFORD, VISCOUNT, (Henry Devereux,) and a baronet; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 31st of December, 1804; *m.* in 1805, Frances-Elizabeth, third daughter of the late Sir George Cornewall, bart., of Moccas Court, by whom he has issue Henry-Cornewall, *b.* 21st November, 1807; four other sons, and a daughter,

His lordship is Premier Viscount of England.

Lineage.

This noble family derives its surname from Evereux, a considerable town of Normandy; and it traces its descent to

Robert de Ebrois, one of the leaders in the Norman army, at the battle of Hastings, from whom directly descended

Sir Walter D'Evereux, knt., who *m.* Anne, only daughter and heiress of William, Baron Ferrars, of Chartley; in consequence of which alliance, he was summoned to parliament, July 26, 1461, by the title of his deceased father-in-law, Baron Ferrars.

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He received, subsequently, (in 1470,) a grant for life of the county of Caernarvon, was nominated chief forester of Snowdon Hills, in North Wales, and installed a knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter. Attaching himself to the interests of Richard the Third, his lordship fell at the battle of Bosworth Field, on the 22nd of August, 1485, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John Devereux, knt., who was summoned to parliament from the third to the twelfth year of Henry the Seventh. His lordship *m.* Cecilie, sister and sole heiress of Henry, (Bourchier) Earl of Ewe and Essex, and Baroness Bourchier, in her own right, (maternally descended from Thomas Plantagenet, Duke of Gloucester, youngest son of Edward the Third,) by whom he had a daughter, Anne, who married Henry, Lord Clifford; and a son, his successor,

Walter, who inherited the barony of Bourchier from his mother. This nobleman, in consideration of the active and distinguished part which he had taken in the French wars of Henry the Eighth, was created by that monarch, on the 2nd of February, 1549-50, Viscount Hereford, with an annual rent of twenty marks out of the revenues of the county of Hereford, to himself, and his heirs male, for ever. His lordship was also installed a knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter. He *m.* twice: first, Mary, daughter of Thomas Grey, Marquess of Dorset, by whom he had three sons; and secondly, Margaret, daughter of Robert Garnish, esq. of Kenton, in Suffolk, by whom he had an only son, Sir Edward Devereux, knt., of Castle Bromwich. He *d.* on the 27th of September, 1558, and was succeeded by the son of his eldest son, (Sir Richard Devereux, knt., deceased,) his grandson,

Walter, then in his nineteenth year, who was advanced to an earldom, on the 4th of May, 1572, as Earl of Essex; being styled, at the same time, Earl of Ewe, Viscount Hereford, Baron Ferrars, of Chartley, Bourchier, and Lovain, and installed a knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter. His lordship *d.* at Dublin, on the 22nd of September, 1576, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, who became the distinguished and unfortunate favorite of Queen Elizabeth; to which unhappy predilection of royalty he fell a victim, and lost his head upon Tower hill, in the thirty-fourth year of his age, on the 25th of February, 1601. He was esteemed one of the most accomplished noblemen of his day; an able statesman, and a gallant soldier. He was a knight of the Garter, a privy counsellor, master of the horse, earl-marshal of England, lord-deputy of Ireland, and chancellor of the University of Cambridge. His lordship *m.* Frances, daughter and heiress of Sir Francis Walsingham, and relict of the celebrated Sir Philip Sidney, by whom he left three children, who were restored in blood, in 1603, viz. two daughters, and his successor,

Robert. This nobleman, early in life, attached himself to Charles the First, when that monarch was Prince of Wales, and continued in his majesty's service until 1642, when he accepted a command in the parliamentary army, and turned his sword against his unhappy master. He *d.* on the 14th of September, 1646, and was interred with national obsequies, in Westminster Abbey, on the 22nd of October, the two houses of parliament attending at his funeral. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Frances, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Suffolk, from whom he was divorced; and secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Powlet, by whom he had an only son, who *d.* in infancy. The earl thus leaving no issue, the earldoms of Ewe and Essex became extinct; the barony of Ferrers fell into abeyance, and so continued, until revived by Charles the Second, in the person of Sir Robert Shirley, afterwards Earl Ferrers; and the viscounty of Hereford devolved upon his kinsman,

Sir Walter Devereux, bart. (second and eldest surviving son of Sir Edward Devereux, knight, of Castle Bromwich, who was created a baronet, on the 25th of November, 1612, and was youngest son of Walter, first Viscount Hereford.) His lordship *m.* twice, and was succeeded by the second, but eldest surviving, son of his second marriage,

Leicester, who was succeeded, in 1676, by his eldest son,

Leicester, who *d.* in his ninth year, in March, 1682-3, when the family honors devolved upon his only brother,

Edward. This nobleman *d.* without issue, on the 9th of August, 1700, when the titles reverted to

Price Devereux, esq. a descendant of Sir George Devereux, of Castle Bromwich, through his fourth son, Sir George Devereux, of Sheldon Hall, in the county of Worcester. This nobleman *m.* Mary, second daughter of Samuel Sandys, esq. of Ombersley Court, by whom he had a daughter, and his successor, (in 1740,)

Price, who *d.* without issue, (although married twice,) on the 27th of July, 1748, when the family honors reverted to

Edward Devereux, a descendant of Sir George Devereux, of Sheldon Hall, through the second son of his eldest son, George. His lordship *d.* on the 21st of August, 1760, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

Edward, who *d.* on the 1st of August, 1783, when the titles devolved upon his brother,

George, *b.* 25th April, 1744; *m.* in 1768, Mariana, only daughter and heiress of George Devereux, esq., of Tregoyd, in the county of Brecon, by whom he had issue Henry, the present viscount, and twelve other children; six of whom, including his successor, survived his lordship. He *d.* on the 31st of Dec. 1804.

Motto, in English,

Steadiness is the foundation of all virtues.

Country Seat—Nantaribba Hall, Montgomeryshire.

HERON, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Newark-upon-Trent, in the county of Notting-

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ham; *b.* in 1765; *m.* on the 9th of January, 1792, Amelia, daughter of Sir Horace Mann, baronet, by whom he has no issue. Sir Robert succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, in January, 1805.

Lineage.

This family traces its settlement in England to the era of the Norman Conquest, and the name (as then spelled "Herioun,") is found amongst the persons of distinction in the train of the victorious duke.

Richard Heron, esq., youngest son of Robert Heron, esq., recorder of Newark, having been nominated chief secretary to the lord-lieutenant of Ireland, (the Earl of Buckinghamshire,) in 1777, was sworn of the privy council of that kingdom, and created a baronet of England, on the 25th of July, 1778, with remainder to the issue male of his brother, Thomas Heron, esq. of Chilham Castle, in the county of Kent. The Right Honorable Sir Richard Heron *d.* in January, 1805, and leaving no children, the title devolved, according to the limitation of the patent, upon his nephew, the present baronet, who is eldest son of the above-mentioned Thomas, by Anne, daughter of Sir Edward Wilmot, baronet, the celebrated royal physician in the reigns of George the Second and his late majesty.

Motto, in English,

The Heron seeks high places.

Country Seat—Stubton, Lincolnshire.

HERTFORD, MARQUESS AND EARL OF, (Francis-Charles-Ingram-Seymour Conway,) Earl of Yarmouth, Viscount Beauchamp, of Hache, and Baron Conway, of Ragley, in the peerage of Great Britain; Baron Conway, of Killultagh, in the county of Antrim, in that of Ireland; a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, warden of the Stannaries, and chief-steward and vice-admiral of the Duchy of Cornwall; *b.* 11th March, 1777; *m.* in 1798, Miss Fagniani, by whom he has issue Richard, Earl of Yarmouth, *b.* 23rd February, 1800, and Frances-Maria, *b.* 2nd February, 1799. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 17th of June, 1822.

Lineage.

This noble family is a branch of the illustrious house of Seymour, Dukes of Somerset, springing from

Francis Seymour, esq. (youngest son of Sir Edward Seymour, baronet, speaker of the British house of commons, in 1673, the fifth in descent from the first Duke of Somerset, and grandfather of the seventh duke,) who, being adopted by Edward Conway, Earl of Conway, assumed the name and arms of Conway, and was, after the demise of that nobleman, created, by letters patent, dated the 17th of March, 1702-3, Lord Conway, Baron Conway, of Ragley, in the county of Warwick, and being devised considerable estates in the North of Ireland, was enrolled amongst the peers of that kingdom, on the 16th of October, 1703, by the title of Baron Conway, of Killultagh, in the county of Antrim. He did not, however, take his seat in the Irish house of lords until October, 1721. In October, 1727, he was sworn of the privy council of Ireland, and, in the following year, constituted governor of Carrickfergus. His lordship *m.* thrice: first, in 1703, Mary, third daughter of Laurence Hyde, Earl of Rochester, by whom he had four daughters; secondly, Jane, daughter of —— Bowden, esq. of Drogheda, by whom he had a son, who *d.* in infancy, and a daughter, who *d.* unmarried; and, thirdly, in 1718, Charlotte, daughter of Alderman Sir John Shorter, knt. lord mayor of London, in 1688, and sister-in-law of the celebrated minister, Sir Robert Walpole, afterwards Earl of Orford, by whom he had four sons and three daughters. His lordship *d.* at Lisburn, in Ireland, on the 3rd of February, 1731-2, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Francis, who was advanced to a viscounty and earldom, on the 3rd of August, 1750, by the titles of Viscount Beauchamp and Earl of Hertford, (those titles were conferred upon his lordship's ancestor, Edward, Duke of Somerset, and expired with Algernon, the seventh duke,) with remainder, in default of male issue, to the male descendants of his brother, the Honorable and Right Honorable General Henry-Seymour Conway. His lordship was nominated, in 1757, lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the county of Warwick, and installed, on the 30th of August, in the same year, a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. He *m.* on the 29th of May, 1741, Isabella, youngest daughter of Charles, second Duke of Grafton, by whom he had seven sons and six daughters. His lordship was advanced, on the 5th of July, 1793, to the dignities of Earl of Yarmouth, in the county of Norfolk, and Marquess of Hertford. He *d.* on the 14th of June following, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Francis, *b.* in 1743; a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, lord chamberlain of the household, lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the county of Warwick, and governor of the county of Antrim, in Ireland. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Alice-Elizabeth, youngest daughter and coheiress of Herbert, Viscount Windsor, of Ireland, by whom he had an only daughter; and, secondly, in 1776, Isabella-Anne, daughter and heiress of Charles Ingram, Viscount Irwin, of Scotland, (at the decease of which nobleman, the Marquess of Hertford assumed, by royal permission, the name and arms of Ingram,) by whom he had an only son, Francis-Charles, Viscount Yarmouth, present Marquess of Hertford.

Motto, in English,

By faith and love.

Town Residence—105, Piccadilly.

Country Seats—Sudburn Hall, Woodbridge, Suffolk; Ragley, Warwickshire; and Lisburn, Ireland.

HERVEY-BATHURST, SIR —— baronet, of Lainston, in the county of South-

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ampton; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in September, 1824.

Lineage.

FELTON-ELWILL HERVEY, esq. eldest son of Felton-Lionel Hervey, esq., by Selina, only daughter and heiress of Sir John Elwill, baronet, and granddaughter of Peter Bathurst, esq., assumed, by royal permission, in 1801, the name and arms of Bathurst, in addition to those of his own family, and was created a baronet, on the 7th of December, 1818, with remainder to his brother, Frederick-Anne Hervey, esq.; dying, without issue, on the 24th of September, 1819, the title descended, according to the limitation of the patent, upon the said

SIR FREDERICK-ANNE HERVEY, who also assumed, by royal licence, the surname of Bathurst. He *m.* Miss Hutchinson, by whom he had the present baronet, and other children, and *d.* in 1824.

Country Seat—Clarendon-Court, Wiltshire.

HESKETH, SIR THOMAS-DALRYMPLE, baronet, of Rufford, in the county of Lancaster; *b.* 13th January, 1777; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his grandfather, on the 31st of December, 1796; *m.* first, in 1798, Sophia, only daughter of the Reverend Nathaniel Hinde, by whom he has issue Thomas-Henry, *b.* 11th February, 1799, and three daughters; and, secondly, in 1821, Miss Louisa Allamund.

Lineage.

THOMAS HASKETH, esq. eldest surviving son of Thomas Hasketh, esq., who represented the town of Preston in parliament, by Martha, only daughter of James St. Amand, esq., was created a baronet, on the 5th of May, 1761, and dying without issue, in 1778, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR ROBERT, in whose favor the patent contained a reversionary clause. This gentleman obtained permission to assume the name and arms of his maternal great-grandfather, Sir William Juxon, bart., which he continued during his life to bear. He *m.* Sarah, daughter of William Plumbe, esq. of Wavertree, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had two sons, Thomas and Robert, both of whom *d.* before himself; Thomas leaving issue, by Jacintha, daughter of Hugh Dalrymple, esq., Thomas-Dalrymple, the present baronet, and five daughters. Sir Robert *d.* on the 30th of December, 1796.

Country Seat—Rufford Hall, in the county of Lancaster.

HEWITT, THE RIGHT HONOURABLE SIR GEORGE, bart. of Nethersall, in the county of Leicester; *m.* in July, 1785, Julian, daughter of John Johnson, esq., of Blackheath, in the county of Kent, by whom he has issue George, a field-officer in the army, *b.* 18th May, 1791; four other sons, and six daughters. This gentleman (who is the son of Shuckburgh Hewitt, Esq., of Melton Mowbray, a major in the army) having entered early into the military service of his country, rose to the rank of a general officer, obtained the colonelcy of the 61st regiment of foot, and was recently commander-in-chief of the forces in India. He was created a baronet on the 6th of Nov. 1813.

Country Seat—Alcomb, in the county of Somerset.

HICKS, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Beverston, in the county of Gloucester; *m.* first, Judith, third daughter of Edward Whitcombe, esq., of Orleton, in the county of Worcester, by whom he had an only son, who *d.* in infancy; and secondly Anne-Rachael, daughter of the late Thomas-Lobb Chute, esq., of the Vine, in Hampshire, by whom he has an only daughter, the wife of W. L. Cromie, esq., only son of Sir Michael Cromie, baronet. Sir William succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, Sir Howe Hicks.

Lineage.

WILLIAM HICKS, esq. (grandson of Robert Hicks, an eminent and wealthy citizen of London, through his eldest son Michael. His second son, Baptist, arose to great opulence and honour, and was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Hicks and Viscount Campden,) was created a baronet on the 21st of July, 1619. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of William, Lord Paget, by whom he had several children, but only three survived, namely, a daughter, Letitia, who became the wife of Arthur Chichester, Earl of Donegal, in Ireland; and two sons, both of whom were knighted in their infancy. He *d.* in 1690, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, knight, who *m.* Marthagnes, daughter of Sir Henry Conningsby, knight, by whom he had two sons, and two daughters. He *d.* in 1703, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT. This gentleman dying without issue, in 1768, the title devolved upon his cousin,

SIR JOHN BAPTIST, grandson of the second baronet, through his second son, Charles, who also *d.* without issue, when the title reverted to

SIR HOWE, great-grandson of the first baronet, through his second son, Sir Michael Hicks, knight, by Susanna, daughter of Sir Robert Howe. This gentleman *m.* Martha, daughter of the Rev. John Browne, by whom he had William, the present baronet, another son, and six daughters.

Country Seat—Whitcombe Park, near Gloucester.

HILL, BARON, (Rowland Hill,) of Almaraz, and of Hawkestone, in the county of Salop; and Baron Hill, of Almaraz, and of Hawkestone and Hardwicke, in the same county.

This nobleman, who is the fourth son of Sir John Hill, baronet, of Hawkestone, having adopted the military profession, distinguished himself by his gallantry, during the late Peninsular war, and attaining the rank of lieutenant-general in the army, with the command of the 72nd regiment of foot, the Grand Cross of the

Bath, and several foreign orders, was further distinguished for his brilliant achievements by a patent of peerage, dated 17th of May, 1814, conferring the barony, first specified; and a second patent, dated 16th January, 1816, conferring the same titles, with the addition of "Hardwicke," in remainder, to the male issue of his deceased brother, John Hill, esq. of Hawkestone.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

HILL, SIR ROWLAND, baronet, of Hawkestone, in the county of Salop; heir presumptive to his uncle, Baron Hill, of Almaraz and Hawkestone. Succeeded to the baronetcy upon the demise of his grandfather, in May, 1824.

Lineage.

The residence of this distinguished family, in the county of Salop, can be traced to a period antecedent to the reign of Edward the First; but the name, instead of Hill, was formerly spelled Hull, or de la Hull.

Rowland Hill, esq., nephew of the Right Honourable Richard Hill, (an eminent statesman and diplomatist, in the reigns of King William, Queen Anne, and King George the First,) in consideration of the important services of his uncle, was created a baronet on the 20th of June, 1726-7, with remainder, in default of male issue, to three other nephews of the said Sir Richard, namely, Samuel Hill, of Shenstone, Thomas Hill, of Tern, (whose eldest son was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Berwick,) and Rowland Hill, his brother. Sir Rowland *m.* in 1732, Jane, daughter of Sir Brian Broughton, of Broughton, baronet, and had ten children, (of whom the celebrated and Rev. Rowland Hill is one.) He *d.* in August, 1783, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Richard, who represented the county of Salop in parliament, from an early period of life, until the infirmities of advanced age compelled him to retire. He *d.* in Nov. 1808, and having no issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir John, *b.* 21st July, 1740; *m.* Mary, daughter of John Chambre, esq. of Peton, by whom he had issue, John, (who *m.* Elizabeth-Rhodes, daughter of Philip Cornish, Esq. and, dying in the lifetime of his father, left, with three other sons and two daughters, Rowland, the present baronet,) Rowland, (now Baron Hill, of Hawkestone,) and fourteen other children. Three of the younger sons distinguished themselves in the profession of arms, and received the honour of knighthood, namely, Sir Robert-Chambre Hill, a lieutenant-colonel in the army; Sir Francis-Bryan Hill, and Sir Thomas-Noel Hill, a major in the British service, and colonel of the 1st regiment of Portuguese infantry. Sir John *d.* in 1824, and was succeeded by his grandson, Sir Rowland, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Hawkestone Hall, Shropshire.

HILLARY, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Danbury Place, in the county of Essex; *m.* in February, 1800, Elizabeth, daughter and coheiress of Lewis-Disney Fitch, esq., of Danbury Place, by whom he has issue Augustus-William and Elizabeth-Mary, both born on the 19th of Nov., 1800. This gentleman was created a baronet on the 8th of November, 1805.

Motto, in English,

Nothing is inaccessible to courage.

Country Seat—Danbury Place, Essex.

HILLSBOROUGH, EARL OF, (Arthur-Blundell-Sandys-Trumbell Hill,) Viscount Fairford, creations of 1772; and Baron Harwich, creation of 1756; in the peerage of England.

See, Marquess of Downshire.

HIPPESLEY-COXE, SIR JOHN STEWART, baronet, of Warfield Grove, in the county of Berks, succeeded to the title, upon the demise of his father, the late Sir John-Coxe Hippesley, in 1825.

Lineage.

John-Coxe Hippesley, esq. son of William Hippesley, esq. (great-great-grandson of John Hippesley, esq., of Yatton,) by Anne, eldest daughter of Robert Webb, esq., of Cromhall, in the county of Gloucester, having been engaged in the East India Company's service in India, and subsequently by his sovereign, in diplomatic negotiations in Italy, was created a baronet on the 30th of April, 1796. He *m.* twice; first, in 1780, Margaret, second daughter of Sir John Stuart, baronet, by whom he had John Stuart, the present baronet, and three daughters; and secondly, Elizabeth, relict of Henry-Hippesley Coxe, esq. of Stone-Easton House, and daughter of Thomas Horner, esq. of Mells Park, by whom he had no issue.

Sir John, in consequence of being engaged in negotiating the marriage between the princess royal of England, and his late majesty of Wirtemburgh, obtained letters patent from that prince, granting to himself and his descendants, the right of bearing the arms of the House of Wirtemburgh, accompanied with the inscription of the grand order of that principality,—

"Amicitiæ virtutisque fœdus."

"The league of friendship and virtue."

Family Motto, in English,

Not for myself, but my country.

Town Residence—17, Grosvenor-street.

Country Seats—Stone-Easton House, Somersetshire; and Castle House, West Cowes, Isle of Wight.

HISLOP, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Tothill, in the county of Devon; *b.* 5th July, 1764.

This gentleman, who is the youngest son of Lieutenant-Colonel Hislop, of the Royal Artillery, being bred a soldier, attained the rank of lieutenant-general in the army, the Grand Cross of the Bath, with the command of the 93rd regi-

ment of foot, and was created a baronet on the 2nd of November, 1813.

Motto, over the first Crest.
"Deccan."

Town Residence—45, Bryanston-square.
Country Seat—Tothill, Devonshire.

HOARE, SIR RICHARD-COLT, baronet, of Barn Elms, in the county of Surrey; *m.* in 1783, Hester, eldest daughter of William-Henry, late Lord Littelton, by whom he has an only son, Henry, who *m.* in 1808, Charlotte, only daughter of Sir Edward Dering, baronet, of Surrenden Dering. Sir Richard succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1787.

Lineage.

RICHARD HOARE, esq. (grandson of Sir Richard Hoare, knight, who *m.* Jane, daughter of Alderman Sir William Benson, knight, lord mayor of London, in 1745,) was created a baronet on the 10th of June, 1786. He *m.* twice: first, Anne, daughter of his uncle, Henry Hoare, esq. of Barn Elms, in the county of Surrey, by whom he had an only son, Richard-Colt, the present baronet; and secondly, Frances-Anne, daughter of Hugh Acland, esq., of Beckenham, in the county of Kent, by whom he had four sons and a daughter. He *d.* in October, 1787.

Country Seat—Stourhead House, in Wiltshire.

HOBHOUSE, SIR BENJAMIN, baronet, of Westbury College, in the county of Gloucester; *b.* in 1757; *m.* first, in 1785, Charlotte, daughter of Samuel Cam, esq., of Chantry House, in the county of Wilts, by whom he has issue John-Cam, M.P. for Westminster, another son, and a daughter; and secondly, in 1793, Amelia, daughter of the Rev. Joshua Parry, of Cirencester, by whom he has two sons and six daughters.

This gentleman (who is the only surviving son of John Hobhouse, esq. eldest son of Benjamin Hobhouse, esq. of Westbury College, by Miss Mary Spragg, an heiress,) was bred a barrister, and having obtained a seat in parliament, was nominated to several lucrative employments under government, and created a baronet on the 22nd of December, 1812.

Motto, in English,
The hope of a better life.

Town Residence—42, Berkeley-square.
Country Seats—Chantry House, Wilts; Westbury College, Gloucestershire; and Whelton Park, Middlesex.

HOGHTON, SIR HENRY-PHILIP, bart. of Hoghton Tower, in the county of Lancaster; *b.* 12th of June, 1768; succeeded to the title, upon the demise of his father, on the 9th of March, 1795; *m.* Miss Brook, only daughter and heiress of Peter Brook, esq., of Astley Hall, in the county of Lancaster, and relict of Thomas-Townley Parker, esq. by whom he has issue, Henry, *b.* 3rd of Jan. 1799, who *m.* in 1820, Dorothea, then second, but now eldest, daughter of the late Peter-Patten Bold, esq., of Bold, near Liverpool; and a daughter, Fanny-Elizabeth, *b.* 30th March, 1800.

Lineage.

This is the second baronetcy, in point of precedency, in the kingdom. It was conferred on the day the order was instituted, namely, the 22nd of May, 1611, upon

SIR RICHARD HOGHTON, a knight of Queen Elizabeth's creation, and a lineal descendant from Sir Adam de Hoghton, who lived in the reign of Edward the Third. This gentleman *m.* Catherine, daughter of Sir Gilbert Gerard, knight, of Bromley, in the county of Stafford, master of the rolls, by whom he had five sons, and eight daughters. He *d.* in 1630, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GILBERT, who had previously, on the 21st of July, 1606, received the honor of knighthood, and subsequently distinguished himself in the ranks of the Cavaliers. He *m.* Margaret, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Roger Aston, knight, by whom he had six sons, and four daughters. He *d.* in 1647, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

SIR RICHARD. This gentleman, who represented the county of Lancaster in parliament, *m.* Sarah, daughter of Philip, first Earl of Chesterfield, by whom he had several children. He *d.* in 1677-8, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR CHARLES, who *m.* in 1676, Mary, eldest daughter of John Skeffington, Viscount Masserene, by whom he had five sons, and six daughters. He *d.* in 1710, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

SIR HENRY. This gentleman *m.* thrice, but, having no issue, the title devolved, at his demise, in 1768, upon (the only son of his brother Philip, by Miss Sclater, daughter of Thomas Sclater, esq.) his nephew,

SIR HENRY, *b.* 22nd Oct. 1721; *m.* first, in 1761, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of William Ashurst, esq. of Heddingham Castle, in the county of Essex, by whom he had an only daughter; and secondly, in 1766, Fanny, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Daniel Booth, esq., of Hatton Hall, in the county of Essex, by whom he had Henry-Philip, the present baronet, and another son, Major-General Daniel Hoghton, who fell at the battle of Albuera, while gallantly leading his regiment against the enemy. Sir Henry *d.* on the second of March, 1795.

Motto, in English,
In despite of wrong.

Country Seat—Hoghton Tower, and Walton Hall, Lancaster.

HOLLAND, BARON, (Henry-Richard Vassal-Fox,) of Holland, in the county of Lincoln; and Baron Holland, of Foxley, in the county of Wilts, F.R. and S.A.; *b.* 23rd Nov., 1773; succeeded to the family honors upon the

demise of his father, on the 26th Dec. 1774; *m.* in 1797, Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Vassal, esq., who had been previously married to, but divorced, by act of parliament, from the late Sir Godfrey Webster, baronet; by whom he has issue Charles-Stephen, *b.* 7th of March, 1802, another son, and a daughter. His lordship, in consequence of his marriage, assumed the surname of Vassal.

Lord Holland is recorder of Nottingham.

Lineage.

This noble family is sprung from a common ancestor with that of Fox, Earls of Ilchester, namely,

SIR STEPHEN FOX, a distinguished senator, during the reigns of Charles the Second, James II. William the Third, and Queen Anne. By his marriage, in 1703, with Christian, daughter of the Rev. Charles Hope, of Naseby, in the county of Lincoln, this gentleman had two sons; Stephen, created Earl of Ilchester, (see that title,) and

HENRY, who filled several high official situations, in the reign of George the Second, (among others, those of secretary at war, and secretary of state, from 1735, when he was first returned to parliament, for Hendon,) until the accession of his late majesty, at which period he was a member of the privy council, and enjoyed the office of paymaster-general of the forces, but which he resigned soon afterwards. He *m.* in 1744, Georgiana-Carolina, eldest daughter of Charles, second Duke of Richmond, by whom he had issue Stephen, his successor; Charles-James, a distinguished patriot, statesman, and orator, who *d.* in 1806, when nominally secretary of state for foreign affairs, but virtually the prime minister of England; and another son, Henry-Edward, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 10th foot. Lady Georgiana Fox was elevated to the peerage, as Baroness Holland, of Holland, in the county of Lincoln, on the 6th of May, 1762; and Mr. Fox himself was created Baron Holland, of Foxley, in the county of Wilts, on the 16th of April, 1763. His lordship *d.* on the 1st of July, 1774, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

STEPHEN, who also inherited the barony of Holland, of Holland, at the demise of his mother, on the 24th of the same month, in the same year. His lordship *m.* 1766, Mary, daughter of John Fitzpatrick, first Earl of Upper Ossory, by whom he had issue Henry-Richard, the present baron, and three daughters. He *d.* in the December of the same year in which he succeeded to his family honors.

Motto, in English,

Adhere to truth at the hazard of life.

Residence—Holland House, Kensington.

HOMAN, SIR WILLIAM-JACKSON, baronet, of Dunlum, in the county of Westmeath; *m.* in 1794, Charlotte, second daughter of John, Marquess of Bute, by whom he has an only son, Philip-George-Stuart, *b.* 6th Sept., 1802. Mr. Homan (second son of George Homan, esq., and grandson of George Homan, esq. of Surrock, in the county of Westmeath, and his wife, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of the Rev. William Jackson, D.D. of Maghul, in the county of Lancaster,) was created a baronet on the 1st of August, 1801.

Motto, in English,

I am a man.

Country Seat—Dunlum, in the county of Westmeath.

HOME, EARL OF, (William-Ramey Home,) Baron Home, and Baron of Dunglas, lord lieutenant of the county of Berwick; *b.* in 1769; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1786; *m.* in 1798, Elizabeth, second daughter of Henry, third Duke of Buccleuch and Queensberry, by whom he has issue Cospatrick-Alexander, Lord Dunglas, *b.* 27th Oct. 1799, and William-Montague-Douglas, *b.* 22nd Nov. 1800. The earl assumed the surname of his maternal grandfather, "Ramey," in addition to that of Home, by royal permission, in 1814.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present earls its as one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This noble family yields to few of its native country, in antiquity of descent, being a branch of the distinguished house of Dunbar and March; springing from Patrick, second son of Cospatrick, Earl of Dunbar and March, whose grandson, William, assumed the name of Home, and from whom directly descended

ALEXANDER HOME, esq., who was elevated to the peerage on the 2nd of August, 1473, as Baron Home. His lordship was succeeded by his grandson,

ALEXANDER; to whom succeeded, in turn, his sons,

ALEXANDER and GEORGE, third and fourth lords. The latter of whom was succeeded by his son,

ALEXANDER, to whom succeeded his son,

ALEXANDER, who was created, on the 4th of March, 1604, Earl of Home, and Baron Dunglas, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever. His lordship was succeeded by his only son,

JAMES, upon whose demise, without issue, in 1633, the peerage reverted to his kinsman,

SIR JAMES HOME, knight. This nobleman *m.* Jane, daughter of William, Earl of Morton, by whom he left three sons, all of whom succeeded, in turn, to the family honors, namely,

ALEXANDER, } who *d.* without issue; the former
JAMES, } in 1674, and the latter in 1687.
and

CHARLES. This nobleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir William Purves, baronet, of Purves Hall, in the county of Berwick, by whom he had six children.

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His lordship *d.* in 1706, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER. This nobleman suffered imprisonment in the castle of Edinburgh, from the breaking out of the rebellion in 1715, until released in 1716, at the revival of the Habeas Corpus Act. His lordship *m.* Anne, second daughter of William, Marquess of Lothian, by whom he had eight children, the second and fifth of which succeeded to the family honors. The former,

WILLIAM, upon the demise of his father, in 1720, and the latter,

THE REV. ALEXANDER, upon the decease of his brother, without issue, in 1766. His lordship *m.* first, Primrose, second daughter of Charles, Lord Elphinstone, by whom he had a son and daughter. The former, William, Lord Dunglas, fell at the battle of Guilford, on the 15th of March, 1781. The earl *m.* secondly, Marian, second daughter of the Honorable James Home, of Ayton, (his uncle,) by whom he had no issue; and thirdly, in 1768, Abigail, only daughter and heiress of John Ramey, esq., of Yarmouth, by whom he had issue Alexander, the present peer, and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1786.

Motto,

True to the end.

Country Seat—Home Castle, in the county of Berwick.

HOME, SIR EVERARD, baronet, of Well-Manor Farm; F.R.S.; *b.* in May, 1756; *m.* in 1792, Jane, daughter and co-heiress of the Rev. Doctor Tunstall, and relict of Stephen Thompson, esq. by whom he has issue James-Everard, *b.* 25th Oct., 1798, an officer in the navy; another son, and four daughters. This gentleman, who is son of Robert Home, esq., of Greenlaw Castle, in the county of Berwick, (a branch of the noble family of Home,) by Mary, daughter of Colonel Hutchinson, being nominated sergeant-surgeon to the king, was created a baronet on the 2nd of July, 1813.

Town Residence—30, Sackville-street.

Country Seat—Well-Manor Farm, Southampton.

HONYMAN, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Armadale, in the county of Orkney; *b.* 6th of Dec., 1756; *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of the Right Honorable Robert M'Queen, late lord-chief-justice-clerk, (a high Scottish judicial character,) by whom he has issue five sons and four daughters. This gentleman, who is son of the late Patrick Honyman, esq., of Gremsay, by Margaret, daughter of John Mackay, esq. of Strathsay, was created a baronet, on the 19th of May, 1804. He filled, for several years, the elevated station of a lord of session in Scotland, and assumed, while in that office, the title of Lord Armadale.

Country Seats — Armadale and Gremsay, in Orkney.

HONYWOOD, SIR JOHN-COURTNEY, baronet, of Evington, in the county of Kent; *b.* in 1787; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1806; *m.* on the 27th of July, 1808, Mary-Anne, eldest daughter of the Reverend Sir William-Henry Cooper, bart., by whom he has issue a son, *b.* 16th March, 1812, another son, and a daughter.

Lineage.

This family has been of the highest respectability in the county of Kent, since the reign of Henry the Third, and takes its place amongst some of the earliest of those elevated to the dignity of baronet; that honor being conferred upon

EDWARD HONYWOOD, esq. on the 19th of July, 1660. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Maynard, knt., of Tooting, Surrey, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He *d.* in 1680, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, *b.* in 1675; *d.* in 1748, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR JOHN, who *d.* in 1781, and was also succeeded by his grandson,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* in 1778, Frances, daughter of William, Lord Viscount Courtney, by whom he had issue John-Courtney, the present baronet, and six daughters. Sir John *d.* in 1806.

Motto, in English,

Every thing is good that comes from above.

Country Seat—Evington-place, Kent.

HOOD, VISCOUNT, (Henry Hood,) of Whitley, in the county of Warwick, Baron Hood, of Catherington, in the county of Hants, in the peerage of Great Britain; a baronet of England, and Baron Hood, of Catherington, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 25th of August, 1753; *m.* in 1774, Jane, only daughter and heiress of Francis Wheeler, esq. of Whitley, in the county of Warwick, by whom he had Francis-Wheeler, a lieutenant-colonel in the army, killed at the battle of Orthes, on the 1st March, 1814, (who left issue, by Caroline, only daughter of Sir Andrew-Snape Hammond, Francis-Grosvenor, *b.* 4th of March, 1809, and a daughter,) and has living, Samuel, present Lord Bridport, in the peerage of Ireland, and two daughters. The viscount succeeded to the barony of Hood of Catherington, upon the demise of his mother, Baroness Hood, in her own right, on the 25th of May, 1806, and to the other honors at the decease of his father, in 1816.

Lineage.

The family of Hood, which possessed considerable landed property in the county of Dorset more than two centuries ago, obtained the honors of nobility in the person of the gallant

ADMIRAL SIR SAMUEL HOOD, K.C.B., who was created a baronet, in recompense for his previous professional exploits, on the 19th of May, 1778, and elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 12th of September, 1782, as Baron Hood, of Catherington,

for the decisive victory which he had achieved in that year over the French fleet, under the Count de Grasse, in the West India Seas. His lordship was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, on the 1st of June, 1796, by the title of Viscount Hood, of Whitley, in the county of Warwick. He *m.* in 1749, Susannah, daughter of Edward Lindzee, esq., who was elevated to the peerage of England, as Baroness Hood, of Catherington, in the county of Hants, on the 27th of March, 1795; by this lady he had three sons, the two eldest of which died in infancy, and the third, Henry, is the present peer. His lordship lost his consort, on the 25th of May, 1806, and *d.* himself, on the 27th of January, 1816.

Motto, in English,
With prosperous winds.

Country Seat—Catherington House, Hants.

HOOD, SIR ALEXANDER, baronet, of Tidlake, in the county of Surrey; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, the late gallant Admiral Sir Samuel Hood; *m.* in 1815, Amelia-Anne, youngest daughter of Sir Hugh Bateman, bart., by whom he has a son, *b.* 23rd October, 1816, and two daughters.

Lineage.

This family is descended from a common ancestor with the noble one last described.

Samuel Hood, esq. (youngest son of Samuel Hood, esq., of Kingsland, in the county of Dorset, by Anne, daughter of James Bern, esq. of Westbury, in the county of Wilts,) entered the Royal Navy at the age of fourteen, as a midshipman on board the Courageux, then commanded by his father's first-cousin, Samuel, the first Viscount Hood, and having, by a series of splendid services, too numerous even to epitomise here, arrived at the rank of vice-admiral of the white, obtained the Grand Cross of the Bath, and was created a baronet, on the 13th of April, 1809, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his nephew, Alexander, the present baronet, only son of Captain Alexander Hood, also of the Royal Navy, who circumnavigated the globe with Captain Cook, and fell, on board the Mars, in the moment of triumph over the French ship, L'Hercule. Sir Samuel Hood *m.* Mary-Frederica-Elizabeth, daughter of Francis, Lord Senforth, but having no issue, the title devolved, at his decease, according to the reversionary clause in the patents.

Motto,
Zealous.

Country Seat—Wootton, Somersetshire.

HOPETOUN, EARL OF, (John Hope,) Viscount Aithrie, and Baron Hope, of the county of Lanark, in the peerage of Scotland; Baron Hopetoun, of Hopetoun, and Baron Niddry, of Linlithgow, in that of the empire at large; hereditary sheriff of the county of Linlithgow, and keeper of Lochmaben Castle; *b.* 15th November, 1803; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 27th of August, 1823.

Lineage.

The surname of Hope is one of very great antiquity in Scotland, and the ancestor of the present family, John de Hope, is said to have settled in that part of the United Kingdom (from France) in the beginning of the sixteenth century. From this gentleman, descended the opulent Amsterdam merchants of the same name, and

John Hope, esq. of Hopetoun, who took up his residence at the castle of Niddry. This gentleman *m.* Margaret, eldest daughter of John, fourth Earl of Haddington, by whom he had an only son, and an only daughter. Mr. Hope having embarked with the Duke of York, and several other persons of distinction, in the Gloucester frigate, in 1682, was lost in the wreck of that vessel, a few days after going aboard, in the thirty-second year of his age. His son,

Charles, who was *b.* in the previous year, succeeded to the family estates, and was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, on the 5th of April, 1703, by the titles of Earl of Hopetoun, Viscount Aithrie, and Baron Hope. His lordship *m.* in 1699, Henrietta, only daughter of William (Johnstone) Marquess of Annandale, by whom he had thirteen children. He *d.* on the 26th of February, 1742, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, who *d.* in 1781, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

James. This nobleman, at the demise of his grand-uncle, George, Marquess of Annandale, in 1792, inherited the large estates of that nobleman, and the earldoms of Annandale and Hartfield, neither of which titles, however, did he assume, but added the family name of Lord Annandale, Johnstone, to that of Hope. His lordship was nominated lord-lieutenant and hereditary sheriff of the county of Linlithgow, and hereditary keeper of Lochmaben Castle, and enrolled amongst the peers of the realm at large, on the 3rd of February, 1809, as Baron Hopetoun, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the male heirs of his late father. The earl *m.* in 1766, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of George, Earl of Northesk, by whom he had six daughters. He *d.* in 1816, when the family honors devolved upon his half-brother,

John, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 42nd regiment of foot, who, for his gallant achievements in the Peninsular war, had been elevated to the peerage of the United Kingdom, by the title of Baron Niddry, of the county of Linlithgow, on the 17th of May, 1814. His lordship *m.* twice: first, in 1798, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the Honorable Charles-Hope Weir, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, in 1803, Louisa-Dorothea, third daughter of Sir John Wedderburn, baronet, by whom he had John, the present peer, nine other sons, and a daughter. The earl *d.* on the 27th of August, 1823.

Motto, in English,
But my hope is not broken.

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Country Seats—Mandale Park, Dumfriesshire; and Hopetoun House, Linlithgowshire.

HORT, SIR JOSIAH-WILLIAM, baronet, of Castle Strange, in the county of Middlesex; *b.* 6th July, 1791; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1807; *m.* on the 31st of March, 1823, Louisa-Georgianna, daughter of Sir James Caldwell, baronet, of Castle Caldwell, in the county of Fermanagh, by whom he has a son and heir, *b.* 1st January, 1824.

Lineage.

JOHN HORT, esq., second son of his grace Josiah (Hort) Lord Archbishop of Tuam, by Elizabeth, daughter of William (Fitzmaurice) Lord Kerry, being nominated his majesty's consul at Lisbon, in 1767, was created a baronet, on the 8th of September, in the same year. He *m.* in 1789, Margaret, daughter of Sir Fenton Aylmer, bart., by whom he had issue Joshua-William, the present baronet; two other sons, and two daughters. He *d.* in September, 1807.

Country Seat—Hortland, in the county of Kildare.

HORTON, THE REV. SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Chaderton, in the county of Lancaster; *b.* 21st of July, 1758; *m.* in 1779, Elizabeth, daughter of Edward, late Earl of Derby, by whom he has an only daughter, Harriet-Susannah-Anne, the wife of George Pollard, esq. of Halifax. Sir Thomas, who is vicar of Badsworth, in Yorkshire, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, on the 22nd of November, 1811.

Lineage.

WILLIAM HORTON, esq., eldest son of Joshua Horton, esq. by Mary, daughter of the Reverend John Woolin, was created a baronet, on the 14th of January, 1764. He *m.* Susannah, daughter and heiress of Francis Watts, esq., by whom he had three sons; Watts, his successor; Thomas, the present baronet; and William. Sir William *d.* in 1774, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WATTS. This gentleman *m.* in 1778, Harriet, daughter of the late Earl of Derby, by whom he had an only daughter, Harriet-Susanna, the wife of Charles Rees, esq. He *d.* in 1811, when the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Chaderton, Lancashire.

HOSKYNS, SIR HUNGERFORD, baronet, of Harwood, in the county of Hereford; *b.* in 1776; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1802; *m.* on the 5th of August, 1803, Sarah, youngest daughter of John Philips, esq. of the Bank, in the county of Chester, by whom he has issue Hungerford, *b.* 19th of September, 1804, and three daughters.

Lineage.

BENNET HOSKYNS, esq., only son of Mr. Sergeant Hoskyns, an eminent lawyer and senator in the reign of James the First, was created a baronet, on the 18th of December, 1676. He *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir John Bingley, knt., by whom he had two sons, and was succeeded by the eldest,

SIR JOHN, one of the masters in chancery, who received the honor of knighthood in the lifetime of his father. This gentleman *m.* Jane, daughter of Sir Gabriel Law, knt., who was maternally descended from Walter, Lord Hungerford, a Knight of the Garter in the reign of Henry the Sixth, and had issue his two immediate successors, and other children.

SIR BENNET succeeded his father; but having no issue, the title devolved, at his decease, upon his brother,

SIR HUNGERFORD, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Theophilus Leigh, esq., of Addlestrop, in the county of Gloucester, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1766, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR CHANDOS, (so called after his maternal grand-uncle, the Duke of Chandos.) This gentleman *d.* in 1773, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR HUNGERFORD, who *m.* in 1774, Catharine, daughter of Sir Edwyn-Francis Stanhope, baronet, of Stanwell House, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he had issue Hungerford, the present baronet, three other sons, and three daughters. He *d.* on the 10th of July, 1802.

Country Seats — Harwood, and Morehampton Park, in the county of Hereford.

HOSTE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, and K.C.B.; *m.* first, Anne, daughter of Robert Glover, esq., by whom he has two daughters; and, secondly, in 1817, Harriet, third daughter of Horatio, Earl of Orford, by whom he has a son, *b.* the 19th of March, 1818. This gentleman, who is a captain in the royal navy, was rewarded with a baronetcy, on the 21st of September, 1814, for his gallant professional achievements, particularly in an engagement off the Island of Lyssa, on the 13th of March, 1811, wherein, at the head of four British frigates, he defeated the combined French and Italian squadrons of much superior force.

Motto, in English,
To fortitude.

HOTHAM, BARON, (Beaumont Hotham,) of South Dalton, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of England; *b.* 9th of August, 1794; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his grandfather, in 1815.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in the legislature. The present baron sits, however, as a commoner, in the lower house of parliament, for the borough of Leominster.

Lineage.

JOHN HOTHAM, esq., a gentleman of considerable wealth, and of ancient family, was created a baronet, on the 4th of January, 1621. He, subsequently, espoused, during the civil war, the cause of the parliamentarians; but, being convicted, by court martial, of holding correspondence with the royalists, he

was beheaded, with his eldest son, upon Tower-Hill, about the year 1644. From the second son of this gentleman, the Rev. Charles Hotham, descended

WILLIAM HOTHAM, esq., (son of Sir Beaumont Hotham, the seventh baronet, by Frances, daughter of the Reverend William Thompson,) who entered early in life into the naval service of his country, and, for his distinguished professional achievements, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as Baron Hotham, of South Dalton, on the 7th of March, 1797, with remainder to the heirs male of his father. His lordship succeeded to the baronetcy upon the demise of his nephew, Sir Charles Hotham, the tenth baronet, without issue, in July, 1811; (Sir Charles had himself succeeded his father, the Right Reverend Sir John, Lord Bishop of Clogher, in 1794,) and *d.* unmarried, on the 2nd of May, 1813, when the baronetcy and the barony (according to the reversionary clause in the patent) devolved upon his brother,

SIR BEAUMONT HOTHAM, knt., one of the barons of his majesty's court of exchequer in England. His lordship *m.* in 1767, Susanna, second daughter of Sir Thomas Hankey, knt., by whom he had issue Beaumont, (who *d.* in 1799, leaving three children, by Philadelphia, daughter of Sir John-Dixon Dyke, baronet,' viz. Beaumont, the present peer, an only daughter, and a posthumous son,) and five other children; one of which is Admiral Sir Henry Hotham, K.C.B. His lordship *d.* on the 4th of March, 1815, and was succeeded by his grandson.

Motto,
Lead on.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

HOWARD - DE - WALDEN, BARON,

(Charles-Augustus Ellis,) in the county of Essex; *b.* 29th June, 1799; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his great-grandfather, in 1803.

Lineage.

THOMAS HOWARD, son of the fourth Duke of Norfolk, by Margaret, daughter and heiress of Thomas, Lord Audley, of Walden, was summoned to parliament by writ, on the 24th of October, 1579, as Baron Howard de Walden, and was created, on the 21st of July, 1603, Earl of Suffolk, which earldom descended lineally (see Earl of Suffolk); but the barony, upon the demise of the third earl, without male issue, in 1688, fell into abeyance between his lordship's two daughters, Essex, wife of Edward, Lord Griffin; and Elizabeth, wife of Sir Thomas Felton, baronet, and so remained until the crown decided in favour of

SIR JOHN-GRIFFIN WHITWELL, K.B., son and heir of William Whitwell, esq., by Anne, youngest sister and co-heiress of Edward, third Lord Griffin, and grand-daughter of Edward, Lord Griffin, by Lady Essex Howard, who assumed the name of Griffin in 1749, and was summoned to parliament, as Baron Howard of Walden, on the 3rd of August, 1784, and was created, on the 5th of September, 1788, Baron Braybroke. His lordship *d.* without issue, in 1797, when the barony, by creation, devolved according to a special limitation in the patent, (see Braybroke,) and that, by summons, reverted to

THE MOST REVEREND FREDERICK-AUGUSTUS HERVEY, fourth Earl of Bristol, and Lord Bishop of Derry, great-grandson, maternally, of Sir Thomas Felton, and Lady Elizabeth, his wife, youngest daughter and co-heiress of the Earl of Suffolk. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Jermyn Danvers, baronet, by whom, with other children, he had John-Augustus, Lord Hervey, who *d.* in 1796, leaving issue Elizabeth-Catharine-Caroline, the wife of Charles-Rose Ellis, esq., by whom she had issue Charles-Augustus, the present baron, another son, and a daughter. Mrs. Ellis *d.* in May, 1803, and the Earl of Bristol in the July following, when the earldom devolved upon his second son, the present earl, (see Earl of Bristol,) and the ancient barony of Howard de Walden upon his great-grandson, as already stated.

Motto, in English,
He conquers who subdues himself.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

HOWARD, BARON,

(Kenneth-Alexander Howard,) of Effingham, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 29th of November, 1767; *m.* in 1800, Charlotte, daughter of Neil, late Earl of Roseberry, by whom he has issue Henry, *b.* 23rd of August, 1806; two other sons, and a daughter. His lordship, who is a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 70th regiment of foot, succeeded to the title upon the demise of Richard, Earl of Effingham, in 1816.

Lineage.

LORD WILLIAM HOWARD, eldest son of Thomas, Duke of Norfolk, by Agnes, (sister and heiress of Sir Philip Tilney,) his second wife, having been employed by Henry the Eighth, and Edward the Sixth, in numerous confidential missions to foreign courts; amongst others, to the Czar of Muscovy, in 1553, (being the first from England to the Russian empire;) was elevated to the peerage the first year of the reign of Queen Mary, on the 11th of March, 1554, as Baron Howard of Effingham, and was constituted, upon the 20th of the same month, lord high admiral of her majesty's dominions. His lordship was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter; and, dying on the 21st of January, 1573, he was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, who was installed a knight of the Garter, on the 24th of April, 1574; and, having been appointed, by Queen Elizabeth, commander-in-chief of the fleet fitted out to oppose the formidable Spanish armada, in 1588, his lordship had the high honor of preserving the shores of his country inviolable, by dispersing and totally destroying that powerful armament. On the 22nd of October, 1596, Lord Howard was created Earl of Nottingham, and,

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after the accession of James the First, was employed upon several diplomatic missions of importance. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Catharine, daughter of Henry Cary, Lord Hunsdon, by whom he had two sons and three daughters; and, secondly, Margaret, daughter of James Stewart, Earl of Murray, by whom he had two sons. The earl *d.* at the advanced age of 87, on the 14th of December, 1624, and was succeeded by his second, but eldest surviving son,

CHARLES, who *d.* without male issue, on the 3rd of October, 1642, when the family honors devolved upon his half-brother,

SIR CHARLES HOWARD, knight. His lordship *d.* without issue, on the 26th of April, 1681, when the earldom of Nottingham became extinct, but the barony of Howard of Effingham reverted to

FRANCIS HOWARD, esq., of Great Bookham, in the county of Surrey, (great-great-grandson of William, first Lord Howard of Effingham, through his second son, Sir William Howard, knight, of Lingfield.) His lordship *m.* Philadelphia, daughter of Sir Thomas Pelham, baronet, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. He *d.* on the 30th of March, 1694, and was succeeded by his second but eldest surviving son,

THOMAS, who *d.* without issue, on the 10th July, 1725, when the barony devolved upon his brother,

FRANCIS. His lordship was a military officer of high rank, and obtained an earldom by the title of Earl of Effingham, on the 8th of December, 1731, in consideration of his professional services. In the same year, he was constituted Deputy Earl Marshal of England. He *m.* twice: first, Diana, daughter of Major-General O'Farrel, by whom he had an only son, Thomas, his successor; and, secondly, Anne, sister of Robert Breston, Esq., by whom he had no surviving issue. The earl *d.* on the 12th of February, 1742-3, and was succeeded by his only son,

THOMAS, also a military officer of rank. His lordship *m.* in 1744-5, Elizabeth, daughter of Peter Beckford, esq., of the island of Jamaica, by whom he had two sons and four daughters. He *d.* on the 19th of November, 1763, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, who *d.* without issue, on the 15th of November, 1791, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

RICHARD, at whose demise, on the 10th of December, 1816, the earldom of Effingham became extinct, but the barony reverted to Kenneth-Alexander Howard, esq., the present baron, eldest surviving son of Henry Howard, of Arundel, (who was great-grand-nephew of Francis, the fifth baron, the grandfather of the first Earl of Effingham,) by Maria, second daughter and co-heiress of Kenneth M'Kenzie, Viscount Fortrose, and grand-daughter of William, Earl of Seaforth.

Motto, in English,

Valour is equal to a thousand shields.

Country Seat—Great Bookham, Surrey.

HOWDEN, BARON, (John-Francis Cradock,) of Grimston, in the county of Kildare; *b.* 12th of August, 1762; *m.* in 1798, Theodosia-Sarah-Frances, third daughter of John, Earl of Clanwilliam, by whom he has an only son, John Hobart, *b.* 16th of October, 1799.

This nobleman, who obtained his title by creation, on the 19th of October, 1819, is the only son of his grace, John, (Cradock) Archbishop of Dublin, Lord Primate of Ireland, by Mary, relict of Richard St. George, esq. of Kilrush, and daughter of William Bleydwin, esq. of Boston, in the county of Lincoln. His lordship is a general officer in the army, colonel of the 43rd regiment of foot, and Knight Grand Cross of the Bath.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Motto, in English,

Betrayed, not conquered.

Country Seat—Cradockstown, county of Kildare.

HOWE, EARL, (Richard William-Penn-Curzon-Howe,) of Langar, in the county of Nottingham; Viscount Curzon, and Baron Curzon, of Penn House, in the county of Buckingham; *b.* 9th of December, 1796; *s.* to the viscounty and barony upon the demise of his grandfather, on the 21st of March, 1820, assumed the name of Howe, and obtained the earldom of Howe by creation, on the 14th of July, 1821. His lordship *m.* in 1820, Harriett-Georgiana, second daughter of Robert, Earl of Cardigan, by whom he has issue Viscount Curzon, *b.* 15th of January, 1821, and two other sons.

Lineage.

ASHETON CURZON, esq., second son of Sir Nathaniel Curzon, baronet, by Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Ralph Asheton, baronet, (his eldest son was created Baron Scarsdale, see that title,) was elevated to the peerage on the 13th of August, 1794, as Baron Curzon, of Pennhouse, in the county of Buckingham, and created Viscount Curzon, on the 27th of February, 1802. His lordship *m.* thrice: first, in 1756, Esther, only daughter and heiress of William Hanmer, esq., of the Fenns, in the county of Flint, by whom he had issue two daughters, and Penn-Asheton, *b.* in 1757, who *m.* in 1787, Sophia-Charlotte, (only daughter and heiress of Richard Earl Howe,) Baroness Howe, (in her own right, at the demise of her father,) by whom he left issue, at his decease, in 1797, George-August-William, who *d.* in 1805; Richard-William-Penn, the present peer, and a daughter. The viscount *m.* secondly, in 1766, Dorothy, youngest child of Sir Robert Grosvenor, baronet, and aunt of the present Earl Grosvenor, by whom he had several children; and, thirdly, in 1777, Anna-Margaretta, daughter of Amos Meredith, esq., and widow of Barlow Trecothick, esq., by whom he had no child. He *d.* on the 21st of March, 1820, and was succeeded by his grandson, the eldest son of Baroness Howe, now Earl Howe.

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Motto,
Let Curzon hold what Curzon held.
Town Residence—12, Brook-street.
Country Seat—Atherstone, Leicestershire.

HOWE, BARONESS, (Charlotte-Sophia Waller,) of Langar, in the county of Nottingham; *b.* 19th of February, 1762; *m.* in 1787, the honorable Pen-Asheton, Viscount Curzon, by whom she had, with other children deceased, Richard-William, present Earl Howe. Mr. Curzon dying, in 1797, the baroness *m.* secondly, in 1812, Sir John-Wathan Waller, baronet, by whom she has no child. Her ladyship inherited the barony upon the demise of her father, Richard, Earl Howe, in 1799.

Lineage.

Sir Scrope Howe, knight, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 16th of May, 1701, by the titles of Baron Clenawly, in the county of Fermanagh, and Viscount Howe; and, dying, in 1712, was succeeded by his only son,

Edmund Scrope, who inherited subsequently, in 1730, upon the demise of Sir Richard-Grubham Howe, the ancient baronetcy of the family. His lordship *m.* in 1719, Mary-Sophia, eldest daughter of the Hanoverian Baron Kilmansegg, by whom he had, with other children, George-Augustus, Richard, and Sir William, K.B., the three succeeding peers. The viscount *d.* in 1735, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George-Augustus, who served as brigadier-general in the first American war, and fell at Ticonderago, on the 5th of July, 1758, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Richard, the celebrated Admiral Howe, who, for his gallant professional services, was created a peer of Great Britain, on the 9th of April, 1782, by the title of Viscount Howe, and, on the 19th of August, 1788, advanced to the earldom of Howe; being, at the same time, created Baron Howe, of Langar, with remainder, in default of male, to his female issue. His lordship *m.* in 1758, Mary, daughter of Chiverton Hartopp, esq., of Welby, in Nottinghamshire, by whom he had three daughters, Sophia-Charlotte, the present peeress; Maria-Juliana, who *d.* unmarried; and Louisa-Catharine, who became the wife of John Dennis, Marquess of Sligo, and, after his decease, of Sir William Scott, knight, now Lord Stowell. Lord Howe *d.* on the 5th of August, 1799, when the viscounty and earldom of Howe became extinct. The barony devolved upon his eldest daughter, and the Irish honors of Viscount Howe and Baron Clenawly, with the baronetcy, reverted to his brother,

Sir William Howe, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 19th regiment of dragoons, governor of Plymouth, and a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Bath, at whose demise, in 1814, without issue, they were extinguished.

Town Residence—Hertford-street, May-fair.
Country Seats—Braywick Lodge, county of Berks, and Pope's Villa, Twickenham, Middlesex.

HOWTH, EARL OF, (Thomas St. Lawrance,) Viscount St. Lawrance, and Baron of Howth; *b.* in August, 1803; succeeded to the family honors at the demise of his father, in April, 1822.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

The barony of Howth is claimed by the noble family of St. Lawrance since the first possession of Ireland by Henry the Second, when it was conferred by tenure, and subsequently confirmed by King John. The twenty-seventh baron,

Thomas, *b.* the 10th of May, 1730, was created on the 3rd of September, 1767, Viscount St. Lawrance and Earl of Howth. His lordship *m.* in 1750, Isabella, sister of Sir Edward King, baronet, first Earl of Kingston, by whom he had issue William, his successor; the Right Rev. Thomas, Lord Bishop of Cork and Ross; another son, and three daughters. The earl *d.* on the 20th of September, 1801, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, who *m.* in 1777, Mary, second daughter and co-heiress of Thomas, (Birmingham) Earl of Louth, (an earldom now extinct,) by whom he had four daughters. His lordship *m.* secondly, Margaret, eldest daughter of the late William Burke, esq. of Glinsk, in the county of Galway, by whom he had Thomas, the present earl, and another son, who *d.* in 1820.

Motto, in English,
Who thinks?

HUDSON, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Melton Mowbray, in the county of Leicester, F.R.S.; *b.* 14th of September, 1755; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 18th of October, 1773.

Lineage.

Henry Hudson, esq., son of Robert Hudson, esq., of Melton Mowbray, was created a baronet on the 3rd of June, 1660. He *m.* twice: first, Mary, daughter of Alderman Sir Edward Bromfield, knight, who served the office of lord mayor of London, by whom he had three sons and three daughters; and, secondly, Mary, daughter of Thomas Nevinston, esq., by whom he had one daughter. Sir Henry *d.* on the 27th of August, 1690, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Edward. This gentleman also *m.* twice: first, Frances, daughter of Nathaniel Wright, esq., by whom he had three sons; and, secondly, Eleanor, daughter of Peter Sergeant, esq., by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He *d.* in 1702, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Benjamin, who was succeeded by his son,

Sir Charles. This gentleman *d.* without issue, in 1752, when the title reverted to his late father's half brother,

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Sir Skeffington. This gentleman had six sons and four daughters. He *d.* in 1760, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Charles, a captain in the East India Company's naval service, who *m.* Deborah, daughter of the Rev. Peter Villavince, and had issue an only son, Charles, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Wanlop Hall, Leicestershire.

HUGHES, SIR JOHN-THOMAS, baronet, of East Bergholt, in the county of Suffolk; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, the 5th of January, 1812.

Lineage.

Captain Richard Hughes, of the royal navy, a commissioner of the dock-yard at Portsmouth, had the honor, in that capacity, of entertaining the late king during his majesty's sojourn at that celebrated arsenal, and was, in consequence, created a baronet on the 17th of July, 1773. He *m.* Joanne, daughter of William Collyer, esq., also a captain in the royal navy, by whom he had two sons; and, by a second marriage, he had two daughters. Sir Richard *d.* in 1780, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Richard, also a naval officer, and admiral of the red, who *m.* Jane, daughter of William Sloane, esq., of South Stoneham, in Hampshire, by whom he had issue Richard, a captain in the navy, who *d.* in 1810; John-Thomas, the present baronet; and two daughters. Sir Richard *d.* on the 5th of January, 1812.

Country Seat—East Bergholt Lodge, Suffolk.

HULSE, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Lincoln's-inn Fields, in the county of Middlesex; *m.* on the 5th of July, 1808, Maria, second daughter of the late John Buller, esq., of Moral, in the county of Cornwall, by whom he has issue a son, *b.* 2nd April, 1809, several daughters, and another son, *b.* in 1824. Sir Charles succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 30th of September, 1816.

Lineage.

Edward Hulse, esq., M.D., first physician to his Majesty King George the Second, was created a baronet on the 7th of February, 1739. He *m.* in 1713, Elizabeth, daughter of Alderman Sir Richard Lovett, knight, (who served the office of lord mayor of London,) by whom he had four sons and a daughter. He *d.* on the 10th of April, 1739, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Edward, who *d.* in 1800, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Edward. This gentleman *m.* in 1769, Mary, daughter of John Lothiellier, esq., by whom he had issue Charles, the present baronet, and several other children. He *d.* on the 30th of September, 1816.

Town Residence—4, New Burlington-street.

Country Seat—Breamore House, near Downton, Hants.

HUME, SIR ABRAHAM, baronet, of Wormleybury, in the county of Hertford, F.R.S. & S.A.; *b.* 20th February, 1749, O.S.; *m.* in 1771, Lady Amelia Egerton, daughter of the Most Reverend John, (Egerton,) Lord Bishop of Durham, and sister of the late and present Earl of Bridgewater, by whom he has one daughter living, Amelia, the wife of the Right Honorable Charles Long; and had another, Amelia-Sophia, late Countess of Brownlow, who *d.* on the 21st of February, 1814. Sir Abraham succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 10th of October, 1772.

Lineage.

Abraham Hume, esq., commissary-general of the army, was created a baronet on the 4th of August, 1769. He *m.* in 1746, Hannah, youngest daughter of Sir Thomas Frederick, knight, by whom he had Abraham, the present baronet; another son, Alexander, (who, upon his marriage with Frances, only remaining child of William Evelyn, esq., assumed, by royal permission, the name and arms of Evelyn); and a daughter.

Motto,

True to the end.

Town Residence—31, Hill-street, Berkeley-square.

Country Seat—Wormleybury, Waltham Cross, Hertfordshire.

HUNLOKE, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Wingerworth, in the county of Derby; *b.* 30th of September, 1812; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1816.

Lineage.

Henry Hunloke, esq., an active and enterprising officer in the royal cause, during the civil war, so signalized himself at the battle of Edge Hill, that he was knighted upon the field of battle by King Charles, and, soon afterwards, on the 29th of February, 1642, created a baronet. He *m.* Marianna, daughter of Dixy Hickman, esq., by whom he had two sons, and a daughter who took the veil in the Benedictine convent, at Brussels. Sir Henry *d.* in 1641, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Henry, who *d.* in 1714, and was succeeded by his third and eldest surviving son,

Sir Thomas Windsor. This gentleman *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Sir Robert Throckmorton, baronet, by whom he had four sons and seven daughters. He *d.* in 1752, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Henry, who *m.* in 1769, Margaret, eldest daughter of Wenman Coke, esq., of Longford, in the county of Derby, by whom he had issue Thomas-Windsor, and eight daughters. Sir Henry *d.* on the 16th of November, 1804, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Thomas-Windsor. This gentleman *m.* Anne, eldest daughter of Thomas Eccleston, esq., of Scarisbrook Hall, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had issue Henry, the present baronet, and

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two daughters. Sir Thomas *d.* on the 19th of January, 1816.

Country Seat—Wingerworth, Derbyshire.

HUNTER, SIR CLAUDIUS-STEPHEN, baronet, of the city of London; *b.* 24th of February, 1774; *m.* Penelope-Maria, only daughter of John Tree, esq., an opulent merchant of London, by whom he has issue John, *b.* 26th of May, 1798, three other sons, and a daughter.

This gentleman, who is second son of the late Henry Hunter, esq., of Beech Hill, in the county of Berks, barrister-at-law, by Mary Sloane, great-grand-niece of Sir Hans Sloane, baronet, having been chosen an alderman of the city of London, filled the civic chair in 1811-12, and was created a baronet on the 15th of December, 1812.

Town Residence—Artillery-ground, City.

Country Seat—Mortimer Hill, near Reading.

HUNTINGDON, EARL OF, (Hans-Francis Hastings,) a captain in the royal navy; *b.* 14th August, 1779; *m.* first, in 1803, Frances, third daughter of the Rev. Richard-Chaloner Cobbe, by whom he has Francis-Theophilus-Henry, *b.* 28th November, 1808, four other sons, and four daughters; and, secondly, in 1820, Elizabeth-Mary, eldest daughter of the late Joseph Bettesworth, esq., of the Isle of Wight, and widow of A. Thistlethwayte, esq., by whom he has no child. His lordship claimed, and was allowed, the earldom, on the 14th of January, 1819, after an interesting investigation; the particulars of which are detailed in a volume upon the Huntingdon peerage, by the late Mr. Nugent Bell, the successful professional agent upon the occasion.

Lineage.

This illustrious house, so renowned in the cabinet and the field, derives its surname from the sea-port of Hastings, in Sussex, (the lastage of which its senior members farmed for many years from the crown,) and deduces its pedigree from Robert de Hastings, lord of Fillongley, in Warwickshire, and steward to William the Conqueror. The successor of this Robert was

WILLIAM DE HASTINGS, who became steward to Henry the First, as owner of the manor of Ashill, in the county of Norfolk, a grant from the crown, upon the condition of taking care of the *naperie* (table linen) *at the coronation*. From this person descended

HENRY, LORD HASTINGS, who *m.* Ada, fourth daughter of David, Earl of Huntingdon. The grandson of which marriage, in the male line,

JOHN DE HASTINGS, was Lord Hastings and Bergavenny, and, in 1290, one of the aspirants to the Scottish crown, in right of his grandmother, who was niece of Malcolm the Fourth, and William the Lion, kings of Scotland. The grandson of this nobleman,

LAURENCE, was created Earl of Pembroke in 1339, which title ceased with the fourth earl, who was accidentally slain in a tournament by Sir John St. John, in December, 1389, at Woodstock, when but seventeen years of age. His lordship's minor titles, however, Lord Hastings Bergavenny, and Weishford, devolved upon Reginal, Lord Grey of Ruthen. Thus terminated the elder branch of the noble house of Hastings; but a younger, deriving from

THOMAS DE HASTINGS, laid the foundation of the present earldom of Huntingdon. From this Thomas, lineally descended

SIR WILLIAM DE HASTINGS, knight, who was nominated, by Edward the Fourth, master of the mints at London and Calais, steward of the honor of Leicester, and of the manors and castles of Donnington, Hegham Ferrers, and Daventry; created, by the same monarch, on the 26th July, 1461, Baron Hastings, of Ashby-de-la-Zouch, and installed, at the same time, a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. Lord Hastings fell a victim afterwards to the Protector Gloucester, and was beheaded in the Tower, on the 13th of June, 1483, when his estates were confiscated, but restored by Henry the Seventh to his son,

EDWARD, who, having *m.* Mary, daughter and sole heiress of Thomas, Baron Hungerford, Botreux, Moulins, and Moëls, had been summoned by parliament, on the 15th of November, 1482, as Lord Hungerford; by this union, his lordship had a daughter, Anne, who became the wife of Thomas Stanley, Earl of Derby, and, subsequently, of John Radcliffe, Lord Fitz-Walter; and a son, his successor at his demise, on the 8th of November, 1507,

GEORGE, who attended Henry the Eighth, in 1513, at the taking of Terouenne and Tournay, and was created by that monarch, on the 8th of December, 1529, Earl of Huntingdon. His lordship *d.* on the 21st of July, 1544, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

FRANCIS, to whom succeeded his eldest son,

HENRY, installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter on the 12th of June, 1579. His lordship *d.* without issue, on the 14th of December, 1595, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

GEORGE. This nobleman *m.* Dorothy, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Port, knight, of Etwal, in the county of Derby, by whom he had Frances, Edward, and Henry, and two daughters. His lordship's eldest son, Francis, *d.* before himself, in 1595, leaving issue three sons and two daughters. The eldest of whom,

HENRY, became fifth earl, and was succeeded, at his demise, by his eldest son,

FERDINANDO, who *d.* on the 13th of Feb. 1655, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THEOPHILUS. This nobleman was one of the peers who protested against the Act of Settlement, in 1701. He *m.* twice: first, in 1671, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Lewis, of Ledstone, knight and baronet, by whom he had a son and two daughters; and, secondly, in 1690, Frances,

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daughter and sole heiress of Francis-Leveson Fowler, esq., by whom he had two sons, and five daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 30th of May, 1701, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE. This nobleman carried the sceptre at the coronation of Queen Anne, on the 23rd of April, 1702; and dying unmarried, on the 22nd February, 1704-5, the family honors devolved upon his half brother,

THEOPHILUS, who carried the sword of state at the coronation of George the Second, on the 11th of October, 1727. His lordship *m.* Selina, second daughter and co-heiress of Washington, Earl Ferrers, by whom he left two sons, Francis his successor, and Henry; and two daughters. The earl *d.* on the 13th of October, 1746, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

FRANCIS. This nobleman carried the sword of state at the coronation of George the Third, on the 22nd of September, 1761. His lordship dying without issue, on the 2nd of Oct., 1782, the ancient baronies of Hastings, &c. devolved upon his eldest sister, Elizabeth, who had *m.* John (Rawdon) first Earl of Moira, by whom she became mother of Francis, present Marquess of Hastings; and the earldom of Huntingdon was supposed to be extinguished; in which state of dormantcy it continued, until claimed by the present earl, who succeeded in establishing his lineal descent from George, the fourth earl, through one of his younger sons. His lordship is the youngest, but only surviving son of the late Lieutenant-Colonel George Hastings, of the 3rd foot guards, by Miss Sarah Hodges.

Motto, in English,
In truth is victory.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

HUNTINGFIELD, BARON, (Joshua Vanneck,) of Heveningham Hall, in the county of Suffolk, and a baronet of Great Britain; *b.* 12th of August, 1778; *m.* first, in 1810, Frances-Catharine, eldest daughter of Challoner Arcedeckne, esq., of Glovering Hall, by whom he has issue Joshua, *b.* 29th of Sept., 1811; and, secondly, in 1817, Lucy-Anne, third daughter of Sir Charles Blois, baronet, of Cockfield Hall, by whom he has a son, *b.* Jan. 16th, 1819. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1816.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

The family of Vanneck claims a very ancient and honourable Dutch descent.

JOSHUA VANNECK, esq. (second son of Cornelius Vanneck, esq., paymaster of the land forces of the United Provinces,) an eminent and opulent merchant of London, was created a baronet on the 14th of December, 1751. He *d.* on the 6th of March, 1777, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GERRARD, who *d.* unmarried, in 1791, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR JOSHUA. This gentleman *m.* in 1777, Maria, second daughter of Andrew Thomson, esq., of Roehampton, in the county of Surrey, by whom he had issue Joshua, the present peer, two other sons, and two daughters. Sir Joshua was created a peer of Ireland on the 16th of July, 1796, by the title of Baron Huntingfield, of Heveningham Hall, in the county of Suffolk, and *d.* on the 15th of August, 1816.

Motto, in English,
Just and loyal.

Country Seat—Heveningham Hall, Suffolk.

HUTCHINSON, VISCOUNT, (John-Hely Hutchinson,) of Knocklofty, in the county of Tipperary, and Baron Hutchinson, of Alexandria and Knocklofty.

See, Earl of Donoughmore.

IBBETSON, SIR HENRY-CARR, baronet, of Leeds, in the county of York; succeeded to the title on the demise of his father, in 1795; *m.* in 1803, Alicia-Mary, only daughter of William-Fenton Scott, esq., of Woodhall, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

HENRY IBBETSON, esq. second son of Henry Ibbetson, esq. of Red-Hall, having raised a corps of a hundred men, at his own expense, during the rebellion of 1745, was, as a recompense for his loyalty, created a baronet on the 12th of May, 1748. He *m.* in 1740, Isabella, daughter of Ralph Carr, esq. of Cocken, in the county of Durham, by whom he had ten children. Sir Henry *d.* in 1761, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JAMES, who *m.* in 1768, Jane, daughter of John Caygill, esq. of Shaw, in the county of York, by whom he had issue Henry-Carr, the present baronet, three other sons, and three daughters. He *d.* on the 4th of September, 1795.

Motto, in English,
I have lived a freeman, and so will die.

Country Seat—Denton Park, Yorkshire.

ILLCHESTER, EARL OF, (Henry-Stephen Fox-Strangeways,) Lord Ilchester, in the county of Somerset; Baron Strangeways, of Woodford Strangeways, in the county of Dorset; Lord Illchester and Stavordale, and Baron of Redlynch, in the county of Somerset; *b.* 21st February, 1787; succeeded to the family honors, upon the demise of his father, in 1802; *m.* in 1812, Caroline-Leonora, daughter of the Right Honorable and Most Reverend Lord George Murray, late Bishop of St. David's, by whom he has issue Lord Stavordale, *b.* 7th January, 1816; another son, and a daughter.

Lineage.

This noble family is descended from a common ancestor, with that of Fox, Lords Holland, namely,

SIR STEPHEN FOX, knight, who, by his second wife, Christian, daughter of the Reverend Charles

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Hope, of Nasely, had two sons; Henry, the youngest, created Baron Holland; and the eldest,

STEPHEN, created on the 11th of May, 1741, Lord Ilchester, in the county of Somerset; and Baron Strangeways, of Woodford Strangeways, in the county of Dorset. His lordship was subsequently (on the 3rd of January, 1746-7,) created Lord Ilchester and Stavordale, Baron of Redlynch, in the county of Somerset, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the heirs male of his brother, then Henry Fox, esq.; and on the 5th of June, 1756, he was elevated to an earldom, as Earl of Ilchester, with the same reversionary clause in the patent. He *m.* in 1736, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Thomas-Strangeways Horner, esq. of Mells, in Somersetshire, and eventually heiress of her brother, Thomas Strangeways, esq., of Melbury-Samford, in the county of Dorset; by whom he had three sons and six daughters. His lordship, who assumed, upon his marriage, the name and arms of Strangeways, *d.* on the 29th of September, 1776, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY-THOMAS, who *m.* in 1772, Mary, daughter of Standish Grady, esq., of Coppercullen, in the county of Limerick, by whom he had Henry-Stephen, the present peer, and several daughters. He *m.* secondly, in 1794, Juliana, daughter of the Honorable and Reverend Dean Digby, by whom he had three sons. His lordship *d.* on the 5th of September, 1802.

Motto, in English,
To act without ostentation.

Town Residence—31, Old Burlington-street.

Country Seats—Melbury-House, Dorset; Redlynch, near Burton, Somersetshire; and Abbotsbury-Castle, near Dorchester.

INGILBY-AMCOTTS, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Kettlethorpe Park, in the county of Lincoln, and of Ripley, in the county of York; *b.* in 1783; succeeded to the baronetcy of Kettlethorpe Park, at the demise of his maternal grandfather, Sir Wharton Amcotts, on the 11th of May, 1796, and to that of Ripley, upon the death of his father, on the 8th of May, 1815; assumed, by royal permission, in 1812, the name of Amcotts before that of Ingilby. Sir William *m.* in the same year, Louisa, daughter of J. Atkinson, esq. of Maple-House, in the county of Stafford, but has no issue.

Lineage.

The family of Ingilby has long been of consideration in the county of York, and had a baronetcy conferred upon it (in 1642) in the person of

SIR WILLIAM INGILBY, knight, but which honor ceased at the demise of his great-grandson,

SIR JOHN, the fourth baronet, on the 14th of July, 1772, without legitimate male issue. The title was, however, revived, and a baronetcy conferred upon his illegitimate son,

JOHN INGILBY, esq. of Ripley, on the 24th of March, 1781. This gentleman *m.* in 1780, Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Wharton Amcotts, esq., of Kettlethorpe, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he had issue William, the present baronet, and ten other children. His father-in-law, the above-mentioned

WHARTON AMCOTTS, esq., was created a baronet on the 30th of April, 1796, with remainder to the eldest son of his daughter, Lady Ingilby; and dying in the same year, the title, with his estates, devolved upon Sir William, the present baronet, who subsequently inherited the title of his father.

Town Residence—Nerot's Hotel, Clifford-street, Bond-street.

Country Seats—Kettlethorpe Park, in the county of Lincoln; and Ripley, in the county of York.

INGLIS, SIR ROBERT-HENRY, baronet, of Milton-Bryant, in the county of Bedford; *b.* 12th of January, 1786; *m.* 10th of February, 1807, Miss Briscoe, daughter of Joseph-Seymour Briscoe, esq., of Penhill, in the county of Surrey, by whom he has no issue. Sir Robert succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1820.

Lineage.

HUGH INGLIS, esq. was created a baronet on the 6th of June, 1801. He *m.* first, in 1784, Catharine, one of the co-heiresses of Harry Johnson, esq. of Milton-Bryant, in the county of Bedford, by whom he had issue Robert-Henry, the present baronet, and two daughters. He *m.* secondly, Mary, only surviving daughter and heiress of George Wilson, esq. by whom he had no child. Sir Hugh *d.* on the 21st of August, 1820.

Motto, in English,
Safe in rectitude.

Country Seat—Milton-Bryant, Bedfordshire.

INNES, SIR HUGH, baronet, of Lochlash, in the county of Ross.

This gentleman, who is the only son of the late Reverend Hugh Innes, by Jane, daughter of Thomas Graham, esq., was created a baronet on the 28th of April, 1819.

Motto,
Be traist—Exempla suorum.

Country Seats—Lochlash, in the county of Ross; and Coxton, in the county of Moray.

IRVING, SIR PAULUS-ÆMILIUS, baronet, of Woodhouse, in the county of Dumfries; *b.* 30th of August, 1751; *m.* in 1788, Elizabeth, second daughter of Thomas, first Earl of Howth, by whom he has issue Paulus-Æmilius, *b.* 17th of January, 1792; another son, and two daughters. Her ladyship *d.* in 1799.

This gentleman, (who is eldest son of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Paulus-Æmilius Irving, formerly governor of Upper Canada,) having arrived at the rank of lieutenant-general in the army, and distinguished himself as a military commander, was created a baronet on the 19th of September, 1809.

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Country Seats—Woodhouse, and Robgill Tower, in the county of Dumfries.

ISHAM, SIR JUSTINIAN, baronet, of Lamport, in the county of Northampton; *m.* in 1812, Mary, eldest daughter of the Reverend S. Close, of Elm Park, in the county of Armagh, by whom he has no issue; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 1st of April, 1818.

Lineage.

This baronetcy ranks amongst the oldest. It was conferred on the 30th of May, 1627, upon

SIR JOHN ISHAM, who had been knighted by James the First on the 29th of March, 1608. He *m.* Judith, daughter of Doctor William Lewyn, the learned civilian, judge of the prerogative court of Canterbury, &c. &c., by whom he had two daughters, and his successor, upon his demise in 1751,

SIR JUSTINIAN, who *m.* twice: first, Jane, daughter of Sir John Gerrard, knight and baronet, by whom he had four daughters and a son, who *d.* in infancy; and secondly, Vere, daughter of Thomas, Lord Leigh, by whom he had six sons and two daughters. He *d.* on the 2nd of March, 1674, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who *d.* without issue, in 1680, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR JUSTINIAN. This gentleman *m.* in 1638, Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir Edmund Turner, knight, by whom he had eight sons and six daughters. He *d.* on the 13th of May, 1730, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JUSTINIAN, who *d.* without issue, in 1736-7, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR EDMUND. This gentleman *m.* twice, but having no issue, was succeeded, in 1772, by the eldest son of his brother, the Reverend Euseby Isham, (deceased) by Mary, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Pantmy, his nephew,

SIR JUSTINIAN, a civilian. This gentleman *m.* Miss Susanna Barrett, by whom he had issue Justinian, the present baronet, three other sons, and seven daughters. He *d.* on the 1st of April, 1818.

Mottoes,

Over the crest—Ostendo, non Ostento.

To the arms—On things transitory resteth no glory.

Country Seat—Lamport, Northamptonshire.

JACKSON, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Fork-Hill, in the county of Armagh; *b.* 19th of January, 1776; *m.* in 1814, Anne, daughter of William Woodville, esq., of Edgehill, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he has no issue.

This gentleman, who is eldest son of the late Richard Jackson, esq., secretary to Lord Townshend, and Lord Harcourt, when viceroys of Ireland, by Anne, daughter of Charles O'Neil, esq., of Shane's Castle, and sister of John, first Viscount O'Neil, was created a baronet on the 21st of April, 1813.

Country Seats—Fork-Hill, county of Armagh; and Beach-Hill, Surrey.

JACKSON, SIR KEITH-ALEXANDER, baronet, of Arsley, in the county of Bedford; *b.* 8th of January, 1798; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 17th of May, 1820.

Lineage.

JOHN JACKSON, esq., *b.* 30th of December, 1763, was created a baronet on the 22nd of May, 1815. He *m.* Charlotte, daughter of General Goreham, of Goreham Point, Nova Scotia, by whom he had issue Keith-Alexander, the present baronet, three other sons, and two daughters. He *d.* in 1820.

Country Seat—Arsley, in the county of Bedford.

JAMES, SIR WALTER-JAMES, baronet, of Langley-Hall, in the county of Berks; *m.* in 1780, Jane, youngest daughter of Charles, first Earl Camden, and sister of the present marquess, by whom he had seven children, but two (daughters) only survive. His eldest son, Francis, an officer in the army, died of wounds received at the siege of Badajos. His second son, John, died of a rapid decline, at Dublin, in 1818, leaving an only son, Walter, heir apparent to the baronetcy, by Lady Emily-Jane Stewart, daughter of Robert, first Marquess of Londonderry.

This gentleman, whose family name is Head, is the second son of Sir Thomas Head, knight, by Jane, daughter of Rowland Holt, esq., of Redgrave Hall, in the county of Suffolk, and grand-niece of Lord Chief Justice Holt; but succeeding to the estates of his uncle, (by marriage) John James, esq., of Denford Court, in the county of Berks, (which had been first inherited by his eldest brother, who *d.* unmarried,) he assumed the name and arms of James only, and was created a baronet on the 31st of June, 1791.

Motto, in English,

I love for ever.

Country Seat—Langley-Hall, near Newbury.

JAMES, SIR JOHN-KINGSTON, knight and baronet, of the city of Dublin; *b.* 28th of April, 1784; *m.* in 1812, Charlotte-Rebecca, daughter of Mr. Alderman Cash, of Dublin, by whom he has issue John Kingston, *b.* 26th of February, 1815; two other sons, and two daughters.

This gentleman, who is agent to the Albion Assurance Company, in Dublin, was sheriff of that city, in 1812, was chosen alderman in 1817, and was elected to the civic chair in 1821-2, when he received the honor of knighthood from the Marquess of Wellesley, the viceroy, and was subsequently created a baronet on the 19th of March, 1822.

Mottoes,

Over the crest—"A jamais."

Under the arms—For God, my country, and king.

Residence—Dublin.

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JEPHSON, SIR RICHARD-MOUNTENEY, baronet, of the Spring Vale, in the county of Dorset; *m.* first, Miss Catharine Joliffe, of the Isle of Wight, by whom he has issue Richard-Mounteney, and another son; and secondly, Charlotte, eldest daughter of Lieutenant-General John Smith, of the royal artillery, by whom he has two sons and two daughters.

This gentleman, who is eldest son of the late Reverend John Jephson, and grand-nephew of Baron Mounteney, of the Irish court of exchequer, was created a baronet on the 1st of June, 1815. Sir Richard was judge of the admiralty, and judge-advocate at Gibraltar.

Motto, in English,
Truth is great.

Country Seat—Spring Vale, Dorsetshire.

JERNINGHAM, SIR GEORGE-WILLIAM, baronet, of Cossey, in the county of Norfolk.

See, Baron Stafford.

JERSEY, EARL OF, (George-Child Villiers,) Viscount Villiers, of Dartford, and Baron of Hoo, in the county of Kent, in the peerage of Great Britain, and Viscount Grandison, in that of Ireland; *b.* 19th of August, 1773; *m.* in 1804, Sarah-Sophia, eldest daughter of John, Earl of Westmoreland, by Anne, sole heiress of Robert Child, esq., of Osterley Park, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he has issue George-Augustus-Frederick, Viscount Villiers, *b.* 4th of April, 1808, three other sons, and two daughters. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 22nd of August, 1805, and obtained the royal permission, in 1819, for himself and his countess (who eventually inherited the large possessions of her grandfather) to assume the name and arms of Child.

Lineage.

This noble family deduces its descent from the ancient and honorable house of Villiers, Seigniours of Lile-Adam, in Normandy, and fixes its arrival in England at the period of the Conquest. For six centuries subsequently, it ranked amongst the most considerable gentry, serving the office of sheriff, receiving the honor of knighthood, &c. &c., and was amongst the earliest distinguished by a baronetcy, that honor being conferred upon

WILLIAM VILLIERS, esq. of Brookesby, eldest son of Sir George Villiers, knight, on the 19th of July, 1619; the title, however, ceased, in 1711, at the demise of the grandson of the first possessor, without issue. The eldest son, by his second marriage, of Sir George Villiers, and the half-brother, of course, of Sir William, was

GEORGE, DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM, the celebrated favorite of James the First and Charles the First, who fell by the hands of the assassin, Felton, on the 23rd of August, 1628.

The second son of Sir George Villiers, knight, by his first wife, and, consequently, brother of Sir William Villiers, bart., was

EDWARD VILLIERS, who received the honor of knighthood, on the 7th of September, 1616, and from whom the present Earl of Jersey is directly descended. This gentleman having been employed, in 1620, as ambassador to Bohemia, was, through the interest of his half-brother, the Duke of Buckingham, nominated, in 1622, president of the province of Munster, in Ireland, upon the decease of the Earl of Thomond. He *m.* Barbara, eldest daughter of Sir John St. John, of Lidiard Tregose, in the county of Wilts, and niece of Sir Oliver St. John, who was created, on the 3rd of January, 1620, Viscount Grandison, in the peerage of Ireland, with remainder to the issue male of his sister, Lady Villiers. By this marriage, Sir Edward had four sons and three daughters. He *d.* on the 7th of September, 1626, lamented more deeply than any governor who had previously ruled the province, and was interred in the Earl of Cork's chapel, at Youghall, where the following lines were engraven upon his tomb:

"Munster may curse the time that Villiers came,
To make us worse, by leaving such a name
Of noble parts, as none can imitate,
But those whose hearts are married to the state:
But, if they press to imitate his fame,
Munster may bless the time that Villiers came."

WILLIAM VILLIERS, esq., the eldest son of Sir Edward, succeeded to the estates of his father, and, upon the demise of his uncle, in 1630, became Viscount Grandison. Actively espousing the cause of Charles the First, his lordship received a wound at the siege of Bristol, on the 26th of July, 1643, of which he died in the following month, at Oxford, leaving an only daughter, Barbara, afterwards Duchess of Cleveland, and mistress of Charles the Second, and transmitting his title to his brother,

JOHN, who died without male issue, when the family honors descended to his brother,

GEORGE, who was succeeded by his grandson,

JOHN, created Earl Grandison, of Limerick, in Ireland, on the 11th of September, 1721, which earldom became extinct at his demise, in 1766; but the viscounty of Grandison devolved, as will appear, upon the Earl of Jersey. Return we now to

EDWARD VILLIERS, esq., the youngest son of the governor of Munster, who, for his gallantry as a military officer of rank, during the civil war, was knighted by King Charles the Second, on the 7th of April, 1680, nominated knight-marshal of the household, and governor of Tinmouth Castle. Sir Edward *m.* Frances, daughter of Theophilus, Earl of Suffolk, by whom he had two sons and six daughters. He *d.* on the 2nd of July, 1689, and was succeeded in his estates, as well as in the post of marshal of the household, by his eldest son,

EDWARD, who had been nominated master of the horse, in 1688-9, to Queen Mary, and knighted. Sir Edward, advancing further in royal favor, was elevated to the peerage of Great Britain, on the 20th

of March, 1690-1, by the titles of Baron Villiers, of Hoo, and Viscount Villiers, of Dartford, both in the county of Kent; and being appointed ambassador extraordinary to the States General, in 1697, was created Earl of the island of Jersey, on the 13th of October, in that year. His lordship, subsequently, filled the highest diplomatic stations, and, upon the accession of Queen Anne, was constituted lord chamberlain of the household. He *m.* Barbara, daughter of William Chiffinch, esq., by whom he had two sons and a daughter. The earl *d.* on the 26th of August, 1711, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, who *m.* Judith, only daughter of Frederick Hern, esq., of the city of London, by whom he had two sons, and one daughter. His lordship's second son, Thomas, was created Earl of Clarendon (see that title), and the eldest,

WILLIAM, succeeded upon his father's demise, in 1721, to the family honors; and, at the death of his cousin, John Villiers, Earl of Grandison, in 1776, became Viscount Grandison, in Ireland. His lordship *m.* in 1733, Anne, daughter of Scroop (Egerton), Duke of Bridgewater, and relict of Wriothesley, Duke of Bedford, by whom he had two sons, Lord Villiers, who *d.* in his eighth year, and George-Bussy. His lordship *d.* on the 28th of August, 1769, and was succeeded by his only son,

GEORGE-BUSSY. His lordship *m.* in 1770, Frances, only daughter and heiress of the Right Reverend Philip Twysden, D.D., Lord Bishop of Raphoe, in Ireland, by whom he had issue George, the present earl, and another son, William-Augustus-Henry, who assumed the name of Mansel, in pursuance of the testamentary injunction of Louisa-Barbara, Baroness Vernon, and *d.* unmarried, in 1813; besides seven daughters. The earl *d.* on the 22nd of August, 1805.

Motto, in English,

The cross is the test of faith.

Town Residence—38, Berkeley-square.

Country Seats—Osterley Park, Middlesex; and Middleton Stoney, Oxfordshire.

JERVOISE-CLARKE, THE REV. SIR SAMUEL, baronet, of Eadesworth Park, in the county of Hants; *b.* 25th November, 1770; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of the Reverend Nicholas Griffenhoofe, of Woodburn-Mortimer, in the county of Essex, by whom he has issue Jervoise-Clarke, *b.* 28th of April, 1804, another son, and four daughters.

This gentleman, who is great-grandson of Sir Samuel Clarke, knt., one of the sheriffs of London, in 1712, and youngest son of Jervoise Clarke, esq., assumed, by royal permission, in 1808, the surname of Jervoise, (that of his great-grandfather, Thomas Jervoise, esq. of Herriod,) in addition to that of Clarke, and was created a baronet, on the 13th of November, 1813.

Town Residence—15, Hanover-square.

Country Seat—Eadesworth Park, Hants.

JODRELL, SIR RICHARD-PAUL, baronet, of Sall-House, in the county of Norfolk; *m.* in 1814, Amelia-Caroline, daughter of the Earl of Kingston, by whom he has issue Richard-Paul-Hase, *b.* 3rd of August, 1818, and a daughter. Sir Richard succeeded to the title at the demise of his maternal great-uncle, Sir John Lombe, on the 27th of May, 1817.

Lineage.

RICHARD-PAUL JODRELL, esq., son of Paul Jodrell, esq. of Duffield, in the county of Derby, solicitor-general to the Prince and Princess of Wales, *m.* Vertue, daughter of Edward Hase, esq. of Sall, and niece of

JOHN HASE, esq., who assumed, by act of parliament, in 1762, his maternal ancestor's name of Lombe, (being descended from an elder branch of the family of Alderman Sir Thomas Lombe, of London, knt., who introduced into England the process of silk-throwing, and received a reward of £14,000 from parliament for so doing, in 1732,) and was created a baronet, on the 10th of December, 1783, with a reversionary clause in the patent, in default of male issue, to his brother, Edward Hase, and to the male descendants of his niece, Vertue, the wife of Richard-Paul Jodrell, above-mentioned; the children of whom were two sons, who *d.* in infancy; Richard-Paul, the present baronet; two other sons, and two daughters. Mr. Hase, (especially named in the patent,) dying in 1804, without male issue, and Sir John Lombe deceasing unmarried, in 1817, the baronetcy, according to the limitation, devolved upon the present Sir Richard-Paul Jodrell.

Motto, in English,

Not for himself, but for his country.

Town Residence—10, Bentinck-street.

Country Seat—Sall Park, Norfolk.

JOHNSON, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Twickenham, in the county of Middlesex; *m.* in 1773, Miss Watts, daughter of John Watts, esq. of New York, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. The eldest son, Lieutenant-Colonel Johnson, *d.* in 1811, leaving three daughters; the youngest, Captain Charles Johnson, of the 85th foot, *m.* in 1818, Susan, eldest daughter of Rear-Admiral Griffith. Sir John succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1774.

Lineage.

WILLIAM JOHNSON, esq. having risen to the rank of colonel in the army, and distinguished himself as a military commander, during the first American war, and as a negotiator with the Indian tribes, was created a baronet, on the 27th of November, 1755. He *d.* in 1774, at his seat, Johnson's Hall, New York, and was succeeded by his eldest son, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

I owe it to God and the king.

Country Seat—Twickenham, Middlesex.

JOHNSON, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Bath; *b.* in 1748; *m.* Rebecca, daughter of David Franks, esq., by whom he has an only

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son living, Henry-Allen, who served as aid-de-camp to the Prince of Orange, during the late Peninsular war; and had another son, George-Pigot, who gallantly fell in the same glorious field. This gentleman, who is a general officer in the army, colonel of the 81st regiment of foot, governor of Ross Castle, in Ireland, and a Knight Grand Gross of the Bath, was created a baronet, on the 1st of December, 1818.

Motto, in English,
Thou hast conquered, and yet we have survived.
Residence—Bath.

JOHNSTONE, SIR JOHN-VANDEN-BEMPDE, baronet, of Hackness Hall, in the county of York; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 14th of July, 1807; *m.* in August, 1825, Louisa-Augusta Vernon, second daughter of his grace, the Archbishop of York.

Lineage.

Richard Johnstone, esq., eldest son of Lieutenant-Colonel John Johnstone, by Charlotte-Van-Loxe, Marchioness-dowager of Annandale, and daughter of John-Vanden Bempde, esq., of Pall Mall, was created a baronet, on the 6th of July, 1795. He *m.* first, Catharine, daughter of James Agnew, esq. of Bishop's Auckland, in the county of Durham, who *d.* without issue; and, secondly, Margaret, daughter of John Scott, esq. of Charter-house-square, London, by whom he had John-Vanden-Bempde, the present baronet, another son, and three daughters. Sir Richard *d.* on the 14th of July, 1807.

Country Seat — Hackness Hall, in the North Riding of the county of York.

JOLLIFFE, SIR WILLIAM-GEORGE-HYLTON, baronet, of Merstham, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 7th December, 1800; *m.* on the 8th of October, 1825, Eleanor, second daughter of the Honorable Berkeley Pagett.

This gentleman, who is eldest son of the Rev. William Jolliffe, by Julia, daughter of Sir Abraham Pytches, knt., of Streatham, in the county of Surrey, and grandson of William Jolliffe, esq. and his wife, Eleanor, daughter and heiress of Sir Richard Hylton, baronet, of Hayton Castle, in the county of Cumberland, was created a baronet, on the 20th of August, 1821.

Country Seat—Merstham, Surrey.

JONES, SIR HARFORD, bart., of Boultibrook, in the county of Hereford; *b.* in 1764; *m.* in 1796, Sarah, eldest daughter of Sir Henry Gott, knt., of Newland Park, in the county of Bucks, by whom he has issue Harford, *b.* 30th May, 1808, and two daughters.

This gentleman, who is only son of the late Harford Jones, esq. of Presteigne, in the county of Radnor, by Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Hooper, esq., was created a baronet, on the 9th of October, 1807.

Motto, in English,
God feeds the ravens.
Country Seat—Boultibrook, Herefordshire.

JONES, SIR THOMAS-JOHN-TYRWHITT, baronet, of Stanley Hall, in the county of Salop; *b.* 12th July, 1793; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1811; *m.* in 1820, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the late John Macnamara, esq., of the Island of St. Christopher, by whom he has a son and heir, *b.* 16th of October, 1825.

Lineage.

Thomas Tyrwhitt, esq. assumed, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his cousin, Sir Thomas Jones, of Stanley Hall, knt., and by royal permission, in 1790, the name and arms of Jones only, and was created a baronet, on the 3rd of October, 1808. He *m.* in 1791, Harriet-Rebecca, fourth daughter of Edward Williams, esq., of Eaton, Shropshire, by whom he had issue Thomas-John-Tyrwhitt, the present baronet; three other sons, and three daughters. Sir Thomas *d.* on the 24th of November, 1811.

Motto, in English,
Witness thou, O sun.
Country Seat—Stanley Hall, Shropshire.

KAY, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of East Sheen, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 5th December, 1777; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his great-uncle, Sir Brook Watson, on the 2nd of October, 1807. Sir William is deputy commissary general to the army.

Lineage.

Brook Watson, esq. settled in London as a merchant, in 1759, having previously served as a commissary abroad. He was appointed commissary general to the army in North America, in 1782, and, upon his return, in 1784, was elected one of the representatives of the city of London, chosen alderman, nominated sheriff in 1785, (which office he served,) and placed in the civic chair, in 1796. In 1799, he received a commission, as commissary general of England, and was created a baronet, on the 5th of December, 1803, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his grand-nephews successively, William and Brook Kay, the sons of his sister Elizabeth's daughter, by Richard Webb, esq., Anne Webb, who *m.* William Kay, esq. of Montreal. Sir Brook *d.* the 2nd October, 1817, when the title devolved, according to the reversionary clause in the patent, upon the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
I follow the faith.
Country Seat—East Sheen, Surrey.

KAYE-LISTER, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Grange, in the county of York; *m.* in 1800, Amelia, seventh daughter of George-Harry, (Grey,) late Earl of Stamford and Warrington, by whom he has issue John-Lister-Lister, *b.* 10th of August, 1801, three other sons, and six daughters. This gentleman, who succeeded, un-

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der the will of the late Sir John Lister-Kaye, of Grange, baronet, (a baronetcy conferred by King Charles the First, on the 4th of February, 1641, upon Colonel Sir John Kaye, knight, and which expired at the demise of the Very Reverend Sir Richard Kaye, Dean of Lincoln, without male issue, on the 25th of December, 1809,) to the estates of Lister and Kaye, was created a baronet, on the 28th of December, 1812.

Motto, in English,

Keep your own kin kind.

Country Seat—Grange, in the parish of Kirkheaton, Yorkshire.

KEANE, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Belmont, in the county of Waterford; *m.* first, Miss Keiley, of Belgrove, in the county of Cork, by whom he has issue Richard, *b.* in 1780; John, lieutenant-colonel of the 13th regiment of foot; and Henry-Edward, major of the 7th hussars. Sir John *m.* secondly, Dorothy, widow of Richard-Champion Crespigny, esq., by whom he has one son. This gentleman, who is eldest son of Richard Keane, esq., of Belmont, was created a baronet, on the 1st of August, 1801.

Country Seat—Belmont, in the county of Waterford.

KEITH, BARONESS, (Margaret-Mercer Elphinstone,) of Banheath, in the county of Dumbarton; *b.* in 1788; *m.* in 1817, Count Flahaut, by whom she has a daughter, *b.* in June, 1819. Her ladyship succeeded to the title upon the demise of her father, the late Viscount Keith, in 1823.

Lineage.

THE HONORABLE GEORGE-KEITH ELPHINSTONE, (fourth son of Charles, tenth Lord Elphinstone, and great uncle to the present lord—see the lineage of that noble house,) having adopted the naval profession, attained the rank of post captain, in 1775; became rear-admiral, in 1794, and vice-admiral, in 1795; in which latter year, he commanded the naval department of the successful expedition against the Cape of Good Hope, and was created, upon his return, a peer of Ireland, by the title of Baron Keith, of Stonehaven Marischal, in the county of Kincardine. In 1801, his lordship was advanced to the rank of admiral of the blue, and enrolled, on the 15th of December, in that year, amongst the peers of the empire at large, by the same title and rank as his Irish creation. On the 17th of September, 1803, he obtained the barony of Keith, of Banheath, in the county of Dumbarton, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his then only daughter, Margaret-Mercer, the present baroness, and, on the 1st of June, 1814, was created Viscount Keith. His lordship *m.* first, in 1787, Jane, daughter and sole heiress of William Mercer, esq., of Aldie, in the county of Perth, by whom he had an only daughter. He *m.* secondly, in 1808, Hester-Maria, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Henry Thrale, esq., of Streatham, in the county of Surrey, by whom he had Georgiana-Augusta-Henrietta, *b.* 12th of December, 1809. His lordship *d.* in 1823, when all his honors, in consequence of leaving no male issue, save the barony of Keith, of Banheath, became extinct; but that devolved, according to the reversionary clause in the patent, upon his eldest daughter.

Country Seats—Ardal, Kincardineshire; and East Cliff Lodge, Kent.

KELLIE, EARL OF, (Thomas Erskine,) Viscount Fenton, Baron Dirleton, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* in 1745; *m.* in 1771, Anne, daughter of Captain Adam Gordon, of Ardock, by whom he has no issue; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his nephew, the late earl, on the 9th of November, 1799. His lordship is Premier Viscount of Scotland.

The honors of the house of Kellie being solely of Scotland, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament; the present earl sits, however, as one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble family of Erskine, Earls of Mar, springing from

SIR ALEXANDER ERSKINE, knt., third son of John, twelfth Earl of Mar, by Margaret, daughter of Archibald, second Earl of Argyll. This gentleman was sworn, in 1578, of his majesty's (Scottish) privy council, nominated governor of Edinburgh Castle, and constituted vice-chamberlain of Scotland. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of Lord Home, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. The eldest son, Sir Alexander, fell at the surprise of Stirling Castle, in 1578, and the second,

SIR THOMAS ERSKINE, born in the same year with King James the First, and educated with that monarch, having accompanied him to England, was created, on the 18th May, 1606, Baron Dirleton, and Viscount Fenton, (the first viscounty of Scotland.) His lordship was advanced to the earldom of Kellie, on the 12th of March, 1619, installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and sworn of the privy councils of England and Scotland. He *m.* Anne, daughter of Gilbert Ogilvie, esq., of Powrie, by whom he had a daughter, and a son, Alexander, Viscount Fenton, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Alexander, first Earl of Dumferline, by whom he left three sons; Alexander, the second son, became third earl; Charles, the third son, was ancestor of the present peer; and the eldest,

THOMAS, succeeded his grandfather, in 1639, (his father having *d.* six years before;) and dying himself, unmarried, in 1643, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

ALEXANDER, who was succeeded, in 1657, by his only son,

ALEXANDER, who was also succeeded (in 1710) by an only son,

ALEXANDER. This nobleman *m.* twice, but had issue only by his second wife, Janet, daughter of

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Doctor Archibald Pitcairn, namely, Thomas, Archibald, and Andrew. He *d.* in 1756, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, who *d.* unmarried, in 1781, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

ARCHIBALD. This nobleman died, also unmarried, (8th May, 1797,) when the peerage reverted to his kinsman,

SIR CHARLES ERSKINE, baronet, of Cambo, the direct descendant of Charles Erskine, (who was created a baronet of Nova Scotia, in 1666,) youngest son of Alexander, Viscount Fenton, eldest son of Sir Thomas, first Earl Kellie. His lordship dying, unmarried, on the 28th of October, 1799, the family honors reverted to his uncle, the present peer, who is the fifth son of David Erskine, esq., by Miss Young, his second wife.

Motto, in English,
He increaseth the honor of his ancestors.

Country Seat—Cambo House, Fifeshire.

KELLET, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Lota, in the county of Cork; *b.* 16th May, 1761; *m.* in 1788, Jane, daughter of John Galway, esq., of Westcourt, in the county of Kilkenny, by whom he has two sons, Richard, *b.* 16th May, 1790, and William, *b.* 10th October, 1794.

This gentleman, who is the eldest son of the late Alderman Richard Kellet, of the city of Cork, was created a baronet, on the 6th of August, 1801.

Motto, in English,
Aid from above.

Country Seat—Lota.

KENMARE, EARL OF, (Valentine Brown,) Viscount Castlerosse and Kenmare, Baron of Castlerosse, and a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 15th January, 1788; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 3rd of October, 1812; *m.* in 1816, Augusta, second daughter of Sir Robert Wilmot, bart., of Osmaston, in the county of Derby, by whom he has no issue.

The honors of the house of Kenmare being of Ireland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament; and the present earl is also excluded, by professing the Roman Catholic religion.

Lineage.

VALENTINE BROWN, esq., of Castlerosse, (descended from the Right Honorable Sir Valentine Brown, knt., (a privy councillor to Queen Elizabeth,) and his wife, Thomasine, sister of the lord-keeper (Sir Nicholas) Bacon, and aunt of the celebrated lord chancellor Bacon, Lord Verulam,) was created a baronet of Ireland, on the 16th of February, 1621. He *m.* Elizabeth, fifth daughter of Gerald, Earl of Kildare, and from him descended directly

SIR VALENTINE, *b.* in 1638, who was sworn of the privy council of King James the Second, and created by that monarch, subsequently to his abdication, on the 20th of May, 1689, Viscount Kenmare. His lordship *m.* Jane, only daughter and heiress of Sir Nicholas Plunket, and niece of Lucas, Earl of Fingal, by whom he had his successor,

NICHOLAS, an officer of rank in the service of King James, and attainted in consequence. His lordship *m.* in 1684, Helen, eldest daughter and coheiress of Thomas Brown, esq., by whom he had issue his successor, (in 1720,)

VALENTINE, who *m.* in 1720, Honoria, second daughter of Thomas Butler, esq., and great-grandniece of James, Duke of Ormond, by whom he had issue a son, who *d.* in infancy; Thomas, his successor; and two daughters. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1735, Mary, Countess-dowager of Fingal, only daughter of Maurice Fitzgerald, esq., of Castle Ishin, by whom he left a posthumous daughter. He *d.* in 1736, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son.

THOMAS. This nobleman *m.* in 1750, Anne, only daughter of Thomas Coke, esq., of Painstown, in the county of Carlow, by whom he had a son and a daughter. His lordship *d.* on the 9th of September, 1795, and was succeeded by his only son,

VALENTINE, who was created (the viscounty of King James the Second never having been acknowledged in law,) on the 12th of February, 1798, Baron of Castlerosse and Viscount Kenmare, and advanced to the earldom of Kenmare and viscounty of Castlerosse, on the 29th of December, 1800. His lordship *m.* twice: first, in 1777, Charlotte, daughter of Henry, Viscount Dillon, by whom he had an only daughter, Charlotte (present Lady Goold, wife of Sir George Goold, bart.); and, secondly, in 1785, Mary, eldest daughter of Michael Aylmer, esq., of Lyons, in the county of Kildare, by whom he had issue Valentine, the present peer; Thomas, (heir presumptive) who *m.* in 1822, Catharine, daughter and one of the co-heiresses of the late Edmund O'Callaghan, esq., of Kilgory; two other sons, and three daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 3rd of October, 1812.

Motto, in English,
Loyal throughout.

Country Seat — Castle Rosse, county of Kerry, Ireland.

KENMURE, VISCOUNT, (John Gordon,) and Lord Lochinvar. Those titles being forfeited by the sixth viscount, who was beheaded for high treason, on Tower Hill, the 24th of February, 1716, have lain dormant until revived in favour of the present peer, by act of parliament, on the 17th of June, 1824.

The honors of the House of Kenmure being of Scotland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This noble house is descended from a common ancestor with the Gordons, Dukes of Gordon.

JOHN GORDON, esq., son of Sir Robert Gordon, knight, was created, on the 8th of May, 1633, Vis-

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count Kenmure, and Lord Lochinvar, and was succeeded, in the following year, by his only son,

JOHN, who *d.* without issue, in 1639, when the peerage devolved, in consequence of the reversionary clause in the patent being to heirs general, to

JOHN, uncle of the first viscount. This nobleman *d.* unmarried, in 1643, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

ROBERT, who also *d.* unmarried, when the peerage descended to a remote relation,

ALEXANDER. His lordship *m.* twice, and was succeeded in 1698, by his only son,

WILLIAM, the unfortunate nobleman who suffered, as already mentioned, upon Tower Hill, on the 24th of February, 1716. His lordship *m.* Mary, sister of Robert, (Dalzell) Earl of Cornwath, and left, at his unhappy demise, three sons and a daughter. The eldest son, Robert, *d.* unmarried, in 1741, and the second,

JOHN GORDON, esq., *m.* Frances, only daughter of William, Earl of Seaforth, by whom he had issue William, an officer in the army, who *d.* unmarried, in 1772; John, the restored and present peer; Adam, (who left five sons and a daughter;) and two other sons, besides a daughter, and all of whom *d.* unmarried.

Motto,
Dread God.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

KERR, BARON, (John-William-Robert Kerr,) of Kersheaugh, in the county of Roxburgh, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, created 17th July, 1821.

See, Marquess of Lothian.

KENNAWAY, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Wilbury House, Wilts; *b.* in 1759; *m.* in 1797, Charlotte, second daughter of James Amyate, esq., by whom he has issue two sons and two daughters.

This gentleman, who was a distinguished civil servant of the honorable the East India Company, in India, was created a baronet, on the 19th of February, 1791.

Country Seat—Escott, Devonshire.

KENSINGTON, BARON, (William Edwardes,) *b.* 24th of April, 1777; *m.* Miss Thomas, by whom he has issue Edward-Henry, *b.* 5th of November, 1798; two other sons, and three daughters. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in December, 1801.

The barony of Kensington being of Ireland only, confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

WILLIAM EDWARDES, esq., only surviving son of Francis Edwardes, esq., of Haverford West, by Elizabeth, daughter of Robert, (Rich) Earl of Warwick and Holland, and Baron Kensington, having inherited, at the demise of his first cousin, Edward-Henry, Earl of Warwick, &c. without issue, in 1721, the estates of the Rich family, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 20th of June, 1776, by the title of Baron Kensington. (The barony of Kensington, enjoyed by the Earls of Holland and Warwick, expired in 1759.) His lordship *m.* in 1762, Elizabeth, youngest daughter and co-heiress of William Warren, esq., of Longridge, in the county of Pembroke, by whom he had an only son, William, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
Keep the faith.

Town Residence—Blake's Hotel, Jermyn-street.
Country Seat—Johnstone, Pembrokeshire.

KENT, SIR CHARLES-EGLETON, baronet, of Fornham St. Genevieve, in the county of Suffolk, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 14th of March, 1811; *m.* in 1818, Sophia-Margaret, third daughter of William, (Lygon) late Earl of Beauchamp, by whom he has an only son, *b.* 15th of February, 1819.

Lineage.

CHARLES EGLETON, esq., only son of Sir Charles Egleton, knight, (sheriff of London, in 1743,) by Sarah, daughter of Thomas Kent, esq., a Norway merchant, assumed the name of Kent, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal grandfather, and was created a baronet on the 3rd of August, 1782. He *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Josia Wordsworth, esq., of Wordsworth, in the county of York, by whom he had issue Charles-Egleton, the present baronet, and three daughters. He *d.* in March, 1811.

Country Seat—Grantham House, Lincolnshire.

KENYON, LORD, (George Kenyon,) Baron of Gredington, in the county of Flint, and a baronet; custos brevium of the court of king's bench; a bencher of the Middle Temple; F.S.A. D.C.L.; *b.* 22nd July, 1776; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father on the 5th of April, 1802; *m.* in 1803, Margaret-Emma, daughter of Sir Thomas Hanmer, baronet, of Hanmer, in the county of Flint, by whom he has issue Lloyd, *b.* 1st of April, 1805; four other sons, and three daughters.

Lineage.

LLOYD KENYON, esq., (second son of Lloyd Kenyon, esq., by Jane, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Robert Eddowes, esq.,) being bred to the bar, was nominated attorney-general in 1782, and appointed master of the rolls in two years afterwards, when he was created a baronet. Upon the retirement of Lord Mansfield from the chief justiceship of the court of king's bench, in 1788, Sir Lloyd was advanced to that high dignity, and then (9th June, 1788,) created a peer of Great Britain, by the title of Lord Kenyon, Baron of Gredington. His lordship *m.* in 1773, Mary, third daughter of George Kenyon, esq., of Peele, in the county of Lancaster,

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by whom he had issue Lloyd, who *d.* in 1800; George, the present peer; and Thomas. His lordship *d.* in 1802.

Motto, in English,
Support affliction with magnanimity.

Town Residence—9, Portman-square.

Country Seat—Grodington Hall, Ellesmere, Flintshire.

KERRISON, SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Wick House, in the county of Sussex; *b.* 30th July, 1776; *m.* in 1811, Mary-Martha, daughter of Alexander Ellice, esq., of Pettencriff, in the county of Fife, by whom he has issue Edward-Clarence, *b.* 2nd January, 1812; and two daughters. This gentleman, who is son of the late Matthias Kerrison, esq., of Haxne Hall, in the county of Suffolk, having attained the rank of major-general in the army, and obtained the dignities of knight commander of the royal Guelphic order, and knight companion of the Bath, was created a baronet on the 8th of August, 1821.

Motto, in English,
Nothing without God.

Town Residence—21, Cavendish-square.

Country Seat—Wick House, Brighton.

KILKENNY, EARL OF, (Edmund Butler,) and Viscount Mountgarret; *b.* 6th January, 1771; *m.* on the 20th June, 1793, Mildred, eldest daughter of his Grace, Robert Fowler, Archbishop of Dublin, by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the viscounty upon the demise of his father, on the 17th of July, 1792, and was advanced, by creation, on the 20th of December, 1793, to the earldom.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Butler, Earls, and now Marquess, of Ormond, springing from

The Honorable Richard Butler, second son of Pierce, eighth Earl of Ormond, who was created Viscount Mountgarret, of the kingdom of Ireland, on the 23rd of October, 1550. From this nobleman to the sixth viscount, the descent was uninterrupted, from father to son; but the seventh, eighth, and ninth viscounts were brothers, the sons of the sixth, namely, Richard and James, who *d.* without issue, and

Edmund, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Toby Purcell, esq., of Ballymartin, by whom, at his demise, in 1750, he left an only son, his successor,

Edmund. This nobleman *m.* Charlotte, second daughter of Sir Simon Bradstreet, bart., by whom he had issue three sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1779, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Edmund, who *m.* in 1768, Henrietta, second daughter of Somerset-Hamilton, first Earl of Carrick, and aunt of the present earl, by whom he had issue Edmund, present Earl of Kilkenny; Somerset-Richard, heir presumptive to the viscounty; two other sons, and a daughter. His lordship *d.* in 1792.

Motto, in English,
I was humbled, I am exalted.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

KILMAINE, BARON, (James-Caulfield Brown,) of the Neale, in the county of Mayo, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* 16th March, 1765; *m.* in 1793, Anne, fourth daughter of the late Right Honorable Sir Henry Cavendish, bart., of Doveridge Hall, in the county of Derby, by whom he has issue John Cavendish, *b.* 11th June, 1794; three other sons, and a daughter. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in June, 1794.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

John Brown, esq., of the Neale, was created a baronet of Nova Scotia, on the 21st of June, 1632. He *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Dominick Brown, knt., of the county of Galway, by whom he had three sons; George, his successor; John, progenitor of the Marquess of Sligo; and Dominick. Sir John was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir George, who *d.* in 1698, and was succeeded by his only son,

Sir John, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir George. This gentleman *d.* without issue, in 1737, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir John, who *m.* first, in 1722, Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Henry Dodwell, esq., by whom he had five sons and one daughter; and, secondly, Catharine, daughter of Sir Walter Blake, bart., by whom he had no child. Sir John *d.* in 1756, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir George. This gentleman *m.* Anastatia, eldest daughter of Denis Daly, esq., and granddaughter (maternally) of Michael, tenth Earl of Clanricarde, by whom he had five daughters, but having no son, the title, at his demise, devolved upon his brother,

Sir John, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 16th of November, 1789, by the title of Baron Kilmaine. His lordship *m.* in 1764, Alice, second daughter of James, (Caulfield,) Viscount Charlemont, by whom he had issue James-Caulfield, the present peer; two other sons, and four daughters. The baron *d.* in 1794.

Motto, in English,
Follow reason.

Country Seat—The Neale, in the county of Mayo.

KILMOREY, EARL AND VISCOUNT, (Francis Needham,) Viscount Newry and Morne; *b.* 4th of April, 1748; *m.* in February, 1787, Anne, second daughter of Thomas Fisher,

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esq., of Acton, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he has issue Francis Jack, Viscount Newry, *b.* 13th December, 1787, (who *m.* in 1814, Jane, 5th daughter of George Gunn, esq., of Mount Kennedy, in the county of Wicklow,) another son, and eight daughters. His lordship, who is a general officer in the army, and colonel in the 86th regiment of foot, succeeded to the viscounty of Kilmorey at the demise of his brother, on the 14th of December, 1813, and was created Earl of Kilmorey, and Viscount Newry and Morne, in the county of Down, on the 12th of January, 1822.

The honors of the house of Kilmorey being solely of Ireland, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient family of the counties of Derby and Salop, being of importance, in the former, so far back as the reign of Edward the Third; and being of rank, in the latter, in the beginning of the seventeenth century; when

ROBERT NEEDHAM, esq., of Shenton, in that county, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, (18th of April, 1625,) as Viscount Kilmorey. His lordship *d.* in 1627, and was succeeded by his son,

ROBERT. This nobleman *m.* twice, and left successors to the title by both marriages. His lordship *d.* in 1653, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ROBERT, who *d.* without issue, in 1657, when the title devolved upon his half-brother,

CHARLES, to whom succeeded his son,

ROBERT, who *d.* in 1668, and was succeeded by his son,

THOMAS. This nobleman *m.* Frances, daughter and heiress of Francis-Leveson Fowler, esq., of Harnage Grange, in the county of Salop, by whom he had an only son,

ROBERT, who *m.* Mary, daughter of John Offley, esq., of Crew, in the county of Chester, by whom he had four sons, (three of whom, Robert, Thomas, and John, became successive viscounts,) and four daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 2nd of October, 1710, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ROBERT, who *d.* in boyhood, in 1717, when the title devolved upon his brother,

THOMAS. This nobleman *m.* in 1730, Mary, third daughter and co-heiress of Washington, second Earl of Ferrers, by whom he had no issue. His lordship *d.* in 1768, and was succeeded by his brother,

JOHN, who *m.* in 1738, Anne, daughter and co-heiress of John Hurleston, esq., of Newton, in the county of Chester, and relict of Peter Shakerley, esq., by whom he left issue, at his demise in 1791, Francis, the present earl, and his immediate successor,

ROBERT. This nobleman *m.* in 1792, Frances, eldest daughter of Sir Robert-Salusbury Cotton, baronet; but having no issue, the viscounty, at his lordship's decease in 1818, devolved upon his brother, the present Earl of Kilmorey.

Motto, in English,

Now or never.

Country Seat—Shovington-Hall, Shropshire.

KILWARDEN, VISCOUNT, (John Wolfe,) Baron Kilwarden, of Newlands, in the county of Dublin; and Baron Kilwarden, of Kilteel, in the county of Kildare; *b.* 11th of November, 1769; succeeded to all the honors, but the last barony, upon the lamented demise of his father, on the 23rd of July, 1803, and to *that*, at the demise of his mother, on the 23rd of August, 1804. His lordship is registrar of deeds, in the court of admiralty, in Ireland.

The honors of the house of Kilwarden being solely of Ireland, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

ARTHUR WOLFE, esq., eldest son of John Wolfe, esq., of the county of Kildare, being bred to the Irish bar, was nominated solicitor-general of Ireland, in 1787; promoted to the attorney-generalship, in 1789; and appointed lord chief justice of the king's bench, in 1798, when he was elevated to the peerage, (3rd of July, 1798,) as Baron Kilwarden, of Newlands; and advanced to the viscounty of Kilwarden, on the 29th of December, 1800. His lordship *m.* in 1769, Anne, daughter of William Buxton, esq., of Ardee, in the county of Louth, (created Baroness Kilwarden, of Kilteel, on the 20th of September, 1795,) by whom he had issue John, the present peer; another son, and two daughters. Lord Kilwarden, who was one of the brightest ornaments of the Irish bench, and of whom, with the strictest veracity, it may be recorded, that the balance never vibrated in his hand, except when it inclined to humanity and mercy, became a victim of one of those murderous struggles which oppression and slavery, wheresoever they are suffered to sojourn, are sure periodically to engender. In his way to the castle of Dublin, for the purpose of assisting in council, upon the 23rd July, 1803, during the rebellion, or, more correctly speaking, the riot, incited by the enthusiast, Emmet, his lordship, falling accidentally into the hands of a body of insurgents, was barbarously assassinated, along with his nephew and companion, the Rev. Mr. Wolfe. His lordship was an able lawyer and a most upright judge; at a period when the judgment seat in his unhappy country too notoriously acknowledged the baneful influence of party, and when the insignia of the judicial magistrate were but too often the sanguinary ensigns of the infuriate partisan.

Motto,

For the love of my country.

Country Seat—Newlands, county of Dublin.

KING, LORD, (Peter King,) Baron of Ockham, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 31st of August, 1774; succeeded to the title upon the de-

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mise of his father, on the 23rd of November, 1793; *m.* in 1804, Hester, daughter of Hugh, Earl of Fortescue, and first cousin of the present Duke of Buckingham, by whom he has issue a son, *b.* 25th of January, 1811, and three daughters.

Lineage.

PETER KING, esq., son and heir of Jerome King, esq., of the city of Exeter, and nephew (maternally) of the famous John Locke, being bred to the bar, was chosen recorder of London, in 1708, upon which occasion he received the honor of knighthood from Queen Anne; appointed lord chief justice of the common pleas, in 1714; elevated to the peerage on the 28th of May, 1725, by the title of Lord King, Baron of Ockham, in the county of Surrey; and declared, in the following June, lord high chancellor of England, which important and elevated station he filled until 1733. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter of Richard Seys, esq., of Boverton, in the county of Glamorgan, by whom he had four sons, (all of whom succeeded to the title successively,) and two daughters. He *d.* on the 22nd of July, 1734, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, who *d.* on the 10th of February, 1739-40, without issue, when the title devolved upon his brother,

PETER, who *d.* unmarried on the 22nd of March, 1754, and was succeeded by his brother,

WILLIAM. This nobleman also *d.* unmarried, (16th of April, 1767,) when the peerage descended to his brother,

THOMAS. This nobleman *m.* in 1734, Wilhelmina-Catharine, daughter of John Troye, one of the sovereign council of Brabant, by whom he had issue two sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 4th of April, 1779, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

PETER, who *m.* in 1774, Charlotte, daughter of Edward Tedcroft, esq., of Horsham, in the county of Sussex, by whom he had Peter, the present baron, and two other sons. His lordship *d.* on the 23rd of November, 1793.

Motto, in English,
Labour itself is pleasure.

Town Residence—38, Dover-street.

Country Seats—Ockham, near Ripley, Surrey; Ashley-Lodge, near Minehead, Somersetshire.

KING-DASHWOOD, SIR JOHN, baronet, of West-Wycombe; *m.* in 1789, Mary-Anne, daughter of the late Theodore-Henry Broadhead, esq., by whom he has issue George-Henry; two other sons, and two daughters; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 6th of December, 1793.

Lineage.

FRANCIS DASHWOOD, esq., created a baronet on the 28th of June, 1707; *m.* four times: first, Mary, only daughter of John Jennings, esq., by whom he had two daughters; secondly, Mary, daughter of Vere, Earl of Westmorland, and eventually one of the co-heiresses to the barony of Le Despencer, by whom he had a son, Francis, and a daughter; thirdly, Mary, daughter of Major King, by whom he had John, who became third baronet, and assumed the name of King; Charles, and two daughters; and fourthly, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Plymouth, by whom he had no child. Sir Francis *d.* on the 4th of November, 1724, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR FRANCIS, who, on the demise of his uncle, John, Earl of Westmorland, succeeded to the barony of Le Despencer, in right of his mother, and was summoned to parliament on the 19th of May, 1763. His lordship filled the office of chancellor of the exchequer, from the 29th of May, 1762, to the 16th of April, 1763; and was one of the paymasters-general, for several years. He *m.* Sarah, daughter of Thomas Gould, esq., and relict of Sir Richard Ellis; but having no issue, the barony, upon his demise in 1781, was inherited by his sister, Rachael, the wife of Sir Robert Austin, bart.; and the baronetcy devolved upon his half-brother,

SIR JOHN-DASHWOOD KING, who *m.* Sarah, daughter of Blundel Moore, esq., by whom he had issue Sir John, the present baronet; another son, and two daughters. Sir John *d.* in December, 1793.

Town Residence — 54, Green-street, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Holton, near Wendover, Bucks.

KING, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Bellevue, in the county of Kent; *m.* in 1803, Sarah-Anne, only daughter of Admiral Sir John-Thomas Duckworth, G.C.B., by whom he has an only daughter. Her ladyship dying in 1819, he *m.* secondly, in 1822, Maria-Susanna, daughter of the late Admiral Sir Charles Cotton, baronet, by whom he has no child. Sir Richard, who is rear-admiral of the blue, and a knight grand Cross of the Bath, succeeded to the baronetcy upon the demise of his father in November, 1806.

Lineage.

RICHARD KING, son of lieutenant King, of the royal navy, having embraced the profession of his father, attained, by a series of gallant achievements, particularly in the Indian seas, under Sir Edward Hughes, during the memorable conflicts between that officer and the French admiral, De Saffrein, the rank of real-admiral, and received the honor of knighthood. In 1791, he was made rear-admiral of the red; on the 18th of June, 1792, was created a baronet; and, in 1799, having passed through the different gradations of promotion, Sir Richard reached the rank of admiral of the white. He *m.* Susannah-Margaret, daughter of William Coker, esq., of Maypowden, in the county of Dorset, by whom he had issue Richard, the present baronet; another son, and two daughters. He *d.* in November, 1806.

Town Residence—13, Great Cumberland-street.

KING, SIR GILBERT, baronet, of Charlestown, in the county of Roscommon; succeeded

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to the title upon the demise of his uncle, on the 8th of August, 1818.

Lineage.

GILBERT KING, esq., was created a baronet on the 21st of July, 1815, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the issue male of his brothers; and dying childless, in 1818, the title devolved, according to the reversionary proviso, upon his nephew, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
Fortune favors the brave.

Country Seat—Charleston, county of Roscommon.

KING, SIR ABRAHAM-BRADLEY, baronet, of the city of Dublin; *b.* 31st of March, 1773; *m.* Anne, daughter of Plato Oulton, esq., by whom he has issue James-Walker, a clergyman of the established church, *b.* in May, 1795; another son, and six daughters.

This gentleman, a respectable tradesman of Dublin, served the office of high sheriff of that city; was elected alderman on the 30th of January, 1805; and chosen lord mayor in 1813, and a second time in 1821, when he had the high honor of receiving, in his official capacity, his most gracious majesty, the present king, upon visiting the metropolis of his Irish dominions. In commemoration of which event, the chief magistrate was created a baronet on the 18th of September, 1821.

Motto, in English,
Fortune favors the brave.

Town Residence—Dublin.

Country Seat—Corrard, county of Fermanagh.

KINGSALE, LORD, (the Reverend Thomas de Courcy,) Baron Courcy, of Courcy, and Baron of Ringrove; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 24th of May, 1822. His lordship is Premier Baron of Ireland, and possesses the hereditary right, granted by King John to De Courcy, Earl of Ulster, of wearing his hat in the royal presence.

This barony being of Ireland, confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present lord is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This ancient and illustrious house is descended from

ROBERT DE COURCY, who, in the eleventh century, was Lord of Courcy, in Normandy. The successor of this nobleman was his son,

RICHARD, who accompanied the Conqueror to England; and distinguishing himself at the decisive battle of Hastings, subsequently obtained a large portion of the spoil, in numerous English lordships. His lordship *d.* in 1099, and was succeeded by his son,

ROBERT, as Lord Courcy, in Normandy, and Baron of Stoke Courcy, in England. From the grandson of this nobleman,

WILLIAM, descended

MILES, upon whom Henry the Third conferred, in 1181, the barony of Kingsale, in Ireland, as a compensation for the earldom of Ulster, of which he was deprived by Hugo de Lacie. For five centuries, subsequently, the honors descended regularly. The twenty-third lord,

ALMERICUS, was outlawed in 1691, but that was very soon removed, and his lordship took his seat in the parliament of Ireland, in 1692. This nobleman, in observance of the ancient privilege of his house, appeared in the presence of King William, covered, and explained to that monarch, when his majesty expressed surprise at the circumstance, the reason thus:—"Sire, my name is COURCY; I am lord of Kingsale, in your majesty's kingdom of Ireland; and the reason of my appearing covered in your majesty's presence is, to assert the ancient privilege of my family, granted to Sir John de Courcy, Earl of Ulster, and his heirs, by John, King of England." The king acknowledged the privilege, and giving the baron his hand to kiss, his lordship paid his obeisance, and continued covered. He *d.* in 1719, without issue, when the peerage reverted to his cousin,

GERALD, grandson of Patrick, the twentieth baron. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter, and eventually sole heiress, of Anthony Sadlier, esq., of Arley-Hall, in the county of Warwick, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

GERALD, who *d.* in 1759, without issue, when the peerage reverted to his distant kinsman,

JOHN, descended from the eighteenth baron, through his fourth son. His lordship *m.* Martha, daughter of William Hevon, esq., of Dorchester, by whom he had issue five sons and three daughters. He *d.* on the 3rd of March, 1776, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, who *m.* in 1763, Susan, daughter of Conway Blennerhasset, esq., of Castle Conway, in the county of Kerry, by whom he had issue John, an officer of high rank in the army, who *d.* in 1813, from excessive fatigue, during the campaign in Spain; Thomas, a clergyman of the established church, the present peer; three other sons, and four daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 24th of May, 1822.

Motto, in English,
Truth prevails over every thing.

Country Seat—Courcy Park, in the county of Cork.

KINGSLAND, VISCOUNT, (Matthew Barnewall,) and Baron of Turvey; *m.* thrice, and has issue, by his first wife, an only son, John; by the second, (Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Robert Warren, baronet, of Warren's Court, in the county of Cork,) and the third, (Julia, daughter of John Willis, esq., of Walcot Terrace, Lambeth,) his lordship has no child. This

nobleman, (who is only surviving son of Matthew Barnewall, esq., of Dromzera Wood, by his second wife, Anne, daughter of Thomas M'Cann, esq., and thus great-great-grandson of Nicholas Barnewall, of Turvey, the first peer, through his second son, the Honorable Francis Barnewall, of Beggstown,) claimed the family honors upon the demise of his kinsman, George, the fifth viscount, in 1800, and had his claim acknowledged by the house of lords.

The honors of the house of Kingsland being of Ireland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

The Barnewalls, who were originally of Lower Brittany, in France, arrived in England in the train of the Conqueror, from whence they were amongst the earliest emigrants to Ireland, where they obtained considerable grants from Henry the Second, and were eventually ennobled in two distinct branches, springing from a common progenitor,

Sir Christopher Barnewall, of Crickstown, in the county of Meath, whose eldest son, Christopher's descendant, became Baron Trimleston; and whose youngest son, John's descendant,

Nicholas Barnewall, esq., of Turvey, in the county of Dublin, was elevated to the Irish peerage, on the 29th of June, 1646, as Viscount Barnewall, of Kingsland, and Baron of Turvey. His lordship *m.* Bridget, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Henry, Earl of Kildare, and relict of (O'Donnel) Earl of Tyreonnel, by whom he had issue Henry, his successor; Frances, the ancestor of the present viscount, and other children. He *d.* on the 20th of August, 1663, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Henry. This nobleman *m.* twice: first, Mary, daughter of John, Viscount Netterville, by whom he had an only daughter; and secondly, Mary, daughter of Richard, Earl of Westmeath, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1688, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Nicholas, who *m.* Mary, daughter of George, Count Hamilton, by Frances, Duchess of Tyreonnel, and had issue Henry-Benedict, his successor; George, who *m.* Barbara, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Fauconberg, and left issue, at his decease in 1771, George, the fifth viscount; and a daughter. His lordship *d.* in 1725, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Henry-Benedict, who *d.* without issue, in 1740, when the family honors devolved upon his nephew,

George. This nobleman conformed to the established church, and took his seat in the Irish house of lords soon after his accession to the peerage. His lordship *d.* unmarried, in France, in 1800, when the family honors reverted to his kinsman, the present viscount.

Motto, in English,
Death before disgrace.

Country Seat—Turvey, county of Dublin.

KINGSTON, EARL OF, (George King,) Viscount Kingsborough, and Baron Kingston, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Kingston, of Michelstown, in *that* of the United Kingdom; and a baronet; *b.* 9th of April, 1771; *m.* in 1794, Helena, only daughter of Stephen, Earl of Mount Cashel, and niece of the present marquess of Hastings, by whom he has issue Edward, Viscount Kingsborough, *b.* 25th September, 1796, and two other sons. His lordship succeeded to the Irish honors upon the demise of his father, on the 17th of April, 1799, and obtained his British peerage, by creation, on the 17th of July, 1821.

Lineage.

This distinguished family was ennobled in 1660, in the person of

Sir John King, knt., created Baron Kingston, which title continued until 1761, when it expired with

James, Lord Kingston, who *d.* in that year, without male issue, thus terminating that branch of the family. But the descendant of the first lord's brother, Robert, created a baronet of Ireland, on the 27th of September, 1682,

Sir Robert King, was elevated to the Irish peerage, in 1748, as Baron Kingsborough; dying, however, unmarried, in 1758, that title also became extinct, while the baronetcy devolved upon his lordship's brother,

Sir Edward, who was created Baron Kingston, on the 13th of July, 1764; Viscount Kingsborough, on the 15th November, 1766; and Earl of Kingston, on the 25th of August, 1768. His lordship *m.* in 1752, Jane, daughter of Thomas Caulfield, esq., by whom he had issue three sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1797, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert. This nobleman *m.* in 1769, Caroline, only daughter of Richard Fitzgerald, esq., of Mount Ophaly, in the county of Kildare, by whom he had issue George, the present earl; Robert-Edward, (created Viscount Lorton;) five other sons, and five daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 17th of April, 1799.

Motto, in English,
The safest hope is in heaven.

Town Residence—23, Hertford-street.

Country Seat—Rockingham Park, in the county of Roscommon.

KINNAIRD, BARON, (Charles Kinnaird,) of Inchture, in the county of Perth; F.R. and A.S.; *b.* 7th April, 1780; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in October, 1805; *m.* in 1806, Olivia-Letitia-Catharine, youngest daughter of William-Robert, late Duke of Leinster, by whom he has issue George-William-Fox; two other sons, and two daughters. Lord Kinnaird is a councillor of state to the king, in Scotland.

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This being a barony of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

The barony of Kinnaird, in Perthshire, was conferred (by charter) upon Radulphus Rufus, by William, surnamed the Lion, King of Scotland, whence the family assumed the name of Kinnaird. From this personage directly, although remotely, descended

GEORGE KINNAIRD, esq., of Inchture, who, for his loyalty to the house of Stuart, was knighted, by King Charles the Second, in 1661, and elevated to the peerage of Scotland, on the 28th of December, 1682, as Baron Kinnaird, of Inchture. His lordship *m.* Margaret, daughter of James Crichton, esq., of Ruthven, by whom he had six sons, the eldest and youngest of which alone left issue. His lordship *d.* in 1689, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

PATRICK, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Hugh, Lord Lovat, and left, at his decease, in 1701, Charles, and an elder son, his successor,

PATRICK. This nobleman dying without issue, in 1715, the title devolved upon his brother,

CHARLES, who also *d.* without issue (in 1728), when the peerage reverted to his uncle,

CHARLES, who *d.* childless, in 1758, and was succeeded by his grand-nephew,

CHARLES, great-grandson of the first lord, through his youngest son, George. This nobleman *m.* Barbara, daughter of Sir James Johnstone, bart., by whom he had issue two sons and two daughters. The second son, Patrick, was unfortunately killed by a tiger, on the coast of Coromandel. His lordship *d.* in 1767, and was succeeded by his son,

GEORGE, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Griffin Ransom, esq., of New Palace-yard, Westminster, by whom he had issue George, who *d.* in infancy; Charles, the present peer; Edward-Griffin, who *d.* in 1803; Douglas; another son; and six daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1805.

Motto, in English,

The conqueror suffers.

Country Seats—Drimmie Castle, Perthshire; and Binfield House, Berks.

KINNOUL, EARL OF, (Thomas-Robert-Hay Drummond,) Viscount Dupplin, and Baron Hay, of Kinfauns, in the peerage of Scotland; Baron Hay, of Pedwardine, in that of Great Britain; *b.* 5th April, 1785; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 12th of April, 1804; *m.* in 1824, Louisa, second daughter of Sir Charles Rowley. His lordship is Lord Lyon, King at Arms in North Britain.

Lineage.

GEORGE HAY, esq., of Kinfauns, second son of Sir Patrick Hay, knt., of Melginch, being a highly-accomplished personage, was introduced to the court of King James the Sixth of Scotland, and immediately obtained the full confidence and favor of that monarch. He was appointed a gentleman of the bedchamber, honored with the dignity of knighthood, and granted (on the 18th of February, 1598,) the dissolved Carthusian Priory of Perth. He was, subsequently, nominated clerk-register of Scotland, and, in 1622, appointed to the high dignity of lord high chancellor of that kingdom. Sir George was advanced to the peerage, by King Charles the First, on the 4th of May, 1627, by the titles of Baron Hay, of Kinfauns, and Viscount Dupplin, with reversion to his heirs general whatsoever; and advanced, on the 25th of May, 1633, to the earldom of Kinnoul, with the same reversionary clause in the patent. His lordship *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir James Haleburton, of Pitcur, by whom he had issue two sons and a daughter. The earl *d.* on the 16th of December, 1634, (up to which period he continued chancellor,) and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

GEORGE, captain of the yeomen of the guard to King Charles the First, and one of his majesty's privy council. His lordship was distinguished, during the civil wars, by unshaken fidelity to his unfortunate sovereign, and gallant and active services as a soldier in his cause. He *m.* Anne, eldest daughter of William (Douglas), Earl of Morton, lord treasurer of Scotland, by whom he had issue two daughters, and his successor, at his demise, in 1664,

WILLIAM, who became, upon the decease of his cousin, James, Earl of Carlisle, without issue, in 1660, proprietor of the island of Barbadoes, granted by Charles the First to the first Earl of Carlisle, which his lordship disposed of to King Charles the Second, in 1661. The earl *m.* twice: first, Mary, daughter of Robert, second Earl of Cardigan, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, Catherine, daughter of Charles, Viscount Cranborne, and grand-daughter of William Cecil, Earl of Salisbury, by whom he had two sons, successive earls. His lordship *d.* in 1677, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, who *d.* without issue, in 1687, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM, who *d.* unmarried, in 1709, when the peerage, according to the clause of the patent, in favor of heirs general, devolved upon his kinsman and heir-at-law,

THOMAS, (great-grand-nephew of the first peer, being the direct descendant of his younger brother, Peter,) who had been previously created (on the 31st of December, 1697,) Viscount Dupplin. His lordship was one of the commissioners at the treaty of union between England and Scotland, and sat in the first parliament of Great Britain, as one of the sixteen representative peers. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William (Drummond), Viscount Strathallan, by whom he had issue three sons and two daughters. His youngest son, Colonel John Hay, took an active part in the rebellion of 1715, and was created, by the Chevalier de St. George, Earl of Inverness. The earl *d.* in 1719, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

GEORGE-HENRY, who had been previously (on

the 31st December, 1711,) enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, by the title of Baron Hay, of Pedwardin, in the county of Hereford. His lordship *m.* in 1709, Abigail, youngest daughter of Robert (Harley,) Earl of Oxford, by whom he had four sons and six daughters. The second son, Robert, entered into holy orders, and became successively a prebendary of Westminster (1743), Bishop of St. Asaph (1748), Bishop of Salisbury (1751), and (in the same year) Archbishop of York. His grace assumed the name and arms of Drummond, according to the deed of entail of his great-grandfather, William, Viscount Strathallan. He *m.* in 1748, Henrietta, daughter of Peter Auriol, an eminent merchant of London, by whom he was father of Robert-Auriol, the ninth earl, and several other children. The earl *d.* at an advanced period of life, on the 29th of July, 1758, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, who *d.* without issue, in 1787, when the family honors devolved upon (the son of his brother, the Archbishop of York,) his nephew,

ROBERT-HAY DRUMMOND, *b.* 18th March, 1751. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Miss Eyre, eldest daughter of Anthony Eyre, esq., by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, Sarah, daughter of the Right Honorable Thomas Harley, and grand-daughter of the Earl of Oxford, by whom he had Thomas-Robert, the present peer, and two daughters. He *d.* in 1804.

Motto, in English,
Renew your courage.

Town Residence—18, Berkeley-square.
Country Seat—Dupplin Castle, Perthshire.

KINTORE, EARL OF, (Anthony-Adrian Falconer,) Lord Keith, of Inverurie, and Lord Falconer, of Halkertoun; *b.* 20th of April, 1794; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 6th of April, 1812; *m.* in 1817, Juliet, third daughter of the late Robert Renny, esq., of Barrowfield, in Scotland, by whom he had no issue. Her ladyship dying, in 1819, the earl *m.* secondly, in 1821, Louisa, youngest daughter of Francis Hawkins, esq., by whom he has a son, Lord Inverurie, *b.* in September, 1822.

The honors of the house of Kintore being solely of Scotland, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

SIR JOHN KEITH, knt., third son of William, sixth Earl Marischal of Scotland, was elevated to the peerage, on the 26th of June, 1677, by the titles of Baron Keith, of Inverurie and Keith Hall, and Earl of Kintore, in consideration of the loyalty and zeal which he evinced, in preserving the regalia of Scotland from falling into the hands of the usurper, Cromwell. Sir John Keith had those ensigns of royalty safely conveyed from Dunmore Castle, and deposited under ground in the church of Kinnest: sailing immediately for France, it was supposed that he had carried them away with him; in consequence of which, all further search, by the Cromwellians, was abandoned. His lordship obtained a new grant of his honors from King William, in 1694, extending the reversion to his own female heirs, and to the male issue of his brother, George. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Haddington, by whom he had a son, and two daughters. The earl *d.* in 1714, and was succeeded by his only son,

WILLIAM, who *m.* Catharine, eldest daughter of David, Viscount Stormont, by whom he had issue John and William, successive earls; Catharine, who *m.* David, Lord Falconer, of Halkertoun; and Jane. His lordship was succeeded, in 1718, by his son,

JOHN, who *d.* without issue, in 1758, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM. This nobleman dying unmarried, in 1761, the peerage devolved upon the grandson of his sister, Lady Falconèr, his grand-nephew,

ANTHONY-ADRIAN FALCONER, eighth Lord Falconer, of Halkertoun. The noble house of Falconer deduce their descent from Ranulphus, (son of Walter Lumgair,) appointed king's falconer by William the Lion, whence he assumed the surname of Falconer. The descendant of this person, Alexander, son of Sir Alexander Falconer, was created Lord Falconer, of Halkertoun, on the 20th of December, 1647; and that peerage was transmitted, in 1776, to Anthony-Adrian, who succeeded, in right of his grandmother, to the honors of the house of Kintore, in two years afterwards. His lordship *m.* Miss Slighterman, of Groningen, by whom he had a son, and seven daughters. He *d.* on the 30th of August, 1804, and was succeeded by his only son,

WILLIAM. This nobleman *m.* in 1793, Maria, daughter of Sir Anthony Bannerman, bart., of Kirkhill, by whom he had issue Anthony-Adrian, the present peer; two other sons, and a daughter. His lordship *d.* on the 6th of October, 1812.

Motto, in English,
What was lost is safe.

Country Seat—Keith Hall, Aberdeenshire.

KIRKCUDBRIGHT, BARON, (Sholto-Henry M'Clellan,) *b.* 15th August, 1771; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1801; *m.* in 1820, Miss Cantes, by whom he has no issue.

This being a barony of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

SIR ROBERT M'CLELLAN, knt., gentleman of the bed-chamber to the two first British sovereigns of the house of Stuart, was created, on the 25th of May, 1633, Baron Kirkcudbright. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir Matthew Campbell, of Loudoun, by whom he had an only daughter; and, dying in 1641, the title devolved, according to the limitation of the patent, upon his nephew,

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THOMAS, who *m.* Janet, daughter of William, first Earl of Queensberry; but dying without issue, he was succeeded by his first-cousin,

JOHN, who was succeeded, in 1664, by his son,

WILLIAM, who *d.* in minority, in 1669; from which period, until 1721, the title remained without a claimant, but then the deceased lord's first-cousin,

JAMES, preferred his claim, and he was allowed to vote at an election of representative peers. His lordship *d.* without male issue, in 1730, and the title devolved upon

WILLIAM M'CLELLAN, of Borness, a descendant from Gilbert M'Clellan, who was great-great-grand-uncle to the first lord. This nobleman experienced some difficulty in establishing his right, but eventually succeeded, and transmitted the title to his eldest surviving son,

JOHN, a colonel in the army, who *m.* Miss Bannister, of the Isle of Wight, by whom he had issue Sholto-Henry, the present Lord; Camden-Grey, heir presumptive; and a daughter. His lordship *d.* on the 24th of December, 1801.

Motto,

Think on.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

KNATCHBULL, SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Mersham Hatch, in the county of Kent; *b.* in 1782; *m.* first, in 1806, Annabella, daughter of the late Sir John Honeywood, bart., by whom he had a son, *b.* 30th March, 1814, and several other children; and, secondly, in 1820, Fanny-Catharine, eldest daughter of Edward Knight, esq., of Godmersden Park. Sir Edward succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 21st of September, 1819.

Lineage.

NORTON KNATCHBULL, esq., son of Thomas Knatchbull, esq., by Eleanor, daughter and co-heiress of John Astley, esq., of Maidstone, was created a baronet on the 4th of August, 1641. He *m.* first, Dorothy, daughter of Thomas Westrow, esq., (who had served the office of sheriff of London,) by whom he had three sons; and, secondly, Dorothy, daughter of Sir Robert Honeywood, knt., and relict of Sir Edward Steward, knt., by whom he had no child. Sir Norton *d.* in 1684, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* Jane, daughter and heiress of Sir Edward Monins, bart., by whom he had three sons, who *d.* without issue, before himself; and nine daughters. Sir John *d.* in 1696, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR THOMAS, who *d.* in 1755, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD. This gentleman *m.* Alice, daughter of John Wyndham, esq., by whom he had five sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1730, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WYNDHAM, who *d.* in 1749, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR WYNDHAM, who *d.* unmarried, in 1763, when the title reverted to his uncle,

SIR EDWARD, (third son of Sir Edward, the fourth baronet.) This gentleman *d.* in 1789, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR EDWARD, who *m.* in 1780, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of William-Weston Hugessen, esq., of Provenders, in the county of Kent, by whom he had issue Edward, the present baronet, and two daughters. Sir Edward *m.* secondly, in 1785, Frances, daughter of —— Graham, esq., by whom he had a large family; and, thirdly, Miss —— Hawkins, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Thomas Hawkins, esq., of Nash Court, by whom he had several children. He *d.* in September, 1819.

Motto, in English,

My glory is in the cross.

Country Seat—Mersham Hatch, county of Kent.

KNIGHTLEY, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Fawsley, in the county of Northampton; *b.* in 1781; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, on the 29th of January, 1812; *m.* in 1813, Selina-Mary, eldest daughter of Felton-Lionel Hervey, esq., of Englefield Green, in the county of Surrey, by whom he has a son and a daughter.

Lineage.

THE REV. JOHN KNIGHTLEY, eldest surviving son of Valentine Knightley, esq., of Fawsley, by Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Dummer, esq., of Swaithland, in the county of Hants, was created a baronet on the 30th of December, 1797, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the heirs male of his deceased brother, the Rev. Charles Knightley, who *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter of Henry Boulton, esq., of Uppingham, in the county of Rutland, and had issue Charles, the present baronet, and several other children. Sir John *d.* in 1812.

Town Residence—10, Upper Brook-street.

Country Seat—Fawsley Park, near Daventry, Northampton.

KNIGHTON, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Charlston, in the county of Dorset; *m.* Dorothea, daughter of Captain James Hawker, of the royal navy, by whom he has several children.

This gentleman, (a physician,) who is auditor, and keeper of the privy and counsel seals, of the duchy of Cornwall, and keeper of his majesty's privy purse, was created a baronet on the 1st of July, 1813.

Town Residence—9, Hanover-square.

Country Seats—Charlston, Dorsetshire; and Blendworth Cottage, Hants.

KNOWLES, SIR CHARLES-HENRY, baronet, of Lovel Hill, in the county of Berks, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 9th of December, 1777; *m.* in 1800, Charlotte, daughter of Charles Johnston, esq., of Ludlow, by whom he has issue two sons. Sir Charles Knowles is a naval officer of distinction, having attained the rank of admiral of the red.

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Lineage.

CHARLES KNOWLES, esq., a distinguished naval officer, having risen to the rank of rear-admiral of Great Britain, was created a baronet on the 31st of October, 1765. He *m.* twice: first, Mary, daughter of Sir John-Gay Alleyne, bart., by whom he had an only son, who attained the command of a man of war, and was lost in a storm at sea; and, secondly, Miss Maria-Magdalena-Theresa Bouquet, by whom he had an only son, the present baronet. Sir Charles was appointed by the Empress of Russia, in 1770, chief president of her imperial majesty's admiralty, with a seat in her council, a post which he filled for some years. He *d.* after his return to England, on the 9th December, 1777.

Motto, in English,
Always ready.

Country Seat—Lovel Hill, Berkshire.

KYNASTON, THE REV. SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Hardwick, in the county of Salop, *m.* in 1783, Letitia, daughter of Robert Owen, esq., by whom he has a son and two daughters; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, on the 25th of October, 1822.

Lineage.

JOHN KYNASTON, esq., eldest son of Robert Kynaston, esq., of Shrewsbury, by Mary, only child of Henry Powell, esq., of Worthen, in Shropshire, assumed the name of Powell, and was created a baronet on the 8th of December, 1818, with remainder to his brother and his heirs male. Dying, in 1822, without issue, the baronetcy, according to the limitation of the patent, devolved upon the present baronet.

Town Residence—Mivart's Hotel, Brook-street.

Country Seats—Hardwick Hall, near Ellesmere, Shropshire; Risby, near Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk.

LACON, SIR EDMUND-KNOWLES, baronet, of Great Yarmouth, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* 28th February, 1780; *m.* in 1804, Eleanor, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Beecroft, esq., of Saxethorpe Hall, by whom he has issue Edmund-Henry-Knowles, *b.* 3rd of August, 1810, two other sons, and four daughters. Sir Edmund succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 3rd of October, 1820.

Lineage.

EDMUND LACON, esq., son of John Lacon, esq., by Ellen, daughter of Robert Ward, esq., of Great Yarmouth, was created a baronet on the 11th of December, 1818. He *m.* first, Eleanor, youngest daughter and co-heiress of the Rev. Doctor Knowles, prebendary of Ely, by whom he had issue Edmund, the present baronet; another son, and two daughters. Sir Edmund *m.* secondly, Sarah, daughter of John Morstock, esq., of Cambridge, by whom he had two sons and four daughters. He *d.* in 1820.

LAFOREY, SIR FRANCIS, baronet, of Whitby, in the county of Devon, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 14th of June, 1796. Sir Francis is rear-admiral of the red, and a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath.

Lineage.

JOHN LAFOREY, esq., second son of Colonel John Laforey, by Mary, only daughter and heiress of John Clayton, esq., of Clayton Hall, in the county of York, having attained the rank of post-captain in the navy, was nominated, in 1772, commissioner for his majesty's naval affairs in the Leeward Islands, and from thence removed, in 1784, to Plymouth, where he was appointed resident commissioner. Captain Laforey was created a baronet on the 3rd of November, 1789, and obtained the rank of admiral of the blue in 1795. He *m.* Eleanor, only surviving daughter of Colonel Francis Farley, of the royal artillery, by whom he had issue Francis, the present baronet, and two daughters. Sir John *d.* on the 14th of June, 1796.

Motto, in English,
Loyal to death.

Town Residence—62, George-street, Portman-square.

Country Seat—Whitby, Devonshire.

LAKE, VISCOUNT, (Francis-Gerard Lake,) and Baron Lake, of Delhi, and Laswary, and of Aston Clinton, in the county of Buckingham; *b.* 31st March, 1772; *m.* in 1800, Priscilla, relict of Sir Bellingham Graham, bart., daughter of Sir Charles Whitworth, knt., and sister of the late Earl Whitworth, by whom he has no issue. His lordship, who is a major-general in the army, and a lord of the king's bedchamber, succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in February, 1808.

Lineage.

GERARD LAKE, esq., eldest son of Launcelot-Charles Lake, esq., by Letitia, daughter and co-heiress of John Gumley, esq., of Isleworth, in the county of Middlesex, having adopted the profession of a soldier, attained the rank of a general officer in the army, with the colonelcy of the 60th regiment of foot, and was elevated to the peerage on the 13th of September, 1804, as Baron Lake, of Delhi, Laswary, and of Aston-Clinton, in the county of Bucks, in consideration of the high military talents and personal valour which he evinced in the command of the army during the Mahratta war, receiving, at the same time, the thanks of both houses of parliament. His lordship was advanced to a viscounty, by similar titles, on the 4th of November, 1807. He *m.* in 1770, Elizabeth, only daughter of Edward Barker, esq., of St. Julian's, in the county of Herts, by whom he had issue Francis Gerard, the present peer; two other sons, and five daughters. The viscount *d.* on the 20th of February, 1808.

Town Residence—35, South-street, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Aston-Clinton, Tring, Bucks.

LAKE, SIR JAMES-SAMUEL, baronet, of Edmonton, in the county of Middlesex, *m.* Maria, daughter of Samuel Turner, esq., by

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whom he has issue James-Samuel, three other sons, and four daughters. Sir James succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 24th of April, 1807.

Lineage.

Bibye Lake, esq., sub-governor of the African company, was created a baronet on the 17th of October, 1711. He *m.* Mary, daughter and heiress of William Atwell, esq., by whom he had issue three sons, and a daughter. He *d.* in 1744, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Atwell, who *m.* Mary, only daughter of James Winter, esq., of Mile End, by whom he had seven children. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir James-Winter. This gentleman *m.* Joyce, daughter of John Crowther, esq., of Bow, by whom he had James-Samuel, the present baronet; and ten other children. He *d.* in 1807.

Motto, in English,

One God, one king, one heart.

Country Seat—Edmonton, Middlesex.

LAMB, SIR CHARLES-MONTOLIEU, baronet, of Burville, in the county of Berks; *b.* 8th July, 1785; *m.* 30th January, 1815, Mary, Lady Dowager Montgomery, daughter and co-heiress of Archibald, Earl of Eglinton, by whom he has a son, *b.* 7th October, 1816. Sir Charles succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 13th of October, 1824, and was appointed knight marshal of the king's household on the 30th of January, 1825.

Lineage.

James-Bland Burgess, esq., barrister-at-law, only son of George Burgess, esq., (great-grandson of Lieutenant-colonel Roger Burgess, a distinguished officer upon the royal side during the civil wars,) by Anne, only daughter of James, tenth Lord Somerville, was created a baronet on the 31st of October, 1795, upon resigning the office of under secretary of state for foreign affairs, which he held from August, 1789. He *m.* thrice: first, in 1777, Elizabeth Noel, second daughter of Edward, Viscount Wentworth, who *d.* without issue; secondly, in 1780, Anne, third daughter of Lieutenant-colonel Montolieu, Baron of St. Hypolite, by whom he had Charles-Montolieu, the present baronet, and ten other children; and thirdly, in 1812, Lady Margaret Fordyce, relict of Alexander Fordyce, esq., and daughter of James, fifth Earl of Balcarras, who *d.* without issue. Sir James assumed, by royal permission, in 1821, the surname of Lamb only, and the arms of Lamb quarterly with those of Burgess. He obtained, in 1795, the office of marshal of his majesty's household, which he held until his demise, on the 13th of October, 1824.

Motto, in English,

Patience makes every thing light.

Country Seat—Burville, Berks.

LAMBERT, SIR HENRY-JOHN, bart., of Mount Ida, in the county of Norfolk, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1802; *m.* in 1821, Anna-Maria, youngest daughter of the late Honorable Edward Foley, and grand-daughter of Thomas, first Lord Foley, by whom he has two sons, the eldest *b.* on the 7th of June, 1822; and the other on the 29th of January, 1824.

Lineage.

John Lambert, esq., an opulent London merchant, was created a baronet on the 16th February, 1710-11, as a reward for his exertions to uphold the public credit in that year, by supplying the treasury with large sums of money. He *m.* Madelaine, daughter of Benjamin Beuzelin, a merchant of Rouen, by whom he had four sons and three daughters. Sir John *d.* on the 4th of February, 1722-3, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John. This gentleman *d.* in 1799, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

Sir Henry, who *m.* Miss Whyte, and had issue Henry-John, the present baronet; and three other sons. Sir Henry *d.* in 1802.

Motto, in English,

By pursuing we become united.

Country Seat—Mount Ida, Norfolk.

LANDAFF, EARL OF, (Francis-James Mathew,) Viscount, and Baron Landaff, of Thomastown, in the county of Tipperary; *b.* 20th of January, 1768; *m.* in July, 1797, Gertrude, second daughter of John Latouche, esq., of Harristown, in the county of Kildare, by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 30th of July, 1806.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This noble family deduces its descent from David Matthew, great standard bearer to King Edward the Fourth. It was ennobled in the person of

Francis Mathew, esq., only son of Thomas Mathew, esq., of Thomastown, (descended from Edward Mathew, esq., of Raden, Glamorganshire, to whose family the town of Landaff belonged,) who represented the county of Tipperary for several years in parliament, and was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 12th of October, 1783, as Baron Landaff; advanced to a viscounty on the 20th of December, 1793; and created Earl of Landaff in November, 1797. His lordship *m.* in 1764, Ellis, second daughter of James Smyth, esq., and grand-daughter of the Right Rev. Edward Smyth, Lord Bishop of Down and Connor, and his wife, Mary, daughter of Clotworthy, second Viscount Massareene, by whom he had issue Francis-James, the present peer; Montague, a lieutenant-general in the army, who *d.* in 1819; George, heir presumptive to the family honors; and a daughter. Her ladyship dying, in 1781, the earl *m.* a second time, in 1784, Catharine, youngest daughter of Clot-

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worthy, first Earl of Massareene, who *d.* in 1796, without issue. His lordship *d.* on the 30th of July, 1806.

Motto, in English,
What God willeth, will be.

Country Seat—Thomastown, in the county of Tipperary.

LANESBOROUGH, EARL OF, (Brinsley Butler,) Viscount Lanesborough, and Baron of Newtown-Butler, in the county of Fermanagh; *b.* 21st of October, 1788; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 17th of April, 1806.

Lord Lanesborough being a peer of Ireland only, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and he is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

THEOPHILUS BUTLER, esq., son of Francis Butler, esq., and grandson of Sir Stephen Butler, knt., of Belturbet, in the county of Cavan, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 21st of October, 1715, as Baron Newtown-Butler, with remainder, in default of issue male, to the male descendants of his father. His lordship dying without issue, in 1723, the title accordingly devolved upon his brother,

BRINSLEY BUTLER, who was created Viscount Lanesborough, on the 12th of August, 1728. His lordship *m.* Catharine, daughter and co-heiress of Neville Pooley, esq., of the city of Dublin, by whom he had no less than twenty-three children; five only, however, survived infancy, namely, four sons and a daughter. The viscount *d.* on the 6th of March, 1735, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HUMPHRY, who *m.* in 1726, Mary, daughter and heiress of Richard Berry, esq., of Wardenstown, in the county of Westmeath, by whom he had an only son. His lordship was created Earl of Lanesborough on the 20th of July, 1756, and was succeeded by his only child,

BRINSLEY. This nobleman *m.* in 1754, Jane, only daughter of Robert, (Rochfort,) Earl of Belvedere, by whom he had issue Robert-Herbert, his successor; Augustus-Richard, who assumed the name of Danvers, upon his marriage, in 1792, with the only daughter and heiress of Sir John Danvers, bart.; and six daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 24th of January, 1779, (the countess *m.* subsequently, John King, esq.) and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ROBERT-HERBERT, who *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Right Honorable David Latouche, by whom he had two sons, Brinsley, the present peer; and David, deceased. His lordship *d.* in 1806.

Motto, in English,
Liberty entire.

Country Seat—Hill-House, Gloucestershire.

LANGFORD, BARON, (Hercules-Langford Rowley,) of Somerhill, in the county of Meath; *b.* in 1795; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1825.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

For the genealogy of his lordship's paternal family, see that of the Marquess of Headfort, the baron's uncle.

THE HONORABLE CLOTWORTHY TAYLOUR, fourth son of Thomas, first Earl of Bective, and brother of the present Marquess of Headfort, having *m.* his cousin Frances, daughter of the Honorable Clotworthy Rowley, and heiress of Hercules, Viscount Langford, (at whose demise that peerage was extinguished,) assumed the name and arms of Rowley, and was created, in 1800, Baron Langford, of Somerhill. The issue of his lordship's marriage were, Hercules Langford, the present peer; and two daughters. He *d.* in 1825.

Motto,
Bear and forbear.

Town Residence—47, Berkeley-square.

Country Seat—Cooper's-Hill, Englefield-Green, Surrey.

LANGHAM, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Cottesbrooke, in the county of Northampton; *b.* 21st of August, 1776; *m.* in 1801, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the late Francis Burdett, esq., and sister of Sir Francis Burdett, baronet, of Foremark, in the county of Derby, by whom he has issue James-Hay; and six other children. Sir James succeeded to the title upon the demise of his nephew, on the 12th of May, 1812.

Lineage.

SIR JOHN LANGHAM, knight, sheriff of London, in 1642, was created a baronet, as a recompense for his sufferings in the royal cause, (having been twice committed to the Tower, when an alderman, for refusing to publish an act for the abolition of royalty,) on the 7th of June, 1670. He *d.* in 1671, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JAMES, who *d.* without male issue, in 1699, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* thrice: but had issue by his third marriage only, with Martha, daughter of Herbert Hay, esq., namely, his successor,

SIR JOHN, who *d.* in 1747, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JAMES. This gentleman dying in 1749, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR JOHN, who transmitted his memory to posterity, by placing £6000, in new south-sea annuities, in the hands of the corporation of London, for the purpose of founding a society for the relief of distressed soldiers and sailors, and their families. Sir John *d.* without issue, in 1766, when the title devolved upon the son of his deceased brother, William, his nephew,

SIR JAMES. This gentleman *m.* in 1767, Juliana, sister and sole heiress of Thomas Musgrave, esq.,

of Old Cleeve, in the county of Somerset, by whom he had issue William, his successor; James, the present baronet; an elder son, who died in boyhood; and two daughters. Sir James *d.* in 1795, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* twice: first, in 1795, Henrietta, only daughter and heiress of the Honorable Charles Vane, of Mount Ida, in the county of Norfolk, and niece of the first Earl of Darlington, by whom he had (to survive) a son and daughter; and secondly, in 1810, Augusta-Priscilla, only daughter of the Honorable William-Henry Irby, and niece of Lord Boston, by whom he had no child. Sir William *d.* on the 8th of March, 1812, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SIR WILLIAM-HENRY. This gentleman dying unmarried, in two months after his father, (12th of May, 1812,) the title reverted to his uncle, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
Nor doth he allow them to be fierce.

Town Residence—Langham-House, Langham-place, Portland-place.

Country Seats—Cottesbrook, Northampton; and Southend, Essex.

LANSDOWNE, MARQUESS OF, (Henry-Fitzmaurice Petty,) Earl of Wycombe, Viscount Calne and Calstone, and Baron Wycombe, of Chipping Wycombe, in the county of Bucks, in the peerage of Great Britain; Earl of Kerry, and Earl Shelburne, Viscount Clanmaurice and Fitzmaurice, Baron of Kerry, Lixnaw, and Dunkerron, in the peerage of Ireland; F.R.S.; *b.* 2nd of July, 1780; *m.* in 1808, Louisa-Emma, fifth daughter of Henry-Thomas, second Earl of Ilchester, by whom he has issue the Earl of Wycombe, *b.* 12th May, 1810; and another son and daughter. His lordship succeeded to the English honors, and the Irish earldom of Shelburne, with the viscounty of Fitzmaurice, and the barony of Dunkerron, upon the demise of his half-brother, on the 14th of November, 1809; and to the earldom of Kerry, &c. at the decease of his cousin, Francis-Thomas, third Earl of Kerry, on the 4th of July, 1818.

Lineage.

The Earls of Kerry trace their origin to a common ancestor with the Dukes of Leinster, and the Barons of Carew; namely, Walter Fitz Otho, Castellan of Windsor, in the eleventh century; from a younger son of whom descended

THOMAS, who assumed the surname of Fitzmaurice, Baron of Kerry and Lixnaw, in 1181. His lordship's successor, in more than five centuries afterwards,

THOMAS, twenty-first baron, was created (17th January, 1722,) Viscount Clanmaurice, and Earl of Kerry. His lordship *m.* in 1692, Anne, only daughter of Sir William Petty, physician-general to the army in Ireland, in 1652, (so celebrated for his extraordinary talents, and surprising fortune. In December, 1664, Sir William undertook the survey of Ireland; and, in March, 1666, he had completed the measurement of two millions and eight thousand acres of forfeited land, for which, by contract, he was to receive one penny per acre, and did actually acquire an estate of 6000*l.* a year,) by whom he had issue five sons and three daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1741, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, in the earldom of Kerry, &c., while his youngest son,

THE HONORABLE JOHN FITZMAURICE, having inherited the estates of his maternal uncle, Henry Petty, Earl of Shelburne, (who *d.* in April, 1741, when that peerage became extinct,) assumed the name of Petty, and was created, on the 7th of October, 1753, Baron Dunkerron, and Viscount Fitzmaurice; and, on the 5th of June, 1753, Earl of Shelburne. His lordship *m.* in 1743, his cousin, Mary, daughter of the Honorable William Fitzmaurice, by whom he had issue two sons, namely, William, his successor; and Thomas, who *m.* Mary, Countess of Orkney, a peeress in her own right. The Earl of Shelburne was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, on the 17th of May, 1760, as Baron Wycombe, of Chipping Wycombe. His lordship's brother, the Earl Kerry, *d.* in 1747, and was succeeded by his eldest son, Francis-Thomas, who became third earl, and twenty-third baron of Kerry. Lord Shelburne *d.* on the 10th of May, 1761, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, a general officer in the army, and a distinguished statesman, in the last reign, (George III.) In 1782, his lordship was prime minister, and on the 6th of December, 1784, he was advanced to the dignities of Marquess of Lansdowne, in the county of Somerset; Earl of Wycombe, in the county of Bucks; and Viscount Calne and Calstone. The marquess *m.* twice: first, in 1765, Sophia, daughter of John, Earl Granville, by whom he had two sons; and secondly, in 1779, Louisa, daughter of John, (Fitzpatrick,) Earl of Upper Ossory, by whom he had a son, Henry, the present marquess; and a daughter. His lordship *d.* in 1805, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN-HENRY, who *m.* in 1805, Lady Gifford, relict of Sir Duke Gifford, of Castle Jordan, in Ireland; but dying without issue, in 1809, the family honors devolved upon his half-brother, Lord Henry Petty, who also succeeded to the honors of the house of Kerry, upon the demise of his cousin,

FRANCIS-THOMAS, third earl and twenty-third baron of Kerry, without issue, on the 4th of July, 1818.

Motto, in English,
By courage, not words.

Town Residence— Lansdowne-House, Berkeley-square.

Country Seat—Bowood Park, Wilts.

LAROCHE, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Bristol, in the county of Somerset; *b.* in 1734; *m.* in 1764, Elizabeth-Rachael, daughter and heiress of William Yeamans, esq., and relict of ——

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Archibald, esq., by whom he has no issue. This gentleman, who is the youngest son of the late John Laroche, esq., M.P. for Bodmin, was created a baronet on the 14th of August, 1776.

Country Seat—Alsfeld, Devonshire.

LAUDERDALE, EARL OF, (James Maitland,) Viscount Maitland, and Baron of Thirlestane, in the peerage of Scotland; Baron Lauderdale, of Thirlestane, in the county of Berwick, in that of the United Kingdom; a baronet of Nova Scotia; and a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Thistle; *b.* in 1759; *m.* in 1782, Eleanor, only daughter of Anthony Todd, esq., by whom he has issue James, Viscount Maitland, *b.* 12th July, 1784; Anthony, a naval officer of rank; two other sons, and five daughters. His lordship succeeded to the Scottish honors upon the demise of his father, on the 17th of August, 1789; and obtained the English barony by creation, on the 22nd of February, 1806.

Lineage.

This very ancient and distinguished family of North Britain has been settled at Thirlestane, in Berwickshire, for nearly six centuries. It was ennobled in the person of

SIR JOHN MAITLAND, knight, created Baron of Thirlestane, on the 18th of May, 1590. His lordship *d.* in five years afterwards, and was succeeded by his only son,

JOHN, who was created on the 2nd of April, 1616, Viscount Lauderdale; and on the 14th of March, 1624, Viscount Maitland and Earl of Lauderdale. His lordship *m.* Isabella, daughter of Alexander, Earl of Dumfermline, by whom he had issue two sons and a daughter. The Earl *d.* in 1645, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN. This nobleman having distinguished himself, by his zealous and active exertions in the royal cause, during the civil wars, was, after the Restoration, installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter; appointed high commissioner of Scotland; and created (on the 2nd of May, 1672,) Marquess of March, and Duke of Lauderdale, in Scotland; and enrolled amongst the peers of England, (on the 25th of June, 1674,) as Baron Petersham, and Earl of Guildford, in the county of Surrey. His grace dying, however, without male issue, in 1682, those honors were extinguished; but his hereditary titles devolved upon his brother,

CHARLES, third Earl of Lauderdale. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Richard Lauder, esq., of Hutton, by whom he had issue Richard, John, and Charles, successive earls, besides three other sons, and two daughters. The Earl *d.* in 1691, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

RICHARD, at whose demise, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN, who was succeeded by his only surviving brother,

CHARLES. This nobleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of James, Earl of Findlater and Seafield, Lord Chancellor of Scotland, by whom he had thirteen children. The earl *d.* in 1744, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES, who *m.* in 1749, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Lomb, baronet, by whom he had issue Valdave, who *d.* in infancy; James, the present earl; four other sons, and six daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 17th of August, 1789.

Motto, in English,

By wisdom and courage.

Town Residence—Warren's Hotel, Regent-street, Pall-mall.

Country Seat—Lauder-Castle, in the county of Berwick.

LAWLEY, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Spoonhill, in the county of Salop; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in March, 1793; *m.* in the same year, Maria, daughter of the late Joseph Denison, esq., by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

THOMAS LAWLEY, esq., a lineal descendant of Thomas Lawley, esq., who succeeded to the estates of John, Lord Wenlock, in the reign of King Edward the Fourth, was created a baronet on the 16th of August, 1641. He *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heiress of John Manning, esq., of Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he had two sons and a daughter; by the eldest of whom,

SIR FRANCIS, he was succeeded. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Thomas Whitmore, baronet, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1696, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* thrice, and left a numerous family. He *d.* in 1729, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Robert Blackwell, baronet, by whom he had two daughters, and an only son, his successor,

SIR ROBERT, who *m.* Jane, only daughter of Beilby Thompson, esq., of Creech, in the county of York, by whom he had issue three sons and four daughters, namely, Robert, the present baronet; Francis; Paul-Beilby, who obtained the royal permission to assume the surname of Thompson only; Sarah-Belina-Jane, present Lady Middleton; Mildred, Rebecca, and Cordelia. Sir Robert *d.* in 1793.

Country Seat—Spoonhill, Shropshire.

LECHMERE, SIR ANTHONY, baronet, of the Rhyd, in the county of Worcester; *b.* in 1766; *m.* in 1787, Mary, daughter and heiress of Joseph Berwick, esq., of Hallow-Park, by whom he has issue Edmund Hungerford, *b.* 25th of May, 1792; another son, and six daughters. This gentleman, who is son of the late Edmund Lechmere, esq., of Hanley Castle, representative in parliament for Worcestershire,

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by Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. John Whitmore, of Fenny Compton, in the county of Warwick,) great-grandson of Sir Nicholas Lechmere, one of the barons of the exchequer, and grand-nephew of the Right Honorable Nicholas, first and last Lord Lechmere, was created a baronet on the 10th of December, 1818.

Country Seat — The Rhyd, near Upton-on-Severn.

LE DESPENCER, BARON, (Thomas Stapleton,) and a baronet; *b.* 10th of November, 1766; succeeded to the baronetcy upon the demise of his father, in 1781, and to the barony, upon the termination of the abeyance, at the decease of Lady Austen, in 1788, as descendant of John Fane, the sixteenth baron; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel Elliot, esq., of Antigua, by whom he has issue Thomas, *b.* 24th of April, 1792, (who *m.* in 1816, Maria-Wynne, second daughter of Henry Bankes, esq., of Kingston-House, in the county of Dorset;) three other sons, and five daughters. His lordship's eldest daughter, Maria-Frances-Catharine, is the present Countess of Roden; and the third, Emily, is the wife of the Honorable Colonel Pakenham, brother of the Earl of Longford.

Lineage.

This is one of the old baronies created by summons, and which, being inheritable through the female, as well as the male line, pass, at different periods, into different families.

Hugh De Spencer (son of Thomas de Spencer, who was the sixth in descent from Robert, despencer, or steward, to William the Conqueror,) was summoned to parliament, on the 14th of December, 1264, (this nobleman filled the high office of justiciar of England,) and was succeeded by his son,

Hugh, created Earl of Winchester. This nobleman was beheaded on the 9th of October, 1326, when his honors were forfeited. His lordship's son and heir, however,

Hugh, having *m.* Eleanor, daughter and coheiress of Gilbert, Earl of Gloucester, and niece of Edward the Second, was summoned to parliament, from 1314 to 1325; but being beheaded and declared a traitor in the following year, his honors became also forfeited. His son and heir,

Hugh, was, however, summoned to parliament, from 1338 to 1349, when he *d.* without issue, and his nephew and heir,

Edward De Spencer, being summoned, from 1357 to 1372, was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. His lordship *d.* in 1375, and was succeeded by his son,

Thomas, who was summoned, in 1396, and created Earl of Gloucester in 1397; but being beheaded and declared a traitor, in 1400, his honors were forfeited. This nobleman left a son and heir, who died during minority, when his lordship's sister,

Isabel De Spencer, became his heiress, and *m.* Richard Beauchamp, Earl of Worcester, and Baron Abergavenny, by whom she had an only daughter, who *m.* Edward Neville, fourth son of Ralph, Earl of Westmoreland, (an earldom forfeited in 1570,) and the attainder of her grandfather, Thomas, seventh Baron De Spencer, being reversed, carried the baronies of Bergavenny, Burghersh, and De Spencer, into the family of her husband, where they remained until 1587, when,

Henry, the fourth baron Abergavenny, *d.* without male issue. His lordship's only daughter,

The Honorable Mary Nevill, *m.* in 1574, Sir Thomas Fane, knight, by whom she had issue four sons and two daughters. Lady Fane, after the demise of Sir Thomas, on the 25th of May, 1604, was restored, by letters patent, to the dignity of Baroness Le De Spencer, in remainder to the heirs of her body, with the ancient seat, place, and precedency, of her ancestors. Her ladyship *d.* on the 28th of June, 1626, and was succeeded by her eldest son,

Francis, who was created Earl of Westmoreland, on the 29th of December, 1624, and the barony of De Spencer merged in the earldom, until the demise of

Vere, the seventh Earl, in 1762, (who succeeded his two brothers,) without issue, when it fell into abeyance, between the heirs of his lordship's sisters, Mary, wife of Sir Francis Dashwood, baronet, and Catharine, lady of William Paul, esq.; but the crown terminated the abeyance, in 1763, in favour of

Sir Francis Dashwood, baronet, son and heir of the above-named Sir Francis. This nobleman dying, however, in 1781, without issue, the barony again fell into abeyance, between his sister, Rachel, relict of Sir Robert Austen, baronet, and the heir of his aunt, Lady Catharine Paul; namely, the descendant of

Catharine Paul, only daughter of Lady Catharine, who *m.* William Stapleton, esq., (created a baronet on the 28th of June, 1787,) and left issue, with a daughter, an only son,

Sir Thomas Stapleton. This gentleman *m.* in 1765, Mary, daughter of Henry Fane, esq., of Wormsley, in the county of Oxford, by whom he had issue Thomas, the present baron, (who, upon Lady Austen's demise, in 1788, without issue, obtained a termination of the abeyance of the barony of Le De Spencer in his favor;) with two other sons, and three daughters. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1781.

Motto, in English,
For the great charter.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Gray's-Court, Oxfordshire; and Mereworth Castle, Kent.

LEE, THE REVEREND SIR GEORGE, of Hartwell, in the county of Buckingham; *b.* in 1767; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, on the 7th of February, 1801.

Lineage.

Thomas Lee, esq., grandson Sir Thomas

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Lee, knt., and his wife, Eleanor, daughter and heiress of Michael Hampden, esq., of Hartwell, was created a baronet, on the 16th of August, 1660. He *m.* Anne, daughter and heiress of Sir John Davis, of Pangbourne, knt., and had issue three sons and six daughters. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1690, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Thomas, who *m.* Alice, daughter and heiress of Thomas Hopkins, esq., by whom he had four sons and a daughter. The second, William, being bred to the bar, obtained the honor of knighthood, and became one of the judges of the court of common pleas, in 1737, and, in 1750, a privy councillor, and lord chief-justice of England; the youngest son, George, a civilian, was also knighted, sworn of the privy council, and appointed dean and chief-judge of the court of arches. Sir Thomas was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Thomas. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Thomas Sandys, esq., by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He *d.* in 1749, and was succeeded by his eldest and only surviving son,

Sir William, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Simon, Earl of Harcourt, by whom he had two sons, William and George, and a daughter. He *d.* in 1799, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William. This gentleman, who was an officer of rank in the army, *d.* while fulfilling his military duties in the East Indies, on the 7th of February, 1801, and not being married, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

The truth, and the decorous.

Country Seat—Hartwell, Buckinghamshire.

LEEDS, DUKE OF, (George-William-Frederick Osborne,) Marquess of Carmarthen, Earl of Danby, Viscount Latimer, of Danby, Baron Osborne, of Kiveton, in the county of York, and Baron Conyers, in the peerage of England; Viscount Dumblain, of the county of Perth, in that of Scotland; and a baronet of England; *b.* 21st July, 1775; succeeded to the barony of Conyers upon the decease of his mother, a baroness in her own right, in 1784; *m.* in 1797, Charlotte, daughter of George, Marquess of Townsend, by whom he has issue Francis-Godolphin-D'Arcy, Marquess of Carmarthen, *b.* 21st May, 1798; another son, and a daughter. His grace succeeded to his family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 31st of January, 1799. He is lord-lieutenant of the North Riding of the county of York, governor of the Scilly Isles, constable of Middleham Castle, and ranger of Richmond Forest, Yorkshire.

Lineage.

This noble family, like many others in the peerage and baronetage, traces its origin to the city of London, where it first became of importance through

Sir Edward Osborne, knt., who filled the office of lord mayor in the year 1558. The grandson of this gentleman,

Sir Edward Osborne, who was settled at Kiveton, in Yorkshire, was created a baronet, on the 13th of July, 1620. He *m.* twice, but left issue only by his second wife, Anne, daughter and heiress of Thomas Walmesley, esq., and great-grand-daughter of John (Neville), Lord Latimer, an only son, his successor,

Sir Thomas, who became lord high treasurer of England, and was elevated to the peerage, on the 15th of August, 1673, as Baron Osborne, of Kiveton, and Viscount Latimer, of Danby; advanced to an earldom, on the 27th of June, 1674, as Earl of Danby; created Marquess of Carmarthen, on the 20th of April, 1689; and Duke of Leeds, on the 4th of May, 1694. His grace was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and enrolled amongst the peers of Scotland (1675), by the title of Viscount Dumblain. The duke *m.* Bridget, daughter of Montague Bertie, Earl of Lindsey, and was succeeded at his demise, in 1712, by his only surviving son,

Peregrine, who had been summoned to the house of peers, in the lifetime of his father, as Baron Osborne, of Kiveton. His grace *m.* Bridget, only daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Hyde, bart., by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He *d.* in 1729, and was succeeded by his second and only surviving son,

Peregrine-Hyde. This nobleman attained the rank of admiral in the royal navy. His grace *m.* thrice: first, Elizabeth, daughter of Robert, Earl of Oxford, by whom he had an only son, Thomas, his successor; secondly, Anne, daughter of Charles, Duke of Somerset, by whom he had a son, who *d.* in infancy; and, thirdly, Juliana, daughter and co-heiress of Roger Hele, esq., by whom he had no child. He *d.* in 1731, and was succeeded by his only son,

Thomas, who *m.* in 1740, Mary, second daughter and co-heiress of Francis, Earl of Godolphin, and dying in 1789, was succeeded by his only surviving son,

Francis-Godolphin, who had been summoned to parliament in the lifetime of his father, as Baron Osborne. His grace *m.* in 1773, Amelia, only daughter and heiress of Robert, Earl of Holderness, and Baroness Conyers, at the demise of her father, (the barony of Conyers was conferred, by writ, (the 17th of October, 1509,) on William Conyers, son and heir of Sir John Conyers, by Margery, second daughter and co-heiress of Philip, Lord Darcy,) by which marriage he had issue George-William-Frederick, present duke; another son, and a daughter. The Duke of Leeds being divorced from his duchess, by act of parliament, in May, 1779, (her grace married, subsequently, John Byron, esq., father of the late lamented Lord Byron, by his second wife,) *m.* secondly, in 1788, Catharine, daughter of Thomas Anguish, esq., by whom he had a son and daughter. His grace *d.* in 1799.

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Motto, in English,
Peace in war.
Town Residence—16, Bruton-street.
Country Seat—Hornby Castle, Yorkshire.

LEEDS, SIR GEORGE-WILLIAM, baronet, of Croxton Park, in the county of Cambridge; *m.* first, in 1797, Maria, daughter of the Reverend William Sanderson, of Morpeth, by whom he has issue Joseph-Edward, *b.* 31st October, 1798; three other sons, and five daughters; and, secondly, in 1819, Eleanor, second daughter of Owsley Rowley, esq., by whom he has no child. This gentleman, who is directly descended from Doctor Leeds, master of Clare Hall, in the University of Cambridge, who purchased the manor of Croxton about the middle of the sixteenth century, was created a baronet, on the 31st of December, 1812.

Motto, in English,
Watch.
Country Seat—Croxton Park, Cambridgeshire.

LEES, THE REV. SIR HARCOURT, baronet, of Black Rock, in the county of Dublin; *b.* 29th November, 1776; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1811; *m.* by whom he has issue two sons, the eldest *b.* 30th December, 1816, and the youngest in November, 1819.

Lineage.

JOHN LEES, esq., who held an important official employment in the post-office department of Ireland, was created a baronet, on the 30th of June, 1804. He *m.* in 1766, Mary, eldest daughter of Robert Catheart, esq., of Glandusk, North Britain, by whom he had issue Harcourt, the present baronet; five other sons, and a daughter. Sir John *d.* in September, 1811.

Motto, in English,
I have finished it.
Country Seat—Black Rock, near Dublin.

LEGARD, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Ganton, in the county of York; *m.* in 1802, Miss Sarah Bishop, (who *d.* in 1814,) by whom he has issue; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1808. Sir Thomas is a lieutenant in the royal navy.

Lineage.

JOHN LEGARD, esq., descended from an ancient Norman family, was created a baronet, on the 29th of December, 1660; and dying in 1678, was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who was succeeded, in 1715, by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman dying unmarried, in 1719, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Frances, daughter of John Digby, esq., by whom he had four children. He *d.* in 1735, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR DIGBY. This gentleman *m.* in 1755, Jane, third daughter of George Cartwright, esq., by whom he had six sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1773, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* Jane, daughter of Henry Aston, esq., of Aston, in the county of Chester; but having no issue, the title, at his demise, in 1808, devolved upon his next brother, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
By the cross, to heaven.
Country Seat—Ganton, near Scarborough.

LEIGH, SIR JOHN-EGERTON, baronet, of South Carolina; *b.* 16th of November, 1796; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, on the 27th of April, 1818.

Lineage.

EGERTON LEIGH, esq., son of Peter Leigh, esq., barrister-at-law, and high bailiff of the city of Westminster, and grandson of the Rev. Peter Leigh, of High Leigh, in the county of Chester, being appointed his majesty's attorney-general, surveyor-general, and member of council in South Carolina, was created a baronet, on the 19th of September, 1772. He *m.* in 1756, Martha, daughter of John Laurens, esq., also of South Carolina, by whom he had issue five sons and five daughters, and was succeeded, at his demise, by his third and eldest surviving son,

SIR EGERTON, who *m.* Theodosia, relict of the unfortunate Captain John Donnellan, daughter of Sir Edward, and sister of Sir Theodosius-Edward Boughton, bart. (for the murder of which Sir Theodosius, by poison, Captain Donnellan was executed at Warwick, on the 1st of April, 1781,) by whom he had issue a son, who died before himself, unmarried, and three daughters. Sir Egerton *d.* in 1818, and leaving no male issue, the title reverted to his nephew, Samuel-Egerton, the present baronet, who is the only son of his brother, Sir Egerton Leigh, knt. by Miss Creig, daughter of —— Creig, esq.

Country Seat—Brownsover House, near Rugby, in the county of Warwick.

LEIGH, SIR ROBERT-HOLT, baronet, of Whitley, in the county of Lancaster; *b.* in 1763. This gentleman, who is eldest son of Holt Leigh, esq., (a direct descendant from the ancient family of Leigh, of Adlington, in the county of Chester,) by Mary, youngest daughter and co-heiress, with her sister, of Thomas Owen, esq., of Up Holland Abbey, was created a baronet, on the 22nd of May, 1815, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his two brothers, Alexander and Robert-Holt, successively, and their male descendants.

Country Seat—Whitley, Lancashire.

LEIGHTON, SIR BALDWIN, baronet, of Whittlesborough, in the county of Salop; *m.* twice: first, Anne, daughter of the Reverend William Pigott, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, Anne, second daughter of Sir John-Thomas Stanley, baronet, by whom he has an only son, Baldwin. Sir Baldwin, who is a general officer in the army, and governor of Carrick-

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fergus, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his cousin, on the 20th of April, 1817.

Lineage.

This very ancient family claims a settlement in England long antecedent to the Norman Conquest. It obtained a baronetcy, on the 2nd of March, 1692, in the person of

EDWARD LEIGHTON, esq., of Wattlesborough, who, *m.* first, Dorothy, daughter of Sir Job Charlton, knight and baronet, of Ludford, in the county of Hereford, by whom he had three sons and four daughters; and, secondly, Jane, daughter of Nathaniel Thorold, esq. of the city of Lincoln, by whom he had several children. He *d.* in 1711, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

SIR EDWARD, who *d.* in 1756, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR CHARLTON. This gentleman *m.* first, Anna-Maria, daughter of Richard Mytton, esq., by whom he had his successor, Charlton, with three daughters; and, secondly, Emma, eldest daughter of Sir Robert Maude, bart., by whom he had Robert, who succeeded, in turn, to the baronetcy, and five other children. Sir Charlton *d.* in 1780, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR CHARLTON. This gentleman dying unmarried, in 1784, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR ROBERT, who *d.* without issue, in 1817, when it reverted to Baldwin, the present baronet, who is grandson of Sir Edward, the second baronet, through his second son, Baldwin Leighton, esq., by Anne, daughter of Captain Smith.

Motto,

Dread shame.

Country Seat—Loton Hall, Shropshire.

LEINSTER, DUKE OF, (Augustus-Frederick Fitzgerald,) Marquess of Kildare, and Earl of Kildare, in the county of Kildare, Earl and Baron of Offaley, in the King's County, in the peerage of Ireland; and Viscount Leinster, of Taplow, in the county of Buckingham, in that of Great Britain; *b.* 21st of August, 1791; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 20th of October, 1805; *m.* in 1818, Charlotte-Augusta, youngest daughter of Charles, present Earl of Harrington, by whom he has issue Charles-William, Marquess of Kildare, *b.* 30th March, 1819; Gerald, *b.* 6th January, 1821; and Jane-Saymour, *b.* 5th February, 1824. His grace is the only duke, and the premier marquess, earl, and baron of Ireland.

Lineage.

This illustrious family is descended from a common ancestor with that of Fitzmaurice, Earls of Kerry, (an earldom now merged in the marquesate of Lansdown,) namely,

MAURICE FITZGERALD, through whose exertions the possession of Ireland was chiefly accomplished by Henry the Second. This Maurice was son of Gerald Fitz Otho, (son of Walter Fitz Otho, castellan of Windsor, in the reign of William the Conqueror,) by Nesta, daughter of Rhese, Prince of South Wales. He obtained for his services a grant of the town of Wexford, and also of the baronies of Offaley and Wicklow, (then called Wykenloce,) and was nominated, in 1172, one of the governors of Ireland. This nobleman (by tenure) *d.* on the 1st of September, 1177, and was succeeded in his landed property by his eldest son,

GERALD, who was created Baron of Offaley, then in the county of Kildare, but now in the King's County, in 1205. From this nobleman lineally descended

JOHN FITZ THOMAS, eighth Lord Offaley, immediate progenitor of his grace the Duke of Leinster. This nobleman being at variance with William Vesey, Lord of Kildare, in 1291, and having various charges to prefer against him, came over to England, and confronted and challenged the said Vesey, Lord of Kildare, before the king. Lord Kildare first took up the glove, but subsequently withdrawing to France, his majesty, Edward the First, pronounced against his lordship, and conferred upon Lord Offaley, Vesey's manors and lordship of Kildare, Rathangan, &c. Lord Offaley returned triumphant to Ireland, and having continued to promote the English interest, was created by Edward the Second, on the 14th of May, 1316, Earl of Kildare. His lordship *d.* in the same year. From this nobleman the family honors descended, without any thing remarkable occurring, to

THOMAS, the 7th earl, who was appointed, in 1545 and 1546, lord deputy of Ireland; in the latter of which years he held a great council or parliament, in Dublin, and, subsequently, one at Naas, wherein, amongst other proceedings, it was resolved, "That as no means could be found to keep the king's coin within the land of Ireland, that all Frenchmen, Spaniards, Britons, Portingales, and other sundry nations, should pay, for every pound of silver they carried out of the land, forty pence of custom to the king's customer, for the use of the king." His lordship was continued in the government of Ireland until 1549, when Richard, Duke of York, was nominated lord lieutenant; but, the following year, Lord Kildare was appointed deputy to the Duke of York. In 1463, he was constituted lord-chancellor of Ireland, by act of parliament, with the salary of forty pounds per annum, and ten shillings per day. This tide of prosperity continued to flow until 1467, when, being involved with the Earl of Desmond, he was attainted along with that nobleman, (who suffered death,) but subsequently pardoned, set at liberty, and restored in blood, by act of parliament. His lordship *d.* on the 25th March, 1477. From this nobleman the family honors passed tranquilly down to

ROBERT, the nineteenth earl, (third son of Robert Fitzgerald, esq., who took a distinguished and active part in favour of King William, during the contest in Ireland between that prince and his father-in-law, James the Second:) this nobleman succeeded his uncle, John, eighteenth earl, and was an eminent

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statesman, in the reigns of Queen Anne, and of King George the First and King George the Second. His lordship *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of William, (O'Brien,) third Earl of Inchiquin, by whom he had four sons and eight daughters, (two of whom only survived him,) and, dying on the 20th of February, 1743, was succeeded by his only son then living,

JAMES, who was created a peer of Great Britain, by the title of Viscount Leinster, of Taplow, on the 21st of February, 1747; on the 3rd of March, 1761, raised to the marquesate of Kildare, in Ireland, and created, on the 26th of November, 1766, Duke of Leinster. His grace *m.* in 1747, Amelia-Mary, daughter of Charles, Duke of Richmond and Lennox, by whom he had issue William-Robert, his successor; and sixteen other children, amongst whom was the unfortunate, though gallant, Lord Edward Fitzgerald, who fell a victim to his political opinions, in Ireland, on the 4th of June, 1798. His grace *d.* in 1773, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM ROBERT, *b.* in 1749; *m.* in 1775, Emilia-Olivia, only daughter and heiress of Usher, Lord St. George, by whom he had issue George, Marquess of Kildare, who *d.* in infancy; Augustus-Frederick, the present duke; three other sons, (two of whom *d.* in infancy,) and nine daughters. His grace, who was a knight of the most illustrious order of St. Patrick, *d.* on the 20th of October, 1805.

Motto, in English,
Crom for ever.

Town Residence—Stable-yard, St, James's.

Country Seat—Carton, near Maynooth, in the county of Kildare, Ireland.

LEITH, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Burgh St. Peter's, in the county of Norfolk, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father; *m.* in 1798, Augusta-Georgiana, daughter of George, late Earl of Granard, by whom he has issue an only son, Gordon. He had an elder son, William, an officer in the army, who, at his demise, left three daughters. Sir George is a major-general in the army, and assistant-adjutant-general in Scotland.

Lineage.

ALEXANDER LEITH, esq., was created a baronet on the 11th of November, 1775. He *m.* twice, but had issue only by his second wife, Miss Cope, daughter of Sir John Cope, K.B., namely, George, the present baronet.

Country Seats—Sanbant, and Burgh St. Peter's, in the county of Norfolk.

LEITRIM, EARL OF, (Nathaniel Clements,) Viscount Leitrim, and Baron Leitrim, of Manor-Hamilton, *b.* 9th of May, 1768; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 27th of July, 1804; *m.* Miss Bermingham, eldest daughter and co-heiress of William Bermingham, esq., of Ross Hill, in the county of Galway, by whom he has issue Robert, Lord Clements; another son, and three daughters. The Earl of Leitrim is governor and custos rotulorum of the counties of Leitrim and Donegal, and colonel of the Donegal militia.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

ROBERT CLEMENTS, esq., eldest son of the Right Honorable Nathaniel Clements, one of the tellers of the exchequer, and deputy vice-treasurer of Ireland, by Hannah, eldest daughter of the Very Reverend William Gore, dean of Down, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 11th October, 1783, as Baron Leitrim, of Manor Hamilton; created Viscount Leitrim, 20th December, 1793, and Earl of Leitrim on the 9th of October, 1795. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Clotworthy, Earl of Massereene, and had issue Nathaniel, the present earl; another son, and three daughters. He *d.* on the 27th of July, 1804.

Motto, in English,
By patriotic virtues.

Town Residence—18, Great Cumberland-place.

Country Seat—Manor Hamilton.

LENNOX, DUKE OF, (Charles Lennox,) in the peerage of Scotland, created in 1675.

See, Duke of Richmond.

LEMON, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Carclew, in the county of Cornwall; *b.* in 1784; *m.* in 1810, Charlotte, youngest daughter of Henry-Thomas, late Earl of Ilchester, by whom he has issue two sons, one *b.* 4th November, 1811, and the other in May, 1813. Sir Charles succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1825.

Lineage.

WILLIAM LEMON, esq., son of William Lemon, esq., by Anne, daughter of John Williams, esq., of Carnanton, in the county of Cornwall, was created a baronet on the 3rd of May, 1774. He *m.* Jane, eldest daughter of James Buller, esq., of Morval, in the county of Cornwall, by whom he had issue Charles, the present baronet; two other sons, who *d.*; and nine daughters. Sir William *d.* in 1825.

Country Seat—Carclew, in the county of Cornwall.

LENNARD-BARRET, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Bell House, in the county of Essex; *m.* Dorothy, daughter of the late Sir John St. Aubyn, bart., by whom he has issue Thomas Barret, (who *m.* Margaret, second daughter of John-Hall Wharton, esq., of Skelton Castle;) six other sons, and four daughters.

This gentleman, who is illegitimate son and testamentary heir of Thomas-Barret Lennard, Lord Dacre, (son and heir of Lady Anne Lennard, Baroness Dacre, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Thomas, Earl of Sussex,) was created a baronet on the 30th of June, 1801.

Motto, in English,
Work produces prosperity.

Country Seat—Bell House, Essex.

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LETHBRIDGE, SIR THOMAS-BUCKLER, baronet, of Sandhill Park, in the county of Somerset; *m.* first, Jacintha-Catharine, daughter of Sir Robert Hesketh, bart., by whom he has issue John-Hesketh, and two daughters. Sir Thomas *m.* secondly, Anne, second daughter of Ambrose Goddard, esq., of the county of Wilts, by whom he has a son and three daughters.

Lineage.

JOHN LETHBRIDGE, esq., only son of John Lethbridge, esq., of Westaway House, and Winckley Court, in the county of Devon, by Miss Grace Cardon, of Westdown House, in the same county, was created a baronet on the 15th of June, 1804. He *m.* in 1776, Dorothea, eldest daughter of William Buckler, esq., of Boreham, in the county of Wilts, by whom he had issue Thomas-Buckler, the present baronet, and two daughters.

Motto, in English,
My hope is in God.

Town Residence—20, Whitehall-place.

Country Seat—Sandhill Park, near Taunton, Somersetshire.

LEVEN AND MELVILLE, EARL OF, (David Leslie,) Viscount Balgonie, and Viscount Kirkaldie, Baron Melville, and Baron Raith, Monimail, and Balvearie; *b.* 8th December, 1786; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 22nd of February, 1820. The earl is a captain in the royal navy.

This being a peerage of Scotland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

GENERAL ALEXANDER LESLIE, the celebrated commander of the Scottish Covenanters, in 1639, was elevated to the peerage of Scotland on the 11th of October, 1641, by the title of Earl of Leven, with remainder to his heirs whatsoever. His lordship *d.* in 1661, and was succeeded by his grandson,

ALEXANDER, (son of Lord Balgonie, who *d.* in the lifetime of his father, and left a daughter besides this son.) His lordship *d.* in 1664, leaving two daughters,

MARGARET and CATHERINE, } successively Countesses of Leven; but both dying unmarried, the title reverted, at the decease of Countess Catherine, to her aunt,

CATHERINE, grand-daughter of the first earl. Her ladyship *m.* George, fourth Baron Melville, who was created, on the 8th of April, 1690, Earl of Melville, and at the decease of his lordship, in 1707, and of his countess, in 1713, their son,

DAVID, succeeded to the earldoms of Leven and Melville, and the minor titles attached. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter of James, Lord Burntestand, by Margaret, Countess of Wemyss, and was succeeded by his grandson,

DAVID, who *d.* in infancy, in 1729, when the family honors reverted to his uncle,

ALEXANDER, who *d.* in 1754, and was succeeded by his son,

DAVID. This nobleman *m.* Wilhelmina, daughter of William Nesbit, esq., of Dirleton, by whom he had five sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1802, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, who *m.* in 1784, Jane, daughter of John Thornton, esq., of London, by whom he had issue David, the present earl; four other sons, and three daughters. His lordship *d.* in February, 1820.

Motto, in English,
For my king and country.

Country Seat—Melville House, Fifeshire.

LIFFORD, VISCOUNT, (the Reverend James Hewitt,) and Baron Lifford, of Lifford, in the county of Donegal; *b.* 27th of October, 1750; *m.* first, in July, 1776, Henrietta-Judith, eldest daughter of Arthur, Viscount Harberton, by whom he had no issue; and secondly, in 1781, Alicia, eldest daughter of the Reverend John Oliver, Archdeacon of Ardagh, by whom he has two sons; James, *b.* 29th of August, 1780; and John-Pratt, *b.* 26th of May, 1796. His lordship is a doctor in divinity, and dean of Armagh.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

JAMES HEWITT, esq., an eminent lawyer, was *b.* in 1709; appointed lord high chancellor of Ireland, and elevated to the peerage of that kingdom, on the 9th of June, 1763, as Baron Lifford; and advanced to a viscounty, on the 4th of January, 1780. His lordship *m.* first, Miss Williams, only daughter of the Rev. Doctor Rice Williams, by whom he had issue James, the present peer; and three other sons; (Joseph, the third son, who *d.* in 1794, was one of the puisne judges of the court of king's bench, in Ireland;) and secondly, Ambrosia, daughter of the Reverend Charles Bayley, by whom he had a son and two daughters. The viscount *d.* on the 28th of April, 1782.

Motto, in English,
Be just and fear not.

Country Seat—Santry-House, in the county of Dublin.

LILFORD, BARON, (Thomas-Atherton Powys,) of the county of Northampton; *b.* 2nd of December, 1801; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 4th of July, 1825.

Lineage.

THOMAS POWYS, esq., eldest son of Thomas Powys, esq., of Lilford, in the county of Northampton, by Henrietta, only child of Thomas Spence, esq., serjeant-at-arms of the house of commons, was elevated to the peerage on the 26th of October,

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1797, as Baron Lilford. His lordship *m.* in 1772, Mary, daughter of Galfridus Mann, esq., of Brocton, and niece of Sir Horatio Mann, baronet, by whom he had issue Thomas, his successor; five other sons, and seven daughters. He *d.* on the 26th of January, 1800, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, who *m.* in 1797, Henrietta-Maria, eldest daughter and heiress of Robert-Vernon Atherton, esq., of Atherton-Hall, in the county of Lancaster, and had issue Thomas Atherton, the present peer; five other sons, and six daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 4th of July, 1825.

Motto, in English,

I will defend what I have achieved.

Town Residence—46, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seats— Lilford-House, Northamptonshire; Atherton-Hall, near Bolton; and Busey-Hall, in the county of Lancaster.

LIMERICK, EARL OF, (Edmund-Henry Pery,) Viscount Limerick, and Baron Glentworth, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Foxworth, of Stackpole Court, in the county of Clare, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* 8th of January, 1758; succeeded to the barony of Glentworth, upon the demise of his father, on the 4th of July, 1794; created Viscount and Earl of Limerick, on the 11th of February, 1803; and enrolled amongst the peers of the empire at large, as Baron Foxford, on the 11th of August, 1815; *m.* in 1783, Alice-Mary, only daughter and heiress of Henry Ormsby, esq., of Clogham, in the county of Mayo, by whom he has issue Henry-Hartstonge, Lord Glentworth, *b.* 26th May, 1789, (*m.* in 1808, Anabella, second daughter of Tennison Edwards, esq., of Old Court, in the county of Wicklow, and has issue,) with two other sons, and six daughters.

His lordship having been elected one of the representative peers for Ireland, sits in the house of lords, in that capacity, although, since his election, he has obtained a British peerage.

Lineage.

This distinguished family was first ennobled in the person of

EDMUND-SEXTON PERY, esq., eldest son of the Reverend Stackpole Pery, by Jane, daughter of the Reverend William Twigg, Archdeacon of Limerick. Having filled the high office of speaker of the Irish house of commons, from 1771 to 1785, he received, upon his resignation, the thanks of the house, and was elevated to the peerage, (30th December, 1785,) as Viscount Pery, of Newtown Pery, in the county of Limerick. His lordship *m.* twice: first, in 1756, Patty, youngest daughter of John Marten, esq., by whom he had no issue; and secondly, in 1762, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John, Lord Knapton, by whom he had two daughters. The viscount leaving thus no male issue, the title, at his demise in 1806, became extinct; but his brother,

THE REVEREND WILLIAM-CECIL PERY, being consecrated lord bishop of Killaloe, in 1781, and bishop of Limerick, in 1784, was created Baron Glentworth, of Mallow, on the 31st of May, 1790. His lordship *m.* first, in 1755, Jane, eldest daughter of John-Minchen Walcot, esq., of Croagh, by whom he had issue Edmund-Henry, the present Earl of Limerick; and Eleanor, lady of Sir Vere Hunt, baronet, now deceased. He *m.* secondly, in 1792, Dorothea, relict of General Crump, by whom he had no child.

Motto, in English,

By valour, not intrigue.

Town Residence—4, Mansfield-street.

Country Seats—South-Hill Park, Bucks; and Limerick, Ireland.

LINDSEY, EARL OF, (Albemarle-George-Augustus-Frederick Bertie,) in the county of Lincoln; *b.* 14th of November, 1814; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 18th of September, 1818.

Lineage.

This noble family is maternally descended from the baronial house of Willoughby de Eresby.

CATHERINE, Baroness Willoughby de Eresby, in her own right, and Duchess Dowager of Suffolk, in the right of her deceased husband, Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk, married secondly,

RICHARD BERTIE, esq., by whom she had a son and heir,

THE HONORABLE PEREGRINE BERTIE, who, upon the demise of his mother in 1560, was summoned to parliament, (on the 10th of November,) as Baron Willoughby de Eresby. His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter of John Vere, Earl of Oxford, by whom he left, at his decease in 1601, an only son,

ROBERT. This nobleman laid claim, in the right of his mother, to the earldom of Oxford, the baronies of Bolebec, Sandford, and Badlesmere, and the office of lord great chamberlain of England, but was only able to establish his right to the latter. His lordship was, however, created Earl of Lindsey, on the 22nd of November, 1626. He fell at the battle of Edgehill, on the 23rd of October, 1642, at the head of a division of the royal army, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

MONTAGUE, who, as his father had been, was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. His lordship *m.* twice; and had issue, by his first wife, Martha, Countess Dowager of Holderness, daughter of Sir William Cockayne, knight, five sons and three daughters; and by his second, Bridget, daughter and heiress of Edward Wray, esq., three sons; the eldest of whom, James, was created Earl of Abingdon. The earl *d.* in 1666, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ROBERT. This nobleman *m.* thrice: first, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of John Massingberd, esq., an eminent merchant of London, by whom he had an only daughter, Anne, who became the wife of the Earl of Rivers; secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Philip, Lord Wharton, by whom he had five

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sons; and thirdly, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of the Irish Earl of Downe, by whom he had a son and daughter. His lordship *d.* in 1701, and was succeeded by the eldest son of his second marriage,

ROBERT, who was advanced to the marquesate of Lindsey, on the 29th of September, 1706; and created, on the 20th July, 1715, Duke of Ancaster and Kesteven; in which superior titles, the earldom of Lindsey, and the barony of Willoughby, merged until the decease of

ROBERT, the fourth duke, unmarried, in 1779, when the barony fell into abeyance, between his sisters, (see Willoughby de Eresby,) and the other titles devolved upon his uncle,

BROWNLOW, fifth duke, at whose demise, on the 8th of February, 1809, without male issue, the dukedom of Ancaster, and the marquesate of Lindsey, ceased; but the earldom of Lindsey reverted to his kinsman,

ALBEMARLE, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 89th regiment of foot, son of Peregrine Bertie, esq., (great-grandson of Montague, the second earl, through his fifth son, the Honorable Charles Bertie, of Uffington, in the county of Lincoln,) by Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Payne, esq., of Tottenham Wick. His lordship *m.* twice; but left issue by his second wife only, Charlotte-Susannah-Elizabeth, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Layard, late Dean of Bristol; namely, Albemarle-George-Augustus, the present peer; Montague, *b.* in 1815; and Charlotte. His lordship *d.* in 1818.

Motto, in English,
Loyalty binds me.

Country Seat—Grimsthorpe-Castle, in the county of Lincoln.

LIPPINCOTT, SIR HENRY-CANN, baronet, of the city of Bristol; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1781.

Lineage.

HENRY LIPPINCOTT, esq., a merchant of Bristol, was created a baronet on the 25th of July, 1778. He *m.* in 1774, Catharine, only daughter and heiress of Charles Jefferies, esq., by Catharine, only daughter of Sir William Cann, baronet, and, eventually, heiress of her brother, Sir Robert Cann, (with whom that baronetcy ceased,) by whom he had an only son, Henry-Cann, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
In prosperity, and in peril, upright.

Town Residence—19, Portman-square.

Country Seat—Stoke-Park, Bristol.

LISBURNE, EARL OF, (John Vaughan,) Viscount Lisburne, and Lord Vaughan, Baron of Fethers; *b.* 3rd of March, 1769; *m.* in 1798, Lucy, daughter of William, Viscount Courtney, by whom he has issue Lord Vaughan, *b.* 30th September, 1803; two other sons and a daughter. His lordship succeeded to the family honors, upon the demise of his half-brother, on the 6th of May, 1820.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

JOHN VAUGHAN, esq., grandson of Lord Chief Justice Vaughan, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 26th of June, 1695, as Lord Vaughan, Baron of Fethers and Viscount Lisburne. His lordship *d.* in 1720, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, who *d.* in 1741, without male issue, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

WILMOT. This nobleman *m.* in 1727, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Thomas Watson, esq., by whom he had two sons and a daughter. His lordship *d.* in 1766, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILMOT, who was created Earl of Lisburne, on the 18th of July, 1776. His lordship *m.* twice; first in 1754, Elizabeth, only daughter of Joseph-Gascoyne Nightingale, esq., of Mamhead, in the county of Devon, and eventually heiress to her brother, Washington Nightingale, esq., by whom he had an only son, Wilmot, his successor; and secondly, in 1763, Dorothy, eldest daughter of John Shafto, esq., of Whitworth, in the county of Durham, by whom he had John, the present earl, and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1809, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILMOT, who *d.* unmarried, on the 6th of May, 1820, when the family honors devolved upon his half-brother, the Honorable Colonel Vaughan, present Earl of Lisburne.

Motto, in English,
I will not return unrevenged.

Country Seat—Lisburne-House, Devonshire.

LISLE, BARON, (John Lysaght,) of Mountnorth, in the county of Cork; *b.* 4th December, 1780; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in January, 1798; *m.* in 1809, Sarah, eldest daughter of William Gibb, esq., of Inverness, by whom he has no issue.

This barony being of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This distinguished family was ennobled in the person of

JOHN LYSAGHT, esq., who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 18th of September, 1758, by the title of Baron Lisle, of Mountnorth. His lordship *m.* first in 1725, Catharine, third daughter and co-heiress of Lord Chief Baron Deane, and grand-daughter of Henry, Earl of Shannon, by whom he had three sons and two daughters; and secondly, in 1746, Elizabeth, only daughter of Edward Moore, esq., of Mooresfort, by whom he had a son and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1781, and was succeeded by the eldest son of his first marriage,

JOHN. This nobleman *m.* in 1778, Mary-Anne, daughter of George Connor, esq., of Ballybraken,

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by whom he had issue John, the present peer; George, heir-presumptive; and a daughter. His lordship *d.* on the 6th of January, 1798.

Motto, in English,

Wars! horrid wars.

Country Seat—Mountnorth, in the county of Cork.

LISMORE, VISCOUNT, (Cornelius O'Callaghan,) and Baron Lismore, of Shanbally, in the county of Tipperary; *b.* 2nd October, 1772; succeeded to the barony upon the demise of his father on the 12th of July, 1797; and obtained the viscounty, by creation, on the 30th of May, 1806. His lordship *m.* in 1808, Eleanor, youngest daughter of John, Earl of Ormonde, and sister of the late and present Marquess of Ormonde, by whom he had one only daughter, *b.* 12th of December, 1811.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

CORNELIUS O'CALLAGHAN, esq., (grandson of Cornelius O'Callaghan, esq., an eminent lawyer, and representative in Parliament for Fethard, in the reign of Queen Anne,) was elevated to the Irish peerage on the 25th of June, 1785, by the title of Baron Lismore, of Shanbally, in the county of Tipperary. His lordship *m.* in 1774, Frances, second daughter of Mr. Speaker Ponsonby, of the Irish house of commons, and niece of William, Earl of Besborough, by whom he had issue Cornelius, the present viscount; Robert-William, heir-presumptive to the title, a major-general in the army, and knight grand cross of the Bath, *b.* in October, 1777; another son, and three daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 12th of July, 1797.

Motto, in English,

Faithful and brave.

Country Seat—Shanbally Castle, in the county of Tipperary.

LISTOWELL, EARL OF, (William Hare,) Viscount Ennismore and Listowell, and Baron Ennismore, in the county of Kerry; *b.* in 1750; *m.* first, in 1772, Mary, only daughter of Henry Wrixton, esq., of Ballygiblin, in the county of Cork, by whom he has issue Richard, Viscount Ennismore, *b.* 20th March, 1773, (who *m.* Catharine Bridget, eldest daughter of Robert, Lord Cloubrock, and has issue; her ladyship *d.* in 1823;) another son, and four daughters. The earl *m.* secondly in 1812, Anne, second daughter of John Latham, esq. of Meldrum, in the county of Tipperary, by whom he has no child.

This nobleman, (eldest son of Richard Hare, esq., by Margaret, daughter of Samuel Maylor, esq.,) while Mr. Hare, having represented Cork and Athy, in the Irish house of commons, from 1796 until the final dissolution of that assembly, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 30th of July, 1800, as Baron Ennismore, in the county of Kerry; created on the 22nd of January, 1816, Viscount Ennismore and Listowell; and on the 22nd of January, 1822, Earl of Listowell.

The honors of the house of Listowell being solely of Ireland, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative peers.

Motto, in English,

Bravely—faithfully—successfully.

Town Residence—Kingston House, Knightsbridge.

Country Seat—Ennismore Park, county of Kerry.

LIVERPOOL, EARL OF, (Robert-Banks Jenkinson,) Baron Hawkesbury, in the county of Gloucester, and a baronet; *b.* 7th June, 1770; *m.* first in 1795, Theodore-Louisa, third daughter of the Right Honorable and Right Reverend Frederick-Augustus, Earl of Bristol, and Lord Bishop of Derry, by whom he had no issue; and secondly, in 1822, Mary, daughter of the Rev. Mr. Chester. His lordship, who is prime minister of England, (nominally first lord of the Treasury,) and a knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter, succeeded to the family honors, upon the demise of his father, on the 17th of December, 1808.

Lineage.

This distinguished family was ennobled in the person of

CHARLES JENKINSON, esq., eldest son of Colonel Jenkinson, and grandson of Sir Robert Jenkinson, baronet, (a dignity conferred upon Robert Jenkinson, esq., of Walcot, in the county of Oxford, on the 8th of May, 1661,) who commenced his political career as private secretary to the Earl of Bute in 1761, became under-secretary of state in 1763, secretary to the treasury in 1766, and was created Baron Hawkesbury on the 22nd of July, 1789, and Earl of Liverpool on the 1st of June, 1796. His lordship *m.* first, Amelia, daughter of William Watts, esq., governor of Fort William, by whom he had an only son, Robert Banks, the present peer, (who was summoned to the upper house of parliament in 1806, in the life time of his father, as Baron Hawkesbury.) The earl *m.* secondly, in 1762, Catharine, relict of Sir Charles Cope, baronet, and daughter of Sir Cecil Bishopp, baronet, by whom he had a son, Charles Cope, heir-presumptive to the title, and a daughter. His lordship succeeded to the baronetcy of his family on the decease of his cousin, Sir Banks Jenkinson, on the 22nd of July, 1789. The earl *d.* on the 17th of December, 1808.

Motto, in English,

I have gained the palm, but not without difficulty.

Town Residence—Fife-House, Whitehall Yard.

Country Seats—Hawkesbury, Gloucestershire; Coombwood, Kingston, Surrey; and Walmer Castle, Deal, Kent.

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LLOYD, SIR EDWARD-PRYCE, baronet, of Pengwern, in the county of Flint; *b.* 17th of September, 1768; *m.* in 1794, Elizabeth, third daughter of the late Sir Roger Mostyn, baronet, by whom he has issue Edward Mostyn, *b.* 13th January, 1795; another son, and a daughter. Sir Edward succeeded to the title upon the demise of his kinsman, Sir Edward Lloyd, on the 26th of May, 1795.

Lineage.

EDWARD LLOYD, esq., youngest son of John Lloyd, esq., of Pontryffyd, in the county of Flint, was created a baronet on the 25th of July, 1778, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his nephew, Bell Lloyd, esq., of Bodsack, the son of his eldest brother, by Frances, daughter and heiress of Bell Jones, esq., of Plasmaur, in the county of Flint. Sir Edward *m.* twice, but, dying without issue in 1775, the title devolved upon Edward-Pryce Lloyd, esq., the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

If we have God, we have enough.

Country Seat—Pengwern, in the county of Flint.

LOCKHART, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Lee, and Carnwath, in Scotland, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father on the 22nd of June, 1816.

Lineage.

ALEXANDER-MACDONALD LOCKHART, esq., son of Charles Lockhart, esq., (who was grandson of George Lockhart, esq., of Carnwath, an eminent lawyer, advocate to the protector Cromwell, and lord president of the council,) by Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of John Macdonald, esq., of Largie, in the county of Argyll, was created a baronet on the 24th of May, 1806. He *m.* Jane, daughter of Daniel Macniell, esq., by whom he left issue Charles, the present baronet. Sir Alexander *d.* in June, 1816.

Motto, in English,

Above the crest—I lay open the locked heart.

Below the shield—Always ready to fight for the country.

Country Seats—Lee and Carnwath, North Britain.

LOFTUS, BARON, (John-Tottenham Loftus,) of Long Loftus, in the county of York, created on the 19th of June, 1801.

See, Marquess of Ely.

LONDONDERRY, MARQUESS OF, (Charles-William Vane-Stewart,) Earl of Londonderry, Viscount Castlereagh, and Baron Stewart, in the peerage of Ireland; Earl Vane, Viscount Seaham, of Seaham, in the county of Durham; and Baron Stewart, of Stewart's Court, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* 18th May, 1778; elevated to the peerage as Baron Stewart, on the 1st of July, 1814; succeeded to the Irish honors of his family upon the demise of his brother on the 12th of August, 1822, and was created, on the 28th of March, 1823, Viscount Seaham and Earl Vane, with remainder to his lordship's male issue, by his second marriage. The marquess *m.* first in 1804, Catharine, youngest daughter of John, late Earl of Darnley, by whom he has an only son, Frederick, Viscount Castlereagh, *b.* 7th July, 1805; and secondly, Lady Frances-Anne, only daughter of Sir Harry-Vane Tempest, by Anne-Catharine, present Countess of Antrim, in her own right, (upon which occasion he assumed the surname and arms of Vane,) by whom he has two daughters; one born on the 16th of April, 1821, and another the 29th of July, 1823.

His lordship is a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the tenth regiment of dragoons, a knight grand-cross of the Bath, and a knight of several foreign orders, governor and custos rotulorum of the counties of Londonderry and Down, and a lord of his majesty's bedchamber.

Lineage.

This noble family claims a common ancestor with the Earls of Galloway; namely, Sir William Stewart of Garlies, from whose second son, Sir Thomas Stewart, it is said to have descended. It was ennobled, however, in the person of

ROBERT STEWART, esq., eldest son of Alexander Stewart, esq., (a member of the Irish parliament,) of Ballylawn Castle, in the county of Donegal, and of Mount Stewart, in the county of Down, who was elevated to the Irish peerage on the 18th of November, 1789, as Baron Stewart; created Viscount Castlereagh, on the 6th of October, 1795; Earl of Londonderry, on the 10th of August, 1796; and Marquess of Londonderry, on the 22nd of January, 1816. His lordship *m.* first in 1776, Sarah-Frances, second daughter of Francis, Marquess of Hertford, by whom he had Robert, Viscount Castlereagh, his successor; and an elder son, who *d.* in infancy; and secondly, in 1775, Frances, eldest daughter of Charles, Earl of Camden, and sister of the present Marquess of Camden, by whom he had issue Charles-William, the present marquess; two other sons, who are both deceased; and eight daughters. The marquess *d.* on the 6th of April, 1821, and was succeeded by the only surviving son of his first marriage,

ROBERT, who had already distinguished himself in the political arena, as Viscount Castlereagh. His lordship *m.* in 1794, Amelia, youngest daughter and co-heiress of John, (Hobart) second Earl of Buckinghamshire, by whom he had no issue. The marquess *d.* by his own hand in a paroxysm of mental derangement, at his seat at North Cray, on the 12th of August, 1822, (at which period he was secretary of state for foreign affairs,) and was succeeded by his half-brother, the present Marquess of Londonderry.

Motto, in English,

The dragon's crest is to be feared.

Town Residence—25, Hertford-street, May-fair.

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Country Seats—Mount Stewart, Downshire; and Wynard, Stockton-on-Tees, Durham.

LONGFORD, EARL OF, (Thomas Packenham,) and Baron Longford, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Silchester, of Silchester, in the county of Southampton, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* 14th May, 1774; succeeded to the barony upon the demise of his father, on the 3rd of June, 1792; to the earldom at the decease of his grandmother, in January, 1794; and obtained his British peerage, by creation, on the 17th July, 1821. His lordship *m.* in January, 1817, Georgiana, daughter of the late Earl Beauchamp, by whom he has issue Edward-Michael, Lord Packenham, *b.* 30th October, 1817, and four other sons.

Lord Longford sits in parliament as one of the representative peers for Ireland, although, since his election, he has been created a peer of the empire at large, and, as such, possesses an hereditary seat.

Lineage.

The first member of the family of Packenham, (one of antiquity in the county of Suffolk,) who settled in Ireland, was

SIR EDWARD PACKENHAM, knt., who accompanied his cousin, Sir Henry Sidney, to that country, in 1576; the grandson of this gentleman,

HENRY PACKENHAM, esq., was seated at Packenham Hall, in the county of Westmeath, in the reign of Charles the Second, and was father of

SIR THOMAS PACKENHAM, knt. a lawyer of eminence, and prime sergeant-at-law in Ireland, in 1695; the grandson of this gentleman,

THOMAS PACKENHAM, esq., having *m.* in 1739, Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Michael Cuffee, esq., and niece of Ambrose (Aungier), second and last Earl of Longford of that family, (to whom her father was heir,) was created, in 1756, Baron of Longford; and his lady, on the 5th July, 1785, Countess of Longford. By this marriage, his lordship had issue Edward-Michael, his successor; Robert and William, who *d.* in youth; Thomas, an admiral of the red and a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, (who *m.* Louisa, daughter of the Honorable John Staples, and has ten children;) besides three daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1776, and was succeeded in the barony of Longford by his eldest son,

EDWARD-MICHAEL, *b.* in 1743; *m.* in 1768, Catharine, second daughter of the Right Honorable Hercules-Longford Rowley, and Elizabeth, Viscountess Longford, by whom he had issue Thomas, the present peer; Edward-Michael, (late major-general in the army, and Knight Grand Cross of the Bath,) who distinguished himself during the Peninsular war, and received the unanimous thanks of both houses of parliament, and fell in action, on the 8th of January, 1815, near New Orleans; three other sons, and four daughters; the second of whom, Catharine, *m.* in 1806, Arthur, present Duke of Wellington. His lordship *d.* in 1792, and was succeeded by his eldest son, Thomas, the present peer, who succeeded to the earldom of Longford at the decease of his grandmother, Countess Longford, in Jan. 1794.

Motto, in English,

Glory is the shadow of virtue.

Country Seat—Packenham Hall, in the county of Westmeath.

LONSDALE, EARL OF, (William Lowther,) in the county of Westmoreland, Viscount Lowther, and Baron Lowther, of Whitehaven, in the county of Cumberland, and a baronet of England; *b.* 29th of December, 1757; *m.* in July, 1781, Augusta, daughter of John, late Earl of Westmoreland, by whom he has issue William, Viscount Lowther, *b.* 30th of July, 1787; another son, and four daughters. His lordship succeeded to the titles of Viscount and Baron Lowther at the decease of his kinsman, the late Earl of Lonsdale, in 1802; he had previously, in 1788, inherited the baronetcy from his father, and was created Earl of Lonsdale, on the 7th of April, 1807. Lord Lonsdale is a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, a lieutenant-colonel in the army, lord-lieutenant of the counties of Cumberland and Westmoreland, and recorder of Carlisle.

Lineage.

This is a family of great antiquity and influence in the counties of Westmoreland and Cumberland, being settled at Lowther Hall, in the former, for time immemorial. It obtained a baronetcy, and a patent of nobility, first, in the person of

JOHN LOWTHER, esq., who was created a baronet; and, in 1696, elevated to the peerage, as Baron Lowther and Viscount Lonsdale, which titles became extinct, in 1751, at the demise of the third viscount, but the great family estates devolved upon the heir-at-law,

JAMES LOWTHER, esq., created a baronet, on the 22nd of August, 1764, and elevated to the peerage, on the 11th of May, 1784, as Baron Burgh, in the county of Cumberland; Baron Lowther and Kendal, in the county of Westmoreland; Viscount Lonsdale and Lowther, and Earl of Lonsdale. His lordship *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of John, third Earl of Bute, but having no issue, he obtained a new patent, on the 26th of October, 1797, creating him Viscount and Baron Lowther, with remainder to the heirs male of his cousin, the Reverend Sir William Lowther, bart., of Swillington. His lordship *d.* on the 24th of May, 1802, when the earldom, and the other titles of the first patent, became extinct; but the last viscounty and barony devolved, according to the limitation, upon Sir William Lowther, bart., the present peer, eldest son of the Reverend Sir William Lowther, by Anne, eldest daughter of the Reverend Charles Zouch, of Sandall, in the county of York.

Motto, in English,

The magistrate indicates the man.

Town Residence—12, Charles-street, Berkeley-square.

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Country Seats—Cottesmore, in the county of Rutland; and Lowther Hall, Westmoreland.

LOPES, SIR MANASEH-MASSEH, baronet, of Mariston House, in the county of Devon; *b.* in Jamaica, on the 27th of January, 1755; *m.* Charlotte, daughter of John Yeates, esq., of Monmouth, by whom he has no issue. This gentleman, who is descended from an ancient and opulent Jamaica family, was created a baronet, on the 1st of November, 1805, with remainder to the son of his sister, Esther, wife of A. Franco, esq., his nephew, Ralph Franco, who *m.* in 1817, Susannah, eldest daughter of A. Ludlow, esq., of Heywood House, in the county of Wilts, and has issue a son and heir, Masseh, *b.* 14th June, 1818.

Town Residence—3, Arlington-street.

Country Seats—Mariston House, near Plymouth; and Westbury, Wilts.

LORRAINE, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Kirke-Harle, in the county of Northumberland; *m.* in 1800, Miss Compart, only daughter of the late Vincent Compart, esq., by whom he has no issue. Sir Charles succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 19th of December, 1809.

Lineage.

THOMAS LORRAINE, esq., descended from a Norman family, who came to England with the Conqueror, was created a baronet, on the 26th of September, 1664. He *m.* Grace, eldest daughter of Sir William Fenwick, bart., of Wallington, by whom he had fourteen sons and five daughters. He *d.* in 1717, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *d.* in 1743, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR CHARLES. This gentleman *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of Ralph Lambton, esq., of Lambton Hall, in the county of Durham, by whom he had an only daughter, who *d.* in infancy; and, secondly, Dorothy, daughter of Ralph Milott, esq., of Whitehall, in the county of Durham, by whom he had four sons. Sir Charles *d.* in 1775, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* in 1776, Hannah, eldest surviving daughter of Sir Launcelot Allgood, knt., by whom he had issue Charles, the present baronet; three other sons, and four daughters. Sir William *d.* on the 19th of December, 1809.

Motto, in English,

I rise again by the shield and laurel.

Country Seat—Kirke-Harle, in the county of Northumberland.

LORTON, VISCOUNT, (Robert-Edward King,) and Baron Erris, of Boyle, in the county of Roscommon; *b.* 12th August, 1773; *m.* in 1799, his cousin, Frances, only daughter and heiress of Lawrence, late Earl of Rosse, by whom he has issue Robert, *b.* in July, 1804, and two daughters. This nobleman, who is second son of Robert, late Earl of Kingston, having distinguished himself as a military officer, and attained the rank of lieutenant-general in the army, was created Baron Erris, in 1800, and Viscount Lorton, in 1806. His lordship is governor and custos rotulorum of the county of Roscommon, and colonel of its militia.

This being an Irish peerage, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present viscount is one of the representative lords.

Motto, in English,

Heaven is the safest hope.

Country Seat—Boyle, in the county of Roscommon.

LOTHIAN, MARQUESS OF, (John-William-Robert Kerr,) Earl of Ancram and Earl of Lothian, Baron Newbottle and Baron Jedburgh, in the peerage of Scotland; and Baron Kerr, of Kersheugh, in the county of Roxburgh, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* 1st February, 1794; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 27th of April, 1824.

Lineage.

This noble family claims descent from the house of Ker, of Fernihurst, the founder of which, Ralph Ker, settled in Teviotdale, sometime about the beginning of the fourteenth century. The lineal descendant of this personage,

ROBERT KER, esq., great-grandson of Sir William Ker, of Fernihurst, whose eldest son, John, was grandfather of Robert, Earl of Somerset, (the celebrated favorite of James the First,) and of Andrew, Baron Jedburgh, was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, in 1633, as Earl of Ancram, with remainder to the male descendants of his second wife, and, in default of those, to his issue male whatsoever. His lordship *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Murray, by whom he had an only son, William; and, secondly, Anne, only surviving daughter of William (Stanley), Earl of Derby, by whom he had another son, Charles, and several daughters. He *d.* in 1654, and was succeeded, according to the limitation of the patent, by the only son of his second marriage,

CHARLES. This nobleman *d.* without issue, when the title devolved upon his half and elder brother,

WILLIAM, who, in consequence of marrying Anne, Countess of Lothian in her own right, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Robert Ker, second Earl of Lothian, (which earldom was conferred upon her ladyship's grandfather, Mark Ker, created Baron Newbottle, in 1591, in 1606,) had been previously, in 1631, created Earl of Lothian, and thus became Earl of Lothian and Ancram. By this marriage, his lordship left at his decease, in 1675, an only son,

ROBERT, who succeeded to the earldoms of Lothian and Ancram. This nobleman was appointed high commissioner to the general assembly of the church, in Scotland, and advanced, on the 23rd of June, 1701, to the marquesate of Lothian. His lordship *m.* Jean, daughter of Archibald, Marquess

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of Argyll, by whom he had issue five sons and five daughters. He *d.* in 1703, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, who had previously, in 1692, at the demise of his kinsman, Robert, third Baron Jedburgh, (a peerage conferred on the 2nd of February, 1622,) succeeded to that barony, by virtue of special limitation in the patent of creation. His lordship *d.* in 1722, and was succeeded by his only son,

WILLIAM, who *d.* in 1767, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-HENRY. This nobleman *m.* Louisa-Caroline, only daughter of Robert, Earl of Holderness, and great-grand-daughter of the celebrated Duke of Schomberg, who fell at the battle of the Boyne, in 1690, by whom he had issue a son and two daughters. He *d.* in 1775, and was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM-JOHN. This nobleman, who was a general officer in the army, colonel of the 11th regiment of dragoons, and knight of the Thistle, *m.* in 1760, Elizabeth, only daughter of Chichester Fortescue, esq., of the county of Louth, and grand-daughter of Richard (Wellesley) first Lord Mornington, by whom he had issue four sons and five daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1815, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Thistle, who was enrolled amongst the peers of the United Kingdom, on the 17th of July, 1821, as Baron Kerr, of Kersheugh, in the county of Roxburgh. His lordship *m.* twice: first, in 1793, Henrietta, daughter of John, second Earl of Buckinghamshire, by whom he has issue John-William-Robert, the present marquess; two other sons, and a daughter; and secondly, in 1806, Henrietta, daughter of Henry, third Duke of Buccleugh, by whom he has three sons and three daughters. The marquess *d.* in April, 1824.

Motto, in English,
Late, but seriously.

Country Seat—Newbottle-House, Mid-Lothian.

LOUDOUN, COUNTESS, (Flora-Muir Rawdon,) Baroness Loudoun, of Conyngham, in the county of Ayr; and Baroness Farrinyeane and Marchline, in the peerage of Scotland; *b.* in 1780; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of her father, on the 28th of April, 1786; *m.* in 1804, Francis-Rawdon, present Marquess of Hastings, by whom she has issue George-Frances, Earl of Rawdon, *b.* 4th February, 1808; and four daughters.

Lineage.

The lordship of Loudoun, in Ayrshire, originally held by tenure, descended, through several generations, to

SIR HUGH CAMPBELL, a privy councillor, in Scotland, who was created a lord of parliament on the 30th of June, 1604, by the title of Lord Campbell, of Loudoun. His lordship's eldest son dying in his lifetime, the title descended, at his decease in 1622, to the eldest of two grand-daughters,

MARGARET, who then became Baroness Loudoun. Her ladyship *m.* in 1620, Sir John Campbell, of Lawers, who was elevated to the peerage on the 12th of May, 1633, by the titles of Baron Farrinyeane and Marchline, and Earl of Loudoun. This nobleman *d.* in 1663, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

JAMES, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of Hugh, Earl of Eglinton, and had issue Hugh, his successor; John, who *d.* unmarried; James, a distinguished military officer, who fell at the battle of Fontenoy, in 1743, (leaving issue, by Jean, daughter of David, first Earl of Glasgow, James, who eventually succeeded to the family honors; and a daughter;) besides four daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1684, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HUGH. This nobleman enjoyed the confidence of King William, and became a privy councillor, and an extraordinary lord of session, in Scotland. He was, also, installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Thistle. His lordship *m.* in 1700, Margaret, daughter of John, Earl of Stair, by whom he had a son and two daughters. The earl resigned his titles, in 1707, and obtained a new patent, conferring them upon himself, and his direct heirs male; but in default of those, to the heirs general of the first earl. His lordship *d.* in 1731, and was succeeded by his only son,

JOHN, a general officer in the army, who *d.* unmarried, in 1782, when the family honors reverted to his cousin,

JAMES, son of General Sir James Campbell, knight of the Bath, who, as already mentioned, fell at Fontenoy. His lordship, who was a major-general in the army, *m.* in 1777, Flora, eldest daughter of John Macleod, esq., of Ramsay, by whom he had an only child Flora-Muir-Campbell, present countess of Loudoun, and Marchioness of Hastings, who succeeded, in consequence of the reversionary clause in the renewal patent, at the demise of her father, in 1786, to the family honors. His lordship assumed the surname of Muir, upon inheriting the estates of his grandmother, the Countess of Glasgow.

Country Seat—Loudoun-Castle, in the county of Ayr.

LOUIS, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Chelston, in the county of Devon; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 17th of May, 1807; *m.* in the same year, Miss Kirkpatrick, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel William Kirkpatrick, of the 8th regiment of native infantry, Bengal, by whom he has issue a son, *b.* in November, 1808; and two daughters.

Lineage.

THOMAS LOUIS, esq., rear-admiral of the white, was created a baronet, for his gallant professional services, on the 7th of April, 1806. He *m.* in 1784, Jacquetta, daughter of Samuel Belfield, esq., by whom he had issue John, the present baronet; two

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other sons, and three daughters. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1807.

Country Seat—Chelston, Devonshire.

LOUTH, BARON OF, (Thomas Plunket,) of Louth Hill, in the county of Louth; *b.* in 1809; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1823.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

This noble family claims a common ancestor with the Earls of Fingall, and the Barons Dunsany; namely, John Plunket, esq., who was seated, at the close of the eleventh century, at Bewley, in the county of Louth. From this personage descended two brothers, John and Richard Plunket, the younger of whom was the progenitor of the Lords Fingall and Dunsany; and the elder, the ancestor of

SIR OLIVER PLUNKET, knight, of Kelfaran, who was elevated to the peerage, on the 15th of June, 1541, by the title of Baron Louth. His lordship was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, who *d.* in 1574, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

PATRICK, who *m.* Maud, daughter of Lord Killeen, but dying, in 1575, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

OLIVER, who was succeeded, in 1607, by his eldest son,

MATTHEW. This nobleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Richard Fitzwilliam, of Meryon, by whom he had four sons. His lordship *d.* in 1629, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

OLIVER, who *m.* Mary, Viscountess Dowager Dillon, second daughter of Randall, Earl of Antrim, and was succeeded, at his demise in 1679, by his son,

MATTHEW. This nobleman *d.* in 1689, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

OLIVER, who was outlawed in the same year. His lordship *d.* in 1707, and was succeeded by his only son,

MATTHEW, who was succeeded, in 1754, by his eldest son,

OLIVER. This nobleman *m.* Margaret, daughter of Luke Netterville, esq., by whom he had several children. His lordship *d.* in 1763, and was succeeded by his third and eldest surviving son,

THOMAS, who had the outlawry of his great-grandfather annulled, and was restored to his rank in the peerage, in 1798. His lordship *m.* in 1808, Margaret, eldest daughter of Randall, late Lord Dunsany, and sister of the present lord, by whom he had issue Thomas, the present baron; besides four other sons, and a daughter.

Motto, in English,

Prompt, without impetuosity.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

LOVEL, BARON, (John Perceval,) and Baron Holland, of Enmore, in the county of Somerset, created 7th of May, 1762.

See, Earl of Egmont.

LOWTHER, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Swillington, in the county of York; *b.* in April, 1759; *m.* in 1790, Elizabeth, daughter of John, late Earl of Westmoreland, by whom he has issue John-Henry, *b.* 23rd of March, 1793; besides another son, and a daughter.

This gentleman, who is second son of the late Reverend Sir William Lowther, baronet, and brother of William, present Earl of Lonsdale, was created a baronet, on the of September, 1824.

Motto, in English,

The magistrate indicates the man.

Town Residence—32, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seats—Swillington, Ferrybridge; and Wilton-Castle, near Guisborough.

LUBBOCK, SIR JOHN-WILLIAM, baronet, of Lamas, in the county of Norfolk, an eminent merchant and banker of London; *m.* Mary, daughter of James Entwistle, esq., of Manchester, by whom he has an only son, John-William, *b.* 26th of March, 1808. Sir John succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, on the 24th of February, 1816.

Lineage.

JOHN LUBBOCK, esq., an opulent merchant and banker of the city of London, was created a baronet, on the 9th of April, 1806, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his nephew, John-William, the present baronet, the eldest son of his elder brother, William Lubbock, esq., of Lamas, in the county of Norfolk. Sir John *d.* without issue, in 1816.

Town Residence—23, St. James's-place.

Country Seat—High Elms, Farnborough, Kent.

LUCAN, EARL OF, (Richard Bingham,) and Baron Lucan, of Castlebar; and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* in December, 1764; *m.* in 1794, the Honorable Elizabeth Belasyse, daughter and co-heiress of Henry, last Earl of Fauconberg, (who had been previously married to Bernard-Edward Howard, esq., now Duke of Norfolk, but divorced from that gentleman by act of parliament,) by whom he has issue Alexander, Lord Bingham, *b.* 2nd of June, 1801; and five daughters. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 29th of March, 1799.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present earl sits as one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

HENRY BINGHAM, grandson of General Sir Richard Bingham, (the first of the family in Ireland,) a distinguished soldier, and, eventually, marshal of Ireland, and governor of the province of

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Leinster, was created a baronet of Nova Scotia, in 1632; which title descended in succession to his son, and two grandsons,

SIR GEORGE,
SIR HENRY, } the latter of whom was succeeded by his son,
and
SIR GEORGE,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* Anne, daughter of A. Vesey, esq., grand-niece of the celebrated General (in the Irish army of King James the Second,) Patrick Sarsfield, Earl of Lucan, and great-grand-daughter of King Charles the Second, through his illegitimate daughter, Mary, sister of the unfortunate Duke of Monmouth. Sir John was an officer of rank, on the side of James, at the decisive battle of Aughrim, and contributed to the success of William, by deserting his colours. He *d.* in 1749, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR CHARLES, who was elevated to the peerage, on the 24th of July, 1776, by the title of Baron Lucan, of Castleton; and advanced to the earldom of Lucan, on the 6th of October, 1795. His lordship *m.* in 1760, Margaret, daughter and sole heiress of John Smith, esq., of Cannons Leigh, in the county of Devon, by whom he had issue Richard, the present earl; and four daughters. He *d.* on the 29th of March, 1799.

Motto, in English,
Christ is my hope.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

LUDLOW, EARL (George-James Ludlow,) Viscount Preston, and Baron of Ardsalla; *b.* in 1758; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 7th of November, 1811. His lordship, who has lost an arm in the service, is a general officer in the army, colonel of the 38th regiment of foot, lieutenant-governor of Berwick, and a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE PETER LUDLOW, eldest son of Peter Ludlow, esq., by Mary, daughter and heiress of John Preston, esq., of Ardsalla, and grandson of Stephen Ludlow, esq., (the first of the family who settled in Ireland,) being sworn of the privy council in England, and nominated, in 1782, comptroller of his majesty's household, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 19th of December, 1755, by the title of Baron Ardsalla, and advanced, on the 3rd of October, 1760, to the viscounty of Preston, and earldom of Ludlow. His lordship *m.* in 1753, Frances, eldest daughter of Thomas, fourth Earl of Scarborough, by whom he had issue Augustus, his successor; George-James, the present earl; and five daughters. He *d.* in 1803, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

AUGUSTUS, who *d.* unmarried, in 1811, when the family honors devolved upon his brother, the Honorable General Sir George-James Ludlow, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
I hope in adversity and fear in prosperity.

Town Residence—15, New Burlington-street.

Country Seat—Cople, near Bedford, in the county of Bedford.

LUMLEY, VISCOUNT, (Richard-Lumley Saunderson,) of Waterford, in the peerage of Ireland, created 12th July, 1628.

See, Earl Scarborough.

LUSHINGTON, SIR HENRY, baronet, of South-Hill-Park, in the county of Berks; *b.* 27th of October, 1775; *m.* in 1799, Fanny-Maria, eldest daughter of Matthew Lewis, esq., by whom he has issue Henry, *b.* 10th of October, 1802; five other sons, and four daughters. Sir Henry succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 12th of January, 1807, and was nominated consul-general at Naples, in 1815.

Lineage.

STEPHEN LUSHINGTON, esq., third son of the Reverend Doctor Lushington, by Mary, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Altham, archdeacon of Middlesex, *b.* in 1744, a director of the East India company, was created a baronet on the 26th of April, 1791. He *m.* Hester, daughter of John Boldero, esq., of Aspenden Hall, in the county of Herts, by whom he left issue Henry, the present baronet; Stephen-Rumbold, one of the secretaries of the treasury; another son, and five daughters. Sir Stephen *d.* on the 12th of January, 1807.

Residence—The seat of his official employment as consul-general at Naples.

LYNEDOCH, BARON, (Thomas Graham,) of Balgowan, in the county of Perth; *m.* Mary, daughter of Charles, late Lord Cathcart, (who *d.* in 1792,) by whom he has no issue.

This nobleman, who is only son of the late Thomas Graham, esq., by Christian, fourth daughter of Charles, Earl of Hopetoun, having entered early into the military service of his country, attained the rank of lieutenant-general, and distinguished himself by his skill and valour as a commanding officer during the peninsular war, particularly in achieving the celebrated victory of Barrosa, on the 5th of March, 1807, for which services he received the repeated thanks of both houses of parliament, obtained the Grand Cross of the Bath, and was elevated to the peerage on the 17th of May, 1814, as Baron Lynedoch, of Balgowan.

Town Residence—Warren's Hotel, Regent-street, Pall-mall.

Country Seat—Balgowan, Perthshire.

LYTTLETON, LORD, (George-Fulke Littleton,) Baron of Frankley, in the county of Worcester, in the peerage of England; Baron Westcote, of Balamore, in the peerage of Ire-

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land; and a baronet of England; *b.* in October, 1762; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 14th of September, 1808. His lordship is high steward of Bewdley.

Lineage.

THOMAS LITTLETON, esq., of Frankley, lineally descended from the celebrated judge of the common pleas, in the reign of Edward the Fourth, Sir Thomas Littleton, was created a baronet on the 18th of July, 1618. From this gentleman the title descended, uninterruptedly, to the 5th baronet,

SIR GEORGE, eldest son of Sir Thomas, his predecessor, by Christian, daughter of Sir Richard Temple, bart., of Stowe, in the county of Buckingham. This gentleman, having filled many high official stations, was elevated to the peerage in 1756, as Lord Lyttleton, Baron of Frankley, which peerage ceased at the demise of his only son,

THOMAS, in 1779, without issue, but the baronetcy reverted to his lordship's uncle, his father's half-brother,

WILLIAM-HENRY, (eldest son of Sir Thomas Lyttleton, by his second wife, Lady Rachel Russell, eldest daughter of Wriothesley, second Duke of Bedford,) who, after being employed as a diplomatist in several foreign missions, was created a peer of Ireland, on the 21st of July, 1776, as Baron Westcote, of Balamore. His lordship *m.* first, in 1761, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of James Macartney, esq., of the county of Longford, in Ireland, by whom he had issue George Fulke, the present peer; another son, and a daughter; and, secondly, in 1774, Caroline, daughter of John Bristow, esq., by whom he left, at his decease, in 1808, William-Henry, heir presumptive to the peerage, and a daughter. Lord Westcote was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, by the title of Lord Lyttleton, Baron of Frankley, on the 13th of August, 1794.

Motto, in English,
One God, one king.

Country Seat—Hayley Park, Worcestershire.

MACCLESFIELD, EARL OF, (George Parker,) in the county of Chester, Viscount Parker, of Eweline, in the county of Oxford, and Baron Parker, of Macclesfield; *b.* 24th February, 1755; *m.* in 1780, Mary-Frances, daughter and co-heiress of the Rev. Doctor Drake, by whom he has issue an only daughter, Maria, *b.* on the 23rd of January, 1781; *m.* in 1802, Thomas, Lord Binning, eldest son of the Earl of Haddington. The earl succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 29th of February, 1795. His lordship is lord lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the county of Wexford, high steward of Henley, president of the board of agriculture, captain of the yeomen of the guard, D.C.L. and F.R.S.

Lineage.

THOMAS PARKER, esq., an eminent lawyer, in the reign of Queen Anne, was nominated one of her majesty's counsel, and being called to the degree of serjeant-at-law, was appointed queen's serjeant, and received the honor of knighthood on the 8th June, 1705. Sir Thomas was elevated to the chief justiceship of the court of queen's bench, in 1710, and to the peerage, by King George the First, on the 10th of March, 1715-16, as Lord Parker, Baron of Macclesfield, in the county of Chester. His lordship was nominated lord high chancellor of England on the 12th of May, 1718, and created Viscount Parker, of Eweline, in the county of Oxford, and Earl of Macclesfield, on the 5th of November, 1721, with remainder, (in default of male issue,) of the dignities of baroness, viscountess, and countess, to his daughter, Elizabeth, wife of William Heathcote, esq.; and the dignities of baron, viscount, and earl, to her issue male. The earl *m.* Janet, daughter and co-heiress of Charles Carrier, esq., of Warwick, in the county of Derby, by whom he had a son and daughter. He *d.* on the 28th of April, 1732, and was succeeded by his only son,

GEORGE, who *m.* first, in 1722, Mary, eldest daughter of Ralph Lane, esq., an eminent Turkey merchant, by whom he had two sons; and, secondly, in 1757, Miss Nesbitt, by whom he had no child. His lordship *d.* in 1764, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS. This nobleman *m.* in 1749, his cousin, Mary, eldest daughter of Sir William Heathcote, bart., by whom he had issue George, the present peer; another son, and three daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 9th of February, 1795.

Motto, in English,
Dare to be wise.

Town Residence—9, Conduit-street.

Country Seat—Sherborne Castle, Oxfordshire.

MACDONALD, BARON, (Godfrey-Bosville Macdonald,) of Slate, in the county of Antrim, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* in 1775; *m.* in 1803, Miss Louisa-Maria Edser, by whom he has issue James-William; another son, and seven daughters. His lordship, who is a major-general in the army, assumed, in 1814, the surname of Bosville, in addition to and after that of Macdonald, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal uncle, William Bosville, esq., of Gunthwaite, in the county of York; but upon inheriting the family honors, at the demise of his brother, on the 19th of June, 1824, he resumed the family name.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This nobleman is the representative of the Lords of the Isles, a race of princes of Norwegian descent, who, for several generations, held themselves independent of the Scottish monarchs. From those lords directly descended

DONALD MAC DONALD, esq., of Slate, who was created a baronet of Nova Scotia, in 1639. From this gentleman that title passed uninterruptedly to

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SIR ALEXANDER, the ninth baronet, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 17th July, 1776, as Baron Mac Donald, of Slate. His lordship *m.* in 1763, Elizabeth-Diana, eldest daughter of Godfrey Bosville, esq., of Gunthwaite, in the county of York, by whom he had issue Alexander-Wentworth, his successor; Godfrey, the present peer; four other sons, and a daughter. He *d.* on the 12th of September, 1795, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER-WENTWORTH, who *d.* unmarried, in 1824, when the family honors devolved upon his brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
By sea and by land.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Gunthwaite, Yorkshire.

MACDONALD, THE RIGHT HONORABLE SIR ARCHIBALD, baronet, of East Sheen, in the county of Surrey; *m.* in 1777, Louisa, eldest daughter of Granville Levison, late Marquess of Stafford, by whom he has issue James, (who *m.* twice: first, Elizabeth, daughter of John Sparrow, esq.; and, secondly, Lady Sophia Keppel, eldest daughter of the Earl of Albemarle; both deceased,) and two daughters.

This gentleman, who is uncle to the present Lord Mac Donald, being bred to the bar, was appointed, in 1784, solicitor-general; in 1788, attorney-general; in 1793, chief baron of the court of exchequer; and created a baronet on the 27th of November, 1813.

Motto, in English,
By land and by sea.

Town Residence—20, Duke-street, Westminster.
Country Seat—East Sheen, Surrey.

MACKENZIE, SIR ALEXANDER-MUIR, baronet, of Delvine, in the county of Perth; *m.* Jane, daughter of Sir Robert Murray, of Clermont, bart., by whom he has no issue.

This gentleman, who is the eldest son of the late George Muir, esq., of Cassencaire, by Margaret, daughter of Alexander Mackenzie, esq., of Delvine, assumed the surname of Mackenzie, upon succeeding to the estates of his great-uncle, John Mackenzie, esq., of Delvine, and was created a baronet on the 9th of November, 1805.

Motto, in English,
Ready for either.

Country Seat—Delvine, Perthshire.

MAC MAHON, THE RIGHT HONORABLE SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of the city of Dublin; *b.* in 1776; *m.* first, in 1807, Frances, daughter of Beresford Burston, esq., of the Irish bar, by whom he has issue Beresford-Burston, *b.* 14th February, 1808; and another son; and, secondly, in 1814, Charlotte, daughter of the late Robert Shaw, esq., of Dublin, and sister of the present Sir Robert Shaw, bart., by whom he has a son, *b.* in 1815.

This gentleman, who is a son of the late John Mac Mahon, esq., patentee comptroller of the port of Limerick, by his second wife, Mary, daughter of James Stackpole, esq., of Cork, being bred to the bar, was appointed master of the rolls, in Ireland, and created a baronet on the 6th of May, 1815.

Motto, in English,
Thus we our sacred rights defend.

Residence—Dublin.

MAC MAHON, SIR THOMAS, baronet, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, on the 12th of September, 1817. Sir Thomas Mac Mahon is a colonel in the army, lieutenant-colonel of the 17th regiment of foot, and adjutant-general to his majesty's forces in India.

Lineage.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE JOHN MAC MAHON, eldest son of John Mac Mahon, esq., patentee comptroller of the port of Limerick, being appointed private secretary and keeper of the privy purse to his present majesty when Prince Regent, was sworn of the privy counsel, and created a baronet on the 7th of August, 1817, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brother, Thomas, the present baronet. Sir John *d.* on the 12th of September, 1817, and leaving no children, the title devolved according to the special limitation of the patent.

Motto, in English,
Thus we our sacred rights defend.

MACWORTH, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Normanton, in the county of Rutland, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 23rd of October, 1773.

Lineage.

THOMAS MACWORTH, esq., of Normanton, was created a baronet on the 4th of June, 1619, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who was also succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman dying unmarried, in 1744-5, the title reverted to his kinsman,

SIR THOMAS, great-grandson of Sir Henry, the second baronet, through his second son, Robert. This gentleman *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of John Maule, esq., of Ecton, in the county of Northampton, by whom he had four daughters; and, secondly, Mrs. Walker, relict of the Reverend Mr. Walker, and daughter of the Reverend Leonard Reresby, by whom he had no child. Dying thus without male issue, in 1769, the title devolved upon his cousin,

SIR HENRY, great-grandson of Sir Henry, the second baronet, through his third son, Henry Macworth, esq. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Edward Lamb, by whom he had an only son, the present baronet. Sir Henry *d.* in 1773.

Country Seat—Garant, in the county of Norfolk.

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MACKWORTH, SIR DIGBY, baronet, of Gnoll, in the county of Glamorgan; *m.* first, Jane, only daughter and heiress of the Rev. Matthew Deere, by whom he has issue Digby, *b.* 23rd of June, 1789; three other sons, and four daughters; and secondly, in 1821, Penelope, daughter of the Rev. James Affleck, and sister of the present Sir James Affleck, baronet, by whom he has no child. Sir James Mackworth succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1794.

Lineage.

HERBERT MACKWORTH, esq. was created a baronet on the 14th of August, 1776. He *m.* Juliana, daughter of William, Lord Digby, by whom he had two sons, (successive baronets,) and two daughters. Sir Herbert *d.* in 1791, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT HUMPHREY, who *m.* in 1792, Mary-Anne, daughter of Nathaniel Miers, esq., of Neath, in the county of Glamorgan, by whom he had no issue. He *d.* on the 13th of September, 1794, when the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet, but his estates he bequeathed to his widow.

Motto, in English,
Death before disgrace.

MAHON, SIR ROSS, baronet, of Castlegar, in the county of Galway, *m.*
and has issue a daughter, *b.* 14th January, 1824.

This gentleman, who is eldest son of Ross Mahon, esq., of Castlegar, by Anne, daughter of John, first Earl of Altamont, was created a baronet on the 14th of April, 1819.

Country Seat—Castlegar, in the county of Galway.

MAINWARING, SIR HENRY-MAINWARING, baronet, of Over-Peover, in the county of Chester; *m.* in January, 1803, Sophia, youngest daughter of Sir Robert-Salisbury Cotton, baronet, and sister of the present Stapleton, Lord Combermere, by whom he has issue two sons and two daughters. This gentleman, who is eldest son of the late Thomas Wittenhall, esq., assumed the surname of Mainwaring, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his cousin, Sir Henry Mainwaring, baronet, (at whose demise, in 1797, that title ceased,) and was created a baronet on the 26th of May, 1804.

Motto, in English,
Foremost if I can.

Country Seat—Over-Peover, Cheshire.

MAITLAND, SIR ALEXANDER-CHARLES-MAITLAND-GIBSON, baronet, of Ross Hebe, in the county of Hertford; *m.* in 1786, Helen, daughter and sole heiress of Alexander-Gibson Wright, esq., of Clifton-Hall, in the county of Mid Lothian, by whom he has issue four sons and four daughters. Sir Alexander succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father on the 14th of February, 1820.

Lineage.

THE HONORABLE GENERAL ALEXANDER MAITLAND, fifth son of Charles, sixth Earl of Lauderdale, and uncle to the present earl, was created a baronet, on the 30th of November, 1818. He *m.* in 1754, Penelope, daughter of Colonel Madan, by whom he had issue Alexander-Charles-Maitland-Gibson, the present baronet; two other sons, and two daughters. Sir Alexander *d.* on the 14th of July, 1820.

Motto, in English,
By council and courage.

Country Seats—Clifton Hall, in the county of Mid-Lothian; and Ross Hill, Hertfordshire.

MALET, SIR ALEXANDER, baronet, of Wilbury House, in the county of Wilts; *b.* in 1800; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 24th of January, 1815.

Lineage.

CHARLES-WARRE MALET, esq., (great-grandson of Sir Thomas Malet, a distinguished partisan of the house of Stuart, who sat as judge at the trial of the Regicides,) having held several offices of trust and emolument in the East Indies, under the honorable the East India Company, was created a baronet, on the 12th of February, 1791. He *m.* in 1799, Susannah, eldest daughter of James Wales, esq., by whom he had issue Alexander, the present baronet; seven other sons, and two daughters. Sir Charles *d.* in 1815.

Motto, in English,
My strength is from above.

Country Seat—Wilbury House, near Amesbury, in the county of Wilts.

MALMESBURY, EARL OF, (James-Edward Harris,) Viscount Fitz-Harris, of Hurn Court, in the county of Southampton, and Baron Malmesbury, of Malmesbury, in the county of Wilts; *b.* on the 19th of August, 1778; *m.* in 1806, Harriet-Susan, daughter of Francis-Bateman Dashwood, esq., of Well Vale, in the county of Lincoln, (who *d.* in 1810,) by whom he has issue James Howard, Viscount Fitz-Harris, *b.* 26th March, 1807; and two other sons. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in November, 1820.

Lineage.

JAMES HARRIS, esq., (eldest son of James Harris, esq., secretary and comptroller to the late Queen Charlotte, by Elizabeth, daughter of John Clarke, esq., of Sandford,) having been employed as a diplomatist of the first rank, was invested with the order of the Bath in 1779, and created a peer of the realm on the 19th of September, 1788, by the title of Baron Malmesbury. His lordship was advanced, on the 29th of December, 1800, to the dignities of Viscount Fitz-Harris, and Earl of Malmesbury. He *m.* in 1777, Harriett-Mary, youngest daughter of Sir George Amyand, baronet, and aunt of the present Sir George Cornewall, (late Amyand,) baronet, by whom he had issue James-Edward, the present

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peer; three other sons, and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1820.

Motto, in English,

I have remembered my country everywhere.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Park-place, Oxon; and Hurncourt, Hampshire.

MANCHESTER, DUKE OF, (William Montagu,) Earl of Manchester, Viscount Mandeville, and Baron Montagu, of Kimbolton; *b.* 21st September, 1771; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, in 1788; *m.* in 1793, Susan, daughter of Alexander, present Duke of Gordon, by whom he has issue George, Viscount Mandeville; another son, and five daughters. His lordship is captain-general and governor of the island of Jamaica, and lord lieutenant of the county of Huntingdon.

Lineage.

The surname of this noble family was anciently written, in Latin, *de Monte Acuto*, and in English, Montacute; but the original was, nevertheless, Montagu, from the town of that name in Normandy. The first of the family who came to England was

Drogo de Monteacuto, a warrior in the immediate train of Robert, Earl of Morton, half-brother of William the Conqueror, at the period of the Norman invasion, in 1066 From this personage descended, in nearly five centuries afterwards,

Sir Edward Montagu, knight, a distinguished lawyer, who was appointed lord chief justice of the Court of King's Bench, in 1539, which office he resigned in 1545; and was constituted, in the same year, lord chief justice of the Common Pleas. "A descent," says Fuller, "in honor, but an ascent in profit." His lordship *m.* thrice, and the eldest son of his third marriage, (the sons of his first marriage all died in infancy,)

Sir Edward Montagu, knight, was father of

Sir Henry Montagu, who represented the city of London, in the first parliament of King James the first, held at Westminster, on the 19th of March, 1604, and was a very eloquent and distinguished senator. In 1616, he was appointed lord chief justice of the Court of King's Bench; in 1620, nominated lord treasurer of England; and on the 19th of December, in the same year, elevated to the peerage as Baron Montagu, of Kimbolton, and Viscount Mandeville. Upon the accession of King Charles the first, on the 5th of February, 1626, his lordship was advanced to an earldom, as Earl of Manchester. He *d.* on the 7th of November, 1642, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Edward, who was summoned to the upper house of parliament in the life-time of his father, as Baron Kimbolton. This nobleman was an active and successful general of the parliamentary army, during the civil wars. His lordship, however, refused to sanction the murder of the king, and retired from parliament until 1660, when he assisted at the meeting of peers, who voted for the restoration of King Charles the Second, a measure, to the accomplishment of which he was subsequently and mainly instrumental, and was deputed by the lords, as their speaker, to congratulate the king upon his return to his capital; a duty, which the earl eloquently fulfilled at Whitehall, on the 29th of May, 1660. His lordship *m.* five times, but had issue only by his second wife, (Lady Anne Rich, daughter of Robert, Earl of Warwick;) and his third, (Essex, daughter of Sir Thomas Cheek, knight,) namely, by the former, a son and two daughters; and by the latter, six sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 5th of May, 1671, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, who *d.* in 1682, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Charles. This nobleman, having filled several diplomatic employments of the first rank, was created Duke of Manchester, on the 13th of April, 1719. His grace *m.* Dodington, daughter and co-heiress of Lord Brook, by whom he had issue two sons and four daughters; the second eldest of the latter, Lady Dodington Montagu, was unfortunately burnt to death at the advanced age of 80, at her house in Lower Grosvenor-street, on the 8th of January, 1774. The duke *d.* on the 20th of January, 1731-2, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, who *d.* without issue, on the 21st of October, 1739, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

Robert. This nobleman *m.* Harriet, daughter and co-heiress of Edmund Dunch, esq., of Little Wittenham, in the county of Berks, by whom he had issue two sons and two daughters. His grace *d.* on the 10th of May, 1762, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George, who *m.* in 1762, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir James Dashwood, of Northbrook and Kirtlington, baronet, by whom he had issue George, who *d.* in boyhood; William, the present duke; two other sons, and three daughters. His grace *d.* on the 2nd of September, 1778.

Motto, in English,

By disposing of me, not by changing me.

Residence—The seat of his government at Jamaica.

Country Seat—Kimbolton Castle, in the county of Huntingdon.

MANNERS, BARON, (Thomas Manners-Sutton,) of Foston, in the county of Lincoln; *b.* 24th February, 1756; *m.* first, in 1803, Anne, daughter of Sir Joseph Copley, of Sprotborough, baronet, by whom he had no issue; and secondly, in 1815, Jane, daughter of James Butler, esq., of Fethard, sister of the late, and aunt of the present Earl of Glengall, by whom he has an only son, *b.* 17th of August, 1818.

His lordship, who is youngest son of Lord George Manners-Sutton, (the latter surname was assumed by Lord George, upon inheriting the estates of his maternal grandfather, Robert Sutton, Baron Lexington, at the demise of his

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elder brother, Lord Robert Manners-Sutton, in 1762,) third son of John, third Duke of Rutland, being bred to the bar, was appointed solicitor-general of England, in 1802; one of the barons of the exchequer, in 1805; and lord chancellor of Ireland, in 1807; upon which occasion, he was elevated to the peerage, (20th April, 1807,) as Baron Manners, of Foston.

Motto, in English,

In order to accomplish.

Town Residence—Dublin.

Country Seat—Foston, Lincolnshire.

MANSEL, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Muddlescombe, in the county of Carmarthen, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father on the 3rd of June, 1804; *m.* by whom he had two sons. The eldest, the Rev. John-William Mansel, *m.* in 1814, Harriet-Charlotte, third daughter of Laver Oliver, esq., of Brill House, in the county of Buckingham, and *d.* in 1823, leaving a posthumous son, *b.* 5th of October, 1823. The youngest son, Colonel John Mansel, *m.* in 1815, Louisa, eldest daughter of William-Morton Pleydell, esq., of Whitcombe House, in the county of Dorset.

Lineage.

FRANCIS MANSEL, esq. was created a baronet on the 14th of July, 1621. He *m.* twice, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR EDWARD, who *d.* without male issue, when the title devolved upon his cousin,

SIR RICHARD, grandson of the first baronet, through his youngest son, Richard Mansel, esq. This gentleman was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR RICHARD, who *d.* unmarried, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* Amy, eldest daughter of Sir Richard Cox, by whom he had three daughters and a son, besides his successor,

SIR RICHARD, who was succeeded by his only son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of John Phillips, esq., of Coedgain, in the county of Carmarthen, by whom he had issue William, the present baronet; and Richard, who assumed, by royal permission, in 1793, the surname of Phillips. Sir William *d.* in 1804.

Motto, in English,

What he wishes, he wishes fervently.

Country Seat—Ischoel, in the county of Carmarthen.

MANSFIELD, EARL OF, (William Murray,) in the county of Middlesex, in the peerage of England; Viscount Stormont, and Baron Scone and Balvaird, in the peerage of Scotland; *b.* in 1777; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 1st of September, 1796; *m.* in 1797, Frederica, daughter of his Grace, William, (Markham,) late archbishop of York, by whom he has issue William-David, Lord Murray, *b.* 21st February, 1806; two other sons, and five daughters. The earl is hereditary keeper of the palace of Scone, and lord lieutenant of the county of Clackmannan, F.R.S. and A.S.

Lineage.

This noble family derives its origin from a common ancestor with the ducal house of Athol, namely, Sir William Murray, knt., of Tullibarden. From this gentleman's son,

SIR ANDREW MURRAY, descended

SIR DAVID MURRAY, cupbearer to King James the Sixth, of Scotland, who, becoming a great favourite with his majesty, (having been instrumental in preserving his life from the attempt of the Earl of Gourie, and his brother, Mr. Ruthven, in the town of Perth, on the 5th of August, 1600,) was created Lord Scone, on the 7th of April, 1605, and advanced to the viscounty of Stormont on the 16th of August, 1621. His lordship *d.* on the 27th of August, 1631, and, having no issue, he obtained, previous to his decease, a reversionary clause to his patent, conferring his honors upon his kinsman,

SIR MUNGO MURRAY, from whom those honors descended (having, for some time, merged in the higher title of Earl of Annandale) to

DAVID, fifth Viscount Stormont, and third Lord Balvaird, who succeeded to his father, upon the 7th of October, 1668. This nobleman *m.* Margery, only daughter of David Scott, esq., of Scotstarvet, by whom he had issue David, his successor; four other sons, and eight daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 9th of November, 1731, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

DAVID, sixth Viscount Stormont, who *m.* in 1726, Anne, only daughter and heiress of John Stewart, esq., of Inneryntie, by whom he had David, his successor; another son, and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1748. In the same year that the fifth Lord Stormont *d.* 1731, his third son,

THE HONORABLE WILLIAM MURRAY, was called to the English bar, and his success was unprecedentedly rapid. Reaching, almost immediately, the head of his profession, he was nominated solicitor-general, in 1742; attorney-general, in 1754; and in two years afterwards, (on the 8th of November, 1756,) lord chief-justice of the court of king's bench, when he was elevated to the peerage, (upon the same day,) by the title of Baron Mansfield, of Mansfield, in the county of Nottingham. His lordship was created Earl of Mansfield, of the county of Nottingham, on the 31st of October, 1776, with remainder of the dignity of Countess of Mansfield to Louisa, Viscountess Stormont, wife of his nephew, David, Viscount Stormont; and, on the 1st of August, 1792, Earl of Mansfield, of Caen Wood, in the county of Middlesex, with remainder to his nephew, the above-mentioned David, Viscount Stormont. His lordship dying without issue, in March, 1793, the original barony of Mansfield was extinguished; the earldom of Mansfield, of the county of Nottingham, devolved in the title of countess upon his niece; and

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the earldom of Mansfield, of Caen Wood, upon his nephew,

DAVID, seventh Viscount Stormont. His lordship *m.* first, in 1759, Henrietta-Frederica, daughter of Henry, Count Bunau, privy councillor to the Elector of Saxony, by whom he had two daughters; and, secondly, in 1776, Louisa, third daughter of Charles, Lord Cathcart, by whom he had issue William, the present peer; three other sons, and a daughter. His lordship *d.* on the 1st of September, 1796.

Motto, in English,
Friendly to virtue alone.

Town Residence—43, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seats—Caen Wood, near Hampstead; Scone Palace, Perthshire.

MANSFIELD, COUNTESS OF, (Louisa Greville,) of the county of Nottingham; *b.* in 1758; *m.* in 1776, David, Viscount Stormont, by whom she had issue William, present Earl of Mansfield, and other children; and, secondly, after the decease of his lordship, in 1797, the Honorable Robert-Fulke Greville, son of Francis, first Earl of Brooke and Warwick, by whom she has a son and two daughters.

Her ladyship, who is youngest daughter of Charles, late Lord Cathcart, succeeded to the title of Countess of Mansfield upon the demise of her first husband's (Lord Stormont) uncle, William, first Earl of Mansfield, in 1796.

See, Earl Mansfield.

Town Residence—37, Brook-street.

MANVERS, EARL, (Charles-Herbert Pierrepont,) Viscount Newark, and Baron Pierrepont; *b.* 11th August, 1778; *m.* in 1804, Mary, eldest daughter of Anthony-Hardolph Eyre, esq., of Grove Park, in the county of Nottingham, by whom he has issue Viscount Newark, *b.* in 1805, and two daughters. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 17th of June, 1816.

Lineage.

PHILIP MEDOWS, esq., son of Sir Philip Medows, knight marshal of the king's palace, *m.* in 1734, Frances, only sister and heiress of Evelyn Pierrepont, last Duke of Kingston, by whom he had, with other children,

CHARLES, who assumed the surname and arms, (by royal permission, in 1788,) of Pierrepont, upon succeeding to the estates of his uncle, the Earl of Kingston, and was created, on the 23rd of July, 1796, Baron Pierrepont and Viscount Newark. His lordship was advanced to the dignity of Earl Manvers, on the 9th of April, 1806. He *m.* in 1774, Anne, youngest daughter of John Mills, esq., of Richmond, by whom he had issue Charles-Herbert, the present earl; and four other sons. His lordship *d.* in 1816.

Motto, in English,
In pious confidence.

Town Residence—13, Portman-square.

Country Seat—Thoresby-Park, near Ollerton, Nottinghamshire.

MARJORIBANKS, SIR JOHN, baronet; *b.* 13th January, 1763; *m.* 15th June, 1791, Allison, daughter of William Ramsay, esq., of Barnton, in the county of Midlothian, by whom he has issue Edmund, *b.* 13th January, 1792; three other sons, and five daughters.

This gentleman, who is only son of Edward Marjoribanks, esq., of Hallyards, in the county of Midlothian, by Grace, daughter of Archibald Stewart, esq., was created a baronet on the 6th of May, 1815.

Motto,
Advance with courage.

Country Seats—Hallyards, in the county of Midlothian; and Lees, in Berwickshire.

MARLBOROUGH, DUKE OF, (George-Spencer Churchill,) Marquess of Blandford, Earl of Sunderland, Earl of Marlborough, Baron Spencer, of Wormleighton, and Baron Churchhill, of Sandridge; *b.* 6th March, 1766; *m.* in 1791, Susan, daughter of John, Earl of Galloway, by whom he has issue George, Marquess of Blandford, *b.* 27th December, 1793; (his lordship *m.* in 1819, Jane, eldest daughter of George, Earl of Galloway, and has a son, the Earl of Sunderland, *b.* 2nd June, 1822;) and two other sons. His grace succeeded to the honors of his family upon the demise of his father, on the 30th of January, 1817. He had previously, in 1807, obtained a royal license to assume and bear the surname and arms of his distinguished predecessor, John, (Churchill,) first Duke of Marlborough.

The duke is a prince of the holy Roman empire.

Lineage.

SIR ROBERT SPENCER, knt., of Wormleighton, in the county of Northumberland, descended from Geoffry Le Despencer, younger brother of Hugh, justiciar of England, was elevated to the peerage on the 21st of July, 1603, by the title of Baron Spencer, of Wormleighton. The grandson of this nobleman,

HENRY, third baron, was created, on the 8th of June, 1643, Earl of Sunderland. His lordship *m.* Dorothy, daughter of Robert, Earl of Leicester, and falling at the battle of Newbury, in 1643, was succeeded by his only son,

ROBERT, K.G., who was succeeded, in 1702, by his son,

CHARLES, also K.G. This nobleman was a distinguished statesman, and filled the offices of principal secretary of state, in the reigns of Queen Anne and King George the First. His lordship *m.* first, Arabella, daughter and co-heiress of Henry, Duke of Newcastle, by whom he had an only daughter; secondly, Anne, second daughter of John, first and celebrated Duke of Marlborough, by whom he had two sons and two daughters; and, thirdly, Judith,

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daughter and co-heiress of Benjamin Tichborne, esq., by whom he left no child. He *d.* on the 21st of April, 1729, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ROBERT, who *d.* unmarried, in the same year, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

CHARLES, who, upon the demise of his aunt, Harriett, Countess of Godolphin and Duchess of Marlborough, succeeded to the honors of his illustrious grandfather,

JOHN CHURCHILL, the great military commander in the reign of Queen Anne, who, in recompense for his extraordinary achievements, was created Baron Churchill, of Sandridge, in the county of Herts, on the 14th of May, 1685; Earl of Marlborough, on the 9th of April, 1689; Marquess of Blandford, and Duke of Marlborough, on the 14th of December, 1702. His grace *m.* Sarah, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Jennings, esq., by whom he had issue John, who *d.* in boyhood, and four daughters. Upon the decease of his grace's son, an act of parliament was passed, on the 21st of December, 1702, entailing the duke's well-merited honors upon his daughters successively, and their heirs male. In consequence of which, at the decease of Harriet, the eldest, wife of Francis, Earl of Godolphin, without male issue, who inherited, upon the demise of the duke in 1722, those honors devolved upon Charles, already mentioned, eldest son of Anne, the second daughter, by Charles, Earl of Sunderland, who then became second

DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH. His grace *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas, Lord Trevor, by whom he had issue George, his successor; two other sons, and two daughters. The duke *d.* on the 20th of October, 1758, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, K.G. His grace *m.* in 1762, Caroline, only daughter of John, fourth Duke of Bedford, by whom he had issue George, present duke; two other sons, the youngest of which, Francis-Almaric, was created, in 1815, Baron Churchill; and five daughters. The duke *d.* on the 30th of January, 1817.

Motto, in English,

Faithful, though unfortunate.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Blenheim-House, Oxon; Sion-Hill, Middlesex; and Lockeridge-House, Wilts.

MARR, EARL OF, (John-Thomas Erskine,) *b.* in 1771; succeeded to the title, upon the demise of his father, in 1825.

The honors of the house of Marr being of Scotland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This is one of the most ancient families in the Scottish peerage; so old, indeed, that the date of the creation of its honors is lost in its antiquity. The first Earl of Marr, of whom mention is made, is

MARTACUS, contemporary with Malcolm Canmore, King of Scotland, and William the Conqueror. From this nobleman descended

JAMES, Earl of Marr, who was elected Regent of Scotland, on the 6th of September, 1571. His lordship *d.* in the following year, and was succeeded by his only son,

JOHN, from whom the title descended, uninterruptedly, to

JOHN, denominated the eleventh earl, a knight of the Thistle, and secretary of state for Scotland, in 1706. His lordship attaching himself, however, to the fortunes of the Pretender, and taking an active part in the rebellion of 1715, followed his royal master to Rome; and was attainted, by act of parliament, in 1715. He *d.* in 1732; and his only son, Thomas, Lord Erskine, in 1788. From the period of passing the bill of attainder, the earldom remained under its influence, until revived, through the gracious and special recommendation of his present majesty, by parliament, on the 17th of June, 1824, in favour of

JOHN FRANCIS ERSKINE, esq., son of James Erskine, knight marshal of Scotland, by Frances, only daughter of John the attainted Earl of Marr, and great-grandson of Charles, tenth earl, through his second son, the Honorable James Erskine, of the Grange. His lordship was *b.* in 1741; *m.* in 1770, Frances, only daughter of Charles Floyer, esq., governor of Madras, by whom he had issue John-Thomas, the present peer; three other sons, and four daughters.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—

MARYBOROUGH, BARON, (William Wellesley-Pole,) of Maryborough, in the Queen's county; *b.* 20th of May, 1763; *m.* in 1784, Catharine-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Admiral the Honorable John Forbes, second son of George, third Earl of Granard, by Mary, daughter of William, third Earl of Essex, and has issue William-Pole-Tilney-Long, (who assumed the surnames of Tilney and Long, upon marrying the late Catharine, eldest daughter of Sir James Tilney-Long;) and three daughters.

His lordship, who is second son of Garrett, late Earl of Mornington, and brother to the Duke of Wellington, and the Marquess of Wellesley, assumed the surname of Pole, upon succeeding to the estates of his cousin, William Pole, esq., of Bally Lea, and was elevated to the peerage, on the 15th of August, 1821, by the title of Baron Maryborough, of Maryborough, in the Queen's county. Lord Maryborough is master of the king's staghounds.

Motto, in English,

Moreover, one thing is needful.

Town Residence—3, Saville-street.

Country Seat—Fern Hill, Windsor.

MARTIN, SIR ROGER, baronet, of Long Melford, in the county of Suffolk; *b.* 22nd Feb., 1778; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in October, 1815. Sir Roger is senior merchant, and second judge of the court of

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appeal, at Moorshedabad, on the Bengal establishment.

Lineage.

ROGER MARTIN, esq., son of Richard Martin, esq., by Jane, daughter of Sir Henry Bedingfield, of Oxborough, was created a baronet, on the 28th of March, 1667. He *d.* in 1712, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROGER, who *d.* in 1742, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR ROGER. This gentleman *m.* Sophia, daughter of Brigadier-General Mordaunt, and niece of the Earl of Peterborough, by whom he had a son and a daughter. He *d.* in 1762, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR MORDAUNT, who *m.* first, in 1765, Everilda-Dorothea, third daughter of the Rev. William Smith, by whom he had issue Roger, the present baronet, and seven daughters; and secondly, in 1808, Mrs. North, relict of the Rev. Edward North, by whom he had no child. Sir Mordaunt *d.* in 1815.

Motto, in English,

The fear of the Lord is the commencement of wisdom.

Country Seats—Burnham, in the county of Norfolk; and Long Melford, Suffolk.

MARTIN, SIR HENRY-WILLIAM, bart., of Lockynge, in the county of Berks; *b.* 20th Dec. 1768; *m.* in 1792, Catharine, daughter of Thomas Powell, esq., of the Cheshunts, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he has issue Henry, *b.* 3rd of October, 1801; and Catharine-Elizabeth, *b.* 19th of February, 1808. Sir Henry succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 1st of August, 1794.

Lineage.

HENRY MARTIN, esq., eldest son of Samuel Martin, esq., by his second wife, Sarah, daughter of Edward Wyke, esq., lieutenant-governor of Montserrat, was created a baronet, on the 21st of June, 1791. He *m.* Eliza-Anne, daughter of Harding Parker, esq., of Hillbrook, in the county of Cork, and relict of Hayward Gillman, esq., by whom he had issue Henry-William, the present baronet; Sir Thomas-Byam, K.B., admiral in the navy; another son, and four daughters. Sir Henry *d.* in 1794.

Motto, in English,

Aid from above.

Town Residence—51, Upper Harley-street.

Country Seat—Lockynge, Berkshire.

MASSERENE, VISCOUNTESS, (Harriet Skeffington,) and Baroness Loughneagh, in the peerage of Ireland; *m.* in 1810, Thomas-Henry Foster, Viscount Ferrard, of Ireland, who assumed the name of Skeffington, and has issue a son, *b.* 30th of November, 1812; and a daughter, *b.* 11th of April, 1816. Her ladyship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of her father, on the 25th of February, 1816.

Lineage.

SIR JOHN CLOTWORTHY, a very active personage in promoting the restoration of King Charles the Second, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, upon the accomplishment of that event, on the 21st of November, 1660, as Baron of Loughneagh, and Viscount Massereene, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his son-in-law, Sir John Skeffington, the husband of his only daughter, Mary, and his issue male, by his said wife; in default of which, to the heirs general of his lordship. The viscount *d.* in 1665, and the titles devolved, according to the reversionary proviso, upon his son-in-law, aforesaid,

SIR JOHN SKEFFINGTON, who *d.* in 1695, and was succeeded by his son,

CLOTWORTHY. This nobleman *d.* in 1713, and was succeeded by his son,

CLOTWORTHY, who was succeeded, in 1738, by his son,

CLOTWORTHY, created, on the 3rd of July, 1756, Earl of Massereene. His lordship *m.* first, in 1738, Anne, eldest daughter of the Rev. Richard Daniel, Dean of Down, by whom he had no issue; and secondly, in 1751, Elizabeth, only daughter of Henry Eyre, esq., of the county of Derby, by whom he had several children. He *d.* in 1759, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CLOTWORTHY. This nobleman *m.* twice, but dying without issue in 1805, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

HENRY, who *d.* unmarried, on the 12th of June, 1811, when the peerage descended to his brother,

CHICHESTER. This nobleman *m.* Harriet, eldest daughter of Robert, first Earl of Roden, by whom he had issue an only daughter, Harriet, to whom descended, at his lordship's decease, in 1816, the viscounty of Massereene, and the barony of Loughneagh, but the earldom became extinct.

Country Seat—Cullon-House, in the county of Louth.

MASSY, BARON, (Hugh-Hamon Massy,) of Duntrileague, in the county of Limerick; *b.* 13th of February, 1793; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 20th of June, 1812.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

The first of this noble family that settled in Ireland, was General

HUGH MASSY, who went over, in a military command, to repress the rebellion of 1641. This gentleman's great-grandson,

HUGH MASSY, esq., eldest son of Colonel Hugh Massy, of Duntrileague, in the county of Limerick, by Elizabeth, daughter of the Right Honorable George Evans, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 4th of August, 1776, as Baron Massy. His lordship *d.* in 1788, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Hugh, who was succeeded, in 1790, by his eldest son,

Hugh. This nobleman *m.* in 1792, Margaret, youngest daughter of William Barton, esq., of Grove, in the county of Tipperary, by whom he had issue Hugh-Hamon, the present peer; two other sons, and six daughters.

Motto, in English,

For the liberty of my country.

Country Seat—Duntrileague, in the county of Limerick.

MAXWELL, SIR DAVID, baronet, of Cardiness, in the county of Kirkcudbright; *b.* 18th of June, 1773; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1825. Sir David was a captain in the first regiment of foot guards.

Lineage.

Lieutenant-Colonel David Maxwell was created a baronet, on the 9th of June, 1804. He *m.* his cousin Henrietta, daughter of his uncle, David Maxwell, esq., of Kamsmoor, by whom he had issue David, the present baronet; two other sons, and three daughters. Sir David *d.* in 1825.

Motto,

Think not.

Country Seat—Cardiness, Kircudbright.

MAYNARD, VISCOUNT, (Henry Maynard,) of Easton Lodge, and Baron Maynard, of Much Easton, both in the county of Essex, and a baronet; *b.* 3rd of March, 1786; *m.* in 1810, Miss Rabbett, only daughter of Benjamin Rabbett, esq. of Bramfield Hall, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he has no children. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family upon the demise of his uncle, on the 10th of March, 1824, and was nominated, in April, 1825, lord-lieutenant of the county of Essex.

Lineage.

This noble family deduces its descent from Mainard, or Maignard, one of the military officers who accompanied William the Conqueror, in 1066. It was not, however, distinguished by hereditary honors until nearly six centuries afterwards, when

William Maynard, esq., eldest son of Sir Henry Maynard, knt., secretary to the celebrated statesman, Cecil, Lord Burleigh, received the honor of knighthood, (on the 7th of March, 1768;) was created a baronet, on the 29th of June, 1611; a peer of Ireland, on the 30th May, 1620, by the title of Lord Maynard, of Wicklow; and enrolled amongst the peers of England, as Baron Maynard, of Estaines, in the county of Essex, on the 14th of March, 1628. His lordship *d.* on the 18th of December, 1639, and was succeeded by his only son,

William, who was appointed, after the Restoration, comptroller of the household, and sworn a member of the privy council, which office he also filled in the reign of King James the Second. His lordship *d.* in 1698, and was succeeded by his third and eldest surviving son,

Banastre. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter of Henry (Grey), Earl of Kent, by whom he had eight sons and three daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 4th of March, 1717-18, and was succeeded by his third and eldest surviving son,

Henry, who *d.* unmarried, in 1742, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

Grey, who also *d.* unmarried, (in 1745,) when the honors descended to another brother,

Charles. This nobleman was created, on the 18th of October, 1766, Baron Maynard, of Much Easton, and Viscount Maynard, of Easton Lodge, both in the county of Essex, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the descendants male of his kinsman, Sir William Maynard, bart., of Waltons, in the county of Essex, (a baronetcy conferred in 1681.) His lordship *d.* at the advanced age of eighty-five, on the 30th of June, 1775, and never having been married, the baronetcy and the original Irish and English baronies became extinct, but the viscounty and last barony devolved, according to the reversionary clause in the patent, upon

Sir Charles Maynard, baronet, son of Sir William Maynard, by Charlotte, daughter of Sir Cecil Bishopp, bart., and great-great-grand-nephew of the first baron, being the direct descendant of his brother, Charles Maynard, esq., auditor of the exchequer in the reign of Charles the Second, who *d.* in 1665. This nobleman *m.* in 1776, Mrs. Anne Horton, but dying without issue, on the 10th of March, 1824, the peerage devolved upon his nephew, Henry Maynard, esq., the present viscount, who is the son of the late William Maynard, esq., and grandson of Sir William Maynard, bart.

Motto, in English,

The just hand is as precious as ointment.

Town Residence—38, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Easton, near Dunmow, Essex.

MAYO, EARL OF, (John Bourke,) Viscount Mayo, and Baron of Naas, in the county of Kildare, D.C.L.; *b.* 18th of June, 1766; *m.* in 1792, Arabella, daughter of William-Macworth Pread, esq., of Britton House, in the county of Devon, by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family at the decease of his father, on the 20th of August, 1794.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present earl sits as one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This distinguished house claims a common ancestor with that of Burke or De Burgh, earls and marquesses of Clanricarde, but it is more immediately descended from an elder branch of the family of Bourke, Viscount Mayo, a peerage created in 1627, which ceased with the eighth viscount, in 1767.

John Bourke, esq. *m.* in 1725, Mary, third daughter and co-heiress of the Right Honorable Lord Chief Baron Deane, of the Irish exchequer, by whom he left issue three sons and a daughter. Mr. Bourke

was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 1st of August, 1776, by the title of Baron Naas, created Viscount Mayo, on the 13th of January, 1781, and advanced to the dignity of Earl of Mayo, on the 24th of June, 1785. His lordship *d.* in 1790, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, who *d.* without issue, when the honors of the family devolved upon his brother,

JOSEPH-DEANE (BOURKE), Lord Archbishop of Tuam. His grace *m.* in 1760, Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir Richard Meade, bart., and sister of John, first Earl of Clanwilliam, by whom he left issue John, the present earl; the Right Reverend Richard, Lord Bishop of Waterford, heir-presumptive to the peerage; the Reverend Joseph, Dean of Ossory; the Reverend George-Theobald; and eight daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1794.

Motto, in English,
Salvation by the cross.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

MEATH, EARL OF, (John Brabazon,) and Baron Brabazon, of Ardee; *b.* 9th April, 1772; succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his brother, on the 26th of May, 1797; *m.* in 1801, Melesina-Adelaide, daughter of John, first Earl of Clanwilliam, by whom he has issue Anthony, Lord Ardee, *b.* 10th November, 1802; another son, and a daughter. His lordship is a knight of the most illustrious Order of St. Patrick, and custos rotulorum of the county of Wicklow.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

EDWARD BRABAZON, esq. (son of Sir William Brabazon, knt., who *d.* in 1548, having filled the office of treasurer of Ireland for twenty-three years,) was elevated to the peerage, on the 19th of July, 1616, as Baron Brabazon, of Ardee. His lordship *d.* in 1625, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, who was created, on the 16th April, 1627, Earl of Meath. From this nobleman, the family honors descended, uninterruptedly, from father to son, to

EDWARD, the eighth baron and seventh earl, who was brother to his predecessor. His lordship *m.* Martha, daughter of the Reverend William Collins, of Warwick, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. The earl *d.* in 1772, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ANTHONY, who *m.* in 1758, Grace, daughter of John Leigh, esq., of Rossgarland, by whom he had issue four sons and seven daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1790, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

WILLIAM, who fell in a duel, in 1797, and, dying unmarried, the honors of the family devolved upon his brother, John, the present peer.

Motto, in English,
My life is devoted.

Town Residence—Dublin.
Country Seat—Eaton Court, Herefordshire.

MEDLYCOTT, SIR WILLIAM-COLES, baronet, of Venn-House, in the county of Somerset; *b.* 22nd of October, 1767; *m.* in 1796, Elizabeth, only daughter of William Tugwell, esq., of Bradford, in the county of Wilts, by whom he has issue William-Coles, *b.* 31st of July, 1806, and Mary-Hutchins, *b.* 23rd of August, 1804.

This gentleman, the only son of Thomas Hutchins, esq., (who assumed, in 1765, the name and arms of Medlycott, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal uncle,) by Jane, only child of William Coles, esq., of Salisbury, in the county of Wilts, was created a baronet, on the 3rd of October, 1808.

Country Seat — Venn-House, Milborne Port, in the county of Somerset.

MELBOURNE, VISCOUNT, (Peniston Lamb,) Lord Melbourne, Baron of Kilmore, in the county of Cavan, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Melbourne, of Melbourne, in the county of Derby, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; and a baronet of England; *b.* in 1741; succeeded to the baronetcy upon the demise of his father, on the 6th November, 1768; *m.* in 1769, Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir Ralph Milbank, bart., of Halnaby, in the county of York, by whom he has issue William, *b.* 15th March, 1779, (who *m.* in 1805, Caroline, only daughter of Frederick, third Earl of Besborough;) Frederick, George, and a daughter, Emily-Mary, present Countess Cowper. Sir Peniston Lamb, who is a lord of the bedchamber, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 8th of June, 1770, as Lord Melbourne, Baron of Kilmore. His lordship was created Viscount Melbourne, on the 11th of January, 1781, and enrolled amongst the peers of the empire at large, on the 11th of August, 1815.

Lineage.

MATTHEW LAMB, esq., of Brocket Hall, in the county of Herts, nephew and heir of Peniston Lamb, esq., of Lincoln's Inn, was created a baronet, on the 17th of January, 1755. He *m.* Charlotte, daughter of the Right Honorable Thomas Coke, of Melbourne, in the county of Derby, (teller of the exchequer, and vice-chamberlain to Queen Anne,) and, eventually, heiress of her brother, George-Lewis Coke, by whom he had issue Peniston, the present viscount; and two daughters. Sir Matthew *d.* on the 6th of November, 1768.

Motto, in English,
By virtue and faith.

Town Residence—Whitehall.
Country Seats — Brocket Hall, Hertfordshire; and Melbourne Hall, in the county of Derby.

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MELDRUM, BARON, (George Gordon,) of Morven, county of Aberdeen, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; created 11th of August, 1815.

See, Earl of Aboyne.

MELVILLE, VISCOUNT, (Robert-Saunders Dundas,) of Melville, in the county of Edinburgh, and Baron Duneira, in the county of Perth, F.R.S.; *b.* 14th March, 1771; succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his father, on the 29th of May, 1811; *m.* in 1796, Miss Saunders, (upon which occasion he assumed the surname of Saunders,) daughter of Huck Saunders, esq. M.D., and grand-niece and co-heiress of Admiral Sir Charles Saunders, K.B., by whom he has issue Henry, *b.* 25th of February, 1801; two other sons, and a daughter. Lord Melville is first lord of the admiralty, lord privy seal, and register of Seisins in Scotland.

Lineage.

HENRY DUNDAS, esq., son of Lieutenant-Colonel William Dundas, by Mary, daughter of the Reverend Henry Byam, of Antigua, having been bred to the bar, was appointed lord-advocate of Scotland, in 1775, and having, subsequently, filled some high official situations in the government of England, during the administration of the Right Honorable William Pitt, from 1791 to 1807, was elevated to the peerage, on the 24th of December, 1802, by the titles of Baron Duneira and Viscount Melville. His lordship *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Rennie, esq., of Melville Castle, by whom he had issue Robert, the present viscount, and three daughters; and, secondly, in 1793, Jane, daughter of John, second Earl of Hopetoun, by whom he had no child. Lord Melville was impeached by the house of commons, in 1805, for alleged malversations in his office, while treasurer of the navy, and after a trial, in Westminster Hall, was adjudged not guilty by his peers. He *d.* on the 29th of May, 1811.

Motto, in English,
I have done all I could do.

Town Residence—Admiralty.

Country Seats—Melville Castle, Edinburgh; and Duneira, near Crieff, Perthshire.

MENDIP, BARON, (Henry-Welbore-Agar Ellis,) of Mendip, in the county of Somerset, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; created 13th of August, 1794.

See, Viscount Clifden.

METCALFE, SIR CHARLES-THEOPHILUS, baronet, of Chilton, in the county of Berks; *b.* 30th January, 1785; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, on the 15th of August, 1822.

Lineage.

THOMAS METCALFE, esq. having served in a military capacity in the East Indies, became a director of the honorable the East India Company upon his return home, and was created a baronet, on the 21st of December, 1802. He *m.* in 1782, Susannah-Sophia, relict of Major Smith, and daughter of John Debonaire, esq., by whom he had issue Theophilus-John, his successor; Charles-Theophilus, the present baronet; another son, and two daughters. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1813, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THEOPHILUS-JOHN, who *m.* in 1802, Selina-Sophia, daughter of Thomas Russel, esq., by whom he had an only daughter. Sir Theophilus *d.* on the 15th August, 1822, and, leaving no male issue, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
I am satisfied.

Country Seat—Ham Common, Surrey.

MEXBOROUGH, EARL OF, (John Saville,) Viscount Pollington, and Baron Pollington, of Longford; *b.* 8th April, 1761; *m.* in 1782, Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of John Stephenson, esq., of East Burnham, in the county of Buckingham, by whom he has issue John, Viscount Pollington, *b.* 3rd July, 1783, (who *m.* in 1807, Anne, eldest daughter of Philip, Earl of Hardwicke, and has several children;) and a daughter, Sarah, present Countess of Warwick. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his father, in February, 1778.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

The distinguished family of Saville has possessed patents of nobility in two of its branches prior to those of the present noble house; namely, Saville, Dukes of Sussex, extinguished in 1672; and Saville, Marquesses of Halifax, extinguished in 1700. From a third branch sprung

SIR JOHN SAVILLE, knt., one of the barons of the exchequer in the reigns of Elizabeth and her successor, whose second son,

JOHN SAVILLE, esq., was the great-grandfather of

JOHN SAVILLE, esq., who was installed a Knight of the Bath, in 1749, and elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 8th of November, 1753, as Baron Pollington, of Longford. His lordship was created Viscount Pollington and Earl of Mexborough, on the 11th of February, 1766. He *m.* in 1760, Sarah, sister of John, Lord Delaval, by whom he had issue John, the present peer; and two other sons. The earl *d.* in 1778.

Motto,
Be fast.

Country Seats—Lifford Castle, in the county of Donegal; and Methley Park, Yorkshire.

MIDDLETON, VISCOUNT, (George Brodrick,) Baron Brodrick, of Middleton, county of Cork, in the peerage of Ireland; and Baron

Brodrick, of Pepper Harrow, in the county of Surrey, in the peerage of Great Britain; *b.* 1st November, 1754; succeeded to the Irish honors upon the demise of his father, in 1756, and obtained the English barony, by creation, on the 28th of May, 1796; *m.* first, in 1778, Frances, daughter of Thomas (Pelham), first Earl of Chichester, by whom he has one daughter; and, secondly, in 1797, Maria, daughter of Richard Benyon, of Gidealhall, in the county of Essex, by whom he has George-Alan, *b.* 10th of June, 1806, and four daughters. His lordship is lord-lieutenant of the county of Surrey.

Lineage.

Alan Brodrick, esq., a lawyer of eminence, was appointed lord high chancellor of Ireland, and elevated to the peerage of that country, on the 13th of April, 1715, as Baron Brodrick, of Middleton. His lordship was created Viscount Middleton, on the 15th of August, 1717. He *d.* in 1728, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Alan, who *m.* in 1729, Mary, youngest daughter of Algernon, Earl of Essex, by whom he left an only son, his successor,

George. This nobleman *m.* in 1752, Albinia, eldest daughter of the Honorable Thomas Townshend, and sister of the first Viscount Sidney, by whom he had issue George, the present viscount; and eight other children.

Motto, in English,

From a lance comes the crown.

Town Residence—107, Park-street, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Pepper Harrow, near Godalmin, in the county of Surrey.

MIDDLETON, BARON, (Henry Willoughby,) of Middleton, in the county of Warwick, and a baronet; *b.* 24th of April, 1761; *m.* in 1793, Jane, daughter of the late Sir Robert Lawley, bart., by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family at the decease of his father, on the 14th June, 1800.

Lineage.

This distinguished house is descended from a common ancestor with the Lords Willoughby, of Parham; namely, Sir Christopher Willoughby, Knight of the Bath, from whose youngest son,

Sir Thomas Willoughby, knt., lord chief-justice of the court of common pleas, in the reign of Henry the Eighth, lineally descended

Francis Willoughby, esq., who was created a baronet, on the 7th of April, 1677, with remainder to his brother, Thomas; and dying unmarried, in 1688, the said

Sir Thomas succeeded. This gentleman having been a distinguished member of the house of commons, in the reigns of King William and Queen Anne, was elevated to the peerage, on the 31st of December, 1711, by the title of Baron Middleton, of Middleton. His lordship *d.* in 1729, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Francis, who *m.* in 1723, Mary, second daughter of Thomas Edwards, esq., of Filkins, in the county of Oxford, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. His lordship *d.* in 1758, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Francis, who *d.* unmarried in 1774, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

Thomas. This nobleman *m.* Georgiana, daughter of Evelyn Chadwick, esq., but dying without issue in 1781, the family honors reverted to his cousin,

Henry, grandson of the first lord, through his second son, the honorable Thomas Willoughby. His lordship *m.* in 1756, Dorothy, daughter and co-heiress of George Cartwright, esq., of Offington, in the county of Nottingham, by whom he had issue Henry, the present peer; and two daughters. He *d.* in 1800.

Motto, in English,

Truth without fear.

Town Residence — Camelford House, Oxford-street.

Country Seats—Wollaton House, in the county of Nottingham; and Birdsale, Yorkshire.

MIDDLETON, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Shrubland Hall, in the county of Suffolk; *b.* 19th September, 1749; *m.* Harriet, daughter of Nathaniel Acton, esq., of Bramfield Hall, by whom he has issue William-Fowle, *b.* 19th August, 1784, and two daughters.

This gentleman, who is son of the late William Middleton, esq., of Crowfield Hall, in the county of Suffolk, by Sarah, daughter of Morton Wilkinson, esq., of South Carolina, was created a baronet, on the 8th of June, 1804.

Motto, in English,

Regard my right.

Country Seats—Crowfield Hall, and Shrubland Hall, both in Suffolk.

MILDMAY, SIR HENRY-CAREW-ST. JOHN, baronet, of Moulsham Hall, in the county of Essex; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father on the 11th of November, 1808; *m.* in 1809, Charlotte, eldest daughter of the Honorable Bartholomew Bouverie, (who *d.* in 1810,) and has issue an only son, Henry-Bouverie, *b.* 31st July, 1810.

Lineage.

The name of this family, until recently changed, was St. John; and it deduced its descent from William de St. John, grand master of the artillery, and supervisor of the waggon train, in the victorious army of William the Conqueror, in 1066. The lineal descendant of this warrior,

Paulet St. John, esq., was created a baronet on the 9th of September, 1772. He *d.* in 1780, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Henry Paulet, who *m.* Dorothea-Maria, daughter and co-heiress of Abraham Tucker, esq., by whom he had an only son, his successor, in 1784,

Sir Henry Paulet. This gentleman *m.* in

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1786, Jane, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Carew Mildmay, esq., (in consequence of which event he obtained, in 1790, the royal license to assume the surname and arms of "Mildmay;") by whom he had issue Henry-Carew, the present baronet; ten other sons, and four daughters. Sir Henry Paulet St. John-Mildmay *d.* on the 11th of November, 1808.

Motto, in English,

Country Seats—Moulsham Hall, and Marks, in the county of Essex; Dogmersfield Park, and Showford, Hants; and Hazlegrove, in the county of Somerset.

MILL, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Camois Court, in the county of Essex; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his kinsman, the Rev. Sir Charles Mill, on the 19th of July, 1792; *m.* in 1800, Selina, eldest daughter of the late Sir John Morshead, baronet, of Trenant Park, in the county of Cornwall, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

JOHN MILL, esq., created a baronet on the 31st of December, 1619; *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir George More, knight, who *d.* without issue; and secondly, Anne, daughter of Lord Chief Justice Fleming, by whom he had eight sons. Sir John was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR JOHN, who *d.* in 1670, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* Margaret, daughter and heiress of Thomas Grey, esq., of Wolbeding, in the county of Sussex, by whom he had two sons, who both succeeded, in turn, to the title; and four daughters. Sir John was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who *d.* unmarried, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR RICHARD. This gentleman *m.* Margaret, eldest daughter of Robert Knollys, esq. of Grove-place, in Hampshire, by whom he had four sons, who became, successively, baronets, and five daughters. He *d.* in 1760, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR RICHARD, who *m.* in 1760, Dorothy, daughter and heiress of Richard Warring, esq., of Redcliff, in the county of Somerset, by whom he had two daughters. Sir Richard *d.* in 1770, and leaving no male issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR JOHN HOBY, who *d.* in 1780, and the title descended to his next brother,

THE REV. SIR HENRY. This gentleman *d.* in 1781, and was succeeded by his only surviving brother,

THE REV. SIR CHARLES, of Clare Hall, Cambridge, who *d.* in 1792, when the title reverted to his kinsman, Charles Mill, esq., the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

Help, O God.

Country Seat—Mottisfont, Hampshire.

MILLER, THE REVEREND THOMAS, baronet, of Chichester, in the county of Sussex; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 4th of September, 1816; *m.* in 1824, Martha, eldest daughter of the Rev. John Holmes, of Bungay, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

THOMAS MILLER, esq. was created a baronet on the 29th of October, 1705, and *d.* in the same year, when he was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of John Peachey, esq., of Chichester, by whom he had a son, who *d.* in infancy; and a daughter; secondly, Anne, daughter of William Elson, esq., of Groves, in the county of Sussex, by whom he had no surviving children; and thirdly, Miss Meux, eldest daughter of Sir William Meux, baronet, of Kingston, in the Isle of Wight, by whom he had, with other children, his successor, in 1720,

SIR THOMAS, who *d.* in 1733, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* Miss Combe, daughter of —— Combe, esq., M. D., by whom he had four sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1771, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentlemen *m.* first, Hannah, daughter of Alderman Black, of Norwich, by whom he had two daughters; and secondly, Miss Elizabeth Edwards, an heiress, by whom he had Thomas, the present baronet; and three daughters. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1816.

Country Seat—Froyle, near Alton, in the county of Hants.

MILLER, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Glenlee, in the county of Ayr; *m.* Grizel, daughter of George Chalmers, esq., by whom he has issue Thomas, two other sons, and three daughters.

Sir William succeeded to the baronetcy at the demise of his father, in 1789; and being nominated one of the lords of session in Scotland, has adopted the honorary designation of Lord Glenlee.

Lineage.

THOMAS MILLER, esq., lord president of the college of justice in Scotland, was created a baronet on the 19th of February, 1788. He *m.* first, Margaret, eldest daughter of John Murdoch, esq., of Rose Bank, provost of Glasgow, by whom he had issue William, the present baronet; and a daughter: and secondly, Anne, daughter of John Lockhart, esq., of Castle Hill, by whom he had no child. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1789.

Country Seat—Glenlee, Kirkcudbright, Scotland.

MILMAN, SIR WILLIAM-GEORGE, of Levaton, in the county of Devon; *m.* in 1809, Charlotte, daughter of Robert Alderson, esq., recorder of Ipswich, by whom he has no issue. Sir William succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 27th of June, 1821.

Lineage.

FRANCIS MILMAN, esq., son of the Reverend

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Francis Milman, having arrived at eminence in the medical profession, was appointed physician to his late majesty King George the Third, and created a baronet on the 28th of November, 1800. He *m.* Frances, daughter and heiress of William Hart, esq., of Stapleton, in the county of Gloucester, by whom he had issue William-George, the present baronet; two other sons, and a daughter. Sir Francis *d.* on the 27th of June, 1821.

Town Residence—5, Park-street, Westminster.

Country Seats—Levaton, in the county of Devon; and Pinner Grove, Middlesex.

MILNER, SIR WILLIAM-MORDAUNT-STURT, baronet, of New Appleton Hall, in the county of York; *m.* first, in 1804, Miss Clements, daughter of the right honorable Theophilus Clements, by whom he had issue two daughters; and secondly, Henrietta, daughter of Lord Edward Bentinck, by whom he had a son, *b.* 20th June, 1820; and three elder daughters. Sir William succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father on the 9th of September, 1811.

Lineage.

WILLIAM MILNER, esq. was created a baronet on the 26th of February, 1716. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of his grace, Sir William Dawes, baronet, Archbishop of York, by whom he had a son and a daughter. Sir William *d.* on the 23rd of November, 1745, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* in 1747, Elizabeth, youngest daughter and co-heiress of the Reverend George Mordaunt, and niece of the Earl of Peterborough, by whom he had seven children. He *d.* in 1774, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM MORDAUNT, who *m.* in 1774, Diana, daughter of Humphrey Sturt, esq., of Critchill House, in the county of Dorset, by whom he had issue William-Mordaunt-Sturt, the present baronet; two other sons, and a daughter. Sir William *d.* in 1811.

Country Seat—Nun Appleton Hall, near Tadcaster.

MILNES, SIR ROBERT-SHORE, baronet, of Gauley, in the county of Leicester; *b.* in 1747; *m.* in 1785, Charlotte-Frances, daughter of John-Albert Bentinck, of the Royal Navy, by whom he has issue John-Bentinck, *b.* 13th September, 1786; and two daughters. He had two other sons, William-Henry, a lieutenant in the life guards, who fell at Waterloo; and Henry-Banks-Oldenburgh, aid-de-camp to General Sir George Provost, baronet, who *d.* of wounds received in action in North America.

This gentleman, who is eldest son of the late John Milnes, esq., of Wakefield, by Mary, daughter of Samuel Shore, esq., of Sheffield, was created a baronet, on the 21st of March, 1801.

Country Seat—Cockle-Hall, Sherwood Forest.

MINSTER, BARON, (Henry-Burton Conyngham,) of Minster Abbey, in the county of Kent, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; created 14th July, 1821.

See, Marquess of Conyngham.

MILTOWN, EARL OF, (Joseph Leeson,) Viscount Russborough, and Baron Russborough, of Russborough, in the county of Wicklow; *b.* 5th February, 1799; succeeded to the honors of the family upon the demise of his grand-father, on the 10th of June, 1807.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

JOSEPH LESSON, esq. was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 5th of May, 1746, by the title of Baron Russborough; on the 8th of September, 1760, created Viscount Russborough; and on the 10th of May, 1763, Earl of Miltown. His lordship *m.* first in 1729, Cecilia, eldest daughter of Francis Leigh, esq., by whom he had issue Joseph and Brice, successive earls; with a daughter, Mary, who *m.* John, Earl of Mayo: secondly, in 1738, Anne, daughter of Nathaniel Preston, esq., by whom he had a daughter: and, thirdly, in 1763, Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. William French, dean of Armagh, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. His Lordship *d.* in 1783, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOSEPH, who *d.* unmarried, in 1801, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

BRICE. This nobleman *m.* in 1765, Maria, daughter of John Graydon, esq., by whom he had four sons, the eldest of whom, Joseph, *m.* in 1796, Emily, daughter of Archibald Douglas, esq., (who subsequently became the wife of Valentine, present Lord Cloncurry,) and *d.* in 1800, leaving issue Joseph, the present peer; Henry-Talbot, and Cecilia-Charlotte, to whom his present majesty, when prince regent, granted the same rights as if her father had survived to inherit the earldom. His lordship *d.* on the 10th of January, 1807.

Motto, in English,

Brighter from the darkness.

Country Seat—

MINTO, EARL OF, (Gilbert-Elliot-Murray-Knynynmound,) of the county of Roxburgh, Viscount Melgund, of Melgund, in the county of Forfar, and Baron Minto, of Minto, in the county of Roxburgh, and a Baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* 16th November, 1782; succeeded to the honors of his family at the decease of his father, on the 21st of June, 1814; *m.* in 1806, Mary, eldest daughter of Patrick Brydone, esq., by whom he has issue Viscount Melgund, *b.* 12th of December, 1818; another son, and two daughters. His lordship assumed, by royal permission, the surnames of Murray Knynynmound, which he derived from his grandmother.

Lineage.

GILBERT ELLIOT, esq. grandson of Gilbert Elliot,

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esq., of Stobs, (who was progenitor of the celebrated General Elliot, created Baron Heathfield for his gallant and successful defence of Gibraltar,) was nominated one of the lords of session in Scotland, when he assumed the honorary designation of Lord Minto; he was subsequently appointed lord justice clerk, and created a baronet of Nova Scotia in 1700. Sir Gilbert was succeeded by his son,

Sir Gilbert, who was appointed lord justice clerk, and assumed the title formerly borne by his father—that of Lord Minto. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Gilbert. This gentleman filled several high official situations. He *m.* Agnes Murray Knynynmound, heiress of Melgund, by whom he had issue six sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1777, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Gilbert. This gentleman being appointed, in 1795, viceroy of the kingdom of Corsica, was created upon his return, 20th of October, 1797, Baron Minto, of Minto, in the county of Roxburgh. His lordship having subsequently filled some high diplomatic and official stations, and being eventually nominated governor-general of Bengal, was created, after his return from India, on the 24th of February, 1813, Viscount Melgund and Earl of Minto. His lordship *m.* in 1777, Maria, eldest daughter of Sir George Amyand, bart., by whom he had issue Gilbert, the present peer; four other sons, and four daughters. The earl *d.* on the 21st of June, 1814.

Motto, in English,
Mildly and firmly.

Country Seat—Minto Castle, in the county of Roxburgh.

MOIRA, EARL OF, (Francis-Rawdon Hastings,) and Baron Rawdon, of Moira, in the peerage of Ireland.

See, Marquess of Hastings.

MOLESWORTH, VISCOUNT, (Richard-Pigot Molesworth,) of Swords, in the county of Dublin, and Baron Philipstown, of Philipstown, in the King's county, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 23d July, 1786; succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his cousin, on the 26th of May, 1815.

This being a peerage of Ireland it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

Robert Molesworth, descended from Sir Walter de Molesworth, one of the knights of the Crusade, was advanced to the peerage of Ireland, on the 16th of July, 1716, by the titles of Baron Philipstown and Viscount Molesworth. His lordship *m.* Letitia, third daughter of Richard Lord Colloony, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. The viscount *d.* in 1725, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, ambassador at the courts of Tuscany and Sardinia. His lordship *m.* Mary Jenny, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Middleton, esq., of Stanted, in the county of Essex, by whom he left a posthumous daughter. The viscount *d.* on the 18th of February, 1725, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

Richard. This nobleman, who was aid-de-camp to the Duke of Marlborough at the battle of Ramillies, attained the rank of lieutenant-general in the army, and filled the high stations of master general of the ordnance and commander in chief of his majesty's forces in Ireland. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Miss Jane Lucas, by whom he had Mary, who married Robert, first Earl of Belvidere; and two other daughters: and, secondly, Mary, daughter of the Rev. William Usher, Archdeacon of Clonfert, by whom he had a son, Richard Nassau, his successor; and seven daughters. The Countess of Molesworth and two of her daughters, the Honorable Melasina, and Mary, were burnt to death at her ladyship's house in London, on the 5th of May, 1763. The viscount had *d.* some years before (in 1758), and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Richard-Nassau, who *d.* unmarried, in 1748, when the family honors reverted to his cousin,

Robert, grandson of the first viscount, through his eldest son, the Honorable William Molesworth. His lordship *m.* in 1761, Mary-Anne, daughter of Israel Alleyne, esq., by whom he had issue four sons and five daughters. He *d.* in 1813, and was succeeded by his only son,

William-John. This nobleman having adopted the military profession, attained the rank of major-general, with the lieutenant-colonelcy of the 9th regiment of foot. His lordship and his lady were, however, unfortunately lost on board the Arniston transport, near the Cape of Good Hope, on their passage from Ceylon, on the 31st of May, 1815, when the titles reverted to his kinsman, the present peer, who is great-grandson of the first lord, and son of the Honorable Richard Molesworth, (third son of the fifth viscount,) by Catharine, daughter of Francis Cobb, esq., of Twickenham.

Motto, in English,
The love of my country prevails.

Country Seat—Swords, near Dublin.

MOLESWORTH, SIR WILLIAM, bart., of Pencarrow, in the county of Cornwall; *b.* in 1810; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 30th of December, 1823.

Lineage.

This family claims a common ancestor with the Viscounts Molesworth; namely, Sir Walter de Molesworth, who attended King Edward the First to the Holy Land; from whom descended

Hender Molesworth, esq., president of the council in the island of Jamaica, in the reign of Charles the Second, who was created a baronet, on the 12th of June, 1688, with remainder to his brother; and dying without issue, the title reverted, accordingly, to

Sir John Molesworth, of Pencarrow, knight, who *m.* twice; but had issue only by his first wife, Margery, eldest daughter of Thomas Wise, esq., and

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grand-daughter of Sir Thomas Wise, K.B.; namely, three sons and three daughters. Sir John was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John. This gentleman *d.* in 1766, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

Sir John, who was succeeded by his son,

Sir William, who *m.* Caroline-Treby, daughter of Paul-Henry Ourry, esq., by whom he had issue two sons and two daughters. Sir William *d.* in 1798, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Arscott-Ourry, who *m.* in 1809, Mary, eldest daughter of Patrick Brown, esq., of Edinburgh, by whom he had issue William, the present baronet; two other sons, and three daughters. Sir Arscott *d.* on the 30th of December, 1823.

Motto, in English,
So I maintain my faith.

Country Seat—Pencarrow, Cornwall.

MONK, SIR CHARLES-MILES-LAMBERT, baronet, of Belsay-Castle, n the county of Northumberland; *b.* 7th of April, 1779; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 7th of July, 1795; assumed, in 1799, the surname of Monk, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal grandfather, the late Lawrence Monk, esq., of Caenby; *m.* in 1804, Louisa, daughter of Sir Charles Cooke, baronet, by whom he has, living, an only son, Charles-Atticus, *b.* at Athens, 17th of July, 1805.

Lineage.

William Middleton, esq., of Belsay-Castle, (lineally descended from Sir John Middleton, of the same place, who *d.* at the close of the fourteenth century, and his wife, Christiana, daughter and sole heiress of Sir John de Stryvelan, who was summoned to parliament, as a baron, in 1341, having previously distinguished himself as a military commander,) was created a baronet, on the 24th of October, 1622. Sir William *d.* in 1690, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John. This gentleman *m.* Frances, daughter and sole heiress of John Lambert, esq., by whom he had three sons and four daughters. He *d.* in 1721, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William, who *d.* without issue, in 1757, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir John-Lambert. This gentleman *d.* in 1795, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William, who *m.* Jane, only surviving daughter and heiress of Lawrence Monk, esq., of Caenby, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he had issue Charles-Miles-Lambert, the present baronet; and two daughters. Sir William Middleton *d.* on the 7th of July, 1795.

Country Seat—Belsay-Castle, Northumberland.

MONSON, BARON, (John-George Monson,) of Burton, in the county of Lincoln, and a baronet; *b.* 6th of February, 1809; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 14th of November, in the same year.

Lineage.

This distinguished family was amongst the earliest elevated to the baronetage, that honor having been conferred upon

Sir Thomas Monson, knight, master of the armory, and master falconer to King James the First, on the 29th of June, 1611. From this gentleman the title descended, without any thing remarkable occurring, to his great-great-grandson,

Sir John, the fifth baronet, who was elevated to the peerage, on the 28th of May, 1728, by the title of Baron Monson, of Burton. His lordship *m.* in 1725, Margaret, youngest daughter of Lewis, first Earl of Buckingham, by whom he had three sons; John, his successor; Lewis, created Lord Sondes; and George, a brigadier-general. The baron *d.* in 1748, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, who *d.* in 1774, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John. This nobleman *m.* in 1777, Elizabeth, daughter of William, fourth Earl of Essex, by whom he had a son and four daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1806, and was succeeded by his only son,

John-George, who *m.* in 1807, Sarah, eldest daughter of John, present Earl of Mexborough, by whom he had an only son, John-George, the present peer. His lordship *d.* in 1809.

Motto, in English,
Ready for my country.

Country Seat—Burton-House, in the county of Lincoln.

MONTAGU, BARON, (Henry-James Montagu-Scott,) of Boughton, in the county of Northumberland; D.C.L.; *b.* 16th December, 1776; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his grandfather, George, Duke of Montagu, on the 28th of May, 1790; *m.* in 1804, Jane-Margaret, daughter of Archibald, Lord Douglas, by whom he has three daughters; Lucy-Elizabeth, *b.* 14th of November, 1805; Mary-Margaret, *b.* 5th of February, 1807; and Jane-Caroline, *b.* 2nd of August, 1808.

Lineage.

George-Brudenell, fourth Earl of Cardigan, having *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of John, Duke of Montagu, assumed the name of Montagu, and was created, subsequently to the extinction of his father-in-law's titles, on the 5th of November, 1666, Marquess of Monthermer, and Duke of Montagu. His grace having an only daughter, Elizabeth, who *m.* in 1767, Henry, third Duke of Buccleugh, and no son, obtained a revival of the barony of Montagu, of Boughton, on the 8th of August, 1786, with remainder to his grandson, Lord Henry-James Montagu-Scott, the present baron, second son of the Duke of Buccleugh, by his grace's aforesaid daughter, the Lady Elizabeth Montagu. The duke *d.* in 1790.

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Motto, in English,
I love.

Country Seat—Boughton-House, in the county of Northampton.

MONTEAGLE, BARON, (Howe-Peter Brown,) of West Port, in the county of Mayo, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; created on the 20th of February, 1806.

See, Marquess of Sligo.

MONTFORT, LORD, (Henry Bromley,) Baron of Horseheath, in the county of Cambridge; D.C.L.; *b.* 14th of May, 1773; *m.* in 1793, Miss Elizabeth Watts, by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 24th of October, 1779.

Lineage.

This noble family is descended from Sir Walter Bromleghe, knight, who lived in the reign of King John; but its patent of nobility was not obtained for five centuries after that period. It enjoyed, however, in the interim, considerable rank amongst the gentry of the kingdom, and flourished particularly in the counties of Stafford, Salop, and Chester. In 1579, it gave a lord high chancellor to England, in the person of

SIR THOMAS BROMLEY, knt., one of the most eminent lawyers of his day. The great-great-great-grand-daughter of this distinguished judge,

MERCY BROMLEY, only surviving daughter and heiress of William Bromley, esq., of Holt Castle, *m.* in 1704,

JOHN BROMLEY, esq., eldest son and heir of John Bromley, esq., of Horseheath Hall, in the county of Cambridge. From this marriage descended

HENRY BROMLEY, esq., (grandson) who, having represented the county of Cambridge in parliament from 1727 to 1741, was elevated to the peerage, on the 9th of May, in the latter year, by the title of Lord Montfort, Baron of Horseheath. His lordship *m.* Frances, daughter of Thomas Wyndham, esq., and sister and sole heiress of Sir Francis Wyndham, bart., of Trent, by whom he had a son and daughter. The baron *d.* on the 1st of January, 1755, and was succeeded by his only son,

THOMAS. This nobleman *m.* in 1772, Mary-Anne, daughter of Patrick Blake, esq., and sister of Sir Patrick Blake, bart., of Langham, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he had an only son, Henry, the present peer. His lordship *d.* in 1799.

Motto, in English,
Despising mean pursuits.

Town Residence—4, Manchester-square.

Country Seats—Horseheath Hall, in the county of Cambridge; Holt Castle, Worcestershire; and Drayton, Middlesex.

MONTGOMERY, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Magbie Hill, in the county of Peebles; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 25th of December, 1788.

Lineage.

WILLIAM MONTGOMERY, esq., eldest son of William Montgomery, esq., of Magbie Hill, was created a baronet, on the 29th of May, 1774. He *m.* twice: first, in 1750, Hannah, daughter and co-heiress of Alexander Tomkins, esq., of Prichen, in the county of Londonderry, by whom he had a son, George, an officer in the army, who *d.* of wounds received in action; and three daughters. The eldest of which, Elizabeth, *m.* Luke, Viscount Mountjoy; the second, Barbara, *m.* the Right Honorable John Beresford; and the third, Anne, *m.* George, first Marquess of Townshend. Sir William *m.* secondly, in 1761, Anne, third daughter of Henry Evatt, esq. of Mount Lewis, by whom he had George, the present baronet; Robert, killed in a duel with Captain Macnamara; and several other children. He *d.* in 1788.

Country Seat—Magbie Hill, county of Peebles.

MONTGOMERY, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Stanhope, in the county of Peebles; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 2nd of April, 1803; *m.* first, in 1804, Elizabeth, daughter of Dunbar, Earl of Selkirk, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, in 1816, Helen, second daughter of Thomas Graham, esq., of Kinross, by whom he has a son, *b.* in 1823, and a daughter, *b.* in 1820.

Lineage.

This is another branch of the family last described.

JAMES MONTGOMERY, esq., second son of William Montgomery, esq. of Magbie Hill, and brother of Sir William Montgomery, (see last article,) was created a baronet, on the 1st of July, 1801. He *m.* Margaret, only daughter and heiress of Robert Scott, esq., of Kilian, in the county of Stirling, by whom he left issue James, the present baronet; two other sons, and three daughters. Sir James *d.* in 1803.

Motto, in English,
Guard well.

Country Seat—Stanhope, in the county of Peebles.

MONTGOMERY, SIR HENRY-CONYNGHAM, baronet, of the Hall, in the county of Donegal; *m.* in 1800, Sarah, third daughter of Lesley Grove, esq., of Grove Hall, by whom he has issue Henry-Conyngham, *b.* 10th June, 1803; two other sons, and two daughters.

This gentleman, who is eldest son of the late Alexander Montgomery, esq., of the Hall, by Mary, only daughter of James Allen, esq., of Castle Dobbs, in the county of Antrim, having attained the rank of lieutenant-colonel of cavalry, was created a baronet, on the 3rd of October, 1808.

Town Residence—30, Chapel-street, Grosvenor-place.

Country Seat—The Hall, county of Donegal.

MONTROSE, DUKE OF, (James Graham,) Marquess Montrose, Marquess of Gra-

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ham and Buchanan, Earl of Montrose, Earl of Kincardin, Viscount Dundaff, Lord Aberuthven, Myndock, and Fintray, in the peerage of Scotland; Baron Graham and Earl Graham, of Belford, in the county of Northumberland, in the peerage of England; D.C.L.; *b.* 8th February, 1755; *m.* first, in 1785, Jemima-Elizabeth, daughter of John, Earl of Ashburnham, by whom he had an only son, who *d.* in infancy; and, secondly, in 1790, Caroline-Maria, daughter of George, late Duke of Manchester, by whom he has issue James, Marquess of Graham, *b.* 16th July, 1799; another son, and four daughters. His grace succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his father, on the 23rd of September, 1790. The Duke of Montrose is a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, master of the horse to the king, lord justice-general of Scotland, lord-lieutenant of the county of Stirling, and chancellor of the university of Glasgow.

Lineage.

According to the Scottish historians, this ducal family is as ancient as the restoration of the monarchy of Scotland, by Fergus the Second; and, by the same authority, it derives its origin from the renowned Greme, who governed that kingdom during the minority of his grandson, Eugene the Second, a monarch whose reign commenced in the early part of the fifth century. It is certain, however, that no family of North Britain can boast of greater antiquity.

Sir David Graham, knt., a personage remarkable for patriotism and valour, was one of the Scottish grandees employed to negotiate the ransom of David, King of Scotland, who became a captive at the battle of Durham, in 1346, and Sir David's son,

Sir Patrick Graham, was one of the hostages by which the release of the king was accomplished. This gentleman was styled, in the life-time of his father, Lord of Dundaff and Kincardine. He *m.* twice, and had children by both marriages. Sir Patrick was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William. This gentleman also *m.* twice: first, Mariota, daughter of Sir John Oliphante, of Aberdalgy, by whom he had an only son, Alexander, who did not survive him; and, secondly, the Lady Mariot, widow of the Earl of Angus, and of Sir James Kennedy, and daughter of King Robert the Third, by whom he had three sons: Robert, progenitor of the Grahams, of Claverhouse; Patrick, Bishop of St. Andrews, and papal nuncio; and William, ancestor of the present Lord Lyndoch. The grandson of this Sir William Graham,

Patrick, son of Alexander, mentioned above as dying before his father, being appointed one of the lords of the regency during the minority of James the Second, was made a lord of parliament about the year 1445, by the title of Lord Graham. He *d.* in 1467, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, who was raised to the dignity of Earl of Montrose on the 3rd of March, 1504, in consideration of the gallantry he displayed at the battle of Bannockburn, in 1488, wherein his royal master, James the Third, lost his life. His lordship fell, with James the Fourth, at the battle of Flodden Field, on the 9th of September, 1513, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William. This nobleman was one of the peers to whom John, Duke of Albany, Regent of Scotland, in the minority of James the Fifth, committed the tuition of the young prince during his grace's absence in France, in 1523. His lordship *d.* in 1571, and was succeeded by his grandson,

John, posthumous son of Robert, Master of Montrose, who was slain at the battle of Pinkey, on the 13th of September, 1547. This nobleman *d.* in 1608, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, who was nominated president of the privy council to King Charles the First. His lordship *d.* in 1626, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

James. This nobleman took a distinguished part, first, on the side of the covenanters, and afterwards, during the civil wars, on the part of his ill-fated sovereign, King Charles the First. He was created Marquess of Montrose, on the 16th of May, 1644, but experienced a signal defeat in the following year from Major-general Leslie, at the battle of Philiphaugh, fought 13th September, 1645, upon which occasion, the earl retired to France; but returning to Scotland, in 1650, he collected a new army, and being again defeated, he was forced to fly the field of battle in disguise. He was, however, taken prisoner, a few days afterwards, at the house of M'Leod, of Assint, from whence he was led captive to Edinburgh, and there executed, upon a gallows thirty feet high, on the 20th of May, 1650. His lordship was succeeded by his son,

James, who was restored to his fortune and honors at the return of King Charles the Second. This nobleman *d.* in 1669, and was succeeded by his son,

James, who *m.* Christian, daughter of John, Duke of Rothis, and dying, in 1684, was succeeded by his son,

James, installed a knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter, in 1705, and created, on the 24th of April, 1707, Duke of Montrose. His grace *m.* Christian, daughter of David, third Earl of Northesk, by whom he had issue a son and daughter, who *d.* in infancy; David, (who was created a peer of England on the 23rd of May, 1722, by the titles of Baron and Earl of Graham, of Belford, in the county of Northumberland, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brothers;) and two other sons. The duke *d.* in 1742, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

William, who had previously, at the demise of his brother, in 1731, inherited the English honors. His grace *m.* in 1742, Lucy, daughter of John, Duke of Rutland, by whom he had issue James, the present duke; and Lucy, who *m.* Archibald, Lord

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Douglas, of Castle Douglas. The duke *d.* on the 23rd of September, 1790.

Motto, in English,

Forget not.

Town Residence—25, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seats—Mynadoc Castle, and Buchanan Castle, both in Perthshire.

MOORE, BARON, (Charles Moore,) of Moore Place, in the county of Kent, in the United Kingdom, created January, 1801.

See, Marquess of Drogheda.

MORAY, EARL OF, (Francis Stuart,) and Baron Doune, in the peerage of Scotland; Baron Stuart, of Castle Stuart, in the county of Inverness, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* in 1771; *m.* first, in 1795, Lucy, daughter and co-heiress, with her sisters, the Duchess of Portland and the lady of the Right Honorable G. Canning, of General John Scott, of Balcombie, in the county of Fife, by whom he has issue Francis, Lord Doune, *b.* 7th November, 1795, and another son; and, secondly, in 1801, Margaret-Jane, eldest daughter of Sir Philip Ainslie, knt., of Pilton, in the county of Edinburgh, by whom he has a son and five daughters. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family at the decease of his father, on the 28th of August, 1810. Lord Moray is lord lieutenant of the county of Elgin.

Lineage.

This noble family is maternally descended from

JAMES MURRAY, the illegitimate son of King James the Fifth of Scotland, and the celebrated regent during part of the reign of the unhappy Mary, Queen of Scots. This gentleman was created Earl of Moray on the 30th of January, 1562, with remainder, first, to his heirs male, and subsequently to his heirs general. His lordship *d.* by the hand of Hamilton, of Bothwellhaugh, on the 21st of January, 1570, leaving two daughters only, the eldest of whom,

ELIZABETH, *m.*

SIR JAMES STUART, son and heir of Sir James Stuart, of Doune, who assumed thereupon the title of Earl of Moray. His lordship was murdered on the 7th of February, 1592, by his hereditary enemy, the Earl of Huntley, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES, who, through the king's mediation, was reconciled to his father's murderer, and was married, in 1601, to that nobleman's daughter, the Lady Anne Gordon, by whom he had one son and one daughter. His lordship accompanied King James the Sixth of Scotland to England, and got a new creation of the whole earldom of Moray to himself and his heirs male. He *d.* in 1638, and was succeeded by his only son,

JAMES, who *d.* in 1653, and was succeeded by his son,

ALEXANDER, who was succeeded, in 1700, by his eldest son,

CHARLES, Lord Doune. His lordship *d.* in 1735, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

FRANCIS, who *d.* in 1739, and was succeeded by his son,

JAMES. This nobleman was installed a knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter. He *d.* in 1767, and was succeeded by his son,

FRANCIS, who was enrolled amongst the peers of England on the 4th of June, 1796, as Baron Stuart, of Castle Stuart. His lordship *m.* in 1763, Jane, eldest daughter of John, Lord Gray, by whom he left issue Francis, the present peer; another son, and three daughters. The earl *d.* on the 28th of August, 1810.

Motto,

Salvation through Christ, the Redeemer.

Country Seat—Castle Stuart, in the county of Inverness.

MORDAUNT, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Massingham, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* 24th August, 1808; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 24th of August, 1823.

Lineage.

This ranks amongst the oldest baronetcies, being conferred on the 29th of June, 1611, (the second creation after the institution of this description of hereditary honor,) upon

L'ESTRANGE MORDAUNT, esq., a military personage, who had distinguished himself in the wars between Spain and the States of Holland. He *d.* in 1627, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT, who had received the honor of knighthood in the life-time of his father. This gentleman *d.* in 1638, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR CHARLES, who *m.* Catharine, daughter of Sir Lionel Tollemache, bart., by whom he had four sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1648, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR CHARLES, who *d.* without issue, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *d.* in 1721, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR CHARLES, who represented the county of Warwick in parliament for nearly fifty years. He *d.* in 1778, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Prowse, esq., of Axbridge, in the county of Somerset, by whom he had two sons and six daughters. He *d.* on the 18th of November, 1806, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR CHARLES, who *m.* in 1807, Miss Holbech, eldest daughter of William Holbech, esq., of Farmborough, in the county of Warwick, by whom he left issue John, the present baronet; and a daughter. Sir Charles *d.* in 1823.

Town Residence—19, Hereford-street.

Country Seats—Walton d'Evile, in the county of Warwick; and Massingham, Norfolk.

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MORGAN-GOULD, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Tredegar, in the county of Monmouth; *m.* Mary-Magdalen, daughter of George Storey, esq., by whom he has four sons and four daughters. Sir Charles succeeded to the family honors at the decease of his father, Sir Charles Gould, in December, 1806; and assumed, by royal license, in pursuance of the testamentary injunction of his brother-in-law, the surname and arms of Morgan.

Lineage.

Doctor Charles Gould, an eminent civilian, having been appointed judge-advocate and judge-martial of the forces, received, in 1779, the honor of knighthood, and was created a baronet on the 30th of October, 1792. He *m.* Jane, eldest daughter of Thomas Morgan, esq., of Ruperra, in the county of Glamorgan, by whom he had Charles, the present baronet; another son, and two daughters. Sir Charles *d.* in 1806.

Town Residence—70, Pall Mall.

Country Seat—Tredegar House, near Newport, Monmouthshire.

MORLAND-BERNARD, SIR SCROPE, baronet, of Nettlesham, in the county of Lincoln; *m.* in 1785, Harriet, only child of William Morland, esq., of Lee, in the county of Kent, by whom he has issue Francis, *b.* 7th June, 1790; Thomas-Tyringham, *b.* 15th Sept. 1790, both bankers in Westminster; Richard Scrope, and two daughters. Mr. Scrope Bernard assumed the surname of Morland, by royal license, on the 15th of February, 1811, and succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, on the 1st of July, 1818.

Lineage.

Francis Bernard, esq., being appointed, in 1758, governor of New Jersey, and in 1760, of Massachusets Bay, was created a baronet on the 5th of April, 1769; *m.* in 1741, Amelia, daughter of Stephen Offley, esq., by whom he had six sons and four daughters. Sir Francis *d.* on the 16th of June, 1788, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, who *d.* unmarried in 1809, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Thomas, D. C. L., chancellor of the diocese of Durham. This gentleman *m.* twice, but leaving no male issue at his decease, in 1818, the title descended to his only surviving brother, Scrope, the present baronet.

Motto,

Bear and forbear.

Town Residence—50, Pall Mall.

Country Seats—Nether Winchendon, and Kimble, both in Buckinghamshire.

MORLEY, EARL OF, (John Parker,) Viscount Boringdon, of North Molton, and Baron Boringdon, of Boringdon, in the county of Devon; F.R.S. and D.C.L.; *b.* 5th May, 1772; succeeded to the barony, at the demise of his father, on the 27th of April, 1788; obtained the viscounty and earldom, by creation, on the 29th of November, 1815; *m.* first, in June, 1804, Augusta, second daughter of John, Earl of Westmorland, by whom he had an only son, who *d.* in boyhood. This marriage being dissolved by act of parliament, on the 14th of February, 1809, his lordship *m.* secondly, in the same year, Frances, daughter of Thomas Talbot, esq., of Wymondham, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he has issue Edmund, Viscount Boringdon, *b.* 10th June, 1810.

Lineage.

John Parker, esq., eldest surviving son and heir of John Parker, esq., (the descendant of a family of distinction settled at North Molton so early as the commencement of the sixteenth century,) by Catharine, daughter of John, Earl Pawlett, was created Baron Boringdon, of Boringdon, in the county of Devon, on the 18th of May, 1784. His lordship *m.* first, in 1763, Frances, daughter of his grace, Josiah (Hort), Archbishop of Tuam, by whom he had no issue; and secondly, in 1769, Theresa, daughter of Thomas, Lord Grantham, by whom he had a son, John, the present earl; and a daughter. His lordship *d.* in 1788.

Motto, in English,

A certain reward to the faithful.

Town Residence—Kent House, South-place, Knightsbridge.

Country Seat—Sultham, Devonshire.

MORRIS, SIR JOHN, of Clasemount, in the county of Glamorgan; *m.* in 1809, Lucy-Julia, youngest daughter of John, fifth Viscount Torrington, by whom he has issue John, another son, and six daughters; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 22nd of June, 1819.

Lineage.

John Morris, esq. was created a baronet on the 12th of May, 1806; *m.* in 1774, Henrietta, daughter of Sir Philip Musgrave, baronet, of Eden Hall, in the county of Cumberland, by whom he left issue John, the present baronet; two other sons, and four daughters. Sir John *d.* in 1819.

Motto, in English,

By the shield of faith.

Country Seat—Clasemount, in the county of Glamorgan.

MORSHEAD, SIR FREDERICK-TREISE, baronet, of Trenant Park, in the county of Cornwall; succeeded to the title, upon the demise of his father, in May, 1813; *m.* Jane, daughter of R. Warwick, esq., of Warwick Hall, in the county of Northumberland.

Lineage.

John Morshead, esq. was created a baronet on the 10th of December, 1783; *m.* in 1778, Elisabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Frederick, the third baronet of that family, by whom he had issue Frederick-Treise, the present baronet; another son, and two daughters. Sir John *d.* in 1813.

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Country Seat—Derwent Lodge, in the county of Cumberland.

MORTON, EARL OF, (George Douglas,) and Lord Aberdour, in the county of Fife, in the peerage of Scotland; Baron Douglas, of Lochleven, in the peerage of England; *b.* in 1759; succeeded to the Scottish honors, upon the demise of his father, on the 27th of September, 1774, and obtained his English barony, by creation, on the 11th of August, 1791; *m.* in 1814, Susan-Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Francis Buller, baronet, of Lupton, in the county of Devon, by whom he has no issue. The Earl of Morton is a knight of the most illustrious order of the Thistle, lord-lieutenant of the county of Fife, and high commissioner to the church of Scotland.

Lineage.

JAMES DOUGLAS, esq., of Dalkeith, great grandson of James Douglas, esq., of Louden and Lochleven, was created Lord Aberdour and Earl of Morton, on the 14th of March, 1457-8. His lordship was succeeded by his son; whose son

JAMES, the third earl, having no male issue, obtained a new reversionary clause to the patent, transferring the peerage to his son-in-law, and heirs general; in consequence of which, at his lordship's decease, in 1553, the family honors devolved upon

JAMES DOUGLAS, who had *m.* Lady Elizabeth Douglas, daughter of the late earl. This nobleman dying without issue, the titles devolved upon

ARCHIBALD DOUGLAS, Earl of Angus; at whose demise, without issue, in 1588, they descended to

SIR WILLIAM DOUGLAS, knight, of Lochleven. This nobleman *d.* in 1606, and was succeeded by his grandson,

WILLIAM, who was installed a knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter, and appointed lord high treasurer of Scotland. From this nobleman, the titles descended, uninterruptedly, to

JAMES, the fourteenth earl, who *m.* first, Agatha, daughter of James Halliburton, esq., of Pitcur, by whom he had two surviving children, Sholto-Charles, his successor; and Mary: and secondly, in 1755, Bridget, daughter of Sir John Heathcote, baronet, of Normanton, in the county of Rutland, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 12th of October, 1768, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SHOLTO-CHARLES. This nobleman *m.* Catherine, daughter of John Hamilton, esq., by whom he had an only son, George, the present peer. His lordship *d.* in 1774.

Motto, in English,
Be sure.

Country Seat—Aberdour-Castle, Fifeshire.

MOSLEY, SIR OSWALD, baronet, of Ancoats, in the county of Lancaster; *b.* on the 27th of March, 1785; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his grandfather, on the 29th of September, 1798; *m.* in January, 1804, Sophia-Anne, daughter of the late Sir Edward Every, baronet, by whom he has issue Oswald, *b.* in 1804; two other sons, and six daughters.

Lineage.

JOHN-PARKER MOSLEY, esq. was created a baronet, on the 24th of March, 1781. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of James Baillie, esq., by whom he had three sons and four daughters; of whom Oswald, the eldest, died in his father's lifetime, leaving by Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of the Reverend Thomas Tonman, Oswald, the present baronet; another son, and two daughters. Sir John-Parker *d.* on the 29th of September, 1798.

Country Seats—Ancoats, near Manchester; and Rolleston, in the county of Stafford.

MOSTYN, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Mostyn Hall, in the county of Flint; succeeded to the title, upon the demise of his father, on the 26th of July, 1796.

Lineage.

ROGER MOSTYN, esq., a descendant from Tudor Trevor, Lord of Bromfield, having taken an active part in arms in behalf of Charles the First, was created a baronet, on the 3rd of August, 1660. He *m.* thrice, and was succeeded by the eldest son of his second marriage, with Mary, eldest daughter of Thomas, Viscount Bulkeley,

SIR THOMAS, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROGER. This gentleman filled the office of paymaster of the marine forces, in the reign of Queen Anne, and was appointed one of the tellers of the exchequer in the reign of George the First. He *m.* Essex, eldest daughter of Daniel, Earl of Winchelsea, by whom he had six sons and six daughters. He *d.* in 1739, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who *d.* in 1758, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR ROGER, who *m.* in 1776, Margaret, daughter of the Reverend Hugh Wynne, D.D., prebendary of Salisbury, by whom he had Thomas, the present baronet; and six daughters. He *d.* in 1796.

Motto, in English,
My help is from the Lord.

Country Seats—Mostyn Hall, in the county of Flint; Gloddaith, Carnarvonshire; Leighton, Cheshire; and Maesmynnam, in the county of Denbigh.

MOSTYN, SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Talacre, in the county of Flint; *b.* 10th April, 1785; *m.* in 1803, Miss Blundell, daughter of Nicholas Blundell, esq., of Crosby Hall, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had an only son, who *d.* in infancy. Sir Edward succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 29th of October, 1823.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the family of Mostyn, of Mostyn.

EDWARD MOSTYN, esq. was created a baronet, on the 28th of April, 1670. He *m.* twice, and was

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succeeded by the second, but eldest surviving, son of his first marriage with Miss Elizabeth Downs, namely,

SIR PYERS, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR PYERS. This gentleman dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR GEORGE, who *d.* in 1746, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD. This gentleman *m.* in 1748, Barbara, only daughter and heiress of Sir George Browne, bart., by whom he had three sons. He *d.* in 1755, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR PYERS, who *m.* Miss Barbara Slaughter, of Ingatestone, in the county of Essex, by whom he had an only son, Edward, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Talacre, in the county of Flint.

MOUNTCASHELL, EARL OF, (Stephen Moore,) Viscount Mountcashell, in the county of Tipperary, and Baron Kilworth, of Moore Park, in the county of Cork; *b.* 20th August, 1792; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 27th Oct. 1822.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This noble family deduces its descent from Thomas de Moore, one of the knights who accompanied the Norman Conqueror to England, and who survived the decisive battle of Hastings. The first branch, however, transplanted to Ireland, was by

RICHARD MOORE, esq., during the reign of James the First. From this gentleman lineally descended

STEPHEN MOORE, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 14th of July, 1764, as Baron Kilworth, of Moore Park, in the county of Cork; and created Viscount Mountcashell, on the 22nd of January, 1766. His lordship *d.* in the latter year, and was succeeded by his second, but eldest surviving, son,

STEPHEN, who was advanced, on the 5th of January, 1781, to an earldom, as Earl of Mountcashell. His lordship *m.* in 1769, Helena, daughter of John, second Earl of Moira, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. The earl *d.* in 1790, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

STEPHEN. This nobleman *m.* in 1791, Margaret, eldest daughter of Robert, Earl of Kingston, by whom he had issue Stephen, the present peer; three other sons, and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1822.

Motto, in English,

United force is the more powerful.

Country Seat — Moore Park, in the county of Cork.

MOUNT-EDGCUMBE, EARL OF, (Richard Edgcumbe,) Viscount Edgcumbe and Valletort, in the county of Devon, and Baron Edgcumbe; D.C.L., and F.R. and S.A.; *b.* 14th September, 1764; *m.* in 1789, Sophia, daughter of John, Earl of Buckinghamshire, by whom he has issue Ernest-Augustus, Viscount Valletort, *b.* 23rd of March, 1797; and two daughters. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his father, on the 4th of February, 1795. The earl is lord-lieutenant, vice-admiral, and custos rotulorum of the county of Cornwall, and high steward of Plympton.

Lineage.

RICHARD EDGCUMBE, esq., descended from Sir Richard Edgcumbe, who was made a knight banneret at Bosworth Field, was elevated to the peerage, on the 29th of April, 1742, as Baron Edgcumbe. His lordship *d.* in 1758, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

RICHARD, who *d.* unmarried, in 1761, when the barony devolved upon his brother,

GEORGE, who was created Viscount Mount-Edgcumbe and Valletort, on the 5th of March, 1781; and Earl of Mount-Edgcumbe, on the 31st of August, 1789. His lordship *m.* in 1761, Emma, only daughter and heiress of his grace, John Gilbert, D.D., Lord Archbishop of York, by whom he had an only son, Richard, the present peer. The earl *d.* in 1795.

Motto, in English,

At the strong disposal of God.

Town Residence—7, John-street, Berkeley-square.

Country Seat — Mount-Edgcumbe, near Devonport, in the county of Devon.

MOUNTMORRES, VISCOUNT, (Francis-Hervey de Montmorency,) and Baron Mountmorres, of Castlemorres, in the county of Kilkenny, and a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 1st September, 1756; *m.* in 1794, Anne, daughter of Joseph Reade, esq., of Castle-Noyle, in the county of Kilkenny, by whom he has issue Hervey, *b.* 20th of August, 1796; and three daughters. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his half-brother, on the 17th of August, 1797, and assumed, by royal license, the ancient name of the family, "Montmorency."

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This ancient and illustrious family deduces its descent from the Barons of Montmorency, in France; as it is, however, foreign from our purpose to trace genealogical streams to their remote sources within the hidden recesses of centuries, we must limit our researches, in this instance, as we have hitherto done, to the distinguished personages who were deemed first worthy of the hereditary honors of their country.

JOHN MORRES, esq., eldest son of Reydmond Morres, esq., of Templemore and Knockagh Castles, was created a baronet of Ireland, on the 28th of March, 1631. He *d.* in 1648, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

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Sir Reydmond, who *d.* in 1650, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John. This gentleman lived to the advanced age of one hundred, and *d.* in 1720. From him the title descended, uninterruptedly, to

Sir Nicholas, the eighth baronet; from whom it passed, at his demise without issue, in 1794, to

Harvey-Redmond, second Viscount and Baron Mountmorres, (eldest son of Harvey Morres, of Castle Morres, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the above titles, on the 27th of April, 1756, and on the 29th of June, 1763; which Harvey, first viscount, *m.* twice: first, in 1742, Letitia, daughter of Brabazan, Earl of Besborough, by whom he had Harvey-Redmond, his successor; and other children: and, secondly, Mary, eldest daughter of William Wall, esq., of Coolnamucky Castle, in the county of Waterford, by whom he had Francis-Harvey, the present viscount; and another son, William-Mary, who was drowned, near Dublin, in 1809.) Harvey-Redmond, the second viscount, named above, *d.* unmarried, in 1797, when the family honors devolved upon his half-brother, Francis-Hervey de Montmorency, the present peer.

Motto, in English,

God aids.

Country Seat — Castle Morres, in the county of Kilkenny.

MOUNTNORRIS, EARL OF, (George Annesley,) Viscount Valentia, of Valentia, in the county of Kerry; Baron Mountnorris, of Mountnorris Castle, in the county of Armagh; Baron Altham, of Altham, in the county of Cork; and a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 2nd November, 1769; *m.* in 1790, Anne, daughter of William, Viscount Courtenay, by whom he has issue George-Arthur, Viscount Valentia, *b.* 2nd of October, 1793. His lordship succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 4th of July, 1816.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

Sir Francis Annesley, knt., principal secretary of state for Ireland, in the beginning of the seventeenth century, was created a baronet of Ireland, in 1620, and obtained a patent, dated 11th of March, 1621, granting to himself and to his heirs male, after the decease of Henry Power, then Viscount Valentia, that viscounty. He was, however, put into immediate possession of a peerage, by the title of Baron Mountnorris, of Mountnorris, in the county of Armagh, in 1628. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Dorothy, daughter of Sir John Phillips, bart., of Picton Castle, in the county of Pembroke, by whom he had Arthur, his successor; and other children: and, secondly, Jane, daughter of Sir John Stanhope, by whom he had an only son, Francis, whose grandson, William Annesley, esq., became Baron Annesley and Viscount Glerawley. His lordship *d.* in 1660, and was succeeded by his only son,

Arthur, who was enrolled amongst the peers of England, on the 20th of April, 1661, as Baron Annesley and Earl of Anglesey. This nobleman was treasurer of the navy, in 1667, and lord privy seal, in 1673. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir James Altham, of Oxey, in the county of Herts, by whom he had three sons and five daughters. The second son, Altham, was created a peer of Ireland on the 14th of February, 1680, as Baron Altham, with remainder to his younger brother; which title, at the decease of himself and his infant son, devolved, according to the limitation, upon his brother, Richard. The earl *d.* on the 10th of May, 1686, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

James, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John, Earl of Rutland, and *d.* in 1690, leaving three sons,

James, John, and Arthur, } successive Earls of Anglesey, &c. At the demise of Arthur, without issue, in 1737, the family honors devolved upon his cousin,

Richard, fifth Baron Altham, son of the Right Honorable Richard Annesley, D.D., Dean of Exeter, third Lord Altham, and grandson of the first Earl of Anglesey. His lordship *m.* twice, but had issue only by his second wife, Juliana Donevan, namely, Arthur, his successor; and three daughters. As this second marriage of the Earl's admitted of subsequent litigation, we shall make no apology for digressing to particularise it. Lord Anglesey, who had been separated for several years from his first countess, received intelligence of her ladyship's decease, by express, as he was journeying to Ireland, on the 17th of August, 1741; and, continuing his route, almost immediately after his arrival at his seat, Camolin Park, in the county of Wexford, was *m.* by his own chaplain, the Reverend L. Neil, (on the 15th September, 1741,) to Juliana Donevan, a lady then in her 17th year, of great personal charms, and of ancient and respectable family, with whom he lived until his decease, on the 4th of February, 1761. Immediately after that event, the legitimacy of his lordship's son was questioned, and the next heir, John Annesley, esq., of Ballisack, petitioned the Irish parliament accordingly. The matter occasioned great public interest at the period, and, after an investigation which lasted nearly four years, the earl's marriage with Miss Donevan was declared by the Irish house of peers to be valid, and the right confirmed of his son,

Arthur, who, upon coming of age, in 1765, and taking his seat in the house of lords of Ireland, applied for a writ as Earl Anglesey to the English parliament; but there the decision was against his lordship, and the writ was, of course, denied. He continued, however, to sit as Viscount Valentia, (his claim being a second time investigated and confirmed in Ireland,) and was created, on the 20th of December, 1793, Earl of Mountnorris. His lordship *m.* first, in 1767, Lucy, only daughter of George,

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Lord Lyttleton, and eventually sole heiress of her brother, Thomas, second Lord Lyttleton, by whom he left issue George, the present earl; two other sons, and three daughters: and, secondly, in 1783, Sarah, third daughter of the Right Honorable Sir Henry Cavendish, bart., by whom he left three daughters. The earl *d.* on the 4th of July, 1816.

Motto, in English,
From the love of virtue.

Country Seat—Castle Mountnorris, in the county of Armagh.

MOUNT-SANDFORD, BARON, (Henry Sandford,) of Castlerea, in the county of Roscommon; *b.* 10th of March, 1805; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, on the 29th of December, 1814.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

Henry-Moore Sandford, esq., eldest son of Henry Sandford, esq., by the Honorable Sarah Moore, eldest daughter of Stephen, Viscount Mount-Cashel, was created a peer of Ireland on the 30th of July, 1800, by the title of Baron Mount-Sandford, of Castlerea, in the county of Roscommon, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his lordship's brothers, and their male descendants. His lordship dying childless, in 1814, the barony devolved, according to the limitation, upon his nephew, Henry Sandford, present baron, the son of his brother, the Reverend William Sandford, by Jane, second daughter of the Right Honorable Silver Oliver, of Castle Oliver, in the county of Limerick.

Motto, in English,
One heart, one way.

Country Seat—Castle Rea, in the county of Roscommon.

MULGRAVE, EARL OF, (Henry Phipps,) Viscount Normanby, of Normanby, and Baron Mulgrave, of Mulgrave, all in the county of York, in the peerage of Great Britain; Baron Mulgrave, of New Ross, in the county of Wexford, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 14th February, 1755; succeeded to the Irish barony upon the demise of his brother, on the 10th of October, 1792; obtained his English honors, by creation, on the 18th of August, 1794, (the barony;) and on the 7th of September, 1812, (the viscounty and earldom;) *m.* in 1795, Sophia, daughter of Christopher-Thomas Malling, esq., of West Hennington, in the county of Durham, by whom he has issue Henry-Constantine, Viscount Normanby, *b.* 15th May, 1797; (*m.* in 1818, Maria, eldest daughter of Thomas-Henry, Viscount Ravensworth;) besides three other sons, and five daughters. Lord Mulgrave is a general officer in the army, colonel of the 31st regiment of foot, and a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, governor of Scarborough, and lord lieutenant and custos rotulorum, and vice-admiral of the East Riding of the county of York.

Lineage.

Constantine Phipps, esq., only son of William Phipps, esq., by Catharine, only daughter and heiress of James, fourth Earl of Anglesey, and grandson of Sir Constantine Phipps, knt., lord chancellor of Ireland, in 1710, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 3rd of September, 1767, as Baron Mulgrave, of New Ross, in the county of Wexford. His lordship *m.* in 1743, Lepell, eldest daughter of John, Lord Hervey, of Ickworth, by whom he left issue Constantine-John, his successor; Henry, the present earl; Edmund-Augustus; and Henrietta-Maria, the wife of Charles, eleventh Viscount Dillon. The baron *d.* on the 13th of September, 1775, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Constantine-John, a captain in the royal navy, in which capacity he made an effort to discover a north-east passage. His lordship held several high official stations, and was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, as Baron Mulgrave, on the 16th of June, 1790. He *m.* in 1767, Anne-Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Nathaniel Cholmondely, esq., by whom he left an only daughter, Anne-Elizabeth-Cholmondely, who *m.* in 1807, Lieutenant-General Sir John Murray, bart. The baron *d.* in 1792, and, having no male issue, the English barony of Mulgrave became extinct, but the Irish barony devolved upon his brother, Henry, the present earl.

Motto, in English,
Content in virtue.

Town Residence—72, Harley-street.

Country Seat—Mulgrave Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

MUNCASTER, BARON, (Lowther-Augustus-John Pennington,) in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of Great Britain; *b.* 14th December, 1802; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 29th of July, 1818.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

William Pennington, esq., of Muncaster, (lineally descended from Sir John de Pennington, knt., an attached servant of Henry the Sixth, to whom that unfortunate monarch presented a curiously wrought glass cup, which is said still to be preserved, with a prayer that the family should ever prosper, and never want a male heir, so long as they should retain the cup unbroken,) was created a baronet on the 21st of June, 1676. Sir William *d.* in 1730, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Joseph, who *m.* Margaret Lowther, daughter of John, Viscount Lonsdale, and dying, in 1744, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, who was succeeded by his brother,

Sir Joseph. This gentleman *m.* Sarah, daughter and sole heiress of John Moore, esq., by whom

he left issue John, Lowther, and three daughters. He *d.* in 1773, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who was created a peer of Ireland, on the 21st of October, 1783, by the title of Baron Muncaster, with remainder to his brother, Lowther Pennington, esq. His lordship *d.* in 1813, and leaving an only daughter, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

LOWTHER, a general officer in the army, and colonel of one of the royal veteran battalions. His lordship *m.* in 1802, Esther, second daughter of Thomas Barry, esq., and widow of James Morrison, esq., by whom he left, at his decease, in 1818, an only son, Lowther-Augustus-John, the present baron.

Motto, in English,

The love of country conquers.

Town Residence—33, Curzon-street.

Country Seat—Muncaster House, in the county of Lancaster.

MUNRO, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of

This gentleman, who is governor of Madras, and a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, was created a baronet on the 30th of June, 1825.

MURRAY-M'GREGOR, SIR JOHN M'GREGOR, baronet, of Laurie, in the county of Perth; *m.* Anne, daughter of Roderic Macleod, esq., by whom he has a son, Evan-John.

This gentleman, who is eldest son of Major Evan Murray, by Janet, youngest daughter of John Mac Donald, esq., was created a baronet on the 23rd of July, 1795. Sir John Murray is a lieutenant-general in the army, and was in the honorable East India company's military service.

Town Residence—Wimpole-street.

Country Seat—Laurie, Perthshire.

MUSGRAVE, SIR PHILIP-CHRISTOPHER, baronet, of Eden-Hall, in the county of Cumberland; *b.* in 1792; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 24th of July, 1796; *m.* Elizabeth, third daughter of Mr. and Lady Mary Fludyer, of Ayston.

Lineage.

This ranks amongst the oldest baronetcies, being conferred, on the 29th of June, 1611, upon

RICHARD MUSGRAVE, esq., who *d.* in 1615, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR PHILIP. This gentleman was a distinguished Cavalier officer, during the civil wars; and, at the Restoration, had a warrant, creating him Baron Musgrave, but never took out the patent. He *d.* in 1677, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR RICHARD, who was succeeded by his brother,

SIR CHRISTOPHER. This gentleman was nominated one of the tellers of the exchequer, in the first year of Queen Anne. He *d.* in 1718, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR CHRISTOPHER, who succeeded his uncle, as clerk of the council, in 1710. He *m.* Julia, daughter and heiress of Sir John Chardin, knight, of Kempton-Park, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he had eleven children. Sir Christopher *d.* in 1736, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR PHILIP, who *d.* in 1795, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR JOHN-CHARDIN. This gentleman *m.* in 1791, Mary, daughter of the late Reverend Sir Edmund Filmer, baronet, of East Sutton-Place, Kent, by whom he had issue Philip, the present baronet; and two other sons.

Motto, in English,

Without changing.

Town Residence—59, Portland-place.

Country Seat—Eden-Place, Penrith, Cumberland.

MUSKERRY, BARON, (Matthew-Deane,) of Muskerry, in the county of Cork; and a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 29th of March, 1795; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1825.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

MATTHEW DEANE, esq., of Drogheda, son of Matthew Deane, esq., of the county of Somerset, was created a baronet, on the 10th of March, 1709. From this gentleman the title passed, uninterruptedly, to

THE RIGHT HONORABLE SIR ROBERT, the fifth baronet; a privy-councillor in Ireland, and member of parliament; who was brother to his predecessor. He *m.* in 1738, Charlotte, daughter of Thomas Tilson, esq., by whom he left, at his decease in 1770, with other children,

SIR ROBERT-TILSON, who was created Baron Muskerry, on the 5th of January, 1781. His lordship *m.* in 1775, Anne Fitzmaurice, grand-daughter and sole heiress of John Fitzmaurice, esq., of Springfield-Castle, by whom he left issue, at his decease in 1818, Matthew, present peer; and his successor and eldest son,

JOHN-THOMAS-FITZMAURICE, who *d.* in 1825, without issue, when the barony devolved upon his only brother, the present peer.

Motto, in English,

Nothing is difficult to the brave and faithful.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Grange, in the county of Limerick.

NAGLE, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of James'-Town House, in the county of Westmeath; *m.* first, in 1792, Catharine, daughter and co-heiress of Maurice Fitzgerald, esq., of Punchard, in the county of Kildare, by whom he has an only daughter, the wife of Oliver-Dowell Grace, esq., of Mantua-House, in the county of Roscommon; and secondly, in 1798, Mary-Bridget, daughter and sole heiress of Owen Geoghegan, esq., of Rosemount, by whom he has issue Richard, *b.* 12th of August, 1800; and Joseph, *b.* 12th of November, 1808.

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This gentleman, who is son of Thomas Nagle, esq., by Mary, heiress of Kedah Geoghegan, esq., of the county of Westmeath, was created a baronet on the 4th of January, 1813.

Motto, in English,

Not the voice, but the vow.

Country Seat—James-Town-House, county of Westmeath.

NAIRNE, LORD, (William Nairne,) *m.* in 1806, Caroline, daughter of Lawrence Oliphant, esq., of Gask, by whom he has an only son, William, *b.* in 1806. His lordship's title, which was forfeited in 1715, was restored, by act of parliament, on the 17th of June, 1824.

This being a barony of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

Robert Nairne, esq., a Scotch lawyer of eminence, having suffered ten years' incarceration in the Tower of London, for his adherence to the house of Stuart during the civil wars, was rewarded, at the Restoration, by being appointed a lord of session, and one of the judges of justiciary. He was, at the same time, (31st of January, 1681,) elevated to the peerage of Scotland, as Lord Nairne, with remainder to the husband of his only daughter, Margaret. His lordship *d.* in 1683, and was, accordingly, succeeded by his son-in-law,

Lord William Murray (and by assumption) Nairne, fourth son of John, Marquess of Atholl, by Lady Amelia Stanley, who inherited, likewise, his father-in-law's fidelity to the house of Stuart, and refused to take the oaths of allegiance to the new government of the revolution, or to assume his seat in parliament. His lordship engaged in the rebellion of 1715, and being convicted of high treason, was condemned to death; but his life was subsequently spared, although his title was attainted; and so remained, until restored, by act of parliament, in 1824, to his lordship's great-grandson, William, the present peer, who is second and only surviving son of John Nairne, esq., by Barbara Wheeler, daughter of James Wheeler, esq. of Lyrath, in Ireland.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Strathurd, North Britain.

NAPIER, BARON, (William-John Napier,) of Merchistoun; and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* 18th of October, 1786; *m.* in 1816, Elizabeth, daughter of the Honorable Andrew-Cochrane Johnstone, by whom he has two children, a son and a daughter. His lordship, who is an officer of rank in the navy, succeeded to the family honors, upon the demise of his father, on the 1st of August, 1823.

This being a barony of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present baron sits as one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

Archibald Napier, esq., eldest son of the celebrated John Napier, the inventor of Logarithms and Rabdology, having accompanied King James the 6th to England, was sworn of the privy council, nominated treasurer depute of Scotland in 1622, appointed lord justice clerk and a judge of session in 1623, created a baronet of Nova Scotia, and elevated to the peerage of Scotland on the 4th of May, 1627, as Baron Napier. His lordship was succeeded by his only son,

Archibald. This nobleman distinguished himself in the royal cause during the civil wars, and *d.* in retirement in Holland, in 1660, when he was succeeded by his eldest son,

Archibald. This nobleman obtained, on the 7th of February, 1677, a new patent, containing an extension of the remaindership to his heirs female, and their heirs male and female; and to his sisters, and their heirs general whatsoever. His lordship dying unmarried in 1683, the barony devolved upon the only child of his eldest sister, his nephew,

Sir Thomas Nicholson, who died unmarried and under age, in 1686, when his aunt,

Margaret, became Baroness Napier. Her ladyship *m.* John Brisbane, esq., secretary to the admiralty in the reign of Charles the Second, by whom she had a son, John, a naval officer, who *d.* in 1704; and a daughter, who *m.* in 1699, William Scott, esq., son and successor to Sir William Scott, baronet, of Thirlestane, (a creation of the 22d of August, 1666,) by whom she had an only son,

Sir Francis Scott, who inherited the barony at the demise of his grandmother, Lady Napier, in 1706, (his mother having died in 1705,) and assumed the surname of Napier. His lordship *d.* in 1773, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, a lieutenant-colonel in the army, and deputy-adjutant-general of the forces in Scotland. His lordship d. in 1775, and was succeeded by his son,

Francis. This nobleman *m.* in 1784, Maria-Margaret, eldest daughter of Sir William Clavering, K.B., by whom he left issue William-John, the present peer; two other sons, and four daughters.

Mottoes, in English,

Without stain—Of the family of Napier.

and—Ready! aye, ready!—Of the family of Scott.

Country Seat—Thirlstane Castle, in the county of Selkirk.

NEALE, SIR HARRY, baronet, of Walhampton, in the county of Hants; *m.* in 1795, Miss Neale, daughter of the late Robert Neale, esq., of Shaw House, in the county of Wilts, upon which occasion he relinquished his family surname of "Burrard," and assumed that of "Neale;" succeeded to the title upon the demise of his uncle, on the 12th of April, 1791. Sir Harry Neale is admiral of the white, and a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath.

Lineage.

Harry Burrard, esq., eldest son of Paul Burrard, esq., by Lucy, daughter of Sir William Colt, was created a baronet on the 3d of April, 1769, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brothers,

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William and George, and their male descendants. Sir Harry *m.* twice; but leaving an only daughter at his demise in 1791, the title devolved, according to the limitation of the patent, upon his nephew, Harry Burrard, esq., the present baronet, the son of his brother, William, by his second wife, Miss Mary Pearce.

Country Seat—Walhampton, Hampshire.

NEAVE, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Dagnum Park, in the county of Essex; *b.* in 1761; *m.* in 1791, Frances-Caroline, daughter of the late Rev. Dean Digby, of Durham, by whom he has issue Richard-Digby, with three other sons, and two daughters. Sir Thomas succeeded to the title, upon the demise of his father, in January, 1814.

Lineage.

RICHARD NEAVE, esq., son of James Neave, esq., of London, by Susannah, daughter of Thomas Trueman, esq., was created a baronet on the 13th of May, 1795; *m.* Frances, fourth daughter of John Bristow, esq., by whom he left issue Thomas, the present baronet, and six other children. Sir Richard was a commercial character of great eminence, and filled the office of governor of the bank of England in 1780. He *d.* in 1814.

Town Residence—30, Old Burlington-street.

Country Seat—Dagnum Park, Romford, Essex.

NELSON, EARL, (the Rev. William Nelson, D.D.) of Merton and Trafalgar; Viscount Merton and Trafalgar, of Merton, in the county of Surrey; and Baron Nelson of the Nile, and of Hilborough, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* 20th April, 1757; *m.* in 1786, Sarah, daughter of the Rev. Henry Yonge, by whom he has living an only daughter, Charlotte-Mary, *b.* 20th September, 1787, the wife of Samuel, Lord Bridport. His lordship succeeded to the barony upon the demise of his brother, on the 21st of October, 1805, and obtained his other honors, by creation, on the 28th of November, in the same year, with permission from his majesty to inherit his deceased brother's Sicilian dukedom of Bronte.

Lineage.

HORATIO NELSON, *b.* 29th Sept., 1758, (son of the Rev. Edmund Nelson, rector of Burnham Thorpe, by Catharine, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Suckling,) one of the most heroic commanders in the naval annals of England, having distinguished himself by a series of splendid achievements, was advanced to the peerage in October, 1798, by the title of Baron Nelson, and created, on the 22d of May, 1801, Viscount Nelson, of the Nile, and of Burnham Thorpe, in the county of Norfolk. His lordship terminated his glorious career and life, at the moment of victory, in an engagement with the combined fleets of France and Spain, off Cape Trafalgar, on the 21st of October, 1805. The viscount *m.* in 1787, Frances, relict of Josiah Nesbitt, esq. M. D., but dying without issue, his original peerage became extinct; but a second barony, that of Baron Nelson, of the Nile, and of Hilborough, in the county of Norfolk, which was conferred upon him on the 18th of August, 1801, with remainder to his father, and to his brother, the Rev. William Nelson, (the present earl,) devolved according to the limitation of the patent. His lordship was created, by the king of the Two Sicilies, Duke of Bronte. The remains of the gallant and lamented hero were honored with a funeral at the public expense, and deposited in the cathedral church of St. Paul, London, on the 9th of June, 1806.

Motto, in English,

Let him wear the palm who hath deserved it.

Town Residence—23, Portman-square.

Country Seats—Trafalgar Park, Salisbury; and Canterbury, Kent, of the cathedral of which the earl is a prebendary.

NELTHORPE, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Gray's Inn, in the county of Middlesex; *b.* 25th of December, 1773; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 14th of June, 1799; *m.* in 1807, Margaret, daughter of James Duthie, esq., of the county of Stirling, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

JOHN NELTHORPE, esq., of Gray's Inn, was created a baronet on the 16th of May, 1666, with remainder to his nephew; and dying unmarried in 1669, the title devolved upon that gentleman,

SIR GODDARD, who *d.* in 1703, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR MONTAGUE. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Henry Coxwell, esq., by whom he had an only son, his successor, at his demise in 1721,

SIR HENRY, who *d.* without issue, in 1728, when the title reverted to his uncle,

SIR HENRY, grandson of Sir Goddard, the second baronet, being the second son of his son, Henry Nelthorpe, esq. He *d.* in 1780, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* in 1772, Charlotte, daughter of Andrew Willoughby, esq., by whom he left issue Henry, the present baronet; another son, and two daughters. He *d.* in 1799.

Country Seat—Sealby, in the county of Lincoln.

NEPEAN, SIR MOLINEAUX-HYDE, baronet, of Bothenhampton, in the county of Dorset; *b.* in 1783; *m.* in 1813, Miss Charlotte Tilghman, by whom he has no issue; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 2d of October, 1822.

Lineage.

EVAN NEPEAN, esq., second son of Nicholas Nepean, esq., of Saltash, in the county of Cornwall, being sworn of the privy council, and having filled several high official situations, was created a baronet on the 10th of July, 1802. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of William Skinner, esq., by whom he left issue Molineaux-Hyde, the present baronet, with four other sons, and two daughters. Sir Evan *d.* in 1822.

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Country Seats—Loders and Bothampton, in the county of Dorset.

C. NETTERVILLE, VISCOUNT, (John Netterville,) of Douth, in the county of Meath; *b.* in 1744; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 19th of March, 1750.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present viscount is likewise excluded from a seat in the legislature by professing the Roman catholic religion.

Lineage.

This family, which has been settled in Ireland since the reign of Henry the Second, was ennobled in the person of

NICHOLAS NETTERVILLE, esq., who was created Viscount Netterville, of Douth, in 1622. From this nobleman the title passed uninterruptedly to

NICHOLAS, the fifth viscount. His lordship *m.* in 1731, Catharine, only daughter of Samuel Burton, esq. of Burton Hall, in the county of Carlow, by whom he left an only son, John, the present viscount.

Motto, in English,

While I breathe, I confide in the cross.

Town Residence—Dublin.

Country Seat—Douth, in the county of Meath.

NEWBOROUGH, BARON, (Thomas-John Wynn,) in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of England; *b.* 3rd of April, 1802; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 12th of October, 1807.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

THOMAS WYNN, esq., son of Griffith Wynn, esq., by Catharine, daughter of William Vaughan, esq., was created a baronet on the 25th of October, 1742, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* Jane, heiress of John Wynn, esq., of Melai, in the county of Denbigh, by whom, with other children, he had his successor,

SIR THOMAS, who was created a peer of Ireland by the title of Baron Newborough, on the 14th of July, 1776. He *m.* twice, and was succeeded by the eldest son of his second marriage, with Maria-Stella Petronetta, niece of General Chiappini, namely, Thomas-John, the present baron.

Motto, in English,

Courteous in manner, but firm in deed.

Town Residence—8, Nottingham-terrace.

Country Seat—Glyn Llifon, Glenarvonshire.

C. NEWBURGH, EARL OF, (Francis Eyre,) Viscount Newburgh, of Newburgh, in the county of Aberdeen; Viscount Kinnaird and Baron Livingston, of Flacraig, in the peerage of Scotland; *b.* 10th of February, 1762; *m.* in 1787, Dorothy, daughter and co-heiress of John Gladwin, esq., by whom he has issue Thomas, Viscount Kinnaird, *b.* 21st of October, 1790, (*m.* in 1817, Margaret, daughter of Archibald, Earl of Cassilis;) another son, and four daughters. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his cousin, on the 29th of November, 1814.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the earl is excluded from the representation, by professing the Roman catholic religion.

Lineage.

This distinguished family was ennobled in the person of

SIR JAMES LIVINGSTON, baronet, of Kinnaird, who was created Viscount Newburgh, on the 13th of September, 1647. His lordship retired to the Hague during the Usurpation, and returned with his royal master, Charles the Second, at the Restoration, when he was nominated captain of his majesty's body guard, and advanced to an earldom, on the 31st of December, 1660, by the titles of Earl of Newburgh, Viscount Kinnaird, and Baron Levingston, with remainder to his heirs general whatsoever. The earl *d.* in 1670, and was succeeded by his son,

CHARLES, who *d.* in 1694, and was succeeded by his only daughter,

CHARLOTTE, Countess of Newburgh. Her ladyship *m.* twice: first, the Honorable Thomas Clifford, by whom she had two daughters; and, secondly, Charles Radcliffe, esq., third son of the executed and attainted Earl of Derwentwater, (by Mary Tudor, illegitimate daughter of King Charles the Second,) by whom she had issue James-Bartholomew, her ladyship's successor; James-Clement, an officer of rank in the French service; three children, who *d.* in her lifetime; and Mary, who *m.* in 1755, Francis Eyre, esq., of Warwick, and became mother of Francis Eyre, the present earl, with other issue. The countess *d.* in 1755, and was succeeded by her eldest son,

JAMES-BARTHOLOMEW, who *d.* in 1786, and was succeeded by his son,

ANTHONY-JAMES. This nobleman *m.* in 1789, Anne, only daughter of Joseph Webb, esq.; but dying without issue, in 1814, the peerage devolved upon his first-cousin, Francis Eyre, esq. the present earl, grandson of Charlotte, Countess of Newburgh.

Motto, in English,

If I can.

Country Seat—Slindon House, Sussex.

NEWBURGH, BARON, (George-Horatio Cholmondeley,) *b.* 17th January, 1792; *m.* in 1812, Caroline, second daughter of Lieutenant-General Campbell, who *d.* in 1815, without issue.

This nobleman, (Earl of Rocksavage, by courtesy,) the eldest son of the Marquess of Cholmondeley (see that title,) was summoned, by writ, to the house of peers, on the 24th of December, 1821, by the title of Baron Newburgh, the barony of his father.

Town Residence—94, Piccadilly.

NEWCASTLE, DUKE OF, (Henry-Pelham-Fiennes-Pelham Clinton,) Under-Lyne, in

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the county of Stafford, and Earl of Lincoln; *b.* 31st of January, 1785; succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his father, on the 17th of May, 1795; *m.* in 1807, Georgiana-Elizabeth, daughter of Edward-Miller Munday, esq., of Shipley, in the county of Derby, by whom he has issue Henry-Pelham-Fiennes Pelham, Earl of Lincoln, *b.* 22nd May, 1811; eight other sons, and three daughters. The duchess *d.* on the 27th of September, 1822. His grace is a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the county of Nottingham, steward and keeper of Sherwood Forest, &c. &c.

Lineage.

This ducal family derives its surname of Clinton from a lordship in the county of Oxford, at present denominated Glimpton; and it deduces its descent from William de Villa Tancredi, chamberlain of Normandy, and Maud, his wife, daughter of William de Arches, descended from Wevia, sister to Gunora, Duchess of Normandy. To reach, however, the founder of its English honors, we must pass over five centuries, and arrive at the golden days of good Queen Bess, when

Edward, Lord Clinton, (descended from Sir John Clinton, who was summoned to parliament, as a baron, in 1298,) a very distinguished personage in the reigns of her majesty's father and brother, as a naval commander, was created, on the 4th of May, 1572, Earl of Lincoln. His lordship *d.* on the 16th of January, 1584; and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Henry, from whom the family honors descended, uninterruptedly, to

Edward, the fifth earl, and sixteenth baron; at whose demise, without issue, in 1692, the barony fell into abeyance, between his lordship's aunts and co-heirs, and eventually passed into another family, while the earldom of Lincoln reverted to his cousin,

Sir Francis Clinton, knt., grandson of Henry, the second earl, through his second son, Sir Edward Clinton, knt. His lordship *d.* in 1693, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Henry, one of the gentlemen of the bedchamber to Prince George of Denmark. This nobleman taking, however, a decided part against the measures of government, during the last four years of the reign of Queen Anne, so ingratiated himself with Arthur, Earl of Torrington, that that nobleman, at his decease, bequeathed to the Earl of Lincoln the greater part of his extensive estates. His lordship *d.* in 1728, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George, who *d.* at the age of thirteen, in 1730, and was succeeded by his brother,

Henry. This nobleman held several of the highest stations about the court; and having *m.* in 1744, Catharine, eldest surviving daughter of the Right Honorable Henry Pelham, succeeded, in 1768, at the demise of the countess's uncle, Thomas-Pelham Holles, created Duke of Newcastle-under-Lyme, on the 13th of November, 1756, with special remainder to the Earl of Lincoln, to that dukedom. His grace *d.* in 1794, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

Thomas-Fiennes Pelham, third duke and ninth earl; who *m.* in 1782, Anna-Maria, youngest daughter of William, Earl of Harrington, by whom he left issue at his demise, in 1795, Henry-Pelham, present duke; and one daughter, Anna-Maria, who *m.* in 1801, Lieutenant-General Sir Stapleton Cotton, bart., and *d.* in 1807. The Duchess of Newcastle *m.* after his grace's decease, in 1800, Lieutenant-General Sir Charles Crauford, G.C.B.

Motto, in English,

Loyalty is never ashamed.

Town Residence—17, Portman-square.

Country Seat—Clumber-Park, Tuxford, Nottinghamshire.

NIGHTINGALE, SIR CHARLES-ETHELSTON, baronet, of Kneesworth-Hall, in the county of Cambridge; *b.* 1st of November, 1784; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 16th of December, 1805; *m.* in the same month and year, Maria, only daughter of Thomas-Lacy Dickenson, esq., of West Retford, in the county of Nottingham, by whom he has issue Charles, *b.* 30th of April, 1809; three other sons, and a daughter.

Lineage.

Thomas Nightingale, esq., descended from William Nightingale, esq., of Burntwood, in the county of Essex, was created a baronet, on the 1st of September, 1628. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1644, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Sir Thomas, who *m.* Jane, daughter of George Shires, esq., and eventually heiress of her nephew, Sir George Shires, baronet, by whom he had an only son, his successor,

Sir Robert. This gentleman *d.* without issue, in 1697, when the title reverted to his cousin,

Sir Bridges, who, dying unmarried, was succeeded by his brother,

Sir Robert, who *d.* unmarried, in 1722, when the title reverted to his kinsman,

Sir Edward, (the descendant of the first baronet, through the eldest son of his second marriage, Geoffrey Nightingale, esq.) This gentleman preferred his claim to the baronetcy, after it had remained, for the greater part of a century, dormant; and his right was acknowledged in 1797. He *m.* his cousin, Eleanor, daughter and heiress of Robert Nightingale, esq., of Kneesworth, by whom he left issue Charles-Ethelston, the present baronet; three other sons, and three daughters. Sir Edward *d.* in 1804.

Country Seat—Kneesworth-Hall, in the county of Cambridge.

NOEL, SIR GERARD-NOEL, baronet, of Exton-Park, in the county of Rutland; *m.* in 1780, Diana, only daughter and heiress of Sir Charles Middleton, bart., (subsequently, Lord Barham, to which barony his daughter, Diana, Lady Noel, at his lordship's decease, succeeded,) by whom he has issue Charles-Noel, who, at the demise

of his mother in 1823, became Baron Barham, of Barham Court, (see that title;) besides eight other sons, and five daughters. Sir Gerard *m.* secondly, in 1823, Harriet, daughter of the Reverend J. Gill, of Leicestershire, by whom he has no child. He succeeded to the title at the demise of his father-in-law, Sir Charles Middleton, baronet, (Lord Barham,) on the 17th of June, 1813. This gentleman, who is the only son of Gerard-Ann Edwards, esq., of Wilham-Grove, in the county of Leicester, relinquished his paternal surname, and assumed, by royal permission, in 1798, that of his uncle, Henry Noel, Earl of Gainsborough, with the arms of Noel, upon inheriting the estates of his noble relative.

Lineage.

CHARLES MIDDLETON, esq., second son of Robert Middleton, esq., by Miss Helen Dundas, having attained high rank in the royal navy, was created a baronet, in 1781, with remainder to his son-in-law, Gerard-Noel Edwards, esq., the present Sir Gerard Noel-Noel. Sir Charles was, subsequently, elevated to the peerage, as Baron Barham, with remainder to his daughter, Lady Noel.

Motto, in English,

The whole good, or none.

Town Residence—11, Chandos-street, Cavendish-square.

Country Seat—Exton-Park, county of Rutland.

NORBURY, BARON, (John Toler,) of Ballyorenode, in the county of Tipperary; *b.* 3rd of December, 1745; *m.* in 1778, Grace, Baroness Norwood, in her own right, daughter of Hector Graham, esq., by Grace Maxwell, niece of John, Lord Farnham, by whom he has issue Daniel, who succeeded to the barony of Norwood, at the decease of his mother, in 1822; another son, and four daughters.

This nobleman, (the second son of Daniel Toler, esq., of Beechwood, by Letitia, daughter of Thomas Otway, esq., of Castle Otway, in the county of Tipperary,) having been bred to the Irish bar, was appointed solicitor-general, in 1789; attorney-general, in 1798; elevated to the bench, as lord chief-justice of the common pleas, in 1800, (all in Ireland,) which high station he still continues to enjoy; and created Baron Norbury, on the 29th of December, in the same year. His lordship had previously obtained a barony for his lady, as Baroness Norwood, on the 7th of November, 1797, with remainder to her ladyship's heirs male.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Motto.

Right can never die.

Town Residence—Dublin.

NORFOLK, DUKE OF, (Bernard-Edward Howard,) Earl of Arundel, Surrey, and Norfolk; Baron Howard, Fitz Alan, Clun, and Oswaldestre, and Maltravers; earl marshal and hereditary marshal of England; premier duke and earl, immediately after the princes of the blood royal; F.R. and A.S.; *b.* in 1765; *m.* in 1789, the Lady Elizabeth Belayse, daughter of Henry, last Earl of Fauconberg, (which marriage was dissolved by act of parliament, in 1794,) by whom he has an only son, Henry-Charles, Earl of Surrey, *b.* 12th of August, 1791, who *m.* in 1814, Charlotte-Sophia, eldest daughter of George, Marquess of Stafford. His grace succeeded to the honors of his family, upon the demise of his kinsman, Charles, the late duke, on the 16th of December, 1815.

The present Duke of Norfolk is excluded from his hereditary seat in the legislature, in consequence of adhering to the religious faith of his forefathers; but his grace has been permitted, by special act of parliament, passed on the 24th of June, 1824, to fulfil, in person, the high duties of earl marshal and hereditary marshal of England.

Lineage.

This ducal house stands, next to the blood royal, at the head of the peerage of England, and is the chief of the illustrious family of Howard.

JOHN HOWARD, esq. (son and heir of Sir Robert Howard, knight, by the Lady Margaret Mowbray, daughter of Thomas, Baron Mowbray, Earl of Nottingham, and Duke of Norfolk, and grand-daughter of Margaret Plantagenet, Duchess of Norfolk, at whose demise, in 1399, her grace's title became extinct,) was summoned to parliament, as Baron Howard, on the 15th of October, 1470; created earl marshal, and Duke of Norfolk, 28th of June, 1483; and installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. His grace fell at Bosworth-Field, in 1485, and being attainted, his honors were all forfeited. He left an only son,

THOMAS, who was created Earl of Surrey, upon the same day that his father was advanced to the dukedom; but, being attainted with his father, the earldom became forfeited. His lordship was, however, restored in 1489: and created Duke of Norfolk, and earl marshal, on the 1st of February, 1514; installed a knight of the Garter, and nominated lord treasurer. His grace *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir Frederick Tilney, knight, by whom he had several children: the third son, Sir Edmund Howard, marshal of the army, at the battle of Floddon-Field, was father of the unfortunate Catherine Howard, fifth wife of King Henry the Eighth. His grace *m.* secondly, Agnes, daughter of Hugh Tilney, esq., by whom he had an only son, William, the ancestor of the present Lord Howard, of Effingham. The duke *d.* in 1524, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, who was attainted in 1546, when his honors became forfeited, but was restored in 1553, and installed a knight of the most illustrious Order

of the Garter. His grace *d.* in 1554, and was succeeded by his grandson,

THOMAS, eldest son of the celebrated Earl of Surrey, (beheaded in 1547,) by Frances, daughter of John Vere, Earl of Oxford. His grace *m.* first, Mary, daughter and, eventually, heiress of Henry, Earl of Arundel, by whom he had an only son, Philip; and secondly, Margaret, daughter and heiress of Thomas, Lord Audley, of Walden, by whom he left two sons; Thomas, who succeeded to the barony of Walden, in right of his mother, and was created Earl of Suffolk; and William, from whom the Earls of Carlisle are descended. This nobleman shared the same fate as his distinguished father; and being attainted, was beheaded in 1572, when all his honors became forfeited. His son,

PHILIP, however, inherited, in right of his mother, the earldom of Arundel, with the baronies of Fitz-Alan, Clun, Oswaldestre, and Maltravers, and was summoned to parliament, as Earl of Arundel; being attainted, however, in 1590, he *d.* a prisoner in the Tower, in 1595, leaving an only son,

THOMAS, who was restored, in 1603, to the earldoms of Arundel and Surrey; created earl marshal in 1621, and Earl of Norfolk in 1644. The youngest son of this nobleman, by Alathea, daughter of the Earl of Shrewsbury, the honorable William Howard, was the progenitor of the Earls and Barons Stafford; and the eldest son,

HENRY FREDERICK, succeeded his father, in 1646, as Earl of Arundel, Surrey, and Norfolk, having been summoned to parliament, previously, as Baron Mowbray. His lordship *d.* in 1652, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, who was restored to the dukedom of Norfolk, by act of parliament, on the 29th of December, 1660, with the original precedence of his ancestor, John, the first duke; and his grace obtained, in the following year, another act of parliament, confirming the same, with reversionary clauses, in default of male issue, to the heirs male of his grandfather, and to several other branches of his illustrious family. The duke *d.* unmarried in 1677, when the honors devolved upon his next brother,

HENRY, who had been created, on the 27th of March, 1669, Baron Howard, of Castle Rising; and on the 19th of October, 1672, Earl of Norwich. His grace was also created earl marshal of England, with remaindership to numerous branches of his family. The duke *d.* in 1684, and was succeeded by his son,

HENRY, installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. His grace *d.* in 1701, without issue, when the honors devolved upon his nephew,

THOMAS, who was succeeded, in 1732, by his brother,

EDWARD. This nobleman dying, in 1777, without issue, the baronies of Mowbray, Howard, &c. fell into abeyance, between the daughters and co-heiresses of Lord Philip Howard, his grace's brother; namely, Winifred, lady of Lord Stourton; and Ann, lady of Lord Petre: the earldom of Norwich, and barony of Howard, of Castle Rising, were extinguished, but the dukedom and other honors descended to

CHARLES HOWARD, esq., grand nephew of Henry, the eighth Duke of Norfolk. His grace *d.* in 1786, and was succeeded by his only son,

CHARLES, who *m.* first, in August, 1767, Mariana, only daughter and heiress of John Coppinger, esq., of the county of Cork, who *d.* without issue, in 1768; and secondly, in 1771, Frances, daughter and sole heiress of Charles-Fitzroy Scudamore, of Home-Lacy, in the county of Hereford, by whom he had no child. His grace *d.* on the 16th of November, 1815, and was succeeded by his cousin,

BERNARD-EDWARD HOWARD, esq., (the present duke,) great-great-grandson of Henry Frederick, Earl of Arundel, Surrey, and Norfolk, through his lordship's first son, the honorable Bernard Howard. His grace is eldest son of Henry Howard, esq., by Juliana, second daughter of Sir William Molyneaux, baronet, of Willow, in the county of Nottingham.

Motto, in English,

Virtue alone is invincible.

Town Residence—26, St. James's-square.

Country Seats—Arundel Castle, Sussex; Worksop Manor, Notts; Henfold, Surrey; and Farnham, Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk.

NORMANTON, EARL OF, (Welbore-Ellis Agar,) of the county of Kilkenny; Viscount Somerton; and Baron Somerton, of Somerton, in the county of Kildare; *b.* 12th of November, 1773; succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his father, upon the 14th of July, 1809; *m.* in 1816, Diana, daughter of George-Augustus, present Earl of Pembroke, by whom he has issue Viscount Somerton, *b.* 17th September, 1818; with two other sons, and a daughter.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

HIS GRACE, CHARLES AGAR, Archbishop of Dublin, son of Henry Agar, esq., of Gowran Castle, by Anne-Ellis, only daughter of Sir John Briscoe, of Amberley Castle, in the county of Sussex, and niece of Welbore-Ellis, Lord Mendip, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 12th of June, 1795, by the title of Baron Somerton, of Somerton; advanced to the viscounty of Somerton on the 12th of December, 1800; and created Earl of Normanton on the 7th of February, 1806. His grace *m.* Jane, eldest daughter of William Benson, of the county of Down, by whom he had issue Welbore-Ellis, the present peer; two other sons, and a daughter. The earl *d.* in 1809.

Motto, in English,

The beaten path is the best.

Town Residence—Seymour-place, Curzon-street.

Country Seat—Ditchley Park, Enstone, Oxford.

NORTHAMPTON, MARQUESS OF, (Charles Compton,) Earl of Northampton; Earl Compton, of Compton, in the county of

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Warwick, and Baron Wilmington, of Wilmington, in the county of Sussex, F.S.A. and M.A.; *b.* 21st of March, 1760; succeeded to the earldom of Northampton, at the decease of his father, on the 7th of April, 1796; obtained the other honors, by creation, on the 7th of September, 1812. His lordship *m.* in 1787, Mary, eldest daughter of Joshua Smith, esq., of Earl Stoke Park, in the county of Wilts, by whom he has issue Spencer-Joshua-Aylwyne, Earl Compton, *b.* 2nd January, 1790, (*m.* 24th of July, 1815, Margaret, eldest daughter of the late Major-General Clephane;) and a daughter, Francis-Elizabeth, *b.* 20th of December, 1791.

The marquess is lord-lieutenant, custos rotulorum, and recorder, of the county of Northampton.

Lineage.

This noble family derives its surname from the lordship of Compton, in the county of Warwick, of which place its founders were lords, previous to the Conquest. It was ennobled in the person of

Sir Henry Compton, knight, who was summoned to the house of peers on the 8th of May, 1572, as Baron Compton, of Compton. His lordship *d.* in 1589, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, who was created Earl of Northampton on the 2nd of August, 1618; installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter; and nominated lord president of the Marches and dominion of Wales. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir John Spencer, knight, lord mayor of London in 1593, by whom he had a son, and two daughters. The earl died in 1630; and the manner of his death is thus described by S. Meddus, in a letter, dated 2nd of July in that year:—"Yesterday se'nnight, the Earl of Northampton, lord president of Wales, (after he had waited on the king at supper, and had also supped,) went in a boat, with others, to wash himself in the Thames; and so soon as his legs were in the water but to the knees, he had the cholic, and cried out,—"Have me into the boat again, for I am a dead man." His lordship was succeeded by his only son,

Spencer, *b.* in May, 1601. This nobleman distinguished himself in the royal cause, during the civil wars, and fell at the battle of Hopton Heath, near Stafford, on the 19th of March, 1642-3. His lordship's youngest son, Henry, having entered into holy orders, became lord bishop of London, which see he filled from 1675 until 1713, during which period the metropolitan cathedral of St. Paul's was built. The earl was succeeded by his eldest son,

James, who *d.* in 1681, and was succeeded by his son,

George. This nobleman *d.* in 1727, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

James, who *m.* in 1715-16, Elizabeth, Baroness de Ferrers, of Chartley, sister and heiress of the right honorable Robert Shirley, Viscount Tamworth, by whom he left an only daughter, Charlotte, who succeeded her mother in the barony of Ferrers, and her father in that of Compton. The earl *d.* in 1754, when the earldom of Northampton devolved upon his brother,

George, who *d.* without issue in 1758, when the earldom descended to his nephew,

Charles. This nobleman *d.* in 1763, without issue, and was succeeded by his brother,

Spencer, *b.* 5th August, 1738. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Jane, daughter of Henry Lawson, esq., by whom he had issue Charles, the present marquess; and a daughter, Frances: and secondly, in 1769, Miss Hougham, by whom he had no child. The earl *d.* in 1796.

Motto, in English,

I seek but one.

Town Residence—

Country Seats—Castle-Ashby, in the county of Northampton; and Compton-Vinyates, in the county of Warwick.

NORTHCOTE, SIR STAFFORD-HENRY, baronet, of Pynes, in the county of Devon; *b.* 6th of October, 1762; succeeded to the title at the demise of his father, on the 11th of March, 1771; *m.* in 1791, Jaquetta, daughter of Charles Baring, esq., by whom he has three sons; namely, Henry Stafford, *b.* in 1792; Hugh Stafford, and Charles Stafford.

Lineage.

John Northcote, esq. was created a baronet on the 16th of July, 1641; and was succeeded, at his demise, by his eldest son,

Sir Arthur, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Francis. This gentleman dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Henry. This gentleman *m.* Jane, only daughter and heiress of Hugh Stafford, esq., of Pynes, in the county of Devon, by whom he left two sons and a daughter. He *d.* in 1743, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Stafford, who *m.* in 1751, Catharine, daughter of the Reverend George Bradford, by whom he had an only son, Stafford-Henry, the present baronet; and a daughter, Catharine-Jane. Sir Stafford *d.* in 1771.

Motto, in English,

The cross of Christ is my light.

Country Seat—Pynes, Devonshire.

NORTHESK, EARL OF, (William Carnegie,) Baron Rosehill, and Inglismaldy: *b.* in 1758; *m.* in 1789, Mary, only daughter of William-Henry Rickets, esq., of Longwood, in the county of Hants, and niece of the first and late Earl St. Vincent, (to which title her ladyship, and her male descendants, are in remainder, after her brother, the present earl, and another brother,) by whom he has issue William-Hopetoun, Lord Rosehill; another son, and four daughters. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family, at the demise of his father, on

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the 22nd of January, 1792. Lord Northesk, who is admiral of the blue, distinguished himself as third in command, at the glorious battle of Trafalgar. He is a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This family was ennobled in the person of

Sir John Carnegie, knt., of Ethie, in the county of Forfar, who was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, on the 20th of April, 1639, as Earl of Ethie, and Lord Inglismaldy, and subsequently Lord Lour, which titles he had altered, after the Restoration, to those of Lord Rosehill and Earl of Northesk. His lordship *d.* in 1667, and from him the honors descended, uninterruptedly, to

George, the sixth earl, who was brother to his predecessor, and who succeeded in 1741. This nobleman was a naval officer of distinction, and attained the rank of admiral of the white. He *m.* in 1748, Anne, eldest daughter of Alexander, fifth Earl of Leven, by whom he left issue William, the present earl; and George, a lieutenant-colonel in the army.

Motto, in English,
Spot without spot.

Country Seat—Ethie House, Forfarshire.

NORTHLAND, VISCOUNT, (Thomas Knox,) and Baron Welles, of Dungannon, in the county of Tyrone; *b.* 5th of August, 1754; *m.* in 1784, Diana-Jane, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Edmund, Viscount Perry, (speaker of the Irish house of commons in the parliaments of 1771, 1776, 1783,) by whom he has issue Thomas, *b.* 19th of April, 1786; *m.* in 1815, Mary-Juliana, daughter of his Grace, the late William, (Stuart,) Archbishop of Armagh; with four other sons, and one daughter. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his father, on the 5th of November, 1818.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This noble family, which is of Scottish origin, settled in Ireland about the close of the 17th century, from which period it enjoyed considerable rank amongst the gentry of the country, until ennobled in the person of

Thomas Knox, esq., (eldest son of Thomas Knox, esq., M.P. for Dungannon, by Hester, daughter of John Echlin, esq.,) who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 16th of January, 1781, as Baron Welles, and created, on the 5th of July, 1791, Viscount Northland. His lordship *m.* in 1753, Anne, daughter of John Vesey, Lord Knapton, by whom he had issue Thomas, the present viscount; and six other sons. The fourth son, Doctor William Knox, is Lord Bishop of Derry; and the seventh, the Reverend Edmund Knox, is Dean of Down. His lordship *d.* on the 5th of November, 1818.

Motto, in English,
I proceed and prosper.

Town Residence—39, Upper Seymour-street.

Country Seats—Ewell, near Epsom, Surrey; and Dungannon Park, in the county of Tyrone, Ireland.

NORTHUMBERLAND, DUKE OF, (Hugh Percy,) Earl of Northumberland, Earl Percy, Baron Percy, Baron Warkworth, and a baronet; co-heir of the barony of Latimer; co-heir of one moiety of the baronies of Scales and Plaitz; and a representative of one of the co-heirs of the barony of Badlesmere; a knight of the Garter, and a privy councillor; *m.* in April, 1817, Charlotte-Florentia, youngest daughter of Edward, present Earl of Powis, by whom he has no issue; succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his father, on the 10th of July, 1817. His grace was nominated ambassador extraordinary, in 1825, from his Britannic Majesty, to assist at the coronation of Charles the Tenth, King of France.

The duke is lord lieutenant and vice-admiral of the county of Northumberland and Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and constable of Launceston castle.

Lineage.

The illustrious family of Percy is descended from one of the Norman chieftains, who accompanied William the Conqueror, in 1066; and it derives its name from the village of Percy, near Villedieu. The immediate founder of the present house, however, was

Algernon Seymour, son and heir of Elizabeth Percy, daughter and sole heiress of Josceline Percy, last Earl of Northumberland of that line, by Charles Seymour, Duke of Somerset, who was summoned to parliament, in 1722, as Baron Percy; succeeded to the dukedom of Somerset in 1748; created Baron Warkworth, of Warkworth Castle, in the county of Northumberland, and Earl of Northumberland, on the 2nd of October, 1749, with remainder to

Sir Hugh Smithson, bart., (a baronetcy created in 1660,) who had married his grace's daughter, the Lady Elizabeth Seymour, and who succeeded to those honors upon the demise of the duke, in 1750, obtaining, in the same year, an act of parliament to allow himself and his countess to assume the name and arms of Percy. His lordship was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, in 1757; and created Earl Percy and Duke of Northumberland on the 18th of October, 1766. His grace obtained the barony of Louvaine, of Alnwick, with remainder to his second son, Lord Algernon Percy, on the 28th of January, 1784. He *d.* in 1786, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Hugh, *b.* in 1742; installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. His grace *m.* twice: first, in 1764, Anne, daughter of John, Earl of Bute,

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which marriage produced no issue, and was dissolved by act of parliament, in 1779; and, secondly, in 1779, Frances-Julia, daughter of Peter Burrell, esq., of Beckenham, in the county of Kent, by whom he left issue Hugh, the present duke; Algernon, created Baron Prudhoe; and two daughters. His grace *d.* in 1817.

Motto, in English,
Hope in God.

Town Residence—Northumberland House, Charing-cross.

Country Seats—Alnwick Castle, Northumberland; Sion House, Middlesex; and Werrington Park, Cornwall.

NORTHWICK, BARON, (John Rushout,) of Northwick Park, in the county of Worcester, and a baronet; *b.* 16th February, 1770; succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his father, on the 20th of October, 1800.

Lineage.

JAMES RUSHOUT, esq., was created a baronet on the 17th of June, 1661, and the title descended, uninterruptedly, to

SIR JOHN, the fifth baronet, who was elevated to the peerage on the 26th of October, 1797, by the title of Baron Northwick. His lordship *m.* in 1766, Rebecca, daughter of Humphrey Bowles, esq., of Wanstead, Essex, by whom he left issue John, the present peer; the Reverend George, who assumed, by royal permission, in 1817, the name of Bowles; and three daughters. The baron *d.* in 1800.

Motto, in English,
The two are equal in antiquity to the three.

Town Residence—2, Connaught-place.

Country Seat—Northwick Park, Worcestershire.

NORWICH, EARL OF, (Alexander Gordon,) and Baron Gordon, of Huntley, in the county of Gloucester, created 12th of July, 1784.

See, Duke of Gordon.

NORWOOD, BARON, (Daniel Toler,) of Knockalton, in the peerage of Ireland; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his mother, (a baroness, by creation, on the 7th of November, 1797,) upon the 21st of July, 1822.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

For lineage, see that of Lord Norbury, the baron's father.

NUGENT, EARL, (Richard-Grenville-Nugent-Brydges-Chandos Temple,) in the peerage of Ireland; created 21st of July, 1776.

See, Duke of Buckingham.

NUGENT, BARON, (George-Grenville-Nugent Temple,) of Carlanstown, in the county of Westmeath, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 30th December, 1788; succeeded to the title, in 1813, upon the demise of his mother, Mary-Elizabeth, late Marchioness of Buckingham, who was created a baroness in 1800, with remainder to her second son, Lord George Grenville; *m.* in 1813, Mary-Anne, eldest daughter of the late Honorable General Vere Powlett, and grand-daughter of Vere, Earl Powlett, by whom he has no issue.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

For lineage, see that of the baron's brother, his Grace, the Duke of Buckingham.

Motto, in English,
I have resolved.

Town Residence—Pall-Mall.

Country Seat—

NUGENT, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Waddesdon, in the county of Berks; *m.* 15th November, 1797, Maria, daughter of Cortland Skinner, esq., by whom he has issue George-Edmund, *b.* 12th of October, 1802; with two other sons, and two daughters.

This gentleman, who is illegitimate son of the late Colonel Nugent, of the foot guards, (son of Robert, Viscount Clare, and brother of the late Marchioness of Buckingham,) having attained the rank of general in the army, with the colonelcy of the 6th regiment of foot, and the Grand Cross of the Bath, was created a baronet on the 28th of November, 1806.

Country Seat—Waddesdon, Berkshire.

OAKELEY, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Shrewsbury, in the county of Salop; *m.* 19th October, 1777, Helena, daughter of Robert Beatson, esq., of North Britain, by whom he has issue Charles, *b.* 25th September, 1781, (who has filled diplomatic situations at the courts of Bavaria and Sweden, and in the United States of America;) with five other sons, and four daughters.

This gentleman having been employed in various important offices in India, was appointed governor of Madras in 1790, and created a baronet on the 5th of June, in the same year.

Country Residence—The Palace, Litchfield.

OAKES, SIR HENRY, baronet; *b.* 10th July, 1756; *m.* in 1792, Dorothea, daughter of George Bowles, esq., of Mount Prospect, in the county of Cork, by whom he has issue Henry, *b.* in 1793; besides four other sons, and two daughters. Sir Henry, who is a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of infantry in the Honorable the East India Company's service, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, on the 9th of September, 1822.

Lineage.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL HILDEBRAND OAKES, who was created a baronet on the 2d of November, 1813, obtained a new patent, dated the 1st of June, 1815, extending the remaindership to his brother, Henry Oakes, esq., and his issue male. They were both the sons of Lieutenant-Colonel Hildebrand Oakes, by Sarah, daughter of Henry Cornelissen, esq., of Brixted Lodge, in the county of Essex. Sir

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Hildebrand dying without issue, in 1822, the title devolved, of course, according to the limitation of the patent, upon the present baronet.

Motto,

Persevere.

OCHTERLONY, SIR DAVID, baronet; *b.* at Boston, in New England, on the 12th of February, 1758.

This gentleman, who is second son of David Ochterlony, esq. (of the family of Ochterlony, lairds of Petforthy, in Scotland,) of Boston, New England, having attained the rank of major-general, in the East India Company's service, with the colonelcy of the 28th regiment of native infantry, distinguished himself so highly by his skill and valour in the late war with Nepaul, as to receive the unanimous thanks of both houses of parliament, with the grand cross of the Bath, and to be created a baronet on the 7th of March, 1816. Sir David obtained a second patent in December, 1823, extending the remaindership to Charles-Metcalfe Ochterlony, esq., son of the late Roderick-Peregrine Ochterlony, esq.

Motto, in English,

By prudence and courage.

Residence—In the East Indies.

OGLANDER, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Nunwell, in the Isle of Wight; *b.* in 1769; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 4th of January, 1806; *m.* in 1810, Lady Maria-Ann Fitzroy, eldest daughter of George-Henry, present Duke of Grafton, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

SIR WILLIAM OGLANDER, knt., deputy-governor of the Isle of Wight, was created a baronet on the 12th of December, 1665. From this gentleman the title descended from father to son, to

SIR WILLIAM, the fifth baronet; *b.* 8th July, 1733; *m.* in 1765, Suky, daughter of Peter Serle, esq., of Testwood, Hampshire, by whom he left issue William, the present baronet; besides four other sons, and two daughters. Sir William *d.* in 1806.

Motto, in English,

To observe the duties of life.

Country Seats—Nunwell Castle, Isle of Wight; and Parnham, in the county of Dorset.

OGLE, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Worthy, in the county of Hants; *b.* 24th of May, 1775; *m.* first, in 1802, Charlotte-Margaret, daughter of the late Honorable General Thomas Gage, commander-in-chief of his majesty's forces in North America, in the first American war, by whom he has issue Chaloner, *b.* in 1804, and Charlotte-Arabella, *b.* in 1805. Sir Charles *m.* secondly, in 1820, Letitia, daughter of Sir William Burrough, bart. He succeeded to the title at the demise of his father, on the 27th of August, 1816.

Lineage.

CHALONER OGLE, esq., admiral of the red, only son of Nathaniel Ogle, esq., of Kirkley, M. D., was created a baronet on the 12th of March, 1816. He *m.* Hester, youngest daughter and co-heiress of the Right Rev. John, (Thomas,) Lord Bishop of Winchester, by whom he left issue Charles, the present baronet; another son, and four daughters. Sir Chaloner *d.* on the 27th of August, 1816.

Country Seat—Worthy, in the county of Hants.

O'MALLEY, SIR SAMUEL, baronet, of Roschill, in the county of Mayo; *b.* 26th December, 1779; *m.* Miss Reilly, by whom he has issue Samuel, *b.* 16th July, 1805, and Elizabeth, *b.* 30th April, 1808.

This gentleman, only surviving son of Owen O'Malley, esq., of Burrishowle (the representative of an ancient Irish family) by Anne, daughter of Samuel M'Gough, esq., of Newry, was created a baronet on the 2d of July, 1804.

Motto, in English,

Great by sea and land.

Country Seat—Roschill, in the county of Mayo, Ireland.

O'NEILL, EARL, (Charles-Henry-St. John O'Neill,) of Shane's Castle, in the county of Antrim; Viscount Reymond; Viscount O'Neill, and Baron O'Neill, of Shane's Castle, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 22d of January, 1779; succeeded to the viscounty and barony of O'Neill, at the decease of his father, in 1798; and was created, in August, 1800, Viscount Reymond and Earl O'Neill.

His lordship is a knight of the most illustrious order of St. Patrick, postmaster-general in Ireland, governor of the county of Antrim, and colonel of the Antrim militia.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present peer sits as one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

The noble house of O'Neill boasts of a royal origin, deducing its descent from Shan O'Neill, king of Ulster, whose son, Hugh, relinquished his royalty for the earldom of Tyrone.

JOHN O'NEILL, esq., eldest son of Charles O'Neill, esq., of Shane's Castle, by Catharine, daughter and co-heiress of the Honorable Sir John Broderick, and grand-daughter of Allan, Viscount Middleton, having represented the county of Antrim, for several years, in parliament, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 30th of November, 1793, as Baron O'Neill, of Shane's Castle; and advanced to the dignity of Viscount O'Neill on the 6th of October, 1795. His Lordship *m.* in 1777, Henrietta, only child of Charles (Boyle,) Lord Dungarvan, and grand-daughter of John, Earl of Cork and Orrery, by whom he had issue Charles-Henry-St. John, the present earl; and John-Bruce-Richard. Lord O'Neill died of wounds, received in action with the insurgents in Ireland, on the 17th of June, 1798.

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Motto, in English,
The red hand of Ireland.

Country Seat—Shane's Castle, in the county of Antrim.

O'NEILL, SIR RANDALL, baronet, of Upper Clanaboys, in the county of Down; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father; *m.* Mrs. Tompkins, by whom he has a son, William; and a daughter, Rachel.

Lineage.

This family, like the Lords O'Neill, claims descent from the princes of Ireland; and the present baronet is supposed to be the fourteenth lineal descendant of the last King of Ulster. We have, however, to inquire into its more modern honors.

Bryan O'Neill, esq., having distinguished himself under the royal banner, at the battle of Edgehill, was created a baronet, on the 13th of November, 1643, and, dying in 1680, was succeeded by his son,

Sir Bryan, one of the judges of the court of king's bench, in Ireland, in the reign of King James the Second. He *m.* Mary Plunket, granddaughter of Patrick, ninth Lord Dunsany, and widow of James Wolverston, esq., of Stillorgan, in the county of Dublin, by whom he had a son and daughter. Sir Bryan *d.* in 1694, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Henry, who *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Mark Bagot, esq., by whom he had an only son, Randal, the present baronet; and secondly, Rose, daughter of James Brabazon, esq., by whom he had three sons.

Country Seat—Talma, in the county of Cavan.

ONGLEY, BARON, (Robert-Henley Ongley,) of Old Warden, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 9th of May, 1803; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 20th of August, 1814.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

Robert Henley, esq., M.P. for the county of Bedford, assumed the surname and arms of Ongley, upon succeeding to the estates of his great-uncle, Sir Samuel Ongley, knight; and was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 20th of July, 1776, as Baron Ongley. His lordship *m.* in 1763, Frances, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Gosfright, esq., of Langton-Hall, in the county of Essex, by whom he had two sons and four daughters. He *d.* in 1805, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, who *m.* in 1801, Frances, only daughter of Lieutenant-General Sir John Burgoyne, bart., by whom he left issue Robert, the present baron; with three other sons, and two daughters.

Motto, in English,
I provide for the future.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Langton-Hall, Essex.

ONSLOW, EARL OF, (Thomas Onslow,) of the county of Salop; Viscount Cranley, of Cranley, in the county of Surrey; Baron Onslow, of Onslow, in the county of Salop, and of West Clandon, in the county of Surrey; and a baronet; *b.* 15th of March, 1754; *m.* first, in 1776, Arabella, daughter and co-heiress of Eaton-Mainwairing Ellerker, esq., of Risby Park, in the county of York, by whom he has issue Arthur-Gore, Viscount Cranley, *b.* 25th of October, 1777; (*m.* in 1818, Mary, eldest daughter of George Fludyer, esq., of Ayston, in the county of Rutland;) with two other sons, and a daughter; and secondly, in 1783, Charlotte, daughter of William Hale, esq. of King's Walden, in the county of Herts, by whom he has a daughter, Georgiana-Charlotte. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his father, on the 17th of May, 1814. Lord Onslow is out-ranger of Windsor Great Park.

Lineage.

The family of Onslow was anciently seated in Shropshire, where it enjoyed extensive possessions; and in the reign of Henry the Third, it took its surname from the lordship of Ondeslow, (styled, in Doomsday Book, Andeslow, but now written Onslow,) situated within the liberty of the town of Shrewsbury. Its first hereditary honor was, however, acquired through the marriage of

Arthur Onslow, esq., with Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Foot, bart., an opulent alderman of London, at whose decease, the title, in consequence of a special limitation in the patent, devolved upon his son-in-law. Sir Arthur *d.* in 1688, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Richard, who, having filled the chair of the house of commons, and the high office of chancellor of the exchequer, was created, on the 25th of June, 1716, Baron Onslow, of Onslow, in the county of Salop, and of West Clandon, in the county of Surrey, with remainder to his uncle, Denzill Onslow, and his issue; and, subsequently, to the issue male of his father, Sir Arthur. His lordship *d.* in 1717, and was succeeded by his only son,

Thomas, who was succeeded, in 1740, by his son,

Richard, at whose demise, without issue, in October, 1776, (Denzill Onslow's issue being extinct,) the honors reverted to his cousin,

George, who had been elevated to the peerage himself, on the 20th of the preceding May, by the title of Baron Cranley, of Imber-Court. This nobleman was great-grandson of the first Sir Arthur Onslow, through his second son, Foot Onslow, esq., one of the commissioners of excise. His lordship *m.* in 1753, Henrietta, daughter of Sir John Shelley, baronet, by whom he left an only surviving son, Thomas, the present peer. Lord Onslow was created, on the 19th of June, 1801, Viscount Cranley, of Cranley; and Earl of Onslow.

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Motto, in English,
Ever faithful.

Country Seat—Clandon Park, Surrey.

ONSLOW, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Altham, in the county of Lancaster; *m.* in 1807, Caroline, daughter of the late John Bond, esq., of Mitcham, in the county of Surrey, by whom he has an only daughter, *b.* 14th of December, 1819. Sir Henry, who is a captain in the royal navy, succeeded to the title at the demise of his father, on the 27th of December, 1817.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the family last described, springing from Foot Onslow, esq., the commissioner of excise, ancestor of the present Earl Onslow.

Richard Onslow, esq., admiral of the red, and lieutenant-general of marines, was created a baronet, in consideration of his gallant professional services, on the 30th of October, 1797. He *m.* Anne, daughter of Matthew Mitchell, esq., of Chiltern, in the county of Wilts, (a commodore in the royal navy,) by whom he left issue Henry, the present baronet; two other sons, and four daughters. Sir Richard *d.* on the 17th of December, 1817.

Motto, in English,
On slow.

Country Seat—Altham, county of Lancaster.

ORDE, SIR JOHN-POWLETT, baronet, of Morpeth, in the county of Northumberland; *b.* 9th of June, 1803; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 19th of February, 1824.

Lineage.

John Orde, esq., son of John Orde, esq., of Morpeth, a magistrate of the county of Northumberland, by his second wife, Anne, relict of the Reverend William Pye, and brother of Thomas, Lord Bolton, having attained the rank of post captain in the navy, and being nominated governor of Dominica, in 1783, was created a baronet, on the 27th of July, 1790. He *m.* first, in 1780, Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Stephens, esq., of St. Helena, South Carolina, by whom he had an only son, who died in infancy; and secondly, Jane, eldest daughter of John Frere, esq., of Feningham, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he had John-Powlett, the present baronet; and a daughter. Sir John, who had attained the rank of admiral of the red, *d.* on the 19th of February, 1824.

Town Residence—20, Gloucester-place, Portman-square.

Country Seat—Bognor, Sussex.

ORFORD, EARL OF, (Horatio Walpole,) in the county of Suffolk; Baron Walpole, of Walpole, and Baron Walpole, of Woolterton, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* in June, 1783; *m.* in 1812, Mary, eldest daughter of William-Augustus Fawkener, esq., by whom he has Horatio, Lord Walpole, *b.* 18th of April, 1813; and other children. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family at the demise of his father, on the 15th of June, 1822. Lord Orford is high steward of the borough of Lynn.

Lineage.

This noble family is said to have been established in England antecedent to the Conquest, and to have possessed considerable lands in the county of Norfolk, at Walpole, whence it is supposed to have derived its surname. The immediate founder of its honors, however, was

Sir Robert Walpole, Knight of the Garter and Knight of the Bath, the celebrated minister of King George the Second, (eldest son of Robert Walpole, esq., M.P. for Castle-Rising, by Mary, only daughter and heiress of Sir Jeffery Burwell, knt., of Rougham, in the county of Suffolk,) who was elevated to the peerage, on the 6th of February, 1742, by the titles of Baron of Houghton, Viscount Walpole, and Earl of Orford His lordship *d.* in 1745, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, who had been created, on the 1st of June, 1723, Baron Walpole, of Walpole, in the county of Norfolk, with remainder, in default of the issue male of his father, to the male descendants of his grandfather. In consequence of which reversionary clause, *that* barony, when the superior honors became extinct, at the demise, in 1797, of

Horatio, the fourth earl, Sir Robert Walpole's youngest son, without issue, devolved upon

Horatio, Baron Walpole, of Woolterton, eldest son of the celebrated Horatio Walpole, (only brother of the minister, Walpole,) of Strawberry Hill, (who had been elevated to the peerage, on the 4th of June, 1756, as Baron Walpole, of Woolterton.) His lordship *m.* in 1748, Lady Rachel Cavendish, daughter of William, Duke of Devonshire, by whom he left issue two sons and three daughters. He was created Earl of Orford, on the 10th of April, 1806; and dying in 1809, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Horatio. This nobleman *m.* twice: first, in 1781, Sophia, daughter of Charles Churchill, esq., by whom he left issue Horatio, the present earl; another son, and five daughters; and, secondly, in 1806, Mrs. Chamberlain, widow of the Reverend Edward Chamberlain, by whom he had no child.

Motto, in English,
Speak what you think.

Town Residence—11, Berkeley-square.

Country Seat—Woolterton, Aylesham, in the county of Norfolk.

ORIEL, BARON, (John Foster,) of Ferrard, in the county of Louth, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* 28th September, 1740; *m.* in 1764, Margaretta-Amelia, daughter of Thomas Burgh, esq., of the county of Kildare, (who was created Baroness Oriel and Viscountess Ferrard, in the peerage of Ireland,) by whom he has issue Thomas-Henry, who became Viscount Ferrard at the decease of his mother, (see, Viscount Ferrard;) and Anne-Dorothea, lady of James, Baron Dufferin. The Right Honorable Thomas Foster, who filled the chair of the Irish

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house of commons for several years, until the final dissolution of the independent legislature of Ireland, a measure which he strenuously opposed, was created a peer of the empire, as Baron Oriel, on the 17th of July, 1821.

Country Seat—Cullen House, in the county of Louth.

ORKNEY, COUNTESS OF, (Mary-O'Brien Fitzmaurice,) Viscountess Kirkwall, and Baroness Deghmont, in the peerage of Scotland; *b.* 4th September, 1755; *m.* in 1777, the Honorable Thomas Fitzmaurice, of Llewenny Hall, in the county of Denbigh, second son of John, Earl of Shelburne, brother of William, first Marquess of Lansdowne, and uncle of the present marquess, by whom she had an only son, John, Viscount Kirkwall, who *m.* Anna-Maria, eldest daughter of John, first Lord de Blaquiere, and left issue at his decease, in 1820, Thomas-John-Hamilton, Viscount Kirkwall, *b.* 8th August, 1803; and another son, William-Edward, *b.* 22nd March, 1805. The countess has been a widow since the 28th of October, 1793.

Lineage.

Lord George Hamilton, fifth son of Lord William Douglas, (created Duke of Hamilton for life,) by Anne, Duchess of Hamilton, was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, on the 3rd of January, 1696, by the titles of Baron Deghmont, Viscount Kirkwall, and Earl of Orkney. His lordship *m.* in 1695, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Edward Villiers, knt., and sister of Edward, first Earl of Jersey, by whom he left at his demise, in 1737, three daughters. The eldest, Anne, according to the limitation of the patent, succeeded to the family honors. The second, Frances, married the Earl of Scarborough; and the youngest, Harriet, John, Earl of Cork and Ossory. The Earl of Orkney was a celebrated military commander, and distinguished himself in the wars between James and William, in Ireland, and, subsequently, participated in the brilliant triumphs of the reign of Queen Anne. His lordship was succeeded by his eldest daughter,

Anne. Her ladyship *m.* William O'Bryen, fourth Earl of Inchequim, in Ireland, (see, Marquess of Thomond,) by whom she had four sons, who *d.* in her ladyship's lifetime; and four daughters. The countess *d.* in 1756, and was succeeded by her eldest daughter,

Mary O'Bryan, who *m.* in 1753, her first-cousin, Murrough (O'Bryan), first Marquess of Thomond, by whom she left at her decease, in 1790, an only daughter, Lady Mary O'Brien, the present Countess of Orkney.

Town Residence — Mivart's Hotel, 44, Brook-street.

Country Seat—

ORMONDE, MARQUESS OF, (James-Wandesford Butler,) Earl of Ormonde and Ossory; Viscount Thurles, of Thurles, in the county of Tipperary; and Baron Arklow, of Arklow, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Ormonde, of Llanthony, in the county of Monmouth, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* in 1773; *m.* in 1807, Grace-Louisa, daughter of the Right Honorable John Staples, of the county of Tyrone, by whom he has issue John, Viscount Thurles, *b.* 24th of August, 1808; with four other sons, and five daughters. His lordship succeeded to the earldom of Ormonde and Ossory, and the inferior Irish titles, at the demise of his brother, on the 10th of August, 1820; was created a baron of the United Kingdom, on the 17th of July, 1821; and a marquess of Ireland, on the 5th of October, 1825. The Marquess of Ormonde is hereditary chief butler in Ireland, a knight of the most illustrious Order of St. Patrick, and colonel of the Kilkenny militia.

Lineage.

The antiquity of this family is indisputable, but whence it immediately derives its origin is not so clearly established. Its surname, however, admits of no doubt as springing from the chief butlerage of Ireland, conferred, by Henry the Second, upon

Theobald Le Butler, in 1177, who was, subsequently, granted, by the same monarch, the prisage and butlerage of wines in Ireland, a grant which produced Walter, late Marquess of Ormonde, the sum of two hundred and sixteen thousand pounds; in consideration of which, his lordship relinquished his right of prisage and butlerage to the government, in 1810, and the sale received the sanction of parliament, by an act passed on the 31st of May, 1811. From Theobald, the butlerage descended, regularly, to

Edmond, the sixth butler, who was created Earl of Carrick, in 1315, having had, for thirteen years previously, a seat in parliament, (in Ireland) as a baron. His lordship *d.* in 1321, leaving two sons: from the youngest, John, sprung the present house of Carrick; and the elder,

James, having succeeded his father, was created, on the 2nd of November, 1328, Earl of Ormond. From this nobleman, the peerage passed, uninterruptedly, to

Thomas, the eighth earl; at whose demise, in 1515, without male issue, it ceased. His lordship left two daughters; one of whom, Margaret, became the wife of Sir William Bullen, and was grandmother of Queen Anne Bullen. At the demise of Earl Thomas, the earldom of Ormonde was assumed by his kinsman,

Sir Pierce Butler, but this gentleman was obliged to relinquish it to Thomas Bullen, Viscount Rochfort, the queen's father, and grandson of the eighth Earl of Ormonde. In consideration of such abandonment, however, Sir Pierce was created, by Henry the Eighth, in 1527, Earl of Ossory. His lordship *d.* in 1539, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

James, who had been created, in 1535, Viscount Thurles; and was subsequently restored, by act of

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parliament, to the earldom of Ormonde. From this nobleman the titles passed to his son,

WALTER; and, from him, to his grandson,

JAMES, who was created a Knight of the Garter, and created, in 1642, Marquess of Ormonde. This nobleman, for his fidelity to the house of Stuart, and his eminent services in the royal cause, was elevated, at the restoration of the monarchy, to the dukedom of Ormonde, in Ireland; and enrolled amongst the peers of England, as Baron Butler, of Llanthony, and Earl of Brecknock. His grace *d.* in 1688, and was succeeded by his son,

JAMES, who was attainted soon after the accession of King George the First, and, having retired from the kingdom, all his honors became forfeited. His grace *d.* without male issue, in 1746, and the titles remained dormant until those of Earl of Ormonde and Viscount Thurles were restored to

JOHN BUTLER, esq., son of Walter Butler, esq., of Gallyricken, and great-great-great-grand-nephew of the first duke, being the lineal descendant of the Honorable Richard Butler, of Kilcash, his grace's brother. His lordship *m.* in 1769, Anne, daughter and sole heiress of John, Earl of Wandesford, by whom he had issue Walter, his successor, and late marquess; John-Wandesford, who *d.* in 1796; James-Wandesford, the present marquess; another son, and two daughters. The earl *d.* in 1795, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WALTER, *b.* in 1770; created Marquess of Ormonde, in Ireland; and Baron Butler, of Llanthony, in England; *m.* in 1805, Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Joseph-Pryce Clarke, esq., by whom he had no issue. The marquess *d.* on the 10th of August, 1820, when the marquesate and English barony became extinct, but the other titles devolved upon his brother, James, present Marquess of Ormonde.

Motto, in English,

As I find.

Country Seat—Kilkenny Castle, in the county of Kilkenny.

ORMSBY, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Dublin; *b.* 26th March, 1797; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, in 1822; *m.* in 1824, Mary-Marlin, daughter of Major-General Rebow, of Wivenhoe Park, in the county of Essex.

Lineage.

CHARLES-MONTAGUE ORMSBY, esq., son of Captain Ormsby, of the 45th regiment, and grandson of Charles Ormsby, esq., of Cloghans, in the county of Mayo, was created a baronet on the 29th of December, 1812. He *m.* in 1794, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Kingsbury, esq., and left two sons, successive baronets. Sir Charles *d.* on the 3rd of March, 1818, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JAMES, who *d.* without issue, in 1822, when the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

He is brave, who is prudent.

Residence—Dublin.

OSBORN, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Cricksands Priory, in the county of Bedford; *b.* in 1772; *m.* in 1809, Frederica-Augusta, daughter of the late Sir Charles Danvers, bart., by whom he has issue a son, *b.* 18th of April, 1819; another son, and an elder daughter; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 29th of June, 1818. Sir John is colonel of the Bedfordshire militia.

Lineage.

JOHN OSBORN, esq., (grandson of Peter Osborne, esq., treasurer's remembrancer and keeper of the privy purse, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth,) was created a baronet on the 11th of February, 1660. He *d.* in 1698, at the age of eighty-three, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* twice, and dying, in 1720, was succeeded by the only son of his eldest son, John, by the Honorable Sarah Byng, only daughter of George, Viscount Torrington, his grandson,

SIR DANVERS. This gentleman *m.* in 1740, Mary, daughter of George, Earl of Halifax, by whom he had two sons. He *d.* in 1753, and was succeeded by the eldest,

SIR GEORGE, who *m.* first, in 1771, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John Bannister, esq., by whom he had an only son, John, the present baronet; and, secondly, in 1778, Heneage, daughter of Daniel, seventh Earl of Winchelsea, who *d.* in 1820, without issue. Sir George was groom of the bedchamber to the king. He *d.* in 1818.

Motto, in English,

What inanity there is in human affairs.

Town Residence—5, Gloucester-place, Portman-square.

Country Seat—Cricksands Priory, Bedfordshire.

OXFORD, EARL OF, (Edward Harley,) Earl of Mortimer, and Baron Harley, of Wigmore, in the county of Hereford; *b.* 20th of February, 1773; succeeded to the honors of his family at the decease of his uncle, on the 8th of October, 1790; *m.* in 1794, Jane, daughter of the Reverend James Scott, by whom he has issue Edward, Lord Harley, *b.* 20th January, 1800; another son, and four daughters. The Countess of Oxford *d.* on the 20th of November, 1824.

Lineage.

The family of Harley can be traced to a period antecedent to the Conquest, and its rank was then so exalted that the eminent house of Harlai, in France, deduces its origin from it. The immediate founder of its present honors, however, was

ROBERT HARLEY, speaker of the house of commons, an eminent statesman and minister in the reign of Queen Anne, who was elevated to the peerage, on the 24th of May, 1711, by the titles of Baron Harley, of Wigmore, in the county of Hereford; Earl of Oxford, and Earl of Mortimer, with re-

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mainder, in default of male issue, to the heirs male of his grandfather, Sir Robert Harley, knight of the Bath. His lordship *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Foley, esq., of Whitley Court, in the county of Worcester, by whom he had a son and two daughters; and, secondly, Sarah, daughter of Thomas Middleton, esq., by whom he had no child. The earl *d.* on the 21st of May, 1724, and was succeeded by his only son,

EDWARD. This nobleman devoted himself much to literature, and the country is indebted to him for the celebrated collection, so well known under the denomination of the Harleian Miscellany, purchased by parliament from the countess, in 1754, after the earl's decease, and deposited in the British Museum. His lordship *m.* in 1713, Lady Henrietta-Cavendish Holles, only daughter and heiress of his Grace, Jonh, Duke of Newcastle, by whom he had an only daughter, Margaret Cavendish, who became, in 1734, the wife of William, Duke of Portland. The earl *d.* in 1741, and the family honors devolved, according to the reversionary clause in the patent, upon his first cousin,

EDWARD HARLEY, esq., nephew of the first Earl of Oxford, being the eldest son of his brother, Edward Harley, esq., of Eywood, in the county of Hereford, one of the auditors of the imprest. His lordship *m.* in 1725, Martha, eldest daughter of John Morgan, esq., of Tredegar, in the county of Monmouth, by whom he left Edward, his successor; John, Bishop of Hereford and Dean of Windsor; Thomas, an alderman of London; and other children. His lordship *d.* in 1755, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

EDWARD, who *d.* without issue, in 1790, when the family honors devolved upon his nephew, Edward, the present earl, who is eldest son of the Bishop of Hereford, by Roach, daughter of Gwynne Vaughan, esq., of Trebarry, in the county of Radnor.

Motto, in English,
By virtue of faith.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—Eywood House, Herefordshire.

OUSELEY, THE RIGHT HONORABLE SIR GORE, baronet, of Claramont, in the county of Herts; *b.* 24th June, 1770; *m.* in 1806, Harriet-Georgiana, daughter of John Whitelocke, esq., by whom he has issue Wellesley-Abbas, *b.* 3rd of August, 1813; and two daughters. This gentleman was created a baronet on the 5th of October, 1808, and appointed, in 1810, ambassador extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the court of Persia.

Motto, in English,
The death of the wolf is the life of the lamb.
Town Residence—49, Upper Grosvenor-street.
Country Seat—Woolmers, Herts.

OWEN, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Orielton, in the county of Pembroke; *b.* 11th April, 1775; succeeded to the title at the demise of his uncle, on the 4th of January, 1817. Sir William is a barrister-at-law, and attorney-general for the Carmarthen circuit.

Lineage.

This very ancient Welch family ranks amongst the oldest baronetcies.

SIR HUGH OWEN, knt., of Orielton, was created a baronet on the 11th August, 1641. He *d.* in 1670, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

SIR HUGH. From this gentleman the title descended, uninterruptedly, from father to son, to

SIR HUGH, the sixth baronet, *b.* 12th September, 1782, who *d.* unmarried, in 1809, when he bequeathed his estates to John Lord, esq., who assumed the name of Owen, and was created a baronet, (see, Sir John Owen,) but the title devolved upon

SIR ARTHUR, son of Lieutenant-General Owen, and grandson of Sir Arthur Owen, the third baronet. This gentleman *d.* unmarried, on the 4th of January, 1817, and was succeeded by his nephew, William, the present baronet, who is a son of the late Brigadier-General Owen, by Anne, daughter of —— Tripp, esq., barrister at law.

Motto, in English,
Honesty is the best policy.
Town Residence—6, Fig-tree-court, Temple.

OWEN, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Orielton, in the county of Pembroke; *m.* Charlotte, daughter of the Rev. —— Phillips, by whom he has issue Hugh, and four daughters.

This gentleman, who is the eldest son of the late Joseph Lord, esq., of the county of Pembroke, by Corbetta, daughter of Lieutenant-General Owen, and grand-daughter of Sir Arthur Owen, third inheritor of the baronetcy conferred upon the family in 1641, assumed the surname and arms of "Owen," upon succeeding, by the bequest of Sir Hugh Owen, the sixth baronet, to the large possessions of that gentleman; and was created a baronet on the 12th of January, 1813.

Motto, in English,
Honesty is the best policy.
Town Residence—8, Lower Seymour-street.
Country Seat—Orielton, South Wales.

OXENDEN, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Done, in the county of Kent; *b.* 14th May, 1756; *m.* Mary, daughter of Colonel Graham, by whom he has issue Henry-Chudleigh, *b.* 24th of June, 1795; with five other sons, and four daughters.

Lineage.

This very ancient Kentish family obtained a baronetcy in the person of

HENRY OXENDEN, esq., (eldest son of Sir Henry Oxenden, knight, by Margaret, daughter of Thomas Nevison, esq., of Eastry, in the county of Kent,) on the 9th of May, 1678. This gentleman *m.* twice, and was succeeded by the eldest son of his second marriage, with Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Meredith, of Leeds Abbey, Kent; namely,

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Sir James, who *d.* without issue in 1708, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Henry, who *d.* in a few months afterwards, and was succeeded by his nephew,

Sir Henry, eldest son of the Rev. George Oxenden, D.D., who *d.* also without issue, when the title passed to his brother,

George; *b.* in 1694; *m.* in 1729, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Edmund Dunch, esq., of Little Willentram, in the county of Berks, by whom he left, at his demise, in 1775, an only surviving son,

Sir Henry. This gentleman *m.* in 1755, Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Sir George Chudleigh, baronet, of Halden, in the county of Devon, by whom he had an only son, Henry, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Broome House, Kent.

PAKINGTON, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Westwood Park, in the county of Worcester; *b.* in 1760; succeeded to the title, upon the demise of his father, in 1795.

Lineage.

John Pakington, esq., M. P. for Aylesbury, son of Sir John Pakington, K.B., was created a baronet on the 22d of June, 1620. Sir John *d.* in 1624, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir John. This gentleman suffered much during the civil wars, but remained faithfully attached to the royal cause. The title from Sir John descended, from father to son, without any interruption, to

Sir Herbert-Perrot, the seventh baronet, brother of his predecessor; and grandson of Sir John, the fourth baronet, and his wife, Hester, daughter and sole heiress of Sir Herbert Perrot, knight. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, relict of Herbert Wylde, esq., of Ludlow, in the county of Salop, and daughter of Cæsar Hawkins, esq., by whom he has issue John, the present baronet; Herbert-Perrot, and three daughters. Sir Herbert *d.* in 1795.

Country Seat—Westwood Park, Worcestershire.

PALMERSTON, VISCOUNT, (Henry-John Temple,) of Palmerston, in the county of Dublin, and Baron Temple; *b.* 20th of October, 1784; succeeded to the title, at the decease of his father, on the 17th of April, 1802.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament; but the present viscount, who is secretary-at-war, abandoning his chance of being chosen one of the representative lords, sits as a commoner in the lower house, as member for the University of Cambridge.

Lineage.

The maternal ancestor of the present Duke of Buckingham, and the progenitor of this noble house, sprang from the same personage; namely,

Peter Temple, esq., of Stowe, in the county of Bucks, who *d.* in 1577; and whose descendant,

Sir John Temple, knight, filled the office of master of the rolls in Ireland, towards the latter end of the seventeenth century. The grandson of this gentleman,

Henry Temple, esq., was created a peer of Ireland on the 12th of March, 1722, by the titles of Baron Temple and Viscount Palmerston. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Anne, daughter of Abraham Houblon, esq., by whom he had two sons, Henry, (who *d.* in 1740, leaving by his second wife, Jane, daughter of Sir John Barnard, Henry, successor to the peerage;) and secondly, Isabella, daughter of Sir Francis Gerard, baronet, and relict of Sir John Fryer, baronet; by whom he had no child. The viscount *d.* on the 10th of June, 1757, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Henry, *b.* in 1739; *m.* first, in 1767, Frances, only daughter of Sir Francis Poole, baronet, of Poole, in the county of Chester, by whom he had an only daughter, Elizabeth, who became the wife of Lawrence Sullivan, esq. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1783, Mary, daughter of Benjamin Mee, esq., and left issue Henry-John, the present peer; William, a diplomatist; and Frances, an officer of rank in the navy. The viscount *d.* in 1802.

Motto, in English,

To bend, not to break.

Town Residence—9, Great Stanhope-street.

Country Seat—Broad-lands, Romney, Hants.

PALK, SIR LAWRENCE-VAUGHAN, baronet, of Haldon House, in the county of Devon; *b.* in April, 1793; succeeded to the title, upon the demise of his father, on the 20th of June, 1813; *m.* in 1815, Anne, relict of Edward Hartopp, esq., of Dalby House, Leicestershire, and eldest daughter of Sir Bourchier Wrey, baronet; by whom he has issue a son and heir, *b.* in January, 1818; another son, and two daughters.

Lineage.

Robert Palk, esq. was created a baronet on the 24th of May, 1782, and was succeeded by his only son,

Sir Lawrence. This gentleman *m.* first, in 1789, Mary, eldest daughter of John, late Earl of Darnley, by whom he had a son, who *d.* in infancy; and secondly, in 1792, Dorothy-Elizabeth, daughter of Wilmot (Vaughan), first Earl of Lisburne, and sister of the present earl, by whom he left issue Lawrence-Vaughan, the present baronet; with five other sons, and two daughters: of the latter, Elizabeth, the elder, *m.* in 1819, Horace Seymour, esq., son of Lord Hugh Seymour, grandson of Frances, first Marquess of Hertford, and first cousin to the present marquess. Sir Lawrence *d.* in 1813.

Country Seat—Haldon House, Devonshire.

PALLISER, SIR HUGH, baronet, of the Vatch, in the county of Buckingham; *b.* in May, 1796; succeeded to the title, at the decease of his father, on the 17th of November, 1813.

Lineage.

Hugh Palliser, esq., admiral of the White,

and for several years governor of Greenwich Hospital, was created a baronet on the 25th of June, 1773, with remainder to George-Robinson Walters, the son of his sister, Rebecca, by William Walters, esq., a major in the army; and dying unmarried in 1796, the title devolved upon his great nephew, the eldest son of the said George-Robinson Walters, by Mary, second daughter and co-heiress of John Orfeur, esq., of the county of Wexford; namely,

SIR HUGH WALTERS, who assumed, by royal license, in 1798, the surname and arms of Palliser; *b.* in 1776; *m.* Mary, youngest daughter and co-heiress of John Yates, esq., of Dedham, in the county of Essex, by whom he had issue Hugh, the present baronet; and two daughters. Sir Hugh *d.* in 1813.

Country Seat—Lee, Kent.

PALMER, SIR CHARLES-HARCOURT, baronet, of Dorney Court, in the county of Buckingham; succeeded to the title, at the decease of his grandfather, on the 8th of November, 1773; *m.* in 1822, Miss Perceval, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Perceval.

Lineage.

THOMAS PALMER, esq., of Wingham, son of Sir Henry Palmer, knight, having first received the honor of knighthood, was created a baronet on the 29th June, 1621; and dying in 1625, was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Shirley, knight, by whom he had six sons and six daughters. This gentleman suffered for his attachment to royalty during the civil wars, and *d.* in prison in 1666, when he was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY, who *d.* without issue in 1706, when the title devolved upon his nephew,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* thrice, but leaving no male issue, at his decease, in 1723, the title reverted to his kinsman,

SIR CHARLES, great-great-grandson of the first baronet, through his son, Sir James Palmer, knight. This gentleman *m.* in 1729, Anne, daughter of Richard Harcourt, esq., by whom he had three sons and four daughters. The eldest son, Charles, was an officer in the honorable the East India Company's military service, and *d.* in the island of Sumatra in 1764, leaving issue by his wife, Sarah, daughter of —— Clack, esq., of Wallingford, Bucks, an only son, Charles-Harcourt, the present baronet. Sir Charles *d.* in 1773.

Motto, in English,

The palm is for virtue.

Country Seat—Dorney Court, Windsor.

PALMER, SIR JOHN-HENRY, baronet, of Carlton, in the county of Northampton; *b.* in 1775; *m.* in 1803, Mary-Grace, daughter of Lewis-Thomas, late Lord Sondes, and sister of the present lord, by whom he has two sons. Sir John succeeded to the title, at the decease of his nephew, in 1817.

Lineage.

GEOFFREY PALMER, esq. (lineally descended from William Palmer, esq., an eminent lawyer, who lived in the beginning of the fifteenth century,) was created a baronet on the 7th of June, 1660. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir Francis Moore, sergeant at law, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. Sir Geoffrey was attorney-general in the reign of Charles the Second. He was succeeded, at his decease, by his second but eldest surviving son,

SIR LEWIS, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GEOFFRY. This gentleman *d.* in 1732, without issue, when the title devolved upon his nephew,

SIR THOMAS, (eldest son of Robert Palmer, esq., by Hester, daughter of Sir Francis Lawley, baronet.) This gentleman *m.* Jemima, eldest daughter of Sir John Harpur, bart., by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1765, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* in 1768, Charlotte, daughter of Sir Henry Gough, baronet, of Egbaston, in the county of Warwick, by whom he had issue John-Edward, who *d.* in infancy; Thomas, who *d.* in 1810, (leaving issue, by Sophia, daughter of Sir Justinian Isham, baronet, of Lamport, Thomas, the immediate successor to the title;) John-Henry, the present baronet; three other sons, and two daughters. Sir John *d.* in 1817, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR THOMAS, who *d.* unmarried a few months afterwards, when the title reverted to his uncle, John-Henry, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

Fortune results from industry.

Country Seat—Carlton, Northampton.

PALMER, SIR CHARLES-THOMAS, baronet, of Wanlip, in the county of Leicester; *m.* in 1802, Harriet, daughter of Sir William Pepperell, baronet, by whom he has issue George-Joseph, *b.* 20th of December, 1811; with two other sons, and three daughters; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, Sir Charles-Grave Hudson, on the 24th of October, 1813, and assumed, by royal permission, in the same year, the surname of Palmer, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal grandfather, Henry Palmer, esq., of Wanlip.

Lineage.

CHARLES-GRAVE HUDSON, esq. was created a baronet, on the 21st of June, 1791; *m.* first, Catharine, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Henry Palmer, esq., of Wanlip, by whom he left issue Charles-Thomas, the present baronet; two other sons, and three daughters; and secondly, Miss Holford, daughter of Peter Holford, esq., who *d.* in 1811, without issue. Sir Charles *d.* in 1813.

Country Seat—Wanlip, Leicestershire.

PARKER, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Melford-Hall, in the county of Suffolk; *b.* in

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1770; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in 1812.

Lineage.

ALDERMAN HUGH PARKER, of the city of London, was created a baronet, on the 1st of July, 1681, with remainder to the son of his brother, Henry Parker, esq.; and, dying in 1696-7, was succeeded, accordingly, by his nephew,

SIR HENRY, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of the Most Reverend Alexander Hyde, D.D., Lord Bishop of Salisbury; and, dying in 1713, was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR HENRY-JOHN, who *d.* without male issue, in 1771, when the title reverted to the son of his uncle, the Reverend Hyde Parker, namely, his cousin,

THE REVEREND SIR HENRY, D. D., who *d.* unmarried, in 1726, and was succeeded by his brother,

SIR HYDE, a naval commander of great renown, who attained the rank of vice-admiral of the blue. He *m.* in 1734, Sarah, daughter of Hugh Smithson, esq., by whom he had two sons, Harry, his successor; and Hyde, (who received the honor of knighthood, for his gallant services during the first American war, and advanced, in the royal navy, to the rank of admiral of the white.) Admiral Sir Hyde Parker being nominated to the chief command of the British fleet in the East Indies, sailed from England, to assume that important station, in the Cato, and having watered a few months after at Rio Janeiro, was never, subsequently, heard of. He was succeeded, about the year 1783, by his eldest son,

SIR HARRY, who *m.* in 1765, Bridget, daughter of William Cresswell, esq., by whom he left issue William, the present baronet; with two other sons, and a daughter. Sir Harry *d.* in 1812.

Country Seat—Melford-Hall, Suffolk.

PARKER, SIR PETER, of Basingbourn, in the county of Essex, *b.* 2nd November, 1809; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, in August, 1814.

Lineage.

PETER PARKER, esq., admiral of the fleet, son of Rear-Admiral Christopher Parker, was created a baronet, on the 28th of December, 1782. He *m.* Miss Nugent, by whom he had issue two sons and two daughters: Christopher, the eldest son, attained the rank of vice-admiral of the blue, and *d.* on the 26th of May, 1804, leaving issue, by Charlotte-Augusta, (daughter of Admiral, the Honorable John Byron, grand-daughter of the fourth Lord Byron, and aunt to the late immortal bard,) Peter, successor to the title; with two other sons, and a daughter. Sir Peter *d.* in 1811, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR PETER, a captain in the royal navy, who *m.* in 1805, Marianne, daughter of Sir George Dallas, baronet, of Petsall, in the county of Stafford, by whom he left an only surviving son, Peter, the present baronet. This gallant officer fell in August, 1814, in his 29th year, whilst commanding, on shore, a party belonging to his ship, (the Menelaus,) and animating them, in storming the American camp, at Bellaire, near Baltimore.

Country Seat—Chaurand, Essex.

PARKER, SIR WILLIAM-GEORGE, baronet, of Harburn, in the county of Warwick; *b.* in August, 1787; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, in 1804; *m.* in 1808, Elizabeth, daughter of J. C. Still, esq., by whom he has a son, b. 3rd of February, 1813.

Lineage.

WILLIAM PARKER, esq., rear-admiral of the red, son of Augustus Parker, esq., of Queenborough, in the county of Kent, by Elizabeth, eldest daughter of William Beal, esq., of Shorles, in the Isle of Sheppey, was created a baronet, on the 24th of June, 1797. He *m.* in 1766, Jane, eldest daughter of Edward Collingwood, esq., of Greenwich, by whom he had a son, William-George, present baronet; and seven daughters. Sir William *d.* in 1804.

Country Seat—Harburn, Warwickshire.

PASLEY, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Craig, in the county of Dumfries; *b.* in 1804; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his grandfather, on the 29th of November, 1808, and assumed, by royal permission, in 1809, the surname and arms of Pasley, instead of those of his paternal family—"Sabine."

Lineage.

THOMAS PASLEY, esq., admiral of the white, and a very distinguished naval officer, was created a baronet, on the 1st of September, 1794, with remainder to the heirs male of his daughters, successively. Sir Thomas *m.* Mary, daughter of Thomas Haywood, esq., chief-justice of the Isle of Man, by whom he had two daughters. The eldest, Mary, *m.* John Sabine, esq., and had issue an only son, Thomas Sabine, now Pasley, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

Ready to fight for my king and country.

Country Seat—Craig, Dumfrieshire.

PAUL, SIR JOHN-DEAN, baronet, of Redborough, in the county of Gloucester; *b.* in 1775; *m.* in 1799, Frances-Eleanor, daughter of Sir John Simpson, of Bradley-Hall, in the county of Durham, by whom he has issue John-Dean, *b.* 27th of July, 1803; another son, and four daughters.

This gentleman, who is son of the late John Paul, esq., M.D., of Salisbury, by Frances, daughter of Robert Snow, esq., of Hendon, in the county of Middlesex, an eminent banker in London, was created a baronet, on the 3rd of September, 1821. The same honor had been conferred on the 3rd of September, 1762, upon Onesiphorus Paul, of Hill House, in the county of Gloucester, the youngest son of his grandfather, but which title ceased at the decease of the second possessor, without issue, in 1820.

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Motto, in English,
For the king and commonwealth.

Town Residence—218, Strand.

Country Seats—West Cliff-House, Brighton; Redborough, Gloucestershire.

PEACOCKE, SIR NATHANIEL-LEVETT, baronet, of Barntie, in the county of Clare; *b.* 3rd of October, 1769; *m.* in 1803, Henrietta, eldest daughter of Sir John Morris, baronet, of Claremont, by whom he has issue Joseph-Francis, *b.* 1st of February, 1805; and three daughters. Sir Nathaniel, who is an officer of rank in the army, succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, the late Sir Joseph Peacocke.

Lineage.

JOSEPH PEACOCKE, esq., son of George Peacocke, esq., by Mary, daughter of Mr. Alderman Levett, of Cork, was created a baronet, on the 24th of December, 1802. He *m.* in 1761, Elizabeth, only daughter of Thomas Cuffe, esq., of Grange, in the county of Kilkenny, by whom he had issue Nathaniel-Levett, the present baronet; another son, William, a clergyman; and seven daughters.

Motto, in English,
Truth conquers.

Country Seat—Grange, in the county of Limerick.

PECHELL-BROOKE, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Paglesham, in the county of Essex; *b.* 23rd of January, 1753; *m.* in 1783, Charlotte, second daughter of Lieutenant General Sir John Clavering, K.B., by whom he has issue Samuel-John, *b.* 1st September, 1783, an officer of rank in the royal navy; Richard, *b.* 30th of June, 1789; and Frances-Catharine, *b.* 30th of November, 1793. Sir Thomas, who is a general officer in the army, succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, the late Sir Paul Pechell; and on the demise of his mother, in compliance with her testamentary injunction, assumed, by royal permission, the additional surname of Brooke.

Lineage.

PAUL PECHELL, esq. (son of Jacob Pechell, esq., a military officer, by Jane, daughter of John Boyd, esq., of Dublin,) was created a baronet, on the 1st of May, 1797. He *m.* in 1752, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Brooke, esq., by whom he had two sons; Thomas-Brooke, the present baronet; and Augustus. Sir Paul served, early in life, in the army, and attained the rank of lieutenant-colonel, when he retired.

Country Seats—Aldwick, Sussex; and Twickenham, Middlesex.

PEEL, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Drayton-Park, in the county of Stafford; *m.* first, Ellen, daughter of William Yates, esq., of Bury, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he has issue Robert, a privy-councillor in Ireland, and principal secretary of state for the home department, (*b.* 6th of February, 1788; *m.* in 1820, Julia, youngest daughter of the late John Floyd, esq.;) with five other sons, and four daughters. Sir Robert *m.* secondly, in 1803, Susannah, daughter of Francis Clerke, esq., and aunt of the present Sir William-Henry Clerke, bart., of Hitcham, in the county of Bucks, by whom he has no child.

This gentleman, who is one of the most considerable cotton manufacturers in the kingdom, by which pursuit he has amassed an enormous fortune, was created a baronet on the 29th of November, 1800. He is the son of William Peel, esq., of Oswaltwitch, in the county of Lancaster, by Jane, daughter of Lawrence Wamesly, esq., of Darwin, in the same county.

Country Seats—Bury, Lancaster; and Drayton-Park, Staffordshire.

PEMBROKE AND MONTGOMERY, EARL OF, (George-Augustus Herbert,) Baron Herbert, of Caerdiff; and Baron Herbert, of Shurland; *b.* 10th September, 1759; *m.* first, in 1787, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the Honorable Topham Beauclerk, by whom he has issue Robert-Henry, Lord Herbert, *b.* 19th September, 1791, (*m.* in 1814, Octavia, Princess Dowager of Rubari, a Sicilian principality;) and Diana, present Countess of Normanton. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1808, Catharine, only daughter of Count Woronzow, a Russian nobleman, by whom he has five children. The earl succeeded to the honors of his family, at the decease of his father, on the 26th of January, 1794. His lordship is a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, a general-officer in the army, colonel of the 6th regiment of dragoons, and governor of Guernsey, lord lieutenant of the county of Wilts, and high steward of Salisbury.

Lineage.

This noble family is said to be descended from Henry Fitz-Herbert, chamberlain to King Henry the First. Its immediate progenitor, however, was

SIR WILLIAM HERBERT, of Eywas, (illegitimate son of William, first earl of Pembroke, taken prisoner and beheaded after the battle of Banbury, on the 26th of July, 1469, by Maud, daughter and heiress of Adam ap Howell Grauet,) who *m.* Margaret, daughter and heiress of Sir Matthew Cradock, knt., by whom, with two other sons, he was father of

WILLIAM, elevated to the peerage, as Baron Herbert, of Caerdiff, on the 10th of October, 1551, and next day created Earl of Pembroke. His lordship *m.* first, Anne, daughter of Thomas, Lord Parr, of Kendall, and sister of King Henry the Eighth's last wife, Catherine Parr, by whom he had two sons, Henry, his successor; and Edward, of Powis Castle, and a daughter. He *m.* secondly, Anne, daughter of George, Earl of Shrewsbury, by whom he had no child. This earl was one of the most powerful noblemen of his day, and took an active part in public affairs, both as a statesman and a soldier. He *d.* on

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the 17th of March, 1569-70, and was buried in the cathedral of St. Paul's, on the 18th of April following, with such magnificence, that the mourning given at his funeral, according to Stowe, cost the very large sum, at that period, of 2,000*l*. His lordship was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY, who *m.* thrice: first, Catharine, daughter of Henry Grey, Duke of Suffolk, from whom he was divorced; secondly, Catharine, daughter of George, earl of Shrewsbury, by whom he had no child; and thirdly, Mary, daughter of Sir Henry Sidney, K. G., by whom he had two sons and a daughter. To the last countess, who was esteemed a lady of the most cultivated mind, Sir Philip Sidney dedicated his celebrated romance, the Arcadia. Her ladyship *d.* at a very advanced period of life, at her house, in Aldersgate-street, London, on the 25th of September, 1621, and the inscription to her memory, in the cathedral of Salisbury, has been so much admired, that we make no apology for inserting it—

Underneath this marble herse,
Lies the subject of all verse,
Sidney's sister, Pembroke's mother:
Death, ere thou hast slain another,
Wise, and fair, and good as she,
Time shall throw a dart at thee.

The earl *d.* on the 19th of January, 1600-1, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, who *d.* without issue, in 1630, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

PHILIP, who had been elevated to the peerage himself, on the 4th of May, 1605, as Baron Herbert, of Shurland, in the isle of Shepey, in the county of Kent; and Earl of Montgomery. His lordship was installed knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter; nominated lord chamberlain of the household; and chosen chancellor of the university of Oxford. He *m.* first, Susan, daughter, and eventually co-heiress, of Edward, (Vere,) Earl of Oxford, by whom he had seven sons and three daughters. The first and second sons died in infancy; the third, Charles, K. B., *m.* in 1634, the Lady Mary, daughter of George Villiers, Duke of Buckingham, but died, within a few weeks, of the small-pox, without cohabiting with his bride. His lordship *m.* secondly, Anne, only daughter and heiress of George, Earl of Cumberland, Duchess Dowager of Dorset, by whom he had no child. He *d.* on the 22d of March, 1675, and was succeeded by his fourth, but eldest surviving, son,

PHILIP, who *d.* in 1669; and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM. This nobleman *d.* unmarried, in 1674, when the family honors devolved upon his half-brother,

PHILIP, who *d.* without issue, in 1683, and was succeeded by his only brother,

THOMAS, K. G. This nobleman *m.* first, in 1684, Margaret, only daughter and heiress of Sir Robert Sawyer, of High Cleer, in the county of Southampton, knt., attorney-general in the reign of King Charles the Second, by whom he had seven sons and five daughters; secondly, Barbara, daughter of Sir Thomas Slingsby, Lady Dowager Arundel, by whom he had a daughter; and, thirdly, Mary Howe, sister of Scroop, Viscount Howe, by whom he had no child. His lordship filled some of the highest offices in the state, in the reigns of Queen Anne, and King George the First. He *d.* in 1733, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY, who *d.* suddenly, on the 9th January, 1750-1, and was succeeded by his only son,

HENRY: *b.* 3d July, 1734; *m.* in 1756, Elizabeth, second daughter of Charles Spencer, second Duke of Marlborough, by whom he left an only son, George-Augustus, the present peer. His lordship was a military officer, and attained the rank of lieutenant-general in the army, with the colonelcy of the 1st regiment of dragoons. He *d.* on the 26th of January, 1794.

Motto, in English,
One I will serve.

Town Residence—Privy Gardens.

Country Seat—Wilton-House, in the county of Wilts.

PENSHURST, BARON, (Percy-Clinton-Sydney Smythe,) of Penshurst, in the county of Kent, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; created 20th of January, 1825.

See, Viscount Strangford.

PENNYMAN, SIR WILLIAM-HENRY, baronet, of Ormsby, in the county of York; *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Bethel Robinson, esq., of Calwick, in the same county, by whom he has no issue. Sir William succeeded to the title, at the decease of his father, on the 27th of March, 1808.

Lineage.

COLONEL JAMES PENNYMAN, nephew of Sir William Pennyman, bart., of Marske, in the county of York, (a title which was conferred upon Sir William, and expired at his decease, in 1643,) a distinguished officer under the royal banner during the civil wars, was created a baronet, after the restoration of the monarchy, on the 22d of February, 1663. From this gentleman the title descended, from father to son, to

SIR WARTON-PENNYMAN-WARTON, fifth baronet, brother of his predecessor, and fourth son of Sir James, the third baronet, by Mary, daughter of Michael Warton, esq., of Beverley, in the county of York. He *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Sir Charles Hotham, baronet, of Scarborough, by whom he had two sons and nine daughters. He died in 1770, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JAMES. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Henry Grey, bart., of Howick, in the county of Northumberland, and first cousin of the present earl Grey, by whom he left issue William-Henry, the present baronet; with four other sons, and four daughters. He *d.* in 1808.

Motto, in English,
Firmly and faithfully.

Country Seat—Ormsby-Thornton, Yorkshire.

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PETRE, BARON, (William-Francis-Henry Petre,) of Writtle, in the county of Essex, and co-heir to the baronies of Howard, &c., in right of his grandmother, Anne, one of the nieces of Edward, eleventh Duke of Norfolk; F.R.S.; *b.* 22d January, 1793; succeeded to the title, at the decease of his father, on the 28th of March, 1809; *m.* first, in 1815, Frances-Charlotte, eldest daughter of Sir Richard Bedingfield, bart., by whom he has issue a son and heir, *b.* 20th December, 1817; with another son, and two daughters: and secondly, in 1823, Emma, daughter of Henry Howard, esq., of Corby-Castle, by whom he has two sons.

His lordship, being a Roman Catholic, is excluded from his hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

Sir William Petre, knt., Doctor of Laws, a personage of great learning, and one of the principal secretaries of state in the reigns of Henry the Eighth, and his majesty's three successors, accumulated a considerable fortune from the spoliage of the monasteries, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir John Petre, knt., who was advanced to the peerage as Baron Petre, of Writtle, in the county of Essex, on the 21st of July, 1603. His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Edward Waldegrave, knt., of Barclay, in the county of Essex, by whom he had four sons and four daughters. From this nobleman the title descended, uninterruptedly, from father to son, to

John, the fifth baron, who was brother to his predecessor, and from whom it devolved upon another brother,

Thomas. This nobleman *d.* on the 4th of June, 1707, and was succeeded by his only son,

Robert, who *m.* in 1711-12, Catharine, daughter of Bartholomew Walmesley, esq., of Dunkenhalgh, in the county of Lancaster, (eventually heiress of her brother, Francis Walmesley, esq.,) and dying of the small-pox in the March following, was succeeded, in the subsequent June, by his posthumous son,

Robert-James; *b.* 3d June, 1713. This nobleman *m.* in 1732, Anne, daughter of James, Earl of Derwentwater, by whom he had a son and three daughters. The eldest daughter, Catharine, married George Heneage, esq., of Hamton, in the county of Lincoln; the second, Barbara, Thomas Gifford, esq., of Chillington, in the county of Stafford; and the third, Julia, John Weld, esq., of Lulworth Castle, in the county of Dorset. His lordship *d.* on the 16th of June, 1772, and was succeeded by his only son,

Robert-Edward, who *m.* first, in 1762, Anne, daughter of Philip Howard, esq., of Buckenham, in the county of Norfolk, and niece of his Grace, Edward, Duke of Norfolk, (at whose decease without issue, in 1777, her ladyship became co-heiress with her sister Winifrede, Lady Stourton, to the baronies of Howard, Mowbray, Braose of Gower, Segrave, Dacre of Gillesland, Graystock, Ferrers of Wemme, Talbot, Strange of Blackmere, Furnival, Gifford of Brimmesfield, and Vernon, which continue still in abeyance between the heirs of their ladyships,) by whom he had three sons and a daughter. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1788, Juliana, daughter of Henry Howard, esq., of Glossop, by whom he had a son and two daughters. He died in 1801, and was succeeded by his eldest son.

Robert-Edward. This nobleman *m.* in 1786, Mary, daughter of Henry Howard, esq., of Glossop, sister of his step-mother, and of Bernard, present Duke of Norfolk, by whom he left issue William-Francis-Henry, the present baron; with two other sons, and five daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1809.

Motto, in English,

Nothing without God.

Town Residence—3, Mansfield-street.

Country Seat—Thorndon-Hall, near Brentwood, Essex.

PEPYS, SIR LUCAS, baronet, of Box Hill, in the county of Surrey, M.D. and F.R.S.; *m.* first, in 1772, Jane-Elizabeth, Countess of Rothes, in her own right, in the peerage of Scotland, and widow of George-Reymond-Evelyn Glanville, esq., by whom he had issue Charles, *b.* in 1777; Lady Harriet, the wife of William Courtenay, esq., barrister at law; and Lady Henrietta, deceased. Sir Lucas *m.* secondly, in 1813, Miss Askew, by whom he has no child.

This gentleman, (who is son of William Pepys, esq., a descendant from Lord Chief Justice Pepys, of Ireland,) a medical practitioner of eminence, being appointed physician to his late majesty, and physician-general to the army, was created a baronet on the 19th of December, 1783.

Town Residence—124, Park-street.

Country Seat—Juniper Hill, Dorking, Surrey.

PEPYS, SIR WILLIAM-WELLER, baronet, of London; *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late right honorable William Dowdeswell, by whom he has issue William-Weller; with two other sons, and three daughters. This gentleman, the brother of Sir Lucas Pepys, (of the same family as Samuel Pepys, the well-known secretary of the admiralty in the reign of Charles the Second,) having filled, for several years, the situation of master in chancery, was created a baronet on the 23rd of June, 1801.

Motto, in English,

Every man has his opinion.

Town Residence—11, Gloucester-place, Portman-square.

PERRING, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Membland, in the county of Devon; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John Cowell, esq., of Stratford, by whom he has issue John; another son, and three daughters. This gentleman, an alderman and banker of London, was created a baronet on the 3rd of October, 1808.

Town Residence—43, Portland-place.

Country Seat—Membland-House, Devonshire.

PEYTON, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Doddington, in the county of Cambridge; succeeded

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to the title, at the decease of his father, in 1789; *m.* in 1803, Mrs. Bradshaw, relict of James Bradshaw, esq., and daughter of William Fitzhugh, esq., by whom he has issue Henry, *b.* 30th of June, 1804, and another son.

Lineage.

HENRY DASHWOOD, esq., son of George Dashwood, esq., of Peyton Hall, in the county of Suffolk, by Margaret, second daughter of Sir Sewster Peyton, baronet, and sister of Sir Thomas Peyton, at whose decease that baronetcy, which was created in 1684, became extinct; having assumed, by royal license, in obedience to the testamentary injunction of his uncle, the said Sir Thomas, the surname of Peyton, was created a baronet on the 14th of August, 1776. He *m.* in 1771, Frances, eldest daughter of Sir John Rous, baronet, of Henham Hall, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he left issue Henry, the present baronet; another son, and three daughters. Sir Henry *d.* in 1789.

Motto, in English,
I suffer—I obtain.

Town Residence—19, Grosvenor-place.

Country Seat—Tusmore House, Bicester, Oxon.

PHILLIPS, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Middle Hill, in the county of Worcester; *m.* in 1819, Harriett, daughter of Major-General Molyneaux, by whom he has two daughters.

This gentleman was created a baronet on the 1st of September, 1821.

Country Seat—Middle Hill, in the county of Worcester.

PIGOT, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Patshul, in the county of Stafford; *b.* 29th of October, 1765; *m.* in July, 1796, Mary-Anne, daughter of the honorable John Monckton, and grand-daughter of Lord Galway, by whom he has issue Robert; with two other sons, and seven daughters.

Lineage.

GEORGE PIGOT, esq., governor of Fort St. George, Madras, was created a baronet on the 23rd of November, 1764, with remainder to his brother. He was subsequently, in 1765, elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the title of Baron Pigot, of Patshul; but dying, without issue, in 1783, the barony expired, while the baronetcy devolved, according to the limitation of the patent, upon his brother,

BRIGADIER-GENERAL PIGOT, a distinguished officer during the first American war, particularly at the celebrated battle of Bunker's Hill. He *m.* in 1765, Anne, daughter of Allen Johnson, esq. of the county of Dublin, by whom he had George, the present baronet; Hugh, a naval officer; Robert, an officer of rank in the army; and an only daughter, Anne. Sir George *d.* in 1796.

Note—The celebrated Pigot diamond belonged to Lord Pigot, and was bequeathed by his lordship to his brothers, Sir Robert and Admiral Pigot, and his sister Margaret, the wife of Thomas Fisher, esq. The shares of the two former devolved upon the present Sir George Pigot, and Admiral Pigot's widow; and the whole was disposed of, under the sanction of parliament, by way of lottery, in 1800, when it produced £23,998 16s.

Country Seat—Patshul, in the county of Stafford.

PIGOTT, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Knapton, in the Queen's County; *b.* in 1764; *m.* in 1794, Annabella, daughter of the right honorable Thomas Kelly, formerly one of the puisne judges of the Court of Common Pleas in Ireland, by whom he has issue Thomas, *b.* 12th of October, 1796; with three other sons, and five daughters.

This gentleman, who is son of the late Major-General Pigot, (a surname adopted in place of that of his father, George Chetwynd, esq., of Chetwynd, in the county of Cork,) by Priscilla, daughter of John Carden, esq., of Lismore, in the Queen's County, was created a baronet on the 3rd of October, 1808.

Country Seat—Knapton, Queen's County.

PLYMOUTH, EARL OF, (Other-Archer Windsor,) and Baron Windsor, of Bradenham, in the County of Buckingham; *b.* 2nd of July, 1789; succeeded to the family honors, at the decease of his father, on the 12th of June, 1799; *m.* in 1811, Mary, eldest daughter of John Frederick, Duke of Dorset, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

This noble family is descended from a common ancestor with the Fitzgeralds and Fitzmaurices of Ireland, and the Carews of Cornwall; namely, Walter Fitz-Otho, warden of all the forests in Berkshire, and castellan of Windsor, in the time of William the Conqueror. The son of this Walter,

WILLIAM, succeeded to his father's offices of Warden and Castellan; and, from the latter, assumed the surname of Windsor. From this personage, lineally descended

SIR ANDREWS WINDSOR, knight of the Bath, who was advanced to the honor of knight banneret, for the valour which he displayed at the Battle of Spurs in 1513, and summoned to parliament in 1529, as Baron Windsor, of Bradenham. From this nobleman the barony passed, uninterruptedly, to the sixth baron,

THOMAS, who *d.* without issue in 1642, when the barony fell into abeyance between his two sisters, Elizabeth, wife of Dixie Hickman, esq., and Lady Ware, the relict of Sir James Ware; and so continued, until decided by the crown in favour of the nephew, and heir of the estates, of the late lord,

THOMAS HICKMAN, esq., who assumed the name of Windsor, and was summoned to parliament, from the 8th of May, 1661, to the 21st of May, 1680, as Baron Windsor. His lordship was created Earl of Plymouth on the 6th of December, 1682. He *m.* twice: first, Anne, daughter of Sir William Savile, of Thornhill, baronet, by whom he had a son, Other, who *d.* in the life-time of his father, leaving an only son, Other. His lordship *m.* secondly, Ur-

sula, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Widrington, knight, of Sherburn Grange, by whom he had four sons and five daughters. The eldest of which sons, Thomas, was created Viscount Windsor, in Ireland, and Baron Mountjoy, in England, (which honors became extinct in 1758.) The earl *d.* in 1687, and was succeeded by his grandson,

OTHER, who was succeeded in 1725, by his only son,

OTHER. This nobleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Thomas Lewis, esq., of Soberton, in the county of Hants; and dying, in 1732, was succeeded by his only son,

OTHER-LEWIS. His lordship *m.* in 1750, Catharine, eldest daughter of Thomas, Lord Archer, by whom he left issue four sons and three daughters. The eldest daughter, Lady Catherine-Sidney, *m.* in 1785, Sir James-Tilney Long, nephew and heir of Earl Tilney. Lord Plymouth *d.* in 1771, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

OTHER-HICKMAN, *b.* 30th of May, 1751; *m.* in 1780, Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Andrew, Lord Archer, (at whose decease, in 1778, that title became extinct,) by whom he left issue Other-Archer, present earl; and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1799.

Motto, in English,
I put my trust in God.

Town Residence—27, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat — Howell, Broomsgrove, Worcestershire.

POCOCK, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of The Hart, in the county of Durham, F.R.S.; *b.* 15th of October, 1765; *m.* in 1791, Charlotte, daughter of Edward Long, esq., by whom he has issue George-Edward, *b.* 2nd of April, 1792; with four other sons, and four daughters. This gentleman, who is only son of the late gallant Admiral Sir George Pocock, K.B., by Sophia-Pitt, youngest daughter of Admiral Francis-George Drake, was created a baronet on the 18th of August, 1821.

Town Residence—39, Charles-street, Berkeley-square.

Country Seats—Twickenham House, Middlesex; and The Hart, Durham.

POLE, SIR WILLIAM-TEMPLER, baronet, of Shute House, in the county of Devon; *b.* 2nd August, 1782; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 30th of November, 1799; *m.* first, in 1804, Sophia-Anne, only daughter of George Templer, esq., of Shapwick, in the county of Somerset, by whom he has one surviving son, John-George, *b.* 21st of January, 1808; and, secondly, in 1810, Miss Fraser, by whom he has a son, William, *b.* 6th July, 1816; and two daughters.

Lineage.

JOHN POLE, esq., M.P. for the county of Devon, was created a baronet on the 12th of September, 1628, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM POLE, knt., from whom the title passed, uninterruptedly, from father to son, to

SIR JOHN-WILLIAM, the sixth baronet, who *m.* in 1779, Anne, only daughter of James Templer, esq., of Stover House, by whom he left issue William-Templer, the present baronet; and Marianne, who *m.* J. M. West, esq., of New House, in the county of Glamorgan. Sir John *d.* on the 30th of November, 1799.

Motto, in English,
Virtue exults.

Country Seats—Shute House, and Colcombe Castle, both in the county of Devon.

POLE, SIR PETER, baronet, of Wolverton Park, in the county of Hants; *m.* in 1798, Anna, eldest daughter of Richard Buller, esq., by whom he has issue Peter, *b.* 11th February, 1801; with three other sons, and three daughters. Sir Peter, who is a banker of eminence in the city of London, succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 13th of June, 1813.

Lineage.

CHARLES VAN NOTTEN, esq. (son of Charles Van Notten, esq., of Amsterdam, who settled as a merchant, in London, in the beginning of the eighteenth century, by Susannah, daughter of David Bosanquet, esq., also a merchant of London,) was created a baronet, on the 21st of June, 1791; *m.* Millicent, eldest daughter of Charles Pole, esq., of Holcroft, in the county of Lancaster, and assumed, by royal license, on the 28th of July, 1791, the surname and arms of Pole. Sir Charles left issue, by this marriage, Peter, the present baronet; with three other sons, and a daughter. He *d.* in 1813.

Town Residence—2, Mansfield-street.

Country Seat—Wolverton Park, Hants.

POLE, SIR CHARLES-MORICE, baronet, of Aldenham Abbey, in the county of Herts; *m.* in 1792, Henrietta, daughter of John Goddard, esq., of Woodford Hall, in the county of Essex, by whom he has three daughters. The eldest of which, Sarah-Maria-Henrietta, *m.* in 1821, William Stuart, esq., eldest son of his grace, the late Honorable William Stuart, D.D., lord primate of Ireland, (son of John, third Earl of Bute.)

This gentleman, (who is descended from a younger branch of the family of Pole, of Shute, namely, Carolus, the fourth son of Sir John Pole, bart., of Shute, by Anne, youngest daughter of Sir William Morice, knt., of Werrington, in the county of Devon,) having attained the rank of admiral of the red, with the Grand Cross of the Bath, was created a baronet, on the 12th of September, 1801.

Motto, in English,
Virtue exults.

Town Residence—48, Upper Harley-street.

Country Seat—Aldenham Abbey, Herts.

POLLEN, SIR JOHN-WALTER, baronet, of Redenham, in the county of Hants; suc-

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ceeded to the title upon the demise of his father, on the 17th of August, 1814; *m.* in 1819, Charlotte-Elizabeth, only daughter of the late Reverend J. Craven, of Charlton House, in the county of Wilts, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

JOHN POLLEN, esq. was created a baronet, on the 15th of May, 1795. He *m.* in 1778, Louisa, only daughter of Walter Hall, esq., of Redenham, by whom he left issue John-Walter, the present baronet; and another son, Richard, of Lincoln's Inn. Sir John *d.* in 1814.

Country Seat—Redenham, Hampshire.

POMFRET, EARL OF, (George Fermor,) Baron Lempster, or Leominster, of Leominster, in the county of Hereford, and a baronet; *b.* 6th of January, 1768; succeeded to the family honors upon the demise of his father, on the 9th of June, 1785; *m.* in 1793, Miss Browne, eldest daughter of Trollope Browne, esq., by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

RICHARD FERMOUR, having amassed considerable wealth as a merchant, at Calais, settled himself at Eston Neston, in the county of Northampton; but, exciting the hostility of Henry the Eighth, by his zealous adherence to the church of Rome, and inciting the cupidity of Cromwell, his majesty's vicar-general, by the extent of his possessions, the whole of his large fortune was confiscated. It was, however, partly restored by Edward the Sixth, and Mr. Fermour regained his mansion-house of Eston Neston, where he died, universally esteemed, on the 17th of November, 1552, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN FERMOR, who was made one of the Knights of the Carpet, at Westminster, on the 2nd of October, 1553, the day after the coronation of Queen Mary, in her majesty's presence, under the cloth of state, by the Earl of Arundel, her majesty's commissioner for the occasion. Sir John *d.* on the 12th of December, 1571, and was succeeded by his son,

GEORGE FERMOR, who had the honor of entertaining King James the First and his queen, at Easton, on the 11th of June, 1603, when his majesty was pleased to confer the honor of knighthood upon his son,

SIR HATTON FERMOR, who was succeeded at his decease, in 1640, by his son,

WILLIAM FERMOR, esq., created a baronet, in 1641. This gentleman distinguished himself during the civil wars, upon the side of royalty, and suffered considerably in consequence, but had the satisfaction of living to see the monarchy restored. Sir William *d.* of the small-pox, in 1671, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who was elevated to the peerage, on the 12th of April, 1692, by the title of Baron Lempster, of Lempster, or Leominster, in the county of Hereford. His lordship *m.* thrice, and was succeeded at his decease, in 1711, by his eldest son,

THOMAS, son of the third Lady Lempster, (Sophia, sixth daughter of Thomas, Duke of Leeds, and relict of Donatus, Lord O'Brien.) This nobleman was advanced to an earldom, on the 27th of December, 1721, by the title of Earl Pomfret, or Pontefract, in the county of York. His lordship *m.* in 1720, Henrietta-Louisa, daughter and heiress of John, Lord Jeffreys, by whom he left issue one son and five daughters. He *d.* on the 8th of July, 1753, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

GEORGE. This nobleman *m.* in 1764, Miss Anna-Maria Drayton, of Sudbury, in the county of Middlesex, to whom Lady Jane Coke, relict of Robert Coke, esq., bequeathed a considerable fortune; by whom he had issue George, the present earl; Thomas William, a major-general in the army, heir-presumptive to the family honors; Charlotte, who *m.* in 1787, the late Peter Denys, esq., by whom, with other children, she had the present Sir George-William Denys, baronet. The earl *d.* in 1785.

Motto, in English,
Now and always.

Town Residence—2, North Audley-street.

Country Seat—Easton Neston, near Towcester, in the county of Northampton.

PONSONBY, BARON, (Frederick Ponsonby,) of Synonby, in the county of Leicester, in the peerage of England. Creation of the 12th of June, 1749.

See, Earl of Besborough.

PONSONBY, BARON, (John Ponsonby,) of Imokilly, in the county of Cork, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* in 1770; *m.* in 1803, the Lady Elizabeth-Frances Villiers, daughter of the late Earl of Jersey, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

For the origin of this noble family, see that of the Earl of Besborough, of whose house it is a scion or branch, springing from Mr. Speaker Ponsonby, of the Irish house of commons, second son of the first earl.

WILLIAM-BRABAZON PONSONBY, esq., eldest son of the speaker, by Lady Elizabeth Cavendish, second daughter of William, third Duke of Devonshire, great-grandfather of the present duke; *b.* 15th September, 1744; *m.* in 1769, Louisa, fourth daughter of Richard, third Viscount Molesworth, by whom he had issue John, the present peer; William, a major-general in the army, Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, who fell at Waterloo, on the 18th of June, 1815, (leaving, by Georgiana, daughter of Charles, Lord Southampton, besides three daughters, a posthumous son, *b.* 6th February, 1816, heir-presumptive to the title;) Richard, a clergyman; George-Frederick; and Mary-Elizabeth, who *m.* in 1794, the present Earl Grey. Mr. Ponsonby was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Ponsonby, of Imokilly, on the 13th of March, 1806, and his lordship *d.* on the 5th of the following November.

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Motto, in English,

For the king, the law, and the commonwealth.

Country Seat—Bishop's Court, county of Kilkenny.

POORE, SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Rushall, in the county of Wilts; *b.* 4th December, 1795; *m.* in 1818, Agnes, third daughter of Sir John Marjoribanks, bart., by whom he has two daughters. Sir Edward succeeded to the title at the decease of his great-uncle, on the 1st of June, 1820.

Lineage.

JOHN-METHUEN POORE, esq., eldest son of Edward Poore, esq., by Barbara, daughter of Paul Methuen, esq., of Bradford, in the county of Wilts, was created a baronet on the 8th of July, 1795, with remainder to the male issue of his brother, Edward Poore, esq. Sir John *d.* in 1820, and the title devolved, according to the limitation, upon the present baronet, who is grandson of the last-mentioned Edward Poore, being eldest son of his son Edward, by Martha-Anne, daughter of George Woolf, esq., Danish consul-general to Great Britain.

Country Seat—Rushall, in the county of Wilts.

PORTARLINGTON, EARL OF, (John Dawson,) Viscount Carlow, of Carlow; and Baron Dawson, of Dawson's Court, in the Queen's County; *b.* 26th February, 1781; succeeded to the family honors at the demise of his father, on the 25th of November, 1798. His lordship is a military officer of rank.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

The first of this noble family that settled in Ireland was

WILLIAM DAWSON, esq., of the family of Dawson, of Spaldington, in the county of York, who emigrated from England some time in the reign of Charles the Second. This gentleman's grandson,

WILLIAM-HENRY DAWSON, esq., *m.* in 1737, Mary, eldest daughter of Joseph Damer, esq., of Carne, in the county of Dorset, by whom he had issue five sons and three daughters. Mr. Dawson was elevated to the peerage of Ireland by the title of Baron Dawson, of Dawson's Court, in the Queen's County, on the 29th of May, 1770; and created, on the 24th of July, 1776, Viscount Carlow, of Carlow. His lordship *d.* in 1779, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, *b.* 21st August, 1744, advanced to an earldom, as Earl of Portarlington, in the Queen's County, on the 5th of July, 1785; *m.* in 1778, Lady Caroline Stuart, daughter of John, Earl of Bute, by whom he had issue John, the present earl; William-Henry, an officer of rank in the navy; George-Lionel, a military officer of rank; with two other sons, and five daughters. The earl *d.* in 1798.

Motto, in English,

Virtue is the way of life.

Country Seat—Emo Park, in the Queen's County.

PORTLAND, DUKE OF, (William-Henry-Cavendish Scott-Bentinck,) Marquess of Tichfield, in the county of Southampton; Earl of Portland, in the county of Dorset; Viscount Woodstock, of Woodstock, in the county of Oxford; and Baron Cirencester, of Cirencester, in the county of Gloucester; *b.* 24th of June, 1768; *m.* in 1795, Henrietta, eldest daughter and co-heiress of General John Scott, of Balcomie, in the county of Fife, by whom he has issue John, Marquess of Tichfield, *b.* 18th September, 1800; with two other sons, and five daughters. His grace had an elder son, William-Henry, Marquess of Tichfield, who *d.* greatly lamented, in the 28th year of his age, on the 4th of March, 1824. The duke succeeded to the honors of his family at the decease of his father, in 1809. He assumed, by royal permission, at the period of his marriage, the name and arms of Scott, in addition to those of Bentinck. His grace is lord lieutenant of the county of Middlesex.

Lineage.

WILLIAM BENTINCK, (son of Henry Bentinck, Heer Van Diepenham, in Overyssel,) first page of honor, and subsequently confidential adviser of William, Prince of Orange, accompanied his royal master to England, and, after the accession of that prince to the British throne, was sworn of the privy council, appointed groom of the stole, and first gentleman of the bedchamber, and created a peer of England, on the 9th of April, 1689, by the titles of Baron Cirencester, Viscount Woodstock, and Earl of Portland. His lordship had the command of the Dutch regiment of horse guards, and took a distinguished part as lieutenant-general at the battle of the Boyne. In 1697, the earl was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. His lordship *m.* first, Anne, daughter of Sir Edward Villiers, knight marshal, by whom he had three sons and five daughters; and, secondly, Jane, Lady Dowager Berkeley, sixth daughter of Sir John Temple, bart., of East Sheen, by whom he had two sons and four daughters. The earl *d.* on the 23rd of November, 1709, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY, created Marquess of Titchfield and Duke of Portland, on the 6th of July, 1716. His grace *m.* in 1704, Lady Elizabeth Noel, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Wriothesley, Earl of Gainsborough, by whom he had issue two sons and three daughters. His grace *d.* in the Island of Jamaica, of which he was captain-general and governor, on the 4th of July, 1726, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, K.G. His grace *m.* in 1734, Lady Margaret-Cavendish Harley, only daughter and heiress of Edward, Earl of Oxford, by whom he had issue two sons and four daughters. The duke *d.* in 1762, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-HENRY-CAVENDISH, *b.* 14th of April, 1738, a distinguished statesman during the eventful reign of his late Majesty, King George the Third. His grace was installed a knight of the most illus-

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trious Order of the Garter, and was nominated viceroy of Ireland, in 1782. He, subsequently, filled some of the highest stations in the government, and was twice prime minister of England. He *m.* in 1766, Dorothy, daughter of William, fourth Duke of Devonshire, by whom he had issue William-Henry-Cavendish, the present duke; William-Charles-Cavendish, a lieutenant-general in the army, and Knight Grand Cross of the Bath; with two other sons, and two daughters. The duke *d.* in 1809.

Motto, in English,
Fear disgrace.

Town Residence—11, St. James's-square.

Country Seats—Welbeck, Nottinghamshire; and Fullerton House, Scotland.

PORTMORE, EARL OF, (Thomas-Charles Colyear,) Viscount Milsington; Baron Portmore, Blackness, and Colyear, in the peerage of Scotland; and a baronet of England; *b.* in 1772; *m.* in 1793, Mary-Elizabeth, only child of Brownlow, Duke of Ancaster, by whom he had an only son, Brownlow-Charles, who succeeded to the great personal property of his grandfather, the Duke of Ancaster, at the decease of that nobleman, in 1809, but died, at Rome, in 1819, of wounds received from a banditti. The earl succeeded to the honors of his family, upon the demise of his father, on the 15th November, 1823, and has been a widower, since the 10th of February, 1797.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

ALEXANDER ROBERTSON, esq., was created a baronet of England on the 20th of February, 1677. He subsequently settled in Holland, acquired a considerable fortune there, and assumed the name of Colyear. Sir Alexander was succeeded, at his decease, by his eldest son,

DAVID COLYEAR, esq., a military officer of considerable renown, who distinguished himself, in 1674, as commander of the Scots' regiment in the pay of the United States of Holland, and afterwards under the banner of the Prince of Orange, in the years 1689 and 1690, in Ireland. Sir David was elevated to the peerage of Scotland on the 1st of June, 1699, by the title of Lord Portmore and Blackness; and created, on the 13th of April, 1703, Earl of Portmore, Viscount Milsington, and Baron Colyear. The earl *m.* Catharine, only child of Sir Charles Sedley, bart., of Southfleet, in the county of Kent, who had been created, on the 20th of January, 1685, Baroness of Darlington and Countess of Dorchester, for life. His lordship *d.* in 1730, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

CHARLES, a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Thistle, who *d.* in 1785, and was succeeded by his only son,

WILLIAM-CHARLES. This nobleman *m.* in 1770, Mary, second daughter of John, eighth Earl of Rothes, by whom he left issue Thomas-Charles, the present earl; William, an officer of rank in the army, and heir-presumptive to the title; and one daughter, Catherine-Caroline, the lady of Joseph Brecknell, esq. His lordship *d.* in 1823.

Motto, in English,
Advance.

Country Seat—Portmore-Castle, in the county of Roxburgh.

PORTSMOUTH, EARL OF, (John-Charles Wallop,) Viscount Lymington; and Baron Wallop, of Farley Wallop, in the county of Southampton; *b.* 18th of December, 1767; succeeded to the family honors, at the demise of his father, on the 16th of May, 1797; *m.* first, in 1799, Grace, daughter of Fletcher (Norton,) first lord of Grantley, who *d.* without issue, in 1813; and secondly, in 1815, Anne, eldest daughter of John Hanson, esq., of Bloomsbury place, London. The earl was declared by the verdict of an inquisition, held in 1823, to be in a state of mental derangement.

Lineage.

This distinguished family was settled at Wallop, in Hampshire, at a period antecedent to the Conquest, and is thus noticed by Camden;—"The Test having taken into it a little river from Wallop, or more truly Well-hop; that is, by interpretation out of our forefathers' language, a pretty well in the side of an hill, whereof that right worshipful family of the Wallops, of knights' degree, dwelled hard by, took name." It was ennobled in the person of

JOHN WALLOP, esq., *b.* 15th of April, 1690; created Baron Wallop, of Farley Wallop, in the county of Southampton, and Viscount Lymington, on the 11th of June, 1720; and advanced to the dignity of Earl of Portsmouth on the 11th of April, 1743. His lordship *m.* first, in 1716, Bridget, eldest daughter of Charles, Earl of Tankerville, by whom he had six sons and three daughters; and, secondly, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of James, Lord Griffin, relict of Henry Grey, esq., of Billingbeer, in the county of Berks, by whom he had no issue. He *d.* on the 23d of November, 1762, and was succeeded by (the son of his deceased eldest son, John, Viscount Lymington, by Catharine, only daughter and heiress of John Conduit, esq., of Cranbery, in the county of Southampton,) his grandson,

JOHN, who *m.* in 1763, Urania, daughter of Coulson Fellows, esq., of Hampstead, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he left issue John-Charles, the present earl; Newton, heir-presumptive to the family honors, who assumed, by royal permission, in 1795, the surname and arms of Fellows, upon succeeding to the estates of his maternal uncle, Henry-Arthur Fellows, esq., of Eggsford, in the county of Devon; besides two daughters.

Motto, in English,
In following truth.

Country Seat—Hurstborne-Park, Whitechurch, in the county of Hants.

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POULETT, EARL, (John Poulett,) Viscount Hinton, and Baron Poulett, of Hinton St. George, in the county of Somerset; *b.* 5th of July, 1783; succeeded to the family honors at the decease of his father, on the 14th of January, 1819; *m.* in 1821, Elizabeth-Lucy, daughter of Henry-Berkeley Portman, esq., of Bryanstone-House, in the county of Dorset, by whom he has issue Viscount Hinton, *b.* in September, 1822.

Lineage.

This noble family is a branch of the house of Poulett, Dukes of Bolton, a dukedom which expired with Henry, the 6th duke, in 1794.

JOHN POULETT, esq., son and heir of Sir John Poulett, knight, governor of the Isle of Jersey, was advanced to the peerage, as Baron Poulett, of Hinton St. George, on the 23rd of June, 1627. This nobleman took an active part in the field, in favour of his royal master, King Charles the First. He *d.* in 1649, and the barony descended, without interruption, through his son and grandson, to

JOHN, the fourth baron, who, soon after the accession of Queen Anne, was sworn of her majesty's privy council, and having been one of the commissioners for the treaty of union with Scotland, in 1706, was created, on the 29th of December, in that year, Viscount Hinton, of Hinton St. George, and Earl Poulett. His lordship *d.* on the 28th of May, 1743, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN, who had been previously called up, by writ, to the house of lords, as Lord Poulett, Baron of Hinton St. George. His lordship *d.* unmarried in 1764, when the family honors devolved upon his brother, the Honorable

VERE POULETT, *b.* 18th of May, 1710; *m.* in 1754, Mary, daughter of Richard Butt, esq., of Arlington, in the county of Gloucester, by whom he had two sons, John and Vere. His lordship *d.* on the 14th of April, 1788, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, *b.* 7th of April, 1766; *m.* first, in 1782, Miss Pocock, daughter of the late Admiral Sir George Pocock, K.B., by whom he had issue John, the present earl; George, an officer in the royal navy; with three other sons, and four daughters; and secondly, in 1816, Margaret, daughter and sole heiress of Y. Burges, esq., of East Ham, relict of Sir John-Smith Burges, by whom he had no child. His lordship *d.* in 1818.

Motto, in English,
Keep thy faith.

Country Seats — Hinton-Park, Somersetshire; and Ashthorpe, near Tiverton, in the county of Devon.

POWERSCOURT, VISCOUNT, (Richard Wingfield,) of Powerscourt, in the county of Wicklow; and Baron Wingfield, of Wingfield, in the county of Wexford; *b.* 3rd December, 1816; succeeded to the family honors at the decease of his father, on the 9th of August, 1823.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

The first of this distinguished family who settled in Ireland was

SIR RICHARD WINGFIELD, who was nominated, by Queen Elizabeth, mareschal of that kingdom; and created, by her majesty's successor, on the 19th of February, 1618, Viscount Powerscourt. The title, however, became extinct, at his lordship's decease, without issue, in 1634, but it was re-granted to his next male heir,

FOLIOT WINGFIELD, and again ceased at his lordship's demise, in 1717, without issue; but the estates devolved upon

EDWARD WINGFIELD, esq., whose son and successor,

RICHARD WINGFIELD, esq., was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 4th of February, 1743, as Baron Wingfield, and Viscount Powerscourt; from whom those honors passed, uninterruptedly, from father to son, to

RICHARD, the fifth viscount, *b.* 11th of September, 1790; *m.* 6th of February, 1813, Frances-Theodosia, daughter of Robert, Earl of Roden, by whom he had an only son, Richard, the present viscount. His lordship *d.* in 1823.

Motto, in English,
Truth is of God.

Country Seat—Power's-Court, in the county of Wicklow.

POWIS, EARL OF, (Edward Clive,) Viscount Clive, of Ludlow; Baron Herbert, of Cherbury; Baron Clive, of Walcot, both in the county of Salop; and Baron Powis, of Powis-Castle, in the county of Montgomery, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; Baron Clive, of Plassey, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 7th March, 1754; succeeded to the Irish barony, at the decease of his father, on the 22nd of November, 1774; created, on the 13th of August, 1794, Baron Clive, of Walcot; and advanced to the other dignities on the 14th of May, 1804. His lordship *m.* in 1784, Henrietta-Antonia, daughter of Henry-Arthur Herbert, Earl Powis, and sister and heiress of George-Edward-Henry-Arthur, the last earl of the family of Herbert, by whom he had issue Edward, Viscount Clive, *b.* 22nd of March, 1785; (*m.* in 1818, Lady Lucy Graham, daughter of the Duke of Montrose;) Robert-Henry, *b.* 15th January, 1789, an officer of rank in the army; Henrietta-Antonia, *b.* 5th September, 1786, the lady of Sir Watkin Williams Wynn, bart.; and Charlotte-Florentia, *b.* 12th September, 1787, present Duchess of Northumberland. The earl is lord lieutenant of the counties of Salop and Montgomery, and recorder of Shrewsbury.

Lineage.

ROBERT CLIVE, esq., *b.* 29th of September, 1725, only son of Richard Clive, esq., of Styche, in

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the county of Salop, M.P. for the county of Montgomery, entered the civil service of the honorable East India Company; but, subsequently, adopting the military profession, acquired rank, fortune, and renown, by his gallant achievements, as a military commander, in India. Having attained the rank of major-general, he was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 15th of March, 1762, by the title of Lord Clive, Baron of Plassey; and was created a knight of the military Order of the Bath, in 1769. His lordship *m.* in 1752, Margaret, daughter of Edmund Maskelyne, esq., by whom he left issue Edward, the present Earl Powis; Robert, a lieutenant-colonel in the army; and three daughters. Lord Clive *d.* on the 22nd of November, 1774.

Motto, in English,
Boldly and sincerely.

Town Residence—45, Berkeley-square.

Country Seat—Walcot, Bishop's Castle, Shropshire.

PRESCOTT, SIR GEORGE-BEESTON, baronet, of Theobald's-Park, in the county of Herts, *b.* 11th of February, 1775; *m.* in 1799, Catharine, second daughter of the late Sir Thomas Mills, knight, by whom he has issue George-William; with another son, and three daughters. Sir George succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 22nd of July, 1801.

Lineage.

George-William Prescott, esq., was created a baronet, on the 9th of December, 1794. He *m.* in 1774, Sarah, daughter of Beeston Long, esq., of Carshalton, in the county of Surrey, by whom he left issue George-Beeston, the present baronet; with another son, and a daughter. Sir George *d.* in 1801.

Country Seat—Theobald's-Park, in the county of Hertford.

PRESTON, SIR JACOB-HENRY, baronet, of Beeston St. Lawrence, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* in 1800; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 21st of April, 1823.

Lineage.

Thomas Hulton, esq., eldest son of Henry Hulton, esq., of Andover, in the county of Herts, by Elizabeth, daughter of Isaac Preston, esq., of Beeston, assumed, by royal license, the name and arms of Preston, and was created a baronet, on the 30th of May, 1815. Sir Thomas *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of George Adams, esq., of Litchfield, who *d.* without issue; and secondly, in 1799, Jane, youngest daughter of Thomas Bagge, esq., of King's Lynn, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he left Jacob-Henry, the present baronet; with another son, and five daughters. He *d.* in 1823.

Motto, in English,
I hope for pristine light.

Country Seat—Beeston, in the county of Norfolk.

PREVOST, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Belmont, in the county of Hants; *b.* 20th of August, 1804; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 5th of January, 1816.

Lineage.

Lieutenant-General George Prevost, (son of Major-General Prevost, a native of Geneva, by Anne, daughter of Chevalier Grand, of Amsterdam,) colonel of the 16th regiment, and governor-general, and commander-in-chief, in North America, was created a baronet, on the 6th of December, 1805. Sir George *m.* Catharine, daughter of Major-General Sir John Phipps, of the royal engineers, by whom he had issue George, the present baronet; and two daughters. He *d.* in 1816.

Country Seat—Belmont, Hants.

PRICE, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Spring-Grove, (Richmond.) in the county of Surrey; *b.* in 1776; *m.* Mary-Anne, daughter of William King, esq., of King-street, Covent-Garden, by whom he has three sons and five daughters. Sir Charles succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 19th of July, 1818.

Lineage.

Charles Price, esq., (son of the Reverend Ralph Price, of Farnborough, in the county of Berks, by Sarah, daughter and co-heiress of William Richardson, esq., of Derby,) having been chosen an alderman of the city of London, served the office of lord mayor, in 1803, and was created a baronet, on the 2nd of February, 1804. Sir Charles *m.* Mary, daughter of William Rugge, esq., by whom he left issue Charles, the present baronet; with three other sons, and three daughters. He *d.* in 1818.

Country Seat—Spring-Grove, Richmond.

PRICE, SIR ROSE, baronet, of Trenguainton, in the county of Cornwall; *b.* 21st of November, 1768; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Lambart, esq. of Beau-Park, in the county of Meath, by whom he has issue Rose-Lambart, *b.* 4th of July, 1779; with three other sons, and five daughters.

This gentleman, who is son of the late John Price, esq., of Worthy-Park, in the island of Jamaica, by Elizabeth, daughter of John Brammer, esq., of the same island, was created a baronet on the 30th of May, 1815.

Country Seat—Trenguainton, Cornwall.

PRIDEAUX, SIR JOHN WILMOT, baronet, of Netherton, in the county of Devon; succeeded to the title, upon the demise of his grandfather, in 1766. Is married, and has two sons.

Lineage.

Edmund Prideaux, esq., an eminent lawyer, was created a baronet on the 17th of July, 1622. Sir Edmund *d.* in 1628, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

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SIR PETER, from whom the title passed, through father and son, uninterruptedly, to

SIR JOHN, the sixth baronet, who was half brother to his predecessor, (and son of Sir Edmund, the fourth baronet, by his second wife, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of George Saunderson, esq.) This gentleman *m.* Anne, eldest daughter of John, Viscount Lisburne, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. Saunderson, the eldest son, was killed at Carthagena, in 1741; John, the second son, was a lieutenant-general in the army, and fell at Niagara, in 1752, leaving issue, by Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Rolt, esq., James-Wilmot, the present baronet; with two other children. Sir John *d.* in August, 1766.

Country Seat—Farway, Devonshire.

PROCTOR-BEAUCHAMP, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Langley Park, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* 29th September, 1756; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 16th of September, 1773; *m.* in 1778, Mary, second daughter of Robert Palmer, esq., of Sunning, in the county of Berks, by whom he has issue William, *b.* 14th of October, 1781, an officer of rank in the navy, (*m.* in 1812, Anne, eldest daughter of Thomas Gregory, esq., and niece and heiress of Thomas Brograve, esq.;) besides four other sons, and three daughters.

Lineage.

WILLIAM BEAUCHAMP, esq., son of Thomas Beauchamp, esq., by Anne, daughter and co-heiress of William Proctor, esq., of Epsom, in the county of Surrey, assumed the surname and arms of Proctor, in addition to those of his paternal family, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his uncle, George Proctor, esq., and was created a baronet on the 23rd of February, 1744. He *m.* first, Jane, daughter of Christopher Tower, esq., of Huntsmore, in the county of Bucks, by whom he had issue Thomas, the present baronet; with another son, and three daughters; and, secondly, Letitia, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Henry Johnson, esq., of Great Berkhamstead, in the county of Herts, by whom he left two sons. Sir William *d.* on the 16th of September, 1773.

Motto, in English,
Always faithful.

Country Seat—Langley Park, county of Norfolk.

PRUDHOE, BARON, (Algernon Percy,) of Prudhoe Castle, in the county of Northumberland; *b.* 15th of September, 1792; elevated to the peerage by the above title, on the 27th of November, 1816. His lordship is an officer of rank in the navy.

For this nobleman's lineage, see that of his brother, Hugh, present Duke of Northumberland, to which dukedom his lordship is heir-presumptive.

Motto, in English,
Hope in God.

Town Residence—Northumberland-house, Charing-cross.

Country Seat—Stainwick, near Richmond, Yorkshire.

PULESTON, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Emral, in the county of Flint; *b.* 3rd September, 1765; *m.* first, Ellen, daughter of John Boats, esq., by whom he has issue Richard, *b.* 20th of June, 1789; and, secondly, Emma-Elizabeth, daughter of John Corbet, esq., of Sundorn, in the county of Salop, by whom he has no child.

This gentleman, who was lieutenant-colonel of the Ancient Britons, was created a baronet on the 2nd of November, 1813.

Motto, in English,
More bright in darkness.

Country Seat—Emral, Flintshire.

QUEENSBERRY, MARQUESS OF, (Charles Douglas,) Earl of Queensberry, Viscount Drumlanrig, Lord Douglas, of Hawick and Tibbers; a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Thistle, and a baronet; *m.* in 1803, Lady Caroline Scott, third daughter of Henry, third Duke of Buccleugh, by whom he has seven daughters. His lordship succeeded to the peerage, by the above titles, at the demise of his kinsman, William, fourth Duke of Queensberry, on the 23rd of December, 1810. The marquess is lord-lieutenant of the county of Dumfries.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present marquess sits as one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This noble branch of the Douglas family traces its origin to Sir William Douglas, of Drumlanrig; from whom lineally descended

WILLIAM DOUGLAS, esq., who was elevated to the peerage of Scotland on the 1st of April, 1628, by the titles of Baron Douglas, of Hawick and Tibbers, and Viscount Drumlanrig; and advanced, on the 13th of June, 1633, to the earldom of Queensberry. His lordship *d.* in 1640, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES, to whom succeeded, in 1671, his son,

WILLIAM, who was created on the 11th of February, 1682, Lord Douglas, of Kilmount, Middlebie, and Dornock; Viscount Nith, Torthorwold, and Ross; Earl of Drumlanrig and Sanquhar, and Marquess of Queensberry; and, on the 3rd of Feb. 1685, Marquess of Dumfries, and Duke of Queensberry. His grace *m.* in 1678, Isabel, daughter of William, Marquess of Douglas, by whom he had issue James, his successor; William, created Earl of March, &c.; with another son, and a daughter The duke *d.* in 1695, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES, who was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and enrolled amongst the peers of England, on the 26th of May, 1708, by the titles of Baron Rippon, Marquess of Beverley,

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and Duke of Dover. His grace made a surrender to the crown, in 1706, of the titles conferred upon his father, and obtained a new grant of those honors, dated 17th of June, 1706, extending the remainder-ship to his heirs male or female, descended from William, first Earl of Queensberry, leaving the marquesate and earldom of Queensberry, with the viscounty of Drumlanrig, and barony of Douglas, of Hawick and Tibbers, untouched, and to descend according to the original patents of creation. His grace *d.* in 1711, and was succeeded by his son,

CHARLES, who was created, during the lifetime of the late duke, on the 17th of June, 1706, Viscount Tibbers, and Earl of Solway, with remainder-ship to the heirs of his father not successors to the dukedom of Queensberry. His grace *d.* at the advanced age of eighty, on the 22nd of October, 1778, when his English honors expired; but the Scottish devolved upon his kinsman,

WILLIAM, great-grandson of the first Duke of Queensberry, through his second son William, Earl of March, by Jean, second daughter of John, first Marquess of Tweedale. His grace was enrolled amongst the peers of England, on the 21st of August, 1786, by the title of Baron Douglas, of Amesbury; and installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Thistle. He *d.* however, unmarried, in 1810, when the English barony conferred upon himself, and the earldom of March, &c., conferred upon his father, expired. The dukedom, and the inferior titles, provided for by the renewed patent, granted to James, the second duke, devolved, according to the extended limitation therein, upon the Duke of Buccleugh; while the original peerage descended to his grace's kinsman,

SIR CHARLES DOUGLAS, baronet, present Marquess of Queensberry, &c.; who is great-great-great grandson of the Honorable William Douglas, of Kelhead, second son of the first Earl of Queensberry; created a baronet on the 20th of February, 1678. The marquess is son of Sir William Douglas, baronet, by Grace, daughter and co-heiress of William Johnston, esq., of Lockerby.

Motto,

Forward.

Town Residence—Cleveland-street.

Country Seat—Kelhead, county of Dumfries.

RADCLIFFE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Milnes-Bridge House, in the county of York; *b.* in 1765; succeeded to the title, upon the demise of his father, on the 19th of February, 1819; *m.* in the same year, Jacobina, youngest daughter of the late John Macdonnell, esq., of Berwick-upon-Tweed, by whom he has issue a son and a daughter.

Lineage.

JOSEPH PICKFORD, esq., eldest son of Joseph Pickford, esq., of Alt House, in the county of Lancaster, by Mary, only surviving daughter of Charles Radcliffe, esq., of the city of York, assumed the surname and arms of Radcliffe only, by royal permission, on the 19th of December, 1795, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal uncle, William Radcliffe, esq., of Milnes-Bridge House; and was created a baronet on the 2nd of November, 1813. Sir Joseph *m.* first, in 1763, Catharine, daughter of Thomas Percival, esq., of Royston, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had one son, William, the present baronet: secondly, in 1765, Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Richard Sunderland, esq., of High Sunderland, in the county of York, by whom he had the Rev. Joseph, (who *d.* in 1804, leaving an only son;) Charles, an officer of rank in the navy, and six daughters: and thirdly, in 1807, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the late Richard Creswick, esq., of Sheffield, by whom he had no child. Sir Joseph *d.* in 1819.

Motto, in English,

Virtue for itself.

Country Seat—Milnes-Bridge House, near Huddersfield, in the county of York.

RADNOR, EARL OF, (Jacob-Pleydell Bouverie,) Viscount Folkestone, of Folkestone, in the county of Kent; Baron Longford, of Longford, in the county of Wilts; Baron Pleydell-Bouverie, of Coleshill, in the county of Berks; and a baronet; M.A., F.R. and A.S.; *b.* 4th of March, 1750; succeeded to the family honors, at the decease of his father, in January, 1776; *m.* in 1777, Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Anthony, late Lord Feversham, (a barony conferred upon his lordship in 1747, and which expired, at his decease, in 1763,) by whom he has issue William, Viscount Folkestone, *b.* 1779; Duncombe Pleydell, an officer of rank in the royal navy; Frederick, a clergyman of the established church; and Philip, a banker in Westminster. Lord Folkestone, the eldest son, *m.* first, in 1800, Catharine-Pelham, only child of Henry, Earl of Lincoln, by whom he has two daughters; and secondly, in 1814, Anne, third daughter of the late Sir Henry St. John-Mildmay, baronet, by whom he has three sons and a daughter. The Earl of Radnor is recorder of Sarum, and high steward of Wallingford.

Lineage.

This distinguished family, whose surname has been at different periods written De Bouverie—De la Bouverie—Des Bouveries—De Bouverie, but finally established by act of parliament, Bouverie, is of ancient and honorable extraction in the Low Countries; in the annals of which it frequently occurs. The first, however, who settled in England, was

LAURENCE DES BOUVERIES, *b.* in 1542, a native of Flanders, who took up his abode at Canterbury, in 1568. The great-grandson of this gentleman,

WILLIAM DES BOUVERIES, esq., (eldest son of Sir Edward De Bouverie, knight, an eminent and opulent Turkey merchant of the city of London, who *d.* in 1694,) was created a baronet on the 19th of February, 1713-14; *m.* first, Mary, daughter of James Edwards, esq., of London, by whom he had a son, who *d.* in infancy; and secondly, Anne,

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daughter and sole heiress of David Urry, esq., of London, by whom he left three sons and two daughters. Sir William, who, like his father, was a Turkey merchant, *d.* on the 19th of May, 1717, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD DE BOUVERIE, who *d.* without issue in 1736, when the title devolved upon his only surviving brother,

SIR JACOB, who was elevated to the peerage on the 29th of June, 1747, by the titles of Lord Longford, Baron of Longford, and Viscount Folkestone. His lordship *d.* in 1761, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM; *b.* in 1725; created on the 29th of October, 1765, Baron Pleydell-Bouverie, of Coleshill, in the county of Berks; and Earl of Radnor, with remainder of the earldom, in default of male issue, to the male descendants of his deceased father, Jacob, Viscount Folkestone. His lordship *m.* first, in January, 1747-8, Harriet, only daughter of Sir Mark-Stuart Pleydell, of Coleshill, in the county of Berks, baronet, (who devised his estates, at his demise, in 1768, to his grandson Jacob, present Earl Radnor, and to other members of the family in remainder, directing, that each person who inherited the same, should adopt the surname of Pleydell-Bouverie,) by whom he had an only son, Jacob, Viscount Folkestone, the present earl. Lord Radnor *m.* secondly, on the 5th of September, 1751, Rebecca, daughter of John Alleyne, esq., of Barbadoes, by whom he had issue four sons, and two daughters; and thirdly, on the 22d of July, 1765, Anne, Lady Dowager Feversham, daughter of Sir Thomas Hales, baronet, by whom he had two daughters, who both *d.* in infancy. His lordship *d.* on the 28th of January, 1776, and was succeeded by his eldest son, present Earl of Radnor.

Motto, in English,

Dear is my country—Dearer my liberty.

Town Residence—52, Grosvenor-street.

Country Seat — Longford Castle, near Salisbury, Wilts.

RADSTOCK, BARON, (William Waldegrave,) of Castletown, in the Queen's County; *b.* 9th of July, 1758; *m.* in 1785, Cornelia, daughter of David Van Lennep, esq., by whom he has issue Granville-George, an officer of rank in the navy, *b.* 24th of September, 1788; William, also of rank in the navy; with another son, and four daughters.

This nobleman, who is son of John, third earl of Waldegrave, and uncle of the present earl, having attained the rank of admiral of the red, and distinguished himself by his valor and skill as a naval commander, obtained his peerage by creation, on the 29th of December, 1800. His lordship is a knight grand cross of the Bath.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Motto,

St. Vincent.

Town Residence—10, Portland-place.

RAE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Esk Grove, in the county of Mid Lothian; *m.* Mary, daughter of Charles Stuart, esq., and has issue. Sir William succeeded to the title, at the decease of his brother, the late Sir David.

Lineage.

DAVID RAE, esq., an eminent Scots' advocate, son of the Rev. David Rae, and maternal great nephew of the celebrated Duncan Forbes, lord president of the Court of Session, in Scotland, was created a baronet on the 27th of June, 1804; *m.* in 1761, Margaret, daughter of John Stuart, esq., of Blair Hill, by whom he had issue David, his successor; William, the present baronet; and a daughter, Margaret, wife of Thomas-Phipp Howard, esq. Sir David was appointed a lord of Session in 1782, and took his seat upon the bench, as Lord Eskgrove. He was nominated Lord Chief Justice Clerk in 1799; and was succeeded, at his decease, in the baronetage by his eldest son,

SIR DAVID, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Oliver Colt, esq., of Auldhame, by whom he had four daughters; dying without male issue, the title devolved upon his brother William, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Esk Grove, in the county of Mid Lothian.

RAMSDEN, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Byram, in the county of York; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, in 1769; *m.* in 1787, Louisa, daughter and co-heiress of Charles, Viscount Irwin, by whom he has issue John-Charles, (who *m.* in 1814, Isabella, daughter of Thomas, late Lord Dundas;) with three other sons, and five daughters.

Lineage.

JOHN RAMSDEN, esq., eldest son of William Ramsden, esq., by Miss Palmer, daughter of George Palmer, esq., of Lindley, in the county of York, was created a baronet, on the 30th of November, 1689. Sir John *m.* Sarah, only daughter and heiress of Charles Butler, esq., of Coates, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he had eight sons, and was succeeded by the eldest,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, second daughter of John, Viscount Lonsdale, by whom he had issue six sons and one daughter. He *d.* in 1736, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* Mary, relict of Charles, Marquess of Rockingham, and daughter of Thomas-Liddel Bright, esq., by whom he had John, the present baronet; and Margaret, who *m.* in 1774, Thomas, third Lord Ducie, uncle to the present lord. Sir John *d.* in 1769.

Town Residence—140, Piccadilly.

Country Seat—Byram, near Ferrybridge, Yorkshire.

RAMSAY, SIR ALEXANDER, baronet, of Balmaine, in the county of Kincardine; *b.* 10th of February, 1785; succeeded to the title

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at the decease of his father, on the 17th of May, 1810; *m.* in 1822, Elizabeth, daughter of the Honorable William Maule.

Lineage.

ALEXANDER BURNET, esq., nephew and heir of Sir Alexander Ramsay, of Balmarine, baronet of Nova Scotia, assumed the name of Ramsay, and was created a baronet on the 13th of May, 1806. Sir Alexander *m.* in 1783, Elizabeth, daughter and coheiress of Sir Alexander Bannerman, bart., by whom he left issue Alexander, the present baronet; with seven other sons, and three daughters. He *d.* in 1810.

Motto, in English,
I aspire.

Country Seat—Balmaine, in the county of Kincardine.

RANCLIFFE, BARON, (George-Augustus-Henry-Anne Parkyns,) in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of England; *b.* 10th of June, 1785; succeeded to the title at the demise of his father, on the 17th of November, 1800; *m.* in 1807, Lady Elizabeth Forbes, eldest daughter of George, present Earl of Granard, and niece of Frances, Marquess of Hastings, by whom he has no issue.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

THOMAS PARKYNS, of Bunny, in the county of Nottingham, great-grandson of Richard Parkyns, esq., who was recorder of Nottingham, in the reign of Elizabeth, was created a baronet on the 18th of May, 1681, and the title descended, through father and son, uninterruptedly, to

THOMAS-BOOTHBY, the fourth baronet, (eldest son of his predecessor, Sir Thomas, by his first wife, Jane, sole heiress of Thomas Parkyns, esq.) This gentleman *m.* in 1783, Elizabeth-Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Sir William James, bart., of Eltham Park, in the county of Kent, by whom he had issue George-Augustus-Henry-Anne, the present peer; Elizabeth-Anne, *b.* 2nd December, 1786, the wife of Sir Richard Levinge, bart., of High Park, in the county of Westmeath; Selina-Jane, *b.* 27th December, 1787; Henrietta-Elizabeth, *b.* 1st July, 1789, the wife of Sir William Rumbold, bart.; Anna-Sarah-Catharine, *b.* 1st January, 1791, who *m.* for her second husband, in 1824, the Prince de Polignac; and Maria-Charlotte, *b.* 6th January, 1792. Sir Thomas Boothby Parkyns was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as Baron Rancliffe, on the 1st of October, 1795, and *d.* on the 17th November, 1800.

Motto, in English,
Bold, but honest.

Country Seat—Bunny, in the county of Nottingham.

RANELAGH, VISCOUNT, (Thomas-Heron Jones,) of Ranelagh, in the county of Wicklow, and Baron Jones, of Navan; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, in 1820.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament. The present baron is a minor.

Lineage.

ROGER JONES, esq., son of his Grace, Thomas Jones, Archbishop of Dublin, in 1605, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 28th of August, 1628, by the titles of Baron Jones and Viscount Ranelagh, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ARTHUR, to whom succeeded, in 1663, his only son,

RICHARD, created Earl of Ranelagh on the 17th of June, 1674; but dying without male issue, in 1711, the earldom expired, and the viscounty and barony remained dormant for nearly half a century, until claimed by, and allowed to, the deceased lord's cousin,

CHARLES, in 1759. This nobleman was son of Charles Jones, esq., (great-grandson of the first viscount, through his second son, the Honorable Thomas Jones,) an officer of dragoons, by Elizabeth, daughter of James Douglas, esq., of Haddington, North Britain. His lordship *m.* Sarah, only daughter of Thomas Montgomery, esq., by whom he had issue ten sons and three daughters. The viscount *d.* in 1798, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, who *d.* unmarried, in 1800, when the family honors devolved upon his brother,

THOMAS, *b.* in 1763; *m.* first, in 1804, Elizabeth-Caroline, only daughter and heiress of Sir Philip Stephens, bart., who *d.* in 1805, without issue; and, secondly, in 1811, Caroline, only daughter of the late Colonel Lee, by whom he left Thomas-Heron, the present viscount; and three daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1820.

Motto, in English,
My strength is from heaven.

Town Residence—
Country Seat—

RATHDOWN, EARL OF, (Henry-Stanley Monck,) Viscount Monck, and Baron Monck, of Ballytrammon, in the county of Wexford; *b.* 26th July, 1785; succeeded to the viscounty and barony at the decease of his father, on the 9th of June, 1802, and obtained the earldom, by creation, on the 12th of January, 1822; *m.* in 1806, Frances, daughter of William, late Earl of Clancarty, and sister of the present earl, by whom he has issue Viscount Monck, *b.* in 1816; and three daughters.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This nobleman is of the same family as the celebrated General Monck, Duke of Albemarle.

CHARLES-STANLEY MONCK, esq., third son of George-Paul Monck, esq., by Araminta, daughter of

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Sir Marcus Beresford, bart., Earl of Tyrone, and his wife, Catherine, Baroness de la Poer, was created Baron Monck, on the 7th of November, 1797, and Viscount Monck, on the 21st of December, 1800. His lordship *m.* in 1785, Miss Anne Quin, by whom he left issue Henry-Stanley, the present Earl of Rathdown; with another son, and two daughters. The viscount *d.* on the 9th of June, 1802.

Motto, in English,
Boldly, faithfully, successfully.

Town Residence—Dublin.

Country Seat—Ballytrammon, in the county of Wexford.

RAVENSWORTH, BARON, (Thomas-Henry Liddell,) of Ravensworth Castle, in the county of Durham, and a baronet; *b.* in 1775; *m.* in 1796, Maria-Susanna, daughter of John Simpson, esq., of Bradley, in the county of Durham, and grand-daughter, maternally, of Thomas, eighth Earl of Strathmore, by whom he has issue Henry-Thomas, *b.* in 1803, (*m.* in 1820, Isabella-Horatia, eldest daughter of Lord George Seymour, son of Francis, first Marquess of Hertford, and uncle of the present marquess;) besides seven other sons, and seven daughters.

This nobleman, who is the sixth successor to the baronetcy conferred, on the 2nd of November, 1642, upon Thomas Liddell, esq., and son of the fifth baronet, Sir Henry-George Liddell, by Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Steele, esq., of Hampnet, in the county of Somerset, obtained his peerage, by creation, on the 17th of July, 1821.

Motto, in English,
One and the same.

Town Residence—51, Portland-place.

Country Seats—Ravensworth Castle, and Bradley Hall, Durham; and Eslington House, Northumberland.

RAYLEIGH, BARONESS, (Charlotte-Mary-Gertrude Strut,) of Terling-place, in the county of Essex; *b.* 29th May, 1758; *m.* in 1789, to Joseph-Holden Strut, esq., of Terling-place, by whom she has issue John-James, *b.* 30th January, 1796; and two daughters.

Her ladyship, who is fourth daughter of James (Fitzgerald), first Duke of Leinster, and aunt of the present duke, was created a peeress, by the above title, on the 18th of July, 1821, with remainder to the heirs male of her marriage with Colonel Strut.

Town Residence—10, Upper Grosvenor-place.

Country Seat—Terling-place, near Witham, Essex.

READE, SIR JOHN-CHANDOS, baronet, of Shipton Court, in the county of Oxford; *b.* 20th January, 1785; succeeded to the title at the demise of his father, on the 18th of November, 1789; *m.* in 1814, Louisa, daughter of the late Honorable David Murray, and grand-daughter of Alexander, fourth Lord Elibank, by whom he has a son and heir, *b.* 17th of October, 1814; with another son, and two daughters.

Lineage.

COMPTON READE, esq., the representative of an ancient Northumbrian family, was created a baronet, on the 4th of March, 1660, and the title descended, uninterruptedly, through father and son, to

SIR JOHN, the fifth baronet, who succeeded his father, Sir John, the fourth baronet, on the 9th of November, 1773; and *m.* in 1784, Jane, daughter of Sir Hungerford Hoskyns, bart., by whom he left issue John-Chandos, the present baronet; George-Compton, and two daughters. Sir John *d.* in 1789.

Motto, in English,
Arms should yield to the gown.

Country Seat—Shipton Court, Oxfordshire.

REAY, LORD, (Eric Mac Kay,) of Reay, in the county of Caithness, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* in 1773; succeeded to the honors of his family at the decease of his cousin, in 1797.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

DONALD MAC KAY, OF FAR, was created a baronet of Nova Scotia, on the 18th of March, 1627, and elevated to the peerage of Scotland, as Lord Reay, on the 20th of June, 1628. His lordship, who was a distinguished and gallant soldier, took an active part, in favor of royalty, during the civil war, but was eventually compelled to retire to Denmark, where he died. He was succeeded by his son,

JOHN, to whom succeeded his grandson,

GEORGE, who *d.* in 1748, and was succeeded by his son,

DONALD. This nobleman *m.* first, Marianne, daughter of Sir Robert Dalrymple, by whom he had one son, George, his successor; and, secondly, Christian, daughter of James Sutherland, esq., by whom he had a son and daughter, Hugh and Mary. His lordship *d.* in 1761, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, who leaving at his decease, in 1768, but two daughters, the family honors devolved upon his half-brother,

HUGH, who *d.* unmarried, when the titles reverted to his cousin, Eric, the present lord, who is son of the Honorable George Mackay, master of the mint in Scotland, (eldest son, by his third marriage, of George, third Lord Reay,) by Anne, daughter of Eric Sutherland, esq., only son of the attainted Lord Duffus.

Motto, in English,
With a brave mind.

Town Residence—16, St. James's-place.

Country Seat—Tongue House, Sutherland.

REDESDALE, BARON, (Sir John-Freeman Mitford, knt.) of Redesdale, in the county

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of Northumberland, F.R.S. and F.S.A.; *b.* in 1748; *m.* 6th of June, 1803, Frances, daughter of John, second Earl of Egmont, and sister of the late Right Honorable Spencer Perceval, by whom he has issue John-Thomas, *b.* 9th September, 1805; and a daughter, Frances-Elizabeth, *b.* 10th of April, 1807.

This nobleman being bred to the bar, and having filled the high offices of solicitor and attorney-general in England, in the years 1799 and 1801, was nominated lord high chancellor of Ireland, upon the demise of the Earl of Clare, in 1802, and obtained his peerage, by creation, on the 15th of February, in the same year. His lordship is son of John Mitford, esq., of Lincoln's Inn, by Philadelphia, daughter of William Revely, esq., of Newby, in the county of York, and is brother of Colonel William Mitford, the historian of Greece. Lord Redesdale assumed, by royal permission, in 1809, the name and arms of Freeman, in addition to those of his paternal family. His lordship is a lord of trade and plantations, and a privy councillor of Great Britain and Ireland.

Motto, in English,
Steadily and diligently.

Town Residence—43, Harley-street.

Country Seat—Batsford, Morton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire.

REID, SIR JOHN-RAE, baronet, of Ewell Grove, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 2nd of December, 1791; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 29th of February, 1824.

Lineage.

THOMAS REID, esq., son of James Reid, esq., a merchant of Dumfries, by Helen, daughter of John Davidson, esq., of Woodside, in the county of Dumfries, having risen to eminence as a merchant of London, and being for some time chairman of the honorable court of East India directors, was created a baronet, on the 10th of November, 1823. Sir Thomas *m.* in 1791, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of John-Looker Goodfellow, esq., of Newbury, by whom he had issue John-Rae, the present baronet, one of the directors of the Bank of England; George, and two daughters. He *d.* on the 29th of Feb. 1824.

Town Residence—44, Upper Grosvenor-street.

Country Seat—Ewell Grove, Surrey.

RENDLESHAM, BARON, (John Thelusson,) of Rendlesham Hall, in the county of Suffolk; *b.* 12th September, 1785; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 16th of September, 1808; *m.* first, in 1809, Mary, second daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Trevor Dickins, of the royal engineers, who *d.* in 1814, without issue; and, secondly, in 1816, Anna-Sophia, daughter of William Tatnall, esq., of Liston Old Abbey, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he has an only daughter, *b.* 24th of August, 1818.

This being a peerage of Ireland only, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This distinguished family traces its descent to the ancient noblesse of France. The first member of it, however, that settled in England, was

PETER THELUSSON, esq., son of Isaac de Thelusson, ambassador from Geneva to the court of Louis the 15th. This gentleman took up his abode in London about the middle of the eighteenth century, and accumulated an immense fortune as a merchant there. He, subsequently, purchased the manor of Broadsworth, in the county of York. Mr. Thelusson *m.* in 1760, Anne, second daughter of Matthew Woodford, esq., by whom he had issue Peter-Isaac; George-Woodford, who *m.* in 1791, Maryanne, daughter of Philip Fonnereau, esq., and *d.* in 1811, leaving two daughters; Charles, who *d.* in 1815; and three daughters. This gentleman, after bequeathing large fortunes to each member of his family, devised the residue of his immense possessions, namely, landed estates of the annual value of 4,500*l.*, and personal property to the amount of 600,000*l.*, to trustees, for the purpose of accumulating, during the lives of his three sons, and of all their sons who should be living at the time of his death, or should be born in due course afterwards, and the lives of the survivors of them; the accumulated fund, then, to be expended in the purchase of estates, and to be conveyed to the eldest male descendant of his three sons, with the benefit of survivorship. This extraordinary will was mooted before the house of lords, but finally confirmed, by that branch of the legislature, on the 25th of June, 1805; an act of parliament, however, subsequently passed, to interdict in future any accumulation of property so devised, beyond the term of twenty-one years after the decease of the testator. It is supposed that this bequest of Mr. Thelusson's will exceed thirty millions, before it can be inherited. He was succeeded at Broadsworth by his eldest son,

PETER-ISAAC THELUSSON, esq., *b.* 9th of March, 1761; elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 1st of February, 1806, as Baron Rendlesham. His lordship *m.* in 1783, Elizabeth-Eleanor, daughter of John Cornwall, esq., of Hendon, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he left issue John, the present peer; with four other sons, and two daughters. The baron *d.* on the 16th of September, 1808.

Motto, in English,
By honorable exertions.

Country Seats—Rendlesham-Hall, Suffolk; and Broadsworth, in the county of York.

RIBBLESDALE BARON, (Thomas Lister,) of Gisburne Park, in the west riding of the county of York; *b.* 22nd of March, 1752; *m.* in 1789, Rebecca, daughter of Joseph Fielding, esq., by whom he has issue Thomas, *b.* 23rd of January, 1790; and two daughters.

This nobleman, who is only son of the late

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Thomas Lister, esq., of Gisburne Park, by Beatrice, daughter of Jessop Hulton, esq., of Hulton Park, in the county of Lancaster, obtained his barony, by creation, on the 26th of October, 1797.

Motto, in English,

Retracing the achievements of an honorable ancestry.

Country Seats—Gisburne Park, and Malham Water, Yorkshire.

RICH, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Shirley House, in the county of Hants; *m.* in 1806, Frances-Maria, youngest daughter of Sir John Lethbridge, baronet; succeeded to the title, upon the demise of his father, on the 12th of September, 1824. Sir Charles is an officer of rank in the 15th light dragoons.

Lineage.

THE REVEREND CHARLES BOSTOCK, son of the Reverend John Bostock, of the collegiate church of Windsor, by Mary, daughter of John Hopson, esq., having *m.* Mary-Frances, only daughter and heiress of Sir Robert Rich, of Waverly, in the county of Warwick, assumed, by royal license, in 1790, the surname and arms of Rich, and was created a baronet on the 21st of June, 1791. By this marriage, Sir Charles had issue Charles, the present baronet; with five other sons, and three daughters. He *d.* in 1824.

Country Seat—Rosehall, Suffolk.

RICHMOND, DUKE OF, (Charles Lennox,) Earl of March, and Baron of Setrington, in the county of York, in the peerage of England; Duke of Lennox, Earl of Darnley, and Baron Methuen of Torbolton, in the peerage of Scotland; Duke of Aubigny, in France; *b.* 3rd of August, 1791; *m.* 10th April, 1817, Caroline, eldest daughter of Henry-William, Marquess of Anglesey, by whom he has issue Charles, Earl of March, *b.* 27th of February, 1818; another son, *b.* 11th June, 1820; and two daughters. His grace succeeded to the honors of his family, at the decease of his father, on the 28th of August, 1819. The duke is a lieutenant-colonel in the army, and was engaged in active service during the latter years of the late war.

Lineage.

CHARLES LENNOX, illegitimate son of Charles the Second, (by Louisa de Queronelle, who was created, by his majesty, Duchess of Portsmouth, Countess of Fareham, and Baroness Petersfield; and, by Louis the Fourteenth, Duchess of Aubigny, in France,) was enrolled amongst the peers of England on the 9th of August, 1675, as Baron of Setrington, Earl of March, and Duke of Richmond; installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and created, on the 9th of September following, (1675,) Baron Methuen, Earl of Darnley, and Duke of Lennox, in Scotland. His grace *d.* in 1723, and was succeeded by his son,

CHARLES, *b.* in 1701; also a knight of the Garter. His grace *m.* in 1719, Sarah, eldest daughter and co-heiress of William, Earl Cadogan, by whom he had twelve children. He *d.* in 1750, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, who *d.* without issue, in 1806, when the family honors reverted to his nephew,

CHARLES, *b.* in 1764, son of Lord George-Henry Lennox, by Louisa Kerr, daughter of William, fourth Marquess of Lothian; *m.* in 1789, Charlotte, daughter of Alexander, present Duke of Gordon, by whom he had issue Charles, present duke; John-George, *b.* 3rd October, 1793; Henry-Adam, *b.* 6th of September, 1797; William-Pitt, *b.* 20th of September, 1799; Frederick, *b.* 24th of January, 1801; Sussex, *b.* 11th of July, 1802; Arthur, *b.* in 1806; and six daughters. His grace was a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter; a general officer in the army; colonel of the 35th regiment of foot; and governor of Plymouth. He filled the exalted station of viceroy of Ireland, for several years, and was governor of the Upper and Lower Canadas, at the period of his decease. He *d.* at Montreal, on the 28th of August, 1819.

Motto, in English,

I flourish in the rose.

Town Residence—

Country Seats — Goodwood Park; and West Stoke, Sussex.

RIDDELL, SIR JAMES-MILLES, baronet, of Ardnamwichan, in the county of Argyll; D.C.L.; succeeded to the title at the decease of his grandfather, Sir James; *m.* in March, 1822, Mary, daughter of the late Sir Richard Brooke, of Norton Priory, in the county of Chester, by whom he has a son and daughter, (twins,) *b.* 25th of December, 1822.

Lineage.

JAMES RIDDELL, esq., the representative of a very ancient family, was created a baronet, on the 2nd Sept., 1778. He *m.* first, Mary, daughter and heiress of Thomas Milles, esq., by whom he had five sons and a daughter; and secondly, in 1775, Sarah, daughter of James Burdon, esq., by whom he had no child. Sir James was succeeded, at his decease, by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS-MILLES, who *m.* in 1784, Margaret, daughter of Dugal Campbell, esq., by whom he had issue James-Milles, who *d.* in the life-time of his father, leaving issue James-Milles, the present baronet; with several other children.

Motto, in English,

The useful and agreeable.

Country Seat—Ardnamwichan, Argyllshire.

RIDLEY, SIR MATTHEW-WHITE, baronet, of Heaton-Hall, in the county of Northumberland; *b.* 18th of August, 1778; *m.* in 1803, Laura, youngest daughter of George Hawkins, esq., by whom he has issue a son, *b.* June, 1817; another son, *b.* 29th of October, 1818; and four daughters. Sir Matthew succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 9th of April, 1813.

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Lineage.

MATTHEW WHITE, esq., son of Matthew White, esq., by Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of John Johnson, esq., was created a baronet, on the 6th of May, 1756, with remainder to the heirs male of his sister, Elizabeth, who married Matthew, son of Richard Ridley, esq., of Newcastle. Sir Matthew dying without issue, on the 21st of May, 1763, was succeeded, of course, by his aforesaid sister's son, his nephew,

SIR MATTHEW-WHITE RIDLEY. This gentleman *m.* in July, 1777, Sarah, daughter and sole heiress of Benjamin Colburne, esq. of Bath, by whom he had issue Matthew-White, the present baronet; Nicholas-William, who assumed the surname of Colburne, upon succeeding to the estates of his maternal uncle, William Colburne, esq.; with three other sons, and a daughter. Sir Matthew *d.* in 1813.

Motto, in English,
Steady to my trust.

Town Residence—1, Grafton-street, Bond-street.

Country Seats—Blagdon; and Heaton-Hall, near Newcastle, in the county of Northumberland.

RIVERS, BARON, (George Pitt,) of Stratfield Say, in the county of Southampton; and Baron Rivers, of Sudley Castle, in the county of Gloucester; *b.* 19th of September, 1751; succeeded to the titles at the decease of his father, on the 7th of May, 1803. Lord Rivers is a lord of the king's bedchamber.

Lineage.

This distinguished family, the branches of which extend through the counties of Dorset, Somerset, Southampton, &c., is descended from Nicholas Pitt, who lived in the reign of Henry the Sixth, and whose grandson,

JOHN PITT, was clerk of the exchequer, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth. From this gentleman's eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM PITT, knight, lineally descended

GEORGE PITT, esq., son of George Pitt, esq., by Louisa, daughter of John Berniers, who, being employed as a diplomatist of the first class, was elevated to the peerage, on the 20th of May, 1770, by the title of Baron Rivers, of Stratfield Say; and created, on the 1st of April, 1802, Baron Rivers, of Sudley Castle, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brother, Sir William Augustus Pitt, K.B. His lordship *m.* on the 4th of January, 1745-6, Penelope, daughter of Sir Henry Atkins, baronet, of Clapham, in the county of Surrey, by whom he left issue George, the present peer; Penelope, who *m.* Edward, Viscount Ligonier; Louisa, who *m.* Peter Beckford, esq., of Stepleton, in the county of Dorset, upon whose male issue the barony of Rivers, of Sudley Castle, is entailed; and Maria. His lordship *d.* in 1803.

Motto, in English,
To preserve a steady mind.

Town Residence—10, Grosvenor-place.

Country Seats—Hair Park, Newmarket; Rushmore, Dorset.

RIVERS, THE REVEREND SIR HENRY, of Chafford, in the county of Kent; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his brother, on the 27th of September, 1805; *m.* in 1812, Miss Eales, by whom he has issue a son and heir, *b.* 30th of December, 1822; and three daughters. Sir Henry is rector of Martyr Worthy, in the county of Hants.

Lineage.

JOHN RIVERS, esq. was created a baronet, on the 19th of July, 1621, and was succeeded, at his decease, by his grandson,

SIR THOMAS, (eldest son of James Rivers, esq., by Charity, daughter of Sir John Shirley, knight,) who *d.* unmarried, in 1657, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Thomas Hewitt, baronet, by whom he had four sons and a daughter, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GEORGE. This gentleman dying without male issue, devised his estates to his daughters, but his title devolved upon his nephew,

SIR JOHN, eldest son of the Reverend Doctor Rivers, prebendary of Winchester. This gentleman *d.* without issue, in 1742, and was succeeded by his brother,

THE REVEREND SIR PETER, prebendary of Winchester, who *m.* in 1768, Martha, daughter of William Coxe, esq., M.D., by whom he had issue Thomas, his successor; James, successor to his brother; William, who *d.* in 1794; and Henry, the present baronet; besides five daughters, the second of which, Amelia-Henrietta, was the wife of Francis Freeling, esq., secretary to the general post-office, and *d.* leaving issue, in 1812. Sir Peter *d.* in 1790, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who *d.* unmarried, in 1805, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR JAMES, an officer of dragoons, who was accidentally killed by the discharge of a musket, on the 27th of September, in the same year that he inherited the title, which then devolved upon his brother, the reverend gentleman who now enjoys it.

Motto, in English,
By rivers of waters.

Residence—His Rectory, Martyr Worthy, Hampshire.

RIVERSDALE, BARON, (William Tonson,) of Rathcormac, in the county of Cork; *b.* 8th of December, 1775; *m.* in 1799, Charlotte-Theodosia, daughter of St. Leger-Aldworth, Viscount Doneraile, and aunt of the present viscount, by whom he has no issue. His lordship, who is governor of the county of Cork, and colonel of the South Cork militia, succeeded to the peerage at the decease of his father, on the 1st of December, 1787.

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This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

The first member of this noble family, who settled in Ireland, was

MAJOR RICHARD TONSON, (a lineal descendant of Benjamin Tonson, esq., treasurer of the navy, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth,) who obtained a grant of land, in the county of Cork, from King Charles the Second, for his distinguished exertions in favor of royalty during the civil wars, and purchased the castle and lands of Spanish Island, in the same county. The great-grandson of this gentleman,

WILLIAM TONSON, esq., *b.* in 1724; a military officer of rank, lieutenant-governor of Cork, and a member of the Irish parliament, was elevated to the peerage, on the 13th of October, 1783, as Baron Riversdale, of Rathcormac. His lordship *m.* in 1773, Rose, eldest daughter of James Bernard, esq., of Castle Bernard, in the county of Cork, by whom he left issue William, the present peer; James-Bernard, who *d.* unmarried, in 1803; Richard, who *d.* in 1794; Francis, *d.* in 1798; Charles-Ludlow, *b.* 9th of July, 1781, heir presumptive to the title; Henry, *d.* in 1805; Ludlow, a clergyman, *b.* in 1784; and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1787.

Motto, in English,

This hand is inimical to tyrants.

Country Seat—Rathcormac, in the county of Cork.

ROBERTS, SIR WALTER, baronet, of Brightfieldstown, in the county of Cork; *b.* 13th of November, 1779; *m.* in 1801, Catharine, daughter of Edmund Gilbert, esq., of Bodmin, in the county of Cornwall, by whom he has issue Thomas-Walter; and four daughters. Sir Walter succeeded to the title, at the decease of his father, in 1817.

Lineage.

THOMAS ROBERTS, esq., eldest son of Randall Roberts, esq., by Martha, daughter of Ralph Westrop, esq., of Cardogan, in the county of Cork, was created a baronet, on the 20th of September, 1809. Sir Thomas *m.* Amey, daughter and co-heiress of William Johnson, esq., of Lizard, in the county of Cornwall, by whom he left issue Walter, the present baronet; and four daughters. He *d.* in 1817.

Country Seats—Brightfieldstown, in the county of Cork; and Courtland, Devonshire.

ROBINSON, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of London; *b.* in 1762; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 10th of October, 1815.

Lineage.

ALDERMAN SIR JOHN ROBINSON, knight, of the city of London, who served, in course, the high office of lord mayor, was created a baronet, on the 22nd of June, 1660, in recompense for the active part which he had taken in the restoration of the monarchy. Sir John *d.* in 1697, and was succeeded by his second, but eldest surviving son,

SIR JOHN, who left two daughters only at his decease, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR JAMES. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir William Jesson, knt., of Newhouse, in the county of Warwick, and dying in 1731, was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who *d.* in 1765, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GEORGE. This gentleman *m.* Dorothea, daughter of John Chester, esq., of London, an heiress, by whom he left issue George, the present baronet; William-Villiers, heir-presumptive to the title; Frances-Dorothea, wife of Charles Hoare, esq., the eminent banker, of Fleet-street, London; and Penelope, the wife of Robert-Willis Blencowe, esq., of Hayes, in the county of Middlesex. Sir George *d.* in 1815.

Town Residence—34, South-street, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Cranford, Northampton.

ROBINSON, THE REVEREND SIR JOHN, baronet, of Rokeby Hall, in the county of Louth; *b.* 15th of February, 1754; *m.* in 1786, Mary-Anne, daughter of James Spencer, esq., of Rathangan, by whom he has issue Richard, (who *m.* Lady Helena Moore, daughter of the present Earl of Mount Cashell, and has issue,) with five other sons, and twelve daughters.

This gentleman, (who is only son of the late Reverend Doctor Friend, Dean of Canterbury, by Grace, youngest daughter of William Robinson, esq., of Rokeby, and sister of Sir Thomas Robinson, bart., (a title conferred in 1730, which expired at the decease of the first baronet, in 1777,) and of his Grace, Richard, Archbishop of Armagh, created Baron Rokeby, on the 26th February, 1777,) assumed, by royal permission, the surname and arms of Robinson, and was created a baronet on the 14th of December, 1819.

Town Residence—20, Albemarle-street.

Country Seats—Rokeby Hall, in the county of Louth; and Hall Barn, Beaconsfield, Bucks.

ROBINSON, SIR GEORGE-ABERCROMBIE, baronet, of Batts House, in the county of Somerset; *m.* in 1794, Margaret, illegitimate daughter of Thomas, fourth Earl of Suffolk and Berkshire, by whom he has issue George Best, *b.* 14th November, 1797; and four other sons.

This gentleman, who was military auditor-general in Bengal, and is now a member of the court of directors of the honorable East India company, was created a baronet on the 11th of November, 1823.

Town Residence—73, Pall-mall.

Country Seat—Batts House, Somerset.

ROCHFORD, EARL OF, (William-Henry Nassau,) in the county of Essex; Viscount Tunbridge, of Tunbridge, in the county of Kent; and Baron Enfield, of Enfield, in the county of

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Middlesex; *b.* 28th June, 1754; succeeded to the family honors at the decease of his uncle, on the 28th of September, 1781.

Lineage.

This noble family is descended from

FREDERICK DE NASSAU, natural son of Henry-Frederick de Nassau, Prince of Orange, (grandfather of King William the Third,) who was endowed by his father with the lordship of Zuleistein, and thereupon assumed that surname. He, subsequently, commanded the infantry in the service of the States General, when his country was invaded by the French, in 1672. In that unhappy conjuncture, when the Prince of Orange was elected stadtholder, his highness's first action was an attack on Naerden, in furtherance of which he detached General Zuleistein, to take up a position between Utrecht and the object of the prince's operations; whereupon the Duke of Luxemburgh marched, the next day, to relieve the besieged, and, with between eight and nine thousand men, fell upon General Zuleistein, who bravely met the assault, and repulsed his assailant. The town was afterwards bombarded, and reduced to such extremity, as to be compelled to offer terms of capitulation; in which interval the Duke of Luxemburgh, having been reinforced, marched through swamps, guided by peasants, and re-attacked General Zuleistein, who, after a gallant resistance, fell, sword in hand, on the 12th of October, 1672. The son of this brave soldier,

WILLIAM-HENRY DE ZULEISTEIN, confidential friend of William the Third, accompanied that prince to England, and was elevated to the peerage on the 10th of May, 1695, as Baron of Enfield, Viscount Tunbridge, and Earl of Rochford. His lordship *m.* Jane, daughter and heiress of Sir Henry Wroth, of Durans, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he had four sons and five daughters. He *d.* at Zuleistein, in 1708, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-HENRY. This nobleman was a military officer of considerable renown, and, participating in the triumphs of the Duke of Marlborough, was the bearer of the despatches announcing the glorious victory of Blenheim, on the 2nd of August, 1704. His lordship fell at the battle of Almanza, in Spain, on the 27th of July, 1710; and, dying unmarried, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

FREDERICK, then one of the nobles of the province of Utrecht. His lordship *m.* Bessey, daughter and heiress of Richard Savage, Earl of Rivers, by whom he left two sons. He *d.* in 1738, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-HENRY, who was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and nominated ambassador, successively, to the courts of Madrid and Versailles, in the year 1766. His lordship *m.* Lucy, daughter of Edward Young, esq., of Dunford, in the county of Wilts, by whom he had no issue; and dying on the 28th of September, 1781, the family honors devolved upon his nephew, William-Henry Nassau, esq., the present peer, son of the deceased lord's only brother, the Honorable Richard-Savage Nassau, by Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Edward Spencer, esq., of Rendlesham, in the county of Suffolk, and relict of James, Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, who left another son, George, *b.* 5th September, 1756, now heir-presumptive to the peerage; and a daughter, Lucy, who *d.* unmarried.

Motto, in English,

The hope of my ancestors subsists.

Town Residence—14, Bruton-street.

Country Seat—Wickham Market, Suffolk.

RODEN, EARL OF, (Robert Jocelyn,) Viscount Jocelyn, Baron Newport, of Newport, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Clanbrassil, of Hyde Hall, in the county of Herts, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; and a baronet of England; *b.* 27th of October, 1788; *m.* in 1813, Maria-Frances, daughter of Thomas, Lord Le Despencer, by whom he has an only son living, Viscount Jocelyn, *b.* 20th February, 1816. His lordship succeeded to the Irish honors and the baronetcy at the decease of his father, on the 29th of June, 1820, and was enrolled, by creation, on the 14th of July, 1821, amongst the peers of the empire.

The earl is a knight of St. Patrick, a privy councillor, and auditor-general of the exchequer.

Lineage.

ROBERT JOCELYN, esq., only son of Thomas Jocelyn, esq., (youngest son of Sir Robert Jocelyn, bart., of Hyde Hall,) by Agnes, daughter of Thomas Bray, esq., a lawyer of eminence, being nominated lord high chancellor of Ireland, was created a peer of that kingdom, as Baron Newport, in 1743, and advanced to the viscounty of Jocelyn, in 1755. His lordship *d.* on the 3rd of December, 1756, and was succeeded by his son,

ROBERT, who was created Earl of Roden on the 1st of December, 1771. His lordship *m.* in 1752, Lady Anne Hamilton, eldest daughter of James, Earl of Clanbrassil, and eventually heiress of her brother, James, the last earl, by whom he had issue four sons and five daughters. He *d.* in 1797, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ROBERT, *b.* 26th of October, 1756. This nobleman *m.* first, in 1788, Frances-Theodosia, eldest daughter of the Very Reverend Dean Bligh, of Elphin, and niece of John, first Earl of Darnley, by whom he left issue Robert, the present peer; and George. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1804, Juliana-Anne, daughter of John Orde, esq., of Westwood, in the county of Northumberland, by whom he left John, and Augustus-George-Frederick. The earl succeeded to the ancient baronetcy of the elder branch of his family, (which was conferred in 1665,) at the demise of his kinsman, Sir Conyers Jocelyn, of Hyde Hall, without issue, and *d.* himself on the 29th of June, 1820.

Motto, in English,

To do my duty.

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Town Residence—

Country Seats—Hyde-Hall, Herts; and Dundalk-House, county of Louth.

RODNEY, BARON, (George Rodney,) of Rodney Stoke, in the county of Somerset, and a baronet; *b.* 17th June, 1782; succeeded to the family honors at the decease of his father, on the 2nd of January, 1802; *m.* in 1819, Charlotte-Georgiana, daughter of Sir Charles Morgan, of Tredegar, in the county of Monmouth, bart., by whom he has no issue. Lord Rodney is lord lieutenant of the county of Radnor.

Lineage.

George-Brydges Rodney, esq., second son of Henry Rodney, esq., of Walton-upon-Thames, by Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Henry Newton, knt., having, at an early period of life, adopted the naval profession, became one of the most distinguished commanders in the naval annals of Great Britain. On the 22nd of January, 1764, he was created a baronet; in 1780, nominated a Knight of the Bath; and elevated to the peerage, as Baron Rodney, on the 19th of June, 1782, for the memorable victory which he achieved on the 12th of April, in that year, over the French fleet commanded by the Compte de Grasse. His lordship *m.* first, in 1753, Jane, daughter of Charles Compton, esq., by whom he had issue George, his successor; with another son, James, a naval officer, who was lost at sea; and Jane, who *d.* in infancy: and, secondly, Henrietta, daughter of John Clies, esq., by whom he left two sons and three daughters. The baron *d.* in 1792, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George, *b.* 25th December, 1753; *m.* in 1781, Anne, daughter of the Right Honorable and Honorable Thomas Harley, Alderman of London, and grand-daughter of Edward, third Earl of Oxford, by whom he left issue George, the present peer; Thomas-James, who assumed the name of Harley; Robert, a naval officer of rank; with four other sons, and one daughter, Anne, the wife of E. P. Bastard, esq., M.P. His lordship *d.* in 1802.

Motto, in English,

Eagles do not bring forth doves.

Country Seat—Great Alresford, Hampshire.

ROGERS, SIR JOHN-LEMON, baronet, of Wisdome, in the county of Devon, succeeded to the title upon the demise of his father, in June, 1777.

Lineage.

John Rogers, esq., a merchant of London, was created a baronet on the 21st of February, 1698, and dying, in 1710, was succeeded by his only son,

Sir John, who *d.* in 1734, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John. This gentleman dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Frederick Lemon, who *m.* Miss Lilbecrop, and had issue John, the present baronet; with three other sons, and eight daughters. Sir Frederick, who was a commissioner of the navy, *d.* in 1777.

Motto, in English,

Us, and ours, to God.

Country Seat—Wisdome, Devonshire.

ROKEBY, BARON, (Morris Robinson,) of Armagh, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of England; succeeded to the family honors, at the decease of his uncle, on the 30th of November, 1800.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

Thomas Robinson, esq., eldest son of Thomas Robinson, esq., of Rokeby, in the county of York, by Grace, daughter of Sir Henry Stapylton, bart., of Myton, in the same county, was created a baronet on the 10th of March, 1730, with remainder to his brothers, and, after them, to his cousin, Matthew Robinson, esq., also of Edgely, in the county of York. Sir Thomas *d.* without issue, in 1777, when the title passed to the next brother in remainder, namely,

Sir William, who *d.* unmarried, in 1785, when it devolved upon his younger brother,

His Grace, Richard Robinson, Archbishop of Armagh, Lord Primate of all Ireland, who had been nominated prelate to the most illustrious Order of St. Patrick, and created Baron Rokeby, of Armagh, on the 26th of February, 1777, with remainder to the Matthew Robinson, the reversionary heir to the baronetcy. His grace *d.* unmarried, on the 10th of October, 1794, when both honors devolved, accordingly, upon

Matthew Robinson, esq., eldest son of Matthew Robinson, esq., of Edgeley, (who was grandson of Sir Leonard Robinson, knt., chamberlain of the city of London at the close of the 17th century, great-uncle of Sir Thomas Robinson, the first baronet.) His lordship *d.* unmarried, on the 30th of November, 1800, when the family honors devolved upon the son of his brother, Morris Robinson, esq., by Jane, daughter of John Greenland, esq., of Lovelace, in the county of Kent, namely, his lordship's nephew, Morris, the present baron.

Motto, in English,

Safety in God alone.

Country Seat—Mount-Morris, Kent.

ROLLE, BARON, (John Rolle,) of Stevenstone, in the county of Devon; *m.* first, Miss Judith-Maurice Walsond, of Bovey, in the same county, who *d.* without issue, in 1820; and secondly, in 1822, Louisa, daughter of Robert-George-William (Trefusis,) late Lord Clinton, by whom he has no surviving issue. Her ladyship *d.* on the 14th of October, 1825.

This nobleman is the son of Dennis Rolle, esq., (and nephew of Henry Rolle, esq., who was created Baron Rolle, on the 8th of January, 1748; but which barony expired with his lordship in 1750,) obtained his peerage by creation, on the 20th of June, 1796.

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Motto, in English,

Nor for the king—nor for the people; but for both.

Town Residence—18, Upper Grosvenor-street.

Country Seats—Stevenstone, near Torrington; Bicton, near Exeter; and Bovey, near Axminster; all in the county of Devon.

ROLLO, BARON, (John Rollo,) of Duncomb, in the county of Perth; *b.* 23d of April, 1773; succeeded to the title, at the decease of his father, on the 14th of April, 1783; *m.* in 1806, Agnes, daughter of William Greigh, esq., of Gayfield-place, by whom he has issue William; with two other sons, and two daughters.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

Sir Andrew Rollo, knt., was created a peer of Scotland on the 10th of January, 1651, by the title of Baron Rollo, of Duncomb, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever; and dying in 1659, was succeeded by his son,

James, from whom the barony passed, uninterruptedly, through father and son, to

John, the sixth baron, (brother of his predecessor, Andrew, fifth lord, a distinguished military officer, who acquired considerable fame, under General Murray, at the reduction of Canada.) This nobleman *d.* in 1783, and was succeeded by his son,

James, who *m.* in December, 1765, Mary, eldest daughter of John Aytown, esq., of Inchdarnie, in the county of Fife, by whom he had issue John, the present baron; James, a naval officer; and six daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1783.

Motto, in English,

All are subject to the vicissitudes of Fortune.

Country Seat—Duncomb Castle, in the county of Perth.

ROMNEY, EARL OF, (Charles Marsham,) Viscount Marsham, of the Mote; and Baron Romney, of Romney, in the county of Kent; and a baronet; *b.* 22nd November, 1777; *m.* in 1806, Sophia, daughter and sole heiress of William-Morton Pitt, esq., of Kingston House, in the county of Dorset, by whom he has issue Viscount Marsham, *b.* 31st July, 1808; and five other children.

Lineage.

This noble family derives its surname from the town of Marsham, in Norfolk, in which county it has maintained a highly respectable station since the beginning of the twelfth century. In 1510,

John Marsham served the office of sheriff of Norwich, and was mayor of that city in 1518. The second son of this gentleman,

Thomas Marsham, esq., was an alderman of the city of London, and *d.* in 1624. The grandson of this eminent citizen,

John Marsham, esq., of Caxton, a person of studious and literary habits, was created a baronet on the 12th of August, 1663, which honor devolved, at the demise of his son and successor,

Sir John, in 1696, upon his brother,

Sir Robert Marsham, of Bushy Hall, one of the six clerks in chancery. He *m.* Margaret, daughter and heiress of Thomas Bosvile, esq., of Little Motte-Einsford, in the county of Kent, and dying in 1703, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Robert, who was elevated to the peerage on the 25th of June, 1716, as Baron Romney, and constituted, in the same year, governor of Dover Castle. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Cloudesly Shovel, knt. He *d.* in 1724, and was succeeded by his second, but eldest surviving, son,

Robert. This nobleman *m.* in 1724, Priscilla, daughter of Charles Pym, esq., of the island of St. Christopher, by whom he had five sons and five daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1793, and was succeeded by his second, and eldest surviving, son,

Charles, *b.* 28th September, 1744; *m.* 30th of August, 1776, Frances, daughter of Charles, late Earl of Egremont, and sister of the present earl, by whom he had issue Charles, the present peer; and four daughters. His lordship was advanced in the peerage on the 22d of June, 1801, by the titles of Viscount Marsham, and Earl of Romney. He *d.* in 1811.

Motto, in English,

Not for himself, but his country.

Country Seat—Mote Park, Kent.

ROSCOMMON, EARL OF, ( ) and Lord Dillon, Baron of Kilkenny West, in the peerage of Ireland; created in 1619 and 1622.

Since the decease of the eleventh earl of Roscommon, (Patrick Dillon,) in 1816, without issue, this peerage has remained dormant, being claimed by two persons, namely,—Michael-James-Robert Dillon, esq., as lineal descendant and heir male of the Honorable Patrick Dillon, seventh son of James, first earl; and Francis-Stephen Dillon, esq., as lineal descendant of Thomas, third son of the same nobleman.

Motto, in English,

Help from above.

ROSEBERRY, EARL OF, (Archibald-John Primrose,) Viscount Roseberry; Viscount Inverkeithing; Baron Dalmeny and Primrose; and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* 14th of October, 1783; *m.* first, in 1808, Henrietta, second daughter of the Honorable Bartholomew Bouverie, grand-daughter of the late earl of Radnor, and niece of the present earl, by whom he has issue Archibald, Lord Dalmeny, *b.* 2nd October, 1809; with another son, and two daughters. This marriage being dissolved by act of parliament, in 1815, the earl *m.* secondly, in 1819, Anne-Margaret, eldest daughter of Thomas, late Viscount Anson, by whom he has two daughters. His lordship succeeded to the

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honors of his family, at the decease of his father, on the 25th of March, 1814.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present peer sits as one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

ARCHIBALD PRIMROSE, esq., clerk of the privy council in Scotland, was created a baronet of Nova Scotia on the 1st of August, 1651, and being appointed a lord of session in 1661, assumed the official designation of Lord Carrington. Sir Archibald *d.* in 1679, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM; of whose descendants, in the sequel.

Sir Archibald's second son,

ARCHIBALD, having taken an active part in promoting the Union, was elevated to the peerage on the 1st of April, 1700, by the titles of Viscount Roseberry, Baron Primrose and Dalmeny; and advanced, on the 10th of April, 1703, to the earldom of Roseberry, the viscounty of Inverkeithing, and the barony of Dalmeny and Primrose, with remainder to his issue male and female. His lordship *d.* in 1723, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES, who inherited, also, the baronetcy of Nova Scotia, at the demise of Hugh, Viscount Primrose, the fifth baronet, in 1741, (grandson of Sir William, the second baronet, and son of Sir James, who was created, in 1703, Viscount Primrose, Lord Primrose, and Castlefield.) The earl *m.* Mary, daughter of the Honorable John Campbell, and niece of John, fourth Duke of Argyll, by whom he left a daughter, Dorothea, the wife of Sir Adam Inglis, baronet; and his successor, in 1755,

NEIL, who was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Thistle. His lordship *m.* first, in 1764, Susan, youngest daughter of Sir Edward Ward, baronet, of Bixeley, in the county of Norfolk, who *d.* in 1771, without issue; and secondly, in 1775, Mary, only daughter of Sir Francis Vincent, baronet, by whom he had issue Charlotte, *b.* in 1776; *m.* in 1800, Kenneth, Lord Howard, of Effingham; Mary, the wife of Henry-John Shepherd, esq., of Lincoln's Inn, barrister-at-law; Archibald-John, the present peer; with another son, and two more daughters. The earl *d.* in 1814.

Motto, in English,

By faith and courage.

Town Residence—108, Piccadilly.

Country Seat—Dalmeny Park, Edinburgh.

ROSSE, EARL OF, (Laurence Parsons,) and Baron Oxmantown, in the peerage of Ireland; and a baronet of the same part of the United Kingdom; *b.* 21st of May, 1758; *m.* in 1797, Alice, daughter of John Lloyd, esq., of Gloster, in the King's County, by whom he has issue William, Lord Oxmantown, *b.* 17th June, 1800, representative in parliament for the King's County; John-Clere, *b.* 17th of August, 1802; Laurence, *b.* 2nd November, 1805; and a daughter, *b.* in 1813. His lordship succeeded to the baronetcy, at the decease of his father, the late Sir William Parsons, on the 1st of May, 1801; and to the peerage, upon the demise of his uncle, on the 14th of July, 1809. Lord Rosse is a privy-counsellor and joint post-master-general in Ireland, and governor of the King's County.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present earl sits as one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This noble family, which settled in Ireland some time in the beginning of the seventeenth century, has, ever since, maintained a high political station in that part of the empire. Its members have, at different periods, filled the very highest official employments in the state, have taken distinguished parts in the senate, have become eminent upon the bench, and at the bar, and have twice been enrolled amongst the baronetage of the kingdom, and twice elevated to the peerage.

WILLIAM PARSONS, esq. was created a baronet on the 10th of November, 1620, and appointed lord justice of Ireland on the 31st of December, 1641, which office he continued to hold until the 23d of April, 1643. The great-grandson of this gentleman,

SIR RICHARD PARSONS, was created, on the 2nd July, 1681, Baron Oxmantown and Viscount Rosse, with remainder to the heirs male of the lord justice above-mentioned. This nobleman *m.* twice, but left issue by his second wife only, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir George Hamilton, and niece of Sarah, Duchess of Marlborough, namely, an only son, Richard; and two daughters; Frances, who became the wife of John, Viscount Netterville; and Catharine, who *m.* James Hussey, of Westown, in the county of Dublin. His lordship *d.* in 1702, and was succeeded by his son,

RICHARD, who was created Earl of Rosse, on the 10th of February, 1706, and was succeeded, in 1741, by his eldest son,

RICHARD, with whom, at his lordship's demise without issue, on the 27th of August, 1764, all the honors ceased.

We now return to a junior branch of the lord justice's family,

LAURENCE PARSONS, esq., of Birr, now Parsonstown-Castle, (grandson of Sir Laurence Parsons, knt., a younger brother of the lord justice, and successively attorney-general, and baron of the exchequer in Ireland,) who was created a baronet, on the 15th of December, 1677. This gentleman *m.* Frances, youngest daughter and co-heiress of William Savage, esq., and dying, in 1698, was succeeded by his only son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* twice: first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir George Preston, bart., of Craigmiller, in North Britain, by whom he had issue an only son, William, who *m.* Martha, daughter of Thomas Pigott, esq., of Chetwynd, in the county of Cork, and dying before his father, left issue Laurence, successor to the baronetcy; with four other sons, and two daughters. Sir William *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir George

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Country Seats — Dysart House, Fifeshire; and Laigel House, Yorkshire.

ROSSMORE, BARON, (Warner-William Westenra,) of Rossmore Park, in the county of Monaghan; *b.* 14th October, 1765; *m.* first, in 1791, Mary-Anne, second daughter of Charles Walsh, esq., of Walsh Park, in the county of Tipperary, by whom he has issue Henry-Robert, *b.* 24th August, 1792, (*m.* in 1820, Anne, daughter of Douglas, eighth Duke of Hamilton;) with three other sons, and a daughter, Marianne, *b.* 16th of August, 1801, who *m.* in 1824, Samuel G. Gest, esq., of Wormington Grange, in the county of Gloucester. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1819, Augusta, fourth daughter of Francis, Lord Elcho, and sister of Francis, sixth Earl of Wemyss. His lordship succeeded to the barony at the decease of Robert, first baron, on the 6th of August, 1801. Lord Rossmore is one of the governors, and custos rotulorum of the county of Monaghan.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

General Robert Cunningham was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 19th of October, 1796, by the title of Baron Rossmore, of Rossmore Park; and having no issue by his wife, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of John Murray, esq., the patent of creation contained a reversionary clause, conferring the barony, at his lordship's decease, upon the heirs male, at the time being, of two of her ladyship's sisters (the daughters and co-heiresses of Colonel Murray,) successively, viz. Anne, the wife of the Right Honorable Theophilus Jones; and Harriet, of Henry Westenra, esq. His lordship *d.* in 1801, and the only son of Mrs. Jones, Alexander Jones, esq., having *d.* previously, unmarried, the barony devolved upon Mrs. Westenra's eldest son, Warner-William, the present baron, whose father, William Westenra, esq., represented Monaghan in the Irish parliament, and was seneschal of the king's manors in Ireland.

Motto, in English,
After battles, rewards.

Country Seat—Rossmore Park, in the county of Monaghan.

ROTHES, EARL OF, (George Leslie,) and Baron Leslie, *b.* in 1810; succeeded to the family honors at the demise of his mother, on the 30th of January, 1819.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament. The present earl is a minor.

Lineage.

The Leslies, a very distinguished race in North Britain, trace their origin to a Flemish chieftain, Bartholomew, who took up his abode with his followers in the county of Aberdeen, during the reign of William the First, and adopted the surname of "de Lesley," from the place of his residence. The immediate founder of the present family, however, was

George de Lesley, esq., son of Norman de Lesley, of Rothes, who was created, on the 20th of March, 1457, Earl of Rothes, and from whom we pass to

John, the sixth earl. The estates of this nobleman were confiscated for his adhesion to the house of Stuart, during the civil wars, and his lordship became a prisoner at the battle of Worcester. After the restoration of the monarchy, however, he re-possessed his property, and was nominated president of the council, and appointed high treasurer and high chancellor of Scotland. His lordship obtained a charter, in 1663, conferring the earldom of Rothes and barony of Leslie, in default of male issue, upon his eldest daughter, and acquired an accession of honors on the 29th of May, 1680, being created Baron Auchmuty and Caskieberry; Viscount of Lugtoun; Earl of Lesley; Marquess of Ballenbreich; and Duke of Rothes. His grace *m.* the Lady Anne-Lindsay, eldest daughter of John, Earl of Crawfurd; but dying without male issue, in 1681, the dukedom and inferior titles of 1680 expired; while the earldom of Rothes, and barony of Leslie, according to the limitation of 1663, descended to his grace's eldest daughter,

Margaret, who *m.* Charles, Earl of Haddington, (see that title,) and dying in 1700, was succeeded by her eldest son,

James. This nobleman *d.* in 1722, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, who *m.* Hannah, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Matthew Howard, esq., of Thorpe, in the county of Norfolk; and dying in 1767, was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, to whom succeeded, his lordship dying without issue in 1773, his sister,

Jane-Elizabeth. Her ladyship's right of succession was disputed by her uncle, the Honorable Andrew Lesley, equerry to the Princess Dowager of Wales; but the Court of Session decided in her favor. The countess *m.* first, in 1766, George-Reymond-Evelyn Granville, esq., youngest son of William-Evelyn Granville, esq., of St. Clere, in the county of Kent, by whom she had an only surviving son, George-William, her successor; and secondly, in 1732, Sir Lucas Pepys, baronet, by whom she had two sons and a daughter. Her ladyship *d.* in 1810, and was succeeded by her eldest son,

George-William, who *m.* first, Lady Henrietta-Anne Pelham, eldest daughter of Thomas, late Earl of Chichester, and sister of the present earl, by whom he had three daughters; and secondly, in 1798, Charlotte-Julia, daughter of Colonel Campbell, by whom he had two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1817, and was succeeded by his eldest daughter,

Henrietta-Anne, *b.* in 1790, who had previously *m.* Mr. George Gwydir, by whom she had issue George, the present earl; Thomas, and three daughters. Upon her ladyship's succeeding to the honors of her family, Mr. Gwydir assumed, by

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royal license, the surname and arms of Leslie. The countess *d.* on the 30th of January, 1819.

Motto,

Gripe fast.

Country Seats—Rothes Castle, Elginshire; and Leslie Castle, Fifeshire.

ROWLEY, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Tendring Hall, in the county of Suffolk; *b.* in 1762; *m.* in 1785, Susannah-Edith, daughter of the late Sir Robert Harland, baronet, by whom he has issue William-Harland-Barrington, *b.* 9th of March, 1787; with two other sons, and six daughters. Sir William succeeded to the title, at the decease of his father, in February, 1790.

Lineage.

Rear-Admiral Joshua Rowley was created a baronet, for his eminent professional services, on the 10th of June, 1786; and dying, in 1790, left issue William, the present baronet; Joshua, a clergyman; Charles, a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, and an admiral in the royal navy; Edward; and Philadelphia, the wife of Sir Charles Cotton, baronet.

Town Residence—34, Grosvenor street.

Country Seat—Tendring Hall, Suffolk.

ROWLEY, SIR JOSIAS, baronet; an officer of rank in the royal navy, and a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath.

This gentleman, who is second son of the late Clotworthy Rowley, esq., of the Irish bar, by Letitia, daughter of Samuel Campbell, esq., of Bath, and grandson of the late Admiral Sir Joshua Rowley, baronet, was created a baronet on the 2nd of November, 1813.

ROXBURGH, DUKE OF, (James-Henry-Innes Ker;) Earl of Roxburgh; Marquess of Beaumont and Cessford; Earl of Kelso; Viscount Broxmouth; Baron Ker, of Cessford and Caverton; and a baronet; *b.* in July, 1816; succeeded to the family honors, at the decease of his father, on the 19th of July, 1823.

The honors of the house of Roxburgh being of Scotland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament. The present duke is a minor.

Lineage.

This noble family, and the Kers, Marquesses of Lothian, have descended from a common progenitor. The sons of whom,

Ralph and John, originally of Normandy, passed from England into Scotland, some time in the thirteenth century, and laid the foundation of those two illustrious houses. Ralph, that of the Kers of Fernihurst, Marquesses of Lothian; and John, that of the Kers of Cessford, of which house, the eleventh in descent from the founder, was

Sir Robert Ker, who was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, on the 18th of September, 1616, by the titles of Earl of Roxburgh, and Baron Ker of Cessford, and Cavertown. This nobleman *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of Sir William Maitland, by whom he had a son, William, who *d.* in infancy; and three daughters; his eldest daughter, Jean, *m.* John Drummond, second Earl of Perth, by whom she had two sons, besides the successor to the earldom of Perth, and two daughters. Lord Roxburgh *m.* secondly, Jean, daughter of Patrick, Lord Drummond, by whom he had an only son, Henry, Lord Ker, who *d.* in his father's life-time, leaving four daughters. Upon the decease of his son, the earl obtained, in 1646, a new charter, entailing his titles and estates upon his grandson, Sir William Drummond, the third son of his eldest daughter, Jean, Countess of Perth; and after him, upon the three sons of his grand-daughter Jane, (daughter also of the Countess of Perth,) by the Earl of Wigtoun, upon the express stipulation, that whoever should succeed under the new patent, should marry his deceased son's eldest daughter, Jean; accordingly, at his lordship's demise, on the 18th of January, 1650, the dignities and estates devolved upon his grandson,

Sir William Drummond, who fulfilled the stipulation, by marrying his cousin, the Lady Jean Ker. His lordship *d.* in 1675, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, who was succeeded, in 1682, by his eldest son,

Robert, from whom, at his decease unmarried, in 1696, the honors and estates passed to his brother,

John, so celebrated as a book-collector. This nobleman was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter; and created, on the 25th of April, 1707, Viscount Broxmouth, Earl of Kelso, Marquess of Cessford and Beaumont, and Duke of Roxburgh, with remainder to the heirs who should inherit the earldom of Roxburgh. His grace *d.* in 1741, and was succeeded by his only son,

Robert, who had been created in the life-time of his father, 24th of May, 1722, a peer of England, by the titles of Baron Ker, and Earl Ker, of Wakefield. His grace *d.* in 1755, and was succeeded by his son,

John, who was installed a knight of the Garter, and a knight of the Thistle; but dying unmarried in 1804, the English honors expired, while the Scottish devolved upon his kinsman,

William, seventh Lord Bellenden, (great grandson of Sir William Drummond, who became second Earl of Roxburgh, through his second son, the Honorable James Ker, who succeeded, in 1671, to the title of Lord Bellenden, pursuant to a disposition of William, Lord Bellenden, who was nephew of the first Earl of Roxburgh.) This nobleman dying, however, without issue, in 1805, the honors and estates lay dormant for several years; during which period, the succession was contested by Major-General Walter Ker, as heir male of the first earl; the Right Honorable William Drummond, as heir male of the second earl; and,

Sir James-Innis Norcliffe, as heir of Lady Margaret Ker, (grand-daughter of the first earl, through his son Harry, Lord Ker,) who *m.* Sir James Innes, baronet; in whose favour the house

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of lords decided on the 11th of May, 1812. His grace was son and heir of Sir Harry Innes, bart., grandson of the Lady Margaret Innes above-mentioned, by Anne, daughter of Sir James Grant, of Grant, bart., and thus fifth in descent from the first Earl of Roxburgh. He *m.* twice: first, in 1769, Mary, daughter of Sir John Wrey, of Glentworth, in the county of Lincoln, bart., (upon which occasion he assumed the surname of Norcliffe,) who *d.* without issue, in 1807; and, secondly, on the 28th of July, 1807, Harriet, daughter of Benjamin Charlewood, esq., of Windlesham, by whom he left an only son, James-Henry, the present duke. His grace *d.* on the 19th of July, 1823.

Motto, in English,

For Christ and my country, danger is delightful.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Fleurs, county of Roxburgh.

RUMBOLD, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Ferrand, in the county of York; *m.* in 1809, Henrietta-Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Boothby, late Lord Rancliffe, by whom he has issue a son, *b.* 8th January, 1812; and a daughter, *b.* 31st of May, 1810. Sir William succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 15th of December, 1807.

Lineage.

THOMAS RUMBOLD, esq., governor of Madras, was created a baronet on the 23rd of March, 1779. He *m.* twice: first, Miss Berryman, by whom he had issue George-Berryman, his successor; and a daughter; and, secondly, Joanna, daughter of the Most Reverend Doctor Law, Lord Bishop of Carlisle, by whom he left a son and a daughter. Sir Thomas *d.* on the 9th of November, 1791, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GEORGE-BERRYMAN, who *m.* Miss Hearne, by whom he had issue William, the present baronet; George, and three daughters. Sir George, who was consul-general at Hamburgh, *d.* in Germany, in 1807.

Country Seat—Ferrand, Yorkshire.

RUSSELL, THE RIGHT HONORABLE SIR HENRY, baronet, of Howton, in the county of Essex; *m.* twice, but has issue only by his second wife, Anne-Barbara, youngest daughter of Sir Charles Whitworth, knt., of Leyborne, in the county of Kent, and sister of the late Earl Whitworth; namely, Henry, *b.* 27th May, 1783, who *m.* in 1808, Jane, daughter of John Cassamajor, esq., of Madras; with four other sons, and four daughters.

This gentleman, the son of Michael Russell, esq., by Hester, daughter of Thomas Scott, esq., having filled the high office of chief of the supreme court of justice in Bengal, was created a baronet upon his retirement from office and return to Europe, on the 10th of December, 1812.

Town Residence—62, Wimpole-street.

Country Seat—Howton, Essex.

RUTHVEN, BARON, (James Ruthven,) of Freeland, in the county of Perth; *b.* 16th October, 1777; succeeded to the title at the demise of his father, on the 27th of December, 1789; *m.* in 1815, Mary, daughter of Walter Campbell, esq., of Shawfield, in Scotland, by whom he has no issue.

This being a barony of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This barony was conferred, in 1651, upon

THOMAS RUTHVEN, esq., who *m.* Isabella, daughter of Lord Burleigh, by whom he left two daughters, Anne, who *d.* without issue, and Elizabeth, who *m.* Sir Francis Ruthven, knt.; besides an only son, his successor,

DAVID, who *d.* without issue, when the barony devolved upon his niece,

ISABELLA, only daughter of the Honorable Elizabeth Ruthven above-mentioned, by Sir Francis Ruthven. Her ladyship was summoned as a baroness to the coronations of King George the First and King George the Second. She *m.* James Johnston, esq., a colonel in the army, who assumed the name of Ruthven, by whom she had a daughter, Anne, who became the wife of Henry Rollo, esq., and, after his decease, of Frederick Bruce, esq.; and an only son, her ladyship's successor,

JAMES, who *d.* in 1783, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES. This nobleman *m.* in 1776, Lady Mary Elizabeth Lesley, daughter of David, sixth Earl of Leven, and aunt of the present earl, by whom he left issue James, the present baron; Wilhelmina, *b.* 18th November, 1778, heiress presumptive to the barony; and five other daughters.

Motto,

Deeds show.

Country Seat—Freeland House, Perthshire.

RUTLAND, DUKE OF, (John-Henry Manners,) Marquess of Granby, in the county of Nottingham; Earl of Rutland, and Baron Manners, of Haddon, in the county of Derby; *b.* 4th of January, 1778; succeeded to the family honors at the demise of his father, on the 24th of October, 1787; *m.* in 1799, Lady Elizabeth Howard, daughter of Frederick, late Earl of Carlisle, by whom he has issue the Marquess of Granby, *b.* 16th of May, 1815; with two other sons, and two elder daughters. The eldest, Lady Elizabeth Manners, *b.* in January, 1802, *m.* in 1822, A. R. Drummond, esq. Her Grace, the Duchess of Rutland, *d.* suddenly, at Belvoir Castle, on the 29th of November, 1825, of an inflammation of the chest. The duke is a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, lord lieutenant of the county of Leicester, and recorder of Cambridge and Scarborough.

Lineage.

This distinguished family, which is of great antiquity, was first ennobled by the marriage of

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Sir Robert Manners with Eleanor, Baroness Roos, daughter and heiress of Thomas, Lord Roos, of Hamlake, Trusbut, and Belvoir, whose son,

The Honorable Thomas Manners, became Baron Roos, at the decease of his mother. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas St. Leger, knt., by Anne Plantagenet, sister of King Edward the Fourth, and had issue his successor,

Thomas, who was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and created Earl of Rutland on the 18th of June, 1525. This nobleman *d.* in 1543, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Henry, K.G., who *d.* in 1563, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Edward, K.G. This nobleman dying, in 1587, without male issue, the barony of Roos and the earldom of Rutland were separated, the former descending to his lordship's daughter and heiress, Lady Elizabeth Manners, and the latter devolving upon his brother,

John, who *d.* in the year after he inherited, and was succeeded by his son,

Roger. This nobleman dying without issue, in 1612, the earldom devolved upon his brother,

Francis, a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, who succeeded, in 1618, his cousin, William Cecil, Baron de Roos, (son of Lady Elizabeth Manners, Baroness Roos, above-mentioned, by the Right Honorable William Cecil, Earl of Exeter,) in that barony, and thus re-united the earldom of Rutland with the barony of Roos; but for a short time: for, at his lordship's demise without male issue, in 1632, those honors were again separated, the barony devolving upon the earl's only daughter and heiress, Katharine, wife of George Villiers, Duke of Buckingham, who fell by the arm of the assassin, Felton; and the earldom descending to the deceased earl's brother,

George, who *d.* without issue, in 1641, when the earldom reverted to his cousin,

John Manners, esq., son of George Manners, esq., and great-grandson of Thomas, the first earl, through his second son, Sir John Manners. This nobleman *d.* on the 29th of September, 1679, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

John, who had been summoned to parliament on the 29th of April, 1679, (previous to the decease of his father,) as Baron Manners, of Haddon, in the county of Derby. His lordship was created, on the 29th of March, 1703, Marquess of Granby, in the county of Nottingham; and Duke of Rutland. His grace *d.* on the 10th of January, 1711, and was succeeded by the son of his third marriage, with Catharine, daughter of Baptist, (Noel) Viscount Camden, namely,

John, *b.* in 1677; installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter; *m.* first, Catharine, second daughter of the celebrated patriot and martyr, Lord Russel, by whom he had John, his successor; with several other children. His grace *m.* secondly, Lucy, daughter of Bennet, Baron Sherard, and sister of the first Earl of Harborough, by whom he had five sons and two daughters. His grace *d.* in 1721, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, K. G.; *b.* in 1699; *m.* in 1717, Bridget, daughter and sole heiress of Robert, (Sutton) Lord Lexinton, of Aram, by whom he had five sons and six daughters. The eldest son, John, Marquess of Granby, was a lieutenant-general in the army, and distinguished himself as commander-in-chief of the British forces, under Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick, in Germany. (He *m.* Lady Frances Seymour, daughter of Charles, sixth Duke of Somerset, by whom he had issue Charles, successor to the family honors; with another son, and a daughter.) The second son of his grace, Lord Robert Manners, assumed the surname of Sutton, upon inheriting the estates of his maternal uncle, Robert Sutton, last Lord Lexinton, of Aram, but *d.* unmarried, in 1772, when the duke's third son, Lord George Manners, succeeded to the Lexinton estates, and to the surname of Sutton. The fourth son of Lord George-Manners Sutton is Dr. Charles-Manners Sutton, present archbishop of Canterbury, whose eldest son, the Right Honorable Charles-Manners Sutton, has, for several years, filled the speaker's chair of the house of commons; and the fifth son of his lordship is Thomas, Lord Manners, present lord high chancellor of Ireland. The Duke of Rutland *d.* in 1779, and the Marquess of Granby deceasing previously, the family honors devolved upon his grandson,

Charles, *b.* 15th of March, 1754; *m.* in 1775, Mary-Isabella, youngest daughter of Charles, Duke of Somerset, and aunt of the present duke, by whom he left issue John-Henry, the present inheritor of the family honors; Charles-Henry, a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the first West India regiment; Robert, lieutenant-colonel of dragoons; and two daughters. His grace was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter; and was nominated lord-lieutenant of Ireland, in which exalted station he died, at the early age of thirty-three, on the 24th of October, 1787.

Motto, in English,

In order to accomplish.

Town Residence—16, Arlington-street.

Country Seats—Belvoir Castle, Leicestershire; and Cheveley Park, in the county of Cambridge.

RYCROFT, SIR NELSON, baronet, of Farnham, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 1762; *m.* first, in 1791, Charlotte, youngest daughter of Henry Read, esq., of Crowood, in the county of Wilts, by whom he has issue Richard-Henry-Charles; another son, and two daughters; and secondly, in 1808, Margaret, youngest daughter of Robert Mandeville, esq., by whom he has no child. Sir Nelson succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, in May, 1803.

Lineage.

The Reverend Doctor Richard Nelson, only surviving son of John Nelson, esq., assumed the name of Rycroft, by royal permission, on the

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28th of December, 1758, and was created a baronet, on the 10th of December, 1783. He *m.* in 1759, Penelope, youngest daughter of the Rev. Richard Stonehewer, by whom he had, with several other children, Nelson, the present baronet. Sir Richard *d.* in 1803.

Town Residence—14, Curzon-street.

Country Seat—Furgrove, Farnham, Surrey.

ST. ALBANS, DUKE OF, (William-Aubrey-de-Vere Beauclerk,) Earl of Burford, in the county of Oxford; Baron Hedington, in the same county; and Baron Vere, of Hamworth, in the county of Middlesex; *b.* in 1820; succeeded to the family honors at the decease of his father, in 1825. His grace is hereditary grand falconer of England, and hereditary registrar of the court of chancery.

Lineage.

CHARLES BEAUCLERK, illegitimate son of King Charles the Second, by his majesty's celebrated mistress, Eleanor Gwynn; *b.* 1670; was created Baron of Hedington, and Earl of Burford, both in the county of Oxford, on the 27th of December, 1676; and elevated to the dukedom of St. Albans, on the 10th of January, 1684. His grace *m.* in 1694, Lady Diana de Vere, eldest daughter and coheiress of Aubrey, twentieth and last Earl of Oxford, of that family, by whom he had nine sons. He *d.* in 1726, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, who *d.* on the 27th of July, 1751, and succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, who *d.* without issue, on the 1st of February, 1786, when the family honors reverted to the son of his first cousin, Colonel Charles Beauclerk, and grandson of the first duke, through his grace's second son, Lord William Beauclerk; namely,

GEORGE BEAUCLERK, esq., *b.* 5th of December, 1758. His grace *d.* unmarried, in 1786, when the family honors devolved upon

AUBREY, Baron Vere, of Hamworth, (son of Lord Vere Beauclerk, second son of the first duke, who was created Lord Vere, on the 28th of March, 1750, and *d.* in 1781.) His grace *m.* in 1763, Lady Catherine Ponsonby, daughter of William, Earl of Besborough, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. The duke *d.* in 1802, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

AUBREY, *b.* in 1756; *m.* first, in 1788, Miss Moses, by whom he had a daughter; and secondly, in 1802, Louisa-Grace, daughter of John Manners, esq., by whom he left an only son, his grace's successor, in 1815,

AUBREY, who *d.* in infancy, when the honors reverted to his uncle,

WILLIAM, *b.* 18th of December, 1766; *m.* in 1791, Charlotte, daughter of the Reverend Robert Carter Thelwall, who *d.* without issue, in 1797; and secondly, in 1799, Maria-Janetta, only daughter of John Melthorpe, esq., of Little Grimsby-House, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he left issue William-Aubrey-de-Vere, the present duke; with five other sons, and six daughters.

Motto, in English,

A pledge of better times.

Town Residence—19, St. James's-square.

Country Seats—Redburn, near Brig, Lincolnshire; and Upper Galton, Surrey.

ST. AUBYN, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Clowance, in the county of Cornwall; *b.* in 1758; succeeded to the title, at the demise of his father, in 1773; *m.* in 1822, Mrs. Juliana Vinicombe, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

JOHN ST. AUBYN, esq., eldest son of John St. Aubyn, esq., by Catharine, daughter of Sir John Arundell, was created a baronet on the 11th of December, 1671. He *m.* Anne, daughter and coheiress of James Jenkyn, esq., of Tresseny, in the county of Cornwall; and was succeeded, at his demise, by his only son,

SIR JOHN, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *d.* in 1744, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR JOHN, *b.* in 1725; *m.* Miss Wingfield, by whom he had issue John, the present baronet; Richard-Thomas, a clergyman; and four daughters. Sir John *d.* in 1773.

Country Seat—Wooburn Farm, Surrey; and Clowance, in the county of Cornwall.

ST. GERMAINS, EARL OF, (William Elliot,) in the county of Cornwall; and Baron Elliot, of St. Germains, in the same county; *b.* 1st of April, 1767; *m.* first, in 1797, Georgiana-Augusta, daughter of Granville, late Marquess of Stafford, and sister of the present marquess, by whom he has issue Edward-Granville, Lord Elliot, *b.* 29th of August, 1798, (*m.* in 1824, Jemima, daughter of Charles, second Marquess Cornwallis;) and two daughters; secondly, in 1809, Letitia, eldest daughter of Sir William-P.-A.-A'Court, baronet, who *d.* in 1810 without issue; thirdly, in 1812, Charlotte, daughter of John Robinson, a lieutenant-general in the army, who *d.* in 1813 without issue; and fourthly, Susan, youngest daughter of Sir John Mordaunt, baronet, by whom he has no child. His lordship inherited his family honors, at the decease of his brother, on the 17th of November, 1823.

Lineage.

EDWARD-CRAGGS ELLIOT, esq., eldest son of Richard Elliot, esq., M. P. for St. Germains, and auditor and receiver-general to the Prince of Wales for Cornwall, by Harriet, daughter of Mr. Secretary Craggs, one of the ministers of George the First; assumed, by royal permission, the surname of Craggs before Elliot, and was created Baron Elliot, of St. Germains, in the county of Cornwall, on the 30th of January, 1784. His lordship *m.* in 1756, Catharine, only daughter and heiress of Edward Elliston, esq., of Southweald, in the county of Essex, by whom he

had issue Edward-James, who *d.* in 1797, leaving an only daughter, by Harriet, daughter of William, first Earl of Chatham; John, his successor; and William, the present earl. His lordship *d.* on the 28th of February, 1804, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, who was created Earl of St. Germains, on the 30th of September, 1815, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his only surviving brother. His lordship *m.* twice, but dying childless, on the 17th of November, 1823, the family honors devolved upon his brother William, the present earl.

Motto, in English,
Clouds will intervene.

Town Residence—7, New Burlington-street.

Country Seat—Port Elliot, Davenport, in the county of Cornwall.

ST. HELENS, BARON, (Alleyne Fitz-Herbert,) of St. Helens, in the Isle of Wight, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; and Baron St. Helens, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* in 1754.

This nobleman, the son of William Fitz-Herbert, esq., M. P. for Derby, by Mary, daughter of Littleton-Poyntz Meynell, esq., and his wife Judith, (daughter of Thomas Alleyne, esq., of the Island of Barbadoes,) having been employed in several high diplomatic stations at the different European courts, obtained his Irish barony in 1791; and was enrolled amongst the peers of the empire at large, on the 31st of July, 1801.

Motto, in English,
Unspotted honor.

Town Residence—19, Grafton-street, Bond-street.

Country Seat—Mesham, Derbyshire.

ST. JOHN, BARON, (St. Andrew-Beauchamp St. John,) of Bletshoe; and a baronet; *b.* 8th of November, 1811; succeeded to the honors of his family, at the decease of his father, on the 15th of October, 1817.

Lineage.

This is the eldest branch of the ancient family of St. John, of Stanton St. John, in Oxfordshire, from which descended the Viscounts Bolingbroke. The immediate progenitor of the present baron was

SIR JOHN ST. JOHN, knight, eldest son of Sir Oliver St. John, of Penmark, in the county of Glamorgan, by Margaret, daughter of Sir John De Beauchamp, and sister and heiress of John, Lord Beauchamp, of Bletshoe, from whom lineally descended

OLIVER, BARON BEAUCHAMP, who was created on the 13th of January, 1558-9, Lord St. John, of Bletshoe. His lordship *d.* in 1582, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN. This nobleman was one of the peers who sat on the trial of the ill-fated Mary, Queen of Scots. His lordship *d.* on the 23rd of October, 1756, leaving an only daughter and heiress, Anne, who carried the barony of Beauchamp, of Bletshoe, into the family of her husband, William, Lord Howard, son and heir of Charles, Earl of Nottingham, but the barony of St. John devolved upon the deceased lord's brother,

OLIVER, who *d.* in 1618, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

OLIVER. This nobleman was created Earl of Bolingbroke, on the 28th of December, 1624. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of William Paulet, esq., by whom he had four sons. The earl *d.* in 1646, and was succeeded by his grandson,

OLIVER, son and heir of the Honorable Sir Paulet St. John, K.B. This nobleman dying without issue, in 1688, the barony devolved upon his brother,

PAULET, at whose demise, unmarried, on the 5th of October, 1711, the earldom of Bolingbroke expired, but the barony of St. John reverted to his kinsman,

SIR PAULET-ST.-ANDREW ST. JOHN, baronet, great-grandson of Sir Oliver St. John, (who was created a baronet on the 28th of June, 1660, and was grandson of Oliver, the third lord, being the eldest son of his lordship's second son, the Honorable Sir Rowland St. John, knt.) From this nobleman, who *d.* in infancy, in 1714, the barony passed to his uncle,

WILLIAM ST. JOHN, eighth baron; and from him descended, in course, without any thing of importance occurring, to

HENRY BEAUCHAMP, the 12th baron, who succeeded his father in 1767. This nobleman was *b.* in 1758; *m.* in 1780, Emma-Maria-Elizabeth, second daughter of the late Samuel Whitbread, the elder, esq., of Cardington, in the county of Bedford, by whom his lordship left five daughters. He *d.* in 1805; when the barony devolved upon his brother,

ST. ANDREW, *b.* 22nd August, 1759; *m.* in 1807, Louisa, eldest daughter of the late Sir Charles-William-Rouse Boughton, baronet, by whom he left issue St. Andrew Beauchamp, the present baron; and a posthumous daughter, Louisa-Barbara, *b.* 14th of June, 1818. His lordship *d.* in 1817.

Motto, in English,
Acquiescing in his fate.

Country Seat—Bletshoe Park, in the county of Bedford.

ST. PAUL, SIR HORACE-DAVID-CHOLWELL, baronet, of Ewart Park, in the county of Northumberland; and a Count of the Holy Roman Empire; *b.* 6th of January, 1775; *m.* in 1803, Anna-Maria, daughter of John, Viscount Dudley and Ward, by whom he has issue Horace, *b.* 29th December, 1812; and five daughters, who are elder.

This gentleman, who is eldest son of the late Horace St. Paul, esq., (an officer of distinction in the Austrian service, created a count of the Holy Roman Empire on the 20th July, 1759, for his conduct in the seven years' war,) by Anne, only daughter of Henry Weston, esq., of West Horsley Place, in the county of Surrey, was created a baronet on the 17th of November,

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1813. The family name was, originally, Paul; but the grandfather of the present baronet obtained an act of parliament, in 1768, to authorize him to assume the additional surname of "Saint."

Motto, in English,

To be, rather than to seem.

Town Residence—10, Chapel-street, South Audley-street.

Country Seat—Wooler, Belford, Northumberland.

ST. VINCENT, VISCOUNT, (Edward-Jervis Jervis,) of Meaford, in the county of Stafford; *m.* first, in 1790, Mary-Cassandra, daughter of Thomas, Lord Say and Sele, by whom he has issue William Jervis, *b.* 11th of April, 1794, (*m.* in 1815, Sophia, daughter of George-Norborne Vincent, esq.;) with another son, and two daughters: and secondly, (his lordship's first marriage being dissolved by act of parliament, in 1798,) Mary-Anne, second daughter of the late Thomas Parker, esq., of Park Hall, in the county of Stafford, by whom he has two sons and a daughter. His lordship succeeded to the peerage, at the decease of his uncle, the late Earl St. Vincent, on the 13th of March, 1823, and assumed, by royal permission, on the 7th of May, in the same year, the surname and arms of Jervis only, in place of those of his own paternal family, Ricketts.

Lineage.

JOHN JERVIS, esq., second son of Swynfen Jervis, esq., a lawyer of eminence, by Elizabeth, daughter of George Parker, esq., of Park Hall, was *b.* at Meaford, on the 9th of January, 1734, and having entered the royal navy at a very early period of life, (in his tenth year,) advanced to the highest honors of the profession, and was elevated to the peerage on the 27th of May, 1797, in consequence of the gallant victory which he achieved, in that year, off Cape St. Vincent, over the Spanish fleet, by the titles of Baron Jervis, of Meaford, in the county of Stafford; and Earl St. Vincent. His lordship was nominated first lord of the admiralty in 1801; and created, upon the 21st of April, in the same year, Viscount St. Vincent; with remainder, in default of male issue, to his nephews, William-Henry Ricketts, and Edward-Jervis Ricketts, successively, and, after them, to the male descendants of his niece, Mary, Countess of Northesk. The earl *m.* in 1783, Martha, daughter of Lord Chief Baron Parker, who *d.* without issue, in 1816. His lordship *d.* on the 13th of March, 1823, when the earldom and barony expired, but the viscounty devolved upon his younger nephew, (the elder, Captain William-Henry Ricketts, of the royal navy, having been unfortunately drowned in 1805, and leaving only daughters,) Edward-Jervis, the present viscount, who is second son of William-Henry Ricketts, esq., of Canaan, in the island of Jamaica, by the deceased earl's sister, Mary.

Motto,

Thus.

Country Seat—Meaford, in the county of Stafford.

SALISBURY, MARQUESS OF, (James-Brownlow-William Gascoigne-Cecil,) Earl of Salisbury, in the county of Wilts; Viscount Cranborne, in the county of Dorset; and Baron Cecil, of Essingdon, in the county of Rutland; *b.* 17th April, 1791; *m.* 2nd Feb. 1821, Frances-Mary, daughter and sole heiress of Bamber Gascoyne, esq., (upon which occasion his lordship assumed, by royal permission, the surname of Gascoyne, before that of Cecil,) by whom he has issue a son and heir, Viscount Cranborne, *b.* 19th of October, 1821. His lordship, who is a commissioner for the affairs of India, inherited his family honors, at the decease of his father, on the 13th of June, 1823.

Lineage.

This noble family is descended from

SIR ROBERT CECIL, knight, (youngest son of Queen Elizabeth's celebrated high-treasurer, William Cecil, Lord Burleigh,) a distinguished statesman in the reigns of Elizabeth and James the First, who was created, on the 20th of April, 1604, Baron Cecil, of Essingdon, and Viscount Cranborne; and, on the 4th of May, in the following year, advanced to the earldom of Salisbury. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William (Brook,) Lord Cobham, by whom he had a son and two daughters. He *d.* on the 24th of May, 1612, and was succeeded by his only son,

WILLIAM, to whom succeeded, in 1668, his grandson,

JAMES, who was succeeded, in 1683, by his son,

JAMES, to whom succeeded, in 1694, his son,

JAMES. This nobleman *m.* in 1709, Lady Anne Tufton, second daughter and co-heiress of Thomas, sixth earl of Thanet, by whom he left three daughters, and his successor, at his demise, in 1728,

JAMES, who *m.* in 1743, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Mr. Edward Keet, of Canterbury, by whom he had an only surviving son, his lordship's successor, at his demise, in 1780,

JAMES; *b.* 14th of September, 1748; *m.* in 1773, Mary-Amelia, daughter of Willis, first Marquess of Downshire, by whom he had issue James-Brownlow-William, the present peer; Georgiana, *b.* 2nd March, 1786, the wife of Sir Henry Wellesley; and Emily, *b.* 13th July, 1789, the wife of George, present Marquess of Westmeath. The Earl of Salisbury was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and created Marquess of Salisbury, on the 10th of August, 1789. His lordship *d.* in 1823.

Motto, in English,

Late, but seriously.

Town Residence—21, Hanover-square.

Country Seats—Hatfield House, and Cecil Lodge, Hertfordshire.

SALTERSFORD, BARON, (James-George Stopford,) of Saltersford, in the county-palatine of Chester, in the peerage of England; creation of 7th June, 1796.

See, Earl of Courtown.

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SALTOUN, LORD, (Alexander-George Fraser,) and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* 22nd of April, 1785; inherited the honors of his family, at the demise of his father, on the 13th of September, 1793; *m.* in 1815, Catharine, daughter of Edward, late lord Thurlow, lord high chancellor of Great Britain, by whom he has no issue. Lord Saltoun is a lieutenant-colonel in the army, and captain in the grenadier guards; a companion of the Bath, and a military knight of Russia and Austria.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present baron sits as one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

The barony of Saltoun, conferred, on the 28th of June, 1445, upon

LAURENCE ABERNETHY, of Saltoun, passed into the ancient house of Fraser, at the demise of

ALEXANDER, the 9th baron, without issue, in 1669, who was succeeded by his first cousin,

SIR ALEXANDER FRASER, bart., of Philorth. His lordship *d.* in 1693, at the advanced age of ninety, and was succeeded by his grandson,

WILLIAM, who was succeeded by his son, in 1715,

ALEXANDER, to whom succeeded, in 1748, his son,

ALEXANDER, upon whose demise, without issue, in 1751, the barony devolved upon his brother,

GEORGE, *b.* in 1720; *m.* in 1756, Eleanora, daughter of John Gordon, esq., by whom he left two sons and three daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1781, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, *b.* in 1758; *m.* in 1784, Margaret, daughter of Simon Fraser, esq., by whom he had issue Alexander-George, the present peer; Simon, who *d.* in 1811; William, *b.* 12th of Oct. 1791; and Margaret, who *d.* in 1809. His lordship *d.* in 1793.

Motto,

In God is all.

Town Residence—1, Great Cumberland-street.

Country Seats—Philorth House, Fraserburgh; and Ness Cottage, Inverness.

SALUSBURY, SIR THOMAS-ROBERT, baronet, of Llanwern, in the county of Monmouth; *b.* 18th of May, 1783; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, in Nov. 1817.

Lineage.

ROBERT SALUSBURY, esq., eldest son of Robert Salusbury, esq., of Cotton Hall, in the county of Denbigh, by Gwen, daughter and heiress of Ellis Davies, esq., of Nantyrerwhaid, in the county of Merioneth, was created a baronet, on the 4th of May, 1795; *m.* in 1756, Catherine, daughter and sole heiress of Charles Vane, esq., of Llanwern, by whom he left issue Thomas-Robert, the present baronet; with two other sons, and three daughters. Sir Robert *d.* in 1817.

Country Seat—Llanwern, Monmouthshire.

SANDWICH, EARL OF, (John-William Montagu,) in the county of Kent; Viscount Hinchinbroke, and Baron Montagu, of St. Neot's, both in the county of Huntingdon. His lordship (*b.* on the 8th of November, 1811,) inherited the honors of his family at the decease of his father, on the 21st of May, 1818.

Lineage.

This noble family is descended from a common ancestor with the present ducal house of Manchester, with the Earls of Halifax, and with the late Duke of Montague. Its immediate progenitor, however, was

SIR SIDNEY MONTAGU, knt., who represented the county of Huntingdon in parliament, in 1640, but was expelled, in 1642, for declining to subscribe an oath, framed by the house, "That they would live and die with their general, Lord Essex." The son of this senator, by Paulina, daughter of John Pepys, esq.,

SIR EDWARD MONTAGU, knt., commander-in-chief of the British navy, having had sufficient influence to induce the whole fleet to acknowledge the restored monarchy, was elevated to the peerage, by King Charles the Second, on the 12th of July, 1660, by the titles of Baron Montagu, Viscount Hinchinbroke, and Earl of Sandwich; his majesty conferring, also, upon his lordship the illustrious Order of the Garter. This nobleman *m.* Jemima, daughter of John, Lord Crewe, by whom he had issue Edward, his successor; and Sidney, who *m.* Anne, daughter and heiress of Sir Francis Wortley, and assumed, in consequence, the surname of Wortley. His lordship, who was high admiral of England, fell in the great naval engagement with the Dutch, fought off Southwold Bay, on the 28th of May, 1672, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

EDWARD, who *d.* in 1689, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

EDWARD, who was succeeded at his demise, in 1729, by his grandson,

JOHN. This nobleman was a diplomatist and statesman, and assisted at the celebrated congress of Aix-la-Chapelle, in 1748. He was, subsequently, secretary of state, and first lord of the admiralty. He *m.* in 1740, Judith, daughter of Charles, Viscount Fane, of the kingdom of Ireland, and was succeeded at his demise, in 1792, by his only surviving son,

JOHN. This nobleman *m.* first, in 1766, Elizabeth, only surviving daughter of George, second Earl of Halifax, by whom he had a son, who *d.* without issue, in 1790; and a daughter. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1772, Lady Mary Paulet, daughter of the last Duke of Bolton, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. The earl *d.* in 1814, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE-JOHN, *b.* 2nd March, 1773; *m.* in 1804, Louisa, daughter of Armar, late Earl of Belmore, and sister of the present earl, by whom he left issue John-William, the present peer; and two daughters. The eldest of which, Lady Harriett-Mary Montague, *m.* in 1823, Bingham Baring, esq.

Motto, in English,

A port, after so many shipwrecks.

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Town Residence—31, Dover-street.

Country Seat—Hinchinbroke House, in the county of Huntingdon.

SANDYS, BARONESS, (Mary Hill,) of Ombersley, in the county of Worcester; *m.* in 1786, Arthur, late Marquess of Downshire, by whom she has issue Arthur, the present marquess; with four other sons, and two daughters.

See, Marquess of Downshire.

This lady, who is only daughter of the late Honorable Martin Sandys, (niece and heiress of Edwin, Lord Sandys, with whom, in 1797, that barony expired, and grand-daughter of the Right Honorable Samuel Sandys, upon whom it was conferred, in 1743,) was created Baroness Sandys, on the 15th of June, 1802, with remainder to her ladyship's four younger sons, by the late Marquess of Downshire, successively, and their male issue, and *then* to her eldest son, the present Marquess of Downshire.

Country Seat—Ombersley Court, in the county of Worcester.

SANDYS-BAYNTUN, SIR EDWIN, baronet, of Misserden Castle, in the county of Gloucester; *b.* 16th of July, 1774; *m.* Agnes, daughter of Michael Allen, esq., of Coleridge House, in the county of Devon, by whom he has issue Edwin-Windsor, *b.* 31st of October, 1801; and five daughters.

This gentleman, third son of Miles Sandys, esq., of West Lavington, in the county of Devon, by Mary, daughter of Peter Knowling, esq. of Ireland, (descended from Sir Edward Sandys, knt., of Fladbury, in the county of Worcester,) was created a baronet, on the 26th of September, 1809.

Country Seats—Misserden Castle, in the county of Gloucester; and Chadlington Hall, in the county of Oxford.

SAUMAREZ, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Guernsey; *b.* in 1757; *m.* in 1788, Martha, daughter and heiress of Thomas le Marchant, esq., of Guernsey, by whom he has issue James, *b.* 9th of October, 1789, a clergyman of the established church, (*m.* Mary, second daughter of Admiral Lechmere;) with two other sons, and two daughters.

This gentleman, (descended from a very ancient Norman family, which came to England in the train of the Conqueror, and settled in the island of Guernsey,) having distinguished himself as a naval officer, and attained the rank of admiral of the blue, with the Grand Cross of the Bath, was created a baronet, on the 13th of June, 1801.

Motto, in English,
I trust in God.

Residence—Guernsey.

SAXTON, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Circourt, in the county of Berks; *b.* 2nd of October, 1773; inherited the title at the demise of his father, in November, 1808.

Lineage.

CHARLES SAXTON, esq., commissioner of the royal dockyard at Plymouth, was created a baronet on the 26th of July, 1794; *m.* in 1771, Mary, only daughter of Jonathan Bush, esq., of Burcot, by whom he left issue Charles, the present baronet; with two other sons, and a daughter, Philadelphia-Hannah, the wife of Captain Robert Dudley Oliver, of the royal navy. Sir Charles *d.* in 1808.

Country Seat—Circourt, in the county of Berks.

SAYE AND SELE, BARON, (George-William-Eardley Twisleton-Fiennes;) *b.* 14th April, 1769; inherited the barony at the demise of his father, on the 1st of July, 1788; *m.* in 1794, Maria-Marrow, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sampson, late Lord Eardley, by whom he has issue William-Thomas, *b.* 24th of April, 1798; and Maria-Elizabeth, *b.* 23rd of June, 1795. His lordship, to commemorate his descent from the noble and ancient family of "Fiennes," assumed, by royal permission, on the 26th of February, 1825, *that* surname and the arms attached to it, in addition to and after those of Twisleton; and, on the 16th of March following, by royal license also, he assumed, on behalf of himself and his issue, in compliance with a proviso in an indenture of settlement made by his father-in-law, the late Lord Eardley, the surname and arms of "Eardley," in addition to and before those which his lordship then used.

Lineage.

This ancient family is descended from John, Baron of Fines, hereditary constable of Dover Castle, and warden of the Cinque Ports, from whom lineally sprang

SIR JAMES FIENES, knt., (grandson of Sir William Fienes, knt., and of Joan, his wife, third sister and co-heiress of William de Say, Lord Say,) who was summoned to parliament on the 3rd of March, 1447, as Lord Say and Sele, and created, on the 6th of the same month, in open parliament, the lords spiritual and temporal acquiescing, a baron of the realm, by the same title. The ultimate fate, however, of this nobleman was a melancholy one. Being a prisoner in the tower at the period Jack Cade's mob entered the city of London, he was dragged by the riotous multitude from thence to the standard at Cheapside, and there beheaded, on the 4th of July, 1451. His lordship was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM. This nobleman obtained, in 1461, a grant of the office of constable of Porchester Castle, and of Pevensey Castle, for life; and being one of the lords who attended the king unto the north, was made vice-admiral to Richard Nevil, the great Earl of Warwick, then high admiral of England. In the 10th year of Edward the Fourth, he was one of those that fled with the king into Flanders, and, upon his majesty's return, landed with him at Ravenspur, in Holder-

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nesse, but was soon afterwards slain in the battle of Barnet, on the 14th of April, 1471. None of the descendants of this nobleman had summons to parliament, nor did they claim the title, until

SIR RICHARD FIENES, knt., the fifth in descent from the nobleman slain at Barnet, obtained a recognition of his claim to the barony of Say and Sele, letters patent from King James the First, dated 9th of August, 1603, wherein the said barony was confirmed to himself and to his heirs general; but as he took his place in parliament as a junior baron, those letters appear to have been considered a new creation. His lordship *d.* in 1613, and was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM, who was created Viscount Say and Sele, on the 7th of July, 1624, and dying, in 1662, was succeeded by his son,

JAMES. This nobleman *m.* Frances, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Edward, (Cecil,) Viscount Wimbledon, by whom he had issue three sons, all of whom *d.* in their father's life-time; and two daughters, Elizabeth, who *m.* Sir John Twisleton, knt., of Barley, in the county of York; and Frances, who *m.* Andrew Ellis, esq., of Aley, in the county of Flint. His lordship *d.* in 1674, and thus leaving no male issue, the barony of Say and Sele fell into abeyance between his two daughters, but the viscounty devolved upon his nephew,

WILLIAM FIENES, esq., who *d.* in 1696, and was succeeded by his only son,

NATHANIEL, who *d.* unmarried, in 1710, when the viscounty reverted to his cousin,

LAURENCE FIENES, esq., grandson of the first viscount through his third son, the Honorable John Fienes, who took his seat in the house of lords on the 24th of February, 1710, and dying without issue, in 1742, was succeeded by his cousin,

RICHARD, great-grandson of the first viscount, through his fourth son, the Honorable Richard Fienes, at whose demise, in 1781, without male issue, the viscounty expired; but the ancient barony, which had fallen into abeyance, as already mentioned, at the demise of the second viscount, in 1674, was claimed, in the same year, by

THOMAS TWISLETON, esq., as heir-general of James, ninth baron, and second viscount, (being son and heir of John Twisleton, eldest son of Fienes-Twisleton, son and heir of George Twisleton, by Cecil, his wife, daughter and heiress of Sir John Twisleton, of Barley, in the county of York, by the Honorable Elizabeth Fienes, daughter and co-heiress of the viscount,) which claim (the line of the other daughter, the Honorable Mrs. Ellis, having failed,) being allowed, he was summoned to parliament, on the 29th of June, 1781. His lordship *m.* in 1767, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Edward Turner, bart., by whom he had issue George-William, the present baron; Thomas-James, a Doctor in Divinity and Archdeacon of Colombo, in Ceylon; and two daughters. His lordship, who was a major-general in the army, and colonel of the 9th regiment of foot, *d.* on the 1st of July, 1788.

Motto,
Wish for a strong mind.
Town Residence—6, Lower Berkeley-street.
Country Seat—Broughton Castle, Oxfordshire.

SCARBOROUGH, EARL OF, (Richard-Lumley Saunderson,) Viscount Lumley, and Baron Lumley, of Lumley Castle, in the county of Durham, in the peerage of England; and Viscount Lumley, of Waterford, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 16th of April, 1757; *m.* in 1787, Henrietta, daughter of Henry, late Lord Middleton, of Middleton, and sister of the present lord, by whom he has no issue. His lordship inherited the honors of his family at the decease of his brother, on the 5th of September, 1807.

Lineage.

This distinguished family claims descent from a nobleman of high rank in the reign of Edward the Confessor, named Liulph, and its surname is derived from Lumley, on the Weare, in the county palatine of Durham, the residence of this personage when driven into retirement by the rapaciousness of the Normans. From him lineally sprang

SIR RALPH DE LUMLEY, knt., who was summoned to parliament amongst the barons of the realm, in 1384, and who obtained a royal license to make a castle of his manor-house of Lumley. His lordship joining, subsequently, in the rebellion of Thomas de Holland, Earl of Kent, was attainted, and *d.* in the field of battle; but his grandson,

THOMAS DE LUMLEY, obtained from parliament, in 1461, a reversal of the attainder, and, being thus restored in blood, was summoned as a baron from 1461 to 1497, in which latter year he is supposed to have died. This barony continued until the decease of

JOHN DE LUMLEY, the sixth baron, in 1690, when it expired for want of a male heir; but the estates devolving upon

RICHARD LUMLEY, esq., cousin of the deceased lord, as well by his lordship's will, as by deed of settlement, that gentleman was knighted, on the 19th of July, 1616, and advanced, on the 12th of July, 1628, to the peerage of Ireland, as Viscount Lumley, of Waterford. His lordship was succeeded by his grandson,

RICHARD, who was enrolled amongst the peers of England, on the 31st of May, 1681, as Baron Lumley, of Lumley Castle, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brother, Henry. His lordship was created, on the 10th of April, 1689, Viscount Lumley; and, on the 15th of April, 1690, Earl of Scarborough. This nobleman was a military officer, and had a chief command at the battle of Sedgemoor, in 1685, wherein the unfortunate Duke of Monmouth was defeated. His lordship *d.* in 1721, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

RICHARD, who was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter; and, dying unmarried, in 1740, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

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THOMAS, who assumed the surname of Saunderson, by act of parliament, upon inheriting the estates of James Saunderson, Earl of Castleton, in Ireland, at his lordship's decease, in 1723. The earl *m.* Frances, daughter of George, first Earl of Orkney; and dying, in 1752, was succeeded by his eldest son,

RICHARD. This nobleman *m.* in 1752, Barbara, sister of Sir George Saville, bart., by whom he had issue George-Augusta, his successor; Richard-Lumley, the present peer; Thomas-Charles, a captain in the navy, killed in 1782; John, a clergyman, (who assumed the name of Saville, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his uncle,) heir-presumptive to the family honors; with two other sons, and three daughters. His lordship, who was appointed deputy Earl Marshal of England, in 1765, *d.* on the 12th of May, 1782, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE-AUGUSTA, *b.* 22nd of September, 1753, who *d.* on the 5th of September, 1807, without issue, when the family honors devolved upon his next brother, Richard, the present earl.

Motto, in English,

A pure conscience is a barrier of brass.

Town Residence—14, Portman-square.

Country Seats—Sandbeck, Yorkshire; Lumley Castle, Durham; and Glentworth, Lincolnshire.

SCARSDALE, BARON, (Nathaniel Curzon,) of Scarsdale, in the county of Derby, and a baronet; *b.* 27th of September, 1752; *m.* first, in 1777, the Honorable Sophia-Susanna Noel, third daughter of Edward, first Viscount Wentworth, by whom he has issue Nathaniel, *b.* 3rd of January, 1781; and Sophia-Caroline, *b.* 13th of January, 1779, the wife of Robert, Lord Tamworth. His lordship *m.* secondly, and has several other children. Lord Scarsdale inherited the honors of his family at the decease of his father, on the 5th of December, 1804.

Lineage.

JOHN CURZON, esq., of Kedleston, descended from Richard de Curzon, Lord of Kedleston, in the county of Derby, in the reign of Henry the First, was created a baronet, on the 11th of August, 1641, and from him the title passed, uninterruptedly, through three baronets, to

SIR NATHANIEL, the fourth, who was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Scarsdale, on the 9th of April, 1761. His lordship *m.* in 1751, Caroline, eldest daughter of Charles, second Earl of Portmore, by whom he had issue Nathaniel, the present lord; with four other sons, (the youngest, Henry, is rear-admiral of the red,) and a daughter, Juliana. His lordship *d.* in 1804.

Motto, in English,

Justly and mildly.

Country Seat—Keddleston-Hall, in the county of Derby.

SCOTT, SIR JOSEPH, baronet, of Great Barr, in the county of Stafford; *b.* in 1752; *m.* in 1777, Margaret, daughter and heiress of Edward Whitby, esq., of Sheet End, in the same county, by whom he has issue Edward-Dolman, who *m.* in 1815, Catharine-Julia, eldest daughter of the late Sir Hugh Bateman, baronet; with another son, William, a clergyman of the established church; and a daughter. This gentleman, who served the office of high sheriff of the county of Stafford, in 1779, was created a baronet, on the 30th of April, 1805.

Motto, in English,

Faithful to king and country.

Country Seat—Great Barr, Staffordshire.

SCOTT, SIR FRANCIS-EDWARD, bart., of Hartington-Hall, in the county of Derby; *b.* 25th of February, 1824; inherited the title according to the limitation in the patent, from his maternal grandfather, Sir Hugh Bateman, who *d.* on the 28th of January, 1824.

Lineage.

HUGH BATEMAN, esq., son of Richard Bateman, esq., by Catharine, sister of William Fitzherbert, esq., of Tissington, in the county of Derby, *m.* in 1786, Temperance, daughter of John Gisborne, esq., of Derby, by whom he had two daughters, namely, Catharine-Julia, (who *m.* in 1815, Edward-Dolman Scott, esq., by whom she has issue Francis-Edward;) and Amelia-Anne, the wife of Sir Alexander Hood, baronet. Mr. Bateman was created a baronet, on the 15th of December, 1806, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the male descendants of his daughters. Sir Hugh *d.* on the 28th of January, 1824, and was succeeded, accordingly, by his posthumous grandson, Francis-Edward Scott, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

May a favouring star be propitious.

Country Seat—Hartington-Hall, in the county of Derby.

SCOTT, SIR DAVID, baronet, of Sitwood Park, in the county of Berks; *b.* in 1783; inherited the title at the decease of his uncle, (by marriage with his aunt,) Sir James Sibbald, on the 17th of December, 1819.

Lineage.

JAMES SIBBALD, esq., eldest son of James Sibbald, esq., a merchant of London, (who *d.* in 1777,) by Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Robert Williams, esq., of Bloomsbury-square; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of William Delegard, esq., a member of the council of Bombay, by whom he had no issue. Mr. Sibbald was created a baronet, on the 13th of December, 1806, with remainder to the issue male of David Scott, esq., of Dumnald, by his wife, Louisa Delegard, the sister of Lady Sibbald. Sir James *d.* in 1819, and was succeeded, according to the limitation, by the nephew of his wife, David Scott, esq., the present baronet.

Country Seat—Sitwood Park, Berkshire.

SCOTT, SIR WALTER, of Abbotsford, in the county of Roxburgh; *b.* in Edinburgh, on

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the 15th of August, 1771; *m.* in 1797, Margaret-Charlotte, daughter of —— Carpenter, esq., by whom he has issue Walter, *b.* 28th of October, 1800, an officer of dragoons; and Charlotte-Sophia, the wife of John-Gibson Lockart, esq.

This gentleman, the third son of Walter Scott, esq., writer to the Signet, by Anne, daughter of John Rutherford, esq., an eminent physician, and one of the founders of the celebrated medical school of Edinburgh, having distinguished himself as a poet, and pre-eminently (if the general opinion be correct) as a novelist, was created a baronet, on the 22nd of April, 1820. The first baronetcy conferred in the present reign, and the only one during that year.

Sir Walter, having been bred to the Scottish bar, is one of the principal clerks of the session, and sheriff depute of the shire of Selkirk. He is descended from Sir William Scott, of Harden, through his third son, Walter Scott, of Raeburn, which Walter, or, as more frequently and familiarly designated, "Auld Watt," was forcibly deprived of the education of his children, had part of his estate wrested from him, and was himself thrown into the prison of Edinburgh, while his wife was incarcerated in that of Jedburgh, for daring to embrace the mild and benevolent tenets of Quakerism.

Mottos, in English,

Over the crest—The moon replenishes her horns.

Under the arms—Watch weel.

Country Seat—Abbotsford, in the county of Roxburgh.

SCOTT, SIR CLAUDE, baronet, of Litchett Minster, in the county of Dorset; *b.* 11th of May, 1742; *m.* in 1767, Martha, only child of John Eyre, esq., of Stepney, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he has issue an only son, Samuel, *b.* 25th of April, 1772; *m.* in 1796, Anne, only surviving child of John Ommaney, esq., of Bloomsbury-square.

This gentleman, (Sir Claude,) who is a banker, in Westminster, was created a baronet, on the 7th of September, 1821.

Town Residence—29, Bruton-street.

Country Seat—South Litchett, near Poole, in the county of Dorset.

SEAFIELD, EARL OF, (Lewis-Alexander-Grant Ogilvie,) Viscount Reidhaven, and Baron Ogilvie, of Deskford and Cullen, and a baronet; succeeded to the honors of his family at the decease of his kinsman, James, Earl of Findlater, and of Seafield, on the 5th of October, 1811.

The honors of the house of Seafield being of Scotland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This distinguished family was first ennobled in the person of

SIR WALTER OGILVIE, knt., of Deskford and Findlater, who was created Baron Ogilvie, of Deskford, on the 4th of October, 1616, and was succeeded by his son,

JAMES, who was created, on the 20th of February, 1638, Earl of Findlater; and dying without issue, was succeeded, according to a special limitation in a renewed patent, obtained on the 18th of October, 1641, by the husband of his daughter,

SIR PATRICK OGILVIE, knight, of Inchmartin. This nobleman *d.* in 1658, and was succeeded by his son,

JAMES, who *d.* in 1711, and was succeeded by his son,

JAMES, a lawyer of great eminence at the Scottish bar, who filled the offices of solicitor-general and secretary of state for Scotland, lord chief baron of the exchequer, and high commissioner to the general assembly of the church. He was elevated to the peerage before the decease of his father, on the 28th of June, 1698, by the title of Viscount Seafield, and created, on the 24th of June, 1701, Viscount Reidhaven and Earl of Seafield, with remainder, in default of direct heirs male, to his heirs male generally. His lordship *d.* in 1730, and was succeeded by his son and heir,

JAMES, who *m.* Lady Elizabeth Hay, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Kinnoul, by whom he had issue James, his successor; and two daughters,—Margaret, who *m.* Sir Lodowick Grant, of Grant, baronet, from whom descended the present earl; and Anne, the wife of John, second earl of Hopetown. The earl of Findlater and Seafield *d.* in 1764, and was succeeded by his only son,

JAMES. This nobleman *d.* in 1770, and was succeeded by his only child,

JAMES, at whose demise, without issue, on the 5th of October, 1811, the earldom of Findlater and the viscounty of Seafield expired, but the other dignities reverted to his cousin, Sir Lewis-Alexander Grant, bart., the present earl, who assumed the surname of Ogilvie, in addition to that of his paternal family. His lordship is eldest son of Sir James Grant, baronet, by Jean, only child of Alexander Duff, esq., of Hatton, by Lady Anne Duff, daughter of William, first Earl of Fife. Francis-William Grant, esq., the only brother of the earl, and heir-presumptive to the family honors, with his three sisters, were granted by his majesty, on the 31st of July, 1822, the precedency and rank of an earl's children.

Motto, in English,

Always.

Country Seat—Easter-Elchies, Banffshire.

SEBRIGHT, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Besford, in the county of Worcester; *b.* in 1768; *m.* in 1793, Hannah, daughter of Richard Crofts, esq., of Harling, in the county of Norfolk, by

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whom he has issue six daughters. Sir John inherited the title at the demise of his father, in 1794.

Lineage.

This family is originally of Essex, being of importance, and seated at Sebright Hall, in that county, so far back as the reign of Henry the Second. The baronetcy was conferred, on the 20th of December, 1626, upon

EDWARD SEBRIGHT, esq., who *m.* first, Theodosia, daughter of Gerard Worwood, esq., by whom he had John, his successor; and other children: and, secondly, Lady Elizabeth Montagu, eldest daughter of Henry, first Earl of Manchester, by whom he had no child. Sir Edward was succeeded by his only son,

SIR JOHN, from whom the title passed, in 1722, and descended through father and son, uninterruptedly, to

SIR JOHN, the sixth baronet, (son of Sir Thomas-Saunders, the fourth baronet, by Miss Dashwood, daughter of Sir Francis Dashwood, bart.,) who succeeded his brother in 1765. This gentleman *m.* in 1766, Sarah, daughter of Edward Knight, esq., by whom he had issue John-Saunders, the present baronet; Thomas, an officer of rank in the army, who *d.* in 1795; Edward-Amherst-Saunders, also in the army; Harriet, present Countess of Harewood; and Mary, the wife of Nicholas-Lewis Fenwick, esq., of Terrington, in the county of Norfolk. The family derived the name of Saunders from Anne, daughter and heiress of Thomas Saunders, esq., who *m.* Sir Edward, the third baronet. Sir John, who was a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of a regiment of infantry, *d.* in March, 1794.

Town Residence—88, Jermyn-street.

Country Seats—Beechwood, Herts; and Besford Court, Worcester.

SEFTON, EARL OF, (William Molyneaux,) Viscount Molyneaux, of Maryborough, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of England; *b.* 18th of September, 1772; *m.* in 1792, Maria, daughter of the late Lord Craven, and sister of the present Earl of Craven, by whom he has issue Charles-William, Viscount Molyneaux, *b.* 10th July, 1796; with three other sons, and three daughters. His lordship succeeded to the peerage at the decease of his father, on the 31st of January, 1795.

The honors of the house of Sefton being of Ireland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament; but the present earl, having abandoned his elective right to the upper house, sits in the lower as representative for Droitwich.

Lineage.

This noble family is lineally descended from William de Molines, Lord of Sefton, who came to England in the train of the Conqueror. It obtained a baronetcy at the first institution of that order, in 1611, and was ennobled in the person of

SIR RICHARD MOLYNEAUX, baronet, on the 22nd of December, 1628, who was created a peer of Ireland, as Viscount Molyneaux, of Maryborough. His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Caryll, and dying in 1632, was succeeded by his only surviving son,

CARYLL, who *d.* in 1699, and was succeeded by his only son,

WILLIAM. This nobleman was the father of

RICHARD, CARYLL, and WILLIAM, } alternate viscounts, all of whom died without issue. The latter being succeeded, in 1759, by their nephew,

CHARLES-WILLIAM, who was created Earl of Sefton, on the 30th of November, 1771. His lordship *m.* in 1768, Lady Isabella Stanhope, daughter of William, late Earl of Harrington, and sister of the present earl, by whom he had issue an only son, William, the present peer. The earl *d.* in 1795.

Motto, in English,

To conquer is to live enough.

Town Residence—21, Arlington-street.

Country Seats—Toxteth Hall, Liverpool; and Stoke Farm, Windsor.

SELKIRK, EARL OF, (Dunbar-James Douglas,) Lord Daer and Shortcleugh; *b.* in 1810; inherited the honors of his family at the demise of his father, on the 8th of April, 1820.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament. The present earl is a minor.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the ducal house of Hamilton, springing from

LORD CHARLES DOUGLAS, whose father, Lord William Douglas, being created Duke of Hamilton for life, relinquished in his favor, (his lordship was second son of his grace,) the earldom of Selkirk, and the barony of Daer and Shortcleugh, which had been conferred upon his grace, on the 4th of August, 1646; for which purpose he obtained a new patent, dated 6th of October, 1688, with a reversionary clause in favor of his five younger sons. The earl *d.* unmarried, in 1739, when the peerage devolved upon his next brother,

LORD JOHN DOUGLAS, who was created, on the 14th of April, 1697, Earl of Rugden. His lordship *d.* without male issue, in 1744, when that earldom descended to his only daughter, Anne, and his hereditary honors devolved upon the grandson of his brother, Lord Basil, his lordship's grand-nephew,

DUNBAR-HAMILTON DOUGLAS, esq. This nobleman *m.* in 1758, Helen, fifth daughter of the Honorable John Hamilton, and grand-daughter of Thomas, sixth Earl of Haddington, by whom he left Thomas, his successor; and four daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1799, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

THOMAS, *b.* in 1771; *m.* in 1807, Jane, only daughter of James-Wedderburn Colville, esq., by whom he had issue Dunbar-James, the present earl; and two daughters. The earl *d.* in 1820.

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Motto, in English,
As firm as prepared.
Round the crest—Never behind.
Country Seat—Crawford Castle, Lanarkshire.

SELSEY, BARON, (Henry-John Peachey,) of Selsey, in the county of Sussex, and a baronet; *b.* 4th of September, 1787; inherited the honors of his family, at the decease of his father, on the 27th of June, 1816; *m.* in 1817, Anna-Maria-Louisa, daughter of Frederick, present Lord Boston, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

Henry Peachey, esq., descended from a younger branch of the ancient family of Peche, of Kingsthorpe, in the county of Leicester, was created a baronet on the 21st of March, 1736; with remainder, in default of issue, to his brother John. Sir Henry *m.* Jane, daughter of William Jerret, esq., by whom he had two sons and three daughters, all of which *d.* unmarried, except Jane, who became the wife of G. H. Nash, esq., of Petworth. Sir Henry *d.* in 1737, and was succeeded, according to the limitation of the patent, by his brother,

Sir John, who *d.* in 1744, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John. This gentleman *d.* without issue in 1768, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir James, who, being nominated to some elevated stations about the court, was created Baron Selsey, of Selsey, in the county of Sussex, on the 18th of August, 1794. His lordship *m.* in 1747, Lady Georgiana-Caroline Scot, eldest daughter of Henry, Earl of Deloraine, by whom he had a son, John, and a daughter, Georgiana, who became the wife, in 1771, of George, Earl of Warwick. His lordship *d.* in 1808, and was succeeded by his only son,

John, *b.* 16th of March, 1749. This nobleman *m.* in 1784, Hester-Elizabeth, daughter of George Jennings, esq., of Newsell, in the county of Herts, by whom he left issue Henry-John, the present peer; John-William, a clergyman of the established church, *b.* 10th of December, 1788; and Caroline-Mary, *b.* in 1790, the wife of the Reverend Leveson-Venables Vernon, son of his grace the present Archbishop of York. His lordship *d.* in 1816.

Motto, in English,
Mindful and faithful.
Town Residence—33, Grosvenor-street.
Country Seat—West Dean, near Chichester, Sussex.

SEMPLE, LORD, (Hugh Semple), *b.* in 1758; succeeded to the title, at the decease of his father, in 1782; *m.* in 1787, Miss Mellish, daughter of Charles Mellish, esq., of Ragnal, in the county of Nottingham, by whom he has issue Selkirk, *b.* 12th of February, 1788; with another son, and two daughters.

This being a barony of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This family was ennobled about the close of the fifteenth century, in the person of

Sir John Semple, knight, created Lord Semple by King James the Fourth; from whom the title passed in regular succession, without anything of importance intervening, to

Francis, the eighth lord, who *d.* without issue in 1684, when the barony devolved upon his sister,

Anne. Her ladyship *m.* Francis Abercromby, esq., of Fetterneir, who was created, in consequence, Baron Glassford, for life. The issue of this marriage were five sons. On the 16th of May, 1688, a new charter was obtained by Lady Semple, settling the barony upon her ladyship's issue, by her then, or any future, husband; in default of which, to any person nominated by herself and Lord Glassford jointly. After the decease of her ladyship, her two sons,

Francis and John, } successively inherited the barony; but both dying unmarried, (the latter in 1716,) it devolved upon their younger brother,

Hugh, who *d.* in 1746, and was succeeded by his son,

John. This nobleman *m.* in 1755, Janet, only daughter and heiress of Hugh Dunlop, esq., of Bishoptoun, in the county of Renfrew, by whom he left issue Hugh, the present peer; George, a military officer, who *d.* in the East Indies; and three daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1782.

Motto,
Keep tryste.
Country Seat—Semple House, Renfrewshire.

SEYMOUR, SIR MICHAEL, baronet, of Friery Park, in the county of Devon; *b.* 8th of November, 1768; *m.* Jane, daughter of James Hawker, esq., a captain in the royal navy, by whom he has issue John-Hobart, *b.* 4th of March, 1800; with four other sons, and three daughters.

This gentleman, the son of the Rev. John Seymour, of the county of Limerick, by Miss —— Hobart, daughter of William Hobart, esq., of High Mount, in the county of Cork, having distinguished himself in several gallant actions as a naval officer of rank, in which service he has been deprived of an arm, was created a baronet on the 31st of May, 1809.

Country Seats—Friery Park, Devonshire; and High Mount, in the county of Cork.

SHAFTESBURY, EARL OF, (Cropley-Ashley Cooper,) Baron Ashley, of Winborne St. Giles, in the county of Dorset; Baron Cooper, of Pawlett, in the county of Somerset; and a baronet; *b.* 27th of December, 1768; *m.* in 1796, Anne, daughter of George, late Duke of Marlborough, and sister of the present duke, by whom he has issue Anthony, Lord Ashley, *b.* 28th of April, 1801; Anthony-William, *b.* 4th of October, 1803; with four other sons, and four

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daughters. The third daughter, Lady Charlotte Barbara, is the wife of Henry Lyster, esq., of Rowton Castle, in the county of Salop. His lordship inherited the honors of his family, at the decease of his brother, on the 14th of May, 1811.

Lord Shaftesbury is chairman of the committees in the house of lords.

Lineage.

JOHN COOPER, of Rockbourne, in the county of Southampton, only son of Sir John Cooper, knight, was created a baronet on the 4th of July, 1622. He *m.* first, Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Sir Anthony Ashley, knight, of Winborne St. Giles, in the county of Dorset, secretary at war, in the reign of Elizabeth, by whom he had two sons, and a daughter. Sir John *m.* secondly, Mary, relict of Sir Charles Morrison, but had no issue by that lady. He *d.* on the 23rd of March, 1631, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ANTHONY-ASHLEY, one of the most distinguished statesmen of the era in which he lived. Actively engaged in public affairs, during the civil wars, he is to be found, in the commencement, espousing the cause of royalty; subsequently, a parliamentarian; and, finally, contributing to the restoration of the monarchy. After the accomplishment of which desirable event, he was elevated to the peerage by the title of Baron Ashley, of Winborne St. Giles, (on the 20th of April, 1661;) and, under that title, became a member of the celebrated cabinet of Charles the Second, so well known by the designation of the "Cabal." His lordship was constituted lord lieutenant of the county of Dorset; and created, on the 23rd of April, 1672, Baron Cooper, of Paulett, and Earl of Shaftesbury; and, in the November following, declared lord high chancellor of England. The earl *m.* thrice, but had issue only by his second wife, Lady Frances Cecil, daughter of David, Earl of Exeter; namely, two sons; Cecil, who *d.* young; and Anthony, his successor. His lordship becoming a strong opponent of the measures of the court, was obliged to retire to Holland, where he *d.* of the gout in his stomach, on the 22nd of January, 1683, and was succeeded by his only son,

ANTHONY-ASHLEY, who *d.* in 1699, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ANTHONY-ASHLEY. This nobleman, a man of letters, *d.* in 1713, and was succeeded by his only son,

ANTHONY-ASHLEY. His lordship *m.* first, in 1725, Lady Susannah Noel, daughter of Baptist, third Earl of Gainsborough, who *d.* without issue in 1758; and secondly, the Honorable Mary Bouverie, daughter of Jacob, Viscount Folkstone, by whom he had Anthony, his successor; Cropley-Ashley, the present earl; and a daughter. His lordship *d.* on the 27th of May, 1771, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ANTHONY-ASHLEY, *b.* in 1761. This nobleman *m.* in 1786, Barbara, daughter of Sir John Webb, of Oldstock House, in the county of Wilts, baronet, by Mary, eldest daughter of Thomas Salvin, esq., of Easingwould, in the county of York, (one of the co-heiresses of the ancient barony of Mauley, as a descendant, by George Salvaine, esq., of Elizabeth De Mauley, youngest sister of the last baron, who *d.* in 1415, since which period the barony has remained in abeyance,) and left issue an only daughter, Lady Barbara-Ashley Cooper, *b.* 19th of October, 1788; *m.* in 1814, the Honorable William Ponsonby, third son of the present Earl of Besborough. Her ladyship inherits the right of her mother to the barony of Mauley. The earl *d.* in 1811, and leaving no male issue, the honors of the family devolved upon his only brother, Cropley, the present peer.

Motto,

Love—serve.

Town Residence—24, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seats—St. Giles's House, Cranbourne, Dorsetshire; and Richmond House, Surrey.

SHANNON, EARL OF, (Henry Boyle,) Viscount Boyle, and Baron Castle Martyr, of Castle Martyr, in the county of Cork, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Carlton, of Carlton, in the county of York, in the peerage of England; *b.* 8th of August, 1771; *m.* in 1798, Sarah, daughter of John Hyde, esq., of Castle Hyde, by whom he has issue Viscount Boyle, *b.* 5th of May, 1809; with two other sons, and six daughters. The countess *d.* in 1820. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family, at the decease of his father, on the 20th of May, 1807. The Earl of Shannon is a knight of the most illustrious Order of St. Patrick, custos rotulorum of the county of Cork, and clerk of the Pells in Ireland.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Boyle, Earls of Cork and Orrery, springing from

THE HONORABLE HENRY BOYLE, second son of Roger, first Earl of Orrery, whose son, by Lady Mary O'Bryen, daughter of the Earl Inchiquin,

HENRY BOYLE, being sworn of the privy council in Ireland, and having filled some of the highest political offices in that kingdom, (speaker of the house of commons, chancellor of the exchequer, lord justice, &c. &c.) from 1733 to 1739, was elevated to the peerage on the 17th of April, 1756, as Baron Castle Martyr, Viscount Boyle, and Earl of Shannon. His lordship *d.* in 1764, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

RICHARD, *b.* 30th of January, 1727. This nobleman having also filled some high political stations, and being sworn of the privy council, was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, as Baron Carleton, on the 21st of August, 1786. His lordship *m.* in 1763, Catharine, eldest daughter of Mr. Speaker Ponsonby, of the Irish house of commons, by whom he had issue Henry, the present earl; and Catharine-Henrietta, who *m.* Francis, present Earl of Bandon, and *d.* in 1815. The earl *d.* in 1807.

Motto, in English,

Virtue survives the grave.

Town Residence—7, Connaught-place.

Country Seat—Castle Martyr, county of Cork.

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SHAW, SIR JOHN-GREGORY, baronet, of Eltham, in the county of Kent, *b.* 25th of July, 1756; inherited the title, at the demise of his father, in 1779; *m.* in 1782, Theodosia-Margaret, daughter of John, second lord Monson, and great-grand-aunt of the present lord, by whom he has issue John-Kenward, *b.* 15th of March, 1783; with four other sons, and seven daughters.

Lineage.

JOHN SHAW, esq., one of the farmers of the customs, was created a baronet on the 15th of April, 1665. He *m.* twice, and was succeeded by the son of his first marriage with Anne, daughter of Sir Joseph Ashe, knt.,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman was succeeded, also, by the eldest son of his first marriage with Margery, daughter and heiress of Alderman Sir John Peake, knt., lord mayor of London,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* in 1716, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Barnardiston, baronet, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He *d.* in 1739, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SIR JOHN, *b.* 22nd November, 1728; *m.* first, in 1750, Elizabeth, daughter of William Hedges, esq., of Alderston, in the county of Wilts, by whom he had one son, who *d.* in boyhood; and secondly, in 1752, Martha, daughter and heiress of John Kenward, esq., of Kenward, in the county of Kent, by whom he left John-Gregory, the present baronet; and John-Kenward, a clergyman of the established church. Sir John *d.* in 1779.

Motto, in English,
He subdues, who suffers.

Town Residence—56, Baker-street.

Country Seat—Kenward, near Maidstone, Kent.

SHAW, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Kilmarnock, in the county of Ayr; *b.* 26th August, 1764.

This gentleman, who is a merchant of London, having been elected alderman in 1798, and having served the office of sheriff in 1803, was chosen lord mayor of London in 1805, when he had the honor of entertaining his present majesty, then Prince of Wales, attended by his royal brothers and a long train of nobility, at a civic feast, in the mansion-house. He subsequently represented the city of London, in parliament, and was created a baronet on the 21st of September, 1809, with remainder to John Shaw, esq., of Whitehall-place, in the city of Westminster.

Motto,
I mean well.

Country Seat—Kilmarnock, North Britain.

SHAW, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Bushy Park, in the county of Dublin; *m.* Maria, daughter and sole heiress of Abraham Wilkinson, esq., of Dublin, by whom he has issue Robert, accountant-general of the general post office in Ireland; with four other sons, and three daughters.

This gentleman, who is a banker, and member of parliament for the city of Dublin, was created a baronet on the 17th of August, 1821.

Town Residence—Merrion-square, Dublin.

Country Seat—Bushy Park.

SHEAFFE, SIR ROGER-HALE, baronet, of Edswale, in the county of Clare; *b.* 15th July, 1763; *m.* Margaret, daughter of John Coffin, esq., of Quebec, and cousin of Sir Isaac Coffin, baronet, by whom he has issue a son, *b.* 6th August, 1815; and two daughters.

This gentleman, who is a native of Boston, in North America, being son of William Sheaffe, esq., deputy comptroller of the customs at that port, by Susannah, eldest daughter of Thomas Child, esq., also of Boston, having attained the rank of major-general in the army, was created a baronet on the 16th of January, 1813.

Country Seat—Edswale, in the county of Clare.

SHEFFIELD, EARL OF, (George-Augustus-Frederick-Charles Holroyd,) Viscount Pevensey; Baron Sheffield, of Dunamore, in the county of Meath, and Baron Sheffield, of Roscommon, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Sheffield, of Sheffield, in the county of York, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* 16th of March, 1802; inherited the honors of his family, at the decease of his father, on the 30th of May, 1821.

Lineage.

The emigration of this distinguished family to Ireland took place in the reign of King Charles the Second. It had previously enjoyed, for a long lapse of time, considerable wealth and influence in the county of York, for we find that one William de Howrode (as the name was originally spelt,) had extensive possessions in that county, whence he derived his surname, as early as the thirteenth century. From this personage, lineally descended

ISAAC HOLROYD, who acquired large estates in Ireland, which descended to his only surviving son,

JOHN-BAKER HOLROYDE, esq., who inherited, also, the estates of his mother's family, the Bakers, of Penn, in the county of Buckingham, and assumed, in consequence, that surname before his paternal one. This gentleman was advanced to the peerage of Ireland on the 9th of January, 1781, by the title of Baron Sheffield, of Dunamore, in the county of Meath, and created, on the 19th of October, 1783, Baron Sheffield, of the county of Roscommon, with remainder, in default of male, to his female issue by his first marriage. His lordship *m.* thrice: first, in 1767, Abigail, only daughter of Lewis Way, esq., of Richmond, in the county of Surrey, by whom he had issue a son, who *d.* in infancy; Maria-Josepha, who *m.* Sir John-Thomas Stanley, baronet; (her ladyship is heiress presumptive to the barony of Sheffield, of Roscommon;) and Louisa-Dorothea, the wife of Lieutenant General Sir William Clinton, G.C.B.: secondly, in 1791, Lady Lucy Pelham, daughter of Thomas, late earl

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of Chichester, and sister of the present earl, who *d.* in 1797, without leaving any issue: and thirdly, in 1798, Lady Anne North, second daughter of Frederick, second Earl of Guilford, and aunt of the present earl, by whom he had an only son, George-Augustus-Frederick-Charles, the present peer; and a daughter, Anne-Frederica, *b.* 25th December, 1804. His lordship was enrolled amongst the peers of the empire on the 29th of June, 1802, as Baron Sheffield, of Sheffield, in the county of York, and advanced to the viscounty of Pevensey, and earldom of Sheffield, in the peerage of Ireland, on the 22nd of January, 1816. The earl was president of the board of agriculture, a lord of trade, and one of his majesty's most honorable privy council. He *d.* at the advanced age of eighty-six, in May, 1821.

Motto, in English,

To be what God commands.

Town Residence—20, Portland-place.

Country Seats—Greave Hall, Yorkshire; and Sheffield-place, Sussex.

SHEFFIELD, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Normanby, in the county of Lincoln; succeeded to the title, at the demise of his father, on the 6th of February, 1815; *m.* in 1819, Miss Newbolt, daughter of Chief-Justice (Sir John) Newbolt, of the supreme court of justice in Bengal, by whom he has a son, *b.* 23rd December, 1823; and a daughter, *b.* in April, 1821. Sir Robert is a field-officer in the army.

Lineage.

CHARLES SHEFFIELD, esq., (illegitimate son of His Grace, Edmund, (Sheffield,) Duke of Normanby and Buckingham, Marquess of Normanby, Earl of Mulgrave, and Baron Sheffield; at whose demise, without legitimate issue, in 1735, all those honors expired,) was created a baronet on the 1st of March, 1755, and dying in 1774, was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who *d.* without issue, on the 4th of January, 1815, when the title devolved upon his brother,

THE REVEREND SIR ROBERT. This gentleman *m.* Penelope, daughter of Sir Abraham Pitches, knt., by whom he left issue Robert, the present baronet, a field-officer in the army; with Charles, a clergyman of the established church; and five daughters. Sir Robert *d.* in about a month after he inherited the baronetcy.

Town Residence—35, Portland-place.

Country Seat—Normanby Hall, near Brigg, Lincolnshire.

SHELBURNE, EARL OF, (Henry-Fitz-Maurice Petty,) and Earl of Kerry, &c., in the peerage of Ireland.

See, Marquess of Lansdowne.

SHERARD, BARON, (Philip Sherard,) of the county of Leitrim, in the peerage of Ireland. Creation of 1627.

See, Earl of Harborough.

SHELLEY, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Maresfield Park, in the county of Sussex; *b.* in 1771; inherited the title, at the decease of his father, on the 11th of September, 1783; *m.* in 1807, Frances, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Winckley, esq., of Catterall Hall, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he has issue John Villiers, *b.* in January, 1803; with two other sons, and a daughter.

Lineage.

This is one of the oldest baronetcies, having been conferred, at the institution of the order, on the 22nd of May, 1611, upon

JOHN SHELLEY, esq., who was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR CHARLES. This gentleman *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Benjamin Weston, esq., by whom he had four sons, and two daughters; and secondly, Mary, countess dowager of Abergavenny, and daughter of Thomas Gifford, esq., by whom he had no child. Sir Charles *d.* in 1681, and was succeeded by his third, and eldest surviving, son,

SIR JOHN, who *d.* in 1703, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* twice, but had issue only by his second lady, Margaret, sister of Thomas-Pelham Clinton, first Duke of Newcastle; namely, a son, and three daughters. He *d.* in 1771, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* first, Wilhelmina, daughter of John Newnham, esq., of Maresfield, in the county of Sussex, by whom he had an only son, Sir John, the present baronet; and secondly, in 1775, Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Woodcock, esq., by whom he had three daughters. Sir John *d.* in 1783.

Town Residence—18, Hertford-street, May-Fair.

Country Seats—Maresfield Park, Uefield, Sussex; and Catterall Hall, in the county of Lancaster.

SHELLEY, SIR TIMOTHY, baronet, of Castle Goring, in the county of Sussex; *b.* in 1756; *m.* in 1781, Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Pitfield, esq., of the county of Surrey, by whom he has issue John, and four daughters. He had an elder son, Percy-Bysshe, a distinguished poet, who *m.* Miss Godwin, daughter of the celebrated William Godwin, and was unfortunately drowned, "when life was in its spring," on the 8th of July, 1822. This gentleman was the bosom friend of the immortal Byron.

Lineage.

BYSSHE SHELLEY, esq., *b.* 21st June, 1730, (descended from Sir William Shelley, knt., Lord of Offerdine, in the county of Sussex, in the reign of Richard the Second,) was created a baronet on the 3rd of March, 1806. Sir Bysshe *m.* first, Mary-Catharine, only daughter and heiress of the Rev. Theobald Mitchell, of Horsham, by whom he had issue Timothy, the present baronet; and two daughters: and secondly, Elizabeth-Jane-Sydney, only daughter and heiress of William Perry, esq., of Wormington, in the county of Gloucester, and grand-daughter of Colonel Sydney, by whom he left

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issue John, who has assumed the surname of Sydney; with another son, and two daughters. He *d.* in 1815.

Country Seat—Castle Goring, Sussex.

SHEPPARD-COTTON, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Thornton-Hall, in the county of Bucks; *b.* in 1785, inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 21st of November, 1821; *m.* in 1822, Mary-Anne, only child of the Reverend George Turner, prebend of Lincoln, by whom he has no issue. The elder brother of Sir Thomas, William-Thomas Sheppard, esq., assumed, by royal permission, on the 6th of September, 1799, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal grandfather, William Cotton, esq., the surname and arms of Cotton, but *d.* unmarried; the present baronet, becoming then the eldest son and representative of both families, assumed the same surname and arms.

Lineage.

THOMAS SHEPPARD, esq., son of Thomas Sheppard, of the county of Buckingham, by Frances, daughter of Richard Smith, esq., of Padbury, in the same county, was created a baronet, on the 29th of Sept., 1809. He *m.* first, in 1774, Elizabeth, only child and heiress of William Cotton, esq., of Crakemarsh, in the county of Stafford, and only grand-child of Sir Charles Tyrell, baronet, of Thornton-Hall, by whom he had issue William-Thomas, who *d.* unmarried, in the lifetime of his father; Thomas, the present baronet; with Maria, the wife of William Lowndes, esq., of Whaddon-Hall, in the county of Bucks; and Elizabeth, who *m.* Thomas Hart, esq., of Uttoxeter. Sir Thomas *m.* secondly, Margaret, daughter of Thomas Beardsworth, esq., of Enfield, by whom he has no issue.

Country Seat—Thornton-Hall, Buckinghamshire.

SHERBORNE, BARON, (John Dutton,) of Sherborne, in the county of Gloucester; *b.* in 1779; *m.* in 1803, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Henry-Stawel-Bilson Legge, Baron Stawel, (with whom that barony expired, in 1820,) and has issue two sons and two daughters. His lordship succeeded to the title at the demise of his father, on the 22nd of May, 1820.

Lineage.

This noble family is a branch of the Scottish baronial house of Napier, springing from a younger member, James Napier, who settled in England, sometime in the fifteenth century, and from whom lineally descended

JAMES-LENNOX NAPER-DUTTON, esq., son of James Naper, esq., of Lougherew, by Anne, daughter of Sir Ralph Dutton, baronet, of Sherborne, in the county of Gloucester, and co-heiress of her brother, Sir John Dutton, with whom the baronetcy expired, in 1743. This gentleman assumed the name and arms of Dutton, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal uncle, the aforesaid Sir John Dutton. He *m.* twice, and was succeeded by the eldest son of his second marriage, with Jane, daughter of Christopher Bond, esq., of Newland, in the county of Gloucester, namely,

JAMES DUTTON, esq., *b.* in 1744, who was elevated to the peerage, on the 20th of May, 1784, as Baron Sherborne. His lordship *m.* in 1774, Mary, daughter of Wenman-Roberts Coke, esq., of Longford, in the county of Derby, by whom he had issue John, the present peer; and three daughters. The baron *d.* in 1820.

Motto, in English,
I will keep faith.

Town Residence—53, Grosvenor-street.

Country Seat—Sherborne, near Northleach, in the county of Gloucester.

SHIFFNER, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Combe Place, in the county of Sussex; *m.* 31st of October, 1787, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Sir John Bridger, knight, of Coln, St. Aldwyns, in the county of Gloucester, by whom he has issue Henry, a captain in the royal navy, *b.* 4th of November, 1781; George, a clergyman of the established church; and Thomas; with four daughters.

This gentleman, who is son of the late Henry Shiffner, esq., of the county of Hereford, by Mary, daughter of John Jackson, esq., governor of Bengal, in 1748, was created a baronet, on the 16th of December, 1818.

Country Seat—Combe Place, Sussex.

SHREWSBURY, EARL OF, (Charles Talbot,) in the peerage of England; and Earl of Waterford and Wexford, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 8th March, 1753; inherited the honors of his family at the decease of his uncle, on the 22nd July, 1792; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. James Hoey, of the city of Dublin, by whom he has no issue.

The earl of Shrewsbury is deprived of his hereditary rights, as a legislator, in consequence of adhering to the tenets of the church of Rome.

Lineage.

This noble family traces its descent to a period antecedent to the Conquest, but the first person of note upon record is Richard de Talbot, who is mentioned in Doomsday Book, as holding nine hides of land from Walter Giffard, Earl of Buckingham. This Richard *m.* the daughter of Gerard de Gournay, by whom he had two sons; Geffrey, the progenitor of the Talbots, of Thornhill, in Yorkshire; and

HUGH DE TALBOT, the ancestor of the house of Shrewsbury. This personage was made governor of the castle of Plessy, in Essex, by his uncle, Hugh de Gournay, in 1118, who was then in rebellion against Henry the First, and who caused the king's governor to be put to death. Hugh, subsequently, assumed the habit of a monk, and retired into the monastery of Beaubeck, in Normandy, leaving

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three sons, Richard, William, and Hugh; from the eldest of which descended

SIR GILBERT TALBOT, who was summoned to parliament, from 1331 to 1355; and his descendants enjoyed the same honor for nearly a century, when

JOHN TALBOT, the sixth baron, by writ, was appointed (in 1414) lord lieutenant of Ireland, in which important station he continued for seven years. He, subsequently, distinguished himself in the French wars of Henry the Fifth; but his great renown was acquired in the reign of Henry the Sixth, with the regent (John, Duke of) Bedford, upon the French soil, when his name became terrible to the French, in consequence of the various successful expeditions which he conducted against them. He was attacked, however, by the maid of Orleans, at Patay, in 1429, and his army being entirely routed, he became captive to the enterprising and enthusiastic heroine. Having obtained his liberty, by bribing Ambrose de Lore, a celebrated French captain, and continuing to distinguish himself in arms, he was created, on the 20th of May, 1442, Earl of Shrewsbury. His lordship was, subsequently, re-nominated lord-lieutenant of Ireland, and elevated to the peerage of that kingdom, on the 17th of July, 1446, as Earl of Waterford and Wexford. This celebrated general, being again engaged in foreign warfare, advanced to the relief of Chastillon, and giving the besieging French army battle, on the 20th of July, 1453, in the eightieth year of his age, received a wound in the thigh, which proved immediately mortal. His lordship was said to have been victorious in forty different battles and dangerous skirmishes. He was succeeded by his son,

JOHN, from whom the family honors passed, with little deviation in the succession, to

CHARLES, the twelfth earl, *b.* in 1660, who was created, on the 30th April, 1694, Marquess of Alton, in the county of Stafford; and Duke of Shrewsbury; and installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. His grace was a prominent statesman, in the reigns of William and Mary, Queen Anne, and King George the First; and filled some of the highest official situations. He *d.* on the 1st of February, O. S., 1717-18, and leaving no issue, the dukedom and marquesate expired, but the earldom, &c., devolved upon his cousin,

THE REVEREND GILBERT TALBOT, a clergyman of the church of Rome, grandson of the tenth earl, through his son, the Honorable Gilbert Talbot. This nobleman dying, of course, unmarried, in 1743, the honors descended to his nephew,

GEORGE TALBOT, esq., *b.* 11th of December 1719, eldest son of the deceased earl's brother, George, by Mary, daughter of Thomas, Viscount Fitzwilliam, of the kingdom of Ireland. His lordship *m.* 21st of November, 1753, Elizabeth, daughter of John, seventh Lord Dormer, by whom he had no issue. He *d.* in 1787, when the peerage reverted to his nephew, Charles Talbot, esq. the present earl, son of his next brother, the Honorable Charles Talbot, by Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Alwyn, esq., of Trayford, in the county of Essex.

Motto, in English,

Ready to perform.

Town Residence—7, Great Stanhope-street.

Country Seats—Heythrop, Oxfordshire; Grafton, Worcestershire; and Alton Abbey, in the county of Stafford.

SHUCKBURGH, SIR FRANCIS, baronet,

of Shuckburgh, in the county of Warwick; inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 21st of July, 1809.

Lineage.

This very ancient Warwickshire family has been settled at Shuckburgh, and has borne that surname, since the beginning of the twelfth century.

JOHN SHUCKBURGH, esq., (son of Sir John Shuckburgh, knight, who was knighted for his gallantry, under the royal banner, at the battle of Edgehill, and who, subsequently, made a most heroic stand upon Shuckburgh Hill, against the parliamentarians,) was created a baronet, soon after the restoration of the monarchy, on the 26th of June, 1660, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR CHARLES, *b.* 1659; *m.* first, Catharine, daughter of Sir Hugh Stukeley, baronet, of Hinton, by whom he had a son and two daughters; and secondly, Diana, daughter of Richard, Lord Willoughby de Broke, by whom he had three sons and five daughters. Sir Charles *d.* in 1705, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who was succeeded, in 1724, by his only son,

SIR STUKELEY. This gentleman *d.* without issue, in 1759, when the title reverted to his cousin,

SIR CHARLES, grandson of the second baronet, through his second son, Charles, who *d.* also without issue, (in 1773,) and was succeeded by his nephew,

SIR GEORGE-AUGUSTUS-WILLIAM. This gentleman, who was distinguished by his scientific researches, *m.* first, in 1782, Sarah-Johanna, daughter of John Draper, esq., of Gayton, in the county of Northampton, who *d.* without issue; and secondly, in 1785, Julia-Arabella, daughter and sole heiress of James Evelyn, esq., of Fellbridge, in the county of Surrey, by whom he had an only daughter, Julia, who *m.* in 1810, the Honorable Charles-Cope Jenkinson, brother to the present Earl of Liverpool, and *d.* in 1814. Sir George, on the demise of his father-in-law, in 1793, assumed the name of Evelyn. He *d.* in 1804, and leaving no male issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR STUKELEY, who *m.* Miss C. Tydd, by whom he had issue Francis, the present baronet; with two other sons, and three daughters. The eldest daughter, Charlotte-Anne, met a melancholy fate, being shot to death, in Shuckburgh Park, on the 26th of March, 1809, by a Mr. Sharp, a lieutenant of the Bedford militia, in a fit of derangement, who put himself to death immediately afterwards, in the

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same manner. Sir Stukeley *d.* on the 21st of July, in the same year.

Motto, in English,

This hand for my country.

Country Seat—Shuckburgh Park, in the county of Warwick.

SIDMOUTH, VISCOUNT, (Henry Addington,) of Sidmouth, in the county of Devon; *b.* in 1757; *m.* first, Ursula-Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Leonard Hammond, esq., of Cheam, in the county of Surrey, by whom he has issue William-Leonard, a clergyman of the church of England, (who *m.* in 1820, Mary, daughter of the Rev. John Young;) and four daughters. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1823, the Hon. Marianne Townsend, relict of Thomas Townsend, esq., of Honington, in the county of Warwick, and daughter of William, Lord Stowell, by whom he has no child. This nobleman, the eldest son of Anthony Addington, esq., M.D., by Mary, daughter of the Reverend Haviland-John Hiley, having been chosen speaker of the house of commons, in 1796, and being subsequently placed at the head of an administration, obtained his peerage by creation upon retiring from office, on the 12th January, 1805. His lordship has, since that period, filled the office of secretary of state for the home department, but is not at present a member of the government. He is high steward of Westminster and Reading, ranger of Richmond Park, and recorder of Devizes.

Motto, in English,

Liberty under a pious king.

Town Residence—16, Dover-street.

Country Seat—Richmond Park, Surrey.

SILCHESTER, BARON, (Thomas Pakenham,) of Silchester, in the county of Southampton, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; creation of 17th July, 1821.

See, Earl of Longford.

SILVESTER-CARTERET, SIR PHILIP, baronet, of Yardley, in the county of Essex; succeeded to the title upon the demise of his maternal uncle, on the 30th of May, 1822, and assumed, by royal permission, the surname and arms of Silvester, in addition to, and after, those of his paternal family, "Carteret." Sir Philip is a companion of the Bath, and an officer of rank in the royal navy.

Lineage.

JOHN SILVESTER, esq., recorder of the city of London, was created a baronet on the 20th of May, 1815; and, by a second patent, on the 11th February, 1822, with remainder to the son of his only sister, Mary-Rachael, by her husband, Rear-Admiral Carteret. Sir John *m.* in 1793, Harriet, daughter of the Reverend Owen Davis, but, dying without issue, on the 30th of May, 1822, the title devolved, according to the limitation, upon his nephew, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Yardley House, Chingford, Essex.

SIMEON, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Grazely, in the county of Berks, inherited the title at the demise of his father, in February, 1824; *m.* Louisa, eldest daughter of John Barrington, esq., of Calborn, in the Isle of Wight; by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

JOHN SIMEON, esq., senior master of the court of chancery, was created a baronet on the 22nd of May, 1815. Sir John *m.* Rebecca, eldest daughter of John Cornwall, esq., of Hendon House, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he left issue Richard, present baronet; with two other sons, and three daughters. He *d.* in 1824.

Motto, in English,

By obeying.

Country Seat—Grazely, in the county of Berks.

SINCLAIR, BARON, (Charles St. Clair,) in the peerage of Scotland; *b.* in 1768; obtained a confirmation of his right to the barony from parliament on the 25th of April, 1782; *m.* first, in 1802, Mary-Agnes, daughter of James Chisholme, esq., of Chisholme, by whom he has issue James, *b.* in 1803; with three other sons, and a daughter; and, secondly, in 1816, Isabella, youngest daughter of Alexander Chatto, esq., of Mainhouse, in the county of Roxburgh, by whom he has a son, *b.* 12th July, 1820.

This being a barony of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present baron sits as one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This noble family, and the Sinclairs, Earls of Caithness, are descended from a common ancestor, namely, William, Earl of Orkney and Caithness; whose grandson,

HENRY SINCLAIR, esq., was created Baron Sinclair, on the 26th of January, 1488. His lordship fell at Floddenfield, on the 9th of September, 1513, and was succeeded by his only son,

WILLIAM, who *d.* in 1601, and was succeeded, in turn, by his three grandsons,

HENRY, JAMES, and PATRICK, } the two elder of whom *d.* unmarried, but the youngest was succeeded by his son,

JOHN. This nobleman had an only daughter, Catherine, who *m.* John St. Clair, esq., of Hermandstown, and had, with other children,

HENRY, who succeeded to the barony at the decease of his grandfather, in 1676. This nobleman obtained a new patent, in 1677, to extend the limitation, in default of male issue, to the nearest heirs whatsoever of his father. His lordship *d.* in 1723, leaving five sons and five daughters, none of whom succeeded to the barony, in consequence of the attainder of the eldest son, John, Master of Sinclair, in 1715, and the title remained in abeyance until 1766, when it devolved upon

CHARLES SINCLAIR, esq., of Hermandstown, first

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cousin of John, the seventh baron; but he neither claimed nor assumed the honor. He *d.* in 1775, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

ANDREW SINCLAIR, esq., who, following the example of his father, neither claimed nor assumed the title. He *m.* in 1763, Elizabeth, daughter of John Rutherford, esq., of Edzarstown, by whom he had issue Charles, the present lord; Matthew, a naval officer, who was lost at sea, in 1800; and a daughter. Mr. Sinclair *d.* in 1776, when his only son, Charles, preferred his claim to the dormant barony, and had it acknowledged by parliament, on the 25th of April, 1782.

Motto,
Fight.

Country Seat—Dysert Castle, Fifeshire.

SINCLAIR, THE RIGHT HONORABLE SIR JOHN, baronet, of Ulbster, in the county of Caithness; *b.* in 1755; *m.* first, in 1776, Sarah, daughter of Alexander Maitland, esq., of Stoke Newington, by whom he has one surviving daughter, Janet, the wife of Sir James Colquhoun, bart. Sir John *m.* secondly, in 1788, Diana, youngest daughter of Alexander, late Lord Mac-Donald, and sister of the present lord, by whom he has issue George, *b.* 28th of August, 1790; with five other sons, and six daughters. This gentleman, descended from a branch of the noble house of Sinclair, Earls of Caithness, was created a baronet on the 4th of February, 1786, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the male descendants of his daughters, respectively. Sir John Sinclair, who has distinguished himself as a political economist, is cashier of the excise office in Scotland; D.C.L.; F.R. and A.S.

Country Seat—Thurso, Caithnesshire.

SITWELL, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Reinshaw, in the county of Derby, inherited the title at the decease of his father, in July, 1814; *m.* in 1818, Susan, eldest daughter of Crawfurd Tait, esq., of Harvieston, by whom he has issue a son, *b.* 5th of October, 1820.

Lineage.

SITWELL SITWELL, esq., eldest son of Francis Hurst, esq., (who assumed, by royal permission, the surname and arms of Sitwell, upon succeeding to the estates of his maternal uncle, William Sitwell, esq., of Reinshaw,) by Mary, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Warnford, of York, was created a baronet on the 3rd of October, 1808. He *m.* first, Alice, daughter of Thomas Parke, esq., of Hughfield House, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had issue George, the present baronet; with another son, and a daughter: and, secondly, Sarah-Caroline, youngest daughter of James Stovin, esq., of Whitgifts Hall, in the county of York, by whom he had an only surviving daughter, Anne-Elizabeth, the wife of Sir Frederick Stovin, K.C.B. Sir Sitwell *d.* in 1814.

Country Seat—Reinshaw, Derbyshire.

SKEFFINGTON, SIR LUMLEY-ST.-GEORGE, baronet, of Skeffington Hall, in the county of Leicester; *b.* in 1768; inherited the title at the decease of his father, in January, 1815.

Lineage.

WILLIAM-CHARLES FARREL, esq., eldest surviving son of William Farrel, esq., an officer in the guards, by Mary, only child and heiress of Richard Arnold, esq., and grandson of William Farrel, esq., and his wife, Bridget Skeffington, a co-heiress, assumed, by royal license, in 1772, the surname and arms of Skeffington, and was created a baronet on the 10th of June, 1786. He *m.* in 1765, Catharine-Josepha, eldest daughter of Michael Hubbert, esq., of Teneriffe, by whom he left issue an only surviving son, Lumley-St.-George, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Skeffington Hall, in the county of Leicester.

SKIPWITH, SIR GREY, baronet, of Prestwould, in the county of Leicester; *m.* in 1801, Harriet, third daughter of Gore Townsend, esq., of Honington, in the county of Warwick, by whom he has issue Thomas-George, *b.* 9th February, 1803; with four other sons, and six daughters; succeeded to the title on the 9th of October, 1805.

Lineage.

This baronetcy ranks amongst the oldest, being conferred, on the 20th of December, 1622, upon

SIR HENRY SKIPWITH, knt., (lineally descended from Robert d'Estoteville, who was Baron of Cottingham, in the reign of William the Conqueror.) This gentleman *m.* Miss Kempe, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Kempe, knt., by whom he had four sons and two daughters. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY, who *d.* unmarried, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR GREY. This gentleman emigrated to Virginia, in North America, during the usurpation of Cromwell, where he *d.* and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR WILLIAM, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GREY. This gentleman *d.* in Virginia, and was succeeded by

SIR WILLIAM, who continued to reside at Virginia, and dying, in 1764, was succeeded by

SIR PEYTON, at whose demise, in Virginia, on the 9th of October, 1805, the title devolved upon Sir Grey, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Hampton-Lucy, near Stratford-upon-Avon.

SLIGO, MARQUESS OF, (Howe-Peter Browne,) Earl of Altamont; Viscount Westport, of Westport, in the county of Mayo, and Baron Monteagle, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Monteagle, of Westport, in the county of Mayo, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* 18th May, 1788; inherited the family honors at the

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decease of his father, on the 2nd of January, 1809; *m.* in February, 1816, Lady Hester-Catharine De Burgh, eldest daughter of John-Thomas, late Earl of Clanricarde, and sister of the present Marquess of Clanricarde, by whom he has issue the Earl of Altamont, *b.* 31st of January, 1820; with two other sons, and an elder daughter, Lady Louisa-Catharine, *b.* 2nd of December, 1816. The Marquess of Sligo is a knight of the most illustrious Order of St. Patrick, and a governor of the county of Mayo.

Lineage.

This noble family, and that of Browne, Earls of Kilmaine, are descended from a common progenitor, namely, Sir John Browne, of the Neale, in the county of Mayo, (created a baronet on the 17th June, 1636.) The great-grandson of this gentleman (through his second son, John,)

JOHN BROWNE, esq., was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 10th of September, 1760, by the title of Baron Monteagle, of Westport, in the county of Mayo; created, on the 24th of August, 1768, Viscount Westport; and advanced to the earldom of Altamont, on the 4th of December, 1771; *m.* in 1729, Anne, daughter of Sir Arthur Gore, bart., and sister of Arthur, first Earl of Arran, by whom he had six sons. His lordship *d.* in 1776, and was succeeded by the eldest,

PETER, who *m.* in 1752, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Chief Justice Kelly, of the island of Jamaica, by whom he had issue John Denis, his successor; Denis, a privy councillor in Ireland, *b.* in 1763; with two other sons and five daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1780, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN DENIS. This nobleman *m.* in 1787, Lady Louisa-Catharine Howe, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Admiral Richard Earl Howe, by whom he had an only son, Howe-Peter, the present peer. His lordship was created Marquess of Sligo, in Ireland, on the 29th of December, 1800, and enrolled amongst the peers of the empire at large, as Baron Monteagle, of Westport, in the county of Mayo, on the 20th of February, 1806.

Motto, in English,
Follow reason.

Country Seat—Westport House, Castlebar, Ireland.

SMIJTH, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Hill Hall, in the county of Essex; *b.* 6th February, 1781; inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 1st of May, 1823.

Lineage.

THOMAS SMIJTH, esq., of Hill Hall, was created a baronet, on the 28th of November, 1661. He *m.* first, Johanna, daughter of Sir Edward Altham, knt., of Mark Hall, by whom he had eleven sons and two daughters; and, secondly, Beatrice, relict of Sir John Lloyd, knt., and daughter of Francis, Viscount Valentia, by whom he had no child. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1668, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

SIR EDWARD, who *d.* in 1713, and from whom the title passed, with little interruption in the line of descent, to

SIR WILLIAM, the seventh baronet, *b.* 23rd of April, 1746; succeeded his father, on the 25th of January, 1777; *m.* in 1779, Anne, only daughter of John-Windham Bowyer, esq., of Waghen, in the county of York, by whom he left issue Thomas, the present baronet; John, a captain in the royal navy; Edward, a clergyman of the established church; Joseph; Charlotte; and Caroline, the wife of Augustus-James Champion de Crespigny, esq. Sir William *d.* in 1823.

Country Seat—Hill Hall, Essex.

SMITH, SIR JOHN-WYLDBORE, baronet, of Sydling St. Nicholas, in the county of Dorset; *b.* 19th May, 1770; *m.* in May, 1797, Elizabeth-Anne, second daughter and co-heiress of the Reverend Doctor James Marriott, of Horsmonden, in the county of Kent, by whom he has issue John-James, *b.* 10th April, 1800; William-Marriott; with four other sons, and two daughters. Sir John succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 13th of November, 1807.

Lineage.

JOHN SMITH, esq., *b.* 10th of April, 1744, was created a baronet on the 3rd of May, 1774; *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Robert Curtis, esq., of Wilsthorpe, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he had surviving issue John-Wyldbore, the present baronet; Elizabeth; and Amelia, the wife of the Honorable Richard-George Quin. Sir John *m.* secondly, Anna-Eleanora, eldest daughter of Thomas Morland, esq., of Court Lodge, in the county of Kent, by whom he had no child.

Sir John Smith inherited, when an infant, the large property of his relative, Alderman Sir William Smith, knt., of the city of London.

Motto, in English,
Always faithful.

Country Seat—Sydling House, Dorsetshire.

SMITH, SIR CULLING, baronet, of Hadley, in the county of Middlesex; *b.* in 1769; *m.* in 1792, Charlotte-Elizabeth, second daughter of Sampson, Lord Eardley, by whom he has issue Charlotte-Elizabeth, *b.* 24th of October, 1793; and Louisa-Selina, *b.* 21st of January, 1800. Sir Cullen inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 19th of October, 1812.

Lineage.

CULLING SMITH, esq., second and eldest surviving son of Thomas Smith, esq., a merchant of London, by Culling, sister and co-heiress of John Horne, esq. governor of Bombay, was created a baronet, on the 22nd of December, 1802. He *m.* Mary, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Burrows, by whom he left an only surviving child, Culling, the present baronet. Sir Culling *d.* in 1812.

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Motto, in English,
Hope is honor and strength.

Country Seats—Hadley, Middlesex; and Bedwell Park, Herts.

SMITH, SIR CHRISTOPHER-SIDNEY, baronet, of Eardiston, in the county of Worcester; inherited the title at the demise of his father, in November, 1821; *m.* in 1822, Mary, daughter of the late Reverend R. Foley.

Lineage.

WILLIAM SMITH, esq., eldest son of Thomas Smith, esq., of Barwaston, in the county of Salop, was created a baronet, on the 23rd of September, 1809. He *m.* in 1780, Mary, daughter of Edward Wheeler, esq., of Lambswick, in the county of Worcester, by whom he had issue Christopher-Sidney, the present baronet; and a daughter, Cecilia-Maria, who *m.* V. W. Wheeler, esq., of Nash Court. Sir William *d.* in 1821.

Country Seat—Eardiston, Worcestershire.

SMITH, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Tring Park, in the county of Hants; succeeded to the title upon the demise of Sir Drummond Smith, on the 22nd of January, 1816; *m.* Augusta, daughter of Joshua Smith, esq., of Stoke Park, in the county of Wilts.

Lineage.

DRUMMOND SMITH, esq., son of John Smith, esq., a merchant of London, by Mary, daughter of Griffin Ransom, esq., of Lambeth, was created a baronet, on the 11th of June, 1804, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the male descendants of Charles Smith, esq., of Suttons, and dying childless, in 1816, was succeeded, according to the aforesaid limitation, by Charles Smith, esq., the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
By war and wit.

Country Seat—Suttons, Essex.

SMITH, SIR DAVID-WILLIAM, baronet, of Preston, in the county of Northumberland; *b.* 4th September, 1764; *m.* first, Anne, eldest daughter of the late John O'Reilly, esq., of Ballykilchrist, (now Anne's-ville,) in the county of Longford, by whom he has surviving issue Mary-Elizabeth, *b.* 18th February, 1793, the wife of Charles Tylee, esq.; Sarah; and Anne; and, secondly, in 1803, Mary, youngest daughter of the late John Tylee, esq., of Devizes, by whom he has an only daughter, Hannah.

This gentleman, who was early in life a military officer, having settled at Canada, filled several high official stations in that colony, and was finally placed as speaker in the chair of the house of assembly. He returned to his native country, and was created a baronet, on the 30th of August, 1821.

Motto, in English,
For king and country.

Over the crest—Canada.

Country Seat—Preston, in the county of Northumberland.

SMYTH, SIR GEORGE-HENRY, baronet, of Upton, in the county of Essex; *b.* 30th of January, 1784; inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 12th of April, 1802; *m.* in 1815, Miss Elmore, of Penton, in the county of Hants, by whom he has no issue.

Lineage.

ROBERT SMYTH, esq., of Upton, was created a baronet, on the 30th of March, 1665. He *m.* Judith, daughter of Nicholas Walmesley, esq., and niece of lord chief-justice Walmesley, by whom he had three sons and four daughters. Sir Robert *d.* in 1669, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT, from whom the title passed, through father and son, to

SIR ROBERT, the fifth baronet, who inherited in 1765, and was cousin to his predecessor. This gentleman *m.* Miss Blake, by whom he left George-Henry, the present baronet; and a daughter, the wife of Lambton Este, esq. Sir Robert *d.* in 1802.

Country Seat—Bere-Church Hall, Essex.

SMYTH, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Long Ashton, in the county of Somerset; *b.* 9th of February, 1776; inherited the title, at the demise of his brother, on the 28th of January, 1824.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient family, originally of the county of Gloucester, where it was seated, (at Ayleberton, in the Forest of Dean,) so far back as the beginning of the fifteenth century, but now, and for nearly three centuries past, of Long Ashton, in the county of Somerset. The honor of a baronetcy has been twice conferred upon its distinguished members; first, in 1661, on

SIR HUGH SMYTH, K.B., with whose grandson,

SIR JOHN SMYTH, the title expired, for want of male descendants, in 1741; but the estates descended to Sir John's sisters. The youngest of which,

FLORENCE, relict of John Pigot, esq., by whom she had no issue, married

JARRIT SMYTH, esq., who was created a baronet, on the 27th of January, 1763. This gentleman *d.* in 1783, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR HUGH, who *m.* in 1757, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Henry Woolnough, esq., of Pucklechurch, in the county of Gloucester, but dying without issue, in 1802, the title and fortune passed to his nephew,

SIR HUGH, (eldest son of Thomas Smyth, esq., of Stapleton, by Jane, only daughter and heiress of Joseph Whitchurch, esq.) This gentleman *m.* in 1797, Margaret, daughter of the Right Reverend Christopher (Wilson), Lord Bishop of Bristol, by whom he had no issue; and dying in 1824, the title and estates devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
He who takes, is taken.

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Country Seats—Long Ashton, near Bristol; and Pucklechurch, in the county of Gloucester.

SMYTH-CARMICHAEL, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Nutwood, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 22nd of February, 1780; *m.* in 1816, Harriett, only child of the late General Morse, by whom he has issue James-Robert, *b.* 11th of June, 1817.

This gentleman, (only son of James Carmichael, esq., who assumed the surname and arms of Smyth, in addition to those of his paternal family, upon succeeding to the estates of his maternal grandfather, James Smyth, esq., of Atherny,) having attained the rank of colonel in the army, and being appointed aid-de-camp to the king, was created a baronet, on the 27th of August, 1821.

Motto, in English,
Always ready.

Country Seat—Nutwood, Surrey.

SMYTHE, SIR EDWARD-JOSEPH, baronet, of Eshe Hall, in the county of Durham; *b.* in 1787; *m.* in 1809, Frances, daughter of Sir Edward Bellew, of Barmeath, in the county of Louth, a baronet of Ireland, by whom he has a son, *b.* in September, 1812; and two daughters. Sir Edward inherited the title at the decease of his father, in April, 1811.

Lineage.

EDWARD SMYTHE, esq., of Eshe Hall, was created a baronet, on the 23rd of February, 1660, and was succeeded, alternately, by his two sons,

SIR RICHARD and SIR JOHN, who both died in the year 1730, within a few months of each other. Sir John having married Constantia, daughter of George Blunt, esq., was succeeded by the eldest of two sons,

SIR EDWARD. This gentleman *m.* twice: first, Mary, daughter of Peter Giffard, esq., by whom he had an only son, Edward, his successor; and, secondly, Mary, daughter of Hugh, third Lord Clifford, and aunt of the present lord, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. Sir Edward was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD, who *m.* in 1781, Miss Holford, only daughter and heiress of Peter Holford, esq., of Wooton Hall, in the county of Warwick, by whom he had an only son, Edward-Joseph, the present baronet. Sir Edward *d.* in 1811.

Motto, in English,
Always faithful to the king.

Country Seats—Eshe Hall, near Durham; Acton Burnell, Shropshire; and Wooton Hall, in the county of Warwick.

SOAME-HERNE-BUCKWORTH, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Sheen, in the county of Surrey; *b.* in 1794; *m.* Susan, daughter of —— Simperingham, esq., of Cambridge, by whom he has issue three sons; Peter, John, a clergyman of the established church; and Charles: succeeded to the title at the demise of his father, on the 21st of January, 1822, and assumed the surname and arms of Soame, by royal licence, in addition to, and after, those of his own family, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of the late Sir Peter Soame, baronet, of Heydon House, in the county of Essex, a baronetcy now extinct.

Lineage.

The original surname of this family was Buckworth, and the baronetcy was conferred, on the 1st of April, 1697, upon

JOHN BUCKWORTH, esq., (son and heir of Alderman Sir John Buckworth, knight, of the city of London, wherein he was an eminent and opulent merchant.) This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of —— Hall, esq., a merchant, also, of London, by whom, at his demise, in 1702, he left two sons,

SIR JOHN and SIR EVERARD, successive baronets. The former *d.* in 1756; the latter (who was assistant gentleman-usher to the king) in 1779, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR JOHN, who *d.* unmarried in 1801, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR EVERARD. This gentleman *m.* Miss Herne, daughter of the late Paston Herne, esq., of Hevesland Hall, in the county of Norfolk; and assumed, in consequence, the surname of Herne, in addition to that of Buckworth. He had issue John, the present baronet; and two daughters. Sir Everard Buckworth-Herne *d.* in 1822.

Country Seat—Heydon House, Essex.

SOMERS, EARL, (John-Somers Cocks,) Viscount Eastnor, of Eastnor Castle, in the county of Hereford; Lord Somers, Baron of Evesham, in the county of Worcester; and a baronet; *b.* 6th of May, 1760; *m.* in 1785, Margaret, only daughter of the Rev. Dr. Treadway Nash, by whom he has issue John Somers, Viscount Eastnor, *b.* 19th of March, 1783, (*m.* in 1815, Lady Caroline-Harriet York, daughter of Philip, present Earl of Hardwicke); James-Somers, a clergyman of the established church, *b.* 9th of January, 1790; and Margaret-Maria, *b.* 6th of August, 1791. His lordship inherited the barony and baronetcy, at the demise of his father, on the 30th of January, 1806; and obtained the viscounty and earldom, by creation, on the 17th of July, 1821.

Lord Somers is recorder of Gloucester, and High Steward of Hereford.

Lineage.

This nobleman is descended maternally from John, Lord Somers, who became so illustrious as lord chancellor of England; and who *d.* in 1716, without issue, when his honors, but not his renown, expired, through his lordship's sister,

MARY, who *m.* Edward Cocks, esq., member of parliament for Worcester, in 1692, and thus became grandmother of

CHARLES COCKS, esq., *b.* 19th of June, 1725;

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created a baronet in 1772; and elevated to the peerage on the 17th of May, 1784, as Lord Somers, Baron of Evesham, in the county of Worcester. His lordship *m.* first in 1759, Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Eliot, esq., of Port Eliot, in the county of Cornwall, by whom he left issue John-Somers, the present earl; and two daughters. He *m.* secondly, in 1772, Anne, daughter of Reginald Pole, esq., by whom he had Philip-James, an officer of rank in the army; Reginald, who *d.* in 1805, leaving an only son; and Anna-Maria, the wife of Philip York, esq., son of the Right Reverend James, late Bishop of Ely, and cousin of the present Lord Hardwicke. Lord Somers *d.* in 1806.

Motto, in English,
Utility without ostentation.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Castleditch, near Ledbury, Herefordshire.

SOMERSET, DUKE OF, (Edward-Adolphus Seymour,) Baron Seymour, of Hache, in the county of Somerset; and a baronet; D.C.L. and F.R.S.; *b.* 7th of February, 1775; inherited the family honors, at the demise of his father, on the 15th of December, 1793; *m.* in July, 1800, Lady Charlotte Hamilton, second daughter of Archibald, ninth Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, and sister of the present duke, by whom he has issue Edward-Adolphus, Lord Seymour; Archibald-Algernon; and five daughters.

Lineage.

This illustrious family traces its descent to a distinguished house of Normandy, and derives its surname from the place of its abode in that principality, St. Maur, corrupted into Seymour. It deduces its honors, however, more immediately from the Protector,

Sir Edward Seymour, K.G., Earl of Hereford, brother of Lady Jane Seymour, the fifth wife of Henry the Eighth, and, consequently, uncle to the young King, Edward the Sixth; who was created Baron Seymour, of Hache, on the 16th of February, 1547, and Duke of Somerset upon the following day; with remainder, in the first instance, to his male descendants by his second wife, and, afterwards, to those of his first. The ultimate fate of this nobleman was similar to that which usually awaited the aspirants to power in the era in which he lived. After reaching the summit of his ambition, and grasping the sceptre of unlimited authority, which he swayed during the two first years of his nephew's minority, with all the attributes of royalty, and with all its exterior symbols, he was hurled from his invidious pre-eminence by the arm of one of his own most confidential counsellors, Dudley, Earl of Warwick, Duke of Northumberland, and brought to the block upon Tower-hill, on the 22d of January, 1522. His grace being attainted, his honors, of course, became forfeited; but they were restored to his great grandson,

William Seymour, who succeeded his grandfather, Edward, as Baron Beauchamp and Earl of Hertford, (so created in 1558,) and was created, himself, Marquess of Hertford, in 1640. During the reign of King James the First, this nobleman attempted, without having gained the consent of that monarch, to marry Arabella Stuart, first cousin to the king, and was, in consequence, obliged to fly the kingdom, while the unfortunate lady was committed prisoner to the Tower, where she closed her unhappy life on the 27th of September, 1615. His lordship, subsequently, returning, and taking a most distinguished and gallant part in favor of royalty, during the civil war, was restored to the barony of Seymour and dukedom of Somerset, by the reversal of the attainder of his illustrious ancestor, upon the re-establishment of the monarchy, on the 13th of September, 1660. He *m.* secondly, (if his connexion with Lady Arabella be deemed a marriage,) Lady Frances Devereux, eldest daughter of the accomplished and ill-fated Earl of Essex, by whom he had two sons and three daughters. His grace *d.* within little more than a month of his restoration to the dukedom, on the 24th of October, 1660, and was succeeded by the son of his eldest son, Henry, who *d.* in his father's lifetime, his grandson,

William, at whose demise unmarried, in 1671, the honors devolved upon his uncle,

Lord John Seymour, youngest son of the second duke, who *d.* without issue in 1675, when the marquesate of Hertford expired; but the other honors reverted to his cousin,

Francis Seymour, third Baron Seymour, of Troubridge, (great-grandson of Edward, first Earl of Hertford, through his second son, the Honorable Francis Seymour, created Baron Seymour, of Troubridge, in the county of Wilts, on the 19th of February, 1641.) This nobleman was assassinated at Genoa, in 1678; and dying unmarried, his honors devolved upon his brother,

Charles. His grace *m.* first, Lady Elizabeth Percy, only daughter of Jocelyn, Earl of Northumberland, and sole heiress of that illustrious family, (her ladyship had been married twice previously; first, to Lord Ogle; and secondly, to Thomas Thynne, esq., but had no issue,) by whom he had Algernon, his successor; with two other sons, and four daughters. He *m.* secondly, Lady Charlotte Finch, daughter of Daniel, Earl of Winchelsea, by whom he left three daughters. He *d.* in 1748, at the advanced age of 87, having filled high stations in the courts of Charles the Second, William the Third, and Queen Anne, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

Algernon, who had been summoned to parliament, at the demise of his mother, as Baron Percy. His grace was created Baron Warkworth, of Warkworth, in the county of Northumberland, and Duke of Northumberland, on the 2nd of October, 1749, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his son-in-law, Sir Hugh Smithson, (grandfather to the present Duke of Northumberland; see that title,)

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and his heirs male, by Lady Elizabeth Seymour; and, on the day following, (3rd October) Baron Cockermouth, and Earl of Egremont, both in the county of Cumberland, with remainder to his nephew, Sir Charles Wyndham, baronet, (uncle and predecessor of the present Earl of Egremont; see that title.) His grace *m.* Frances, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Henry Thynne, esq., by whom he had an only son, George, who *d.* in his nineteenth year, in 1744; and an only daughter, Lady Elizabeth, who became, as noticed above, the wife of Sir Hugh Smithson, baronet, of Stanwick, in the county of York. The duke *d.* in 1750, when the earldom of Hertford, the viscounty of Beauchamp, and the barony of Seymour, of Troubridge, expired. The honors obtained by his grace passed according to their respective limitations; and the dukedom of Somerset, with the barony of Seymour, of Hache, reverted to

Sir Edward Seymour, baronet, the lineal descendant of Sir Edward Seymour, knight, eldest son by his first wife, of the Protector, Somerset; the descendants of his grace's second wife, to whom the remaindership, in the *first instance*, was limited, having all expired. This nobleman claimed the dukedom upon the demise of his kinsman, and the attorney-general, Sir Dudley Ryder, reporting in his favor to the crown, he was summoned to parliament on the 23rd of November, 1750, and took his seat accordingly. His grace *m.* in 1716, Mary, daughter of Daniel Webb, esq., of Monckton Farley, in the county of Wilts, heiress of her uncle, Edward Somner, esq., of Seend, in the same county, by whom he had issue Edward, and Webb, successively dukes; William, a barrister at law; Francis, a clergyman of the established church; and Mary, the wife of Vincent Biscoe, esq., of Austin Friars. The duke *d.* in 1757, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Edward, who *d.* unmarried in 1792, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

Lord Webb Seymour. His grace *m.* in 1769, Mary-Anne, daughter and sole heiress of John Bonnell, esq., of Stanton Harcourt, in the county of Oxford, by whom he left issue Edward-Adolphus, the present duke; and another son, Webb-John, who *d.* unmarried in 1819. The duke *d.* on the 14th of December, 1793.

Motto, in English,
Faith for duty.

Town Residence—Park-lane.

Country Seats—Bradley House, Wilts; Farley Park, in the county of Somerset; and Berry Castle, Devon.

SOMERVILLE, LORD, (Mark Somerville,) in the peerage of Scotland; *b.* in 1794; inherited the title, at the demise of his half-brother, on the 5th of October, 1819.

The barony of Somerville being of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

Thomas De Somerville, one of the ambassadors deputed, in 1423, to the court of London, to treat for the ransom of his sovereign, James the First, was created, in 1430, Lord Somerville. He *d.* in 1445, and was succeeded by his son,

William, from whom the title passed, with little interruption in the descent, to

James, the thirteenth lord, whose claim to the ancient barony was confirmed by parliament on the 27th of May, 1723. His lordship *m.* first, in 1724, Anne, only daughter of Henry Bayntun, esq., of Spye Park, in the county of Wilts, and relict of Edward Rolt, esq., of Sacombe Park, in the county of Herts, by whom he had two sons, and two daughters; and secondly, in 1738, Frances, daughter of John Rotherham, esq., by whom he left no child. This nobleman augmented his fortune considerably, by an arrangement with his kinsman, William Somerville, esq., of Eadstone, in the county of Warwick, and of Somerville-Ashton, in the county of Gloucester, the celebrated poet, and author of the "Chase;" representative of the English and elder branch of his lordship's family, by which, in consideration of certain sums applied to the relief of burdens, the poet, who was unmarried, settled the reversions of his estates upon Lord Somerville; and dying in 1742, the baron inherited accordingly. His lordship was succeeded by his eldest son,

James, who *d.* without issue in 1796, when the title reverted to his nephew,

John, son of the Honorable Hugh Somerville, by Elizabeth, daughter of G. Lethbridge, esq., of Westaway, in the county of Devon. This nobleman has transmitted his name to posterity, by the introduction of the breed of Merino sheep, from Lisbon into Great Britain. He *d.* unmarried in 1819, and was succeeded by his half-brother, Mark Somerville, esq., the present baron, who is eldest son of the Honorable Hugh Somerville, mentioned above, by his second wife, Mary, eldest daughter of the Honorable Wriothesley Digby, of Meridew, in the county of Warwick.

Motto,
Fear God in life.

Country Seat—Somerville House, Mid Lothian.

SONDES, BARON, (Lewis-Richard Watson,) of Lees Court, in the county of Kent; *b.* 24th May, 1792; inherited the title, at the demise of his father, on the 20th of June, 1806.

Lineage.

The Honorable Lewis Monson, second son of John, Lord Monson, by Lady Margaret Watson, youngest daughter of the first Earl of Rockingham, having assumed the surname and arms of Watson, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his cousin, Thomas, third and last Earl of Rockingham, Viscount Sondes, &c., upon inheriting his estates, was created a peer of Great Britain, on the 20th of May, 1760, by the title of Baron Sondes, of Lees Court, in the county of Kent. His lordship

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m. in 1752, Frances, second daughter of Henry Pelham, esq., by whom he left three sons. He d. in 1795, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Lewis-Thomas, b. 18th April, 1754; m. in 1785, Mary-Elizabeth, only daughter of Richard Milles, esq., of North Elmham, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he left issue Lewis-Richard, the present peer; George-John, b. 20th January, 1794; Henry, b. 10th August, 1796; Richard, b. 50th June, 1806; and a daughter, Grace, who m. Henry Palmer, esq., second son of Sir John Palmer, baronet, of Carleton. His lordship d. in 1806.

Motto, in English,

Be what you seem to be.

Country Seat—Lees Court, Kent; and Rockingham Castle, Northamptonshire.

SOUTHAMPTON, BARON, (Charles Fitzroy,) of Southampton, in the county of Hants; b. 25th September, 1804; inherited the title, at the demise of his father on the 24th of June, 1810.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the ducal house of Grafton, springing from

Lieutenant-General Charles Fitzroy, second son of the Honorable Augustus Fitzroy, and grandson of Charles, second Duke of Grafton, who was elevated to the peerage on the 17th of October, 1780, as Baron Southampton. His lordship m. in 1758, Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Admiral Sir Peter Warren, by whom he had issue nine sons and four daughters. His lordship d. in 1797, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George-Ferdinand, b. 7th August, 1761; m. first, in 1784, Laura, daughter of the Honorable and Right Reverend Frederick Keppel, Lord Bishop of Exeter, by whom he had an only daughter, b. 28th March, 1785, who m. in 1814, J. H. S. Stapleton, esq. His lordship m. secondly, in 1802, Frances-Isabella, second daughter of Lord Francis Seymour, by whom he had issue Charles, the present baron; Henry, b. 1st May, 1807; and two daughters. Lord Southampton was a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 34th regiment of foot. He d. on the 24th of June, 1810.

Motto, in English,

The reward and ornament of virtue.

Country Seat—Fitzroy-place, Middlesex.

SOUTHWELL, VISCOUNT, (Thomas-Anthony Southwell,) Baron Southwell, of Castle Mattress, in the county of Limerick; and a baronet of Ireland; b. 25th of February, 1777; m. in 1799, Jane, second daughter of John Berkeley, esq., of Hindlip, in the county of Worcester, by whom he has issue Thomas-Arthur, b. 22nd of October, 1801; Sophia-Catharine, b. 9th of February, 1803; and Laura, b. 17th of November, 1805.

The honors of the house of Southwell being of Ireland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is excluded from the representative peerage, in consequence of being a Roman Catholic.

Lineage.

This noble family was of great antiquity in the county of Nottingham, where it flourished until the reign of Henry the Sixth, when it removed into Norfolk and Suffolk. From the latter county,

John Southwell, esq. emigrated to Ireland, in the reign of James the First, and was grandfather of

Thomas Southwell, esq., who was created a baronet of Ireland, in 1662. Sir Thomas was succeeded by his son,

Sir Thomas. This gentleman was elevated to the peerage on the 4th of September, 1717, as Baron Southwell. His lordship d. in 1720, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Thomas, who m. in 1719, Mary, eldest daughter of Thomas Coke, esq., of Melbourne, in the county of Derby, and dying in 1760, was succeeded by his son,

Thomas-George, b. 4th May, 1721; created Viscount Southwell on the 15th of July, 1776; m. in 1741, Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Arthur-Cecil Hamilton, esq., of Castle Hamilton. His lordship d. in 1780, and was succeeded by his son,

Thomas-Arthur, b. in 1742. This nobleman m. in 1774, Sophia-Maria-Josepha, third daughter of Francis-Joseph Walsh, Count of Serrant, by whom he left issue Thomas-Anthony, the present viscount; Charles, b. 17th March, 1779, an officer in the army; Arthur, b. 6th February, 1789; Margaret, present Viscountess Gormanston; and Paulina, the wife of Richard-Cadel O'Farrel, esq., of Harbourstown, in the county of Meath. His lordship d. in 1796.

Motto, in English,

A knight not badly known.

Country Seat—Castle Mattress.

SPENCER, EARL, (George-John Spencer,) Viscount Althorp; Viscount Spencer, and Baron Spencer, of Althorp, in the county of Northampton; b. 1st September, 1758; m. in 1781, Lady Lavinia Bingham, daughter of Charles, first earl of Lucan, and sister of the present earl, by whom he has issue John-Charles, Viscount Althorp, b. 30th May, 1782, (m. in 1814, Esther, only daughter and heiress of Richard Acklom, esq., of Wyston Hall, in the county of Nottingham, who d. in June, 1818;) Robert-Cavendish, b. 24th October, 1791; Frederick, a naval officer of rank, b. in April, 1798; George, b. in December, 1799; and Sarah, b. 29th July, 1787, the wife of the Honorable William-Henry Lyttleton. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family, at the decease of his father, on the 31st of October, 1783. Earl Spencer is a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, high steward of St. Albans, a governor of the Charter-house, and a fellow of the Royal Society, and of the Society of Arts.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Spencer,

earls of Sunderland, (now dukes of Marlborough,) springing from

THE HONORABLE JOHN SPENCER, (third son of Charles, the third earl, by Anne, daughter and co-heiress of John Churchill, the celebrated Duke of Marlborough;) whose eldest son, by Lady Georgina-Carolina Cartaret, third daughter of John, Earl Granville,

JOHN SPENCER, esq., was created, on the 3rd of April, 1761, Viscount Spencer, and Baron Spencer, of Althorp, in the county of Northampton, and advanced, on the 1st of November, 1765, to the viscounty of Althorp, and earldom of Spencer. His lordship *m.* in December, 1755, Margaret-Georgiana, eldest daughter of Stephen Poyntz, esq., of Midgeham, in the county of Berks, by whom he left issue George-John, the present earl; and two daughters, namely, Georgiana, *b.* 9th of June, 1757, who *m.* in 1774, William, late Duke of Devonshire, and *d.* in 1806; and Henrietta-Frances. The earl *d.* in 1783.

Motto, in English,

God defends the right.

Town Residence—27, St. James's-place.

Country Seats—Althorp, in the county of Northampton; Wimbledon, Surrey; and Westfield House, in the Isle of Wight.

STAFFORD, MARQUESS OF, (George-Granville-Levison Gower,) Earl Gower; Viscount Trentham, of Trentham, in the county of Stafford; Baron Gower, of Sittenham, in the county of York; and a baronet; *b.* 9th January, 1758; *m.* in 1785, Elizabeth, Countess of Sutherland, and Baroness of Strathnaver, in her own right, by whom he has issue George-Granville, Earl Gower, *b.* 6th of August, 1786; *m.* 28th May, 1823, Harriet, daughter of the present Earl of Carlisle; Francis, *b.* in 1799; Charlotte, *b.* 8th June, 1788, *m.* in 1814, Henry, Earl of Surrey; and Elizabeth, who *m.* in 1819, Richard, Viscount Belgrave. His lordship, who had been summoned to parliament, as Baron Gower, in the life-time of his father, the late marquess, inherited the family honors, at the demise of that nobleman, on the 26th of October, 1803. The Marquess of Stafford is a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, recorder of Stafford, and, in right of his marchioness, high-sheriff of the county of Sutherland.

Lineage.

All our antiquaries coincide in attaching a long and illustrious line of ancestors to this noble family, and in giving it an Anglo-Saxon origin; but they differ as to the identity of its founder; some tracing that honor to Sir Allan Gower, Lord of Sittenham, in Yorkshire, and high-sheriff of the county at the period of the Conquest; while others name William Fitz-Guhyer, of Sittenham, who was charged with a mark for his lands in the sheriff's accounts, Anno Domini, 1167. In more than a hundred years afterwards, (towards the close of the thirteenth century,) we find Sir John Gower was one of the persons of note summoned to be at Carlisle, with horse and arms, on the feast of the nativity of St. John the Baptist, to march against the Scots; and again, in the following year, the same personage is summoned, for a like purpose, to proceed to Berwick. From that period, there can be no doubt of the family's continuing to maintain its high rank amongst the gentry of the country, for it appears to have been amongst the first raised to the dignity of baronet after the institution of the order; that honor being conferred, on the 2nd of June, 1620, upon

SIR THOMAS GOWER, knight, of Sittenham, who was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* twice: first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Howard, of Naworth Castle, who *d.* without issue; and secondly, Frances, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Leveson, knt., of Haling, in Kent, and of Lilleshul, in the county of Salop, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He was succeeded by the son of his eldest son, his grandson,

SIR THOMAS, who *d.* unmarried, on the 28th of October, 1689, when the title reverted to his uncle,

SIR WILLIAM LEVESON. This gentleman was adopted by his uncle, Sir Richard Leveson, of Trentham, in Staffordshire, knight of the Bath, who bequeathed him his entire estate. Sir William *m.* Lady Jane Granville, eldest daughter of John, Earl of Bath, (and, eventually, one of the co-heiresses of her nephew, William-Henry, with whom that peerage expired in 1711,) by whom he had three sons and two daughters, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN LEVESON, who was advanced to the peerage, as Baron Gower, of Sittenham, in the county of York, on the 16th of March, 1703. His lordship *m.* Lady Catherine Manners, daughter of John, first Duke of Rutland, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. He *d.* on the 10th of September, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN. This nobleman was nominated lord privy seal, and sworn of the privy council, in 1742; and having, subsequently, twice filled the high office of one of the lords justices, during the king's absence, he was created, on the 8th of July, 1746, Viscount Trentham, of Trentham, in the county of Stafford, and Earl Gower. His lordship *m.* first, in 1712, Lady Evelyn Pierrepoint, third daughter of Evelyn, Duke of Kingston, by whom he had four sons and seven daughters; secondly, in 1733, Penelope, daughter of Sir John Stonehouse, bart., and relict of Sir Henry Atkins, bart., by whom he had no surviving issue: and, thirdly, Mary, relict of Anthony, Earl Harold, and daughter of Thomas, Earl of Thanet, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. The earl *d.* on the 25th of December, 1754, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GRANVILLE, who *m.* first, in 1744, Elizabeth, daughter of Nicholas Fazakerly, esq., of Prescot, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had no surviving issue: secondly, in 1748, Lady Louisa Egerton, daughter of Scroope, first Duke of Bridgewater,

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by whom he had issue George-Granville, the present marquess; and three daughters: and, thirdly, in 1768, Lady Susanna Stewart, daughter of John, Earl of Galloway, by whom he had Granville-Leveson, created, on the 15th of July, 1815, Viscount Granville; and three daughters. The earl, when Lord Trentham, was unanimously returned to parliament for the city of Westminster, in 1747; but, vacating his seat, in two years afterwards, in consequence of being appointed one of the lords of the admiralty, he was strongly opposed, in his next election, by Sir George Vandeput, but succeeded, by a majority of 150: at the next election, however, in 1754, his lordship relinquished Westminster, and came in for the city of Litchfield. Having, subsequently, after his accession to the peerage, filled the high stations of lord privy seal, lord chamberlain, and lord president of the council, he was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and created Marquess of the county of Stafford, on the 28th of February, 1786. His lordship *d.* on the 26th of October, 1803.

Motto, in English,

You may break, but you cannot bend me.

Town Residence—1, Cleveland-square.

Country Seats—Trentham Hall, in the county of Stafford; Dunrobin Castle, in the county of Sutherland; and Westhill, Wandsworth, Surrey.

C

STAFFORD, BARON, (George-William Jerningham,) and a baronet; *b.* in 1769; *m.* in 1799, Frances, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Edward Sulyard, esq., of Haughley Park, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he has issue Henry-Valentine, *b.* 2nd January, 1802; Edward, *b.* 2nd August, 1804; with two other sons, and four daughters, the eldest of which, the Honorable Charlotte-Georgiana, *m.* in 1823, T. Alexander Fraser, esq., of Lovat and Strichen. His lordship succeeded to the baronetcy at the demise of his father, on the 14th of August, 1809, and to the ancient barony of Stafford upon the reversal of the iniquitous attainder of Sir William Howard, Viscount Stafford, by the crown, in 1824. Under *existing circumstances*, we may, we trust, be excused for reverting briefly to the fate of this unhappy nobleman, one of the martyrs of "*No Popery*," a hundred and fifty years ago, and the last victim of Titus Oates, and his infamous associates. "The clamour and outrage of the populace," says Hume, "during his lordship's trial, were extreme; great abilities and eloquence were displayed by the managers, yet did the prisoner, under all these disadvantages, make a better defence than was expected, either by his friends or his enemies. He represented that, during a course of forty years, from the very commencement of the civil wars, he had, through many dangers, difficulties, and losses, still maintained his loyalty; and was it credible, that now, in his old age, easy in circumstances, but dispirited by infirmities, he would belie the whole course of his life, and engage against his royal master, from whom he had ever received kind treatment, in the most desperate and most bloody of all conspiracies. His lordship received the verdict of his judges, with the mild and pious exclamation of *God's holy name be praised*, and supported the heroic firmness of conscious innocence to the last. When proceeding to execution, he called for a cloak, to defend him from the rigour of the season, and observed, that though he might shake with cold, he trusted to God that he would not through fear. On the scaffold, he continued, with reiterated and earnest asseverations, to make protestations of his innocence, and solemnly disavowed all those immoral principles which over-zealous protestants had ascribed to the church of Rome. The populace, who had exulted in Stafford's trial and condemnation, now, that the sanguinary feelings excited by the war-whoop of intolerance were about to be appeased by the immolation of the victim, melted into tears at the sight of that tender fortitude which shone forth in each feature, and motion, and accent, of this aged noble. Their profound silence was only interrupted by sighs and groans; with difficulty they found speech to assent to those protestations of innocence, which he so frequently repeated: "We believe you, my lord! God bless you, my lord!" These expressions, with a faltering accent, flowed from them. The executioner himself was touched with sympathy: twice he lifted up the axe, with an intent to strike the fatal blow; and as often felt his resolution to fail him. A deep sigh was heard to accompany the last effort, which laid Stafford for ever at rest. All the spectators seemed to feel the blow; pity, remorse, and astonishment, had taken possession of every heart, and displayed itself in every countenance."—*Hume.*

The present baron, being a Roman catholic, is deprived, in consequence, of his seat in parliament.

Lineage.

The paternal family of the Lord Stafford is said to have been of Danish descent, and the surname originally "*Jernegan.*" The baronetcy was conferred, on the 16th of October, 1621, upon

Henry Jerningham, esq., of Cossese, or Cossey, Hall, in the county of Norfolk, who was succeeded, in 1646, by his grandson,

Sir Henry, who was succeeded, in 1680, by his son,

Sir Francis. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir George Blount, bart., by whom he had seven sons and two daughters; and dying, in 1730, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, at whose demise, in 1737, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir George. This gentleman *m.* in 1733, Mary,

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eldest daughter, and eventually heiress, of Francis Plowden, esq., by Mary, daughter of the Honorable John-Stafford Howard, younger son of the unfortunate Viscount Stafford, by whom he had issue four sons and a daughter. He *d.* in 1774, and was succeeded by his second and eldest surviving son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* in 1767, the Honorable Frances Dillon, eldest daughter of Henry, Viscount Dillon, by whom he left issue, with William-Charles, an officer of distinction in the Austrian service; Edward, a barrister at law; both of whom are now deceased; and Charlotte-Georgiana, the lady of Sir Richard Bedingfield, bart.; an elder son, Sir George-William Jerningham, present Baron Stafford, a title which his lordship inherits through his great-grandmother, the above-mentioned Mary Howard, mother of Lady Jerningham, wife of Sir George, the fifth baronet. The barony was created, by patent, on the 12th of September, 1640, and conferred upon Sir William Howard, K.B., the martyred Lord Stafford, who was thus maternally great-great-great-grandfather of the present baron.

Motto, in English,
Virtue is the pillar of life.

Country Seats—Cossey Hall, Norfolk; and Shiffnal Manor, Shropshire.

STAIR, EARL, (John-William-Henry Dalrymple,) Viscount Stair-Dalrymple, Baron Dalrymple, of Newliston, Glenluce, and Stranrawer; Baron Stair, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* 16th Nov., 1784; inherited the family honors at the decease of his cousin, on the 1st of June, 1821.

The honors of the house of Stair being solely of Scotland, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

The surname of this noble family is derived from the barony of Dalrymple, in the county of Ayr, and it is to be found in the records of Scotland nearly five centuries ago.

JOHN DALRYMPLE, esq., of Stair, *b.* in 1619, becoming a lord of session, and president of the court, was created a baronet in 1664, and elevated to the peerage on the 21st of April, 1690, as Baron Glenluce and Stranrawer, and Viscount Stair. His lordship *d.* in 1695, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, who was created, on the 8th of April, 1703, Baron Newliston, Viscount Dalrymple, and Earl of Stair. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir John Dundas, of Newliston, in the county of Linlithgow, by whom he had three sons. His lordship *d.* in 1707, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN. This nobleman surrendered, in 1707, his honors to the crown, and obtained a new charter in remainder to his own heirs male, and, in default of which, to that descendant of the first viscount whom he should nominate. His lordship, who was a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Thistle, and a field marshal in the army, *m.* Eleanor, Viscountess Dowager Primrose, daughter of James, Earl of Loudoun, but had no issue. He *d.* in 1747, and having previously executed a deed, appointing his nephew, John, the son of his second brother, George, his successor, according to the right obtained by the renewed patent, a contest arose between that gentleman and the deceased peer's nephew, James, second son of his elder brother, William, and the lords finally decided (2nd of May, 1748,) in favor of the latter,

JAMES, who *d.* without issue, in 1760, when the title reverted to his elder brother,

WILLIAM, who had inherited the earldom of Dumfries, at the decease of his mother, Penelope, Countess of Dumfries, in her own right, wife of the Honorable William Stair, second son of the first earl. This nobleman dying in 1768, without leaving issue, the earldom of Dumfries passed into the right line, and the honors of the house of Stair reverted to his cousin,

JOHN, the personage who had already been defeated under his uncle's nomination. His lordship *m.* Miss Middleton, daughter of George Middleton, esq., a banker, in London, and dying in 1789, was succeeded by his only son,

JOHN. This nobleman *d.* without issue, on the 1st of June, 1821, when the family honors reverted to his cousin, John-William-Henry Dalrymple, esq., the present earl, son of General Dalrymple, (grandson of the first earl, through his youngest son, George,) by Marianne-Dorothy, second daughter of Sir Robert Harland, baronet, of Sproughton-Hall, in the county of Suffolk.

Motto,
Firm.

Country Seat—Culthorne Castle, in the county of Ayr.

STAMER, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of the city of Dublin; *m.* in 1791, Martha, daughter of John Rawlins, esq., of Finglass, in the county of Dublin, by whom he has issue Lovelace; William; and five daughters.

This gentleman, the son of Thomas Stamer, esq., of Ennis, in the county of Clare, by Catherine, daughter of Paul Lovelace, esq., of Ballybride, in the county of Roscommon, having served the office of sheriff of Dublin, and being, subsequently, chosen alderman and lord mayor, was created a baronet, on the 15th of December, 1809.

Motto, over the crest:
Jubilee.

Motto, (in English,) in the usual place.
By virtue and valour.

Residence—Dublin.

STAMFORD, EARL, (George-Harry Grey,) Earl of Warrington; Baron Grey, of Groby; and Baron De la Mere, of Dunham-Massey, in the county of Chester; *b.* 31st of

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October, 1765; *m.* in 1797, Lady Henrietta-Charlotte-Elizabeth Charteris, eldest daughter of Francis, Lord Elcho, by whom he has issue George-Harry, Lord Grey, *b.* 5th of April, 1802; (*m.* in 1824, his cousin, Lady Catharine Charteris, daughter of the present Earl of Wemyss;) Harry, *b.* 29th of January, 1807; and Henrietta-Charlotte, who *m.* in 1820, the Reverend James-Thomas Law, eldest son of the Right Reverend G. H. Law, Lord Bishop of Bath and Wells. His lordship inherited the honors of his family at the demise of his father, on 23rd May, 1819. The Earl of Stamford is lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the county of Chester.

Lineage.

This is one of the most ancient and illustrious families in the British peerage. It traces an uninterrupted line of distinguished ancestors to the era of the Conquest, and it claims an alliance with the royal houses of Plantagenet and Tudor.

Henry Grey, eldest son and successor of Sir Thomas Grey, Marquess of Dorset, knight of the Garter, espoused, for his second wife, Frances, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk, by Mary, Queen Dowager of France, and sister of King Henry the Eighth, and was, in consequence, advanced, on the 11th of October, 1551, to the dukedom of Suffolk, and installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. The issue of this marriage were three daughters: the eldest, the amiable and unfortunate Lady Jane Grey, having, for a few days, enjoyed the empty trappings of royalty, was brought, with her husband, Lord Guildford Dudley, to the block, on the 12th of February, 1555. Lady Catherine, the second daughter, marrying Edward Seymour, Earl of Hertford, without the permission of Queen Elizabeth, was committed to the Tower, by her majesty, where she *d.* on the 26th of January, 1567; while the third, Lady Mary, *m.* Martin Keys, esq., of the county of Kent, sergeant-porter to Queen Elizabeth, and *d.* without issue, in 1578. The unhappy father suffered soon after his eldest daughter, on the 23rd of February, 1555; and his brother, Thomas, on the 27th of April following. From that period the honors of the family were eclipsed, until revived by King James the First, who created

Sir Henry Grey, knight, (son of Lord John Grey, of Pirgo, and only nephew of the attainted duke,) on the 21st of July, 1603, Lord Grey, of Groby, in the county of Leicester. His lordship *d.* in 1614, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Henry, who was created Earl of Stamford, in the county of Lincoln, on the 26th of March, 1628. He *m.* Lady Anne Cecil, youngest daughter and co-heiress of William, Earl of Exeter; and dying in 1673, was succeeded by his grandson,

Thomas. This nobleman was imprisoned for the part he had taken in Monmouth's rebellion, but was admitted to bail, and he finally secured his safety, under the amnesty granted on the 10th of March, 1686. His lordship *m.* twice, but dying without issue, on the 30th of January, 1720, the honors reverted to his cousin,

Harry Grey, esq., grandson of the first earl, through his third son, the Honorable John Grey. His lordship *m.* Dorothy, daughter of Sir Nathan Wright, knight, of Caldecote-Hall, in the county of Warwick, lord keeper of the great seal, in the reigns of King William and Queen Anne; and dying in 1739, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Harry. This nobleman *m.* in 1736, Lady Mary Booth, only daughter and heiress of George, last Earl of Warrington, and Baron De la Mere, of that family. His lordship *d.* in 1768, and was succeeded by his son,

George-Harry, who was created, on the 22nd of May, 1796, Baron De la Mere, and Earl of Warrington, the honors enjoyed by his maternal grandfather. His lordship *m.* in 1763, Lady Henrietta-Cavendish Bentinck, daughter of William, second Duke of Portland, and aunt of the present duke, by whom he left issue George-Harry, the present earl; William-Booth, *b.* 10th of September, 1773; Anketil, a clergyman of the established church, and prebendary of Durham; and six daughters. The earl *d.* on the 23rd of May, 1819.

Motto, in English,

According to my power.

Town Residence—33, Hill street.

Country Seats—Enville-Hall, in the county of Stafford; Dunham-Massey, Cheshire.

STANHOPE, EARL OF, (Philip-Henry Stanhope,) Viscount Stanhope, of Mahon, in the island of Minorca; and Baron Stanhope, of Elvaston, in the county of Derby; F.R.S. and F.A.S.; *b.* 7th of December, 1781; *m.* in 1803, Catharine-Lucy, daughter of Robert, Lord Carrington, by whom he has issue Philip-Henry, Viscount Mahon, *b.* 30th of January, 1805; George-Joseph, *b.* 17th of March, 1806; and Catharine-Lucy. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family, at the demise of his father, on the 16th of December, 1816.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Stanhope, Earls of Chesterfield, springing from

The Honorable Alexander Stanhope, eldest son, by his second marriage, of the first earl. This gentleman was a distinguished diplomatist, in the reigns of King William and Queen Anne. He *d.* in September, 1707, and was succeeded, in his estates, by his eldest son,

James Stanhope, esq. This gentleman, having distinguished himself as an enterprising military officer, was nominated commander-in-chief of the British forces in Spain, in 1708, and obtained considerable renown by the reduction of the celebrated Port Mahon, in the island of Minorca. He was, subsequently, in the reign of King George the First, secretary of state, first lord of the treasury, and chancellor of the exchequer; and was advanced

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to the peerage, on the 12th of July, 1717, by the titles of Baron Stanhope, of Elvaston, and Viscount Stanhope, of Mahon; with remainder, in default of male issue, to his kinsman, Thomas Stanhope, esq., of Elvaston. On the 14th of April, 1718, his lordship obtained an earldom, as Earl Stanhope. He *m.* in 1713, Lucy, youngest daughter of Thomas Pitt, esq., of Stratfield Say, in the county of Wilts, by whom he left two sons and a daughter. The Earl *d.* in 1721, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

PHILIP, who *d.* in 1786, and was succeeded by his son,

CHARLES, *b.* 3rd of August, 1753. This nobleman was distinguished by his mechanical genius and scientific researches. His lordship *m.* first, in 1774, Lady Hester Pitt, eldest daughter of William, first Lord Chatham, and sister of the Right Honorable William Pitt, by whom he had issue three daughters; and secondly, in 1781, Louisa, daughter and sole heiress of Henry Grenville, esq., governor of Barbadoes, by whom he left Philip-Henry, the present earl; and James-Hamilton, *b.* 7th of September, 1788; who *m.* in 1820, Lady Frederica-Louisa, daughter of William, present Earl of Mansfield. The Earl *d.* on the 16th of December, 1816.

Motto, in English,
From God and the king.

Town Residence—

Country Seats — Chevening-place, Kent; and Mahon-House, Devonshire.

STANHOPE, SIR EDWYN-FRANCIS, baronet, of Stanwell-House, in the county of Middlesex; *b.* 15th of December, 1793; inherited the title upon the demise of his father, on the 20th of December, 1814; *m.* in 1820, Mary, daughter of —— Dowell, esq., an officer attached to the commissariat on the Bengal establishment, by whom he has two sons; the elder *b.* on the 8th of April, 1821, and the younger on the 18th of January, 1823.

Lineage.

ADMIRAL HENRY-EDWYN STANHOPE, son of Edwyn-Francis Stanhope, esq., (great-great-grandson of Philip, first Earl of Chesterfield,) by Catherine, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John Brydges, Marquess of Caernarvon, was created a baronet, on the 13th of November, 1807. Sir Henry *m.* Miss Malbone, daughter of Francis Malbone, esq., of Rhode Island, in North America, by whom he left issue Edwyn-Francis, the present baronet; and two daughters.

Country Seat—Stanwell-House, in the county of Middlesex.

STANLEY-MASSEY-STANLEY, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Hooton, in the county of Chester; inherited the title at the demise of his brother, in 1803; *m.* in 1805, Mary, only daughter of Sir Carnaby Haggerston, baronet, of Haggerston Castle, in the county of Durham, by whom he has issue William-Thomas; Rowland, who assumed, by royal license, the surname and arms of Errington only, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of Henry Errington, esq., of Red Rice, in the county of Southampton; John; and Maria-Frances.

Lineage.

WILLIAM STANLEY, esq., was created a baronet on the 17th of June, 1661. He *m.* Charlotte, eldest daughter of Richard, Viscount Molyneaux, of Ireland, by whom he left five sons and three daughters. After Sir William's demise, the title passed uninterruptedly, from father to son, to

SIR JOHN, the sixth baronet, who succeeded his nephew in 1792. This gentleman assumed the additional surname of Massey, under the will of William Massey, esq., and the additional surname of Stanley, under the will of his nephew and predecessor. Sir John Stanley-Massey-Stanley *d.* in 1794, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Catharine, daughter of William Salvin, esq., of Croxdale, in the county of Durham, by whom he left issue William, his successor; Thomas, the present baronet; with four other sons; and Catherine, the wife of William Blundell, esq., of Crosby Hall, in the county of Lancaster. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1795, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *d.* during his minority, when the title devolved upon his brother, Sir Thomas, the present baronet.

Country Seat—Hooton, Cheshire.

STANLEY, SIR JOHN-THOMAS, baronet, of Alderley Park, in the county of Chester; *b.* 26th November, 1766; *m.* in 1796, Lady Maria-Josepha Holroyd, daughter of John, late Earl of Sheffield, and sister of the present lord, by whom he has issue Edward-John, *b.* 2nd May, 1801; with two other sons, and five daughters. Sir John inherited the title at the demise of his father, on the 29th of November, 1807.

Lineage.

This distinguished family claims a common progenitor with that of Stanley, Earls of Derby, but it more immediately descends from John Stanley, third son of Lord Stanley, and brother of Sir William Stanley, so celebrated for placing the crown of England upon the head of the Duke of Richmond, (Henry the Seventh,) after the decisive victory of Bosworth Field.

THOMAS STANLEY, esq., the lineal descendant of the above-mentioned Honorable John Stanley, was created a baronet on the 25th of June, 1660, and the title passed uninterruptedly from him, through father and son, to

SIR EDWARD, the fifth baronet, who succeeded his brother in 1746, and *m.* Mary, only daughter of Thomas Ward, esq., a banker of London, by whom he left, at his decease, in 1755, an only son, his successor,

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SIR JOHN-THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* Margaret, daughter and heiress of Hugh Owen, esq., of Penross, by whom he left issue John-Thomas, the present and seventh baronet; Edward, *b.* 1st January, 1780; Isabella-Elizabeth, the wife of Charles Gibson, esq., of Quermor Park, Lancashire; Louisa-Margaret, the wife of Lieutenant-General Leighton; and Emma, the wife of Digby-Thomas Carpenter, esq. Sir John *d.* in 1807.

Motto, in English,
Without changing.

Town Residence—6, Audley-square.

Country Seats—Alderley Park, near Knutsford; Winnington Hall, Nortwich; and Penross, Holyhead, North Wales.

STEWART, BARON, (George Stewart,) of Garlies, in the county of Wigtown, in the peerage of the United Kingdom. Creation of 6th of June, 1796.

See, Earl of Galloway.

STEWART, BARON, (Charles-William Vane-Stewart,) of Stewart's Court and Ballylawn, in the county of Donegal, in the peerage of the United Kingdom. Creation of 1st of July, 1814.

See, Marquess of Londonderry.

STEWART, THE RIGHT HONORABLE SIR JOHN, baronet, of Athenree, in the county of Tyrone; *m.* Mary, daughter of Mervyn Archdall, esq., of Castle Archdall, in the county of Fermanagh, by whom he has issue Hugh, *b.* in March, 1793; and Mervyn, *b.* in March, 1799.

This gentleman, the eldest son of the Reverend Hugh Stewart, by Sarah, daughter of the Reverend Andrew Hamilton, having filled the high legal office of attorney-general in Ireland, was created a baronet on the 21st of June, 1803.

Motto,
Forward.

Country Seat—Athenree, in the county of Tyrone, Ireland.

STEUART, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Allanton House, in the county of Lanark; LL.D., F.R.S. and F.S.A.; *b.* in 1759; *m.* in 1787, Lillias, daughter of Hugh Seton, esq., of Touch, by whom he has issue an only daughter, Elizabeth, *b.* 31st of October, 1789, who *m.* on the 23rd of January, 1812, Reginald Mac Donald, esq. of Staffa, and has issue.

This gentleman, who is descended from a common ancestor with the royal house of Steuart, namely, Alexander, lord high steward of Scotland, great-grandfather of King Robert the Second, the first sovereign of that unfortunate line, was created a baronet on the 22nd of May, 1815, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the male descendants of his daughter, Mrs. Mac Donald, of Staffa.

Mottos, in English,
Above the crest—Dangers delight the brave.
Below the shield—The reward of martial valour.

Country Seat—Allanton House, Lanarkshire.

STIRLING, SIR GILBERT, baronet, of Uppal, in the county of Edinburgh; inherited the title, at the demise of his father, in February, 1805.

Lineage.

JAMES STIRLING, esq., eldest son of Alexander Stirling, esq., a merchant of Edinburgh, by Joan, daughter of James Moir, esq., having filled the high office of lord provost of his native city, was created a baronet on the 19th of July, 1792. Sir James *m.* Alison, daughter of James Mansfield, esq., a banker in Edinburgh, by whom he had issue Gilbert, the present baronet; George, who *m.* Anne-Henrietta, daughter of William Gray, esq.; and two daughters. He *d.* in 1805.

Motto, over the crest,
Forward.

Country Seat—Uppal, in the county of Edinburgh.

STIRLING, SIR WALTER, baronet, of Faskine, in the county of Lanark; *b.* 24th of June, 1758; *m.* in 1794, Susannah, daughter and sole heiress of George-Trenchard Goodenough, esq., by whom he has issue Walter-George, *b.* 15th of March, 1802; and three daughters. The eldest, Mary-Jane, wife of James Flower, esq., only son of Sir Charles Flower, baronet; the second, Dorothy-Anne, of John-Barrett Lennard, esq.; and the third, Matilda-Georgiana, of Henry-Dawkins Milligan, esq.

This gentleman, eldest son of Captain Sir Walter Stirling, knight, of the royal navy, by Dorothy, daughter of Charles Welling, esq., was created a baronet on the 4th of November, 1800. Sir Walter is a deputy lieutenant of the county of Kent.

Motto,
Gang forward.

Town Residence—105, Pall Mall.

Country Seats—Storeham, near Seven Oaks, Kent; and Faskine, Lanark.

STONHOUSE, SIR JOHN-BROOKE, baronet, of Radley, in the county of Berks; inherited the title at the demise of his half-brother, the late Sir Thomas. Sir John is register of the Zilla Court of Ghazeepore, on the Bengal civil establishment.

Lineage.

WILLIAM STONHOUSE, esq. was created a baronet on the 7th of May, 1628. He *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of John Powell, esq., by whom he had three sons and five daughters. Sir William *d.* on the 5th of February, 1631; and his two elder sons,

SIR JOHN and SIR GEORGE, became, successively, baronets. The latter, who inherited in 1632, *m.* Margaret, daughter of Richard, Lord Lovelace, by whom he had three

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sons and a daughter. This gentleman surrendered the original patent of creation, and obtained a new one from King Charles the Second, in 1670, entailing the baronetcy upon his second and third sons, in exclusion of the eldest; but notwithstanding, at his demise,

Sir George, the eldest son, succeeded under the original patent of creation. He *m.* Mrs. Anne Scarlett, by whom he had two daughters; and his successor,

Sir George, who was succeeded by his only son,

Sir John. This gentleman dying unmarried in July, 1740, the title under the original patent was supposed to be extinct, but in reality it merged in the second patent, which had been inherited with the estates of Sir George, by the third baronet's second son,

Sir John, who was succeeded by his son,

Sir John. This gentleman was comptroller of the household, and a privy counsellor, in the reign of Queen Anne. He *m.* first, Mary, daughter and sole heiress of Henry Mellish, esq., of Sandersteed, in the county of Surrey, by whom he had two daughters; and secondly, Penelope, daughter of Sir Robert Dashwood, baronet, by whom he had three sons, who all succeeded to the title, and six daughters. Sir John *d.* in 1733, and was succeeded by his three sons, successively,

Sir John,
Sir William,
and
The Rev. Sir James,
all of whom *d.* unmarried. At the decease of the latter, in 1792, the title and estates reverted to his cousin,

The Rev. Sir James, (great grandson of Sir George, the third baronet, through his youngest son, James Stonhouse, esq., one of those to whom the renewed patent was made in remainder.) This gentleman *m.* first, Miss Neil, a maid of honor to Caroline, Queen Consort of King George the Second, by whom he had Thomas, his successor; and a daughter, Sarah, who *m.* George Vansittart, esq. Sir James *m.* secondly, Miss Atkins, by whom he left two sons; John-Brooke, the present baronet, and Timothy. He *d.* in 1795, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Thomas, at whose demise, without issue, the title devolved upon his half-brother, John-Brooke Stonhouse, esq., the present baronet.

Residence—Calcutta.

STORMONT, VISCOUNT, (William Murray,) Baron of Scone, and Baron of Balvaird, in the peerage of Scotland.

Creations of 1605, 1608, and 1621.

See, Earl of Mansfield.

STOURTON, BARON, (William Stourton,) of Stourton, in the county of Wilts; and in right of his grandmother, Winifred, (eldest of the two daughters and co-heiresses of Philip Howard, esq., grandson of Henry, sixth Duke of Norfolk,) one of the co-heirs to the dormant baronies of Howard, Mowbray, Braose of Gower, &c. &c.; *b.* 6th of June, 1776; *m.* Catharine, daughter of Thomas Weld, esq., of Lullworth Castle, in the county of Dorset, by whom he has a son, *b.* in August, 1816.

Lord Stourton adheres to the faith of his forefathers, and is, in consequence, excluded from his hereditary seat in parliament.

Lineage.

This distinguished family, which derives its surname from the town of Stourton, in the county of Wilts, was of considerable rank antecedent to the Conquest; for we find, at that period, one of its members, Botolph Stourton, the most active in gallantly disputing every inch of ground with the foreigner, and, finally, obtaining from the duke his own terms. Having broken down the sea walls of the Severn, and guarded the passes by land, Botolph entered Glastonbury, when the victorious Norman had made his appearance in the West; and, thus protected, compelled William to grant whatsoever he demanded. From this personage, lineally descended

Sir John Stourton, knight, a gallant soldier, and a distinguished statesman, in the reign of Henry the Sixth, who, in consideration of his eminent services in both capacities, elevated him to the peerage, on the 13th of May, 1448, as Baron Stourton, of Stourton, in the county of Wilts. His lordship *d.* in 1462, and the barony passed through five barons, with little deviation in the line of inheritance, to

Charles, the seventh baron, who inherited in 1548. This nobleman, assisted by his sons, having committed a foul murder upon a person of the name of Hargil, and his son, was tried, convicted, and executed in a halter of silk, at Salisbury, in March, 1557; but, notwithstanding, his eldest son,

John, was restored in blood by act of parliament in 1575, and inherited the barony. His lordship dying without issue in 1588, the title devolved upon his brother,

Edward, at whose demise, in 1632, it passed, uninterruptedly, through four barons, to

Charles, the fourteenth lord, who succeeded his uncle, in 1744. This nobleman *m.* Catharine, Lady Dowager Petre, daughter of Bartholomew, and sister and sole heiress of Francis Walmesley, esq., of Dunkenhall, in the county of Lancaster; but dying without issue, in 1753, the title devolved upon his brother,

William. This nobleman *m.* in 1749, Winifrede, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Philip Howard, esq., of Buckenham, in the county of Norfolk, and co-heiress of her uncles, Thomas and Edward, eighth and ninth Dukes of Norfolk, through whom her ladyship, with her sister, Lady Petre, became heiress to the baronies of Howard, Mowbray, &c. &c. His lordship *d.* in 1781, and was succeeded by his only son,

Charles-Philip, *b.* 22nd of August, 1752; *m.* in 1775, the Honorable Mary Langdale, second daughter and co-heiress of Marmaduke, Baron Lang-

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dale, (a barony which expired in 1777,) by whom he left issue William, the present baron; with three other sons, (Charles, the youngest, assumed the surname of Langdale only, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of Philip Langdale, esq., of Houghton, in the county of York, and *m.* Charlotte-Mary, daughter of Charles, present Lord Clifford,) and seven daughters. The Honorable Mary Stourton, the second daughter, is a nun; Elizabeth-Charlotte, the third, is the wife of Joseph Weld, esq., of Pilewell; and Juliana, the youngest, of Peter Middleton, esq., son of William Middleton, esq., of Stockeld Park, in the county of York. His lordship *d.* on the 29th of April, 1816.

Motto, in English,
Loyal through life.

Town Residence—39, Wimpole-street.

Country Seat—Allerton Park, Wetherby, Yorkshire.

STOWELL, BARON, (William Scott,) of Stowell Park, in the county of Gloucester; F.R.S. and D.C.L.; *b.* 28th of October, 1745; *m.* first, in 1782, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John Bagnall, esq., of Earley Court, in the county of Berks, by whom he has a son, William, *b.* 23rd of March, 1794; and a daughter, Marianne, present Viscountess Sidmouth: and, secondly, in 1813, Louisa-Catharine, Marchioness Dowager of Sligo, who *d.* in 1817, without issue.

This nobleman, (the eldest brother of John, Earl of Eldon, present lord high chancellor of England,) an eminent civilian, judge of the high court of admiralty, a knight, and privy counsellor, obtained his peerage, by creation, on the 17th of July, 1821.

Motto, in English,
Be without stain.

Town Residence—11, Grafton-street, Bond-street.

Country Seat—Stowell Park, North Leach, Gloucestershire.

STRABANE, VISCOUNT, (James Hamilton,) of Strabane, in the county of Tyrone; and Baron Mountcastle, in the peerage of Ireland. Creation of 2nd December, 1710.

See, Marquess of Abercorn.

STRADBROKE, EARL OF, (John Rous,) Viscount Dunwich, and Baron Rous, of Dennington, all in the county of Suffolk, and a baronet; *b.* in 1751; succeeded to the baronetcy at the demise of his father, on the 31st of October, 1771, and obtained his peerage by creation—the barony, on the 14th of June, 1796, and the higher honors, on the 18th of July, 1821. His lordship *m.* first, in 1788, Frances-Juliana-Warter, daughter of Edward-Warter Wilson, esq., by whom he has an only daughter, Frances-Anne, who *m.* in 1816, Admiral Sir Henry Hotham. The earl *m.* secondly, in 1792, Charlotte-Maria, daughter of A. Whittaker, esq., by whom he has issue John-Edward-Cornwallis, Viscount Dunwich, *b.* 13th February, 1794; William-Rufus, *b.* in August, 1796; Hugh-Anthony, *b.* 15th July, 1800; Thomas-Manners, *b.* 4th August, 1810; Henry-John; and two daughters.

Lineage.

This very ancient Suffolk family can trace its possession of property at Stradbroke, in that county, so far back as the period of the heptarchy.

John Rous, esq., of Henham Hall, was created a baronet, on the 17th of May, 1660, and the title passed, after his decease, through three baronets, uninterruptedly, to

Sir John, the fifth baronet, great-grandson of the first. This gentleman *m.* in 1749, Judith, only daughter and heiress of John Bedingfield, esq., of Beeston, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he had issue John, the present baronet and Earl of Stradbroke; and three daughters. Sir John *d.* in 1771.

Motto, in English,
I live in hope.

Town Residence—33, Hertford-street.

Country Seat—Henham Hall, Suffolk.

STRACHEY, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Sutton Court, in the county of Somerset; *b.* 7th December, 1772; inherited the title at the demise of his father, on the 1st of January, 1809.

Lineage.

Henry Strachey, esq., eldest surviving son of Henry Strachey, esq., of Sutton Court, by Helen, daughter of Robert Clerk, esq. M.D., of Edinburgh, and of Listonfield, in the county of Mid-Lothian, was created a baronet, on the 6th of June, 1801. He *m.* in 1770, Jane, daughter of John Kelsall, esq., of Greenwich, in the county of Kent, and relict of Captain Latham, of the royal navy, by whom he had issue Henry, the present baronet; Edward, *b.* 18th December, 1774, senior merchant on the Bengal establishment; Richard, also in India; and Lucy, the wife of Frederick-William Wallaston, esq., of Shenton Hall, in the county of Leicester. Sir Henry was private secretary to Lord Clive, in 1764, and, subsequently, joint secretary to the treasury, and one of the under secretaries of state. He *d.* in 1809.

Town Residence—115, Mount-street.

Country Seat — Sutton Court, in the county of Somerset.

STRACEY, SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Rackheath Hall, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* in June, 1741; *m.* first, in 1766, Elizabeth, relict of John Wilkinson, esq., by whom he has issue Edward-Hardinge-John, *b.* in 1768, (who *m.* in 1810, Anne, only daughter and heiress of William Brooksbank, esq., of the Beech;) George, a clergyman of the established church; with two other sons; and Julia, who *m.* the Reverend Benjamin-Ker Vaughan. Sir Edward *m.* secondly, in 1777, Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Bull, esq., of Frome, in the county of Somerset,

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and has issue, by that marriage, Henry; and two daughters, Frances and Harriet.

This gentleman, who is eldest surviving son of Sir John Stracey, knt., recorder of the city of London in 1746, by Mary, daughter of the Rev. Gideon Hardinge, was created a baronet, on the 3rd of October, 1818.

Town Residence—15, Upper Harley-street.
Country Seat—Rackheath Hall, near Norwich.

STRANGE, EARL, (John Murray,) Baron Strange, and Baron Murray, of Stanley, in the county of Gloucester, in the peerage of England; inherited the ancient barony of Strange from his mother, in 1805, (who derived from her great-grandmother, Amelia-Sophia, daughter and heiress of James Stanley, Earl of Derby,) and obtained the other honors, by creation, on the 8th of August, 1786.

See, Duke of Atholl.

STRANGFORD, VISCOUNT, (Percy-Clinton-Sydney Smythe,) of Strangford, in the county of Down, in the peerage of Ireland; and Baron Penshurst, of Penshurst, in the county of Kent, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* 31st of August, 1780; succeeded to the Irish viscounty at the decease of his father, on the 1st of October, 1810, and obtained the barony of the empire at large, by creation, on the 26th of January, 1825; *m.* in 1817, Mrs. Browne, youngest daughter of the late Sir John Burke, bart., of Marble Hill, and aunt of the present Marquess of Clanricarde, by whom he has two sons, the eldest *b.* 16th April, 1818, and the second on the 18th of July, 1819. Lord Strangford was appointed ambassador to the court of Lisbon in 1806, to Sweden in 1817, to the Sublime Porte in 1820, and to Russia in 1825. His lordship has acquired considerable literary fame, by his English version of the smaller poems of Camoens, the Portuguese bard.

Lineage.

This family was ennobled in the person of

Sir Thomas Smythe, K.B., created Viscount Strangford, on the 17th of July, 1628. His lordship *m.* Lady Barbara Sydney, daughter of Robert, first Earl of Leicester, and was succeeded at his demise, in 1635, by his son,

Thomas, who was succeeded by his son,

Thomas. This nobleman *d.* in 1708, and was succeeded by his son,

Philip, who *m.* Mary, daughter of George Porter, esq., and was succeeded, in 1715, by his son,

Endymion. This nobleman *d.* in 1724, and was succeeded by his son,

The Reverend Philip, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Anthony Jephson, esq., of Mallow Castle, and dying in 1787, was succeeded by his son,

Lionel, *b.* in 1753. This nobleman entered early in life into the army, and distinguished himself in North America: he, subsequently, took holy orders, and became a clergyman of the established church. His lordship *m.* in 1779, Maria-Eliza, eldest daughter of Frederick Phillips, esq., of New York, by whom he had issue Percy-Clinton-Sydney, present viscount; and three daughters. He *d.* in 1807.

Motto,
Virtue inspires strength.

Town Residence—79, Gloucester-place, Portman-square.

STRATHALLAN, VISCOUNT, (James-Andrew-John-Laurence-Charles Drummond,) Baron Drummond, of Cromlix, and Baron Maderty; *b.* 24th of March, 1767; *m.* in 1809, Lady Amelia-Sophia Murray, daughter of John, present Duke of Atholl, by whom he has issue William-Henry, *b.* 5th March, 1810; with four other sons, and two daughters. His lordship was restored to the ancient honors of his family, by act of parliament, on the 17th of June, 1824.

The honors of the house of Strathallan being of Scotland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present viscount sits as one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

The Honorable James Drummond, second son of James, second Lord Drummond, by Lilias, daughter of William, Lord Ruthven, was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, on the 31st of January, 1609, as Baron Maderty. His lordship *d.* in 1623, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, to whom succeeded his son,

David, who *d.* without male issue, in 1684, when the title devolved upon his brother,

William. This nobleman was created, on the 6th of September, 1686, Baron Drummond, of Cromlix, and Viscount Strathallan, with remainder to his heirs general. His lordship *d.* in 1688, and was succeeded by his only son,

William, who was succeeded, in 1702, by his only son,

William, at whose demise unmarried, in 1711, the honors reverted to his kinsman,

William Drummond, esq., (great-grandson of the first Lord Maderty, through his second son, the Honorable Sir James Drummond, of Machany.) This nobleman having personally engaged in the rebellion of 1745, was slain at the battle of Culloden, and his name included in the bill of attainder passed in 1746, with that of his eldest son, (by his wife, the Honorable Margaret Murray, daughter of William, Lord Nairne,) described as James Drummond, eldest son of William, Viscount Strathallan, although he was at the time himself Viscount Strathallan: from which period the honors of the family have lain dormant, until their restoration in 1824, in favor of James-Andrew-John-Laurence-Charles Drummond, esq., the present viscount, first-cousin of the late General Andrew Drummond, who claimed the titles, in 1787, upon the ground of irregularity in the attainder of his father, James Drummond, esq., above-mentioned; but the house of lords una-

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nimously decided against him. At the demise of the general unmarried, in 1817, the present peer, who is only surviving son of the Honorable William Drummond, second son of the viscount first attainted, by Anne, daughter of Major Nairne, became representative of the family.

Country Seat—Strathallan Castle, Perthshire.

STRATHMORE AND KINGHORN, EARL OF, (Thomas-Lyon Bowes,) Viscount Lyon, and Baron Glamis, Tannadyce, Seidlaw, and Stradichtie; *b.* in 1779; *m.* first, Mary-Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of George Carpenter, esq., of Redbourne, in the county of Herts, by whom he has Viscount Lyon, and a daughter; secondly, Miss Heathcote, who left him another daughter; and, thirdly, Lady Campbell. His lordship inherited the honors of his family at the demise of his brother, on the 3rd of July, 1820.

This being a peerage of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

Sir John Lyon, son of John De Lyon, Baron of Forteviot, &c., being son-in-law and secretary to King Robert the Second, obtained a grant from that monarch, in 1379, of the lordship or thanedom of Glamis, in Forfarshire. From this personage, lineally descended

Patrick Lyon, captain of the guard, and privy counsellor to King James the Sixth, who was created, in 1606, Earl of Kinghorn. His lordship *d.* in 1615, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, who was succeeded, in 1649, by his only son,

Patrick. This nobleman obtained a new charter, dated 30th of May, 1672, extending the reversionary limitation of the earldom, in default of direct male issue, to any person or persons nominated by himself, and, in failure of those, to his heirs and assigns whatsoever; and his lordship procured another charter, dated 1st July, 1677, providing "That (himself) Patrick, third Earl of Kinghorn, and his heirs male, or heirs whatsoever, should, in all future ages, be styled Earls of Strathmore and Kinghorn, Viscounts Lyon, Barons Glamis, Tannadyce, Seidlaw, and Stradichtie." His lordship, who was a privy counsellor, and an extraordinary lord of session, *d.* in 1695, and was succeeded by his son,

John, who *m.* Lady Elizabeth Stanhope, daughter of Philip, second Earl of Chesterfield, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1712, and was succeeded by his four sons, successively; namely,

John, Charles, James, and Thomas. — The first was slain in rebellion, in 1715, at the battle of Sheriffmuir; the second was killed, in an affray, in 1728; the third *d.* without issue, in 1735; and the fourth Earl, Thomas, dying, in 1753, was succeeded by his eldest son,

John. This nobleman *m.* in 1767, Mary-Eleanor, only daughter and heiress of George Bowes, esq., of Gibside, in the county of Durham, and assumed, in consequence, by an act of parliament, the surname of Bowes. The issue of this marriage were John, his lordship's successor; George-Bowes, of Paul's Walden, in the county of Hertford, who *d.* without issue, in 1806; Thomas, the present peer; and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1776, and her ladyship *m.*, subsequently, Andrew-Robinson Stoney, esq., of the King's County, Ireland, who assumed also the name of Bowes. The Earl of Strathmore was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, who was enrolled amongst the peers of England, by the title of Baron Bowes, on the 18th of July, 1815. His lordship *m.* in 1820, Miss Mary Milner, of Staindrop, in the county of Durham; but dying the day after his nuptials, 3rd July, 1820, the English barony expired, and the Scottish peerage devolved upon his brother, the Honorable Thomas-Lyon Bowes, present Earl of Strathmore.

Motto, in English,

In thee, O Lord, have I put my trust.

Country Seats—Glamis Castle, Forfarshire; Gibside Park, and Streatham Castle, Durham.

STRICKLAND, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Boynton, in the county of York; *b.* 12th March, 1753; *m.* in 1778, Henrietta, daughter and co-heiress of Nathaniel Cholmley, esq., of Whitby, in the county of York, by whom he has issue George, *b.* in 1782, (*m.* in 1818, Martha, only daughter of the Reverend Charles Constable;) Arthur, *b.* in 1784; with three other sons, and five daughters; Priscilla, the youngest, *m.* in 1819, Charles Winn, esq., of Nortell Priory, in the county of York. Sir William inherited the title at the demise of his father, 13th of January, 1808.

Lineage.

William Strickland, esq., of Boynton, was created a baronet on the 30th of July, 1641; *m.* twice, and was succeeded, at his decease, in 1671, by his only son, (by his second wife, Lady Frances Finch, eldest daughter of Thomas, first Earl of Winchelsea,)

Sir Thomas, who was succeeded, in 1684, by his son,

Sir William. This gentleman was a distinguished member of parliament during the reigns of King William, Queen Anne, and George the First. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William, who *m.* Catharine, daughter of Sir Jeremy Sambroke, knight, of Gubbins, in the county of Herts, by whom he had a son and a daughter. Sir William was one of the lords of the treasury, and, subsequently, secretary at war in the reign of George the Second. He *d.* in 1735, and was succeeded by his only son,

Sir George, *b.* in 1729. This gentleman *m.* in 1751, Elizabeth, third daughter of Sir Roland Winn, baronet, by whom he left issue William, the present

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baronet; George, *b.* 30th of November, 1760; Walter, *b.* 6th of December, 1771; Henry, *b.* 31st August, 1777; and four daughters. Sir George *d.* in 1808.

Motto, in English,
At the will of God.

Country Seat—Boynton, Yorkshire.

STRONGE, SIR JAMES-MATTHEW, baronet, of Tynan, in the county of Armagh; *b.* in 1786; inherited the title at the demise of his father, 1st December, 1804; *m.* in 1810, Isabella, daughter of Nicholas Calvert, esq., of Hunsdon House, in the county of Herts, by whom he has an only son.

Lineage.

THE REVEREND JAMES STRONGE, of Tynan, son of Matthew Stronge, esq., a merchant of Liverpool, by Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel Powell, esq., was created a baronet on the 22nd of June, 1803. He *m.* in 1785, Helen, daughter of John Tew, esq., and left issue James-Matthew, the present baronet; and a daughter, Elizabeth. Sir James *d.* in 1804.

Country Seat—Tynan, in the county of Armagh.

STUART, BARON, (Francis Stuart,) of Castle Stuart, in the county of Inverness, in the peerage of England. Creation of 4th June, 1796.

See, Earl of Moray.

STUART, SIR SIMON-HENRY, baronet, of Hartley-Mauditt, in the county of Hants; *b.* 23rd of October, 1790; *m.* in 1815, Georgiana-Frances, youngest daughter of George Gun, esq., of Mount Kennedy, in the county of Wicklow, by whom he has a son, *b.* 7th June, 1823; and a daughter, *b.* 18th February, 1817. Sir Simon inherited the title at the decease of his father, 14th January, 1816.

Lineage.

NICHOLAS STUART, esq., of Hartley-Mauditt, (a lineal descendant of Sir Alexander Stuart, knt., who descended himself from one of the lords high stewards of Scotland,) was created a baronet on the 27th of June, 1660, and, at the same time, constituted one of the chamberlains of the exchequer. Sir Nicholas *d.* in 1709, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR SIMEON, who *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir Richard Dereham, knt., and, eventually, sole heiress of her brother, Sir Thomas Dereham, bart. He *d.* in 1761, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR SIMEON, to whom succeeded his only son,

SIR SIMEON. This gentleman *m.* in 1789, Lady Frances-Luttrell Olmius, only surviving child of John, present Earl of Carhampton, (by his first countess, the Honorable Elizabeth Olmius, only daughter of John, Lord Waltham, and, eventually, heiress of her brother, the last Lord Waltham.) The issue of this marriage were Simon-Henry, present baronet; William-Frederick, *b.* 30th May, 1794; and a son and daughter deceased. Sir Simeon *d.* in 1816.

Country Seat—Hartley-Mauditt, Hampshire.

STYLE, SIR THOMAS-CHARLES, baronet, of Wateringbury Place, in the county of Kent; *b.* in 1797; inherited the title at the demise of his brother, in November, 1813; *m.* in 1822, Isabella, daughter of Sir George Cayley, bart., of Brompton, in the county of York.

Lineage.

THOMAS STYLE, esq., of Wateringbury Place, lineally descended from William Style, esq., of Ipswich, father of Mr. Alderman Style, of London, was created a baronet on the 21st of April, 1627. He *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Robert Foulkes, esq., and dying, in 1637, was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, who *d.* in 1702, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR OLIVER. This gentleman *d.* in a few months after he inherited, in February, 1703, and leaving no issue, the title devolved upon his half brother,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Charles Hotham, bart., and was succeeded, at his demise, in 1769, by his son,

SIR CHARLES. This gentleman *m.* in 1770, the Honorable Isabella Wingfield, daughter of Richard, first Viscount Powerscourt, by whom he had Dorothy, wife of John Larking, esq.; and his successor, at his demise, in 1774,

SIR CHARLES, who *m.* in 1794, Camilla, eldest daughter of James Whatman, esq., of Vintners, in the county of Kent, by whom he had Thomas, his successor; Thomas-Charles, present baronet; and two daughters. He *d.* in 1804, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman, who was an officer in the army, *d.* unmarried, in Spain, in November, 1813, when the title devolved upon his brother, Thomas-Charles, present baronet.

Country Seat—Wateringbury Place, Maidstone, Kent.

STYLES-EYLES, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Morehouse, in the county of Herts; *b.* 16th of April, 1741; inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 26th of January, 1762.

Lineage.

The original surname of this family was Eyles, and its aggrandizement arose from successful commercial pursuits. The baronetcy was conferred, on the 1st of December, 1714, upon

ALDERMAN FRANCIS EYLES, an eminent merchant of the city of London, whose brother, John Eyles, also an alderman and merchant of London, served the office of lord mayor in the last year of King James the Second, and received the honor of knighthood from that monarch. Sir Francis *d.* in 1716, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, also an alderman, and lord mayor of the city of London, in 1727. He *m.* Mary, daughter of Joseph-Haskin Styles, esq., by whom he had issue Francis-Haskin, who assumed the surname of Styles; and a daughter. Sir John was appointed postmaster-general, and lived to become the father

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of the city. He *d.* in 1745, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR FRANCIS-HOSKIN EYLES-STYLES. This gentleman *m.* in 1740, Sibella, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Philip Egerton, of Astbury, in the county of Chester, by whom he had an only son, John, the present baronet. Sir Francis *d.* in 1762.

Country Seat—Morehouse, in the county of Herts.

SUFFIELD, BARON, (Edward Harbord,) of Suffield, in the county of Norfolk, and a baronet; *b.* 10th of November, 1781; *m.* in 1809, Georgiana, only daughter of George-Venables Vernon, second and late Lord Vernon, by whom he has a son, *b.* 19th June, 1813. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family upon the demise of his brother, on the 1st of August, 1821. Lady Suffield *d.* on the 30th of September, 1824.

Lineage.

The original paternal surname of this noble family, "Morden," was relinquished for that of his maternal grandfather, Harbord Harbord, esq., in 1742, by

WILLIAM MORDEN, esq., who was created a baronet on the 22nd of March, 1746. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Britiffe, esq., of Baconsthorpe, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he left two sons. Sir William *d.* in 1770, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR HARBORD. This gentleman was advanced to the peerage, on the 8th of August, 1786, by the title of Baron Suffield, of Suffield. His lordship *m.* in 1760, Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Ralph Asheton, bart., by whom he left issue William-Asheton, his successor; Edward, the present baron; and three daughters. He *d.* in 1810, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-ASHETON, *b.* 21st August, 1776. This nobleman *m.* in 1792, Lady Caroline Hobart, daughter of John, second earl of Buckinghamshire; but dying without issue, in 1821, the family honors devolved upon his brother, the Honorable Edward Harbord, present Lord Suffield.

Motto,

Equanimity.

Town Residence—Vernon House, Park-place.

Country Seat—Gunton Hall, near Aylesham, Norfolk.

SUFFOLK AND BERKSHIRE, EARL OF, (Thomas Howard,) Viscount Andover, of Andover, in the county of Hants, and Baron Howard, of Charleton, in the county of Wilts; *b.* 18th of August, 1776; *m.* in 1803, the Honorable Elizabeth-Jane Dutton, daughter of James, late Lord Sherborne, and sister of the present lord, by whom he has issue Charles-John, Viscount Andover, *b.* 7th of November, 1804; Henry-William, *b.* 16th January, 1808; Richard-Edward, *b.* 1st July, 1812; and four daughters. His lordship inherited the honors of his family at the decease of his father, in 1820.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the illustrious ducal house of Norfolk, springing from Thomas, the fourth duke, by his second wife, Margaret, only daughter and heiress of Thomas, Lord Audley, of Walden, through their only son,

LORD THOMAS HOWARD, the heir of his mother's estates, and a distinguished naval officer in the reign of Queen Elizabeth. His lordship was restored in blood, (his father, the duke, having been attainted and beheaded in 1572,) by act of parliament, in the twenty-seventh year of her majesty, and, in twelve years afterwards, on the 24th of October, 1579, summoned to parliament, as Lord Howard, of Walden; created Earl of Suffolk on the 21st of July, 1603, and installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter. The plate of his lordship's installation, which remains yet in the chapel of St. George, at Windsor, in the ninth stall, denominates him "Thomas, Earl of Suffolk, Baron of Walden, and grand treasurer of England;" but he was not appointed to the latter high and important office, until the 11th of July, 1614. The plate must, therefore, have been set up subsequently to that period. The earl *m.* first, Mary, sister and co-heiress of Thomas, Lord Dacres, of Gillesland, who *d.* without issue; and, secondly, Catherine, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Henry Kevit, knt., of Charleton, in the county of Wilts, widow of the Honorable Richard Rich, eldest son of Lord Rich, by whom he had seven sons and four daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 28th of May, 1626, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THEOPHILUS, who had been summoned to parliament in the life-time of his father, as Lord Howard, of Walden. His lordship was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, nominated lord warden of the Cinque Ports, constable of Dover Castle, captain of the band of gentlemen pensioners, and sworn of the privy council. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of George, Earl of Dunbar, by whom he had four sons and five daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 3rd of June, 1640, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES. This nobleman *m.* thrice: first, Susan, third daughter of Henry (Rich), Lord Holland, who *d.* in 1649, leaving an only daughter, Essex, the wife of Edward, Lord Griffin, of Braybrook. His lordship *m.* secondly, Barbara, daughter of Sir Edward Villiers, and relict of Sir Richard Wentworth, by whom he had another daughter, Elizabeth, who became the wife of Sir Thomas Felton, bart., of Playford, in the county of Suffolk. The earl married, thirdly, Lady Anne Montagu, eldest daughter of Robert, Earl of Manchester, by whom he had no child. His lordship *d.* in 1688, and leaving thus no male issue, the barony of Howard de Walden fell into abeyance, between his daughters and their heirs, and is now inherited by the descendant of Lady Felton, (see, Howard de Walden,) while the earldom of Suffolk devolved upon his next brother,

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George, who *d.* in 1691, without male issue, and was succeeded by his brother,

Henry. His lordship *m.* twice, but had issue only by his first marriage, with the Honorable Mary Stewart, only daughter and heiress of Andrew, Lord Castle-Stewart, of the kingdom of Ireland, namely, three sons, Henry, Edward, and Charles, with one daughter, Diana, who *m.* Colonel John Pitt. The earl *d.* in 1709, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Henry, who had been created, in the life-time of his father, Baron Chesterford and Earl of Bindon, and constituted deputy earl marshal. In 1707, his lordship held a court of chivalry, of which the following account appears in the Gazette, No. 4326.

"Westminster, April 26.—This day, the Right Honorable Earl Bindon, &c., deputy to his grace, Thomas, Duke of Norfolk, earl marshal, and hereditary marshal of England, &c., held his court of chivalry, in the painted chamber, according to ancient custom, and the law of arms; being accompanied by divers noblemen and gentlemen of quality, and attended by several doctors of the civil law, the kings and officers of arms, proctors, and officers of the court." The earl *d.* on the 2nd of October, 1718, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Charles-William, who *d.* without issue, in 1722, when the honors inherited solely from his father expired, but the earldom of Suffolk reverted to his uncle,

Edward. This nobleman *d.* unmarried, on the 22d of June, 1731, when the peerage devolved upon his brother,

Charles, who *d.* in 1733, and was succeeded by his only son,

Henry. This nobleman also died without issue, (22nd April, 1745,) whereupon the earldom of Suffolk united with that of Berkshire, by devolving on

The Right Honorable Henry-Bowes Howard, fourth Earl of Berkshire, grand-nephew of the Honorable Thomas Howard, (second son of Lord Thomas Howard, first Earl of Suffolk,) who was created Baron Howard, of Charleton, and Viscount Andover, on the 22nd of January, 1622, and Earl of Berkshire, on the 5th of February, 1626. This nobleman (Lord Suffolk and Berkshire,) *m.* in 1709, Catherine, daughter of James Graham, esq., of Levens, in the county of Westmoreland, and dying in 1757, was succeeded by his grandson,

Henry, second Earl of Suffolk and Berkshire. His lordship *m.* first, in 1764, Mary-Constantia, daughter of Robert, Lord Trevor, by whom he had no surviving issue; and, secondly, in 1777, Lady Charlotte Finch, daughter of Heneage, third Earl of Aylesford. His lordship *d.* in 1779, and was succeeded by his posthumous son,

Henry, who *d.* the second day after his birth, on the 10th of August, 1779, when the honors reverted to his great-uncle,

Thomas, *b.* 10th June, 1721. His lordship *d.* on the 23rd of February, 1723, and leaving no male issue, the line of the six elder sons of the first Earl of Berkshire terminated; but the honors devolved upon the great-grandson of the seventh son, the Honorable Philip Howard, namely,

John Howard, esq. This nobleman was born on the 7th of March, 1739. He *m.* in 1774, Julia, daughter of John Gasketh, esq., of Penrith, by whom he left issue Thomas, present earl; and Catherine. His lordship's eldest son, Charles-Nevinson, Viscount Andover, *m.* in 1796, Jane-Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas-William Coke, esq., of Holkham, and was killed by the accidental discharge of a fowling-piece, on the 11th of January, 1800. The earl, who was a general officer in the army, *d.* in 1820.

Motto, in English,
We will maintain.

Country Seats—Charlton, near Devizes, Wilts; Levens, Westmoreland; and Elford, Staffordshire.

SULLIVAN, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Thames Ditton, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 8th June, 1791; inherited the title at the demise of his brother, 14th April, 1814; *m.* in 1818, Miss Taylor, only daughter of Robert Taylor, esq., of Ember Court, in the county of Surrey, by whom he has issue a son, *b.* 13th January, 1820; and two daughters. Sir Charles is a naval officer of rank.

Lineage.

Richard-Joseph Sullivan, esq., son of Benjamin Sullivan, of the city of York, gentleman, attorney-at-law, and brother of the Right Honorable John Sullivan, of Richings Park, in the county of Berks, was created a baronet, on the 22nd of May, 1804. Sir Richard was *b.* in 1752. He *m.* in 1778, Mary, only surviving daughter of Thomas Lodge, esq., of Leeds, by whom he left issue Henry, his successor; Charles, present baronet; Frederick, a clergyman; with two other sons, and two daughters. He *d.* in 1806, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Henry. This gentleman, who was lieutenant-colonel of the first regiment of foot guards, fell in a sortie from the garrison of Bayonne, on the 14th April, 1814, and dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother, Captain Sullivan, of the navy, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,
What we gain by conquest, we secure by clemency.

Country Seat—Thames Ditton, Surrey.

SUNDRIDGE, BARON, (George-William Campbell,) of Combank, in the county of Kent; and Baron Hamilton, of Hameldon, in the county of Leicester. Creations of 22nd of December, 1766, and 20th May, 1776.

See, Duke of Argyll.

SUSSEX, HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF, (Prince Frederick-Augustus,) Earl of Inverness, in Scotland, and Baron of Arklow, in Ireland; *b.* 27th January, 1773; *m.* at Rome, 3rd of April, 1793, and at St. George's, Hanover-square, London, 5th December, 1793, Lady Augusta De Ameland, daughter of John (Murray), late Earl of Dunmore,

and sister of George, present earl, by whom he has issue Augustus-Frederick D'Este, a colonel in the army, *b.* 13th of January, 1794; and a daughter. These nuptials being in violation of the royal marriage act, (12th Geo. 3. c. ii.) were declared null and void, and dissolved accordingly, in August, 1794. His royal highness, who is sixth son of his late majesty, King George the Third, and brother of the reigning sovereign, his most gracious majesty, King George the Fourth, was created a peer of the realm, by the above dignities, on the 7th of November, 1801, and installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter.

Residence—Kensington Palace.

SUTHERLAND, COUNTESS OF, (Elizabeth-Sutherland Gower,) and Baroness Strathnaver, in the county of Sutherland, in the peerage of Scotland; *b.* 24th May, 1765; inherited the family honors at the demise of her father, on the 16th of June, 1766, and obtained a confirmation of her rights from the house of lords, in 1771; *m.* in 1785, George, present Marquess of Stafford, by whom she has issue.

See, Marquess of Stafford.

Lineage.

This peerage has passed, uninterruptedly, through twenty generations, to the present countess, and is, herefore, considered the most ancient in the realm. It was conferred, in the year 1226, upon

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND, created Earl of Sutherland and Baron Strathnaver, by Alexander the Second, in recompense for the assistance which he had afforded in crushing the rebellion of Gillespie, in that year. From this nobleman, who *d.* in 1248, the honors passed, through eight earls, to

ELIZABETH, sister of John, the ninth earl, who inherited in 1515. Her ladyship *m.* Adam Gordon, of Aboyne, second son of George, Earl of Huntley, and was succeeded by her grandson,

JOHN, from whom it descended, through six earls, to

WILLIAM, the seventeenth earl, who succeeded his father, on the 7th of December, 1750. His lordship was *b.* in 1735. He *m.* in 1761, Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of William Maxwell, esq., of Prestoun, and left issue an only daughter, Elizabeth, present countess. The earl *d.* on the 16th of June, 1766, when Sir Robert Gordon, bart., of Gordanstoun, and George Sutherland, esq., of Force, contested the succession with his, the deceased lord's, heiress, but the house of lords decided in her ladyship's favor, on the 21st of March, 1771.

Town Residence—Cleveland-square.

Country Seat—Dunrobin Castle, in the county of Sutherland.

SUTTON, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Norwood Park, in the county of Nottingham; *b.* in 1798; inherited the title at the demise of his grandfather, in 1802; *m.* in 1819, Mary-Elizabeth, daughter of the late Benjamin Burton, esq., of Burton-Hall, in the county of Carlow, by whom he has issue two sons; the elder *b.* 21st of October, 1821, and the younger on the 16th of August, 1823.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the house of Sutton, Lords Lexinton, (a title now extinct,) the heiress of which *m.* John, third Duke of Rutland, great-grandfather of the present duke.

RICHARD SUTTON, esq., son of Sir Robert Sutton, K.B., ambassador at the Hague, and, subsequently, at Constantinople and Paris, nephew of Lord Lexinton, by Judith, Countess-Dowager of Sunderland, having filled the office of under-secretary of state, from 1766 to 1772, was created a baronet, upon retiring, on the 25th of September, in the latter year. He *m.* first, Susan, daughter of Philip-Champion Crespigny, esq., who *d.* without issue, in 1766; secondly, Anne, daughter of William-Peere Williams, esq., by whom he had four sons and three daughters. The eldest son, John, *m.* Sophia-Frances, daughter of the late Charles Chaplin, esq., by whom he left, at his decease, a son, Richard, the present baronet. Sir Richard *m.* thirdly, Margaret, daughter of John Porter, esq., by whom he had no child. He *d.* in 1802, and was succeeded by his grandson.

Motto, in English,
Always ready.

Country Seat—Norwood Park, in the county of Nottingham.

SWINBURNE, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Capheaton, in the county of Northumberland; *b.* in 1762; inherited the title at the demise of his father, in 1786; *m.* Emma, daughter of Richard-Henry Bennet, esq., of Beckenham, in the county of Kent, by whom he has issue Edward, *b.* in 1788; and other children, of which, Emma, the youngest, is the wife of H. G. Ward, esq.

Lineage.

This is an old and highly honorable family of the county of Northumberland, deriving its name from its ancient patrimonial seat, Swinburne Castle, in that county.

JOHN SWINBURNE, esq., son of John Swinburne, esq., of Mapledurham, in the county of Oxford, by Isabella, daughter of Sir Thomas Tempest, baronet, of Stella, in the county of Durham, was created a baronet on the 26th of September, 1660. Sir John *m.* Isabella, only daughter and heiress of Henry Lawson, esq., of Brough, by whom he had issue eleven sons and thirteen daughters; of the former ten *d.* young, and without issue; and of the latter four became nuns. Anne *m.* Nicholas Thornton, esq.; and Troath *m.* William Dacre, esq. The baronet *d.* on the 19th of June, 1706, and was succeeded by his nineteenth child, and fifth, but eldest surviving, son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *d.* in 1716, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

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Sir John. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Henry Beddingfield, baronet, by whom he had four sons and seven daughters. Anne, the youngest daughter but one, took the veil, at Montargis. Sir John *d.* in 1745, and was succeeded by his second, though eldest surviving, son,

Sir John, who *d.* without issue, in 1763, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Edward, *b.* in 1736; *m.* Christiana, daughter of Robert Dillon, esq., by whom he left issue John, the present baronet; Robert, Edward, Thomas, and Christiana. Sir Edward *d.* in 1786.

Motto, in English,
Once and always.

Town Residence—18, Grosvenor-place.

Country Seats—Capheaton, and Mounces, (near Heckham,) both in the county of Northumberland.

SYDNEY, VISCOUNT, (John-Thomas Townshend,) of St. Leonard's, in the county of Gloucester; and Baron Sydney, of Chiselhurst, in the county of Kent; *b.* 21st of February, 1764; *m.* first, in 1790, the Honorable Sophia Southwell, daughter of Edward, late Lord de Clifford, and sister of the present lord, who *d.* in 1795, leaving two daughters; and secondly, in 1802, Lady Caroline Clements, third daughter of Robert, late Earl of Leitrim, and sister of the present earl, by whom he has a son and heir, John-Robert. Her ladyship *d.* in 1805. Lord Sydney succeeded to the family honors at the demise of his father, on the 13th of June, 1800. His lordship is ranger of Hyde and St. James's Parks, high steward of Yarmouth, and fellow of the society of arts.

Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Townshend, late Viscounts but now Marquesses of Townshend, springing from

The Honorable Thomas Townshend, (second son of Charles, second Viscount Townshend,) who was secretary to his grace, the Duke of Devonshire, as lord-lieutenant of Ireland, in 1739; and, subsequently, one of the tellers of the exchequer. This gentleman *m.* in 1730, Albinia, daughter of Colonel Selwyn, of Matson, in the county of Gloucester, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. Mr. Townshend *d.* in 1781, and was succeeded, in his estates, by his eldest son,

Thomas Townshend, esq., *b.* 24th of February, 1733. This gentleman, who represented the University of Cambridge in parliament, having twice filled the office of secretary of state for the home department, was elevated to the peerage, on the 6th of March, 1783, as Baron Sydney, of Chiselhurst; and created, on the 11th of June, 1789, Viscount Sydney, of St. Leonard's. His lordship *m.* in 1760, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Richard Powys, esq., of Hintlesham, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he left three sons and four daughters, namely, John-Thomas, present viscount; William-Augustus, (*d.* in 1816;) Horatio-George-Powys, *b.* 6th of February, 1780, lieutenant-colonel 1st foot guards; Mary-Elizabeth, who *m.* John, present Lord Chatham, and *d.* in 1821; Frances, wife of John, present Lord Dinevor; and Harriet-Catherine, wife of Charles-William-Henry, late Duke of Buccleuch, and mother of the present duke. Her grace departed this life in 1814. The viscount *d.* on the 13th of June, 1800.

Motto, in English,
Right and forward.

Town Residence—3, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Frognal, near Foot's Cray, Kent.

SYKES, SIR FRANCIS-WILLIAM, baronet, of Basildon, in the county of Berks; *b.* in 1800; inherited the title at the demise of his father, on the 7th of March, 1804; *m.* in 1821, Henrietta, daughter of H. Villebois, esq., of Gloucester-place, Portman-square, by whom he has a son and heir, *b.* 20th of June, 1822.

Lineage.

Francis Sykes, esq., was created a baronet, on the 24th of March, 1781, and dying in 1804, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Francis-William. This gentleman *m.* in 1798, Anne, eldest daughter of the Honorable Major Henniker, and grand-daughter of John, first Lord Henniker, by whom he had Francis, the present baronet; with another son, and a daughter. Lady Sykes *d.* of the scarlet fever, on the 27th of February, 1804, and Sir Francis, of the same fatal malady, on the 7th of the following March.

Country Seat—Basildon Park, Berkshire.

SYKES, SIR TATTON, baronet, of Sledmere, in the county of York; *b.* 22nd of August, 1772; *m.* in 1822, Mary-Anne, daughter of the late Sir William Foulis, baronet, by whom he has a daughter, *b.* 12th of February, 1823. Sir Tatton succeeded to the title at the demise of his brother, on the 16th of February, 1823.

Lineage.

The Reverend Doctor Mark Sykes was created a baronet on the 4th of March, 1783, and dying in the September following, was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

Sir Christopher, D.C.L., *b.* 23rd of May, 1749. This gentleman *m.* in 1770, Elizabeth, daughter of William Tatton, esq., of Whiteshaw, in the county of Chester, by whom he had issue Mark, his successor; Tatton, the present baronet; with another son, and two daughters. He *d.* in 1801, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Mark, who *m.* first, in 1795, Henrietta, daughter and heiress of Henry Masterman, esq., of Settrington, in the county of York, upon which occasion, he assumed the surname of Masterman, in addition to and before that of Sykes. Her ladyship dying in 1813, without issue, Sir Mark-Masterman-Sykes, *m.* secondly, in 1814, Mary-Elizabeth, sister of Wilbraham Tatton, esq., by whom he had no issue. He *d.* on the 16th of February, 1823, when

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the title devolved upon his brother, Tatton Sykes, esq., the present baronet.

Country Seat—Sledmere, in the county of York.

SYNGE, SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Kiltrough, in the county of Meath; *b.* 6th of April, 1786; inherited the title at the demise of his father, in 1804; *m.* in 1809, Mary-Helena, eldest daughter of Robert Welsh, esq., of the Irish bar, by whom he has two sons; the elder *b.* 19th of November, 1809, and the younger on the 1st of July, 1820.

Lineage.

Robert Synge, esq., son of the Reverend Edward Synge, D.D., and grandson of Edward Synge, esq., of Syngefield, in the King's county, and his wife, Elizabeth, daughter of the Right Reverend Samuel Hutchinson, lord bishop of Killala, was created a baronet on the 12th of August, 1801. Sir Robert *m.* in 1784, Margaret, daughter of Theobald Wolfe, esq., of Newtown, in the county of Dublin, by whom he left issue Edward, the present baronet; with two other sons, and four daughters. He *d.* in 1804.

Motto, in English,
We sing celestial strains.

Country Seat—Kiltrough, co. of Meath, Ireland.

TAAFFE, VISCOUNT, (Rodolphus Taaffe,) of Corren; and Baron of Ballymote, in the county of Sligo; inherited the family honors at the decease of his grandfather, 30th of December, 1769. His lordship is married, and has issue. Lord Taaffe is a Count of the Holy Roman Empire.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is excluded from the representative peerage, in consequence of professing the Roman Catholic religion.

Lineage.

The members of this noble family have resided, for several years, in the Austrian dominions, and have filled the highest and most confidential employments, civil and military, under the imperial government, doubtless from being debarred the prouder gratification of serving their own.

The peerage was conferred, 1st August, 1628, upon

Sir John Taaffe, knight, the representative of a very ancient family in the counties of Louth and Sligo, who was created Baron of Ballymote, and viscount Taaffe. His lordship *d.* in 1642, leaving seventeen children, by the eldest of which,

Theobald, he was succeeded. This nobleman was advanced to an earldom, in 1662, by the title of Earl of Carlingford, but that honor expired with his lordship's direct line, at the decease of

Theobald, the fourth earl, without issue, in 1757, while the other honors passed to the heir of the first viscount, namely,

Lieutenant-General Nicholas Taaffe, of the Austrian service, colonel of fusileers, Count of the Holy Roman Empire, and chancellor to the Emperor Leopold. (This nobleman was great-grandson of the first viscount, through his lordship's eighth son, the Honorable William Taaffe.) He *m.* Mary-Anne, Countess de Spendler, only daughter and heiress of Count Spendler, of Lintz, in Upper Austria, and one of the ladies of the bedchamber to her imperial majesty, by whom he had issue John, *b.* 1st of January, 1740, (a member of the Aulick council, and one of the imperial chamberlains, who *m.* Maria, Countess of Choteck, and left, at his demise, in 1768, Rodolphus, the present viscount;) the second son of Lord Taaffe was Francis, a general in the same service as his father, and a count, also, of the empire. His lordship, who distinguished himself in the war with the Turks, in 1738, under the designation of Count Taaffe, *d.* at the Castle of Elischaw, in Bohemia, on the 30th of December, 1769, and was succeeded by his grandson, the present viscount.

Motto, in English,
In this sign is my hope.

Residence—Austria.

TALBOT, EARL, (Charles-Chetwynd Chetwynd-Talbot,) Viscount Ingestrie, in the county of Stafford; and Baron Talbot, of Hensol, in the county of Glamorgan; a knight of the most illustrious Order of St. Patrick; F.R.S. and F.S.A.; *b.* 25th of April, 1777; inherited the family honors at the demise of his father, on the 19th of May, 1793; *m.* in August, 1800, Frances-Thomasine, eldest daughter of Charles Lambert, esq., of Beau Park, in the county o Meath, by whom (her ladyship *d.* in 1819,) he has issue Charles-Thomas, Viscount Ingestrie, *b.* 11th of July, 1802; with seven other sons; and had one daughter, Frances-Charlotte, who *m.* in 1821, William, present Earl of Dartmouth, and *d.* in 1823. Lord Talbot was nominated viceroy of Ireland, and filled that important station until the appointment of the Marquess Wellesley, in 1821. His lordship is lord-lieutenant of the county of Stafford.

Lineage

This branch of the ancient and illustrious house of Talbot, is lineally descended from John Talbot, esq., of Salwarp, grandson of Sir Gilbert Talbot, of Grafton, knight-banneret, knight of the Garter, and one of the most renowned warriors and statesmen of the era in which he lived, third son of John, second Earl of Shrewsbury, by his wife, Lady Elizabeth Butler, daughter of James, Earl of Ormonde. The great-grandson of the aforesaid John Talbot,

The Right Reverend William Talbot, Lord Bishop of Durham, was father, by his second wife, Catharine, daughter of Mr. Alderman King, of the city of London, of

Charles Talbot, who, being bred to the bar, arrived at the highest honors of his profession, and acquired imperishable fame as a lawyer. On the 31st of May, 1717, he was nominated solicitor-general to the Prince of Wales, which office he continued to

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fill until 1733, when he was appointed lord high chancellor of England, sworn of the privy council, and elevated to the peerage on the 5th of December, in the same year, by the title of Baron Talbot, of Hensol, in the county of Glamorgan. His lordship *m.* Cecil, daughter and heiress of Charles Matthews, esq., of Castle Menich, in the county of Glamorgan, by whom he had five sons; and dying on the 14th of February, 1737, was succeeded by the eldest,

WILLIAM, who was nominated lord steward of the household, and sworn of the privy council, in 1761, and advanced to an earldom, as Earl Talbot, on the 10th March, in the same year. His lordship *m.* in 1733-4, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Adam de Cardonnel, esq., of Bedchampton Park, in the county of Southampton; and having but an only surviving daughter, Cecil, who *m.* in 1756, George Rice, esq., of Newton, in the county of Carmarthen, he was created, on the 17th of October, 1780, with special remainder to that lady and her male descendants, Baron Dynevor, of Dynevor, in the county of Carmarthen. He *d.* on the 27th of April, 1782, when the earldom expired; the barony of Dynevor descended as limited, and the barony of Talbot, of Hensol, reverted to his nephew,

JOHN CHETWYND, son of the deceased lord's brother, the Honorable John Talbot, by his second wife, Catharine, eldest daughter of John, second Viscount Chetwynd. This nobleman was *b.* in 1750, and *m.* in 1776, Lady Charlotte Hill, daughter of Wills, Earl of Hillsborough, by whom he left two sons, Charles, the present earl; and John. His lordship was advanced to a viscounty and earldom on the 3rd of July, 1784, by the titles of Viscount Ingestrie, and Earl Talbot. He *d.* on the 29th of May, 1793.

Motto, in English,

Nothing appertaining to humanity is foreign to me.

Town Residence—

Country Seat—Ingestrie Hall, in the county of Stafford.

TANCRED, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Boroughbridge, in the county of York, *b.* in 1780; inherited the title upon the demise of his father; *m.* in 1805, Henrietta, second daughter of the Reverend Offley Carew, of Muxton, in the county of Stafford, by whom he has issue two sons, the elder *b.* on the 16th August, 1808, the younger in March, 1811; besides a daughter, *b.* 17th February, 1812.

Lineage.

THOMAS TANCRED, esq., of Boroughbridge, was created a baronet on the 16th November, 1662. He *m.* Frances, daughter and co-heiress of Christopher Maltby, esq., and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR WILLIAM, who was succeeded by his second but eldest surviving son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *d.* in 1744, and was succeeded by an only surviving son,

SIR THOMAS, who *d.* in 1759, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* in 1776, Penelope, daughter of Thomas Ashton Smith, esq., by whom he had two sons, Thomas, the present baronet; and Richard, an officer in the navy, who *d.* in 1799.

Country Seats—Boroughbridge, Yorkshire; and Lyndhurst, Hampshire.

TANKERVILLE, EARL OF, (Charles-Augustus Bennet,) and Baron Ossulston, of Ossulston, in the county of Middlesex; *b.* 28th of April, 1776; *m.* in 1806, Mademoiselle Corise, daughter of the Duke de Grammont, by whom he has issue Charles, Lord Ossulston, *b.* 10th January, 1810; and Emma, *b.* 10th of August, 1807.

Lineage.

The progenitor of this noble family was Thomas Bennet, esq., of Clapcot, in the county of Berks, (whose junior descendants were considerable merchants, aldermen, and chief magistrates of London, in the sixteenth century,) and the founder of its honors was

SIR JOHN BENNET, Knight of the Bath, created Baron Ossulston in the county of Middlesex, on the 24th of November, 1682. His lordship *m.* twice, but had issue only by his second wife, Bridget, daughter of John Howe, esq., of Langnor, in the county of Nottingham, namely, two daughters, and his successor, at his demise, in 1688,

CHARLES. His lordship *m.* in 1695, Lady Mary Grey, only daughter of Forde, Lord Grey, of Werke, Viscount Grey, of Glendale, and Earl of Tankerville, (at whose demise, in 1701, the viscounty and earldom expired,) by whom he had issue four sons and three daughters. His lordship was advanced to an earldom, by the title of his deceased father-in-law, namely, Earl of Tankerville, on the 19th of October, 1714. He *d.* on the 21st of May, 1722, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES. This nobleman filled several high situations about the court, between the years 1728 and 1740. His lordship *m.* Camilla, daughter of Edward Colville, esq., of Whitehouse, in the county of Durham, and one of the ladies of the bedchamber to Queen Caroline, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. The earl *d.* suddenly, on the 14th of March, 1753, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, who *m.* in 1742, Alicia, third daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Astley, bart., of Pateshul, in the county of Stafford, by whom he left two sons and two daughters, and was succeeded, at his decease, in 1767, by his eldest son,

CHARLES, *b.* 15th November, 1743; *m.* in 1771, Emma, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Sir James Colebrooke, bart., of London, by whom he had issue Charles-Augustus, the present earl; Henry-Grey, *b.* 2nd December, 1777; (*m.* in 1816, Gertrude-Frances, only daughter of Lord William Russel, and has issue;) John-Astley, a captain in the navy, who *d.* in 1812; Caroline, the wife of Sir John Wrottesley, bart., who *d.* in 1818; Anne, wife of the

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Honorable and Reverend William Beresford; with three other daughters, two of which are deceased. His lordship *d.* in 1822.

Motto, in English,
To serve the king cheerfully.

Town Residence—26, Upper Brook-street.

Country Seat—Chillingham Castle, near Belford, Northumberland.

TAPPS, SIR GEORGE-IVISON, baronet, of Hinton House, in the county of Hants; *m.* in 1790, Sarah, daughter of Barrington Buggin, esq., who *d.* in 1813, without surviving issue.

This gentleman, only son of George Jarvis Tapps, esq., of North Church, in the county of Hertford, by Miss Jane Ivison, of Carlisle, was created a baronet on the 21st of June, 1791.

Town Residence—8, Great Cumberland-place.

Country Seat—Hinton House, near Christchurch, Hants.

TARLETON, SIR BANNASTRE, baronet, of Leintwardine, in the county of Hereford; *b.* 21st of August, 1754; *m.* in 1798, Susan-Priscilla, daughter of Robert, fourth Duke of Ancaster and Kesteven, (a dukedom which expired with the fifth duke, in 1809,) by whom he has no issue.

This gentleman, who is third son of the late Alderman Tarleton, of Liverpool, by Jane, eldest daughter of Bannastre Parker, esq., was created a baronet on the 6th of November, 1818. Sir Bannastre is a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 21st light dragoons.

Motto, in English,
Sunshine after clouds.

Town Residence—2, Grosvenor-place.

Country Seat—Leintwardine, Herefordshire.

TEIGNMOUTH, BARON, (John Shore,) of Teignmouth, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of Great Britain; *b.* 8th of October, 1751; *m.* in 1786, Charlotte, only daughter of James Cornish, esq., of Teignmouth, by whom he has issue Charles-John, *b.* 13th January, 1796; Frederick-John, *b.* 31st May, 1799; Henry-Dundas, *b.* 23rd of June, 1800; with four daughters.

This nobleman (eldest son of the late John Shore, esq., of Melton, in the county of Suffolk,) having succeeded Lord Cornwallis in the government of India, in 1792, was created a baronet in that year, and elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 24th of October, 1797, previously to retiring from his important official station. His lordship is a commissioner for the affairs of India and a privy councillor.

Lord Teignmouth being a peer of Ireland only, enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and his lordship is not one of the representative lords.

Motto, in English,
Death in a good cause.

Town Residence—4, Portman-square.

TEMPLE, SIR GRENVILLE, baronet, of Stowe, in the county of Buckingham; *b.* 16th of October, 1768; *m.* first, in March, 1797, Elizabeth, daughter of George Watson, esq., of the United States of America, by whom he has issue Grenville, *b.* 20th July, 1799; John, *b.* 14th June, 1801; and Elizabeth-Augusta; and secondly, in June, 1812, Maria-Augusta, second daughter of the late Sir Thomas Rumbold, baronet, and widow of Frederick Manners, esq., lieutenant-colonel of the 96th regiment of foot, by whom he has no child. Sir Grenville succeeded to the baronetcy at the demise of his father, in November, 1798.

Lineage

This ancient family derives its surname from the manor of Temple, in the county of Leicester, and it deduces its descent from Leofric, Earl of Leicester, who lived about the middle of the ninth century. It was amongst the earliest raised to the dignity of baronet, that honor being conferred upon

SIR THOMAS TEMPLE, knt., on the 25th of November, 1612, (the year after the institution of the order.) This gentleman *m.* Esther, daughter of Miles Sandys, esq., by whom he had thirteen children; and Fuller, in his "Worthies of England," relates that Lady Sandys lived to see seven hundred of her own descendants. Sir Thomas was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR PETER, who *d.* in 1653, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR RICHARD. This gentleman, who was a leading member of the house of commons in the reign of Charles the Second, *m.* Miss Knap, an heiress, by whom he had four sons and six daughters; three of the former and two of the latter *d.* without issue. Hester, the second daughter, *m.* in 1710, Richard Grenville, esq., of Wootton, in the county of Bucks, and of this marriage the present Duke of Buckingham is the great-grandson. Sir Richard *d.* in 1697, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR RICHARD. This gentleman acquired considerable renown as a military commander in Flanders, and having risen to the rank of lieutenant-general, was elevated to the peerage as Baron Cobham, of Cobham, in Kent, on the 19th of October, 1714; and created Viscount and Baron Cobham, on the 23rd of May, 1718, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his sister, Hester, wife of Richard Grenville, esq., and her male descendants. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter of Edmund Halsey, esq., who *d.* without issue; and dying himself, in 1749, the first barony of Cobham expired, but the second barony and the viscounty devolved, according to the limitation, upon the deceased lord's sister, Mrs. Grenville, who then became Viscountess Cobham, and was created, on the 18th of October, in the same year, Countess Temple, (see Duke of Buckingham,) while the baronetcy reverted to his lordship's next male heir,

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William Temple, esq., who *d.* in 1760, and was succeeded by his brother,

Sir Peter, to whom succeeded, in 1761, his son,

Sir Richard. This gentleman *d.* without issue, in 1786, when the title devolved upon his kinsman,

Sir John, *b.* in 1730; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of James Bowdoin, esq., by whom he had issue Grenville, the present baronet; James-Bowdoin, who assumed the surname of Bowdoin; and two daughters. Sir John Temple was consul-general to the United States of America, and *d.* there, in 1798.

Motto, in English,

How delightful the Temples.

TEMPLETOWN, VISCOUNT, (John-Henry Upton,) and Baron Templetown, of Templetown, in the county of Armagh, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 8th November, 1771; inherited the barony at the decease of his father, 16th of April, 1785, and obtained the viscounty, by creation, in March, 1806; *m.* in 1796, Lady Mary Montagu, daughter of John, fifth Earl of Sandwich, and aunt of the present earl, by whom he has issue Henry-Montagu, *b.* 11th November, 1799; with three other sons, and a daughter.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present viscount is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

The first member of this noble family that settled in Ireland was Captain Henry Upton, an officer in the army of the Earl of Essex, at the close of the sixteenth century. The great-grandson of this gentleman,

Clotworthy Upton, esq., youngest but only surviving son and heir of Colonel John Upton, by Mary, daughter of Francis Upton, esq., *b.* 14th March, 1721, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland on the 3rd of August, 1776, as Baron Templetown. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Shuckburgh Boughton, esq., of Poston Court, in the county of Hereford, by whom he left issue John-Henry, present viscount; Fulke-Greville, who *m.* in 1807, Mary, only daughter of Richard Howard, esq., of Castle Rising, and assumed, in consequence, the surname of Howard; Arthur-Percy, a major-general in the army; Elizabeth-Albana, *b.* 16th August, 1775, the wife of Frederick-William, present Earl of Bristol; and two other daughters.

Motto, in English,

The reward of my ancestors' virtue.

Town Residence—10, Hill-street.

Country Seat—Wonham, Surrey.

TEYNHAM, BARON, (Henry-Francis Roper-Curzon,) of Teynham, in the county of Kent; D.C.L.; *b.* 9th of May, 1768; *m.* in 1788, Bridget, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Hawkins, esq., of Nash Court, in the county of Kent, by whom he has issue Henry, (*m.* in 1815, Harriet-Anne, relict of John Talbot, esq., brother of the present Earl of Shrewsbury, and daughter of the Reverend Bacon Bedingfield;) Thomas, a naval officer; George-Henry, an officer of artillery; John-Henry, an officer of infantry; Henry-Edward, of the navy; with two other sons; and three daughters. His lordship, who assumed, by royal licence, in 1788, the additional surname and arms of Curzon, inherited the honors of his family at the demise of his cousin, on the 7th of September, 1824.

Lineage.

This ancient family was ennobled in the person of

Sir John Roper, knight, who was created, on the 8th of July, 1616, Baron Teynham, of Teynham, in the county of Kent. His lordship *d.* on the 30th of August, 1618, and was succeeded by his only son,

Christopher, from whom the title passed uninterruptedly, through father and son, to

Christopher, the seventh baron, who succeeded his brother in 1689; at whose demise, in 1697, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

Henry. This nobleman conformed to the established church, and took his seat in parliament, on the 29th of February, 1715-16. His lordship *m.* first, Catharine, daughter of Philip, (Smythe,) fourth Viscount Strangford, of the kingdom of Ireland, by whom he had two sons and a daughter; secondly, Mary, daughter of Sir John Gage, baronet, of Firle, in the county of Sussex, by whom he had no child; and thirdly, Lady Anne-Barret Lennard, relict of Richard-Barret Lennard, esq., and daughter of Thomas, (Lennard,) Earl of Sussex, and Baron Dacre, (at whose demise, in 1715, the earldom expired, but the barony descended to her ladyship,) by whom he had three sons. His lordship *d.* in 1723, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Philip, who *d.* unmarried, in 1727, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Henry. This nobleman *m.* first, in 1732, Catharine, daughter of Edmund Powell, esq., of Sandford, in the county of Oxford, by whom he had issue seven sons and two daughters; secondly, in 1766, Anne, daughter of John Brinkhurst, esq., by whom he had no child; and thirdly, Mrs. Davis, relict of Thomas Davis, esq. His lordship *d.* in 1781, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Henry, who *m.* first, Wilhelmina, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Francis Head, baronet, of the Hermitage, in the county of Kent, by whom he had no issue; and secondly, Mrs. Mill, relict of John Mill, esq., by whom he had two sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1786, and his two sons,

Henry, and John, } succeeded, alternately, to the barony, both of whom *d.* unmarried, the former in 1800, and the latter in 1824, when the peerage reverted to their first cousin, Henry-Francis Roper, esq., the present peer, grandson of Henry, Lord Teynham, who *d.* in 1781, through his

fourth son, the Honorable Francis Roper, by Mary, eldest daughter of Launcelot Lyttleton, esq., of Litchfield, in the county of Stafford.

Motto, in English,

My hope is in God.

Country Seat—Linstead Lodge, Kent.

THANET, EARL OF, (Charles Tufton,) in the county of Kent; Baron Tufton, of Tufton, in the county of Sussex; and a baronet; *b.* 10th September, 1770; inherited the family honors at the demise of his brother, in January, 1825. His lordship is hereditary sheriff of the county of Westmoreland.

Lineage.

The surname of this noble family was originally written Toketon, and derived from a place of that name in Kent, of which its remote ancestors were lords.

SIR JOHN TUFTON, knt., high sheriff of the county of Kent, in the eighteenth year of Queen Elizabeth, was created a baronet on the 19th of June, 1611. He *d.* in 1624, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR NICHOLAS. This gentleman being amongst those who met King James the First, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, received the honor of knighthood from that monarch, on the 13th of April, 1603. He was elevated to the peerage on the 1st of November, 1626, by the title of Baron Tufton, of Tufton, in the county of Sussex, and created Earl of Thanet, on the 5th of August, 1628. His lordship *m.* Lady Francis Cecil, daughter of Thomas, first Earl of Exeter, by whom he had four sons and nine daughters. He *d.* on the 1st of July, 1632, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

JOHN. This nobleman *m.* in 1629, Margaret, eldest daughter and co-heiress with her sister of Richard, Earl of Dorset, by Lady Anne Clifford, only daughter and heiress of George, Earl of Cumberland, and Baroness Clifford, &c., by whom he had six sons and six daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 6th of May, 1664, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

NICHOLAS, who *d.* without issue, in 1679, when the honors of the family devolved upon his brother,

JOHN. This nobleman dying without issue, the following year, (1680,) was succeeded by his brother,

RICHARD, who *d.* unmarried, in 1684, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

THOMAS. This nobleman *m.* Lady Catherine Cavendish, daughter and co-heiress of Henry, Duke of Newcastle, by whom he had three sons, who *d.* in infancy; and five daughters. His lordship claimed the baronies of Clifford, Westmoreland, and Vesey, in right of inheritance from his grandmother, and the justice of his claim was acknowledged by the house of lords, on the 12th of December, 1691, in consequence of which he assumed the additional title of Baron Clifford; but, dying without male issue, in 1729, the barony so recovered fell into abeyance between his daughters and co-heiresses, and continued in that state until the crown interfered in favor of Margaret, his lordship's third daughter, who had *m.* Thomas, Earl of Leicester; but, at her ladyship's decease, without issue, in 1775, it re-fell into abeyance between her sisters, which abeyance the crown again terminated, in 1776, in favor of Edward Southwell, (father of the present Lord Clifford,) grandson of the eldest daughter, Lady Catharine Tufton, and her husband, Edward, Viscount Sondes. The Earl of Thanet's other honors reverted to his nephew,

SACKVILLE TUFTON, esq., eldest surviving son of the Honorable Colonel Sackville Tufton, of the guards, brother of the deceased lord. This nobleman was *b.* on the 11th of May, 1688; and *m.* in 1722, to Lady Mary Savile, youngest daughter and co-heiress of William, Marquess of Halifax, by whom he had two sons, (the eldest, Lord Tufton, *d.* in boyhood;) and two daughters, of which Lady Mary became the wife of Sir William Duncan, bart., one of the royal physicians. His lordship *d.* on the 4th of December, 1753, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SACKVILLE, *b.* in 1733; *m.* in 1767, Mary, daughter of Lord John Sackville, grand-daughter of Lionel, first Duke of Dorset, and sister of John-Frederick, the third duke, by whom he had issue five sons and two daughters; the youngest and only surviving of the latter *m.* in 1792, Joseph-Foster Barham, esq. His lordship *d.* in 1786, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SACKVILLE, *b.* 30th June, 1769; *m.* 28th February, 1811, Anne-Charlotte de Bojanovitz, a noble lady of Hungary, who *d.* without issue, in 1819. His lordship *d.* in January, 1825, when the honors of the family devolved upon his next brother, the Honorable Charles Tufton, present Earl of Thanet.

Motto, in English,

The bird flies with its own wings.

Country Seats—Hothfield, Kent; Bolbrook, Sussex; Newbottle, Northamptonshire; Skipton Castle, Yorkshire; and Appleby Castle, in the county of Westmoreland.

THOMAS, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Wenvoe Castle, in the county of Glamorgan; inherited the title upon the demise of Sir Owen Thomas; *m.* Mary, daughter of John Parker, esq., of Harfield Court, by whom he has issue John-George, a clergyman of the established church; and Edmund-John, an officer of rank in the navy.

Lineage.

The paternal progenitor of this ancient family,

JEVAN AP HARPWAYE, esq., *m.* Catharine, only daughter and heiress of Thomas-ap-Thomas, esq., of Wenvoe Castle, whereupon he assumed the surname of "Thomas," and relinquished his own. From this marriage descended

JOHN THOMAS, esq., who was created a baronet, with remainder to the male issue of his father, on the 4th of December, 1694. Sir John *d.* childless, in

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1703, when the title devolved upon his next brother,

Sir Edmund. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of John Howe, esq., of Stowell, in the county of Gloucester, by whom he had two sons; by the eldest of which,

Sir Edmund, he was succeeded. This gentleman *m.* in 1750, Abigail, daughter of Sir Thomas Webster, bart., and relict of Sir Edward Northey, knt., an eminent lawyer and attorney-general, by whom he had three sons; Edmund, his successor; Frederick, an officer in the guards, who fell in a duel with the Honorable Colonel Gordon; and John, who succeeded his eldest brother in the title. Sir Edmund *d.* in 1767, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Edmund, to whom succeeded his only brother,

Sir John. This gentleman *m.* Miss Owen, daughter of Mr. Owen, of Penhurst, and was succeeded by

Sir Owen, to whom succeeded John, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

Invincible valour is glory.

Residence—Southampton.

THOMAS, SIR WILLIAM-LEWIS-GEORGE, baronet, of Yapton Place, in the county of Sussex; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Welsh, esq., by whom he has issue George, with two other sons, and three daughters; inherited the title upon the decease of his father, the late Sir George Thomas.

Lineage.

George Thomas, esq., (grandson of Colonel John Thomas, who commanded the Barbadoes regiment, and greatly distinguished himself at the taking of St. Christophers, in 1690,) being appointed captain-general and governor-in-chief of all his majesty's Leeward Caribbee Islands, was created a baronet on the 6th of September, 1766. Sir George *m.* Miss King, by whom he had two sons and two daughters He *d.* in 1777, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir George. This gentleman *m.* first, Mademoiselle Sales, of Pregny-la-Tour, by whom he had an only son, William-Lewis-George, the present baronet; and, secondly, Sophia, daughter of Admiral Montagu, by whom he left no issue.

Motto,

Honesty is the best policy.

Country Seat—Dale Park, Sussex.

THOMOND, MARQUESS OF, (William O'Bryen,) Earl and Baron of Inchiquin, and Baron of Burren, in the county of Clare, in the peerage of Ireland; *m.* 16th September, 1799, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Trotter, esq., of Duleck, by whom he has four daughters, the ladies Susan, Sarah, Mary, and Elizabeth. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family at the decease of his uncle, 10th of February, 1808.

The marquess is a knight of the most illustrious Order of St. Patrick, a privy counsellor of Ireland, and governor of the county of Cork.

The honors of the house of Thomond being of Ireland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present marquess sits as one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

This illustrious house, (one of the* few Irish families at present to be found in the peerage of that country,) deduces its descent from the royal line of Thomond. The last of which,

Murrough O'Bryan, was created, in 1536, Earl of Thomond, by King Henry the Eighth, in consideration of having acknowledged that monarch, with remainder to his nephew, Donough O'Bryen; and Baron of Inchiquin to his own heirs male. His lordship *d.* in 1551, when the earldom devolved according to the patent, and expired with Henry O'Bryen, the eighth earl, and first Viscount Tadcaster, in the peerage of England, in 1741, and the barony was inherited by his son and heir,

Dermod, from whom it passed, uninterruptedly, from father to son, to his great-great-grandson,

William, who was advanced to the earldom of Inchiquin, on the 21st of October, 1654. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth St. Leger, daughter of the president of the province of Munster, in Ireland, Sir William St. Leger, knt.; and was succeeded, in 1674, by his son,

William, who was appointed captain-general and governor of Jamaica, by King William the Third. His lordship *m.* thrice, but had issue only by his first wife, Margaret, daughter of Roger, Earl of Orrery, namely, his successor, in 1692,

William. This nobleman *m.* Mary, youngest daughter of Sir Edward Villiers, governor of Tinmouth Castle, by Lady Frances Howard, daughter of Theophilus, second Earl of Suffolk, (Sir Edward's eldest son, Edward, was created Earl of Jersey,) by whom he had issue William, his successor; Charles, died unmarried; and James, who *m.* Mary, daughter of the very reverend William Jephson, Dean of Kelmore, and had issue Murrough, who succeeded his uncle in the earldom, and was created Marquess of Thomond; John, who *d.* without issue; and Edward, who *m.* Miss Carrick, and had, with other children, William, the present marquess. The earl *d.* in 1719, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, who *m.* first, Anne, Countess of Orkney in her own right, by whom he had several children, all of which *d.* however, before himself, except Mary, Countess of Orkney at the decease of her mother, who *m.* her cousin, Murrough O'Bryen, esq. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1761, Mary, daughter of Stephen, Viscount Mounteashel, by whom he had no child. He *d.* in 1777, and was succeeded by his nephew and son-in-law,

* There are, we believe, but two beside, namely, O'Neill, Earl of O'Neill, and O'Callaghan, Earl of Lismore.

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Murrough O'Bryan, esq., above-named, who was created, in 1800, Marquess of Thomond. His lordship had several children by his cousin, the Countess of Orkney, none of which lived, however, except Mary, who succeeded to the title, and *m.* the Honorable Thomas Fitzmaurice, (see, Countess of Orkney.) His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1792, Mary, daughter of John Palmer, esq., of Torrington, in the county of Devon, by whom he had no child. The marquess was thrown from his horse, in Grosvenor-square, in 1808, and *d.* in consequence of the fall, when the honors of the family devolved upon his nephew, William O'Bryan, esq., the present marquess.

Motto, in English,
Strength is from above.

Country Seat—Inchiquin Castle, county of Cork.

THOMPSON, SIR NORBORNE, baronet, of Virhees, in the county of Sussex; *b.* 23rd of March, 1785; inherited the title at the decease of his father, in 1803.

Lineage.

Charles Thompson, esq., vice-admiral of the blue, was created a baronet, on the 23rd of June, 1797. Sir Charles *m.* Jane, only daughter and heiress of Robert Selby, esq., of Bonnington, N.B., by whom he had issue Norborne, the present baronet, and three other children. He *d.* in 1803.

Country Seat—Virhees, Sussex.

THOMPSON, SIR THOMAS-BOULDEN, knight and baronet, of Hartsbourne, in the county of Herts; *b.* 28th February, 1768; *m.* in 1799, Anne, eldest daughter of Robert Raikes, esq., of Gloucester, by whom he has issue Thomas-Raikes-Trigge, *b.* 1st of April, 1804; and two daughters.

This gentleman, (the son of Captain Edward Thompson, of the navy, by Sarah, daughter of —— Boulden, esq., of the county of Kent,) having embraced the gallant profession of his father, was rewarded, in 1797, with a knighthood, and a pension of £300 a-year, for his heroic participation in the glorious victory of the Nile; and being, subsequently, employed in the expedition against Copenhagen, obtained an augmentation to his pension of £200 a-year, and was created a baronet, on the 11th of December, 1806. Sir Thomas is now an admiral, and treasurer of Greenwich Hospital.

Country Seat—Hartsbourne Manor-place, in the county of Herts.

THOROLD, SIR JOHN-HAYFORD, baronet, of Marston, in the county of Lincoln; *b.* 30th March, 1773; *m.* in October, 1811, Mary, eldest daughter of the late Sir Charles Kent, bart., and sister of the present Sir Charles Egleton Kent, by whom he has issue John-Charles, *b.* in June, 1816. Sir John inherited the title at the decease of his father, 25th February, 1815.

Lineage.

This is a very ancient family of Saxon origin, which has been settled in Lincolnshire for several centuries, and has given high sheriffs to that county previously to the conquest.

Sir William Thorold, knight, in consideration of the eminent services which he had rendered to his unfortunate sovereign, Charles the First, was created a baronet on the 24th of August, 1642. He *m.* Anne, daughter of John Blythe, esq., of Stroxton, by whom he had five sons and seven daughters, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William, to whom succeeded his brother,

Sir Anthony. This gentleman *m.* Miss Harrington, only daughter of Thomas Harrington, esq., of Boothby, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir John, who *d.* without issue, in 1716, when the title devolved upon his cousin,

Sir William, grandson of the first baronet, through his third son, John Thorold, esq. This gentleman was succeeded by his only son,

Sir Anthony, who *d.* in minority, in 1721, when the title reverted to his uncle,

Sir John. This gentleman *m.* first, Alice, only daughter and heiress of William Samson, esq., of Gainsborough, by whom he had two sons and a daughter; and, secondly, Miss Langley, daughter of William Langley, esq., by whom he had another son. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, who *d.* in 1775, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, *b.* in 1734. This gentleman *m.* in 1771, Jane, only daughter and heiress of Millington Hayford, esq., of Axton Hall, in the county of Nottingham, by whom he left issue John-Hayford, the present baronet; George, and Edward, both clergymen of the established church; Charles; and Jane, who *m.* Charles-Thorold Wood, esq., of Thoresby. Sir John *d.* on the 25th of February, 1815.

Country Seat—Syston Park, Lincolnshire.

THROCKMORTON-COURTENAY, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Coughton, in the county of Warwick; *b.* 15th September, 1754; *m.* in 1792, (in which year he assumed the additional surname and arms of Courtenay,) Catharine, only daughter of Thomas Stapleton, esq., of Carlton, in the county of York, by whom he has no issue. Sir George inherited the title at the decease of his brother, 3rd of January, 1819.

Lineage.

Robert Throckmorton, esq., of Coughton, descended from John De Throckmorton, lord of the manor of Throckmorton, in the county of Worcester, long antecedent to the Conquest, was created a baronet on the 1st of September, 1642. He died in 1650, leaving a son and daughter by his second wife, Mary, daughter of Sir Francis Smith, baronet, and sister of Charles, Lord Carrington, a title which expired in 1705. Sir Robert was succeeded by his only son,

Sir Francis, who *d.* in 1680, and was succeeded by his second, but eldest surviving son,

Sir Robert. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter

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and heiress of Sir Charles Yate, bart., of Buckland, by whom he had three sons and eight daughters. He *d.* in 1720, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SIR ROBERT, *b.* in 1702; *m.* thrice: first, Lady Theresa Herbert, daughter of William, Marquess of Powis, by whom he had two sons and one daughter. The eldest son, Robert, *d.* unmarried. The second, George, *m.* in 1748, Anna-Maria, only daughter of William Paston, esq., of Horton, and grand-daughter of John Courtenay, esq., of Molland, in the county of Devon, by whom he had nine children, of which John-Courtenay, successor to the title, and George, the present baronet, were the two eldest surviving sons. Sir Robert *m.* secondly, in 1738, Catharine, daughter of George Collingwood, esq., of Estlington, in the county of Northumberland, by whom he had three daughters; and, thirdly, in 1763, Lucy, daughter of James Haywood, esq., of Maristow, in the county of Devon, by whom he had no issue. He *d.* in 1791, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR JOHN-COURTENAY, who *d.* without issue, in 1819, when the title devolved upon his brother, George-Courtenay, the present baronet.

Motto, in English,

Virtue is the only nobility.

Country Seats—Coughton, in the county of Warwick; and Buckland, Berkshire.

THURLOW, BARON, (Edward-Hovell Thurlow,) of Thurlow, in the county of Suffolk; *b.* 10th June, 1781; succeeded to the title at the decease of his uncle, 12th of September, 1806; *m.* in 1813, Miss Mary-Catharine Bolton, an actress of celebrity, by whom he has issue Edward-Thomas-Hovell, *b.* 12th November, 1814; Thomas-Hugh-Hovell, *b.* 13th May, 1816; and John-Edmund-Hovell, *b.* 15th July, 1817. His lordship assumed the surname of Hovell, in 1814, as a descendant, maternally, from Richard Hovell, esquire of the body to King Henry the Fifth. Lord Thurlow is register of the diocese of Lincoln, patentee of the bankrupts' office, clerk of the custody of lunatics and idiots, and clerk of the hanaper in the court of chancery.

Lineage.

EDWARD THURLOW, esq., eldest son of the Reverend Thomas Thurlow, by Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Smith, esq., having been bred to the bar, attained the highest honors of his learned profession. In 1770, he was nominated solicitor-general; in 1771, attorney-general; and in 1778, lord high chancellor of England, when he was elevated to the peerage, (3rd of June, 1778,) by the title of Baron Thurlow, of Ashfield, in the county of Suffolk. His lordship was created, on the 12th of June, 1792, Baron Thurlow, of Thurlow, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brothers, and their male descendants; and dying unmarried, on the 12th of September, 1806, the original barony expired, but the latter passed to his nephew, Edward-Hovell-Thurlow, esq., present baron, eldest son of his lordship's deceased brother, the Right Reverend Doctor Thomas Thurlow, lord bishop of Durham, by Anne, daughter of William Beere, esq.

Motto, in English,

Wherever fate may summon me.

Country Seat—Knight's Hill, Dulwich, Kent.

TICHBORNE, SIR HENRY-JOSEPH, baronet, of Tichborne House, Hampshire; *b.* 5th of January, 1779; *m.* in 1816, Anne, fourth daughter of the late Sir Thomas Burke, baronet, of Marble Hill, in the county of Galway, and aunt of the present Marquess of Clanricarde, by whom he has issue two daughters, Elizabeth-Anne and Francis-Catharine; the elder *b.* 28th of May, 1807, and the younger on the 18th of March, 1809. Sir Henry inherited the title at the decease of his father, the late Sir Henry.

Lineage.

This is one of the oldest baronetcies, having been conferred on the 8th of March, 1620, upon

BENJAMIN TICHBORNE, esq., who had obtained the good opinion of King James the First, by proclaiming his majesty's accession to the crown of England, throughout Hampshire, without waiting for instructions from government. Sir Richard *m.* Amphilis, daughter of the Honorable Mr. Justice Watson, of the court of common pleas. He *d.* in 1621, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR RICHARD, who was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SIR HENRY. This gentleman suffered, in person and property, during the Usurpation, but was recompensed after the restoration of the monarchy, by being appointed lieutenant of the New Forest, and lieutenant of the ordnance. He *d.* in 1689, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR HENRY-JOSEPH. This gentleman having survived all his children, *d.* in 1743, when the title devolved upon

SIR HENRY, descended from Sir Benjamin, the first baronet, through his second son, Sir Walter Tichborne, knight. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Michael Blount, esq., of Maple Durham, in the county of Oxford, by whom he left an only son, at his decease, in 1735, his successor,

SIR HENRY, *b.* 6th September, 1756; *m.* in 1777, Miss Elizabeth Plowden, of Plowden, in the county of Salop, by whom he had issue Henry, present baronet; with six other sons, and three daughters.

Motto, in English,

Fight for country.

Country Seat—Tichborne House, Hampshire.

TIERNEY, SIR MATTHEW-JOHN, baronet, of Brighton, in the county of Sussex; *m.* Harriett-Mary, daughter of the late Henry Jones, esq., of Bloomsbury-square, by whom he has no issue.

This gentleman, a medical practitioner of eminence, being appointed physician in ordinary

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to his majesty, and physician to the household at Brighton, was created a baronet, on the 19th of December, 1818.

Town Residence—46, Dover-street.

Country Seat—Brighton, in the county of Sussex.

TORPHICHEN, BARON, (James Sandilands,) of Lothian; *m.* in 1806, Margaret, daughter of John Stirling, esq., of Keppendavie, by whom he has issue Robert, *b.* in 1807; with two other sons, and a daughter. His lordship succeeded to the title at the decease of his cousin, the late lord, on the 7th of June, 1815.

This being a barony of Scotland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

Sir James Sandilands, knight of Malta, and chief of that order in Scotland, (second son of Sir James Sandilands, of Calder,) was created, on the 24th of January, 1564, Baron Torphichen, with remainder to his heirs and assigns whatsoever; dying without issue, in 1596, the title devolved upon the grandson of his only brother John, his great-nephew,

James, who was succeeded by his son,

James. This nobleman dying unmarried in 1622, the title devolved upon his brother,

John, who was succeeded, in 1637, by his eldest son,

John. This nobleman *d.* unmarried, in 1649, when the title descended to his brother,

Walter. His lordship *m.* four times, but left issue only by his fourth wife, Christiana, daughter and heiress of James Primrose, esq., namely, his successor, in 1696,

James. This nobleman *m.* Jane, daughter of Patrick, Earl of Marchmont, lord high chancellor of Scotland, and dying, in 1753, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Walter, who *m.* in 1757, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Alexander Sandilands, esq., M.D. by whom he left issue James, his successor; with Alexander and Hugh, both officers in the army. His lordship *d.* in 1765, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

James, *b.* in 1759. This nobleman dying without issue, in 1815, the barony devolved upon his first cousin, James Sandilands, esq., the present peer, eldest son of his uncle, the Honorable Robert Sandilands, by Grisel, daughter of Sir Thomas Kirkpatrick, baronet, of Closeburn.

Motto, in English,

I hope for better times.

Country Seat—Calder House, Mid Lothian.

TORRINGTON, VISCOUNT, (George Byng,) of the county of Devon; Baron Byng, of Southhill, in the county of Bedford; and a baronet; *b.* in 1768; *m.* first, in 1793, Elizabeth, daughter of Philip Langmead, esq., by whom he has one daughter, Lucy-Elizabeth, *b.* 11th of June, 1794; and secondly, in 1811, Frances-Harriet, daughter of Sir Robert Barlow, knight, by whom he has George, *b.* 9th of September, 1812; Robert-Barlow-Palmer, *b.* 30th of November, 1816; Frances-Elizabeth, and Helare-Caroline. His lordship inherited the honors of his family at the decease of his father, on the 8th of January, 1813. Lord Torrington belongs to the royal navy, in which service he has risen to the rank of rear-admiral of the blue.

Lineage.

This noble family is one of great antiquity in the county of Kent. Its honors were, however, founded since the Revolution, by the celebrated

Admiral George Byng, one of the most distinguished officers in the naval annals of Great Britain, who received the honor of knighthood, from Queen Anne, on the 22nd of October, 1704; was created a baronet, on the 14th of November, 1715; and elevated to the peerage, on the 9th of September, 1721, by the titles of Baron Byng, and Viscount Torrington, having been previously constituted rear-admiral of Great Britain, and treasurer of the navy. In 1725, his lordship was installed one of the knights companions of the Bath, on the revival of that very ancient order; and in 1727, he was appointed first lord commissioner of the admiralty. He *m.* in 1691, Margaret, daughter of James Master, esq., of East Langden, in the county of Kent, by whom he had eleven sons and four daughters. The fourth son, the Honorable John Byng, was the unfortunate Admiral Byng, so unjustly executed, on the 14th of March, 1757, under the sentence of a court-martial; upon whose coffin, in the family vault at Southhill, in Bedfordshire, the following inscription appears, engraven upon brass:

To the perpetual disgrace of
Public Justice,
The Honorable John Byng,
Vice-Admiral of the Blue,
Fell a martyr to
Political persecution,
On March 14th, in the year 1757,
When bravery and loyalty
Were insufficient securities
For the life and honor
Of a Naval Officer.

Lord Torrington *d.* in 1733, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Patter, who *d.* on the 23rd of January, 1747, when the honors devolved upon his next brother,

George. His lordship *m.* in 1736, Elizabeth, daughter of —— Daniel, esq., by whom he had two sons, who succeeded, in turn, to the peerage. His lordship *d.* on the 7th of April, 1750, when his eldest son,

George, inherited. This nobleman *m.* in 1765, Lady Lucy Boyle, only daughter of John, fifth Earl of Cork and Orrery, by whom he had three sons, who *d.* in infancy, and four daughters; namely, Lucy-Elizabeth, wife of Orlando, present Earl of

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Bradford; Georgiana-Elizabeth, first wife of John, present Duke of Bedford, (her ladyship *d.* in 1801;) Isabella-Elizabeth, present Marchioness of Bath; and Emily, wife of Henry Seymour, esq., eldest son of Lord Robert Seymour, who *d.* in 1824. Those ladies were co-heiresses of the viscount. His lordship *d.* on the 14th of December, 1812, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN, *b.* in 1742. His lordship *m.* in 1767, Bridget, daughter of Commodore Forrest, by whom he left issue George, the present peer; with two other sons, and seven daughters. The viscount *d.* on the 8th of January, 1813.

Motto, in English,
I will defend.

Country Seat—

TOWNSHEND, MARQUESS OF, (George-Ferrars Townshend,) Earl of Leicester; Viscount Townshend, of Raynham, in the county of Norfolk; Baron Townshend, of Lynn Regis, in the same county; Baron Ferrars, of Chartley; Baron Compton; one of the co-heirs to the barony of Bourchier; and a baronet; *b.* 13th of December, 1778; *m.* in 1807, Miss Gardner, daughter of William-Dunn Gardner, esq., by whom he has no issue. His lordship inherited the honors of his family at the decease of his father, on the 27th of July, 1811.

Lineage.

This ancient and illustrious house deduces its descent from Lodovic, a noble Norman, who settled in England, during the reign of Henry the First, assumed the surname of Townshend, and by marriage with Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas de Haville, obtained the manor of Raynham, in the county of Norfolk, which has ever since remained in possession of the family, and is now its principal country residence. Directly descended from this personage, was

ROGER TOWNSHEND, esq., created a baronet, on the 16th of April, 1617. This gentleman was son of John Townshend, esq., a distinguished member of parliament, in the reigns of Queen Elizabeth and King James the First, who fell in a duel, fought on horseback, on Hounslow Heath, with Sir Matthew Brown, of Beechworth Castle, in the county of Surrey, after mortally wounding his antagonist. Sir Roger *m.* Mary, second daughter and co-heiress of Horatio, Lord Vere, of Tilbury, by whom he had two sons and five daughters. He *d.* on the 1st of January, 1636, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROGER, who *d.* during his minority, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR HORATIO. This gentleman having rendered essential services to the royal cause, during the usurpation, and being one of the most forward in restoring the monarchy, was elevated to the peerage, after the accomplishment of that most desirable event, (20th of April, 1661,) by the title of Baron Townshend, of Lynn Regis; and advanced, on the 11th of December, 1682, to the dignity of Viscount Townshend, of Raynham. His lordship *m.* twice, but had issue only by his second wife, Mary, daughter of Sir Joseph Ashe, knt., of Twickenham, in the county of Middlesex, namely, three sons; Charles, Roger, and Horatio. The viscount *d.* in December, 1687, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES. This nobleman was employed as a diplomatist, and resided, as ambassador extraordinary, at the Hague, in the reign of Queen Anne. After the accession of King George the First, his lordship filled the office of Secretary of State, and was appointed lord lieutenant of Ireland, but declining to proceed to that kingdom, he was constituted, on the 11th of June, 1720, president of the council. His lordship, subsequently, re-filled the office of secretary of state; was frequently nominated one of the lords justices, during the occasional sojourn of his majesty in his German dominions; and was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, on the 28th of July, 1724. He *m.* first, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Thomas, Lord Pelham, by whom he had four sons and a daughter; and secondly, in July, 1713, Dorothy, daughter of Robert Walpole, esq., of Houghton, in the county of Norfolk, and sister of the minister, Sir Robert Walpole, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in June, 1738, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, *b.* 11th of July, 1700, who had been previously summoned to parliament, on the 24th of May, 1723, as Baron Lynne, of Lynne Regis, and appointed one of the lords of the bedchamber. His lordship *m.* in 1723, Audrey, only daughter and heiress of Edward Harrison, esq., of Balls, in the county of Hertford, by whom he had five sons, and one daughter. The viscount *d.* in May, 1764, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, *b.* 28th of February, 1724. His lordship *m.* first, in 1751, Lady Charlotte Compton, only surviving child of James, Earl of Northampton, by whom he had four sons and four daughters. This lady inherited, from her mother, Elizabeth Shirley, Baroness Ferrars, of Chartley, that barony; and from her father, the barony of Compton. She *d.* at Dublin, on the 14th of September, 1770, during the government of the viscount, as lord-lieutenant of that kingdom, to which important station he was appointed, in 1767. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1773, Anne, daughter of Sir William Montgomery, baronet, of Ireland, by whom he left two sons and four daughters. The viscount was advanced to the dignity of Marquess of Townshend, in the county of Norfolk, on the 27th of October, 1786. He *d.* on the 14th of September, 1807, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, *b.* 18th of April, 1755, who had been summoned to parliament, at the demise of his mother, as Baron Ferrars de Chartley, a barony which he inherited from her ladyship; and created, on the 19th of May, 1784, Earl of Leicester. His lordship

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m. in 1777, Charlotte, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Eaton-Mainwairing Elliker, esq., of Risby Park, in the county of York, by whom he had issue George-Ferrars, the present marquess; Charles-Vere, *b.* 15th of September, 1785; *m.* in 1812, Charlotte, daughter of General Loftus; Charlotte-Barbara, who *m.* the Honorable Cecil Bishopp, and *d.* in 1807; and three other daughters. The marquess *d.* on the 27th of July, 1811.

Motto, in English,

Ennobled for fidelity.

Country Seats—Raynham Hall, Norfolk; and Balls Park, Herts.

TRAQUAIR, EARL OF, (Charles Stuart,) Baron Stuart, of Traquair; and Baron Linton and Caverston; *m.* in 1773, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of George Ravenscroft, esq., of Wickham, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he has issue John, Lord Linton, *b.* 31st January, 1781; and Louisa, *b.* 20th of March, 1776. His lordship inherited the honors of his family at the decease of his father, on the 28th of March, 1779.

The honors of the house of Traquair being of Scotland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is deprived of his elective rights, in consequence of professing the Roman Catholic religion.

Lineage.

John Stuart, esq. (lineally descended from James Stuart, natural son of James, Earl of Buchan, whose birth was legitimized by charter, on the 20th of February, 1489, and who fell at the battle of Flodden Field, in 1513,) was created, on the 19th of April, 1628, Baron Stuart, of Traquair, and Baron Linton and Caverston; and Earl of Traquair, on the 22nd of June, 1633. His lordship *m.* Catharine, daughter of David, Earl of Southesk, by whom he had three daughters, and his successor, in 1659,

John, who *d.* in 1666, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William. This nobleman dying unmarried, in 1741, the family honors devolved upon his only brother,

Charles. His lordship *m.* Lady Mary Maxwell, daughter of Robert, fourth Earl of Nithesdale, by whom he had two sons and six daughters. He *d.* in 1741, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Charles, who *d.* without issue, in 1765, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

John. This nobleman *m.* Christiana, daughter of Sir Peter Anstruther, baronet, of Anstrutherfield, by whom he had issue Charles, the present peer; Christiana, the wife of Cyrus Griffin, esq.; Mary, and Lucy. His lordship *d.* in 1779.

Motto,

Judge nought.

Country Seat—Traquair Castle, Tweedaleshire.

TRELAWNEY, THE REVEREND SIR HENRY, baronet, of Trelawney, in the county of Cornwall; inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 11th of December, 1772; *m.* in 1778, Anne, daughter of the Reverend James Brown, by whom he has issue William-Lewis, who has assumed the surname of Salisbury, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his cousin, Owen-Salisbury Brereton, esq., and is married to Patience, daughter of John-Philip Carpenter, esq., of Mount Tavy, in the county of Devon; Hamlin, a captain in the royal artillery, who *m.* Martha, daughter of Joseph Rogers, esq., of the county of Cork; Jonathan; and two daughters.

Lineage.

This ancient and distinguished family derives its surname from the lordship of Trelawny, or Treleon, in the parish of Alterman, in the county of Cornwall.

John Trelawney, esq., was created a baronet, on the 1st of July, 1628. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Reginald Mohun, baronet, by whom he had five sons and eight daughters, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Jonathan, who was succeeded by his third, but eldest surviving, son,

The Right Reverend Sir Jonathan, lord bishop of Bristol, in 1685; one of the seven prelates who was committed to the Tower, by King James the Second. His lordship was translated, after the Revolution, to the see of Exeter first, and thence, in 1707, to that of Winchester, when he was appointed prelate of the illustrious Order of the Garter. He *m.* Rebecca, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Hele, esq., by whom he had issue John, his successor; Henry; Charles, *b.* in 1694, a clergyman and prebendary of Winchester; Edward, *b.* in 1699, who became governor of Jamaica; Hele, a clergyman and D.D.; besides five daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 19th of July, 1721, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, who *d.* childless, in 1756, and his brothers having all previously died, without issue, the title reverted to the son of his uncle, Brigadier-General Trelawney, by Rebecca, daughter and co-heiress of Matthew Hales, esq.:—his first cousin, and brother-in-law,

Sir Harry, who had *m.* Letitia, second daughter of Sir Jonathan Trelawney, bishop of Winchester, by whom he had a son, Charles, who *d.* in his lifetime; and three daughters. Sir Harry *d.* at an advanced period of life, in 1762, when the title devolved upon the eldest surviving son of his brother, Captain Trelawney, of the army:—his nephew and son-in-law,

Sir William, an officer of rank in the royal navy, and governor of Jamaica, where he *d.* in 1772, and his remains were honored with public obsequies in the island. This gentleman *m.* his cousin, Letitia, daughter of his predecessor, by whom he left issue Letitia-Anne, the wife of Paul-Treby Treby, esq., of Plympton, in the county of Devon; and his successor, the Reverend Henry Trelawney, the present baronet.

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Motto, in English,
Deeds according with words,—and virtue in the richest inheritance.

Country Seat—Egloshayle, in the county of Cornwall.

TREVELYAN, SIR JOHN, baronet, *b.* in 1735; *m.* Louisa-Marianna, daughter and co-heiress of Peter Symond, esq., a merchant of London, by whom he has issue John, (who *m.* in 1791, Maria, daughter of Sir Thomas Spencer Wilson, baronet, and aunt of the present Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson, and has issue;) Walter, a clergyman of the established church; George, also a clergyman, archdeacon of Bath, and canon residentiary of the cathedral of Wells; and an only daughter, Louisa. Sir John inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 28th of December, 1768.

Lineage.

This very ancient Cornish family derives its surname from the lordship of Trevelyan, near Fowey, in the county of Cornwall, of which it was possessed antecedent to the conquest. It obtained a baronetcy on the 24th of January, 1661, in the person of

GEORGE TREVELYAN, esq., who *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of John Willoughby, esq., and was succeeded, at his decease, by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *d.* in 1755, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SIR GEORGE, *b.* in 1707; *m.* Julia, only daughter of Sir Walter Calverley, baronet, of Calverley, in the county of York, and eventually heiress, in 1777, of her brother, who had assumed the name of Blacket, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his cousin, Sir William Blacket, bart. The issue of this marriage were John, the present baronet; Walter; and four daughters. Sir George *d.* in 1768.

Motto, in English,
Time trieth troth.

Country Seat—Nettlecombe, in the county of Somerset.

TRIMLESTOWN, BARON, (John-Thomas Barnewall,) of Trimlestown, in the county of Meath; *b.* 30th of January, 1773; *m.* in 1794, Maria-Theresa, daughter of Richard Kiwan, esq., of Cregg, in the county of Galway, by whom he has issue Thomas, *b.* in 1796; and a daughter. His lordship succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 16th of April, 1813.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is deprived of his elective rights in consequence of adhering to the Roman Catholic religion.

Lineage.

This illustrious family claims a common progenitor, with *that* of Barnewall, Viscounts Kingland; namely,

SIR CHRISTOPHER BARNEWALL, knight, of Crickstown, in the county of Meath, who lived in the fourteenth century, from whose youngest son, John Barnewall, esq., sprang the viscounts; while the elder,

SIR CHRISTOPHER BARNEWALL, knight, also of Crickstown, became father of

ROBERT BARNEWALL, esq., (his second son,) who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, in 1461, by the title of Baron Trimlestown. From this nobleman the barony descended, uninterruptedly, to

MATTHIAS, the eighth baron, by whom it was forfeited, during the Rebellion in Ireland, in 1641. His lordship being then outlawed, from that period it remained dormant, until 1795, when it was restored to his great-great-grandson,

THOMAS, the thirteenth lord in descent, but in reality, in consequence of the forfeiture, only the ninth in the peerage. His lordship was a knight of Malta; and dying unmarried, the barony reverted to his uncle, Richard Barnewall's son, (the said Richard was youngest son of John, who was called the eleventh lord,) his cousin,

NICHOLAS. This nobleman *m.* first, in 1793, Martha-Henrietta, daughter of M. D'Aguin, president of the parliament of Thoulouse, by whom he had issue John-Thomas, present lord; and Rosala, who *m.* in 1796, Robert, Count Dalton, and *d.* in 1815. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1797, Alicia, daughter of Major-General Eustace, by whom he had no child. He *d.* in 1813.

Motto, in English,
Death before dishonor.

Country Seat—Trimlestown, county of Meath.

TROLLOPE, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Casewick, in the county of Lincoln; *b.* in 1801; inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 28th of April, 1820.

Lineage.

THOMAS TROLLOPE, esq., of Casewick, was created a baronet on the 5th of February, 1641. He *d.* in 1651, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, relict of William Thorold, esq., and daughter of Sir Robert Carr, bart., chancellor of the exchequer in the reign of King Charles the Second, by whom he had an only daughter, Elizabeth Carr, (who *m.* Charles Fox, esq., eldest son of Sir Stephen Fox, knt.) Sir William dying thus without male issue, in 1678, the title reverted to his brother Thomas's son, his nephew,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Susannah, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Clobery, of Bradstone, Devonshire, knt., by whom he had several children. He *d.* in 1729, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *d.* in 1784, and was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR THOMAS-WILLIAM, who *d.* unmarried, in 1789, when the title devolved upon his brother,

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Sir John. This gentleman *m.* in 1793, Anne, daughter of Henry Thorold, esq., of Coxwold, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he left issue John, the present baronet; with five other sons, and four daughters. Sir John *d.* in 1820.

Country Seat—Casewick Lodge, Lincolnshire.

TROTTER, SIR COUTTS, baronet, of West Ville, in the county of Lincoln; *b.* 15th February, 1767; *m.* in 1802, Margaret, daughter of the late Honorable Alexander Gordon, (third son of William, second Earl of Aberdeen,) who assumed, upon being nominated a lord of session, the honorary designation of Lord Rockville. The issue of this marriage are four daughters, namely, Anne, the wife of Captain Lindsay, of the grenadier guards; Jane, Susan, and Margaret.

This gentleman, the youngest son of Archibald Trotter, esq., by Jean, daughter and heiress of Robert Mowbray, esq., of Castlelaw, was created a baronet on the 4th of September, 1821, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the male descendants of his daughter, Anne, (Mrs. Lindsay.)

Town Residence—10, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seats—Brandsbury, Middlesex; and West Ville, Lincolnshire.

TROWBRIDGE, SIR EDWARD-THOMAS, baronet, of Asher, in the county of Devon; inherited the title from his father, the late Sir Thomas; *m.* in 1810, Forrester, daughter of Admiral Sir Alexander-Inglis Cochrane, G.C.B., and cousin of Lord Cochrane, by whom he has issue Inglis, and another son. Sir Edward is an officer of rank in the royal navy.

Lineage.

Admiral Thomas Trowbridge, of the royal navy, was created a baronet, on the 23rd of November, 1799, in consideration of his gallant participation, as commodore, in the glorious victory of the Nile, in 1798. He *m.* Mrs. Frances Richardson, and had issue Edward-Thomas, the present baronet; and Charlotte, who *m.* Major-General Egerton, brother of Sir Philip-Grey Egerton, baronet, of Oulton Park.

Country Seat—Blomer, in the county of Sussex.

TURNER-PAGE, SIR GREGORY-OSBORNE, baronet, of Ambrosden, in the county of Oxford; *b.* 28th September, 1785; inherited the title at the decease of his father, 4th January, 1805; *m.* in 1818, Helen-Eliza, only daughter of John-Wolsey Bayfield, esq., by whom he has a daughter, *b.* 7th February, 1820.

Lineage.

Edward Turner, esq., of Lincoln's Inn, was created a baronet on the 24th of August, 1733. He *m.* in 1718, Mary, eldest daughter of Sir Gregory Page, bart., of Greenwich, in the county of Kent, by whom he had three sons. Sir Edward was chosen chairman of the court of directors of the honorable East India company, in 1733. He *d.* in 1735, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

Sir Edward, *b.* in 1719. This gentleman *m.* in 1739, Cassandra, eldest daughter of William Leigh, esq., by whom he left issue Gregory, his successor; John, *b.* in 1752, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Bevill Dryden, esq., assumed the surname of Dryden, and was created a baronet, in 1795; besides two daughters. Sir Edward *d.* on the 31st of October, 1766, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Gregory, *b.* 16th February, 1748, who assumed, in 1775, the surname and arms of Page, in addition to those of his own family, upon succeeding to the fortune of his great-uncle, Sir Gregory Page, bart., of Wricklemarsh, in the county of Kent. He *m.* in 1785, Frances, daughter of Joseph Howell, esq., of Elm, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he left issue Gregory-Osborne, the present baronet; Edward-George-Thomas, *b.* 12th September, 1789, (*m.* Miss Williams, of Southampton;) and Anne-Leigh-Guy, the wife of H. W. Barron, esq., of Mount Barron, in the county of Waterford. Sir Gregory *d.* in 1805.

Country Seat—Battlesden Park, in the county of Bedford.

TURTON, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Starborough Castle, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 27th September, 1764; *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of the Reverend John Michell, by whom he has issue Thomas-Edward-Michell, *b.* 8th November, 1790, (*m.* to Louisa, daughter of Major-General Browne;) and four daughters.

This gentleman, the descendant of an ancient Staffordshire family, was created a baronet, on the 13th of May, 1796. Sir Thomas is clerk of the juries in the court of common pleas.

Country Seat—Starborough Castle, in the county of Surrey.

TWEEDALE, MARQUESS OF, (George Hay,) Earl of Gifford, Earl of Tweedale, in the county of Peebles; Viscount Walden, and Baron Hay, of Yester, in the peerage of Scotland; *b.* 1st February, 1787; inherited the family honors at the decease of his father, in August, 1804; *m.* first, in 1813, Miss Forbes, daughter of John Forbes, esq., of Seaton, in the county of Aberdeen, who died without issue; and, secondly, in 1816, Lady Susan Montagu, daughter of his grace, William, present Duke of Manchester, by whom he has two sons, the elder, Lord Gifford, *b.* 26th April, 1821, and the younger on the 9th November, 1824; besides three daughters. His lordship, who is a lieutenant-colonel in the army, served as aid-de-camp to his grace the Duke of Wellington, in the late peninsular war, and was wounded, while acting in that capacity, at the battle of Busaco, on the 27th September, 1810. The marquess is a Knight of the Thistle, a Knight Companion of the Bath, and hereditary chamberlain of Dumfermline.

The honors of the house of Tweedale being of

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Scotland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present marquess sits as one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This illustrious family, and *that* of Hay, Earls of Errol, are descended from a common ancestor, namely, WILLIAM DE HAYA, who settled in Lothian more than six centuries ago, and filled the office of royal butler during the reigns of Malcolm the Fourth and William the Lion; from the youngest son of this personage, Robert, lineally descended

JOHN HAY, esq., who was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, on the 29th of January, 1488, as Baron Hay, of Yester, in the county of Haddington, which barony descended, uninterruptedly, to

JOHN, the eighth baron, who inherited at the decease of his father, in 1609, and was created, on the 1st of December, 1646, Earl of Tweedale. His lordship *d.* in 1654, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN. This nobleman was advanced, on the 17th of December, 1694, to the dignities of Viscount Walden, Earl of Gifford, and Marquess of Tweedale. He *m.* Lady Jane Scott, daughter of Walter, first Earl of Buccleuch, by whom he had five sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1697, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, *b.* in 1645. His lordship *m.* in 1666, Lady Anne Maitland, only daughter and heiress of John, Duke of Lauderdale, by whom he had three sons. He *d.* in 1713, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES, who *d.* in 1715, and was succeeded by his son,

JOHN. This nobleman *d.* in 1762, and was succeeded by his son,

GEORGE, who *d.* a minor, in 1770, when the family honors reverted to his uncle,

GEORGE. This nobleman *d.* without issue, in 1787, when the honors reverted to his kinsman,

GEORGE, great-grandson of John, the second marquess, (through his youngest son, Lord William Hay, of Newhall.) This nobleman *m.* in 1785, Lady Hannah-Charlotte Maitland, daughter of James, late Earl of Lauderdale, and sister of the present earl, by whom he had issue George, present marquess; James, lieutenant-colonel grenadier guards; John, a captain in the navy; with two other sons, and five daughters. Lady Dorothea, the eldest daughter, is the wife of John-Henry Ley, esq., clerk to the house of commons; Lady Hannah, of John Thorpe, esq., of Chippenham Park; and Lady Elizabeth, of Joseph-Hope Vere, esq., of Cragie Hall. The marquess *d.* at Verdun, in August, 1804.

Motto,

Spare nought.

Country Seat—Yester House, Haddingtonshire.

TWISDEN, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Bradbourn, in the county of Kent; *b.* in 1785; inherited the title at the demise of his father, on the 9th of February, 1810; *m.* in 1811, Catharine-Judith, daughter of the Reverend William Coppard, who *d.* 13th of April, 1819, without issue.

Lineage.

This is a younger branch of the house of Twysden, of Roydon Hall, East Peckham, baronets, which changed the "y" to an "i" in the spelling of the name, for distinction sake merely.

THOMAS TWISDEN, esq., second son of Sir William Twysden, bart., of Peckham, by Anne, daughter of Sir Moyle Finch, bart., being appointed a judge of the court of king's bench, was created a baronet on the 13th of June, 1666. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1683, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROGER, from whom the title descended, uninterruptedly, to

SIR ROGER, the sixth baronet, who inherited at the demise of his father, in 1772; and dying without issue, in 1779, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR JOHN-PAPILLON. This gentleman *m.* in 1782, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Francis Geary, bart., sister of the late Sir William, and aunt of the present Sir William-Richard-Powlett Geary, by whom he had an only son, John, the present baronet. Sir John-Papillon *d.* in 1810.

Motto, in English,

Foreseen evils pass away.

Country Seat—Bradbourn House, near Maidstone.

TWYSDEN, SIR WILLIAM-JERVIS, baronet, of Roydon Hall, East Peckham, in the county of Kent; succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, in 1767; *m.* in 1786, Frances, daughter of Alexander Wynch, esq., by whom he has issue William, Francis-James, and five daughters; the eldest of which, Mary, is the wife of Henry-Duncan Twysden, esq., of the royal navy.

Lineage.

The patriarch of this distinguished house, Adam de Twysden, possessed the estate of Twysdenend, in the county of Kent, so far back as the reign of Edward the First, and the high station maintained by the family since that remote period, amongst the gentry of the country, is sufficiently established, by the fact of its being one of the first elevated to the dignity of baronet; for within little more than a month after the institution of the order, (29th June, 1611,) we find

SIR WILLIAM TWYSDEN, knight, honored with it. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Moyle Finch, bart., by whom he had five sons and two daughters. The second son, Thomas, became one of the judges of the court of king's bench, changed the spelling of his name to Twisden, was created a baronet, and founded another family, (see, Twisden, baronet;) while the eldest,

SIR ROGER, succeeded his father, in 1628. This gentleman *m.* Isabella, youngest daughter and coheiress of Sir Nicholas Saunders, knt., and dying in 1672, was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *d.* in 1697, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* in 1710, Catharine, only daughter and heiress of Sir Francis Wi-

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thers, one of the judges of the court of king's bench, but leaving two daughters only at his demise, in 1712, the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* Jane, grand-daughter of Sir Thomas Twisden, bart., of Bradbourn, one of the judges of the court of king's bench, and was succeeded at his demise, in 1751, by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of George Jervis, esq., by whom he left William-Jervis, the present baronet; with two other sons; and an only daughter, who *m.* first, Archibald, eleventh Earl of Eglinton, by whom she had two daughters; and, secondly, Francis Moore, esq., son of the late Doctor Moore, and brother of the lamented General Sir John Moore. Sir William *d.* in 1767.

Country Seat — Roydon Hall, East Peckham, Kent.

TYRCONNEL, EARL OF, (John-Delavel Carpenter,) Viscount Carlingford, of Carlingford, and Baron Carpenter, of Killaghy, in the county of Kilkenny; *b.* 16th of December, 1790; inherited the family honors at the decease of his brother, on the 20th December, 1812; *m.* in 1817, Sarah, only child of Robert Crowe, esq., of Kiplin, in the county of York, by whom he has no issue.

The honors of the house of Tyrconnel being solely of Ireland, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative peers.

Lineage.

LIEUT.-GEN. GEORGE CARPENTER, governor of the island of Minorca, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 29th of May, 1719, as Baron Carpenter. His lordship *d.* in 1731, and was succeeded by his only son,

GEORGE, who was succeeded also (in 1749,) by an only son,

GEORGE, *b.* in 1723. His lordship *m.* in 1748, Frances, only daughter and heiress of Sir Robert Clifton, bart., of Clifton, in the county of Nottingham, by whom he had issue George, his successor; and Charles, a naval officer of rank, (who *d.* in 1803, leaving issue by Elizabeth, only daughter of Thomas Mackenzie, esq., George Carpenter, and John-Delavel Carpenter, both successors to the family honors;) besides four daughters. Lord Carpenter was advanced to the dignities of Viscount Carlingford and Earl of Tyrconnel, on the 1st of May, 1761; and dying the year after, was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE. This nobleman *m.* first, in 1772, Frances Manners, eldest daughter of the celebrated military commander, Lieut.-General John, Marquess of Granby, and grand-daughter of John, third Duke of Rutland, which marriage was dissolved, by act of parliament, in 1777. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1780, the Honorable Sarah-Hussey Delaval, youngest daughter of John, Lord Delaval, by whom he had George, who *d.* in 1789; and Susan-Hussey, *b.* 15th June, 1784, who *m.* in 1805, Henry de la Poer, present Marquess of Waterford. Lord Tyrconnel dying without male issue on the 15th of April, 1805, the family honors devolved upon the eldest son of his brother, the Honorable Captain Charles Carpenter of the Royal Navy, above mentioned, his lordship's nephew,

GEORGE. This nobleman, who was *b.* in 1788, impelled by the love of military enterprize, entered into the Russian army as a volunteer; in which service he *d.* from excessive fatigue, at Wilna, on the 20th December, 1812. His lordship was unmarried, and the family honors devolved, in consequence, upon his brother, John-Delaval Carpenter, esq., present Earl of Tyrconnel.

Motto, in English,
By the stratagems of war.

Country Seat—

TYRREL, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Boreham House, in the county of Essex, *b.* 20th July, 1762; *m.* in 1791, Sarah, only daughter of the late William Tyssen, esq., of Waltham House, in the county of Herts, by whom he has issue John-Tyssen, *b.* 21st November, 1795; (*m.* Miss Pilkington, daughter of Sir Thomas Pilkington, Baronet;) Charles Tyssen, *b.* in 1804; and two daughters.

This gentleman, the eldest son of the late John Tyrrell, esq., of Hatfield-Peverell, in the county of Essex, (a descendant of the celebrated Sir Walter Tyrel, who accidentally slew William Rufus in the New Forest,) by his second wife, Anne, eldest daughter of the Rev. William Master, was created a baronet on the 28th September, 1809.

Motto, in English,
Without fear.

Country Seat—Boreham House, Essex; which came into the family through the first wife of the baronet's father, Sarah, youngest daughter and coheiress of John Higham, esq., of Boreham.

TYRONE BARON, (Henry de la Poer Beresford,) of Haverford West, in the county of Pembroke, in the peerage of England. Creation of 8th of August, 1786.

See, Marquess of Waterford.

VANE-FLETCHER, SIR FREDERICK, baronet, of Hutton-Hall, in the county of Cumberland; *b.* 27th February, 1760; *m.* in March, 1797, Hannah, daughter of John Bowerback, esq., of Johnby, in the same county, by whom he has Francis, *b.* in Dec. 1797, (*m.* Diana, daughter of Charles Beauclerk, esq., of St. Leonard's Lodge;) Frederick-Henry, *b.* 18th May, 1807, and Sophia-Mary, *b.* 18th March, 1802. Sir Frederick inherited the title at the decease of his father in 1806.

Lineage.

LIONEL-WRIGHT FLETCHER-VANE, esq. (eldest son of Walter Vane, esq. of Hutton Hall, in the county of Cumberland, who assumed the additional surname of Fletcher, by his first wife Mary, daughter of Samuel Wright, esq., of Wanstead;) was cre-

ated a baronet on the 10th of June, 1786; he *m.* Rachel, daughter of David Griffith, esq., of Llandkennen, in the county of Carmarthen, by whom he had issue Frederick, the present baronet; with two other sons, and two daughters. Sir Lionel *d.* in 1806.

Country Seat—Hulton Hall, in the county of Cumberland.

VAUGHAN, SIR ROBT.-WILLIAMES, baronet, of Nannau, in the county of Merioneth; inherited the title at the decease of his father in 1796; *m.* in September, 1801, Anna-Maria, daughter of the late Sir Roger Mostyn, baronet, by whom he has an only son, Robert Williames, *b.* 25th June, 1803.

Lineage.

Robert-Howell Vaughan, esq., (second son of Robert Vaughan, esq., of Hengwrst, in the county of Merioneth, by Janet, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Hugh Nanney, esq., of Nanney,) was created a baronet on the 21st of June, 1791. Sir Robert *m.* Anne, daughter of Edward Williames, esq., of Yestyncolwyn, in the county of Montgomery, by whom he had issue Robert Williames, the present baronet; Edward-Williames, an officer of rank in the foot guards, who assumed the additional surname of Salisbury, and *d.* in 1807; and Griffith, who *d.* in 1770. Sir Robert *d.* in 1796.

Country Seat—Nannau, in the county of Merioneth.

VAVASOUR, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Haslewood, in the county of York; *b.* in 1746, inherited the title at the decease of his brother, 3rd November, 1802.

Lineage

This very ancient family derives its surname from the high office which its senior members formerly held, namely, *King's Valvasor*, a dignity little inferior to that of Baron.

Thomas Vavasour, esq. was created a baronet, on the 24th of October, 1628. Sir Thomas *m.* Ursula, daughter of Walter Giffard, esq., of Chillington, in the county of Stafford, by whom he had issue Walter, his successor; William and Thomas, both in the military service of King Charles the First, (the latter fell at Marston Moor;) and Peter, a physician, who settled at York. Sir Thomas was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Walter. This gentleman raised a regiment of horse in the royal cause, and remained unshaken in his allegiance during the civil war. He *m.* Ursula, daughter of Thomas, Viscount Fauconberg, by whom he had four sons and a daughter, and was succeeded by his second but eldest surviving son,

Sir Walter, who *d.* without issue, in 1713, when the title reverted to the son of his uncle, Doctor Vavasour, of York, his first cousin,

Sir Walter. This gentleman *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Peter Vavasour, esq., of the county of York, by whom he had no surviving issue; and, secondly, in 1741, Dorothy, eldest daughter of Marmaduke, Lord Langdale, of Holme, (a peerage which expired in 1777,) by whom he left three sons; Walter, his successor; Thomas, present baronet; and Peter. Sir Walter *d.* in 1766, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Walter, who *m.* in 1797, Jane, only daughter and heiress of William Langdale, esq. of Langthorpe, and dying without issue in 1802, was succeeded by his brother, Thomas Vavasour, esq., the present baronet.

Country Seat—Haslewood, Yorkshire.

VAVASOUR, SIR HENRY-MAGHULL-MERVIN, baronet, of Spaldington, in the county of York; *m.* in 1807, Anne, eldest daughter of William Vavasour, esq., of Dublin, by whom he has a son, *b.* 17th June, 1814, and a daughter *b.* 21st of July, 1816. Sir Henry, who is a major-general in the army, inherited the title at the decease of his father, 15th March, 1813.

Lineage.

This family is descended, *maternally* only, from the very ancient and honourable house of Vavasour.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry North, having married Anne-Asheton, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Maile Yates, esq., of Maghull, (by Elizabeth, only surviving daughter of Humphrey Trafford, esq., of Trafford, in the county of Stafford,) and great-great-grand-daughter and representative of Thomas Vavasour, esq., of Spadlington, in the county of York, assumed the surname and arms of Vavasour, by royal permission, in 1791, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of the said Thomas, who settled his estates upon his only daughter Mary Vavasour, and her descendants, conditionally that they should bear that surname. The only surviving issue of this marriage was Henry-Maghull-Mervin, the present baronet. Sir Henry *d.* in 1813.

Country Seats—Melbourne Hall, and Spaldington, both in Yorkshire, East Riding.

VENTRY, BARON, (William-Townshend Mullins,) of Ventry, in the county of Kilkenny, and a baronet; *b.* in 1776; *m.* first Sarah-Anne, daughter of Sir Riggs Falkiner, by whom he has one surviving daughter, Elizabeth, the wife of Nicholas de Lacherois Cromelin, esq. of Coradoor Castle, in the county of Downe. His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1790, Frances-Elizabeth, only daughter of Isaac Sage, esq. which marriage was dissolved by act of parliament in 1796; and he *m.* thirdly, in 1797, Clara, daughter of Benjamin Jones, esq., by whom he has an only son, Thomas, *b.* 12th of August, 1798. His lordship inherited the family honors at the decease of his father, in June, 1824.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

Thomas Mullins, esq., only son of William

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Mullins, esq., of Burnham, in the county of Kerry, by Mary, daughter of George Rowan, esq., *b.* 25th October, 1736, was created a baronet in 1797, and elevated to the peerage of Ireland in 1800, as Baron Ventry. His lordship *m.* in 1775, Elizabeth, daughter of Townshend Gunn, esq., by whom he had issue William Townshend, present peer; with five other sons, and six daughters. The baron *d.* at the advanced age of eighty-eight, on the 11th January, 1824.

Motto, in English,

To conquer is to live enough.

Country Seat—Ventry House, in the county of Kerry.

VERNON, LORD, (Henry-Venables Vernon,) Baron of Kinderton, in the county of Chester; *b.* 7th of September, 1747; *m.* first, in 1779, Elizabeth-Rebecca-Anne, daughter of Sir Charles Sedley, bart., by whom he has one son, George-Charles, *b.* in 1779, (*m.* in 1802, Frances-Maria, only daughter of Admiral Sir John-Borlase Warren.) His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1795, Alice-Lucy, daughter of Sir John Whiteford, by whom he has issue Henry-Sedley-Venables, an officer in the foot guards; with another son, and two daughters, the youngest of which, Louisa-Henrietta, is married to the Reverend B. Boothby. His lordship inherited the barony at the decease of his half-brother, 18th of June, 1813.

Lineage.

This noble family is descended from the lords of Vernon, in the duchy of Normandy. Their common ancestor, William de Vernon, assumed that surname from the town and district of Vernon, of which he was proprietor.

George Vernon, esq., (only son of Henry Vernon, esq., of Sudbury, by Anne, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Pigott, esq., of Chetwyn, in the county of Salop, by Mary Venables, sister and heiress of Peter, last Baron Kinderton,) assumed, in 1728, the additional surname and arms of Venables: he *m.* first, in 1734, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas, Lord Howard of Effingham, by whom he had three sons and two daughters, two of which only survived, namely, George-Venables, his successor; and Mary, who became the wife of George Anson, esq., of Orgrave, in the county of Stafford. Mr. Venables-Vernon *m.* secondly, in 1741, Anne, daughter of Sir Thomas Lee, of Hartwell, bart., who *d.* in 1742, without issue; and, thirdly, in 1744, Martha, daughter of Simon, (Harcourt,) first Viscount Harcourt, lord high chancellor of England, by whom he had three sons and several daughters, namely, Henry, the successor of his brother; William, who *d.* in youth; and his Grace, Edward-Venables Vernon, present Archbishop of York, Lord Primate of England. Mr. Vernon was elevated to the peerage on the 12th of May, 1762, as Lord Vernon, Baron of Kinderton, in the county of Chester. His lordship *d.* on the 2nd of August, 1780, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George-Venables. This nobleman *m.* twice: first, in 1757, Louisa-Barbarina, only daughter and heiress of Bussey, Lord Mansel, by whom he had no surviving issue; and, secondly, in 1787, Georgiana, daughter of William Fanquier, esq., by whom he had an only daughter, Georgiana, *b.* in 1788, who became the wife of the Honorable Edward Harbord, and *d.* in 1824. His lordship *d.* in 1813, when the barony devolved upon his half-brother, the Honorable Henry-Venables Vernon, the present peer.

Motto,

Ver non semper viret.

In English,

Spring does not always bloom,

or,

Vernon always flourishes.

Country Seats—Sudbury House, Derbyshire; and Briton Ferry, in the county of Glamorgan.

VERULAM, EARL OF, (James-Waller Grimston,) Viscount Grimston, and Baron Verulam, of Gorhambury, in the county of Herts, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; Viscount Grimston, and Baron Dunboyne, of Dunboyne, in the county of Meath, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Forrester, of Corstorphen, in the peerage of Scotland; and a baronet of England; *b.* 26th September, 1775; *m.* in 1807, Lady Charlotte Jenkinson, daughter of Charles, late Earl of Liverpool, and sister of the present earl, by whom he has issue a son and heir, Viscount Grimston, *b.* 20th February, 1809; with four other sons, and three daughters. His lordship succeeded to the Irish honors, and barony of Verulam, in England, with the baronetcy, at the decease of his father, the 30th of December, 1808; inherited the Scottish honor from his maternal cousin, Anna-Maria, Baroness Forrester, and obtained the English earldom and viscounty, by creation, on the 24th of November, 1815. His lordship is lord lieutenant of the county of Herts.

Lineage.

Harbottle Grimston, esq. was created a baronet, in 1612, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

Sir Harbottle. This gentleman had the high honor of presiding as speaker in the house of commons when the restoration of the monarchy was resolved upon, and his majesty, King Charles the Second, recalled to the throne of his ancestors. Sir Harbottle filled, subsequently, the office of master of the rolls. He *m.* twice, and left a child by each wife, namely, by the first, Mary, who *m.* Sir Capel Luckyn, bart., of Essex; and by the second, his successor, in 1683,

Sir Samuel, who *m.* twice, but leaving no male issue, the baronetcy expired, while his estates passed, by bequest, to his great-nephew, the grandson of his sister, Lady Luckyn, namely,

William Luckyn, esq., who, thereupon, assumed the surname and arms of Grimstone. This

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gentleman was advanced to the peerage of Ireland on the 20th of May, 1719, by the titles of Baron Dunboyne, and Viscount Grimston; and, upon the demise of his elder brother, Sir Harbottle Luckyn, without issue, on the 4th of February, 1736, inherited the baronetcy. His lordship *m.* Jane, daughter of James Cooke, esq., by whom he left issue James, his successor; with three other sons, and two daughters. The viscount *d.* in 1756, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES, *b.* 9th October, 1711. His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter of John-Askell Bucknall, esq., of Oxney, in the county of Herts; and dying, in 1773, was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES-BUCKNALL, *b.* 9th May, 1747; *m.* in 1774, Henrietta, only daughter of Edward Walter, esq., of Stalbridge, in the county of Dorset, (by Henrietta, second daughter of George Forrester, fifth Baron Forrester, in the peerage of Scotland,) by whom he had issue James-Walter, the present earl; with two daughters, Harriet and Charlotte. His lordship was enrolled amongst the peers of England, as Baron Verulam, of Gorhambury, in the county of Herts, on the 9th of July, 1790. He *d.* on the 30th of December, 1808.

Motto, in English,

Firm in the middle state.

Town Residence—42, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Gorhambury, near St. Albans.

VINCENT, SIR FRANCIS, baronet, of Stoke D'Aubernon, in the county of Surrey; *b.* in 1803; inherited the title at the decease of his father, 17th January, 1808.

Lineage.

This ancient and highly respectable family removed from the county of Northampton, wherein it had for ages been established, to the county of Surrey, upon the marriage of Thomas Vincent, esq., in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, with Elizabeth Lyfield, heiress of Stoke D'Aubernon, in the latter county, which place has ever since continued its principal abode.

FRANCIS VINCENT, esq., was created a baronet on the 26th of July, 1620, and the title passed uninterruptedly from him, through father and son, to

SIR FRANCIS, the fifth baronet, who succeeded his brother. This gentleman *d.* in 1736, and was succeeded by his fourth but eldest surviving son,

SIR HENRY, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Bezaliel Sherman, esq., by whom he had two sons and five daughters, the third of which, Hester, became the wife of John, eleventh Earl of Clanricarde. Sir Henry *d.* in 1757, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SIR FRANCIS, who *d.* in 1779, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR FRANCIS. This gentleman *m.* in 1779, Mary, daughter of Richard-Mullman-French Chiswell, esq., by whom he had issue Francis, his successor; and a daughter, Anna-Maria, who became the wife of Captain William-Johnson Campbell. Sir Francis *d.* in 1791, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR FRANCIS, *b.* 23rd July, 1780; *m.* in 1802, Jane, daughter of the Honorable Edward Bouverie, grand-daughter of Jacob, first Viscount Folkstone, and first cousin of Jacob, present Earl of Radnor, by whom he had issue Francis, present baronet; and Everard, who *d.* in 1816. Sir Francis *d.* in 1808.

Motto, in English,

It is bestowed upon the conqueror.

Country Seat—Stoke D'Aubernon, near Cobham, Surrey.

VYVYAN, SIR RICHARD-RAWLINSON, baronet, of Trelowarren, in the county of Cornwall; *b.* 6th June, 1800; inherited the title at the decease of his father, 27th January, 1820.

Lineage.

RICHARD VYVYAN, esq., was created a baronet on the 12th of February, 1645. This gentleman was master of the mint at Exeter, during the civil war. Sir Richard was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR VYEL, who *d.* without issue, in 1696, when the title devolved upon his nephew,

SIR RICHARD. This gentleman *d.* in 1724, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR FRANCIS, who *m.* in 1730, Grace, only daughter and heiress of the Reverend Carew Hoblyn, by whom he had issue Richard, his successor; Carew, the successor of his brother; with two daughters, Catharine and Grace. Sir Francis *d.* in 1746, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR RICHARD. This gentleman *d.* without issue, in 1781, when the title devolved upon his brother,

THE REVEREND SIR CAREW, at whose decease, without issue, in 1814, it reverted to his first cousin,

SIR VYEL, grandson of Sir Richard, the third baronet. This gentleman *m.* in 1799, Mary, only daughter of Thomas-Hutton Rawlinson, esq., of Lancaster, by whom he had issue Richard, present baronet; with three other sons, and two daughters. Sir Vyel *d.* in 1820.

Town Residence—20, Great George-street, Westminster.

Country Seat—Trelowarren, near Helston, in the county of Cornwall.

WAKE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Clevedon, in the county of Somerset; *b.* in 1768; *m.* in 1790, Miss Sitwell, only daughter of Francis Sitwell, esq., of Reinshaw, in the county of Derby, by whom he has a son, Charles, who *m.* first, in 1815, his cousin, Mary-Alice, eldest daughter of Sir Sitwell Sitwell, bart.; and, secondly, in 1822, Charlotte, second daughter of Crawfurd Tait, esq., of Harvieston, N. B. Sir William *m.* secondly, in 1793, Miss Gambier, cousin of the present Lord Gambier, by whom he has issue John-William, *b.* 19th April, 1801; Mary, on 12th August, 1796; Jane-Sophia; Emma; Emma-Georgiana; and Cecilia. Sir William succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, in October, 1785.

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Lineage.

BALDWIN WAKE, esq., of Clevedon, was created a baronet on the 5th of December, 1621, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman contributed men and money to the royal cause during the civil wars. He *m.* twice: first, Bridget, daughter and co-heiress of Henry Sandys, esq., by whom he had two sons; and, secondly, Anne, daughter and co-heiress of George Brokesby, esq., by whom he had a third son. Sir John was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* Diana, daughter of Sir Drury Drury, bart., by whom he had eight sons. The fifth son, Samuel, assumed the name of Jones, upon obtaining Waltham Abbey, in Essex, as a gift, from Sir Samuel Jones. Sir William *d.* in 1698, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *d.* without issue, in 1714, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR BALDWIN, who was succeeded by his grandson,

SIR CHARLES. This gentleman, upon the demise of his uncle, Charles-Wake Jones, esq., and in compliance with his testamentary injunction, assumed the surname of Jones. Sir Charles-Wake Jones *d.* in 1755, and leaving no issue, the title reverted to his kinsman,

SIR WILLIAM, (grandson of Sir William, the third baronet, through his fourth son, the Reverend Robert Wake.) This gentleman *d.* in 1765, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of Richard Fenton, esq., by whom he left William, the present baronet; Richard; and two daughters. Sir William *d.* in 1785.

Motto, in English,
Watch and pray.

Country Seat—Courteen Hall, co. Northampton.

WALDEGRAVE, EARL, (John-James Waldegrave,) of the county of Northampton; Viscount Chewton, and Baron Waldegrave, of Chewton, in the county of Somerset; and a baronet; *b.* 30th July, 1785; inherited the family honors at the demise of his brother, 29th of June, 1794; *m.* Miss Anne King, of Hastings, by whom he has issue Viscount Chewton, *b.* in April, 1817; and a daughter, *b.* in March, 1818.

Lineage.

The surname of this noble family, derived from a place in the county of Northampton, was anciently written Walgrave, and we find, so far back as the year 1305, John de Walgrave serving the office of sheriff of London. The great-great-grandson of this eminent citizen,

SIR RICHARD WALGRAVE, knt., of Smallbridge, in the county of Suffolk, having represented that county in parliament, in the reigns of Edward the Third and of Richard the Second, was chosen speaker of the commons in the latter reign, office he was obliged to serve by the command of the king, although entreating to be excused. From this gentleman, linearly descended

SIR EDWARD WALDEGRAVE, knt., who, at the advanced age of seventy, took up arms in the royal cause at the breaking out of the civil wars, and was, in consequence, created a baronet on the 1st of August, 1643. This gallant veteran, having distinguished himself by his valour in the field and his wisdom in the council, was succeeded, at his demise, by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY, who *d.* on the 10th of October, 1658, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR CHARLES, to whom succeeded his son,

SIR HENRY. This gentleman was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Waldegrave, of Chewton, on the 20th of January, 1686; *m.* Henrietta, natural daughter of King James the Second, by Mrs. Arabella Churchill, sister of John, Duke of Marlborough, by whom he had two sons, and a daughter, Arabella, who took the veil. His lordship retired to France at the Revolution, and dying, at Paris, in 1689, was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES, who conformed to the established church, and took the oaths and his seat in the house of lords, on the 12th of February, 1721-2. This nobleman was employed as a diplomatist of the first class from the year 1725 until 1740, and was elevated to the viscounty of Chewton and earldom of Waldegrave on the 13th of September, 1729. His lordship was sworn of the privy council in 1735, and installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, on the 20th of February, 1738. He *m.* Mary, second daughter of Sir John Webbe, of Hatherop, in the county of Gloucester, bart., by whom he had three sons and a daughter; and dying, on the 11th of April, 1741, was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES, *b.* 4th March, 1714-15. This nobleman was nominated, on the 18th of December, 1752, governor and privy purse to his late majesty, King George the Third, then Prince of Wales, and to Prince Edward, Duke of York; and, in two days afterwards, being sworn of the privy council, took his seat at the board accordingly. His lordship *m.* in 1759, Maria, second daughter of Sir Robert Walpole, K.B., by whom he had issue three daughters only. Her ladyship, after the earl's decease, became the wife of his Royal Highness, William-Henry, late Duke of Gloucester, and mother of the present duke, and of Princess Sophia, of Gloucester. The earl *d.* of the small-pox, on the 28th of April, 1763, and left behind him "Historical Memoirs from 1754 to 1757." Having no male issue, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN, who *m.* in 1751, Elizabeth, fifth daughter of John, Earl Gower, by whom he had three sons and four daughters. His lordship's second son, Admiral the Honorable Sir William Waldegrave, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as Baron Radstock. The earl was a lieutenant-general in the army, governor of Plymouth, and master of the horse to her majesty, Queen Anne. He *d.* in 1784, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, *b.* in 1751; *m.* in 1782, his cousin, Lady Elizabeth-Laura Waldegrave, daughter of James,

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the second earl, by whom he had issue George, his successor; John-James, present earl; Edward, drowned in returning from Spain, in 1809; William, a captain in the royal navy, (who *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Samuel Whitbread, esq., of Cardington, in the county of Bedford;) and Wilhelmina-Maria, (the wife of Nathaniel Mickelthwaite, esq.,) who *d.* in 1805. His lordship *d.* in 1789, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

GEORGE, *b.* in 1784; unfortunately drowned in the Thames, near Eton, on the 29th of June, 1794, when the family honors devolved upon his brother, the Honorable John-James Waldegrave, present earl.

Motto, in English,

You may change your climate, but not your mind.

Country Seat—Navestock Park, Essex.

WALLER, SIR JOHN-WATHEN, baronet, of Braywick Lodge, in the county of Berks; *b.* in 1770; *m.* first, Elizabeth-Maria, daughter of Thomas Slack, esq., of Braywick Lodge, by whom he has Thomas-Wathen, with another son, and two daughters; and, secondly, in 1812, the Right Honorable Sophia-Charlotte, relict of the Honorable Penn-Asheton Curzon, and Baroness Howe, in her own right, (see, Howe, Baroness,) by whom he has no issue.

This gentleman, who is the only son of the late Joshua Phipps, esq., of Walthamstow, in the county of Essex, by Miss Wathen, daughter of Jonathan Wathen, esq., of East Acton, and grand-daughter of Thomas Waller, esq., of Lambeth, assumed the surname and arms of Waller, by royal license, on the 7th of March, 1814, and was created a baronet on the 30th of May, 1815.

Motto, in English,

This is the fruit of virtue.

Town Residence—36, Hertford-street, May-fair.

Country Seats—Pope's Villa, Twickenham, Middlesex; and Braywick Lodge, Berkshire.

WALLSCOURT, BARON, (Joseph Blake,) of Ardfry, in the county of Galway; *b.* 2nd of June, 1797; inherited the title at the demise of his cousin, on the 11th of October, 1816; *m.* in 1822, Miss Lock, only daughter of William Lock, esq., of Norbury, in the county of Surrey, by whom he has no issue.

This being a barony of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present baron is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

The founder of this noble family was Richard Blake, a soldier of fortune, who accompanied Prince John to Ireland, in 1185, and having obtained considerable grants of land in the county of Galway, settled there. From this gallant warrior, lineally descended

JOSEPH-HENRY BLAKE, esq., eldest son of Joseph Blake, esq., of Ardfry, by Honoria, only daughter of D. Daly, esq., *b.* 5th of October, 1765; *m.* in 1784, Lady Louisa-Catharine-Mary Birmingham, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas, Earl of Louth, by whom he had an only daughter, Anastasia, who *m.* in 1803, Luke, second Lord Clonbrock, and *d.* in 1816. Mr. Blake having represented the county of Galway, in the Irish parliament, for several years, was elevated to the peerage, on the 30th of July, 1800, by the title of Baron Wallscourt, of Ardfry, with remainder to the heirs male of his deceased father; and dying on the 28th of March, 1803, was succeeded, accordingly, by the son of his brother, Captain Ignatius Blake, his lordship's nephew,

JOSEPH, who *d.* in 1816, when the barony reverted to the son of his lordship's uncle, Henry-James Blake, esq., by Anne, second daughter of John French, esq., of Galway, namely, Joseph Blake, esq., the present peer.

Motto, in English,

Virtue alone ennobles.

Country Seat—Ardfry, in the county of Galway.

WALSH-BENN, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Armathwaite, in the county of Cumberland; *b.* in 1779; inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 7th July, 1825.

Lineage.

JOHN BENN, esq., (*b.* 10th of February, 1759,) was created a baronet, on the 12th of May, 1804. He *m.* in 1778, Margaret, daughter of Joseph Fowke, esq., of Bexley, in the county of Kent, and grand-daughter of Joseph Walsh, esq., governor of Fort St. George, in the East Indies, by whom he had issue John, the present baronet; and Elizabeth, who *m.* in 1821, George Digby, esq., a captain in the royal navy. Sir John Benn, and his lady, assumed the additional surname of Walsh, by royal permission, on the 4th of April, 1794, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of John Walsh, esq., of Warfield, in the county of Berks.

Town Residence—5, Upper Harley-street.

Country Seat—Warfield, near Windsor, Berks.

WALSINGHAM, BARON, (George De Grey,) of Walsingham, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* 11th of June, 1776; *m.* in 1804, Matilda, eldest daughter of Paul-Cobb Methuen, esq., of Corsham House, in the county of Wilts, by whom he has no issue; inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 16th of January, 1818. His lordship is a lieutenant-general in the army, and lieutenant-colonel of the 1st regiment of dragoons.

Lineage.

This noble family appears to have been of rank in the county of Suffolk, so far back as the thirteenth century, and, in the following, to have obtained the manor of Merton, in the county of Norfolk, by the intermarriage of Thomas de Grey with Alice, daughter and co-heiress of Fulke Banyard, which manor has ever since been its chief place of abode.

WILLIAM DE GREY, esq., son of Thomas de Grey, of Merton, by Elizabeth, daughter of Wil-

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liam Windham, esq. of Felbridge, in the county of Norfolk, having been bred to the bar, was nominated solicitor-general, by Queen Anne, in 1761; and re-nominated to the same office, by King George the First, in 1763; appointed attorney-general, in 1766; and elevated to the bench, on the 26th of January, 1771, as chief-justice of the court of common pleas, when he received the honour of knighthood. Sir William resigned his judicial office on the 8th of June, 1780; and was advanced to the peerage on the 17th of October following, by the title of Baron Walsingham, of Walsingham. His lordship *m.* in 1743, Mary, daughter of William Cowper, esq., of the Park, in the county of Hertford, by whom he had issue Charlotte, (who *m.* in 1769, Joseph Wyndham, esq., of Earsham House, in the county of Norfolk, and *d.* in 1810,) with an only son, his lordship's successor, in 1781,

THOMAS, *b.* 14th July, 1748; *m.* in 1772, Augusta-Georgiana-Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir William Irby, first Lord Boston, and sister of the present lord, by whom he has issue George, the present baron; Thomas, a clergyman of the established church, (*m.* Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the Right Reverend and Honorable Dr. Brownlow North, late Bishop of Winchester, and has issue;) besides three daughters. Lord Walsingham filled, for twenty years, the office of chairman of the committees of the House of Lords, and was granted, by the Prince Regent, upon retiring, through ill health, in 1814, a pension of £2000 a year, for life. His lordship was also comptroller of the first fruits and tenths. He *d.* on the 16th of January, 1818.

Motto, in English,
To be spirited,—not inactive.

Town Residence—5, Upper Harley-street.

Country Seats — Merton Hall, Norfolk; and Staines, Middlesex.

WARRENDER, THE RIGHT HONORABLE SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Lochend, in East Lothian, Scotland; *b.* in 1781; inherited the title at the decease of his father, in 1799; *m.* in 1810, Anne, youngest daughter of George Evelyn, late Viscount Falmouth, and sister of the present Earl of Falmouth, by whom he has no issue. Sir George is a commissioner for the affairs of India.

Lineage.

GEORGE WARRENDER, esq., son of Sir George Warrender, knight, of Lochend, was created a baronet, on the 2nd of June, 1715. This gentleman was an eminent merchant, and filled the different magisterial offices of the city of Edinburgh. Sir George was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, who *d.* in 1773, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR PATRICK, *b.* in 1731. This gentleman *m.* in 1780, Miss Blair, by whom he left issue George, present baronet; John, an officer in the foot guards, (*m.* in 1823, Lady Juliana-Jane Maitland, daughter of James, present Earl of Lauderdale;) and Charlotte, the wife of Colonel Dalrymple. Sir Patrick was king's remembrancer in the court of exchequer. He *d.* in 1799.

Motto, in English,
Industry.

Town Residence—19, Whitehall-place.

Country Seats—Lochend, Dunbar; and Brunsfield House, Edinburgh.

WARWICK, EARL OF, (Henry-Richard Greville.)

See, Earl Brooke and Warwick.

WATERFORD, MARQUESS OF, (Henry de la Poer Beresford,) Earl and Viscount Tyrone; Baron Beresford, of Beresford, in the county of Cavan; and Baron de la Poer, of Curraghmore, in the county of Waterford, in the peerage of Ireland; and a baronet of the United Kingdom; Baron Tyrone, of Haverfordwest, in the county of Pembroke, in the peerage of Great Britain; *b.* 23rd of May, 1772; inherited the family honors at the decease of his father, on the 3rd of December, 1800; *m.* in August, 1805, Lady Susan-Hussey Carpenter, only daughter and heiress of George, second Earl of Tyrconnel, and first cousin of the present earl, by whom he has issue the Earl of Tyrone, *b.* 20th of June, 1815; with another son, and two elder daughters, and one younger. The Marquess of Waterford is a knight of the most illustrious Order of St. Patrick, a privy councillor in Ireland, governor of the county of Waterford, and colonel of the Waterford militia.

Lineage.

The barony of De la Poer, of Curraghmore, originally by tenure, and subsequently by writ of summons, was enjoyed, for several centuries, by this noble family, when

RICHARD, Baron de la Poer, was created, on the 9th of October, 1673, Viscount Decies, and Earl of Tyrone, honors which expired with

JAMES, the third earl, who *d.* without male issue, on the 19th of August, 1704, but leaving an only daughter, upon her,

LADY CATHERINE BERESFORD, the ancient barony devolved. Her ladyship *m.* in 1717,

SIR MARCUS BERESFORD, baronet, (a baronetcy conferred in 1673) who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 4th of November, 1720, by the titles of Baron Beresford, of Beresford, and Viscount Tyrone; and advanced to the earldom of Tyrone, 18th July, 1746. The issue of his lordship's marriage were, George de la Poer, his successor; John, first commissioner of the revenue in Ireland, *b.* 14th of March, 1737; and his grace, William, late archbishop of Tuam, and Baron Decies; besides five daughters, namely, Anne, wife of William Annesley, first Viscount Glerawley; Jane, of Edward Carey, esq., of Dungiven, in the county of Londonderry; Catharine, who *m.* first, Thomas Christmas, esq. and, secondly, the Right Honorable Theophilus

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Jones; Araminta, the wife of George-Paul Monk, esq.; Frances-Maria, of the Right Honorable Henry Flood; and Elizabeth, of Thomas Cobb, esq., only son of his grace, Charles, lord archbishop of Dublin. His lordship's second son, Mr. Commissioner Beresford, married twice: first, Anne-Constantia Ligondes, grand-daughter of General Ligondes, of the French service, by whom he had nine children, of which the third eldest, the Right Honorable John Claudius Beresford, distinguished himself during the melancholy era of 1798, in Ireland, by the activity which he displayed, in bringing to condign punishment the criminal and deluded persons who then involved that unfortunate country in rebellion. The Commissioner *m.* secondly, Barbara, daughter of Sir Hugh Hill, baronet, of Londonderry, by whom he had the same number of children. The Earl of Tyrone *d.* on the 4th of April, 1763, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George de la Poer, *b.* 8th of January, 1735; *m.* in April, 1769, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Henry Monk, esq., of Charleville, and Lady Isabella Bentinck, daughter of Henry, first Duke of Portland, and great-aunt of the present duke, by whom he had issue Henry de la Poer, the present peer; his grace, John-George, present archbishop of Armagh, and lord primate of Ireland; the Right Honorable Lord George-Thomas, a major-general in the army, *b.* 12th of February, 1781; besides four daughters, namely, Isabella-Anne, the wife of Samuel-John-Head Brydges, esq., of Wootton Court, in the county of Kent; Catharine; Anne; and Elizabeth-Louisa, the wife of Major-General Sir Dennis Pack, K.C.B. Lord Tyrone inherited the ancient barony of De la Poer, at the decease of his mother, on the 27th of July, 1769. He was enrolled amongst the peers of England, on the 8th of August, 1786, as Baron Tyrone, of Haverford-west, in the county of Pembroke; and created Marquess of Waterford, in the peerage of Ireland, on the 19th of August, 1789. His lordship *d.* on the 3rd of December, 1800.

Motto, in English,
Depend only in the cross.

Town Residence—5, Mansfield-street.

Country Seat—Curraghmore, near Waterford, Ireland.

WATERPARK, BARON, (Richard Cavendish,) of Waterpark, in the county of Cork, in the peerage of Ireland; and a baronet of England; *b.* 13th of July, 1765; succeeded to the barony at the decease of his mother, the late Baroness Waterpark, on the 4th of August, 1807, and to the baronetcy upon the demise of his father, the late Sir Henry Cavendish; *m.* in 1789, Juliana, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Cooper, esq., of Mullimart Castle, in the county of Kildare, by whom he has issue Henry, *b.* 8th of November, 1793; Richard; George-John; Augustus; Frederick; and Thomas; with four daughters, namely, Sarah-Georgiana, the wife of George-Richard Phillips, esq.; Anne-Emma; Juliana, the wife of Frederic Taylor, esq., of Chicknall House, in the county of Salop; and Catharine.

The barony of Waterpark being of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, and the [illegible] baron is not one of the representative [illegible] Wallscourt, [illegible].

Lineage.

This noble family deduces its descent from a common progenitor with the illustrious house of Cavendish, Dukes of Devonshire. It first settled in Ireland in 1737, when

Henry Cavendish, esq., eldest son of William Cavendish, esq., of Doveridge Hall, in the county of Derby, (where his ancestors had been seated since the reign of Elizabeth,) was appointed, by his kinsman, William, third Duke of Devonshire, during his grace's lieutenantcy, one of the tellers of the exchequer, and created a baronet of England, on the 7th of May, 1755. Sir Henry *m.* first, in 1730, Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Henry Pyne, esq., of Waterpark, in the county of Cork, and grand-daughter of Lord Chief Justice Pyne, by whom he had two sons, Henry, his successor; and Pyne. He *m.* secondly, in 1748, Catharine, relict of Sir Richard Meade, baronet, daughter of Henry Prittie, esq., of Dunalley Castle, in the county of Tipperary, and great-aunt of Henry, present Lord Dunalley, by whom he had one son. Sir Henry *d.* in 1776, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Henry, *b.* 13th of September, 1732; receiver-general, and a privy councillor in Ireland; *m.* 5th of August, 1757, Sarah, only daughter and heiress of Richard Bradshaw, esq., by whom he had issue Richard, the present peer; George-Augustus, who assumed the surname of Bradshaw, and *m.* Marianne, daughter of James-St.-John Jeffreys, esq., of Blarney Castle, (who had been divorced from her first husband, George-Frederic, late Earl of Westmeath, by whom she had, with other children, George-Thomas-John, present Marquess of Westmeath;) and Frederick; besides four daughters, viz. Catharine, the wife of the Baron de Ville; Deborah, relict of Sir Richard Musgrave, baronet, of Turin, in the county of Waterford; Sarah, Countess Dowager of Mount Morris; and Anne, who *m.* James, present Lord Kilmaine, and *d.* in 1806. Lady Cavendish was advanced to the peerage of Ireland, on the 14th of June, 1792, by the title of Baroness Waterpark, of Waterpark, in the county of Cork, with remainder to her issue male, by her husband, Sir Henry Cavendish; and dying in 1807, the barony devolved, accordingly, upon Sir Henry's eldest son and heir, Richard, the present Lord Waterpark.

Motto, in English,
Safe in being cautious.

Country Seat—Waterpark, in the county of Cork.

WATSON, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Fulmer, in the county of Bucks; *b.* in 1742; *m.*

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in 1789, Juliana, daughter of the late Sir Joseph Copley, baronet, and aunt of the present Sir Joseph, by whom he has eight children.

This gentleman, who is son of the late gallant and distinguished Admiral Charles Watson, was created a baronet on the 22nd of March, 1760.

Country Seat—Fulmer, in the county of Buckingham.

WEBB, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Oldstock, in the county of Wilts; *b.* in 1804; inherited the title at the demise of his father, on the 26th March, 1823.

Lineage.

JOHN WEBB, esq., in consideration of the sacrifices made by his family in the royal cause, was created a baronet on the 2nd of April, 1644, and was succeeded, in 1680, by his son,

SIR JOHN, who *m.* Miss Blomer, an heiress, and dying in 1700, was succeeded by his only son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* Barbara, daughter and co-heiress of John, Lord Belasyse, by whom he had two sons and five daughters; and dying in 1745, was succeeded by his second, but eldest surviving, son,

SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Gibson, esq., by whom he had two sons, John and Joseph. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1763, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of Thomas Salvin, esq., of Easingwould, in the county of York, by whom he had several children, but none to survive, except Barbara, who *m.* Anthony Ashley, sixth Earl of Shaftesbury. Sir John *d.* in 1796, when the title reverted to the son of his deceased brother Joseph, (whose only daughter, Anne Webb, *m.* Anthony-James Radcliffe, late Earl of Newburgh,) his nephew,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* first, in 1799, Charlotte-Frances, daughter of Charles, late Viscount Dillon, and sister of Henry-Augustus, present viscount, by whom he had an only son, Henry, the present baronet; and secondly, Martha-Matilda, Viscountess Dowager Boyne, and mother of the present Viscount Boyne, by whom he had no child. Sir Thomas *d.* 26th of March, 1823.

Country Seat—Oldstock, Wiltshire.

WEBSTER, SIR GODFREY-VASSAL, baronet, of Battle Abbey, in the county of Sussex; *b.* in 1789; inherited the title at the demise of his father, 3rd June, 1800; *m.* in 1814, Charlotte, eldest daughter of Robert Adamson, esq., by whom he has issue two sons, the elder *b.* on the 17th of April, 1819, and the younger in August, 1821.

Lineage.

THOMAS WEBSTER, esq., son of Sir Godfrey Webster, knt., by Abigail, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Gordon, esq., of Mere, in the county of Stafford, was created a baronet on the 21st of May, 1703. He *m.* Jane, daughter and heiress of Edward Cheek, esq., by whom he had two sons (successively baronets,) and three daughters. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1750, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WHISTLER, who *d.* without issue, in 1779, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR GODFREY. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Gilbert Cooper, esq., of Lockear, in the county of Derby, by whom he left an only son, his successor,

SIR GODFREY, who *m.* in 1786, Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Vassal, esq., of the island of Jamaica, (which marriage was dissolved, by act of parliament, and her ladyship *m.* subsequently, in 1797, Henry-Richard, present Lord Holland,) by whom he had issue Godfrey-Vassal, present baronet; and Harriet, wife of the Honorable Captain Pellew, R.N., second son of Edward, Viscount Exmouth.

Country Seat—Battle Abbey, county of Sussex.

WEDDERBURN, SIR DAVID, baronet, of Blackness, in the county of Perth; *b.* in 1777; *m.* in 1800, Margaret, daughter of George Browne, esq., of Illerton, in the county of Roxburgh, by whom he has no surviving issue. This gentleman, the second son of Sir John Wedderburn, a baronet of Nova Scotia, by Margery, eldest daughter of David Ogilvie, esq., lineal heir to the earldom of Airley, which was forfeited in 1715, was created a baronet on the 10th of August, 1803.

Country Seats—Ballendean House, and Blackness, in the county of Perth.

WELBY, SIR WILLIAM-EARLE, baronet, of Denton House, in the county of Lincoln; *b.* in 1770; *m.* Wilhelmina, only daughter and heiress of William Spry, esq., by whom he has issue William-Earle, Wilhelmina, Penelope, Catharine, (the wife of her cousin, Thomas-Welby Northmore, esq.) Jane, Caroline, and Elizabeth. Sir William succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, on the 6th of November, 1815.

Lineage.

WILLIAM-EARLE WELBY, esq., was created a baronet on the 27th of June, 1801. He *m.* first, Penelope, daughter of Sir John Glynne, bart., of Hawarden Castle, and great-aunt of the present Sir Stephen-Richard Glynne, by whom he had William-Earle, the present baronet; and Penelope, who *m.* Thomas-Augustus Northmore, of Cleve, in the county of Devon. Sir William *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Robert Cope, esq. of Spondon, in the county of Derby, and widow of Thomas Williamson, esq. of Allington, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he left Thomas-Earle, Charles-Cope, the Reverend Montague-Earle, Richard, John; with Catharine, Elizabeth, Eleanor-Catharine, and Maria-Rebecca. Sir William *d.* in 1815.

Motto, in English,
By fire and sword.

Town Residence—Nerot's Hotel, Clifford-street.

Country Seat—Denton House, Lincolnshire.

WELLESLEY, MARQUESS, (Richard-

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Colley-Wellesley,) of Norragh, Earl of Mornington, of Mornington, Viscount Wellesley, of Dangan Castle, and Baron Mornington, all in the county of Meath, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Wellesley, of Wellesley, in the county of Somerset, in the peerage of England; lord-lieutenant-general and general governor of Ireland; a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and official grand master of the Order of St. Patrick; *b.* 21st June, 1760; inherited the earldom of Mornington and the inferior Irish honors at the decease of his father, Garrett, first Earl of Mornington; obtained the English barony, by creation, on the 20th of October, 1797; and was elevated to an Irish marquesate on the 2nd of December, 1799, in consideration of his distinguished services as Governor-General of India, where he triumphed over the Sultaun Tippoo, and destroyed the empire of Mysore. His lordship *m.* first, in 1794, Hyacinthe-Gabrielle, only daughter of M. Roland, by whom he has no issue; and, secondly, in 1825, Mrs. Patterson, a highly-accomplished and opulent American lady. Since his first appearance in public life, Lord Wellesley has taken a distinguished part in the political drama, which his profound views as a statesman, his powerful eloquence as an orator, and his liberal and enlightened mind, pre-eminently fit him to sustain.

Lineage.

The surname of this illustrious family was originally Cowley, or Colley, and it deduces its descent from Walter Cowley, esq., a distinguished lawyer, who served the office of solicitor-general in Ireland, in the beginning of the sixteenth century. From this learned personage, lineally descended

DUDLEY COLLEY, esq., of Castle Carberry, in the county of Kildare, who left a son and daughter by his second wife, Anne, daughter of Henry Warren, esq., of Grangebeg, in the same county, namely,

HENRY COLLEY, esq., the heir to his estates, and

ELIZABETH COLLEY, who *m.* Garrett Wellesley, esq., of Dangan Castle, in the county of Meath, and had issue by him

GARRETT WELLESLEY, esq., who succeeded at Dangan Castle, and represented the county of Meath in several parliaments; but dying without issue, in 1728, he devised his estates to the son of his uncle, the above-mentioned Henry Colley, esq., of Castle Carberry, his cousin,

RICHARD COLLEY, esq., upon condition of assuming the surname and arms of Wellesley, which Mr. Colley immediately complied with. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Doctor John Sale, a civilian, and registrar of the diocese of Dublin, by whom he had issue Garrett, and two daughters, viz. Elizabeth, *b.* in 1720, the wife of Chichester Fortescue, esq., of the county of Louth; and Frances, *b.* in 1727, the wife of William-Francis Crosby, esq., of the county of Kerry. Mr. Colley-Wellesley was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 9th of July, 1746, by the title of Baron Mornington, of Mornington, in the county of Meath; and dying in 1758, was succeeded by his only son,

GARRETT COLLEY-WELLESLEY, *b.* 19th of July, 1735; *m.* in 1759, Anne, daughter of Arthur Hill-Trevor, first Viscount Dungannon, and aunt of Arthur-Hill, present viscount, by whom he had issue Richard, present Marquess of Wellesley; William, created Baron Maryborough; Arthur, created Duke of Wellington; the Reverend Gerald-Valerian, D.D., rector of the parish of Chelsea, and canon-residentiary of St. Paul's, *b.* in 1771, (*m.* in 1802, Lady Emily Cadogan, daughter of the late Earl of Cadogan, and sister of the present earl;) Henry, a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, *b.* in 1773, (*m.* first, Lady Charlotte Cadogan, from whom he was divorced in 1810, and her ladyship *m.* subsequently, the present Marquess of Anglesea. Sir Henry Wellesley *m.* secondly, Lady Georgiana-Charlotte-Augusta Cecil, eldest daughter of James, late Marquess of Salisbury, and sister of the present marquess.) Lord Mornington had, besides, two daughters, viz. Anne, who *m.* the Honorable Henry Fitzroy, son of Charles, first Lord Southampton, and, after his decease, Culling-Charles Smith, esq.; and Mary-Elizabeth, who *d.* unmarried in 1794. His lordship was advanced, on the 20th of October, 1760, to the dignities of Viscount Wellesley, of Dangan Castle, and Earl of Mornington. He *d.* on the 22nd of May, 1784.

Motto, in English,

Moreover, one thing is necessary.

Town Residence—Dublin Castle.

Country Seat—Vice-regal Lodge, Phœnix Park, near Dublin.

WELLINGTON, DUKE OF, (Arthur Wellesley,) Marquess of Douro, Marquess of Wellington, Earl of Wellington, of Wellington, in the county of Somerset; Viscount Wellington, of Wellington and of Talavera, and Baron Douro, of Wellesley, in the county of Somerset; *b.* at Dangan Castle, in the county of Meath, in Ireland, on the 1st of May, 1769; *m.* in 1806, Catharine, third daughter of Edward, late Lord Longford, and sister of Thomas, present Earl of Longford, by whom he has two sons, Arthur, Marquess of Douro, *b.* 3rd February, 1807; and Charles, *b.* 16th January, 1808.

To attempt even the most abridged epitome of the glorious achievements of this distinguished nobleman and soldier, would far, very far, indeed, exceed our limits, and would, in the present day at least, be a work of supererogation. We shall, therefore, merely confine ourselves to stating, that his grace, who is the third son of Garrett, late Earl of Mornington, and brother of the present Marquess of Wellesley, commenced his military career in 1794, when he commanded a brigade, under His Royal Highness the Duke of York, in the unsuccessful expedition to Holland; that he was, subsequently, engaged in India,

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where he exhibited traits of that transcendent military genius, which, at no distant period, was destined to elevate him to the enviable rank of one of the first and greatest captains of his age; that, in 1808, he entered upon the field, where the full harvest of his renown was to be reaped; and that his good sword has, since that period, opened to him the very highest honors of the state—honors conferred with the most enthusiastic approbation of the people, and accompanied by the most popular and liberal grants from the national purse. His grace was created Baron Douro, of Wellesley, in the county of Somerset, and Viscount Wellington, of Talavera, and of Wellington, in the same county, on the 4th of September, 1809; Earl of Wellington, on the 28th of February, 1812; Marquess of Wellington, on the 18th of August, 1812; and Marquess of Douro and Duke of Wellington, on the 3rd of May, 1814. His grace is also Duke of Ciudad Rodrigo, and a grandee of the first class in Spain; Duke of Vittoria, Marquess of Torres Vedras, and Count Vimiera, in Portugal; and, proudest of all, PRINCE OF WATERLOO, a principality conferred by the King of the Netherlands upon his grace, in consideration of his last, greatest, and most decisive victory achieved over the French army, commanded by the Emperor Napoleon in person, on the 18th July, 1815.

The Duke of Wellington is a field-marshal in the army, colonel of the royal regiment of horse guards, colonel-in-chief of the rifle brigade, master-general of the ordnance, and governor of Plymouth; a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, and of all the most distinguished foreign orders of Europe.

Motto, in English,

Fortune is the companion of valour.

Town Residence—149, Piccadilly.

Country Seat—Strathfieldsay House, Reading, Berks.

WEMYSS, EARL OF, (Francis-Wemyss-Charteris Douglas,) and Baron Elcho, to which honors he succeeded at the demise of his grandfather, on the 24th of August, 1808; Earl of March, Viscount Peebles, and Baron Douglas, of Needpath, honors inherited at the decease of William, third Earl of March, and fourth Duke of Queensberry, all in the peerage of Scotland. His lordship was *b.* in 1772; and *m.* in 1794, to Margaret, daughter of Walter Campbell, esq., of Shawfield, by whom he has issue Lord Elcho, a widower, (having *m.* in 1817, Lady Louisa Bingham, youngest daughter of Richard, present Earl of Lucan, who *d.* in the following year;) besides eight daughters; the eldest of which, Lady Elizabeth, is the wife of W. F. Campbell, esq. The Earl of Wemyss was enrolled amongst the peers of the United Kingdom, by the title of Baron Wemyss, of Wemyss, in the county of Fife, on the 17th of July, 1821.

Lineage.

This ancient and noble family traces its origin to John, baronial Lord of Wemyss, whence the surname is derived, who was younger son of the celebrated Thane of Fife, Macduff, the vanquisher of the tyrant Macbeth. From this personage, lineally descended

SIR JOHN WEMYSS, Lord of Wemyss, who was created a baronet in 1625, and elevated to the peerage of Scotland, by the title of Baron Wemyss, of Elcho, on the 1st of April, 1628. His lordship was advanced to the dignity of Earl of Wemyss, in the county of Fife, on the 25th June, 1633. This nobleman, although indebted for his honors to King Charles the First, took part against his royal master, and sided with the parliamentarians. He *m.* Jane, daughter of Patrick, Lord Gray, by whom he had six children, and was succeeded, in 1649, by his only son,

DAVID. This nobleman *m.* thrice: first, Jane, daughter of Robert, Lord Burleigh, by whom he had an only daughter, Jane, who became, first, the wife of Archibald, Earl of Angus; and, after his lordship's decease, of George, Earl of Sutherland. The Earl of Wemyss *m.* secondly, Lady Leonora Fleming, daughter of the Earl of Wigtown, who *d.* without issue; and, thirdly, Margaret, daughter of John, Earl of Rothes, by whom he had an only daughter, Margaret, in whose favor his lordship, having resigned his peerage to the crown, obtained, on the 3rd of August, 1672, a new patent, conferring the honors of the family, with the original precedency, upon her ladyship. He *d.* in 1686, when the baronetcy expired, but the other dignities descended, accordingly, to his daughter,

LADY MARGARET WEMYSS, who thus became Countess of Wemyss. Her ladyship *m.*

SIR JAMES WEMYSS, of Caskierry, who was created, for life, Lord Burntisland. The issue of this marriage were, David, successor to the countess's honors; and two daughters, viz. Anne, who *m.* David, Earl of Leven; and Margaret, David, Earl of Northesk. The Countess of Wemyss *d.* in 1705, and was succeeded by her only son,

DAVID. This nobleman, who was appointed by Queen Anne lord high admiral of Scotland, sworn of the privy council, and nominated one of the commissioners for concluding the treaty of union, *m.* first, Lady Anne Douglas, daughter of William, first Duke of Queensberry, and sister of James, Duke of Queensberry and Dover, and of William, first Earl of March, by whom he had one surviving son, James, his successor; secondly, Mary, daughter of Sir John Robinson, bart., of Farmingwood, in the county of Northampton, who *d.* without issue; and, thirdly, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry, eighth Lord Sinclair, by whom he had two daughters, namely, Elizabeth, wife of William, sixteenth Earl of Sutherland; and Margaret, wife of James, seventh Earl of Moray. Lord Wemyss *d.* in 1720, and was succeeded by his only son,

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JAMES, *b.* in 1699; *m.* in 1756, Janet, only daughter of Francis Charteris, esq., by whom he had David, Lord Elcho; Francis, who inherited the estates of his maternal grandfather, and assumed, in consequence, the surname of Charteris, before that of Wemyss; and James; besides four daughters. The earl's eldest son,

DAVID, Lord Elcho, having been involved in the rebellion of 1745, fled to France after the battle of Culloden, and was attainted. The family honors, therefore, remained, during his life, under the influence of that penal statute; but at his demise without issue, in 1787, they were inherited by his brother,

THE HONORABLE FRANCIS-CHARTERIS-WEMYSS, and revived. His lordship was *b.* in 1723; *m.* in 1745, to Lady Catherine Gordon, daughter of Alexander, second Duke of Gordon, and aunt of Alexander, present duke, by whom he had issue Francis, Lord Elcho, who *m.* in 1771, Susan, daughter of Anthony-Tracy Keck, esq., and *d.* in 1808, leaving issue Francis, the present earl; and four daughters; to whom the Prince Regent granted the same precedence as if their father had lived to inherit the earldom. Lord Wemyss had, besides Lord Elcho, five daughters, viz. Henrietta; Catharine; Janet; Frances, wife of the Reverend Doctor Trail; and Anne. The earl *d.* on the 5th of August, 1808, and was succeeded by his grandson, Francis, the present peer, who inherited the earldom of March, as well as the lands and lordship of Neidpath, at the demise of William, fourth Duke of Queensberry, on the 23rd of December, 1810, as heir male of his great-great-grandmother, Lady Anne Douglas, first wife of David, third Earl of Wemyss, daughter of William, first Duke of Queensberry, and sister of the Honorable William Douglas, who was created Earl of March on the 20th of April, 1697.

Motto, in English,
I think.

Town Residence—19, Stratford Place.

Country Seat—Neidpath Castle, county of Peebles.

WENTWORTH, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Parlut, in the county of Lincoln; *m.* Frances, daughter of Samuel Wentworth, esq., of Boston, North America, by whom he has an only son, Charles-Mary, *b.* 18th January, 1775. This gentleman, who is the eldest son of John Wentworth, esq., formerly governor of New Hampshire, and surveyor-general of the woods in the British territories of North America, by Elizabeth, daughter of John Rindge, esq., of Portsmouth, in New Hampshire, was created a baronet on the 16th of May, 1795. Sir John was lieutenant-governor and commander of the forces in Nova Scotia, and is now surveyor-general of his majesty's woods in British North America.

Country Seat—Purlut, in the county of Lincoln.

WESTCOTE, BARON, (George-Fulke Lyttleton,) of the county of Longford, in the peerage of Ireland. Creation of 21st July, 1776.

See, Lord Lyttleton.

WESTMEATH, MARQUESS OF, (George-Thomas-John Nugent,) Earl of Westmeath, and Baron Delvin, of Delvin, in the county of Westmeath, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 17th July, 1785; *m.* in 1812, Lady Emily Cecil, second daughter of James, late Marquess of Salisbury, and sister of James-Brownlow, present marquess, by whom he has issue an only surviving daughter, Lady Rose Nugent. His lordship inherited the earldom and barony at the decease of his father, on the 30th of December, 1814, and obtained the marquesate, by creation, on the 12th of January, 1822.

Lineage.

This noble family has been settled in Ireland since the subjugation of that country by Henry the Second. Its founder,

GILBERT DE NUGENT, one of the knights who accompanied Hugh de Lacy in the expedition to Ireland, having *m.* Rosa, the daughter of the said Hugh, obtained thereby the lordship of Delvin, but having no issue, was succeeded by his brother,

CHRISTOPHER NUGENT, from whom lineally descended

RICHARD, the tenth Lord Delvin, who was created, on the 4th of September, 1621, Earl of Westmeath. This nobleman *d.* in 1641, and was succeeded by his grandson,

RICHARD, to whom succeeded, in 1684, his grandson,

RICHARD, who *d.* without issue in 1714, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

THOMAS. This nobleman *d.* also without issue, (30th June, 1752) and was succeeded by his next brother,

JOHN, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of Count Molza, of Modena, by whom he had three sons, Thomas; Edward-Charles; and Francis. His lordship *d.* in 1754, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, K. P. This nobleman *m.* first, in 1742, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Walter Durand Stapleton, esq., by whom he had an only son, Richard, Lord Delvin, who fell in a duel in 1761; and, secondly, in 1756, Catharine, daughter and coheiress of Henry White, esq., of Pickfordstown, in the county of Kildare, by whom he had surviving issue, George-Frederick, his successor; and Catharine, who *m.* in 1784, the Honorable John Rodney. His lordship *d.* in 1791, and was succeeded by his only son,

GEORGE-FREDERICK, *b.* 18th November, 1760; *m.* first, in 1784, Marianne, eldest daughter of John Jefferyes, esq., of Blarney-castle, in the county of Cork, and niece of John, late Earl of Clare, lord high chancellor of Ireland, by whom he left George-Thomas-John, the present Marquess of Westmeath. His lordship's marriage being dissolved by act of parliament in 1796, he *m.* secondly, in 1797, Lady Elizabeth-Emily Moore, daughter of Charles, late Marquess of Drogheda, and sister of the present marquess, by whom he had issue Robert-Seymour, *b.* 2nd of June, 1808; Elizabeth-Emily, *b.* 21st December, 1798, *m.* in 1820, to the Honorable

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Lionel-Charles Dawson, son of John, late Earl of Portarlington, and brother of John, present earl; and Catharine-Anne, *b.* 10th May, 1801, *m.* in 1823 to Francis Bruen, esq. The earl *d.* on the 30th of December, 1814.

Motto, in English,
I have resolved.

Country Seat—Castle-town, Delvin, in the county of Westmeath.

WESTMORELAND, EARL OF, (John Fane) and Baron Burghersh, *b.* 1st January, 1759, inherited the family honors at the decease of his father, 26th of April, 1774, *m.* first in May, 1782, Sarah-Anne, only daughter and heiress of Robert Child, esq., of Osterley Park, in the county of Middlesex, an eminent banker of London, by whom he has issue one son and four daughters, viz.

John, Lord Burghersh, *b.* 2nd February, 1784, *m.* in 1811, the Honorable Mary-Wellesley Pole, daughter of William, Lord Maryborough, by whom he has two sons and a daughter. His lordship is a colonel in the army, aid-de-camp to the king, and minister plenipotentiary to the Court of Tuscany.

Sarah-Sophia, *b.* 4th March, 1785, heiress by will to the immense possessions of her maternal grandfather. Her ladyship *m.* in 1804, George, present Earl of Jersey, and assumed, with her husband, the additional surname of Child.

Augusta, *b.* 17th March, 1786, *m.* in 1804, John, Lord Boringdon, since created Earl of Morley, from whom she was divorced in 1809, when her ladyship married the Honorable Sir Arthur Paget, son of Henry, late Earl of Uxbridge, and brother of the present Marquess of Anglesea.

And Maria, *b.* 11th May, 1787, *m.* in 1805, John, Viscount Duncannon, eldest son of Frederick, present Earl of Besborough.

The Earl of Westmoreland *m.* secondly, in 1800, Miss Saunders, daughter of Huck Saunders, esq., M. D., by whom he has one son and a daughter. His lordship is a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, lord keeper of the privy seal, and recorder of Lyme Regis.

Lineage.

It appears, from an ancient pedigree, that the ancestors of the Earl of Westmoreland, and of the Earl of Darlington, originally wrote their surname Vane, and that they were descended from Howell ap Vane, of Monmouthshire, who lived long antecedent to the Conquest. The immediate progenitor, however, of those illustrious houses, was

JOHN VANE, esq., of Tudeley, who lived in the reign of Henry the Eighth, and obtained from that monarch a grant of the manor of Hadloe, in Kent. This gentleman *m.* Isabel, daughter of John Darell, of the same county, and had issue four sons and three daughters. From the youngest son, John, sprang the Earls of Darlington, and from the second,

RICHARD FANE, esq., lineally descended

THOMAS FANE, esq., who, being involved in the rebellion of Sir Thomas Wyat, in the first year of Queen Mary, was committed to the Tower, and attainted for High Treason, but pardoned by her Majesty, and set at liberty, after he had been ordered for execution. Mr. Fane, in the ensuing reign, was knighted at the Castle of Dover, on the 26th of August, 1573, by Robert, Earl of Leicester, in the presence of the queen. Sir Thomas *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Thomas Colepepper, of Bedgbury, who *d.* without issue; and, secondly, in 1574, Lady Mary Neville, only daughter and heiress of Henry, Lord Abergavenny, the lineal descendant of Edward Neville, younger son of Ralph Neville, first Earl of Westmoreland of the family of Neville, by whom he had issue four sons and two daughters. Sir Thomas *d.* on the 13th of March, 1589, and in fifteen years afterwards, on the 25th of May, 1604, his widow, Lady Fane, was restored to the dignity of Baroness le Despencer, the letters patent of restoration beginning thus: "Whereas Hugh le Despencer, formerly justice of England in the reign of King Henry the Third, was one of the barons of England, by the name of Baron le Despencer, to him and his heirs, and was summoned to parliament among the barons, in the 49th of Henry the Third; and whereas Mary Fane, daughter and heiress of Henry, Lord Abergavenny, son and heir of Lord George Abergavenny, son and heir of Lord George Abergavenny, son and heir of Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Isabel, sister and heiress of Richard le Despencer, Earl of Gloucester and Lord le Despencer, by Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Bartholomew, Lord Burghersh, son of Edward le Despencer, son of Hugh, Lord Despencer, Earl of Winchester, and Baron le Despencer, who was son of Hugh, the aforesaid justice of England," &c. &c. Her ladyship *d.* on the 28th of June, 1626, and was succeeded, in the ancient barony thus restored, by her eldest son,

FRANCIS, who had been previously advanced to the peerage on the 29th of December, 1624, by the ancient titles of his maternal family, namely, Baron Burghersh, and Earl of Westmoreland. His lordship *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of Sir Anthony Mildmay, knight, of Apethorp, in the county of Northampton, by whom he had seven sons and six daughters, and acquired a very considerable augmentation of fortune. The earl *d.* on the 23rd of March, 1628, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

MILDMAY. This nobleman was made one of the knights of the Bath at the coronation of King Charles the First; and, at the breaking out of the civil war, arrayed himself under the royal banner; but, in 1643, according to Whitlock, in his memorials, "The Earl of Westmoreland, and divers other delinquents, came unto the parliament, desiring the benefit of the declaration of both kingdoms for composition;" and on the 22nd of April, 1645, the Earls of Westmoreland, Holland, Thanet, Monmouth, and the Lord

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Saville, took the oath appointed by parliament for such as came unto them before the commissioners of the Great Seal." His lordship concurring, however, in the restoration of the monarchy, was constituted, jointly with John, Earl of Bridgewater, on the 30th July, 1660, lord lieutenant of the county of Northampton. He *m.* first, Grace, daughter of Sir William Thornehurst, knight, of Herne, in the county of Kent, by whom he had one son (his successor,) and five daughters; and, secondly, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Horace, Lord Vere, of Tilbury, and relict of Sir Roger Townshend, of Raynham, in the county of Norfolk, knight, by whom he had Vere, who succeeded his brother in the earldom, &c., and four daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 12th of February, 1665, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

CHARLES. This nobleman *m.* twice, but dying without issue in September, 1691, the family honors devolved upon his half brother,

VERE, who *m.* Rachael, only daughter and heiress of Mr. Alderman Bence, of the City of London, by whom he had four sons and six daughters. His lordship *d.* on the 29th of December, 1693, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

VERE. This nobleman dying unmarried, on the 19th of May, 1699, within a few days of being of age, the honors devolved upon his brother,

THOMAS, who *d.* without issue on the 4th of June, 1736, and was succeeded by his next brother,

JOHN. This nobleman having distinguished himself as a military officer under the Duke of Marlborough, had been previously elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 4th of October, 1733, by the title of Baron Catherlough. His lordship, subsequently, obtained the rank of lieutenant-general in the army. He *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of Lord Henry Cavendish, second son of William, Duke of Devonshire, but dying without issue on the 26th of August, 1762, the Irish peerage expired, while the Barony of Despencer, being a barony in fee to heirs general, was confirmed to Sir Francis Dashwood, baronet, of West Wycomb, in the county of Buckingham, (on the 19th of April, 1763,) as only son and heir of Sir Francis Dashwood, bart., by Lady Mary Fane, eldest daughter of Vere, Earl of Westmoreland, by his wife, Rachael, daughter of Mr. Alderman Bence; and the earldom of Westmoreland, with the barony of Burghersh, reverted to the next male descendant of Sir Francis Fane, (third son of Francis, first Earl of Westmoreland) namely, his great-grandson,

THOMAS FANE, esq., of Bympton, in the county of Somerset, a merchant at Bristol. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William Swymmer, esq., also a merchant of Bristol, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He *d.* on the 12th of November, 1771, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN. This nobleman *m.* first, on the 26th of March, 1758, Augusta, daughter of Lord Montague Bertie, son of Robert, Duke of Ancaster, by whom he had issue John, the present Earl; Thomas, an officer of rank in the army, who *d.* in 1807; and Augusta, wife of William, Earl of Lonsdale. His lordship *m.* secondly, on the 28th of March, 1767, Lady Susan Gordon, daughter of Cosmo-George, late Duke of Gordon, and sister of Alexander, present duke, by whom he had a son, who died in infancy, and three daughters, namely, Susan *b.* 3rd October, 1768, *m.* John Drummond, esq., and *d.* in 1793; Elizabeth, *b.* 7th January, 1773, *m.* in 1790, Sir John Lowther, baronet; and Mary, *b.* 19th September, 1772, *m.* 16th January, 1792, George Fludyer, esq. The earl *d.* on the 26th of September, 1774.

Motto, in English,
Pollute not the Fane.

Town Residence—31, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Apthorpe, near Walmesford, in the county of Northampton.

WEXFORD, AND WATERFORD, EARL OF, (Charles Talbot,) in the peerage of Ireland. Creation of 17th July, 1446.

See, Earl of Shrewsbury.

WHELER, SIR TREVOR, baronet, of Leamington Hastang, in the county of Warwick; *m.* Harriet, daughter of Richard Beresford, esq., of Ashbourne, in the county of Derby, by whom he has issue Trevor; Francis; and five daughters. Sir Trevor inherited the title at the decease of his father, 12th July, 1821.

Lineage.

SIR WILLIAM WHELER, knight, was created a baronet on the 11th of August, 1660, and dying in 1666, was succeeded by his cousin,

CHARLES WHELER, esq., of Birberry, in the county of Warwick, and of Martin Hussingtree, in the county of Worcester, in whose favor the patent contained a reversionary clause. He *m.* Dorothy, daughter of Sir Francis Bindlos, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. Sir Charles was colonel of a regiment of foot, and governor of the Leeward Islands. He *d.* on the 26th of August, 1633, and was succeeded by his second but eldest surviving son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* Teresa, daughter of the Honorable Edward Widdrington, (son of Sir William Widdrington, baronet, who was created baron Widdrington, of Blankney, in the county of Lincoln, on the 10th of November, 1643, which was forfeited by the attainder of William, the fourth baron, in 1716;) by whom he had four sons and five daughters. Sir William *d.* in 1708, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR TREVOR, who *d.* in 1718, unmarried, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* Penelope, daughter of Sir Stephen Glynne, baronet, by whom he had five surviving sons, namely, William, his successor; Francis, an officer in the army; Charles, a clergyman, who succeeded, in turn, to the baronetcy; Edward; and John, prebendary of Westminster. Sir William *d.* in 1763, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William, who *m.* Lucy, only daughter and heiress of Giles Knightly, esq., by whom he had several children, but only one to survive, namely, Lucy, who succeeded to her father's fortune, and married, in 1777, Edward-Sacheverel-Wilmot Sitwell, esq., of Stainsby, in the county of Derby. Sir William *d.* in 1799, when the baronetcy devolved upon his brother,

The Reverend Sir Charles, prebendary of York. This gentleman *m.* Lucy, daughter, and eventually co-heiress, of the late Right Honorable Sir John Strange, knight, master of the rolls, by whom he had issue Trevor, the present baronet; Charles John, (*m.* Isabel, daughter of John Close, esq., of Eastby, in the county of York;) William, a clergyman of the established church, (*m.* Charlotte, daughter of William Harding, esq., of Baroset, in the county of Warwick;) besides four daughters. Sir Charles *d.* on the 12th of July, 1821.

Motto, in English,
Even to the face.

Country Seat—Leamington, Warwickshire.

WHICHCOTE, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of London; *b.* 5th March, 1763; *m.* in 1785, Diana, daughter of Edward Turnor, esq., of Ponton, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he has five sons, viz. Thomas, *b.* 10th of August, 1787, (*m.* 9th of April, 1812, Lady Sophia Sherard, daughter of Philip, late Earl of Harborough, and sister of Robert, present earl;) Benjamin, *b.* 19th of May, 1792; Francis, *b.* 19th June, 1793; George, *b.* 21st December, 1794; and Christopher, *b.* 5th February, 1806; with four daughters, namely, Diana, the wife of Herman-Gerard Hilbers, esq.; Caroline, of Francis Willis, esq.; Catharine, of the Rev. John Hanmer; and Louisa, *b.* 5th June, 1803. Sir Thomas had another daughter, Henrietta, who *m.* James Atty, esq., a captain in the North Lincoln militia, and *d.* in 1810. Sir Thomas succeeded to the title at the decease of his father, 9th March, 1786.

Lineage.

This family derives its surname from Whichcote, in the county of Salop, where it was originally seated.

Jeremy Whichcote, esq., of Lincoln's Inn, barrister at law, and solicitor-general to the Prince Elector Palatine, was created a baronet on the 2nd of April, 1660. He *m.* Anne, eldest daughter of Joseph Grave, esq., by whom he had seven sons and two daughters. Sir Jeremy was warden of the Fleet prison, during the Usurpation; an office which he purchased at the express instance of the exiled monarch, Charles the Second, in order that he might protect the agents of royalty, by officiating in the character of jailer himself. He *d.* in 1677, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Paul. This gentleman *m.* Jane, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Nicholas Gould, baronet, by whom he had four sons and five daughters, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

Sir Francis, who *m.* first, Mary, only daughter of Joseph Banks, esq., of Revesby Abbey, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, in 1737, Frances, daughter of Edward Hall, esq., and relict of Sir Neville Hickman, baronet, by whom he had two sons. He *d.* in 1775, and was succeeded by the eldest,

Sir Christopher, *b.* in 1738. This gentleman *m.* Jane, daughter of Thomas Whichcote, esq., by whom he left Thomas, the present baronet; and Frances, the wife of William Manners, esq., who *d.* in 1794. Sir Christopher *d.* on the 9th of March, 1786.

Motto, in English,
Just and right.

Country Seat—Aswarby, in the county of Lincoln.

WHITE, SIR THOMAS-WOOLLASTON, baronet, of Wallingwells, in the county of York; *b.* 30th Oct., 1801; inherited the title at the decease of his father, 28th October, 1817.

Lineage

Thomas-Woollaston White, esq., of Wallingwells, son of Taylor White, esq., by Sarah, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Isaac Woollaston, bart., was created a baronet on the 20th of December, 1802, with remainder to the male issue of his deceased father. Sir Thomas *m.* on the 3rd of January, 1801, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Blagg, esq., of Tuxford, by whom he left issue Thomas Woollaston, the present baronet; with two daughters, Sarah and Elizabeth. He *d.* in 1817.

Country Seats—Wallingwells, Yorkshire; and Tuxford, in the county of Nottingham.

WICKLOW, EARL OF, (William Howard) Viscount Wicklow, of Wicklow, and Baron Clonmore, of Clonmore Castle, in the county of Carlow; *b.* in 1788; *m.* in 1816, Lady Cecil-Frances Hamilton, daughter of John-James, Marquess of Abercorn, and aunt (paternally) of James, the present marquess, by whom he has three daughters; the eldest, *b.* in 1817; the second, in 1820; and the third, in 1824. The earl, who is governor of the county of Wicklow, and colonel of its militia, succeeded to the honors of his family at the decease of his father, on the 27th of September, 1818.

This being a peerage of Ireland, it confers no hereditary seat in parliament, but the present earl sits as one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

This branch of the illustrious family of Howard has been settled at Shelton Abbey, in the county of Wicklow, for several centuries, and was ennobled in the person of

Ralph Howard, esq., (eldest son of the Right Rev. Robert Howard, Lord Bishop of Elphin, in the beginning of the eighteenth century, by Patience, only daughter and heiress of Godfrey Boleyne, esq., of Fenner, and niece of Lord Chief Justice Singleton, of the court of common pleas,) who was created Baron Clonmore, of Clonmore Castle, on the 21st of July, 1778, and Viscount Wicklow, of

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Wicklow, on the 23rd of June, 1785. His lordship *m.* in 1755, Alice, (elevated to the peerage, as Countess of Wicklow, on the 20th of December, 1793,) only daughter of William Forward, esq., of Castle Forward, in the county of Donegal, by whom he had issue Robert and William, who succeeded, in turn, to the peerage; Hugh, (*m.* Catharine, second daughter of the Very Reverend Robert Bligh, dean of Elphin;) Boleyne, a clergyman of the established church; besides Frances, the wife of William Parnell-Hayes, esq., of Avondale; Isabella, of the Honorable Granville Leveson Proby; Theodosia; Stuarta; Catharine; and Mary, the wife of the Rev. Thomas Hoare. His lordship *d.* on the 26th of June, 1786, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ROBERT, who became Earl of Wicklow, at the decease of his mother, on the 7th of March, 1807. His lordship dying unmarried, in 1815, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM, who had assumed the surname and arms of Forward, upon inheriting the estates of his maternal relatives, but resumed his family name of Howard, by royal license, on succeeding to the peerage. His lordship *m.* on the 31st of March, 1787, Eleanor, only daughter of the Honorable Francis Caulfield, grand-daughter of James, third Viscount Charlemont, and cousin of the present Earl of Charlemont, by whom he had issue William, present Earl of Wicklow; Francis; Robert; and four daughters, viz. Isabella, the wife of William-M. Smythe, esq., of Barbaville, in the county of Westmeath; Eleanor, of J. F. Featherstone, of Bracklyn Castle, in the same county; Mary, of the Reverend James-William Arnold; and Alicia. His lordship *d.* in 1818.

Motto, in English,

To serve God, and rejoice.

Town Residence—56, Upper Brook-street.

Country Seat—Shelton Abbey, in the county of Wicklow.

WIGRAM, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Walthamstow House, in the county of Essex; *b.* at Wexford, on the 30th January, 1744; *m.* first, Catharine, daughter of Francis Broadhurst, esq., of Mansfield, in the county of Nottingham, by whom he has issue Robert, who received the honor of knighthood, on the 7th of May, 1818, (*m.* in 1812, Selina, daughter of the late Sir John-Mac Namara Hayes, physician to the army in North America, and sister of the present Sir Thomas-Pelham Hayes;) William, an East India director; Catharine, the wife of Charles Tottenham, esq., of Ballycurry; and Maria. Sir Robert *m.* secondly, Eleanor, daughter of John Watts, esq., of Southampton, by whom he has ten other sons, and two daughters.

This gentleman, an opulent East India merchant and shipowner, was created a baronet on the 5th of October, 1805.

Country Seats—Walthamstow House, Essex, and Belmont Lodge, Worcestershire.

WILLIAMS, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Penrhyn, in the county of Carnarvon; *b.* 20th July, 1764; inherited the title at the decease of his father, 19th August, 1794; *m.* in 1799, Anne, second daughter of the Rev. Edward Hughes, of Kimmell, in the county of Carmarthen, by whom he has issue Richard Bulkeley, *b.* 23rd of September, 1801; with two other sons, and two daughters.

Lineage.

GRIFFITH WILLIAMS, esq., of Penrhyn, (eldest son of Robert Williams, esq., of Penyralt, by Elizabeth, daughter of Griffith ap John, esq., of Cefnamwich,) was created a baronet, on the 17th of June, 1661. He *m.* Gwen, daughter of Hugh Bodwarda, esq., of Bodwarda, in the county of Caernarvon, by whom he had twelve children. Sir Robert *d.* in 1663, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT. This gentleman *m.* first, Frances, daughter of the celebrated Serjeant Glynne, lord chief-justice of the court of king's bench, during the Usurpation, and, subsequently, so high in favour with King Charles the Second, as to receive the honor of knighthood from that monarch, and to be nominated prime serjeant-at-law, while his eldest son was created a baronet. The issue of this marriage were two sons and three daughters. Sir Robert *m.* secondly, Mrs. White, widow of Colonel White, but had no issue. He *d.* in 1678, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR GRIFFITH, who *d.* unmarried, when the title devolved upon his only brother,

SIR JOHN. This gentleman dying also unmarried, the family estate of Penrhyn descended, first, to his sister, Frances, wife of Lord Edward Russel; and, after her ladyship's demise, to his other sisters, while the baronetcy reverted to his uncle,

SIR HUGH, of Marle, who *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Henry Vaughan, esq., and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

SIR GRIFFITH. This gentleman *m.* Catharine, only daughter and heiress of Owen Anwyl, esq., and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT, who *d.* unmarried in 1745, when the title reverted to his kinsman,

SIR HUGH, great-grandson of the first baronet, through his third son, Edmund Williams, esq. This gentleman *m.* Emma, Viscountess Dowager Bulkeley, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Rowland, esq., of Caerau, in Anglesea, by whom he had Robert, the present baronet; Hugh-Rowlands, an officer in the army, who fell at Grenada, in 1795; and two daughters; Anne-Jane, (*d.* in 1801;) and Frances-Emma. Sir Hugh *d.* in 1794.

Country Seats—Caerau, in Anglesea; and Naut, Carnarvonshire.

WILLIAMS, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Bedylwyddan, in the county of Flint; *b.* 22nd December, 1761; *m.* in 1791, Margaret, daughter and heiress of Hugh Williams, of Tifrey, in Anglesea, by whom he has issue John, *b.* 11th January, 1794; Hugh; William;

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Harriet; Emma; Margaret; Mary-Elizabeth; and Ellen.

This gentleman, the eldest son of Bennet Williams, esq., (son of John Williams, esq., chief-justice of Brecon, Glamorgan, and Radnor, by Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Henry Bennet, esq.,) was created a baronet, on the 24th July, 1798.

Country Seat—Bedylwyddan, Flintshire.

WILLIAMS-GRIFFIES, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Llwyny-Wormwood, in the county of Carmarthen; *m.* first, Jane, only daughter and heiress of the Reverend Doctor John Lewis, of Tredeved, in the county of Pembroke, and niece of the late Alderman Sir Watkin Lewes, of London, by whom he has no surviving issue; and, secondly, Anna-Margaret, daughter of Herbert Evans, esq., of Highmead, Carmarthenshire, by whom he has John-George-Herbert, (*m.* in 1816, Mary-Anne, only daughter of Joseph Shawe, esq., of the Circus, Bath;) with four other sons, and five daughters; the eldest, Ann, *m.* in 1820, Lewis Grant, esq., of the East India company's service.

This gentleman, whose paternal name is Griffies, being the son of the Reverend John Griffies, of Croydon, by Anne, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Thomas Thackeray, assumed the surname of Williams, by royal permission, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of David Williams, esq., of St. Peter, in the county of Carmarthen, (who had *m.* his aunt, Anne Griffies,) and was created a baronet, 22nd of May, 1815.

Country Seat—Llwyny-Wormwood, in the county of Carmarthen.

WILLIAMSON, SIR HEDWORTH, baronet, of East Markham, in the county of Nottingham; *b.* in 1797; inherited the title at the decease of his father, in March, 1810.

Lineage.

THOMAS WILLIAMSON, esq. was created a baronet on the 5th of June, 1642. He *m.* twice, but left issue only by his first wife, Jane, eldest daughter of Sir Edward Hussey, bart., namely, three sons and a daughter; by the eldest of which,

SIR THOMAS, he was succeeded. This gentleman *m.* Dorothy, youngest daughter and co-heiress of George Fenwick, esq., by whom he obtained the estate of Monkwearmouth, but had no children. He *d.* in 1703, when the title and fortune devolved upon his brother,

SIR ROBERT, who *d.* in 1708, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* first, Elizabeth, youngest daughter and co-heiress of John Hedworth, esq., of Harraton, in the county of Durham, by whom he had a large family; and, secondly, Mary, daughter and heiress of William Fetherstonhaugh, esq., by whom he had no child. Sir William *d.* in 1747, and was succeeded by his second but eldest surviving son,

SIR HEDWORTH, who *m.* in 1748, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of William Huddleston, esq., of Millam Castle, in the county of Cumberland, and left two sons, namely, Thomas, the younger, a clergyman, rector of Stoke Damerel, in the county of Devon; and his successor, at his decease, in 1789,

SIR HEDWORTH. This gentleman *m.* in 1794, Maria, daughter of Sir James Hamilton, knt., of the county of Monaghan, in Ireland, by whom he had issue Hedworth, present baronet; Maria-Dorothea, the wife of David Barclay, esq., of Berryhill, in the county of Surrey; and Elizabeth-Anne, who *d.* in 1822. Sir Hedworth *d.* in 1810.

Country Seats—Millam Castle, in the county of Cumberland; and Monkwearmouth, near Sunderland.

WILLOUGHBY DE BROKE, BARON, (Henry-Peto Verney,) *b.* 5th April, 1778; inherited the title at the decease of his brother, in September, 1820.

Lineage.

This noble house is a branch of *that* of Willoughby de Eresby, being founded by

ROBERT WILLOUGHBY, esq., (great-grandson of Robert, fourth Baron Willoughby de Eresby, through his second son, the Honorable Sir Thomas Willoughby, knt.,) who was summoned to parliament the 12th of August, 1492, as Baron Willoughby de Broke, and was succeeded, at his demise, in 1503, by his eldest son,

ROBERT, summoned to parliament by writ, dated 28th November, 1511. This nobleman had a son, Edward, who *d.* in the life-time of his father, leaving two daughters, Elizabeth, who *m.* Sir Fulke Greville; and Blanch, the wife of Sir Edward Dawtrey. Lord Willoughby *d.* in 1522, when the barony fell into abeyance between his grand-daughters above-mentioned, and their heirs, and so remained until claimed, in 1696, and allowed to

SIR RICHARD VERNEY, knt., of Belton, in the county of Rutland, son of Sir Greville Verney, knt., by Catharine, daughter of Sir Robert Southwell, knt., of Woodrising, in the county of Norfolk, and great-grandson of Elizabeth, (Willoughby,) Lady Greville, eldest daughter of Robert, Lord Willoughby de Broke, the line of his lordship's younger daughter, Lady Dawtrey, having failed. (The family of Verney is descended from William de Vernai, whose son, William, is mentioned as living in the beginning of the twelfth century, and the said William's grandson, Roger de Vernai, or Verney, as seated, in the latter end of the same era, at Bromshulfe, in the county of Stafford.) Richard, (Verney,) Lord Willoughby de Broke, was *b.* on the 28th of January, 1621, and represented the county of Warwick in parliament before and after the Revolution. He received the honor of knighthood on the 1st of April, 1685, upon presenting an address from Warwickshire to King James the Second. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Mary, daughter of Sir John Prettyman, knight and baronet, of Lodington, in the county of Leices-

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ter, by whom he had three sons and a daughter; and, secondly, Frances, daughter of Thomas Dove, esq., of Upton, in the county of Northampton, by whom he had a son, who *d.* about the period of majority; and a daughter, Diana, who *m.* Sir Charles Shuckburgh, bart., of Shuckburgh, in the county of Warwick. Lord Willoughby, who was esteemed a very learned antiquary, is mentioned by Sir William Douglas as a person "happily qualified with a most ingenious inclination, from whom he received much assistance for rectifying the map of the hundred of Kineton, in the county of Warwick, as also in the delineation of divers monuments for adorning the work;" and Mr. Wright, in his Antiquities of the county of Rutland, treating of Belton, says, "It was the seat of Richard Verney, esq., a true lover of antiquities, and a worthy Mæcenas." His lordship lived to the advanced age of ninety, and dying, on the 18th of July, 1711, was succeeded by his youngest and only surviving son,

THE HONORABLE AND REVEREND GEORGE VERNEY, canon of Windsor, in the deanery of which place his lordship was installed, in 1713, and nominated register of the most noble Order of the Garter. He *m.* Margaret, daughter and heiress of Sir John Heath, of Braystede, in the county of Kent, knt., heiress, through her mother, of Sir John Mennes, knt., and, through her grandmother, of the Scot's Earl of Carrick, by whom he had four sons; and a daughter, who *m.* Anthony Duncomb, esq., of Barford, in the county of Wilts. His lordship's eldest son, George, *d.* in boyhood; Thomas, the next, *d.* of the small-pox, in 1710, without issue; Richard succeeded to the title; and John, the youngest, being bred to the bar, arose, in 1738, to the high official station of master of the rolls, and was sworn of the privy council; he *m.* Abigail, only daughter of Edward Harley, esq., of Eyewood, in the county of Hereford, by whom he had a son, John-Peyto, who succeeded his uncle in the title; and a daughter. Lord Willoughby *d.* on the 26th of December, 1728, and was succeeded by his third but eldest surviving son,

RICHARD, who *d.* in 1752, without issue, when the barony reverted to his nephew,

JOHN-PEYTO, *b.* in 1738. His lordship *m.* in 1761, Lady Louisa North, daughter of Francis, first Earl of Guilford, and sister of the celebrated minister, Lord North, by whom he left issue John-Peyto, his successor; Henry, the present baron; and Louisa, who *m.* in 1793, the Reverend Robert Bernard, prebendary of Winchester. His lordship *d.* in 1816, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN-PEYTO, who *d.* without issue, in 1820, when the barony devolved upon his brother, the Honorable Henry Verney, present baron.

Motto, in English,
Virtue prevails.

Country Seat—Compton Verney, in the county of Warwick.

WILLOUGHBY DE ERESBY, BARONESS, (Priscilla-Barbara-Elizabeth Burrell,) *b.* 16th February, 1761; *m.* in 1779, Peter, late Lord Gwydir, by whom she has issue Peter-Robert, present Baron Gwydir; with two other sons, and a daughter. Her ladyship succeeded to the ancient barony upon the termination of the abeyance, into which it had fallen, by the crown, on the 18th of March, 1780. Lady Willoughby is joint hereditary great chamberlain of England, with her sister, Georgiana, Marchioness of Cholmondeley.

Lineage.

This is one of the very ancient baronies created by writ of summons, which pass, being inheritable by heirs male or female, at different periods, into different families, and sometimes remain for centuries dormant; for, in the instance of there being no male heir, but several female, the barony does not devolve upon the eldest daughter, but upon all conjointly, and cannot, consequently, be inherited until there be a single heir to the whole, without the especial interference of the crown.

ROBERT WILLOUGHBY, of Eresby, in the county of Lincoln, son of Sir William Willoughby, knt., by Alice, daughter and heiress of John Beke, Lord of Eresby, was summoned to parliament, as Baron Willoughby de Eresby, on the 26th of July, 1313. From him the barony passed, in the direct male line, to

ROBERT, the sixth baron, who *d.* in 1452, leaving an only daughter,

JOANE, who *m.*

RICHARD DE WELLES, summoned to parliament, in consequence, in 1455, as Baron Willoughby. His lordship was son of Leo, sixth Baron Welles, who fell in one of the conflicts between the houses of York and Lancaster, and was attainted, in 1461. Lord Willoughby obtained a full restoration, however, in blood and honors, in 1468, but fell a victim afterwards to the vibrations of fortune between the red and white roses, and was beheaded with his only son, Robert, in 1469, leaving an only daughter,

JOANE, who *m.* } which Richard was
RICHARD HASTINGS, } summoned to parliament, as Baron Welles; but dying without issue, in 1503, and his lady in two years afterwards, the ancient barony of Willoughby reverted to her ladyship's kinsman,

WILLIAM WILLOUGHBY, great-great-grand-nephew of Robert, sixth baron, through his brother, the Honorable Thomas Willoughby. This nobleman *d.* in 1525, and was succeeded by his only daughter,

KATHERINE. Her ladyship *m.* twice: first, Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk, by whom she had no issue to live to majority; and, secondly, Richard Bertie, esq., by whom she had a son and heir, Peregrine. Her Grace, the Duchess of Suffolk, *d.* in 1580, when her son,

PEREGRINE BERTIE, claimed the ancient barony, and was summoned to parliament, as Lord Willoughby de Eresby, on the 16th of January, 1581.

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His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter of John, (Vere,) Earl of Oxford, and sister and heiress of Edward, (Vere,) seventeenth Earl of Oxford, lord high chamberlain of England, by whom he had five sons, and a daughter, Catharine, who *m.* Sir Lewis Watson, of Rockingham Castle, in the county of Northampton, who was created, subsequently, Lord Rockingham. Lord Willoughby *d.* in 1601, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, who claimed the earldom of Oxford, and the great chamberlainship of England, in right of his mother, but succeeded in establishing his claim to the chamberlainship only; he was, however, created Earl of Lindsay, on the 22nd of November, 1626. In 1630, his lordship was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter; and, at the breaking out of the civil war, was nominated commander-in-chief of the king's forces. Of this nobleman, Lord Clarendon says, "He was a man of great honor, and spent the youth and vigour of his age in military actions, and commands abroad; and albeit he indulged to himself great liberties of life, yet he still preserved a very good reputation with all men, and a very great interest in his country, as appears by the supplies he and his son brought to the king's army; the companies of his own regiment of foot being commanded by the principal knights and gentlemen of Lincolnshire, who engaged themselves in the service, principally out of their personal affection for him." The barony of Willoughby de Eresby merged in this earldom of Lincoln, and the dukedom of Ancaster, to which honor the fourth Earl of Lincoln was elevated, until the demise of Robert, fourth duke, without issue, in 1779, when the dukedom of Ancaster, and the marquesate and earldom of Lindsay, reverted to his uncle, the Honorable Brownlow Bertie, with whom those honors expired, in 1809; and the ancient barony of Willoughby de Eresby fell into abeyance, between his grace's sisters and heiresses,

Lady Priscilla-Barbara-Elizabeth, the wife of Sir Peter Burrell, baronet, created afterwards Baron Gwydir, and Lady Georgiana-Charlotte Bertie, who *m.* in 1791, George-James, present Marquess of Cholmondeley; and it so remained until the 19th of March, 1780, when the crown interfered, and caused its termination, in favour of Lady Priscilla Burrell, present Baroness Willoughby de Eresby, and Baroness Dowager Gwydir.

Town Residence—Whitehall.

Country Seat—Grimsthorpe Castle, near Bourn, in the county of Lincoln.

WILLOUGHBY, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Baldon House, in the county of Oxford; *b.* in 1796; inherited the title at the decease of his brother, the 24th of June, 1813.

Lineage.

Christopher Willoughby, esq. only surviving son of Christopher Willoughby, esq., of Bristol, by Rebecca, only daughter and heiress of James Fisher, esq., of Somerton, in the county of Somerset, was created a baronet on the 8th of December, 1794. He *m.* first, in 1776, Julia, daughter of the Reverend John Burville, by whom he had an only daughter, Juliana; and secondly, in 1789, Martha, daughter of the late Maurice Evans, esq., by whom he had three sons and two daughters; namely, Christopher-William, his successor; Henry, the present baronet; John, who *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter of Colonel Kennedy; Maria-Selina; and Frances-Elizabeth. Sir Christopher *d.* on the 5th of February, 1808, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Christopher-William, who *d.* unmarried, in 1813, when the title devolved upon his brother, Henry Willoughby, esq., the present baronet.

Country Seat—Baldon House, Oxfordshire.

WILMOT, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Chaddesden, in the county of Derby; *b.* 5th of July, 1765; inherited the title at the demise of his father, on the 9th of September, 1793; *m.* first, in March, 1796, Lucy, eldest daughter of Robert Grimston, esq., of Neswick, in the county of York, by whom he has issue Henry-Sacheverel; with five other sons, and two daughters; namely, Lucy-Maria, the wife of the Rev. G. Cornish; and Harriet, of the Rev. Samuel Richards. Sir Robert *m.* secondly, in 1817, Mrs. Craufurd, widow of Daniel Craufurd, esq. by whom he has a daughter, *b.* in 1818.

Lineage.

Edward Wilmot, esq., *b.* in 1693, a physician of great eminence, was created a baronet, on the 15th of February, 1759, for his professional services to the family of his Majesty, King George the Second. He was, subsequently, nominated physician-general to the army, and physician in ordinary to his Majesty, King George the Third. Sir Edward *m.* Sarah-Marsh, daughter of Richard Meade, esq., physician in ordinary to King George the Second, by whom he had a son and two daughters; Anne, who *m.* Thomas Heron, esq.; and Jane, Thomas Williams, esq. Sir Edward *d.* on the 21st of November, 1786, and was succeeded by his only son,

Sir Robert-Meade. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter and heiress of William Wollet, esq., by whom he had Robert, the present baronet; Edward, (who *m.* Anne, only child of Dr. Chambers, of Stretton, in the county of Leicester, and left four sons, with three daughters, at his decease;) Louisa, the wife of William-Cave Brown, esq., of Stretton; and Eliza, of Francis Bradshaw, esq., of Holbrooke, in the county of Derby. Sir Robert *d.* on the 9th of September, 1793.

Country Seat—Chaddesden, Derbyshire.

WILMOT, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Osmaston, in the county of Derby; inherited the title at the demise of his father, on the 14th of November, 1772; *m.* first, Juliana-Elizabeth,

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daughter of Admiral, the Honorable John Byron, relict of the Honorable William Byron, the only son, who lived to maturity, of William, fifth Lord Byron, and aunt of the immortal poet, by whom he has one son, Robert-John. Sir Robert *m.* secondly, in 1795, Marianna, daughter and heiress of the late Charles Howard, esq., of Pipe Grange, in the county of Stafford, by whom he has four sons and two daughters, the younger of which, Augusta-Anne, *m.* in 1816, Valentine, present Earl of Kenmare.

Lineage.

This is a junior branch of the family from which the celebrated state physician, Sir Edward Wilmot, of Chaddesden, bart., was descended,

Robert Wilmot, esq., of Osmaston, who was created a baronet, on the 19th of September, 1772, eldest son of Robert Wilmot, esq., by Ursula, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Sir Samuel Marow, baronet, (which Robert was grandson of Sir Nicholas Wilmot, knight, serjeant-at-law, to whom his father, Robert Wilmot, esq., of Chaddesden, devised the Osmaston and other Derbyshire estates.) Sir Robert *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Foot, esq., by whom he had issue Robert, present baronet; William; and Elizabeth. Sir Robert Wilmot's uncle, John-Eardley Wilmot, (the name of Eardley he derived from his mother, Elizabeth, heiress of Edward Eardley, esq.,) being bred to the bar, received the honor of knighthood, and was nominated one of the puisne judges of the court of king's bench, in 1755; and appointed, in 1766, chief-justice of the court of common pleas. His lordship's second daughter, Elizabeth-Mary-Marow Wilmot, *m.* Sampson, late Lord Eardley. Sir Robert *d.* on the 14th of November, 1772.

Country Seat—Osmaston, in the county of Derby.

WILMOT-EARDLEY, SIR JOHN-EARDLEY, baronet, of Berkswell Hall, in the county of Warwick; *b.* 21st of February, 1783; *m.* first, Elizabeth-Emma, daughter of C. H. Parry, esq., M.D., of the city of Bath, and sister (we believe) of the adventurous navigator, Capt. Parry, by whom he has issue John-Eardley; with five other sons, and two daughters; and secondly, in 1819, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Robert Chester, of Bush Hall, in the county of Hertford, by whom he has another daughter.

This gentleman, the eldest son of the late John Wilmot, esq., one of the masters in chancery, who assumed, in 1812, by royal license, the surname of Eardley, before that of his paternal family, and grandson of lord chief justice Wilmot, (see Wilmot, of Osmaston, baronet,) was created a baronet, on the 19th of July, 1821.

Country Seat—Berkswell Hall, Warwickshire.

WILSON, SIR THOMAS-MARYON, bart., of East-Bourne, county of Sussex; *b.* 10th April, 1800; inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 22nd of July, 1821.

Lineage.

William Wilson, esq., descended from an ancient Yorkshire family, having distinguished himself in the royal cause, during the civil wars, was created a baronet on the 4th of March, 1661. He *m.* Mary, daughter of Francis Hadden, esq., by whom he had five sons and two daughters. Sir William *d.* in 1685, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William, who was succeeded, in 1718, by his grandson,

Sir William. This gentleman dying unmarried, on the 23rd of January, 1723, the title, and chief part of the fortune, reverted to his cousin,

Sir Thomas, (grandson of Sir William, the first baronet, through his fourth son, Thomas Wilson, esq.) This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. William Hutchinson, of Uckfield, in the county of Sussex, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1759, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Edward, who, dying unmarried, on the 24th of June, 1760, was succeeded by his only surviving brother,

Sir Thomas-Spencer. This gentleman *m.* Jane, daughter of John Badger, esq., by whom he had issue Thomas-Maryon, his successor; with three daughters, namely, Maria, wife of John Trevelyan, esq.; Margaretta-Elizabeth, of Charles-George, present Lord Arden; and Jane, who *m.* first, in August, 1790, the Right Honorable Spencer Perceval, (assassinated in 1812, by Bellingham,) by whom she has several children; and secondly, in 1815, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Henry W. Carr, K.C.B. Sir Thomas-Spencer Wilson was a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 50th regiment of foot. He *d.* in 1798, and was succeeded by his only son,

Sir Thomas-Maryon, who *m.* in 1799, Elizabeth, daughter of James Smith, esq., a captain in the royal navy, and left issue Thomas-Maryon, the present baronet; and another son. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1821.

Motto, in English,
For laws and kings.

Country Seat—Charlton Castle, Kent.

WILTON, EARL OF, (Thomas Egerton,) and Baron Grey de Wilton, of Wilton Castle, in the county of Hereford; *b.* 30th December, 1799; inherited the peerage at the demise of his maternal grandfather, on the 23rd of September, 1814; and assumed, by royal permission, in 1821, the surname and arms of that nobleman, (Egerton,) instead of those of his paternal family, Grosvenor; *m.* in 1821, Lady Mary-Margaret Stanley, only daughter of Edward, Earl of Derby, by the present countess, and has issue.

Lineage.

Rowland Egerton, esq., of Egerton and Oul-

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ton, was created a baronet on the 15th of April, 1617. He *m.* Bridget, daughter and co-heiress of Arthur Grey, fifteenth Baron Grey de Wilton, and heiress of her brother Thomas, Baron Grey de Wilton, who was attainted in 1604, and dying a prisoner in the Tower, was thus deprived of his honors. The issue of this marriage were three sons; Thomas, who *d.* childless; John; and Philip. Sir Rowland *d.* in 1646, and was succeeded by his second, but eldest surviving, son,

Sir John, who was succeeded, in 1674, by his son,

Sir John, to whom succeeded his son, by his second wife, Elizabeth, heiress of Edward Holland, esq., of Heaton, in the county of Lancaster,

Sir Holland. This gentleman *d.* in 1730, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Edward, who *d.* without issue, in 1743, when the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Thomas-Grey. This gentleman was succeeded, in 1756, by his only child,

Sir Thomas, who was elevated to the peerage on the 15th of May, 1784, by the title of Baron Grey de Wilton, of Wilton Castle, in the county of Hereford. His lordship *m.* in 1769, Eleanor, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Ralph Asheton, bart., by whom he had several children, but one only to survive, namely, Eleanor, *b.* 21st July, 1770; *m.* in 1794, to Robert, Viscount Belgrave, now Earl Grosvenor. In consequence of the decease of Lord Grey de Wilton's elder children, his lordship obtained a new patent, on the 26th of June, 1801, re-creating the original barony, and creating the earldom of Wilton, with special remainder to the second and to all the younger sons, successively, of his daughter, by her then husband, Lord Belgrave, or her male issue by any future husband. His lordship *d.* on the 23rd of September, 1814, when the baronetcy devolved upon John-Grey Egerton, esq., late baronet, the lineal descendant of Sir Rowland Egerton, the first baronet, through his second son, Sir Philip Egerton, knt. The barony of Grey de Wilton, created in 1784, expired; but the earldom and barony, created in 1801, devolved, according to the limitation of the patent, upon his lordship's grandson, the Honorable Thomas Grosvenor, now Egerton, (present Earl of Wilton,) second son of Robert, present Earl Grosvenor.

Motto, in English,

In valour, not in arms, I confide.

Town Residence—12, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Heaton House, Lancashire.

WINCHELSEA, EARL OF, (George Finch,) Earl of Nottingham, Viscount Maidstone, of Maidstone, Baron Finch, of Daventry, in the county of Northampton, and a baronet; *b.* in 1754; inherited the family honors at the demise of his uncle, on the 2nd of August, 1769. His lordship is a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and lord-lieutenant of the county of Rutland.

Lineage.

It is the opinion of Dugdale, that this noble family is descended from a common ancestor with the Herberts, Earls of Pembroke, namely, Henry Fitz-Herbert, chamberlain to King Henry the First; and Leland says, "The Finches that be now, say, that their proper name is Herbert, and that, with marriage of the Finche's heir, they took Finche's name. One Vincent Finch, in Henry the Fourth's days, recovered of the king, by a suit, the manor of ———, by Winchelsea." And in an old inscription in Braborne Church, the name is written Herbert, alias Finch.

Sir Moyle Finch, knight, eldest son of Sir Thomas Finch, knt., by Catharine, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Moyle, of Eastwell, in the county of Kent, was created a baronet on the 29th of July, 1611. He married Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Heneage, knt., descended from the ancient family of Heneage, of Hainton, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he had seven sons and two daughters, namely, Theophilus, who succeeded to the baronetcy, but died before his mother; Thomas, the successor of his brother; John, who *d.* unmarried; Heneage, serjeant-at-law, recorder of the city of London, and speaker of the house of commons; Francis, William, and Robert. The daughters were, Anne, who *m.* Sir William Twysden, bart.; and Catharine, Sir John Wentworth, bart. After the demise of Sir Moyle, his widow, Catharine, Lady Finch, was elevated to the peerage, on the 8th of July, 1623, by the title of Viscountess Maidstone, and advanced to the dignity of Countess of Winchelsea, in the county of Sussex, on the 12th of July, 1628. Sir Moyle *d.* in 1614, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Theophilus. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Christopher Heydon; but dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Thomas, who succeeded to the peerage, as Viscount Maidstone and Earl of Winchelsea, upon the demise of his mother, on the 13th of March, 1633. His lordship *m.* Cecilia, daughter of John Wentworth, esq., by whom he left three sons and five daughters. He *d.* at his house, in Charter-House-yard, in the (then) suburbs of London, on the 5th of November, 1634, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Heneage. This nobleman having adhered firmly to the royal family during its misfortunes, and contributed, by his exertions, to the restoration of the monarchy, was created, by King Charles the Second, on the 26th June, 1660, as a special mark of royal favor, and in consideration of his lordship's descent from the ancient house of Herbert, formerly possessors of the manor of Eastwell, Baron Fitz-Herbert, of Eastwell, in the county of Kent. His lordship *m.* four wives, by whom he had twenty-seven children, sixteen of whom lived to maturity. His first lady was Diana, daughter of Francis, Lord Willoughby, of Parham, by whom he had no surviving child. The second was Lady Mary, second daughter of William Seymour, Duke of Somerset, by whom he had seven sons and four daughters. The third, Ca-

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therine, daughter of Sir Thomas Northcliffe, and relict of Christopher Lister, esq., by whom he had two daughters; and the fourth, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of John Ayres, esq., of the city of London, by whom he had a son and two daughters. He *d.* in 1689, and was succeeded by his grandson,

CHARLES, son of his deceased eldest son, Lord Maidstone. This nobleman *d.* without issue, on the 14th of August, 1712, when the family honors reverted to his uncle,

HENEAGE, who dying also without issue, on the 30th of September, 1726, was succeeded by his brother,

JOHN, at whose demise without issue, on the 9th of September, 1729, the barony of Fitzherbert expired; but the earldom of Winchelsea, and the viscounty of Maidstone, reverted to his kinsman,

DANIEL, second Earl of Nottingham, and Baron Finch, of Daventry, son and successor of Heneage Finch, a distinguished lawyer, (who was grandson of Sir Moyle Finch, through his fourth son, the Honorable Sir Heneage Finch, knt.) This Heneage, when solicitor-general, in 1660, obtained great fame as summer reader of the society of the Inner Temple. His readings being attended by all the learned professions, by the nobility, and, finally, by the king (Charles the Second,) and his court; and terminating in a grand entertainment given by the learned reader to his majesty, in the great hall of the Middle Temple. On the 10th of May, 1670, Sir Heneage was constituted attorney-general; and made lord keeper of the great seal, on the 9th November, 1673, when he was elevated to the peerage, (10th January, 1674,) as Lord Finch, of Daventry, in the county of Northampton. On the 19th December, 1765, he was declared lord high chancellor of England; and, on the 12th of May, 1681, he was advanced to the dignity of Earl of Nottingham. His lordship *d.* on the 18th of December, 1682, and was succeeded by his eldest son, Daniel, who, as stated above, succeeded to the earldom of Winchelsea and viscounty of Maidstone. This nobleman took an active part in political affairs before and after the Revolution. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Lady Essex, second daughter and co-heiress of Robert Rich, Earl of Warwick, by whom he had one daughter, Mary, who first married William Saville, Marquess of Hallifax, and, after his decease, John, Duke of Roxburgh. Lord Winchelsea *m.* secondly, Anne, only daughter of Christopher, Viscount Hatton, by whom he had five sons and eight daughters. The earl *d.* on the 1st of January, 1730, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

DANIEL. His lordship *m.* first, in 1729, Lady Frances Fielding, daughter of the Right Honorable Basil, Earl of Denbigh, by whom he had one daughter, Lady Charlotte; and, secondly, in 1738, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Palmer, baronet, of Wingham, in the county of Kent, by whom he had four daughters. He *d.* in 1769, and was succeeded by his nephew, George, the present earl, only son of the Honorable William Finch, by his second wife, Lady Charlotte Fermor, second daughter of Thomas, first Earl of Pomfret, and aunt of George, present Earl of Pomfret.

Motto, in English,

To live in open faith.

Town Residence—32, South-street.

Country Seat—Burley, Oakham, in the county of Rutland.

WINCHESTER, MARQUESS OF, (Charles-Ingoldsby Paulet,) Earl of Wiltshire, and Baron St. John, of Basing; *b.* in 1765; inherited the family honors at the decease of his father, on the 22nd of April, 1800; *m.* on the 31st of July following, Anne, second daughter of John Andrews, esq., of Shotney Hall, in the county of Northumberland, by whom he has issue John, Earl of Wiltshire, *b.* 3rd of June, 1801; Henry, *b.* 12th August, 1803; George, *b.* 7th July, 1804; with three other sons, and two daughters. His lordship is premier marquess of England, and groom of the stole to the king.

Lineage.

This illustrious family derives its surname from the lordship of Paulet, in Hampshire, whereof its progenitor, Hercules, Lord of Tournon, in Picardy, became proprietor, upon settling in England, in the reign of Henry the First. From this personage, lineally descended

SIR JOHN PAULET, knight, to whose eldest son, Thomas, the Pouletts, Earls Poulett, trace their origin, and from whose youngest son,

WILLIAM PAULET, serjeant-at-law, sprang the extinct ducal house of Bolton, and

SIR WILLIAM PAULET, great-grandson and heir of John Paulet, esq., by Constance de Poynings, one of the co-heiresses of her brother, Thomas de Poynings, Lord of St. John, (at the decease of which nobleman, the baronies of St. John of Basing, and Poynings, fell into abeyance.) This gentleman, enjoying the confidence of King Henry the Eighth, was elevated, by that monarch, to the peerage, on the 9th of March, 1539, as Baron St. John, of Basing, and, at his majesty's decease, was nominated one of the executors to his will. Lord St. John continuing a leading political character, was created, in the ensuing reign, on the 19th of January, 1550, Earl of Wiltshire, and, on the 12th of October, 1551, Marquess of Winchester. He was installed a knight of the most illustrious Order of the Garter, and held the important and exalted station of lord treasurer of England, during the reigns of Edward the Sixth, and Queens Mary and Elizabeth. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Alderman Sir William Capel, knt., of the city of London; and dying at a very advanced period of life, on the 10th of March, 1572, was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, to whom succeeded, in 1576, his eldest son,

WILLIAM. This nobleman *d.* in 1598, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM. His lordship *m.* Lady Lucy Cecil,

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daughter of Thomas, first Earl of Exeter, by whom he left two sons, John and Henry. He *d.* in 1628, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, who was succeeded, in 1674, by his son,

CHARLES. This nobleman was elevated to a dukedom on the 9th of April, 1689, as Duke of Bolton; and the marquesate of Winchester, with the minor honors, continued merged in that title for more than a century, until the demise of Henry, sixth Duke of Bolton, without issue, in 1794, when the dukedom expired, but the marquesate, &c., reverted to his grace's kinsman,

GEORGE PAULET, esq., only surviving son of Norton Paulet, esq., by Jane, daughter of Sir Charles Worsley, of Droxford, (the said Norton being grandson of Lord Henry Paulet, second surviving son of William, fourth Marquess of Winchester, and uncle of John, first Duke of Bolton.) His lordship *m.* Martha, daughter of Thomas Ingoldsby, esq., by whom he had issue

CHARLES INGOLDSBY, present marquess; Henry, vice-admiral in the royal navy, and Knight Grand Cross of the Bath; and Urania-Anne, who *m.* first, in 1785, Henry, Marquess of Clanricarde, uncle of Ulrick-John, present marquess; secondly, Peter Kingston, esq.; and thirdly, vice-admiral Sir Joseph Sidney York, K.C.B. The Marquess of Winchester, *d.* on the 22nd of April, 1800.

Motto, in English,
Love Loyalty.

Town Residence—20, Cavendish-square.

Country Seat—Amport House, Andover.

WINN, SIR EDMUND-MARK, baronet, of Nostel, in the county of York; *b.* 16th of September, 1762; inherited the title at the decease of his cousin, 14th October, 1805.

Lineage.

GEORGE WINN, esq., eldest son of Edward Winn, esq., of Thornton Curties, in the county of Lincoln, by Mary, daughter of Rowland Berkeley, esq., was created a baronet on the 3rd of December, 1660. He *m.* thrice, but had issue by his second wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. Alderman Jeffreys, of the city of London, only, viz. Edmund, George, Robert, and Rowland. Sir George was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR EDMUND, who *d.* in 1694, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROWLAND. This gentleman *m.* Letitia, only daughter and heiress of William Harbord, esq., and was succeeded, in 1721, by his eldest son,

SIR ROWLAND, who *m.* in 1709, Susanna, daughter and co-heiress of Mr. Alderman Henshaw, of the city of London, by whom he had three sons and six daughters. He *d.* in 1765, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR ROWLAND. This gentleman *m.* Sabine-Louise, only daughter and heiress of Jacques Philippé, Baron d'Hervert, governor of Vevay, in Switzerland. He *d.* on the 20th of July, 1785, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR ROWLAND, *b.* 3rd June, 1775; *d.* unmarried, in October, 1805, when the estates devolved upon the son of his sister, John Williamson, esq.; and the baronetcy reverted to his kinsman, Edmund-Mark Winn, esq., the present baronet, great-grandson of Sir Edmund, the second baronet, through his second son, Edmund Winn, esq., of Acton, in the county of York.

Country Seat—Acton Hall, Yorkshire.

WINNINGTON, SIR THOMAS-EDWARD, baronet, of Stanford Court, in the county of Worcester; *b.* 1772; inherited the title at the decease of his father, in January, 1805; *m.* in 1810, Isabella, daughter of John Taylor, esq., of Moseley Hall, in the county of Worcester, by whom he has a son, *b.* 24th January, 1814.

Lineage.

EDWARD WINNINGTON, esq., son of Edward Winnington, esq., a lawyer of eminence, and solicitor-general in the reigns of Charles the Second and James the Second, was created a baronet on the 15th of February, 1755. He *d.* in 1791, and was succeeded by his only son,

SIR EDWARD, *b.* 14th November, 1749; *m.* the Honorable Anne Foley, daughter of Thomas, first Lord Foley, and aunt of the present lord; by whom he had issue, Thomas-Edward, present baronet; Richard, a clergyman of the established church, who assumed his maternal surname of Ingram, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of Mr. Ingram, of Ribbesford; Francis; Charles Fox, a clergyman of the established church; and three daughters, namely, Sophia, the wife of F. W. Campbell, esq.; Elizabeth, of the Reverend Arthur-Cecil Onslow; and Harriet, of Phipps-Vansittart Onslow, esq., of the horse-artillery. Sir Edward *d.* in 1805.

Motto, in English,
Take with a grateful hand.

Town Residence—122, Park-street, Grosvenor-square.

Country Seat—Stanford Court, in the county of Worcester.

WINTERTON, EARL OF, (Edward Garth-Turnour,) Viscount Tournour, and Baron Winterton, of Gort, in the county of Galway; *b.* 11th May, 1758; *m.* first, in 1781, Jane, daughter of Richard Chapman, esq., of London, by whom he has issue Edward, Viscount Turnour, *b.* 13th June, 1784, (*m.* in 1809, Lucy-Louisa, daughter of John Heys, esq.;) Arthur-Richard, *b.* 14th January, 1787; Adolphus, *b.* 3rd August, 1789, (*m.* in 1812, Jessie, daughter of F. Dewar, esq.;) Jane, *b.* 22nd November, 1782; and Anne, *b.* 6th December, 1785, (*m.* in 1810, Sir Charles Chad, Bart.) His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1795, Harriet, eldest daughter of William Board, esq., of Paxhill Park, in the county of Sussex, and relict of the Reverend John Bodicote, by whom he has no child. The earl inherited the honors of his family at the decease of his father, in August, 1788.

The honors of the house of Winterton being

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of Ireland only, it enjoys no hereditary seat in parliament, and the present earl is not one of the representative lords.

Lineage.

EDWARD GARTH, esq., (only son of Joseph Garth, esq., by Sarah, daughter of Francis Gee, esq., and only grandson of Sarah Tournour, the wife of the said Francis Gee, lineal descendant of Lord Chief Baron Sir Edward Tournour, who filled the chair of the house of commons, in 1661, and heiress of the ancient family of Tournour,) assumed the additional surname of Turnour, and was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 10th of April, 1761, as Baron Winterton, of Gort; and created Viscount Turnour, and Earl of Winterton, on the 12th of February, 1766. His lordship *m.* first, in 1756, Anne, daughter of Thomas, Lord Archer, by whom he had issue, Edward, present earl; with other sons, now all deceased, besides eight daughters, of which the following survive: Lady Catharine, the wife of William-Bacon Foster, esq.; Lady Isabella; Lady Frances, the wife of John Allen, esq.; and Lady Sybella. The earl *m.* secondly, in 1778, Elizabeth, daughter of John Armstrong, esq., of Godalming, in the county of Surrey by whom he had four children, one only of which survives, the Reverend Edward-John, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William Richardson, esq., accountant-general to the honorable East India company. His lordship *d.* in August, 1788.

Motto, in English,

To be, rather than to seem to be.

Country Seat—Chillingby Park, Surrey.

WISEMAN, SIR WILLIAM-SALTONSTALL, baronet, of Canfield Hall, in the county of Essex; *b.* 5th March, 1784; inherited the title at the decease of his grandfather, 30th of January, 1810; *m.* in 1812, Catherine, second daughter of Sir James Mackintosh, knt., by whom he has issue, a son, *b.* 15th February, 1816; and a daughter, *b.* 11th November, 1817. Lady Wiseman *d.* in 1822.

Lineage.

WILLIAM WISEMAN, esq. was created a baronet on the 29th of August, 1628. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Henry Capel, knt., by whom he had four sons and two daughters, namely, William, his successor; Edmund; the Right Reverend Capel, Lord Bishop of Dromore, in Ireland; Robert; Theodosia, who *m.* Sir William Craven, bart.; and Elizabeth, the wife of Robert Tyderleigh, esq. Sir William *d.* in July, 1643, from which period the title descended, with little interruption, for a hundred and thirty-one years, when

SIR THOMAS, the sixth baronet, inherited, on the 25th of May, 1774. This gentleman was great-great-grandson of the first baronet, through his second son, Sir Edmund Wiseman, knt., of the city of London; he *m.* first, in 1757, Mary, daughter of Mr. Michael Godden, master-attendant of the dock-yard, at Chatham, by whom he had three sons, namely, Edmund, (who *d.* in 1784, leaving by his wife, Jemima, daughter of Michael Arne, esq., a son, William Saltonstall, the present baronet; and a daughter;) Thomas; and William. Sir Thomas *m.* secondly, Sarah, daughter of Thomas King, esq., of Gravesend, by whom he had two daughters, Sarah and Anne. He *d.* in 1810, and was succeeded by his grandson.

Country Seat—Northfleet, in the county of Kent.

WODEHOUSE, BARON, (John Wodehouse), of Kimberley, in the county of Norfolk, and a baronet; *b.* in 1741; *m.* in 1769, Sophia, only child of Charles Berkeley, esq., of Bruton Abbey, in the county of Somerset, and niece of John, last Lord Berkeley, of Stratton (a barony which expired in 1773,) by whom he has issue John (*m.* in 1796, Laura, only daughter and heiress of John Norris, esq., of Wilton Park, in the county of Norfolk;) Philip, an officer of rank in the royal navy; Armine, a clergyman; with two surviving daughters, viz. Sophia and Frances. His lordship succeeded to the baronetcy at the decease of his father, in May, 1777; and was elevated to the peerage on the 26th of October, 1797.

Lineage.

This noble family traces its descent to a very remote period in English history, one of its ancestors having received the honor of knighthood from Henry the First; and another having distinguished himself in 1415, at the celebrated battle of Agincourt, and, as a reward for his valour, obtained from his sovereign, Henry the Fifth, the crest, as well as the arms, motto, and supporters, now borne by his noble descendants.

PHILIP WOODHOUSE, of Kimberley, was created a baronet on the 29th of June, 1611, and was succeeded by his son,

SIR THOMAS, to whom succeeded his son,

SIR PHILIP, who was succeeded by his son,

SIR THOMAS. This gentleman was succeeded by his son,

SIR JOHN, whose son,

SIR ARMINE, *m.* Letitia, eldest daughter and coheiress of Sir Edmund Bacon, sixth baronet of that ancient family, by whom he had four sons, viz. Edmund, who *d.* before his father; John, the present peer; Philip, a clergyman of the established church, and prebendary of Norwich; and Thomas, a barrister-at-law. Sir Armine *d.* in May, 1777.

Motto,

Agincourt.

Town Residence—24, Upper Brook-street.

Country Seat—Kimberley, near Windham, Norfolk.

WOLFF, SIR JAMES-WILLIAM-WESTON, baronet, of Cams Hall, in the county of Hants, inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 20th of January, 1809.

Lineage.

JACOB WOLFF, esq., son of Godfrey Wolff, of Moscow, and a native himself of the Russian empire,

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having been naturalized in England, was created a baronet on the 18th of October, 1766; he *m.* in the December following, Anne, only daughter of the Right Honorable Edward Weston, secretary of state in Ireland, second son of the Right Reverend Dr. Stephen Weston, Bishop of Exeter, in 1724, by whom he had an only son James-William-Weston, the present baronet, and a daughter. Sir Jacob *d.* in 1809.

Motto, in English,

By God's gift.

Country Seat—Mellyfont Abbey, co. Somerset.

WOLSELEY, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Wolseley, in the county of Stafford; *b.* in 1766; *m.* first, in 1792, Mary, daughter of the Honorable Thomas Clifford, of Tixall, in the county of Stafford, by whom he has one surviving son, Spencer-William, *b.* in October, 1799; and, secondly, in 1812, Anne, youngest daughter of Anthony Wright, esq., of the county of Suffolk, by whom he has no child. Sir Charles inherited the title at the demise of his father, on the 5th of August, 1817.

Lineage.

This ranks amongst the most ancient Staffordshire families, one of its ancestors being Lord of Wolseley in the thirteenth century; and another one of the barons of the Exchequer, in the reign of Edward the Fourth.

Robert Wolseley, esq., clerk of the king's letters patent, was created a baronet on the 28th of November, 1628. He *m.* Mary, second daughter of Sir George Wroughton, knt., by whom he had five sons and six daughters. The youngest son, Colonel William Wolseley, commanded the Inniskillen regiment at the battle of the Boyne, and was subsequently nominated master of the ordnance, sworn of the privy council, and appointed one of the Lords Justices in Ireland. Sir Robert *d.* on the 21st of September, 1646, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Charles. This gentleman was a distinguished senator during the reigns of the Charles's, having represented the county of Stafford in parliament, and taken an active part in public affairs. He *m.* Anne, youngest daughter of William, first Viscount Say and Sele, by whom he had issue Robert, a staunch parliamentarian, high in favor with the Usurper Cromwell, and, subsequently, with King William the Third, by whom he was nominated envoy to Brussels; he *d.* unmarried in 1697; Fiennes, who *d.* in youth; William, and Henry, who became successive baronets; with two other sons, and ten daughters; Elizabeth, the eldest, *m.* Robert Somerville, esq., and was mother of William Somerville, esq., author of the "Chase." Sir Charles *d.* in 1714, and was succeeded by his fourth, but eldest surviving, son,

Sir William. This gentleman met his death unfortunately, by drowning, on the 8th of July, 1728. Passing, upon his return from Lichfield, in a travelling chariot and four, about eight o'clock in the evening, a little brook, in a village called Long, just at the instant that an adjacent mill-dam had been broken down by the effects of a thunder storm, a sudden rush of water overwhelmed the carriage, and immediately sunk it. The coachman was carried by the torrent into an orchard, at the distance of a hundred yards, and saved his life by ascending the boughs of an apple-tree. Sir William dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Henry, who *d.* unmarried in 1730, when the title reverted to his nephew,

Sir William. This gentleman *d.* in 1779, and was succeeded by his only son,

Sir William, *b.* in 1740; *m.* in 1765, Miss Chambers, by whom he left issue, Charles, the present baronet; Henry; and William-Edward; with four daughters; viz. Maria, wife of the Reverend John Ryland; Charlotte, of Major-General Browne; Caroline, of Robert Haig, esq.; and Cecilia, of the Rev. Charles Prowett. Sir William *d.* on the 5th of August, 1817.

Country Seat—Wolseley, in the county of Stafford.

WOMBWELL, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Wombwell, in the county of York; *b.* March 4, 1769; inherited the title at the decease of his father, 2nd November, 1780; *m.* in 1791, Lady Anne Belasyse, daughter of Henry, second Earl of Fauconberg, (an earldom which expired at his lordship's decease in 1702, but the Viscounty of Fauconberg continued until the decease of Charles, the seventh viscount, in 1815, when that honor also ceased;) by whom he has issue George, *b.* 13th April, 1792, (*m.* in 1824, Georgiana, daughter of Orby Hunter, esq., of Crowland Abbey, in the county of Lincoln;) and Henry-Walter, *b.* 24th May, 1795.

Lineage.

George Wombwell, esq., lineally descended from Robert de Wombwell, a person of note in the reign of King Stephen, was created a baronet on the 26th of August, 1778. He *m.* Susannah, only daughter of Sir Thomas Rawlinson, knight, an alderman of the city of London, by whom he left issue George, the present baronet; with Susannah, the wife of Edward Roche, esq., and Caroline-Frances, the wife of Richard Clay, esq. Sir George *d.* in 1780.

Motto,

In well beware.

Country Seat—Wombwell, Yorkshire.

WOOD, SIR FRANCIS-LINDLEY, baronet, of Barnsley, in the county of York; *b.* 16th December, 1771; inherited the title at the decease of his uncle, the late Sir Francis; *m.* Mary-Anne, daughter and heiress of Samuel Buller, esq., of New Granges, recorder of Leeds, by whom he has a son, *b.* 22nd January, 1799; and a daughter, Anne, the wife of John Childers, esq., of Cantley.

Lineage.

This family has been seated in Yorkshire since the reign of Elizabeth.

Francis Wood, esq., of Barnsley, second son of

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Francis Wood, esq., by Dorothy, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Charles Palmer, prebendary of York, was created a baronet on the 10th December, 1783, with remainder to his eldest brother, the Reverend Doctor Henry Wood, Vicar of Halifax; and to his nephews, Francis-Lindley, and Henry Wood, esquires, the sons of Charles Wood, esq., of Bowling Hall, a captain in the royal navy, who *d.* on the 9th of October, 1782, of wounds received in action. Sir Francis, leaving no issue at his decease, and his brother, Doctor Wood, having died previously, without issue, the title devolved upon their nephew, Francis-Lindley, the present baronet, son of Captain Wood, as mentioned above, by Catharine, daughter and co-heiress of John-Lacon Barker, esq.

Country Seat—Bowling Hall, near Bradford, Yorkshire.

WOOD, SIR MARK, baronet, of Gatton Park, in the county of Surrey; *b.* in 1758; *m.* Miss Dashwood, of the county of Somerset, by whom he has issue, Mark; and Rachael, the wife of William-Joseph Lockwood, esq., of Dews-Hall, in the county of Essex.

This gentleman, a colonel in the East India company's service, eldest son of Alexander Wood, esq., of Perth, N. B., was created a baronet on the 3rd of October, 1808. Upon the demise of Mark Wood, esq., late governor and captain-general of the Isle of Man, without issue, Sir Mark became heir and representative of the ancient house of Wood, of Largo.

Motto, in English,
Safe in the waves.

Town Residence—66, Pall Mall.

Country Seat—Gatton Park, Surrey.

WOODFORD, SIR RALPH-JAMES, baronet, of Carleby, in the county of Lincoln; *b.* in 1784; inherited the title at the decease of his father on the 26th of August, 1810. Sir Ralph is governor of the Island of Trinidad.

Lineage.

RALPH WOODFORD, esq., son of Matthew Woodford, esq., of Southampton, by Mary, daughter and co-heiress of John Bridcoak, esq., was created a baronet on the 21st June, 1791. He *m.* Miss Gertrude Reesen, a co-heiress, by whom he had issue Ralph-James, the present baronet; and Elizabeth, who *m.* John Hammet, esq. Sir Ralph was, formerly, British resident at the Hanse Towns, and, latterly, minister extraordinary to the court of Denmark. He *d.* in 1810.

Motto, in English,
Ease in liberty.

Country Seat—Carleby, Lincolnshire.

WRAXALL, SIR NATHANIEL-WILLIAM, baronet, of Wraxall, in the county of Somerset; *b.* in 1759; *m.* in 1789, Jane, daughter of Peter Lascelles, esq., of Knight's House, in the county of Herts, by whom he has two sons, William-Lascelles; and Charles-Edward.

This gentleman, who held a civil employment of trust in India, in 1771, was created a baronet on the 21st of December, 1813. Sir Nathaniel is known, in the literary world, as the author of several historical and other works.

Country Seat—Wraxall, Somersetshire.

WREY, SIR BOURCHIER, baronet, of Tewstock House, in the county of Devon; *b.* in 1759; inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 23rd of April, 1784; *m.* first, in 1787, Anne, daughter of Sir Robert Palk, baronet, of Halden House, in the county of Devon, by whom he has issue Bourchier; Robert-Bourchier; and Anne-Eleonora, the wife of Edward Hartopp, esq., of Little Dalby, in the county of Leicester. Sir Bourchier *m.* secondly, in 1793, Anne, daughter of John Osborne, esq., by whom he has one son, Henry Bourchier. Sir Bourchier is one of the heirs to the barony of Fitzwarine, which has been in abeyance for nearly two centuries.

Lineage.

WILLIAM WREY, esq. was created a baronet on the 30th of July, 1628. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Courtenay, of Powderham Castle, in the county of Devon, and was succeeded, at his demise, in 1636, by his son,

SIR WILLIAM, who was succeeded, in 1645, by his only son,

SIR CHICHESTER. This gentleman *m.* Anne, third daughter and co-heiress of Edward Bourchier, Earl of Bath, and relict of James, Earl of Middlesex, by whom he left four sons and a daughter. At the demise of her father, the Earl of Bath, in 1636, the Countess of Middlesex, with her two sisters, (the Countess of Denbigh, and Lady Grey, of Groby,) became co-heiress to the ancient barony of Fitzwarine, which has remained, ever since, in abeyance. Sir Chichester, who was a faithful and gallant cavalier, received, after the restoration of the monarchy, the appointment of colonel of the Duke of York's regiment, and was nominated governor of Sheerness. He *d.* in 1668, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR BOURCHIER, who *m.* Florence, daughter of Sir John Rolls, K. B., by whom he left two sons and a daughter. He *d.* in 1696, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR BOURCHIER. This gentleman *m.* Diana, daughter of John Rolle, esq., by whom he had five sons and four daughters. He *d.* in 1726, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR BOURCHIER. This gentleman *m.* first, in 1749, Mary, daughter of John Edward, esq., who *d.* without issue in 1751; and, secondly, in 1755, Ellen, daughter of John Thresher, esq., by whom he left Bourchier, the present baronet; and William-Bourchier, a clergyman of the established church. Sir Bourchier *d.* in 1794.

Motto, in English,
The good time will come.

Country Seats—Tewstock House, Devonshire; and Trebitch, Cornwall.

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WRIGHT, SIR JAMES-ALEXANDER, baronet, of South Carolina; *b.* 28th July, 1799; inherited the title upon the demise of his great uncle, on the 16th September, 1816.

Lineage.

James Wright, esq., attorney-general of South Carolina, was created a baronet on the 5th of December, 1772. He *m.* in 1740, Sarah, only daughter and heiress of Captain Maidman, of the army, by whom he had issue James, his successor; and Alexander, grandfather of the present baronet. Sir James *d.* in 1786, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir James, who *d.* without issue on the 16th September, 1816, when the title reverted to his grand-nephew, James Wright, esq., the present baronet, son of James Wright, esq., (grandson of the first baronet,) by Caroline, daughter of John Simmonds, esq., of South Carolina

Country Seat—Ray House, Essex.

WROTTESLEY, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Wrottesley, in the county of Stafford; *b.* 24th October, 1771; inherited the title at the demise of his father on the 23rd April, 1787; *m.* first, on the 23rd of June, 1795, Lady Caroline Bennett, daughter of Charles, late Earl of Tankerville, and sister of the present earl, by whom he has issue John, *b.* 5th August, 1798, (*m.* in 1821, Sophia-Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Gifford, esq., of Chillington, in the county of Stafford;) Charles-Alexander, *b.* 21st October, 1799; Robert, *b.* 2nd June, 1801; Walter, *b.* 8th April, 1810; and two daughters. Her ladyship dying in 1818, Sir John *m.* secondly, in 1819, the Honorable Mrs. Bennett, daughter of John Conyers, esq., of Copthall, in the county of Essex, and relict of the Honorable Captain John Astley Bennet, of the royal navy, brother of the deceased Lady Caroline Wrottesley.

Lineage.

This very ancient family is supposed to have been seated at its present place of residence, from which its surname is derived, ever since the Norman Conquest, if not prior to that period; and one of its ancestors, Sir Hugh de Wrottesley, had the high honor of being installed a knight of the Garter upon the institution of that illustrious order. The baronetcy was conferred upon

Walter Wrottesley, esq., on the 30th of August, 1642. This gentleman suffered considerably during the Usurpation, for his fidelity and zeal, which he had evinced in the cause of his unfortunate king. He *m.* Mary, daughter of John Grey, esq., of Enville, in the county of Stafford, by whom he had five sons and five daughters, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Walter, who was succeeded by his only son,

Sir Walter. This gentleman *m.* first, Eleanor, daughter of Mr. Justice (Sir John) Archer, of the court of common pleas, by whom he had three sons and four daughters; and, secondly, Anne, daughter of Mr. Justice Burton, by whom he had a son and two daughters. Sir Walter was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

Sir John, who *m.* Frances, daughter of the Honorable John Grey, and grand-daughter of Henry, first Earl of Stamford, by whom he had five sons and five daughters. He *d.* in 1726, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

Sir Hugh. This gentleman dying without issue, in 1729, the title devolved upon his brother,

Sir Walter, to whom succeeded, in 1731, his next brother,

The Reverend Sir Richard, *b.* in 1711; *m.* Lady Mary Gower, daughter of John, first Earl Gower, and aunt of the present Marquess of Stafford, by whom he had one son and four daughters. Sir Richard was appointed one of the royal chaplains in 1763, and dean of Worcester in 1765. He *d.* in 1769, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir John. This gentleman *m.* in 1770, the Honorable Frances Courtenay, daughter of William, first Viscount Courtenay, and aunt of William, present viscount, by whom he left issue John, the present baronet; Henry; Hugh; and Charles; besides two daughters, Charlotte, wife of the Rev. John Hillyer; and Louisa. Sir John was a major-general in the army, and colonel of the 45th regiment of foot. He *d.* on the 23rd of April, 1787.

Town Residence—19, Upper Grosvenor-street.

Country Seat—Wrottesley Hall, near Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.

WYLIE, SIR JAMES, knight and baronet. This gentleman, who was first physician to his imperial majesty, Alexander, late emperor of Russia, received the honor of knighthood at Ascot Heath races, in 1814, from the Prince Regent, (his present most gracious majesty,) conferred with the sword of the Hetman, Count Platoff; and was created a baronet, on the 2nd of July, in the same year.

Motto, in English,
By labour and science.

Residence—Russia.

WYNN-WILLIAMS, SIR WATKIN, bart., of Wynnstay, in the county of Denbigh; *b.* 26th October, 1772; inherited the title at the decease of his father, on the 29th July, 1789; *m.* in 1817, Lady Henrietta-Antonia Clive, eldest daughter of Edward, present Earl of Powis, by whom he has a son, *b.* 22nd May, 1820; and a daughter, *b.* 16th of August, 1818.

Lineage.

This very ancient family of the principality of Wales, is descended from Cadrod Harrd, or the Handsome, a British chieftain, who resided at Tremadog, and was Lord of Tallybolian, in the beginning of the twelfth century. The paternal name was originally Williams, and the first baronet,

William Williams, esq., an eminent lawyer, recorder of Chester, and speaker of the house of

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commons, in the reign of Charles the Second; who was knighted by King James the Second, upon his nomination to the solicitor-generalship, and created a baronet, on the 6th of July, 1686. Sir William was appointed one of the king's council, after the Revolution, and terminated his political life by the introduction of the *Treating Act*, which passed into a law, and still continues as one of the safeguards to the purity of parliament. He *m.* Margaret, daughter and coheiress of Watkin Kiffin, esq., by whom he left two sons and a daughter. Sir William *d.* on the 11th of July, 1700, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* first, Jane, daughter and heiress of Edward Thelwall, esq., by Sidney, daughter and heiress of William Wynn, esq. son of Sir John Wynn, bart., of Gwedyr, by whom he left three sons, and several daughters. He *m.* secondly, Catharine, daughter of Mutton Davies, esq. of the county of Denbigh, by whom he had no child. He *d.* in 1740, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WATKIN, who inherited the seat of Winnstay, in the county of Denbigh, and the other estates of his great-great-grandfather, Sir John Wynn, already mentioned; and assumed, in consequence, the additional surname of Wynn. He *m.* first, Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Edward Vaughan, esq., by whom he has no surviving issue; and secondly, Frances, daughter of George Shakerley, esq. by whom he left two sons, and was succeeded, at his decease, in 1749, by the eldest,

SIR WATKIN. This gentleman *m.* first, on the 6th of April, 1769, Lady Henrietta Somerset, daughter of Charles, fourth Duke of Beaufort, who *d.* in a few months afterwards; and secondly, in 1771, Charlotte, daughter of the Right Hon. George Grenville, sister of the late Marquess of Buckingham, and aunt of the present duke, by whom he left issue Watkin, the present baronet; Charles-Watkin, *b.* 9th October, 1775, president of the board of control for the affairs of India; and Henry-Watkin, minister plenipotentiary to the Swiss Cantons; with two daughters, namely, Charlotte, the wife of Lieutenant-Colonel Shipley; and Henrietta-Elizabeth, of Thomas Cholmondeley, esq., of Vale Royal, in the county of Chester. Sir Watkin *d.* on the 20th July, 1789.

Town Residence—18, St. James's-square.

Country Seat—Wynnstay, near Wrexham, in the county of Denbigh.

YARBOROUGH, BARON, (Charles-Anderson Pelham,) of Yarborough, in the county of Lincoln; *b.* 8th August, 1781; *m.* in 1806, Henrietta-Anna-Maria-Charlotte, daughter of the Honorable John Bridgman Simpson, (second son of Henry, first Baron Bradford, and brother of the present Earl of Bradford,) by whom he has two sons; the elder, *b.* 13th April, 1809; and the younger, on the 20th April, 1812. Her ladyship, who was heiress to her maternal uncle, Sir Richard Worsley, baronet, *d.* on the 30th of July, 1813. Lord Yarborough succeeded to the barony at the decease of his father, in 1824.

Lineage.

This noble family is of Scottish descent, but immediately sprung from

SIR EDMUND ANDERSON, knt., lord chief-justice of the court of common pleas, in 1572. His lordship *m.* Magdalene, daughter of Nicholas Smith, esq., and left two sons, Francis and William. From the latter, the present Reverend Sir Charles-John Anderson, bart., of Boughton, in the county of Lincoln, is descended; and from the former,

SIR FRANCIS ANDERSON, knt., and his wife, Judith, daughter of Sir Stephen Soame, lord mayor of London, lineally sprang

CHARLES ANDERSON, esq., (eldest son of Francis Anderson, esq., of Manby, in the county of Lincoln, by Eleanor, daughter of Thomas Carter, esq., of Bossavern, in the county of Denbigh,) who assumed the surname and arms of Pelham, upon inheriting the estates of his great-uncle, (maternally,) Charles Pelham, esq., of Brocklesby, Lincolnshire. He *m.* in 1770, Sophia, only daughter and heiress of George Aufreze, esq., of Chelsea, by whom he had issue Charles, the present peer; George, an officer in the army; and five daughters, viz. Sophia, the wife of Dudley North, esq., of Glenham Hall, in the county of Suffolk; Caroline, who *m.* Robert-Cary Elwes, esq., and *d.* in 1812; Lucy, the wife of William Tennant, esq., of Aston Hall, who *d.* in 1818; Maria-Charlotte, the wife of Thomas Heneage, esq.; and Georgiana-Anne, of Bateman Dashwood, esq., of Well, Lincolnshire. Mr. Bateman-Pelham was elevated to the peerage on the 13th of August, 1794, by the title of Baron Yarborough, of Yarborough. His lordship *d.* in 1824.

Motto, in English,

The love of my country governs me.

Town Residence—17, Arlington-street.

Country Seats—Brocklesby, near Brigg, Lincolnshire; and Appuldercomb Park, in the Isle of Wight.

YEA, SIR WILLIAM-WALTER, baronet, of Pyrland, in the county of Somerset; *b.* 19th April, 1784; inherited the title at the demise of his grandfather, on the 25th November, 1806; *m.* in the previous June, Anne, daughter of David-Robert Michell, esq., of Dawlish, in the county of Dorset, by whom he has issue Lacy-Walter-Giles, *b.* 20th May, 1808; William-Walter-Raleigh, *b.* in 1814; with another son, and a daughter.

Lineage.

WILLIAM YEA, esq., only surviving son of David Yea, esq., of Brompton Ralph, in the county of Somerset, was created a baronet on the 11th of June, 1759. He *m.* Julia, eldest daughter of Sir George Trevelyan, bart., by whom he had four sons, viz. William-Walter, (who *m.* Jane, daughter of Francis Newman, esq., of Cadbury House, in the county of Somerset, and *d.* in 1804, leaving William-Walter,

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the present baronet, and other children;) Lacey, George, and Thomas. Sir William *d.* in 1806, and was succeeded by his grandson, above-mentioned.

Motto, in English,
Be ever faithful.

Country Seat—Pyrland, in the county of Somerset.

YORK, HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF, (Prince Frederick, second son of his late majesty, King George the Third, next brother of his majesty, King George the Fourth, and heir presumptive to the throne; *b.* 16th of August, 1763; created, on the 27th November, 1784, Duke of York and Albany, in Great Britain, and Earl of Ulster, in Ireland;) *m.* on the 29th of September, 1791, Frederica-Charlotte-Ulrica-Catharina, Princess Royal of Prussia, and sister of the present reigning sovereign of that kingdom, (*b.* 7th May, 1767,) who *d.* on the 6th August, 1820, without issue. His royal highness is a Knight of the Garter, and first Knight Grand Cross of the Bath; a field marshal; commander-in-chief of all his majesty's land forces in the United Kingdom; colonel of the first regiment of foot guards, and colonel-in-chief of the sixtieth regiment of foot; officiating grand master of the Order of the Bath; lord warden of Windsor Forest and Great Park; high steward of New Windsor, and warden and keeper of the New Forest, Hampshire; D.C.L. and F.R.S.

Town Residence—Cambridge House, South Audley-street.

Country Residence—Crescent, Bath.

YOUNG, SIR WILLIAM-LAURENCE, baronet, of the Island of Dominica, and of Marlow Park, in the county of Buckingham; *b.* 29th September, 1806; inherited the title at the demise of his father, 3rd November, 1824.

Lineage.

WILLIAM YOUNG, esq., Lieutenant-Governor of Dominica, was created a baronet on the 3rd of May, 1769. He *m.* first, Sarah, daughter of Sir John Fagg, bart., who *d.* without issue; and, secondly, in 1747, Elizabeth, only child of Brook Taylor, esq., by whom he had an only son, his successor at his decease,

SIR WILLIAM, *b.* in 1750. This gentleman *m.* first, in 1777, Sarah, daughter of Charles Laurence, esq., by whom he had issue William Laurence, his successor; with three other sons, and two daughters. He *m.* secondly, in 1792, Barbara, daughter of Richard Talbot, esq., of Malahide Castle, in Ireland, by whom he had no child. Sir William was governor of the Island of Tobago, and dying there, on the 10th of January, 1811, was succeeded by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM-LAURENCE, who married, in 1805, Louisa, second daughter of William Tuffnell, esq., of Langleys, in the county of Essex, by whom he left an only son, William-Laurence, the present baronet.

Motto,
Press through.

Country Seat—Marlow Park, Bucks.

YOUNG, SIR SAMUEL, baronet, of Formosa-place, in the county of Bucks; *b.* 23rd of February, 1764; *m.* Emily, daughter of Charles Baring, esq., of Exmouth, by whom he has issue George, *b.* 19th August, 1797, an officer in the royal navy; Charles-Baring, *b.* 7th November, 1801; Henry, *b.* 10th October, 1803; with three other sons, and two daughters.

This gentleman, the eldest son of Admiral Sir George Young, knt., by Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel Bradshaw, esq., of Marlow, in the county of Bucks, was created a baronet on the 27th of November, 1813.

Town Residence—78, Great Russell-street.

Country Seat—Formosa-place, Maidenhead, Bucks.

YOUNG, SIR WILLIAM, bart., of Bailieborough Castle, in the county of Cavan; *b.* in 1774; *m.* in 1806, Lucy, youngest daughter of Colonel Charles Frederick, by whom he has issue John, *b.* in 1807; and Thomas, in 1811.

This gentleman was created a baronet on the 27th July, 1821.

Motto, in English,
Prudence surpasseth strength.

Town Residence—24, Wimpole-street.

Country Seat—Bailieborough Castle, in the county of Cavan.

APPENDIX.

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Spiritual Lords.
Surnames of Peers and Peeresses, with Heirs Apparent or Presumptive.
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- Garter.
- Thistle.
- Bath.
- St. Patrick.
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Scale of Precedency (Male.)
——————— (Female.)
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SPIRITUAL LORDS.

Archbishops.

CANTERBURY, ARCHBISHOP OF, Right Hon. Charles Manners-Sutton, D. D., primate of all England, and metropolitan.

His grace is fourth son of Lord George Manners, (third son of John, third Duke of Rutland, great uncle of the present duke,) who assumed, upon inheriting the estates of his maternal grandfather, Robert, (Sutton,) Lord Lexington, at the demise of his elder brother, Lord Robert Manners-Sutton, (the first inheritor,) without issue, the surname and arms of Sutton. Doctor Manners-Sutton was consecrated Bishop of Norwich, in 1792, and translated to the archiepiscopal see of Canterbury, in 1805.

1831. W. Howley.

Town Residence—Lambeth Palace.

Country Seat—Addington Place, near Croydon, Surrey.

YORK, ARCHBISHOP OF, Right Hon. Edward Venables-Vernon, D. C. L., primate of England, and lord high almoner to the king, consecrated Bishop of Carlisle, in 1801, and translated to the archiepiscopal see of York, in 1807.

His grace is sixth son of George Vernon, who assumed the additional surname and arms of Venables, in 1728, and was created, in 1762, Baron Vernon, and uncle of the present Lord Vernon. 1831. E. Harcourt.

Residence—Bishop's Thorpe-Palace, near York.

Bishops.

BANGOR, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Henry-William Majendie, D.D., consecrated Bishop of Chester, in 1800, and translated to the present see, in 1809. C. Bethell. 31.

Residence—Bangor Palace, Carnarvon.

BATH AND WELLS, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Henry Law, D.D., consecrated Bishop of Chester, in 1812, and translated to the present see, in 1824.

His lordship is eighth son of the late Right Reverend Edmund Law, Bishop of Carlisle, from 1768 to 1787, brother of Edward, first Lord Ellenborough, and uncle of the present lord.

Residence—Wilton Palace, in the county of Somerset.

BRISTOL, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend John Kaye, D.D., F.R.S., consecrated in 1820.

Residence—Bristol Palace. R. Gray. 31.

CARLISLE, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Samuel Goodenough, D.D., consecrated in 1807. H. Percy

Residence—Rose Castle, Cumberland.

CHESTER, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Charles-James Blomfield, D. D., consecrated in 1824. J. Sumner 31.

Residence—Palace, Chester.

CHICHESTER, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Robert-James Carr, D.D., consecrated in 1824. Maltby 31.

Residence—Palace, Chichester.

DURHAM, BISHOP OF, Honorable and Right Reverend Shute Barrington, D. C. L., Count Palatine and custos rotulorum of the principality of Durham, consecrated Bishop of Llandaff in 1769, translated to Salisbury in 1782, and to the present see in 1791.

His lordship is sixth son of John-Shute, first Viscount Barrington, and uncle of the present viscount. Van Mildert. 31.

Residence—The Palace, Durham.

Country Seats—Auckland Castle, Durham; and Mongewell House, in the county of Oxford.

ELY, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Bowyer-Edward Sparke, D.D., F.R. and A. S., consecrated Bishop of Chester, in 1809, and translated to the present see, in 1812.

Residence—Palace, Ely.

Country Seat—Wisbeach Castle, Cambridge.

EXETER, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend William Carey, D. D., and a prebendary of Westminster, consecrated in 1820. Philpotts.

Residence—Palace, Exeter.

GLOUCESTER, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Christopher Bethel, D.D., consecrated in 1824. H. J. Monk.

Residence—Palace, Gloucester.

HEREFORD, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend George-Isaac Huntingford, D.D., F.R.S., and warden of Winchester college, consecrated Bishop of Gloucester, in 1802, and translated to Hereford, in 1815.

Residence—Palace, Hereford.

LICHFIELD AND COVENTRY, BISHOP OF, Honorable and Right Reverend Henry Ryder, D.D., and Dean of Wells, consecrated Bishop of Gloucester, in 1815, and translated to the present see, in 1824.

His lordship is youngest son of Nathaniel, (Ryder,) late Lord Harrowby, and brother of the present Earl of Harrowby.

Residence—Palace, Lichfield.

LLANDAFF, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend William Van Mildert, D. D., and Dean of St. Paul's, consecrated in 1819. Copleston.

Town Residence—Deanery, St. Paul's.

Country Seat—Coldbrook Park, Abergavenny.

LINCOLN, BISHOP OF, Honorable and Right Reverend George Pelham, D.C.L., a canon residentiary of Chichester, and clerk of the closet to the king, consecrated Bishop of Bristol, in 1803, translated to Exeter, in 1807, and to the present see, in 1820. J. Kaye.

His lordship is youngest son of Thomas, (Pelham,) late Earl of Chichester, and brother of the present earl.

Residence—Buckden Palace, Hampshire.

LONDON, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend William Howley, D.D., F.R. and A.S., Dean of the Chapel Royal, and provincial Dean of Canterbury; consecrated in 1813. Blomfield.

Residence—Fulham House, Middlesex.

NORWICH, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Henry Bathurst, D.C.L., F.S.A., consecrated in 1805.

His lordship is son of the late Benjamin Bathurst, esq., of Lidney, in the county of Gloucester, (by Catharine, daughter of the Reverend Laurence Broderick, D.D.,) nephew of Allen, first Earl Bathurst, and cousin of the present earl.

Residence—Palace, Norwich.

OXFORD, BISHOP OF, Honorable and Right Reverend Henry Legge, D.C.L., consecrated in 1815. A. Bagot

His lordship is seventh son of William, (Legge,) second Earl of Dartmouth, and uncle of William, present earl.

Residence—Cuddesden Palace, near Oxford.

PETERBOROUGH, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Herbert Marsh, D.D., F.R., and A.S., Lady Margaret's Professor of Divinity at Cambridge, consecrated Bishop of Llandaff, in 1816, and translated to the present see, in 1819.

Residence—Palace, Peterborough.

ROCHESTER, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Walker King, D.D., provincial chaplain to his Grace, the Archbishop of Canterbury, canon of Wells, and prebendary of Peterborough, consecrated in 1808. G. Murray

Residence—Bromley Palace, Kent.

ST. ASAPH, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend John Luxmore, D.D., and archdeacon of the same place, consecrated Bishop of Bristol, in 1807, translated to Hereford, in 1808, and to the present see, in 1815. W. Carey

Residence—Palace, St. Asaph.

ST. DAVID'S, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend John-Banks Jenkinson, D.D., consecrated in 1825.

His lordship is son of the late Colonel John Jenkinson, nephew of Charles, first Earl of Liverpool, and cousin of the present earl.

Residence—Aberguilly Palace, Carmarthenshire.

SALISBURY, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Thomas Burgess, D.D., Chancellor of the Order of the Garter, and prebendary of Durham, consecrated Bishop of St. David's, in 1803, and translated to the present see, in 1825.

Places of Residence—Salisbury Palace, Wilts; and Salisbury Tower, Windsor Castle.

WINCHESTER, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend George Tomline, D.D., prelate of the Order of the Garter, and provincial sub-dean of Canterbury, consecrated Bishop of Lincoln, in 1787, and translated to the present see, in 1820.

Residence—Palace, Winchester. C. R. Sumner.

Country Seat—Farnham Castle, Surrey.

WORCESTER, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Folliott-Herbert-Walker Cornwall, D.D., consecrated Bishop of Bristol, in 1797, translated to Hereford, in 1803, and to the present see, in 1808. R. J. Carr.

Residence—Palace, Worcester.

Country Seat—Hartlebury Castle, in the county of Worcester.

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PRELATES OF IRELAND.

The Irish Prelates are Peers of Parliament alternately, four in each Session.

Archbishops.

ARMAGH, ARCHBISHOP OF, Right Honorable Lord John-George De la Poer Beresford, D.D. primate of all Ireland; prelate of the illustrious Order of St. Patrick; consecrated Bishop of Cork, in 1806; translated to Raphoe, in 1807; to Dublin, in 1820; and to the primacy, in 1822.

His grace is brother to the present Marquess of Waterford.

Residence—Palace, Armagh.

CASHEL, ARCHBISHOP OF, Right Honorable Richard Laurence, D.D., Bishop of Emly, and primate of Munster; consecrated in 1822.

Residence—Palace, Cashel.

DUBLIN, ARCHBISHOP OF, Right Honorable William Magee, D.D., and Bishop of Glandelagh; primate of Ireland; and chancellor of the illustrious Order of St. Patrick; consecrated Bishop of Raphoe, in 1819; and translated to the metropolitan archiepiscopal see, in 1822.

His grace is one of the spiritual peers of parliament (by rotation) for the ensuing session (1826.)

Town Residence—Stephen's Green, Dublin.

Country Seat—Tallagh Castle.

TUAM, ARCHBISHOP OF, Right Honorable Power le Poer French, D.D., Bishop of Ardagh, and primate of Connaught; consecrated Bishop of Waterford, in 1802; translated to Elphin, 1810; and to the present archiepiscopal see, in 1819.

His grace is brother of the Earl of Clancarty.

Residence—Palace, Tuam.

Bishops.

CLOGHER, BISHOP OF, Right Honorable and Right Reverend Lord Robert-Ponsonby Tottenham, D.D.; consecrated Bishop of Killaloe, in 1804; translated to Leighton and Ferns, in 1820; and to the present see, in 1822.

His lordship is second son of Charles, first Marquess of Ely, and brother of the present marquess.

Residence—Clogher Palace, Tyrone.

CLONFERT AND KILMACDUAH, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Christopher Butson, D.D.; consecrated in 1804.

Residence—Clonfert House, Galway.

CLOYNE, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Charles Warburton, D.D.; consecrated Bishop of Limerick, &c. in 1806; and translated to the present see, in 1820. John Brinkley

His lordship is one of the spiritual peers of parliament for the ensuing session (1826.)

Residence—Cloyne Palace, Cork.

CORK AND ROSS, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Thomas St. Lawrence, D.D.; consecrated in 1807.

His lordship is second son of Thomas, first earl of Howth, and uncle of the present earl. He is one of the spiritual peers of parliament for the ensuing session (1826.)

Residence—Palace, Cork.

DERRY, BISHOP OF, Honorable and Right Reverend William Knox, D.D.; consecrated in 1807.

His lordship is fourth son of Thomas, first Viscount Northland, and brother of the present viscount.

Residence—Down House, Londonderry.

DOWN AND CONNOR, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Richard Mant, D.D.; consecrated Bishop of Killaloe, in 1820; translated to the present see, in 1823.

Residence—Knocknagoney, Belfast.

DROMORE, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend James Saurin, D.D.; consecrated in 1820.

Residence—Dromore Mouse, county of Down.

ELPHIN, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend John Leslie, D.D.; consecrated Bishop of Dromore, in 1812; and translated to the present see, in 1820.

Residence—Elphin House, county of Roscommon.

KILDARE, BISHOP OF, Honorable and Right Reverend Charles Dalrymple Lindsay, D.D.; consecrated Bishop of Killaloe, in 1803; and translated to the present see, in 1804.

His lordship is fifth son of John, fifth Earl of Balcarras, and uncle of the present earl.

KILLALA AND ACHONRY, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend James Verschoyle, D.D.; consecrated in 1810.

Residence—Killala House, Killala.

KILLALOE AND KILFANORA, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Alexander Arbuthnot, D.D.; consecrated in 1823.

Residence—Palace, Killaloe, in the co. of Clare.

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KILMORE, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend George de la Poer Beresford, D.D.; consecrated in 1802.

His lordship is second son of the late Right Honorable John Beresford, first commissioner of the revenue in Ireland; nephew of Sir John Beresford, first Earl of Tyrone; and cousin of the present Marquess of Waterford, and of his Grace the Archbishop of Armagh.

Residence—Kilmore House, in the co. of Cavan.

LEIGHLIN AND FERNS, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Thomas Elrington, D.D.; consecrated Bishop of Limerick, in 1820; and translated to the present see, in 1822.

His lordship is one of the spiritual peers of parliament for the ensuing session (1826).

Residence—Palace, Ferns.

LIMERICK, ARDFERT, AND AGHADOE, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend John Jebb, D.D.; consecrated in 1822.

Residence—Palace, Limerick.

MEATH, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Nathaniel Alexander, D.D.; consecrated Bishop of Clonfert, in 1801; translated to Down and Connor, in 1804; and to the present see, in 1823.

His lordship is son of Robert Alexander, esq.; nephew of James (Alexander), first Earl of Caledon; and first-cousin of Dupré, present earl.

Residence—Ardbraccon House, in the county of Meath.

OSSORY, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Robert Fowler, D.D.; consecrated in 1813.

Residence—Palace, Kilkenny.

RAPHOE, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend William Bissett, D.D.; dean of the vice regal chapel; consecrated in 1822.

Residence—Palace, Raphoe, county of Donegal.

WATERFORD & LISMORE, BISHOP OF, Honorable and Right Reverend Richard Bourke, D.D.; consecrated in 1813.

His lordship is second son of Joseph-Deane, late Earl of Mayo; and brother and presumptive heir to the present earl.

Residence—Palace, Waterford.

PRELATES,

NOT PEERS OF PARLIAMENT.

BARBADOES AND LEEWARD ISLANDS, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend William-Hart Coleridge, D.D.; consecrated in 1824.

CALCUTTA, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Reginald Heber, D.D.; consecrated in 1824.

JAMAICA, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend Christopher Lipscombe; consecrated in 1824.

NOVA SCOTIA, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend John Inglis, D.D.; consecrated in 1821.

QUEBEC, BISHOP OF, Right Rev.

SODOR AND MANN, BISHOP OF, Right Reverend George Murray; consecrated in 1813.

His lordship is second son of the late Right Honorable and Right Reverend Lord George Murray, D.D., Bishop of St. David's (son of John, third Duke of Atholl;) and nephew of the present Duke of Atholl.

Residence—Bishop's Court, Isle of Mann.

*** The bishopric of Sodor and Mann is in the gift of his grace of Atholl.

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SURNAMES

OF THE

PEERS AND PEERESSES OF THE UNITED KINGDOM,

Alphabetically Arranged,

WITH THE HEIRS, APPARENT OR PRESUMPTIVE, TO EACH TITLE.

A. denotes Aunt. B. Brother. C. Cousin. G. Grandson. N. Nephew. S. Sister. U. Uncle.

Surname.	*Title.*	*Heir Apparent.*	*Heir Presumptive.*
Abbot	Baron Colchester	Hon. C. Abbot	
Abercromby	Baron Abercromby	Hon. G. Abercrombie	
Acheson	Earl Gosford	Archibald, Lord Acheson	
Addington	Viscount Sidmouth	Hon. W. L. Addington	
Agar	Earl of Normanton	Viscount Somerton	
Alexander	Earl of Caledon	Viscount Alexander	
Allen	Viscount Allen	None	None.
Amherst	Baron Amherst	Hon. Jeffrey Amherst	
Annesley	Earl Annesley	None	Maj.-Gen. A. Annesley, B.
Annesley	Earl of Mountnorris	Viscount Valentia	
Anson	Viscount Anson	None	Hon. George Anson, B.
Arbuthnot	Viscount Arbuthnot	Hon. John Arbuthnot	
Arden	Baron Alvanley	None	Hon. R.-Pepper Arden, B.
Arundel (Monckton)	Viscount Galway	Hon. G.-E. Arundel	
Arundel	Baron Arundel	None	Hon. H.-B. Arundel, B.
Ashburnham	Earl of Ashburnham	Viscount St. Asaph	
Aston	Baron Aston	None	Hon. F.-W. Aylmer, B.
Aylmer	Baron Aylmer	None	
Bagot	Baron Bagot	Hon. William Bagot	
Barnewall	Viscount Kingsland	Hon. John Barnewall	
Barnewall	Baron Trimleston	Hon. Thomas Barnewall	
Barrington	Viscount Barrington	Hon. W.-K. Barrington	
Barry (Maxwell)	Baron Farnham	None	Rev. H.-Maxwell Barry, B.
Basset	Baron De Dunstaville and Baron Basset	None to the barony of De Dunstaville. None to the barony of Basset	None to the barony of De Dunstaville. Hon. Frances Basset, his lordship's only daughter, to the barony of Basset.
Bathurst	Baron Bathurst	Lord Apsley	
Beauclerk	Duke of St. Alban's	None	LordF.-C.-P. Beauclerk, B.
Bennet	Earl of Tankerville	Lord Ossulston	
Bentinck (Scott)	Duke of Portland	Marquess of Titchfield	
Beresford	Marquess of Waterford	Earl of Tyrone	
Beresford	Viscount Beresford	None	None.
Beresford	Baron Decies	Hon. W.-R.-J. Beresford	
Berkeley	Earl Berkeley	Dormant	Dormant.
Bernard	Earl of Bandon	Viscount Bernard	

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Surname.	*Title.*	*Heir Apparent.*	*Heir Presumptive.*
Bertie	Earl of Lindsey	None	Hon. Montagu Bertie, B.
Bertie	Earl of Abingdon	Lord Norreys	
Bingham	Earl of Lucan	Lord Bingham	
Bingham	Baron Clanmorris	None	None.
Bishopp	Baron De la Zouche	None	The baron's daughters; upon whose accession to the estates of his lordship, the barony will fall into abeyance.
Blackwood	Baron Dufferin and Claneboye	None	Hon. & Rev. John Blackwood, B.
Blake	Baron Walscourt	None	John Blake, esq., C.
Blaquiere	Baron De Blacquiere	None	Maj.-Gen. Hon. W.-Blaquiere, B.
Blayney	Baron Blayney	Hon. C.-W.-D. Blaney	
Bligh	Earl of Darnley	Lord Clifton	
Boscawen	Earl of Falmouth	Lord Boscawen	
Bourke	Earl of Mayo	None	Hon. & Rt. Rev. Richard Bourke, Lord Bishop of Waterford & Lismore, B.
Bouverie	Earl of Radnor	Viscount Folkeston	
Bowes	Earl of Strathmore	Viscount Lyon	
Boyle	Earl of Cork and Orrery	Viscount Dungarvan	
Boyle	Earl Shannon	Viscount Boyle	
Boyle	Earl of Glasgow	Viscount Kilburne	
Brabazon	Earl of Meath	Lord Ardee	
Brand	Baron Dacre	None	Major-General Brand, B.
Bridgman	Earl of Bradford	Viscount Newport	
Brodrick	Baron Brodrick	Hon. G.-Alan Brodrick	
Brodrick	Viscount Middleton	Same as above	
Bromley	Baron Montfort	None	None.
Browne	Marquess of Sligo	Earl of Altamont	
Browne	Earl of Kenmare	None	Hon. Thomas Browne, B.
Browne	Baron Kilmaine	Hon. J.-Cavendish Browne	
Bruce (Brudenell)	Marquess of Aylesbury	Earl Bruce	
Bruce	Earl of Elgin	Lord Bruce	
Brudenell	Earl of Cardigan	Lord Brudenell	
Burrell	Baroness Willoughby de Eresby	Baron Gwydir	
Burrel (Drummond)	Baron Gwydyr	None	Hon. Lindsey - Merrick Burrell, B.
Bury	Earl of Charleville	Lord Tullamore	
Butler	Marquess of Ormond and Ossory	Lord Thurles	
Butler	Earl of Carrick	None	Hon. H.-Edw. Butler, B.
Butler	Earl of Lanesborough	None	Geo.-J. Danvers, esq., C.
Butler	Earl of Kilkenny and Viscount Mountgarret	None	Hon. Somerset - Richard Butler, to the viscounty of Mountgarret, B.
Butler	Earl of Glengall	None	None.
Byng	Viscount Torrington	Hon. George Byng	
Byron	Baron Byron	Hon. George-Anson Byron	
Cadogan	Earl of Cadogan	None	Hon. Capt. George-Sloane Cadogan, R.N., B.
Calthorpe	Baron Calthorpe	None	Hon. Frederick - Gough Calthorpe, B.
Campbell	Duke of Argyll	None	Lord John-Douglas-Edw.-Henry Campbell, B.
Campbell	Earl of Breadalbane	Lord Glenorchy	

Surname.	*Title.*	*Heir Apparent.*	*Heir Presumptive.*
Campbell	Countess De Grey	None	Mary-Jemima, Dowager Baroness of Grantham, S.
Campbell	Baron Cawdor	None	Hon. Capt. George-Pryce Campbell, R.N., B.
Campbell	Countess Loudoun	Earl of Rawdon	
Canning	Baron Garvagh	None	None.
Carey	Viscount Falkland	None	Hon. —— Carey, B.
Carleton	Baron Dorchester	None	Guy Carleton, esq. C.
Carleton	Viscount Carleton	None	None.
Carnegie	Earl of Northesk	Lord Rosehill	
Carpenter	Earl of Tyrconnell	None	None.
Catheart	Earl Catheart	Lord Greenock	
Carteret	Baron Carteret	None	Lord George Thynne, N.
Carr (Hay)	Earl of Errol	Lord Hay	
Caulfield	Earl of Charlemont	Viscount Caulfield	
Cavendish	Duke of Devonshire	None	Lord George-Augustus-Henry Cavendish, U.
Cavendish	Baron Waterpark	Hon. Henry Cavendish	
Cecil (Gascoigne)	Marquess of Salisbury	Viscount Cranbourne	
Cecil	Marquess of Exeter	None	Lord Thomas Cecil, B.
Chetwynd	Viscount Chetwynd	Hon. —— Chetwynd	
Chichester	Marquess of Donegal	Earl of Belfast	
Chichester	Baron Fisherwick	Earl of Belfast	
Cholmondeley	Marquess Cholmondeley	Earl of Rocksavage	
Cholmondeley	Baron Newburgh	None	
Churchill (Spencer)	Duke of Marlborough	Marquess of Blandford	
Clements	Earl of Leitrim	Lord Clements	
Clifford	Baron De Clifford	None	The heirs of his lordship's deceased sisters, viz. G. Coussmaker, esq. the two daughters of the first wife of the present Lord Sydney, and Viscount Bury, son and heir of the first wife of the present Earl of Albemarle. If Lord De Clifford die without an heir apparent, the barony will fall into abeyance amongst those heirs presumptive.
Clifford	Baron Clifford	Hon. Hugh-C. Clifford	
Clinton (Fiennes Pelham)	Duke of Newcastle	Earl of Lincoln	
Clive	Earl Powis	Viscount Clive	
Cochrane	Earl of Dundonald	Lord Cochrane	
Cocks	Earl of Somers	Viscount Eastnor	
Cole	Earl of Enniskillen	Lord Mountflorence	
Colville	Baron Colville	None	Hon. Lieut.-Gen. Sir Chas. Colville, B.
Colyear	Earl of Portmore	None	Hon. Lieut.-Col. William Colyear, B.
Compton	Marquess of Northampton	Earl Compton	
Coningsby (Capel)	Earl of Essex	None	Horatio Capel, esq. N.
Conway	Marquess of Hertford	Earl of Yarmouth	
Conyngham	Marquess Conyngham	Earl of Mountcharles	
Cooper	Earl of Shaftesbury	Lord Ashley	
Coote	Baron of Castle Coote	None	None.
Corry (Lowry)	Earl of Belmore	Viscount Corry	
Coventry	Earl of Coventry	Viscount Deerhurst	
Courtenay	Viscount Courtenay	None	None.

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Surname.	*Title.*	*Heir Apparent.*	*Heir Presumptive.*
Cowper	Earl Cowper	Viscount Fordwich	
Cradock	Baron Howden	Hon. John-Hobart Cradock	
Cranstoun	Baron Cranstoun	None	None.
Craven	Earl Craven	None	Hon. Major Hen.-Augustus Berkeley Craven, to the barony of Craven, U.
Creighton	Earl Erne	Lord Creighton	
Crewe	Baron Crewe	Hon. John Crewe	
Crighton	Earl of Dumfries	None	Patrick - James - Herbert Crichton Stuart, B.
Crosbie	Baron Branden	None	None.
Cuffe	Earl of Desart	None	John-Otway Cuffe, esq. C. to the barony of Desart only.
Curzon (Roper)	Baron Teynham	Hon. Henry-Roper Curzon	
Curzon	Baron Scarsdale	Hon. Nathaniel Curzon	
Cust	Earl Brownlow	Viscount Alford	
Dalrymple	Earl of Stair	None	Sir John Dalrymple, to the viscounty of Stair.
Dawnay (Burton)	Baron Dawnay and Viscount Downe	None	None to the English barony of Dawney; Hon. Wm-Hen.-Burton Dawney, to the Irish viscounty of Down, B.
Dawson	Earl of Portarlington	None	Hon. Capt. W.-H. Dawson, R.N. B.
Dawson	Baron Cremorne	Hon. —— Dawson	
Deane	Baron Muskerry	None	None.
De Burgh	Marquess of Clanricarde	None	Hester-Catherine Marchioness of Sligo, to the earldom created in 1800, S.
De Courcey	Baron Kingsale	None	Hon. Lieut.-Col. Gerald De Courcy, B.
De Grey	Baron Walsingham	None	The Hon. and Rev. Thos. De Grey, B.
De Montmorency	Viscount Frankfort de Montmorency	None	None.
De Montmorency	Viscount Mountmorres	Hon. Hervey de Montmorency	
De Ros	Baroness de Ros	Hon. Hen.-Wm. De Ros	
Devereaux	Viscount Hereford	Hon. Henry - Cornewall Devereux	
Digby	Earl Digby	None	Hon. & Rev. R. Digby, B.
Dillon	Baron Clonbrock	Hon. Robert Dillon	
Dillon	Earl of Roscommon	Dormant	
Dormer	Baron Dormer	None	
Douglas (Scott)	Duke of Buccleugh	None	Lord J.-Scott Douglas, B.
Douglas (Charteris)	Earl of Wemyss	Lord Elcho	
Douglas	Marquess of Queensberry	None	John Douglas, esq. B.
Douglas	Earl of Morton	None	Sholto Douglas, esq. C.
Douglas	Earl of Selkirk	None	None.
Douglas	Baron Douglas	None	None.
Drummond	Earl of Kinnoul	None	The Rev. Dr. Ed.-Auriol-Hay Drummond, U.
Drummond	Viscount Strathallan	Hon. Wm.-H. Drummond	
Duff	Earl of Fife	None	Hon. Lieut.-Gen. Alexander Duff, B.
Dundas, Saunders	Viscount Melville	Hon. H.-Saunders Dundas	
Dundas	Baron Dundas	Hon. Thomas Dundas	

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Surname.	*Title.*	*Heir Apparent.*	*Heir Presumptive.*
Dutton	Baron Sherborne	Hon. —— Dutton	
Eden	Baron Auckland	None	Hon. & Rev. W. Eden, B.
Eden	Baron Henley	Hon. Rob.-Henley Eden	
Edgecumbe	Earl Mount Edgecumbe	Viscount Valletort	
Edwards	Baron Kensington	Hon. Ed.-Hen. Edwards	
Egerton	Earl of Bridgewater	None	None.
Egerton	Earl of Wilton	None	Hon. Rob. Grosvenor, B.
Ellis (Agar)	Viscount Clifden	Hon. Geo.-James-Welbore Agar-Ellis	
Ellis (Agar)	Earl Normanton	Viscount Somerton	
Ellis	Baron Howard de Walden	None	None.
Eliot	Earl St. Germains	Lord Eliot	
Elphinstone	Baron Elphinstone	None	Hon. Vice-Ad. C.-Elphinstone Fleming, U.
Erskine	Earl of Marr	Hon. John-Thos. Erskine	
Erskine	Earl of Buchan	None	H.-David Erskine, esq.N.
Erskine	Earl of Kellie	None	Methven-Kellie Erskine, esq. B.
Erskine	Baron Rosslyn	Lord Loughborough	
Erskine	Baron Erskine	Hon. Thomas Erskine	
Eyre	Earl of Newburgh	Viscount Kinnaird	
Fairfax	Baron Fairfax	Hon. —— Fairfax	
Falconer	Earl of Kintore	Lord Inverrury	
Fane	Earl of Westmoreland	Lord Burghersh	
Fermor	Earl Pomfret	None	Hon. Major-Gen. T.-Wm. Fermor, B.
Fielding	Earl of Denbigh	Viscount Fielding	
Finch	Earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham	None	G. W. Finch-Hatton, esq. great-grandson of the sixth Earl Winchelsea
Finch	Earl of Aylesford	Lord Guernsey	
Fitzgerald	Duke of Leinster	Marquess of Kildare	
Fitzgibbon	Earl of Clare	None	Hon. Col. Richard-Hobart Fitzgibbon, B.
Fitzherbert	Baron St. Helens	None	None.
Fitzroy	Duke of Grafton	Earl of Euston	
Fitzroy	Baron Southampton	None	Hon. Henry Fitzroy, B.
Fitzwilliam (Wentworth)	Earl Fitzwilliam	Viscount Milton	
Fitzwilliam	Viscount Fitzwilliam	None	None.
Flower	Viscount Ashbrook	Hon. Henry Flower	
Foley	Baron Foley	Hon. Thomas Foley	
Forbes	Earl of Granard	Viscount Forbes	
Forbes	Baron Forbes	Hon. James Forbes	
Forrester	Baron Forrester	Hon. J.-G.-Weld Forrester	
Fortescue	Earl Fortescue	Viscount Ebrington	
Fortescue	Viscount Clermont	None	None.
Foster	Baron Oriel	Hon. Thos.-Hen. Foster, (Viscount Ferrard, in Ireland)	
Fox (Vassal)	Baron Holland	Hon. C.-Stephen Fox	
Fraser	Baron Saltoun	None	Hon. Wm. Fraser, B.
Freke	Baron Carberry	None	Hon. G.-Evans Freke, B.
French	Baron French	None	Hon. Thos. Ffrench, B.
Gage	Baron Gage	Hon. Henry Gage	
Gambier	Baron Gambier	None	None.
Gardiner	Earl of Blessington	Viscount Mountjoy	
Gardner	Baron Gardner	None	
Germain (Sackville)	Duke of Dorset	None	Hon.G.Sackv.Germain,B.

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Surname.	*Title.*	*Heir Apparent.*	*Heir Presumptive.*
Ginkell	Earl of Athlone	None	Hon. —— de Reede Ginkell, B.
Gordon	Duke of Gordon	Marquess of Huntley	
Gordon	Earl of Aboyne	Lord Strathhaven	
Gordon	Earl of Aberdeen	Viscount Formartine	
Gordon	Viscount Kenmure	Lord Lochinvar	
Gordon	Baron Gordon	None	None.
Gore	Earl of Arran	None	Hon. Col. W.-J. Gore, B.
Gower	Marquess of Stafford	Earl Gower	
Gower	Countess Sutherland	Earl Gower	
Gower	Viscount Granville	Hon. Granville-G. Gower	
Graham	Duke of Montrose	Marquess of Graham	
Graham	Baron Lynedoch	None	None.
Graves	Baron Graves	Hon. Wm.-Thos. Graves	
Gray	Baron Gray	Hon. John Gray	
Grenville (Temple - Nugent-Bridges Chandos)	Duke of Buckingham and Chandos	Marquess of Chandos	None.
Grenville	Baron Grenville	None	None.
Grenville	Baron Glastonbury	None	
Greville	Earl of Brooke & Warwick	Lord Brooke	
Greville	Countess Mansfield	Earl Mansfield	
Grey	Earl of Stamford	Lord Grey	
Grey	Earl Grey	Viscount Howick	
Griffin (Aldworth Neville)	Baron Braybrooke	Hon. R.-Neville Griffin	
Grimston	Earl Verulam	Viscount Grimston	
Grosvenor	Earl of Grosvenor	Viscount Belgrave	
Haldane-Duncan	Viscount Duncan	Hon. A.-Duncan-Haldane	
Hamilton	Duke of Brandon	Earl of Angus and Arran	
Hamilton	Marquess of Abercorn	None	Claude Hamilton, esq. B.
Hamilton	Duke of Hamilton	Earl of Angus and Arran	
Hamilton	Earl of Haddington	Lord Binning	
Hamilton	Baron Belhaven	None	Hon. Wm. Hamilton, B.
Hampden (Hobart)	Earl of Buckinghamshire	None	Hon. Augustus-Edw. Hobart, B.
Handcock	Viscount Castlemain	None	Richard Hancock, esq. B.
Harbord	Baron Suffield	Hon. —— Harbord	
Harcourt	Earl of Harcourt	None	None.
Hare	Earl Listowell	Viscount Ennismore	
Harley	Earl of Oxford	Lord Harley	
Harris	Earl of Malmesbury	Viscount Fitz Harris	
Harris	Baron Harris	Hon. Wm.-Geo. Harris	
Hastings	Marquess of Hastings	Earl of Rawdon	
Hastings	Earl of Huntingdon	Lord Hastings	
Hawke (Harvey)	Baron Hawke	None	Hon. Stanhope Hawke, B.
Hay	Marquess Tweedale	Earl of Gifford	
Herbert	Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery	Lord Herbert	
Herbert	Earl of Carnarvon	Lord Porchester	
Hervey	Earl of Bristol	Lord Hervey	
Hill	Marquess of Downshire	Earl of Hillsborough	
Hill	Baron Berwick	None	Hon. Wm. Hill, B.
Hill	Baroness Sandys	Lord Arthur-Moyses-Wm. Hill	
Hill	Baron Hill	None	Sir Rowland Hill, bart. N.
Holroyd	Earl of Sheffield	None	None.
Home	Earl Home	Lord Dunglas	
Hood	Viscount Hood	F.-Grosvenor Hood, esq. G.	
Hood	Baron Bridport	Hon. Alex.-Nelson Hood	
Hope	Earl of Hopetoun	None	Hon. James Hope, B.
Hotham	Baron Hotham	None	G.-Fred. Hotham, esq. B.

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Surname.	*Title.*	*Heir Apparent.*	*Heir Presumptive.*
Howard	Duke of Norfolk	Earl of Surrey	
Howard	Earl of Suffolk and Berkshire	Viscount Andover	
Howard	Earl of Carlisle	Viscount Morpeth	
Howard	Baron Wicklow	None	Hon. Francis Howard, B.
Howard	Baron Howard of Effingham	Hon. Henry Howard	
Howe (Curzon)	Earl Howe	Viscount Curzon	
Hutchinson	Earl of Donoughmore	None	Hon. Francis-Hely Hutchinson, B.
Hutchinson	Viscount Hutchinson	None	Hon. Francis-Hely Hutchinson, B.
Hutchinson	Baron Hutchinson	None	None
Irby	Baron Boston	Hon. George Irby	
Jenkinson	Earl of Liverpool	None	Hon. Charles-Cecil-Cope Jenkinson, Half-B.
Jervis	Viscount St. Vincent	Hon. Wm.-Jervis Jervis	
Jocelyn	Earl Roden	Viscount Jocelyn	
Jones	Viscount Ranelagh	None	Hon. Benjamin Jones, U.
Kennedy	Earl Cassilis	Lord Kennedy	
Kenyon	Baron Kenyon	Hon. Lloyd Kenyon	
Keppel	Earl of Albemarle	Viscount Bury	
Kerr	Duke of Roxburgh	None	
Kerr	Marquess of Lothian	None	Lord Schomberg-Robert Kerr, B.
King	Earl of Kingston	Viscount Kingsborough	
King	Baron King	Hon. —— King	
King	Viscount Lorton	Hon. Robert King	
Kinnaird	Baron Kinnaird	Hon. George-William-Fox Kinnaird	
Knox	Viscount Northland	Hon. Thomas Knox	
Kynynmound (Murray-Elliot)	Earl Minto	Viscount Melgund	
Lake	Viscount Lake	None	Hon. Warwick Lake, B.
Lambe	Viscount Melbourne	Hon. William Lamb	
Lambart	Earl Cavan	Viscount Kilcoursie	
Lascelles	Earl Harewood	Viscount Lascelles	
Law	Baron Ellenborough	None	Hon. C.-Ewan Law, B.
Lawless	Baron Cloncurry	Hon. Edward Lawless	
Lee (Dillon)	Viscount Dillon	Hon. ——— Dillon	
Leeson	Earl of Miltown		Hon. Henry-Talbot Leeson, B.
Legge	Earl of Dartmouth	None	Hon. Heneage Legge, B.
Lennox	Duke of Richmond	Earl of March and Darnley	
Lennox	Duke of Lennox	Earl of March and Darnley	
Leslie	Earl Leven and Melville	None	Hon. John-Thornton Leslie, B.
Leslie	Earl of Rothes	None	Hon. Thomas Leslie, B.
Liddell	Baron Ravensworth	Hon. Hen.-Th. Liddell	
Lindsay	Earl of Balcarras	Lord Lindsay	
Lister	Baron Ribblesdale	Hon. Thomas Lister	
Loftus	Marquess of Ely	Viscount Loftus	
Ludlow	Earl of Ludlow	None	None
Lysaght	Baron Lisle	None	Hon. George Lysaght
Lyttelton	Baron Lyttelton	None	Hon. W.-H. Littelton, B.
Macdonald	Baron Macdonald	Hon. Jas.-W. Macdonald	

Surname.	*Title.*	*Heir Apparent.*	*Heir Presumptive.*
Macdonnel	Countess of Antrim	None	Lady Charlotte Kerr, S.
Mackay	Baron Reay	None	Hon. Alex. Mackay, B.
M'Clellan	Baron Kircudbright	None	Hon. Camden-Grey M'Clellan, B.
Mahon	Baron Hartland	None	Hon. Lieut.-Gen. Stephen Mahon
Maitland	Earl Lauderdale	Viscount Maitland	
Major (Henniker)	Baron Henniker	Hon. J.-Henniker Major	
Manners	Duke of Rutland	Marquess of Granby	
Mann	Earl Cornwallis	Viscount Brome	
Marsham	Earl of Romney	Viscount Marsham	
Massy	Baron Massy	None	Hon. Geo.-W. Massey, B.
Massy	Baron Clarina	None	Hon. Nathan-Hen.-Charles Massey, B.
Mathew	Earl of Landaff	None	Hon. George Matthew, B.
Maude	Viscount Hawarden	Hon. —— Maude	
Maynard	Viscount Maynard	None	None
Meade	Earl Clanwilliam	None	Hon. Major-General Robert Meade, U.
Mitford	Baron Redesdale	Hon. John-Thomas-Freeman Mitford	
Molesworth	Viscount Molesworth	None	—— Molesworth, esq. B.
Molyneaux	Earl Sefton	Viscount Molyneux	
Monck	Earl of Rathdown	Viscount Monk	
Monson	Baron Monson	None	W. J.-Monson, esq. C.
Montagu	Duke of Manchester	Viscount Mandeville	
Montagu	Earl of Sandwich	None	
Montgomerie	Earl Eglinton	None	
Moore	Marquess of Drogheda	None	Lord Henry-Seymour Moore, B.
Moore	Earl of Mountcashell	None	Hon. Robert Moore. B.
Moreton	Baron Ducie	Hon. H.-G.-F. Moreton	
Mullins	Baron Ventry	Hon. Thomas Mullins	
Murray	Duke of Atholl	Marquess of Tullibardin	
Murray	Earl of Dunmore	Viscount Fincastle	
Murray	Earl of Mansfield	Lord Murray	
Murray	Baron Elibank	Hon. Alexander Murray	
Murray	Baron Glenlyon	Hon. George-Augustus-Frederick Murray	
Nairne	Baron Nairne	Hon. William Nairne	
Napier	Baron Napier	Hon. Wm.-J. Napier	
Nassau	Earl of Rochford	None	George-Richard Savage Nassau, esq. B.
Needham	Earl of Kilmorey	Vis. Newry and Morne	
Nelson	Earl Nelson	None	Thomas Bolton, esq. son of his lordship's sister, Susannah, wife of Tho. Bolton, esq.
Netterville	Viscount Netterville	None	None
Neville	Earl of Abergavenny	Viscount Neville	
Noel	Baron Barham	Hon. —— Noel	
North	Earl of Guildford	None	None
Norton	Baron Grantly	None	George Norton, esq., B.
Nugent	Marquess of Westmeath	None	Hon. Robert-Seymour Nugent, to the earldom and barony only, B.
O'Bryen	Countess Orkney	Viscount Kirkwall	

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Surname.	*Title.*	*Heir Apparent.*	*Heir Presumptive.*
O'Bryen	Marquess of Thomond	None	Lord James O'Bryen
O'Callaghan	Viscount Lismore	None	Hon. Sir Robert-William O'Callaghan, K.C.B. B.
Ogilvie (Grant)	Earl of Seafield	None	Hon. F. W. Grant, B.
Olmius (Luttrell)	Earl of Carhampton	None	None
O'Neil	Earl O'Neil	None	Hon. John-Bruce-Richard O'Neill, to the viscounty and barony, B.
Ongley	Baron Ongley	None	Hon. S.-French Ongley, B.
Onslow	Earl Onslow	Viscount Cranley	
Osborne	Duke of Leeds	Marquess of Carmarthen	
Paget	Marquess of Anglesey	Earl of Uxbridge	
Pakenham	Earl of Longford	Lord Pakenham	
Parker	Earl of Macclesfield	None	None
Parker	Earl Morley	Viscount Boringdon	
Parkyns	Baron Rancliffe	None	None
Parsons	Earl of Rosse	Lord Oxmantown	
Paulet	Marquess of Winchester	Earl of Wiltshire	
Peachey	Baron Selsey	None	Hon. and Rev. John-William Peachey, B.
Pelham	Earl of Chichester	Lord Pelham	
Pelham (Anderson)	Baron Yarborough	Hon. ——— Anderson Pelham	
Pellew	Viscount Exmouth	Hon. Pownall-Bastard Pellew	
Pennington	Baron Muncaster	None	None
Perceval	Earl of Egmont	Viscount Perceval	
Perceval	Baron Arden	Hon. Geo.-Jas. Perceval	
Percy	Duke of Northumberland	None	Lord Prudhoe, B.
Percy	Baron Prudhoe	None	None
Percy	Earl of Beverley	Lord Louvaine	
Perry	Earl of Limerick	Lord Glentworth	
Petty	Marquess of Lansdown	Earl of Wycombe	
Petre	Baron Petre	Hon. —— Petre	
Phipps	Earl Mulgrave	Viscount Normanby	
Pierrepoint	Earl Manvers	Viscount Newark	
Pindar	Earl Beauchamp	None	Hon. Lieut.-Col. Henry-Beauchamp Lygon, B.
Pitt	Earl of Chatham	None	None
Pitt	Earl Rivers	None	William-Horace Beckford, esq., son of his lordship's sister, Louisa, by Peter Beckford, esq., of Stapleton, in the county of Dorset, to the Barony of Rivers, of Sudley Castle.
Plunket	Earl of Fingal	Lord Killeen	
Plunket	Baron Dunsany	Hon. —— Plunket	
Plunket	Baron Louth	None	Hon. ——— Plunket, B.
Pole	Baron Maryborough	Hon. William-Pole-Tilney-Long Wellesley.	
Pomeroy	Baron Harberton	None	None
Ponsonby	Earl of Besborough	Viscount Duncannon	
Ponsonby	Baron Ponsonby	Viscount Duncannon	
Poulett	Earl Poulett	Viscount Hinton	
Powlet (late Townsend)	Baron Bayning	None	None
Powlett	Baron Bolton	None	Hon. T. Powlett, B.
Powyss	Baron Lilford	None	Hon. Robert-Vernon Powyss, B.

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Surname.	*Title.*	*Heir Apparent.*	*Heir Presumptive.*
Pratt	Marquess Camden	Earl of Brecknock	
Preston	Viscount Gormanstoun	Hon. Edward-Anthony Preston	
Primrose	Earl Roseberry	Lord Dalmeny	
Prittie	Baron Dunally	None	Hon. Francis-Aldborough Prittie, B.*
Proby	Earl Carysfoot	Lord Proby	
Quin (Windham)	Earl of Dunraven	Viscount Mountearl	
Ramsay	Baron Dalhousie	Lord Ramsay	
Rice	Baron Dynevor	Hon. George Rice	
Robinson	Baron Rokeby	None	Matthew (originally Robinson, but by assumption) Montagu, esq., B.
Rodney	Baron Rodney	None	Hon. Thomas-James (originally Rodney, but by assumption) Harley, B.
Rolle	Baron Rolle	None	None
Rollo	Baron Rollo	Hon. William Rollo	
Rous	Earl Stradbroke	Viscount Dunwich	
Rowley	Baron Langford	None	
Rushout	Baron Northwick	None	Hon. and Rev. George-Rushout Bowles, B.
Russell	Duke of Bedford	Marquess of Tavistock	
Ruthven	Baron Ruthven	None	Hon. David Ruthven
Ryder	Earl Harrowby	Viscount Sandon	
St. John	Viscount Bolingbroke	None	Hon. Fred.-St. John, U.
St. John	Baron St. John	None	Beauchamp-Edward-St. John, esq., C.
St. Lawrence	Earl of Howth		None
St. Leger	Viscount Doneraile	None	Hon. R.-St. Leger, U.
Sandford	Baron Mount Sandford	None	George Sandford, esq., U.
Sandilands	Baron Torpichen	Hon. Robert Sandilands	
Saunderson	Earl of Scarborough	None	Hon. & Rev. John (originallySaunderson, but by assumption) Savile, B.
Savile	Earl of Mexborough	Viscount Pollington	
Scott	Earl of Clonmel	Lord Earlsfort	
Scott	Earl Eldon	Viscount Encombe, G.	
Scott (Montagu)	Baron Montagu	None	None
Scott	Baron Stowell	Hon. William Scott	
Semple	Baron Semple	Hon. Selkirk Semple	
Seymour	Duke of Somerset	Lord Seymour	
Sherard	Earl of Harborough	None	None
Shirley	Earl Ferrars	None	Hon. Washington Shirley, B.
Shore	Baron Teignmouth	Hon. Charles-John Shore	
Sinclair	Earl Caithness	None	Hon. James Sinclair, B.
Sinclair	Baron Sinclair	Hon. James Sinclair	
Skeffington	Viscountess Masseren	Hon. —— Skeffington	
Smith	Baron Carrington	Hon. Robert-John Smith	
Smythe	Viscount Strangford	Hon. —— Smythe	
Somerset	Duke of Beaufort	Marquess of Worcester	
Somerville	Baron Somerville	None	Hon. Kenelm Somerville, Capt. in Roy. Navy, B.
Southwell	Baron Southwell	Hon. Thomas-Arthur Southwell	
Spencer	Earl Spencer	Viscount Althorp	

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Surname.	*Title.*	*Heir Apparent.*	*Heir Presumptive.*
Stanhope	Earl of Chesterfield	None	None.
Stanhope	Earl Stanhope	Viscount Mahon	
Stanhope	Earl of Harrington	Viscount Petersham	
Stanley	Earl of Derby	Lord Stanley	
Stapleton	Baron Le Despencer	Hon. Thomas Stapleton	
Stewart	Earl of Galloway	Viscount Garlies	
Stewart	Baron Blantyre	Hon. Charles Stewart	
Stewart (Vane)	Marquess of Londonderry	Viscount Castlereagh	
Stewart	Earl of Castle Stewart	Viscount Stewart	
Stuart	Earl Traquair	Lord Linton	
Stopford	Earl of Courtown	Viscount Stopford	
Stourton	Baron Stourton	Hon. —— Stourton	
Strangways	Earl of Ilchester	Lord Stavordale	
Stratford	Earl of Aldborough	Viscount Amiens	
Sutton	Baron Manners	Hon. — Manners Sutton	
Taafe	Viscount Taafe	Hon. —— Taaffe	
Talbot	Earl of Shrewsbury	None	John Talbot, esq. N.
Talbot (Chetwynd)	Earl Talbot	Viscount Ingestrie	
Tayleur	Marquess of Headfort	Earl of Bective	
Temple	Earl Nugent	Marquess of Chandos	
Temple	Baron Nugent	None	None
Temple	Viscount Palmerston	None	Hon. Wm. Temple, B.
Thurlow (Hovell)	Baron Thurlow	Hon. Edward-Th. Hovell-Thurlow	
Thynne	Marquess of Bath	Viscount Weymouth	
Tollemache	Countess of Dysart	Lord Huntingtower	
Toler	Baron Norwood	None	Hon. Hector-J. Toler, B.
Toler	Baron Norbury	Lord Norwood	
Tonson	Baron Riversdale	None	Hon. C.-Ludlow Tonson, B.
Townshend	Marquess Townshend	None	Lord Charles-Vere Townshend, B.
Townshend	Baron Sydney	Hon. John-R. Townshend	
Trefusis	Baron Clinton	None	Hon. Charles-Rodolphus Trefusis, B.
Trench	Baron Ashtown	None	Hon. Francis Trench, B.
Trench	Baron Clancarty	Viscount Dunlo	
Trevor	Earl of Dungannon	Hon. Arthur-Hill Trevor	
Tuchet (Thicknesse)	Baron Audley	Hon. Geo.-E. Thicknesse-Tuchet	
Tufton	Earl of Thanet		
Turnour	Earl of Winterton	Viscount Turnour	
Twisleton	Baron Say and Sele	Hon. W.-T. Eardley-Twisleton Fiennes	
Upton	Viscount Templetown	Hon. H.-Montagu Upton	
Vane	Earl of Darlington	Viscount Barnard	
Vanneck	Baron Huntingfield	Hon. Joshua Vanneck	
Vaughan	Earl of Lisburne	Lord Vaughan	
Vereker	Viscount Gort	Hon. John-Prendergast Vereker	
Verney	Baron Willoughby de Broke	None	
Vernon (Venables)	Baron Vernon	Hon. G.C. Venables Vernon	
Vesey	Viscount De Vesci	Hon. Thomas Vesey	
Villiers	Earl of Clarendon	None	Hon. George Villiers, B.
Villiers (Child)	Earl of Jersey	Viscount Villiers	
Villiers (Child)	Viscount Grandison	Viscount Villiers	
Waldegrave	Earl of Waldegrave	Viscount Chewton	

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Surname.	*Title.*	*Heir Apparent.*	*Heir Presumptive.*
Waldegrave	Baron Radstock	None	Hon. Capt. William Waldegrave, R.N., B.
Waller	Baroness Howe	Earl Howe	
Wallop	Earl of Portsmouth	None	Hon. Newton Fellowes, B.
Walpole	Earl of Orford	Lord Walpole	
Ward	Viscount Dudley & Ward	None	None.
Ward	Viscount Bangor	None	E.-Southwell Ward, esq. B.
Watson	Baron Sondes	None	Hon. Geo.-John (originally Watson, but by assumption,) Milles, B.
Weddell	Baron Grantham	Hon. F.-W. Weddell	
Wellesley	Duke of Wellington	Marquess of Douro	
Wellesley (Colley)	Marquess Wellesley	None	Lord Maryborough, to the earldom of Mornington and inferior titles, B.
West	Earl Delawarr	Viscount Cantalupe	
Westenra	Baron Rosmore	Hon. H.-R. Westenra	
White	Earl of Bantry	Viscount Bearhaven	
Willoughby	Baron Middleton	None	Capt. Digby Willoughby, R.N., C.
Windsor	Earl of Plymouth	None	Hon. Thomas Windsor, U.
Wingfield	Viscount Powerscourt	None	Hon. John Wingfield, U.
Winn	Baron Headley	None	Hon. Geo.-Mark-Arthur-Way Winn, B.
Wodehouse	Baron Wodehouse	Hon. John Wodehouse	
Wolfe	Viscount Kilwarden	None	None.
Wyndham	Earl of Egremount	None	Hon. Percy-Chas. Wyndham, B.
Wynn	Baron Newborough	None	Hon. Spencer-Bulkeley Wynn, B.
Yelverton	Viscount Avonmore	None	Hon. W.-H. Yelverton, B.
Yelverton	Baroness Grey de Ruthyn	None	Lady Mary Powys, (wife of the Hon. and Rev. Frederick Powys,) A.
Yorke	Earl of Hardwicke	None	Right Hon. Charles-Philip Yorke, Half-B.

TITLES,

(BY COURTESY,)

BORNE BY THE ELDEST SONS OF DUKES, MARQUESSES, AND EARLS.

Son's Courtesy Title.	*Father's Highest Title.*
Aberdour, Lord	Earl Morton.
Acheson, Viscount	Earl Gosford.
Adare, Viscount	Earl Dunraven.
Aghrim, Viscount	Earl of Athlone.
Arthrie, Viscount	Earl of Hopetoun.
Alford, Viscount	Earl Brownlow.
Althorpe, Viscount	Earl Spencer.
Altamont, Earl	Marquess of Sligo.
Alexander, Viscount	Earl of Caledon.
Amiens, Viscount	Earl of Aldborough.
Ancram, Earl	Marquess of Lothian.
Andover, Viscount	Earl of Suffolk.
Apsley, Lord	Earl Bathurst.
Ardee, Viscount	Earl Meath.
Ashley, Lord	Earl of Shaftesbury.
Balgonie, Lord	Earl Leven.
Barnard, Viscount	Earl Darlington.
Beaumont, Marquess	Duke of Roxburgh.
Bearhaven, Viscount	Earl Bantry.
Bective, Earl	Marquess of Headfort.
Belfast, Earl	Marquess of Donegal.
Belgrave, Lord	Earl Grosvenor.
Bernard, Lord	Earl Bandon.
Bertie, Lord	Earl Lindsey.
Berriedale, Lord	Earl of Caithness.
Binning, Lord	Earl of Haddington.
Bingham, Lord	Earl Lucan.
Blandford, Marquess	Duke of Marlborough.
Borringdom, Viscount	Earl Morley.
Boyle, Lord	Earl of Glasgow.
Boyle, Viscount	Earl of Shannon.
Boscawen, Lord	Earl of Falmouth.
Brabazon, Lord	Earl Meath.
Brecknock, Lord	Marquess of Camden.
Brooke, Lord	Earl of Warwick.
Brome, Viscount	Earl Cornwallis.
Bruce, Lord	Marquess of Ailesbury.
Bruce, Lord	Earl of Elgin.
Brudenel, Lord	Earl of Cardigan.
Burford, Earl	Duke of St. Alban's.
Burghersh, Lord	Earl of Westmoreland.
Burleigh, Lord	Marquess of Exeter.
Bury, Viscount	Earl of Albemarle.
Cahir, Lord	Earl of Glengall.
Callan, Viscount	Earl of Desmond.
Cantalupe, Viscount	Earl of Delawarr.
Cardross, Lord	Earl Buchan.
Carlingford, Viscount	Earl Tyrconnel.
Caermarthen, Marquess	Duke of Leeds.
Campbell, Viscount	Earl of Breadalbane.
Carlow, Viscount	Earl of Portarlington.
Castle-Cuffe, Viscount	Earl Desart.
Castlereagh, Viscount	Marquess of Londonderry.
Castlerosse, Viscount	Earl of Kenmare.
Caulfield, Lord	Earl of Charlemont.
Chandos, Marquess	Duke of Buckingham.
Chelsea, Viscount	Earl of Cadogan.
Chewton, Viscount	Earl of Waldegrave.
Clements, Viscount	Earl Leitrim.
Clifton, Lord	Earl Darnley.
Clive, Viscount	Earl Powis.
Clonmore, Lord	Earl of Wicklow.
Cochrane, Lord	Earl of Dundonald.
Cockermouth, Lord	Earl of Egremont.
Coleshill, Viscount	Earl of Digby.
Cole, Viscount	Earl of Enniskillen.
Compton, Earl	Marquess of Northampton
Corry, Viscount	Earl Belmore.
Cranbourn, Viscount	Marquess of Salisbury.
Cranley, Viscount	Earl of Onslow.
Creighton, Viscount	Earl of Erne.
Cumbernauld, Lord	Earl of Balcarras.
Curzon, Viscount	Earl Howe.
Dalkeith, Earl	Duke of Buccleugh.
Dalmeny, Lord	Earl of Roseberry.
Dalrymple, Viscount	Earl Stair.
Daer, Lord	Earl of Selkirk.
Deerhurst, Viscount	Earl of Coventry.
Delvin, Lord	Marquess of Westmeath.
Deskford, Lord	Earl Seafield.
Douglas, Marquess	Duke of Hamilton.
Douro, Marquess	Duke of Wellington.
Down, Lord	Earl Murray.

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Son's Courtesy Title.	*Father's Highest Title.*
Drumlanrig, Viscount	Marquess of Queensberry.
Duncannon, Viscount	Earl of Besborough.
Dungarvon, Viscount	Earl of Cork.
Dunglass, Lord	Earl Home.
Dunkellin, Lord	Marquess of Clanricarde.
Dunlo, Viscount	Earl Clancarty.
Dunluce, Viscount	Countess of Antrim.
Dunwich, Viscount	Earl Stradbroke.
Dupplin, Viscount	Earl Kinnoul.
Dursley, Viscount	Earl Berkeley.
Earlsfort, Lord	Earl Clonmell.
Eastnor, Viscount	Earl Somers.
Encombe, Viscount	Earl Eldon.
Ebrington, Viscount	Earl Fortescue.
Eliot, Lord	Earl of St. Germans.
Elmeley, Viscount	Earl Beauchamp.
Ennismore, Viscount	Earl Listowel.
Erskine, Lord	Earl Marr.
Euston, Earl	Duke of Grafton.
Fenton, Viscount	Earl Kellie.
Fielding, Viscount	Earl of Denbigh.
Fincastle, Lord	Earl Dunmore.
Fitzgibbon, Viscount	Earl of Clare.
Fitzharris, Viscount	Earl of Malmesbury.
Folkestone, Viscount	Earl of Radnor.
Forbes, Viscount	Earl Granard.
Fordwich, Viscount	Earl Cowper.
Garlies, Viscount	Earl Galloway.
Gifford, Earl	Marquess of Tweedale.
Gilford, Lord	Earl Clanwilliam.
Gower, Earl	Marquess of Stafford.
Glamis, Lord	Earl Strathmore.
Glenorchy, Viscount	Earl of Breadalbane.
Glentworth, Lord	Earl of Limerick.
Glerawley, Viscount	Earl of Annesley.
Graham, Marquess	Duke of Montrose.
Granby, Marquess	Duke of Rutland.
Greenock, Lord	Earl Cathcart.
Grey, Lord	Earl of Stamford and Warrington.
Grey de Wilton, Viscount	Earl of Wilton.
Grimstone, Lord	Earl of Verulam.
Guernsey, Lord	Earl of Aylesford.
Hamilton, Viscount	Marquess of Abercorn.
Haddo, Lord	Earl of Aberdeen.
Harley, Lord	Earl of Oxford.
Hartingdon, Marquess	Duke of Devonshire.
Hastings, Lord	Earl of Huntingdon.
Hay, Lord	Earl of Errol.
Herbert, Lord	Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery.
Hervey, Lord	Earl of Bristol.
Hillsborough, Earl	Marquess of Downshire.
Hinchinbrook, Viscount	Earl of Sandwich.
Hinton, Viscount	Earl Poulett.
Hobart, Lord	Earl of Buckinghamshire.
Howick, Viscount	Earl Grey.
Huntingtower, Lord	Countess of Dysart.
Huntley, Marquess	Duke of Gordon.
Hyde, Lord	Earl Clarendon.
Ikerrin, Viscount	Earl of Carrick.
Inchiquin, Earl of	Marquess of Thomond.
Ingestrie, Viscount	Earl Talbot.
Inverarie, Lord	Earl of Kintore.
Irnham, Lord	Earl Carhampton.
Jocelyn, Viscount	Earl Roden.
Kelburne, Viscount	Earl of Glasgow.
Kennedy, Lord	Earl of Cassilis.
Kilcoursie, Viscount	Earl of Cavan.
Kinnaird, Viscount	Earl of Newburgh.
Kildare, Marquess of	Duke of Leinster.
Killeen, Lord	Earl of Fingal.
Kilworth, Lord	Earl of Mountcashel.
Kingsborough, Viscount	Earl of Kingston.
Kirkwall, Viscount	Countess Orkney.
Lascelles, Viscount	Earl of Harewood.
Leicester, Earl of	Marquess of Townshend.
Lempster, Lord	Earl of Pomfret.
Leslie, Lord	Earl of Rothes.
Lewisham, Viscount	Earl of Dartmouth.
Lincoln, Earl of	Duke of Newcastle.
Lindsay, Lord	Earl of Balcarras.
Linton, Lord	Earl of Traquair.
Loftus, Earl	Marquess of Ely.
Lorn, Marquess of	Duke of Argyll.
Lovaine, Lord	Earl Beverley.
Loughborough, Lord	Earl of Rosslyn.
Lowther, Viscount	Earl of Lonsdale.
Lucas, Lord	Countess De Grey.
Lumley, Viscount	Earl of Scarborough.
Lymington, Viscount	Earl of Portsmouth.
Marchlane, Viscount	Countess Loudoun.
Macduff, Viscount	Earl of Fife.
Mahon, Viscount	Earl of Stanhope.
Maidstone, Viscount	Earl of Winchelsea.
Maitland, Viscount	Earl of Lauderdale.
Malden, Viscount	Earl of Essex.
Mandeville, Viscount	Duke of Manchester.
Matthew, Viscount	Earl of Llandaff.
March, Earl of	Duke of Richmond.
Maxwell, Viscount	Earl of Farnham.
Melgund, Viscount	Earl Minto.
Middlesex, Viscount	Duke of Dorset.
Milsingtown, Viscount	Earl Portmore.
Milton, Viscount	Earl Fitzwilliam.
Molyneaux, Viscount	Earl of Sefton.
Monk, Viscount	Earl of Rathdown.
Montgomerie, Lord	Earl of Eglintoun.
Moore, Viscount	Marquess of Drogheda.
Morpeth, Viscount	Earl of Carlisle.
Mornington, Earl of	Marquess Wellesley.
Mountcharles, Earl of	Marquess Conyngham.
Mountgarret, Viscount	Earl of Kilkenny.

TITLES BY COURTESY.

Son's Courtesy Title.	*Father's Highest Title.*
Mountjoy, Viscount ..	Earl of Blessington.
Mountstuart, Viscount ..	Marquess of Bute.
Murray, Lord ..	Earl of Mansfield.
Naas, Lord	Earl of Mayo.
Neville, Viscount ..	Earl of Abergavenny.
Newark, Viscount ..	Earl Manvers.
Newport, Viscount ..	Earl of Bradford.
Newry, Viscount ..	Earl of Kilmorey.
Newtown-Butler, Lord	Earl of Lanesborough.
Normanby, Viscount ..	Earl Mulgrave.
Norreys, Lord ..	Earl of Abingdon.
North, Lord	Earl of Guilford.
Nuneham, Lord ..	Earl Harcourt.
Ossulstown, Lord ..	Earl Tankerville.
Oxmantown, Lord ..	Earl of Rosse.
Pakenham, Lord	Earl of Longford.
Parker, Viscount ..	Earl of Macclesfield.
Perceval, Viscount ..	Earl of Egmont.
Percy, Earl of ..	Duke of Northumberland.
Petersham, Viscount ..	Earl of Harrington.
Pevensey, Viscount ..	Earl of Sheffield.
Pitt, Viscount	Earl of Chatham.
Pollington, Viscount	Earl of Mexborough.
Preston, Viscount ..	Earl of Ludlow.
Proby, Viscount ..	Earl Carysfort.
Ramsay, Lord .. .	Earl Dalhousie.
Raymond, Viscount ..	Earl O'Neil.
Rawdon, Earl	Marquess of Hastings.
Rocksavage, Earl of ..	Marquess Cholmondeley.
Rosehill, Lord	Earl of Northesk.
Royston, Viscount ..	Earl of Hardwicke.
Rossborough, Viscount ..	Earl of Miltown.
Sandon, Viscount ..	Earl of Harrowby.
St. Asaph, Viscount ..	Earl of Ashburnham.
St. Lawrence, Viscount ..	Earl of Howth.
Seymour, Lord ..	Duke of Somerset.
Sherard, Lord	Earl of Harborough.
Somerton, Viscount ..	Earl Normanton.
Stanhope, Lord	Earl of Chesterfield.
Stanley, Lord ..	Earl of Derby.
Stavordale, Lord	Earl of Ilchester.
Stewart, Viscount ..	Earl of Castlestewart.
Stopford, Viscount ..	Earl of Courtown.
Strathaven, Lord ..	Earl of Aboyne.
Strathnaver, Lord ..	Earl of Sutherland.
Sudley, Viscount ..	Earl of Arran.
Suirdale, Viscount ..	Earl of Donoughmore.
Surrey, Earl of ..	Duke of Norfolk.
Talbot, Lord	Earl of Shrewsbury.
Tamworth, Viscount	Earl Ferrers.
Tavistock, Marquess of ..	Duke of Bedford.
Thurles, Viscount ..	Marquess of Ormonde and Ossory.
Titchfield, Marquess of ..	Duke of Portland.
Trafalgar, Viscount ..	Earl Nelson.
Tullamore, Lord ..	Earl of Charleville.
Tullibardine, Marquess	Duke of Atholl.
Tunbridge, Viscount ..	Earl Rochford.
Turnour, Viscount ..	Earl Winterton.
Tyrone, Earl of	Marquess of Waterford.
Uffington, Viscount ..	Earl Craven.
Uxbridge, Earl of ..	Marquess of Anglesey.
Valentia, Viscount ..	Earl Mountnorris.
Valletort, Viscount ..	Earl Edgecumbe.
Vaughan, Viscount ..	Earl of Lisburne.
Villiers, Viscount ..	Earl of Jersey.
Walpole, Lord .. .	Earl of Orford.
Weymouth, Viscount	Marquess of Bath.
Wiltshire, Earl of ..	Marquess of Winchester.
Windsor, Lord ..	Earl of Plymouth.
Worcester, Marquess of	Duke of Beaufort.
Wycombe, Earl of ..	Marquess of Lansdowne.
Yarmouth, Earl of ..	Marquess of Hertford.

BARONETS OF IRELAND.

WITH THE DATES OF CREATION.

Aylmer, Gerald	1621
Barnewell, Robert	1622
Barry, Walter	1775
Bellew, Edward	1688
Blake, John	1621
Blosse, Francis-L. (Lynch)	1622
Blunden, John	1766
Bond, Thomas	1794
Borrowes, Walter-Dixon	1646
Brabazon, William	1797
Bradstreet, Simon	1759
Browne, John-Edmond	1797
Burdett, William-Bagenal	1723
Burke, John-Ignatius	1628
Burke, John	1797
Burton, Charles	1758
Butler, Thomas	1628
Caldwell, John	1683
Carden, Henry-Robert	1787
Chapman, Thomas	1782
Chinnery, Broderick	1799
Colthurst, Nicholas-Conway	1774
Coote, Charles-Henry (PREMIER)	1621
Cotter, James-Laurence	1763
Cox, John	1706
Cromie, Michael	1776
Cuffe, Jonah-W.-D. (Wheeler)	1799
Dancer, Amyrald	1662
De Burgh, John-Allen	1785
De Montmorency, William-R.	1758
Denny, Edward	1781
Desvoeux, Charles	1787
Echlin, James Charles	1721
Esmonde, Thomas	1628
Falkiner, Samuel	1777
Fetherstone, George-Ralph	1776
Fitzgerald, James	1634
Flood, Frederick	1780
Foster, Thomas	1794
Gethin, Percy	1665
Godfrey, John	1785
Gore, Ralph	1621
Gore, Robert-Booth	1760
Hamilton, John-Charles	1780
Harvey, Robert-B. (Bateson)	1789
Hayes, Samuel	1789
Hill, George-Fitzgerald	1779
Hoare, Joseph-Wallis	1784
Hodson, Robert	1789
Hopkins, Francis	1795
Hunt, Aubrey de Vere	1784
Hutchinson, Samuel-S.	1782
Jervis, John-J.-W. (White)	1797
Johnston, William	1772
Langrishe, Robert	1777
Levinge, Richard	1704
Leycester, John-F. (Byrne)	1671
Lighton, John	1791
Loftus, Nicholas	1768
Macartney, William	1799
Massey, H.-Dillon	1781
May, Stephen	1763
Meredyth, Joshua-Colles	1660
Meredyth, Henry	1795
Millar, John-Riggs	1778
Molyneux, Capel	1730
Moore, Emanuel	1681
Musgrave, Christopher	1782
Newport, John	1789
O'Brien, Edward	1686
O'Donel, Neil	1780
Osborne, William	1629
Palmer, William-Henry	1777
Parnel, Henry	1766
Paul, Joshua-C.	1794
Piers, John	1660
Reynell, Richard	1678
Ribton, John-Sheppey	1759
Richardson, William	1787
St. George Richard-Bligh	1766
Shee, George	1794
Smith, William-Cusack	1799
Somerville, Marcus	1748
Staples, Robert	1628
Staunton, George-Thomas	1785
Steele, Richard	1768
Stewart, James	1628
Talbot, George	1790
Tuite, George	1622
Waller, Robert	1780
Walsh, John-A.-J. (Johnson)	1777
Warren, Augustus	1784
Wolseley, Richard	1744

BARONETS OF NOVA SCOTIA.

WITH THE DATES OF CREATION.

Abercromble, George	1637
Agnew, Andrew	1629
Anstruther, John-Carmichael	1694
Anstruther, Ralph	1694
Arnot, William	1629
Baird, James-G.	1680
Balfour, Patrick	1633
Bannerman, Alexander	1682
Barclay, Robert	1668
Bruce, William	1629
Burnet, Robert	1626
Calder, Henry-R.	1686
Campbell, James	1628
Campbell, John	1628
Campbell, Alexander	1629
Campbell, William-P.-H.	1665
Carmichael, Thomas-G. (Gibson)	1627
Carnegie, James	1663
Cathcart, Andrew	1704
Clerk, George	1679
Cockburn, William	1671
Cockburne, James	1627
Colquhoun, Robert	1625
Cooper, William-Henry	1638
Craigie, William	1707
Craufurd, Robert	1638
Cumming, Kenneth	1695
Cunningham, William	1669
Cunningham, Richard	1673
Cunninghame, James-M.	1672
Cunnynghame, William-A.	1702
Dalrymple, Hugh-H.	1695
Dalrymple, John-H.	1697
Dalrymple, John-P.	1701
Dalzell, James (Menteith)	1685
Denham, James-Stewart	1693
Dick, John	1637
Dick, Thomas-L. (Lauder)	1688
Dick, Robert-K. (Cunningham)	1707
Don, Alexander	1677
Douglas, Alexander	1625
Dunbar, William-R.	1694
Dunbar, William	1697
Dunbar, Archibald	1700
Dunbar, Benjamin (Sutherland)	1706
Dunlop, Thomas-W.	1666
Elliot, William-Francis	1666
Fairlie, William-C. (Cunningham)	1630
Ferguson, James	1703
Forbes, William	1626
Forbes, Arthur	1630
Forbes, John	1700
Foulis, James	1634
Gordon, James (PREMIER)	1625
Gordon, Francis	1625
Gordon, Orford	1631
Gordon, John	1706
Grant, Alexander	1688
Grant, James	1705
Grierson, Robert	1685
Halket, Charles (Wedderburne)	1671
Hall, James	1687
Hamilton, William	1675
Hamilton, Hugh-D. (Dalrymple)	1697
Hannay, Samuel	1630
Hay, John	1635
Hay, John	1663
Hay, M'Dougal-Henry	1703
Henderson, Robert-Bruce	1664
Holburne, Thomas-William	1704
Home, Alexander	1629
Home, James	1671
Hope, John	1628
Innes, David	1631
Innes, John	1628
Jardine, William	1672
Johnston, William	1626
Johnston, George-Frederick	1700
Kirkpatrick, Thomas	1685
Kinlock, David	1686
Laurie, Robert	1685
Leslie, John	1625
Livingstone, Thomas	1625
Longueville, Thomas	1638
M'Kenzie, Hector	1700
Mackenzie, George-S.	1673
M'Kenzie, James-W.	1703
M'Lean, Fitzroy-Grafton	1631
Malcolm, Michael	1665
Maxwell, William	1627
Maxwell, William	1681
Maxwell, John	1682
Maxwell, John-Heron	1683
Menzies, Neil	1665
Milne, John	1686
Moncrief, David	1685

Munro, Hugh	1634
Murray, John	1626
Murray, Archibald	1628
Murray, John	1664
Murray, Patrick	1673
Murray, Joseph	1704
Musgrave, Philip	1638
Napier, William-Milliken	1627
Nasmyth, James	1706
Nicholson, James	1629
Nicholson, William	1686
Nisbet, John	1669
Ogilvie, William	1626
Ogilvie, George-Mulgrave	1661
Pilkington, Michael	1635
Preston, Robert	1637
Pringle, John	1683
Purves, Alexander	1665
Ramsay, Alexander	1625
Ramsay, James	1666
Reid, John	1703
Richardson, John-Charles	1630
Riddell, Walter-Buchanan	1628
Ross, Charles (Lockhart)	1672
Scott, William	1671
Seton, Henry	1646
Seton, William	1683
Sinclair, John-Gordon	1636
Sinclair, John	1664
Sinclair, John	1704
Stewart, Michael-Shaw	1667
Stewart, George	1683
Stewart, James	1687
Stewart, Robert	1707
Stirling, Samuel	1666
Strachan, Richard-J., G.C.B.	1625
Suttie, James-Grant	1702
Thriepland, Patrick-M.	1687
Tomline, George-Pretyman	1629
Turing, Robert	1639
Wardlaw, John	1630
Wellwood, Harry-M. (Moncrief)	1626
Wemyss, James	1703
Wood, John	1666

BRITISH ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

THE MOST NOBLE ORDER OF THE GARTER.

Instituted by King Edward III., on the 19th of January, 1344.

Habit and Insignia—Surcoat, garter of blue velvet, bordered with gold, hood, george, (the figure of St. George, on horseback, in armour, encountering a dragon, with a tilting spear,) collar, cap, and feathers. The george is worn across the shoulder, pendant to a dark, or garter-blue riband. The collar is of gold, weighing thirty ounces, troy weight.

Motto—Honi soit qui mal y pense.

KNIGHTS OF THE MOST NOBLE ORDER OF THE GARTER.

THE SOVEREIGN.

Duke of York, G.C.B.
Duke of Clarence, K.T. and G.C.B.
Duke of Cumberland
Duke of Sussex
Duke of Cambridge
Duke of Gloucester
Prince of Saxe Coburg
Emperor of Austria
King of France
King of Prussia
King of Spain
King of Denmark
King of Portugal
King of the Netherlands
Elector of Hesse
Earl of Chatham
Earl of Westmorland
Earl Spencer
Marquess Camden
Duke of Rutland
Earl of Hardwicke
Duke of Beaufort
Earl of Pembroke
Earl of Winchelsea
Marquess of Stafford
Earl of Lonsdale
Marquess of Wellesley
Duke of Montrose
Marquess of Hastings
Duke of Newcastle
Duke of Wellington
Earl of Liverpool
Earl Bathurst
Marquess of Anglesey
Duke of Northhumberland
Duke of Buckingham and Chandos
Marquess of Cholmondeley
Marquess of Hertford
Marquess of Bath
Duke of Dorset.

OFFICERS OF THE ORDER.

Prelate—George Tomline, D.D., Lord Bishop of Winchester.
Chancellor—Thomas Burgess, D.D., Lord Bishop of Salisbury.
Registrar—Dean of Windsor.
Garter principal King at Arms—Sir George Nayler, knight.
Usher of the Black Rod—Sir Thomas Tyrwhit, knight.
Deputy—Francis Quarme, esq.

THE MOST ANCIENT ORDER OF THE THISTLE.

Instituted by King Achaius. Collar added by King James V. Revived by King James II. in 1679. And re-established by Queen Anne, 31st of December, 1703.

KNIGHTS OF THE MOST ANCIENT AND MOST NOBLE ORDER OF THE THISTLE.

THE SOVEREIGN.

Duke of Clarence, K.G. &c.G.C.B.	Earl Catheart	Marquess of Aylesbury
Duke of Gordon	Earl of Aberdeen	Marquess of Tweedale
Earl of Morton	Earl of Galloway	Marquess of Queensberry
Duke of Atholl	Earl of Abergavenny	Earl of Cassilis.

EXTRA KNIGHTS.

Earl of Lauderdale | Viscount Melville.

OFFICERS OF THE ORDER.

Dean—Dr. William Lawrence Brown.
Lord Lyon, King at Arms—Earl of Kinnoul.
Secretary—Lord Robert Ker.
Gentleman Usher of the Green Rod—Robert Quarme, esq.

Motto—Nemo me impune lacessit.

THE MOST HONOURABLE MILITARY ORDER OF THE BATH.

In the year 1725, King George I. revived this Order, (a very ancient one, deriving the name "of the Bath," from the ceremonial of bathing, which the knights underwent on the vigil of their creation,) and enacted statutes for its regulation, by which it was ordained to consist of the Sovereign, and thirty-seven Knights Companions.

By statute, 2nd of January, 1815, it was ordained, that "for the purpose of commemorating the auspicious termination of the long and arduous contests in which this empire has been engaged," the Order should be composed of three classes, viz.

1st Class—to consist of Knights Grand Crosses, number not to exceed seventy-two, exclusive of the Sovereign and Princes of the Blood Royal; one sixth of which may be appointed for civil and diplomatic purposes. The remainder must have attained the rank of major-general in the army, or rear-admiral in the navy, and must have been previously appointed to the second class.

2nd Class—Knights Commanders, number not to exceed, upon the first institution, one hundred and eighty, exclusive of Foreign officers, holding British commissions, of whom not exceeding ten may be admitted as honorary Knights Commanders; in the event of actions of signal distinction, or of future wars, the number of this class may be increased. To be entitled to the distinctive appellation of knighthood; to have the same rights and privileges as Knights Bachelors, but to take precedence of them; to wear the badge, &c., pendant by a red riband round the neck, the star

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embroidered on the left side. No person is now eligible to this class under the rank of major-general in the army, or rear-admiral in the navy.

3rd Class—Companions of the Order; not limited in number; they are to take precedence of Esquires, but not entitled to the appellation, style, &c., of Knights Bachelors. To wear the badge assigned to the third class, pendant by a narrow red riband to the button-hole. No officer can be nominated, unless he shall have received a medal, or other badge of honor, or shall have been especially mentioned in despatches in the London Gazette, as having distinguished himself in action.

Motto—Tria juncta in uno.

KNIGHTS OF THE MOST HONOURABLE MILITARY ORDER OF THE BATH.

Instituted in 1399. *Revived in* 1725.

ABBREVIATIONS OF FOREIGN ORDERS.

K.S.G.—Knight of St. George, in Russia.
K.C.—Crescent, in Turkey.
K.W.—William, in the Netherlands.
K.M.T.—St. Maria Theresa, in Austria.
K.S.W.—St. Wladimir, in Russia.
K.T.S.—Tower and Sword, in Portugal.
K.S.F.—Ferdinand, in Sicily.
K.C.S.—Charles III. in Spain.

THE SOVEREIGN.

His Royal Highness the Duke of York, K.G. first and principal Knight Grand Cross.

PRINCES OF THE BLOOD ROYAL, KNIGHTS GRAND CROSSES,

Not included in the number to which the First Class is limited.

Admiral his Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence, K.G.
Field Marshal his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, K.G.
Field Marshal his Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, K.G.
Field Marshal his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, K.G.
Field Marshal his Royal Highness Prince Leopold of Saxe Coburg, K.G.

KNIGHTS GRAND CROSSES.

Abercrombie, Gen. Sir Robert, 75th Foot, and Governor of Edinburgh Castle.
Anglesey, Gen. Henry, Marquess of, 7th Hussars, K.S.G., K.T.S., K.G., &c.
Baird, Gen. Sir David, bart. K.C., 24th Foot, and Governor of Kinsale.
Bentinck, Lieut.-Gen. Lord William Cavendish, 11th Dragoons.
Beresford, Lieut.-Gen. Lord (W. Carr,) Governor of Jersey, K.T.S., 16th Foot.
Brownrigg, Gen. Sir Robert, bart., 9th Foot.
Calvert, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Harry, 14th Foot, Lieut.-Governor of Chelsea Hospital.
Clarke, Gen. Sir Alured, 7th Foot.
Clinton, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Henry, 3rd Foot.
Clinton, Lieut.-Gen. Sir William-Henry, 55th Foot.
Cockburn, Admiral Sir George, a Lord of the Admiralty.
Cochrane, Admiral Hon. Sir Alexander Inglis.
Cole, Lieut.-Gen. Hon. Sir Galbraith Lowry, M.P. Governor of Gravesend and Tilbury Fort, 34th Foot.
Colville, Lieut.-Gen. Hon. Sir C., K.C. and K.T.S.
Combermere, Lieut.-Gen. Stapleton, Lord, K.T.S. and K.S.F.
Dalhousie, Lieut.-Gen. George, Earl of, 26th Foot, and Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in North America.
Donoughmore, Gen. the Earl of, K.G. 18th Foot, Governor of Stirling Castle.
Donnet, Admiral Sir William.
Don, Gen. Sir George, 36th Foot, and Lieut.-Gov. of Gibraltar.
Doyle, Lieut.-Gen. Sir John, bart., K.C., 87th Foot, and Governor of Charlemont.
Drummond, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Gordon, 88th Foot.
Exmouth, Admiral Edw., Viscount, K.C.S., K.S.F., K.W., F.R.S.
Foley, Sir Thomas, Vice-Admiral.
Gambier, Admiral James, Lord.
Harcourt, Field-Marshal William, Earl of, 16th Dragoons, Governor of Portsmouth.
Harris, General George, Lord, 73rd Foot.
Hastings, General Francis, Marquess of, K. G., 27th Foot, and Constable of the Tower of London.
Hewett, Gen. Right Hon. Sir Geo., bart., 61st Foot.

Hill, Lieut.-Gen. Rowland, Lord, K.T.S., K.M.T., and K.S.G., 53rd Foot, and Governor of Hull.
Hislop, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Thomas, bart.
Hope, Lieut.-Gen. Hon. Sir Alexander, 47th Foot, Lieutenant-Governor of Edinburgh Castle.
Howard of Effingham, Lieut.-Gen. K.A. Lord, 70th Foot.
Howden, Gen. John-Francis, Lord, K.C., 43rd Foot.
Huntly, Gen. George, Marquess of, 1st Foot.
Johnson, Gen. Sir Henry, bart., 5th Foot, and Governor of Ross Castle.
Keats, Vice-Admiral Sir R.-Goodwin, Major-Gen. of the Royal Marines.
Kempt, Major-Gen. Sir James, 81st Foot, K.M.T., K.S.G., and K.S.W., Lieut.-Governor of Fort William.
Keppel, Gen. Sir William, 67th Foot.
Knowles, Admiral Sir Charles-Henry, bart.
Londonderry, Lieut.-Gen. Charles-William, Marquess of, 10th Dragoons, K.T.S.
Ludlow, Gen. George-James, Earl of, 30th Foot, and Lieut.-Governor of Berwick.
Lynedoch, Lieut.-Gen. Thomas, Lord, K.T.S., 58th Foot.
Malcolm, Major-Gen. Sir John, East India Company's service.
Martin, Admiral Sir George.
Montagu, Admiral Sir George.
Mulgrave, Gen. Henry, Earl of, 31st Foot, and Governor of Scarborough Castle.
Murray, Major-Gen. Sir George, 42nd Foot, and Governor of the Royal Military College.
Neale, Sir H., Vice-Admiral, bart.
Northesk, Admiral William, Earl of.
Nugent, Gen. Sir George, bart., M.P., 6th Foot, and Governor of St. Mawes.
Ochterlony, Major-Gen. Sir David, bart., East India Company's service.
Orange, Gen., his Royal Highness the Hereditary Prince of.
Oswald, Lieut.-Gen. St. John, 35th Foot.
Paget, Lieut.-Gen. Hon. Sir Edward, 28th Foot, Captain of Cowes Castle, and Governor and Commander-in-Chief in Ceylon.
Pakenham, Admiral Hon. Thomas.
Pole, Admiral Sir Charles-Maurice, bart.
Rosslyn, James, Earl of, Gen., 9th Dragoons.
Saumarez, Admiral Sir James, bart.
Sherbrooke, Lieut.-Gen. Sir John-Coape, 33rd Foot.
Spencer, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Brent, K.T.S., 40th Foot.
Strachan, Vice-Admiral Sir Richard, bart.
Stewart, Lieut.-Gen. Hon. Sir William, Rifle Brigade.
Tarleton, Gen. Sir Banastre, bart., 8th Dragoons, and Governor of Berwick.
Thompson, Vice-Admiral Sir T. B., bart.
Walker, Major-Gen. Sir G. T., K.T.S., 84th Foot.
Wellington, Field-Marshal, Duke of, K.G.

CIVIL KNIGHTS GRAND CROSSES.

Acourt, Right Hon. Sir William, bart.
Barlow, Sir George-Hilaro, bart.
Bloomfield, Right Hon. Benjamin, Lord.
Clancarty, Earl of.
Henley, Lord.
Liston, Right Hon. Sir Robert.
Paget, Right Hon. Sir Arthur.
Strangford, Viscount, K.T.S.
Stuart, Right Hon. Sir Charles.
Thornton, Right Hon. Sir Edward.
Wellesley, Right Hon. Sir Henry.

EXTRA CIVIL KNIGHTS GRAND CROSSES.

Bagot, Right Hon. Sir Charles.
Long, Right Hon. Sir Charles.

HONORARY KNIGHTS GRAND CROSSES.

Alten, Major-Gen. Count.
Frimont, Gen. Baron.
Volkousky, Gen. his Highness Prince.
Wirtemberg, his Majesty the King of.
Woronzow, Gen. Count.
Wrede, Field-Marshal, his Highness Prince of.
Zieten, Gen. Count.

OFFICERS OF THE FIRST CLASS.

Dean of the Order—John Ireland, D.D., Dean of Westminster.
Genealogist and Garter King of Arms—Sir George Nayler, knt., F.S.A.
Bath King at Arms—John-Palmer Cullum, esq.
Deputy—James Pulman, esq., F.S.A.
Registrar and Secretary—John-Charles Herries, esq.
Gentleman Usher of the Scarlet Rod, and Lancaster Herald—George-Frederick Beltz, esq., F.S.A.
Messenger—Thomas Beckley, esq.

SECOND CLASS.

To consist of One Hundred and Eighty.

KNIGHTS COMMANDERS OF THE BATH.

Adam, Major-Gen. Sir Fred., K.M.T. and K.S.A.
Anson, Lieut-Gen. Sir William.
Anson, Lieut.-Gen. Sir George, K.T.S.
Arbuthnot, Col. Sir Thomas, knt., 71st Foot, Aid-de-Camp to the King.
Arbuthnot, Col. Sir Robert, K.T.S., Coldstream Guards.
Aylmer, Major-Gen. Lord.
Barclay, Sir Robert, Col.
Barlow, Sir Robert, knt., Captain, R.N.
Barnard, Major-Gen. Sir A. F., groom of the bed-chamber to the King.
Barnes, Major-Gen. Sir Edward, K.M.T. and S.A.
Bayntun, Rear-Admiral Sir Henry.
Beauclerk, Vice-Admiral Lord A.
Beckwith, Major-Gen. Sir T. S.
Bell, Major-Gen. Sir Henry.
Belson, Major-Gen. Sir Charles P.
Berkeley, Lieut.-Col. Sir G. H. F., K.T.S. and S.W.
Berry, Captain Sir Edward, bart., R.N.
Beresford, Rear-Admiral Sir John, bart., K.T.S.
Bickerton, Admiral Sir Richard, bart., K.C.
Bingham, Col. Sir G. R., 53rd Foot.
Blackwood, Hon. Rear-Admiral Sir Henry, bart., Commander-in-Chief in the East Indies.
Blair, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Robert.
Blakeney, Col. Sir Edward, K.T.S., 7th Foot.
Bouverie, Hon. Col. Sir Henry-F., K.S.G.
Bradford, Major-Gen. Sir T.
Brenton, Captain Sir J., bart., R.N., K.F.
Brisbane, Major-Gen. Sir T.
Brisbane, Rear-Admiral Sir Charles, R.N.
Broke, Captain Sir P. V., bart., R.N.
Broke, Lieut.-Col. Sir Charles, K.T.S., Assistant-Quarter-Master-General.
Brown, Major-Gen. Sir Thomas.
Browne, Major-Gen. Sir G. S.
Bunbury, Major-Gen. Sir H. E., bart.
Burgh, Lieut.-Col. Sir Ulysses, K.T.S., Surveyor-Gen. of the Ordnance.
Byng, Major-Gen. Sir John, K.S.A., K.S.W., and K.M.T., 2nd West India Regiment.
Cameron, Major-Gen. Sir Alan, Col. 79th Foot.
Cameron, Col. Sir John, 9th Foot.
Campbell, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Alexander, bart., 60th Foot.
Campbell, Lieut.-Gen. Sir H. F.
Campbell, Col. Sir Colin, K.M.T.G., M.I., and K.T.S.
Campbell, Col. Sir Archibald, K.T.S.
Carncross, Lieut.-Col. Sir Joseph-H.
Codrington, Rear-Admiral Sir Edward.
Colborne, Col. Sir John, K.M.T., and St. G., 52nd Foot, Lieut.-Governor of Guernsey.
Cole, Captain Sir Christopher, R.N.
Cooke, Lieut.-Gen. Sir George, 77th Regiment, K.S.G. and W.
Dickson, Lieut.-Col. Sir Jeremiah.
Dickson, Lieut.-Col. Sir Alexander, K.T.S., Royal Artillery.
Disney, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Moore, 15th Foot.
Donkin, Major-Gen. Sir R. S.
Dixon, Vice-Admiral Sir Manley.
Douglas, Col. Sir James.
Doveton, Sir J., Major-Gen.
Doyle, Lieut.-Col. Sir J.-Milley, K.T.S.
Dundas, Hon. Col. Sir R. L., K.T.S.
D'Urban, Col. Sir Benjamin, K.T.S.
Durham, Rear-Admiral Sir P.-Charles.
Elley, Col. Sir John, K.M.T. and St. G.
Eyre, Rear-Admiral Sir George, Col. of Marines.
Fane, Major-Gen. Sir Henry, 4th Dragoon Guards.
Ferguson, Lieut.-Gen. Sir R. C.
Frazer, Lieut.-Col. Sir Augustus-Simon, Royal Artillery.
Gardiner, Lieut.-Col. Sir Robert-William.
Gomme, Lieut.-Col. Sir William-Maynard.
Gordon, Major-Gen. Sir J. W., bart.
Gordon, Captain Sir J. A., R.N.
Gore, Rear-Admiral Sir John.
Gould, Vice-Admiral Sir Davidge.
Grant, Major-Gen. Sir Colquhoun, K.S.W.J., and W.
Grant, Major-Gen. Sir Keir.
Greville, Hon. Major-Gen. Sir Charles-J.
Grey, Hon. Sir George, bart., Capt. R.N., Resident Commissioner at Portsmouth Dock-Yard.
Halkett, Major-Gen. Sir Colin, Lieut-Governor of Jersey.
Halsted, Vice-Admiral Sir L. W.
Hallowell, Rear-Admiral Sir Benjamin, K.T.
Hamilton, Capt. Sir Edward, bart., R.N.
Hardy, Capt. Sir T. M., bart., R.N.
Hardinge, Col. Sir Henry.
Hargood, Vice-Admiral Sir William.
Harvey, Admiral Sir Eliab.
Hill, Lieut.-Col. Sir Thomas-Noel, K.T.S.
Hope, Vice-Admiral Sir William-J.
Hope, Lieut.-Col. Sir James-A.
Hoste, Capt. Sir W. bart., R.N., K.M.T.
Hotham, Rear-Admiral Hon. Sir Henry.
Hotham, Rear-Admiral Sir William.
Houston, Lieut.-Gen, Sir William.
Howorth, Major-Gen. Sir E.
Jackson, Col. Sir R.-Downes.
Inglis, Major-Gen. Sir William.
Jones, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Richard.
Keane, Major-Gen. Sir John, Governor of St. Lucia.

King, Vice-Admiral Sir Richard, bart.
Knight, Admiral Sir John.
Laforey, Vice-Admiral Sir F., bart.
Lambert, Major-Gen. Sir John, K.S.W., M.J., and W.
Lee, Vice-Admiral Sir Richard.
Legge, Vice-Admiral Hon. Sir A. K.
Leith, Col. Sir Alexander.
Lowe, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Hudson, K.S.G.
Lumley, Hon. Lieut.-Gen. Sir William, Governor of Bermuda.
Lyon, Major-Gen. Sir James, K.S. and M.J., Lieut.-Governor of Portsmouth.
Mac Donald, Lieut.-Gen. Sir John.
Macfarlane, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Robert.
Maitland, Major-Gen. Sir Peregrine, K.S.W. Lieut.-Governor of Upper Canada.
M'Lean, Col. Sir John, K.T.S.
M'Lean, Major-Gen. Sir Hector.
Malcolm, Vice-Ad. Sir Pulteney.
Malcolm, Lieut.-Col. Sir James.
Marshall, Major-Gen. Sir Dyson.
May, Lieutenant-Col. Sir John, K.T.S. Royal Artillery.
Milne, Rear-Ad. Sir David, K.W.S.J.
Montresor, Lieut.-Gen. Sir H.-T.
Moore, Vice-Ad. Sir Graham.
Moorsom, Vice-Ad. Sir Robert.
Morris, Vice-Ad. Sir J.-N.
Munroe, Major-Gen. Sir T.
Nagle, Ad. Sir Edmund.
Nichols, Vice-Ad. Sir Henry.
Nightingall, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Miles.
O'Callaghan, Major-Gen. Hon. Sir R.-W.
Owen, Capt. Sir E.-W.-C.-R. R.N.
Paulett, Vice-Ad. Lord Henry.
Pellew, Vice-Ad. Sir Israel.
Penrose, Vice-Ad. Sir C.-V., K.F.M.
Pratt, Col. Sir Charles.
Pringle, Major-Gen. Sir W.-H.
Pritzler, Sir Theophilus, Major-Gen.
Power, Major-Gen. Sir Manley, K.T.S.
Robinson, Major-Gen. Sir F.-Philips.
Ross, Lieut.-Col. Sir Hew-D., K.T.S., Royal Artillery.
Rowley, Rear-Admiral Sir Charles, K.M.T.
Rowley, Rear-Admiral Sir Josias, bart.
Sawyer, Vice-Admiral Sir Herbert.
Scovell, Lieut.-Col. Sir Geo., Royal Waggon Train.
Seymour, Capt. Sir M., bart., R.N.
Smith, Vice-Admiral Sir W.-Sidney, K.S. and K.F.
Smith, Major-Gen. Sir Lionel.
Somerset, Major-Gen. Lord R.-E., K.M.T., S.W., and K.T.S.
Somerset, Col. Lord Fitzroy-James-Henry, K.M.T.
Staines, Capt. Sir Thomas, R.N., K.S.F.
Stopford, Vice-Admiral Hon. Sir Robert.
Stopford, Major-Gen. Hon. Sir Edward, K.T.S., 41st Foot.
Stovin, Lieut.-Col. Sir Frederick, 92nd Foot.
Sutton, Admiral Sir John.
Sutton, Col. Sir Charles, K.T.S.
Tyler, Vice-Admiral Sir Charles.
Talbot, Rear-Admiral Sir John, R.N.
Thornborough, Admiral Sir Edward.
Torrens, Major-Gen. Sir Henry, Col. Royal African Corps, K.T.S.
Trench, the Hon. Col. Sir R. Le Poer, knt., 74th Foot.
Trollope, Admiral Sir Henry.
Tucker, Capt. Sir Edward, R.N.
Vandeleur, Major-Gen. Sir J.-O., K.S.W., and M.J., 19th Dragoons.
Vere, Sir C.-Brooke, Col.
Vivian, Major-Gen. Sir R.-Hussey, K.M.T., and St. W.
Wale, Major-Gen. Sir Charles.
Warde, Lieut.-Gen. Sir H.
Wells, Vice-Admiral Sir John.
Whitshed, Admiral Sir J.-H.
Williams, Vice-Admiral Sir Thomas.
Williams, Lieut.-Col. Sir Richard.
Williams, Lieut.-Col. Sir E.-K., K.T.S.
Williams, Lieut.-Col. Sir William, K.T.S.
Wilson, Lieut.-Col. Sir James.
Yorke, Vice-Admiral Sir Joseph-Sydney.

GRAND CROSSES OF THE EAST INDIA COMPANY'S SERVICE.

Major-Gen. Sir John Malcolm, K.L.S.
Lieut.-Gen. Sir David Ochterlony.

KNIGHTS COMMANDERS OF THE EAST INDIA COMPANY'S SERVICE.

Barclay, Col. Sir Robert.
Blair, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Robert.
Brown, Major-Gen. Sir G.-S.
Dallas, Major-Gen. Sir Thomas.
Doveton, Major-Gen. Sir J..
Jones, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Richard.
Macdonald, Lieut.-Gen. Sir John.
M'Lean, Major-Gen. Sir Hector.
Marshall, Major-Gen. Sir Dyson.
Martindell, Major-Gen. Sir Gabriel.
Munro, Major-Gen. Sir Thomas.
Toone, Major-Gen. Sir William.
White, Major-Gen. Sir Henry.
Wood, Major-Gen. Sir G..

HONORARY KNIGHTS COMMANDERS.

Alava, Don M. D'
Arentschildt, Col. Fred. De.
Borgo, Gen. Pozzo di.
Dornberg, Major-Gen. William De.

OF THE BATH.

Hartmann, Lieut.-Col. Sir Julius.
Hertsberg, Lieut.-Col. Sir F. A. De.
Hinuber, Major-Gen. Sir Henry De.
La-Motte, Lieut.-Gen.
Linsingen, Lieut.-Gen. Charles, Count.
Low, Major-Gen. Sigismund, Baron.
Muffling, Major-General Baron De.
Nugent, Lieut.-Gen. Count.
Reede, General de.
Vincent, Gen. Baron.
Walmoden, Lieut.-Gen. Count.

THIRD CLASS.

Companions of the Order of the Bath, C. B. *unlimited as to number.*

Abercromble, Hon. A., Col., Coldstream Guards.
Acheson, Col. Hon. E., Coldstream Guards.
Adair, Thomas, Major, Royal Marines.
Adye, Stephen G., Lieut.-Col., Royal Artillery.
Alen, Lieut.-Col. Luke.
Alexander, Capt. Thomas (2.) R.N.
Aly, Lieut.-Col. Charles.
Aylmer, Hon. F. W., K.S.F., Capt. R.N.
Anderson, Major.-Gen. Paul.
Anderson, Lieut.-Col. Alexander.
Andrew, Capt. John-W., R.N.
Andrews, Lieut.-Col. Augustus.
Arbuthnot, Hon. Col. Hugh.
Arentschildt, Lieut.-Col. Victor.
Arguimbeau, Lieut.-Col. L.
Armstrong, Lieut.-Col. Richard.
Ashworth, Lieut.-Col. Charles.
Askew, Major-Gen. Sir Henry.
Austin, Capt. William-A., R.N.
Auchmuty, Lieut.-Col. Samuel-B., 7th Foot.
Bailey, Lieut.-Col. N. W., 80th Foot.
Baker, Capt. Henry.
Baker, Capt. Thomas, R.N., Col. of the Royal Marines, K.W.
Ballard, Capt. Volant-B., R.N.
Barclay, Lieut.-Col. de Lancey, 1st Foot Guards.
Baring, Lieut.-Col. G.
Barrie, Capt. Robert, R.N.
Barnes, Major-Gen. James-S., K.T.S.
Battersby, Lieut.-Col. Francis.
Bathurst, Major-Gen. James.
Beck, Lieut.-Col. Baron Adolphus.
Beckwith, Lieut.-Col. Charles, 95th Foot.
Bell, Lieut.-Col. John.
Bell, Major Thomas.
Bentinck, Lord Fred. Major-Gen.
Black, Capt. James, R.N.
Blackwell, Col. Nathaniel.
Blake, Lieut.-Col. William-W., 20th Dragoons.
Blantyre, Lord, Col. R.-W.
Bligh, Rear-Admiral John.
Bloye, Capt. Robert, R.N.
Bodecker, Lieut.-Col. Rudolphus.
Bosset, Lieut.-Col. Charles Philip de.
Bourke, Major-Gen. Richard.
Boyse, Lieut.-Col. Shapland, 13th Dragoons.
Brace, Capt. Edward, R.N., K.W., K.C.S.
Brand, Major-Gen. Hon. Henry, Coldstream Guards.
Bremer, Capt. James-J.-G., R.N.
Breymann, Major F.
Bridger, Lieut.-Col. James-P., 12th Dragoons.
Brisbane, Capt. Sir James, R.N.
Bromhead, Lieut.-Col. John, 77th Foot.
Brooke, Col. Arthur, 44th Foot.
Brooke, Lieut.-Col. Francis, 4th Foot.
Brotherton, Lieut.-Col. W.-Francis.
Brown, Lieut.-Col. Gustavus.
Brown, Lieut.-Col. Andrew, 79th Foot.
Brown, Lieut.-Col. John-F., 28th Foot.
Browne, Lieut.-Col. Fielding.
Bruce, Lieut.-Col. Charles.
Bryce, Col. Sir Alexander, Royal Engineers.
Buchan, Lieut.-Col. Sir John, K.T.S.
Buckner, Lieut.-Col. Richard, Royal Artillery.
Bulow, Lieut.-Col. J. Baron.
Bull, Lieut.-Col. Robert, Royal Artillery.
Burghersh, Col. John Lord, K.M.T. and K.F.
Burgoyne, Lieut.-Col. John-F., Royal Engineers.
Bullen, Capt. Charles, R.N.
Burke, Lieut.-Col. Thomas.
Bussche, Lieut.-Col. Baron Hans.
Bussche, Lieut.-Col. Baron Lewis.
Byron, Capt. Lord, Richard, R.N.
Cadogan, Hon. Capt. George, R.N.
Cameron, Lieut.-Col. Duncan, 79th Foot.
Cameron, Lieut.-Col. Alexander.
Campbell, Lieut.-Col. Sir Guy, bart.
Campbell, Lieut.-Col. Colin, 1st Foot.
Campbell, Sir Niel, knt.
Campbell, Lieut.-Col. John, 42nd Foot.
Campbell, Col. James, 94th Foot, K.T.S.
Campbell, Lieut.-Col. Archibald, 6th Foot.
Campbell, Lieut.-Col. William, 23d Foot.
Campbell, Capt. Patrick, R.N.
Cowell, Lieut.-Col. William, 42nd Foot.
Capel, Hon. Capt. B.-T., R.N.
Carcy, Lieut.-Col. Octavius.
Carrol, Capt. W.-F., R.N.
Carroll, Col. Sir William P., Charles III.
Chapman, Lieut.-Col. S.-R., Royal Engineers.
Cheney, Lieut.-Col. Edward, 2nd Dragoons.
Chetham, Capt. E., R.N.
Church, Lieut.-Col. Rich, K.F., and K.S.G. of Reunion of Naples.
Clarke, Lieut.-Col. Isaac, 2nd Dragoons.
Clarke, Lieut.-Col. Sir Richard.
Clifford, Capt. A.-W.-J., R.N.
Clifford, Lieut.-Col. Miller, 89th Foot.
Clifton, Lieut.-Col. Arthur-B., 1st Dragoons.
Coghlan, Captain Jeremiah, R.N.

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Coffin, Col. John-F., Royal Staff Corps.
Collier, Capt. Francis-Augustus, R.N.
Colquitt, Lieut.-Col. Good, 1st Foot Guards.
Copson, Col. Edward, 5th Foot.
Coode, Capt. John, R.N., K.F.
Cooke, Lieut.-Col. Henry-F., 83rd Foot, K.G.O. K.S.G.
Cooke, Lieut.-Col. Richard-H., 1st Horse Guards.
Corsellis, Lieut.-Col. Thomas.
Cother, Lieut.-Col. Charles.
Cross, Lieut.-Col. William, 36th Foot.
Cuming, Capt. William, R.N.
Curtis, Captain Sir Lucius, bart., R.N.
D'Arcy, Col. Robert, Royal Engineers.
Dalmer, Lieut.-Col. Thomas.
Dashwood, Lieut.-Col. Charles, 3rd Foot Guards.
Davies, Col. Lewis.
Davy, Lieut.-Col. William-Gabriel.
Dawes, Major-Gen. Thomas-Henry.
Dawson, Hon. Major George Lionel, 1st Dragoons.
Deacon, Lieut.-Col. Charles.
Dewar, Lieut.-Col. James.
Dick, Lieut.-Col. Robert H. 42nd Foot.
Digby, Captain Henry, R.N.
Dobbs, Alexander, Captain, R.N.
Dodgin, Lieut.-Col. Daniel, 66th Foot.
Doherty, Col. Patrick, 13th Dragoons.
Dorville, Lieut.-Col. Philip, 1st Dragoons.
Douglas, Major-Gen. Sir Howard, bart. K.C.S.
Douglas, Major Robert, Royal Artillery.
Douglas, Lieut.-Col. Neil, 79th Foot.
Downman, Lieut.-Col. Thomas, Royal Artillery.
Doyle, Major-Gen. Sir Charles-William.
Drummond, Major Percy, Royal Artillery.
Duncan, Captain Hon. Henry, R. N.
Duhantoy, Lieut.-Col. Alexis.
Dundas, Hon. Capt. George H.-L., R.N.
Dunkin, J. W. Lieut.-Col. 77th Foot.
Ekins, Rear-Ad. Charles.
Elder, Col. Sir George, knight.
Ellicombe, Lieut.-Col. Charles, Royal Engineers.
Elliott, Captain Wm. R.N.
Elphinstone, Lieut.-Col. Sir Howard, bart. Royal Engineers.
Elphinstone, Lieut.-Col. W.-K. 16th Dragoons, K.S.W. and K.S.A.
Erskine, Lieut.-Col. James, 48th Foot.
Eustace, Lieut.-Col. William-C.
Evans, Major Thomas, 70th Foot.
Ewart, Lieut.-Col. J.-F. 67th Foot.
Fahie, Wm.-C. Rear-Admiral, R.N.
Farquhar, Captain Arthur, R.N.
Faunce, Lieut.-Col. A.-D., 4th Foot.
Fead, Lieut.-Col. George, 1st Guards.
Fellowes, Capt. Thomas, R. N.
Fenwick, Lieut.-Col. Wm. Lieut.-Governor of Pendennis Castle.
Fitzgerald, Col. John-F., 60th Foot.
Fitzroy, Capt. Lord Wm., R.N.
Ford, Major John.
Forrest, Captain Thomas, R.N.
Fraser, Col. Hastings, 86th Foot.

Fremantle, Lieut.-Col. John, Coldstream Guards.
Fullarton, Major J.
Fyers, Lieut.-Col. Peter.
Gahan, Lieut.-Col. Robert.
Galiffe, Lieut.-Col. John, 60th Foot.
Gardiner, Col. John, 6th Foot.
Gibbs, Lieut.-Col. Edward
Gill, Captain Charles, R.N.
Gilmour, Col. Dugald, Rifle Brigade.
Godfrey, Capt. Wm. R.N.
Gold, Lieut.-Col. Charles, Royal Artillery.
Goldfinch, Lieut.-Col. Henry, Royal Engineers.
Gosset, Major Wm. K.S.F.
Gough, Lieut.-Col. Sir Hugh, knt., 87th Foot.
Grant, Capt. Charles, R.N.
Greenock, Lieut.-Col. Charles, Lord, K.S.A.
Greenwell, Lieut.-Col. Leonard, 45th Foot.
Gruben, Lieut.-Col., Baron.
Guise, Major-Gen. John, 3rd Foot Guards.
Halkett, Lieut.-Col. Hugh.
Hall, Lieut.-Col., Samuel.
Hamerton, Lieut.-Col. J.-M.
Hamilton, Lieut.-Col., Alex., 30th Foot.
Hamilton, Captain Gawen-Wm. R.N.
Hamilton, Lieut.-Col. Christopher.
Hammond, Captain Graham-E.-H., R.N.
Handcock, Captain John, R.N.
Harcourt, Col. Charles-A.
Hardyman, Captain Lucius, R.N.
Hare, Lieut.-Col. John, 27th Foot.
Hare, Lieut.-Col. R.-G., 12th Foot, K.S.W.
Harper, Captain John, R.N.
Harris, Hon. Major-Gen. Wm.-G.
Harris, Captain George, R.N.
Harrison, Lieut.-Col. John-B., 50th Foot.
Hartwig, Lieut.-Col. Frederick.
Harvey, Captain Booty, R.N.
Harvey, Lieut.-Col. John.
Harvey, Rear-Admiral Thomas, R.N., Col. Royal Marines.
Hawker, Lieut.-Col. J., Royal Artillery.
Hawkins, Lieut.-Col. John-P., 68th Foot.
Hay, Lieut.-Col. James, 16th Dragoons.
Hayes, Captain John, R.N.
Heise, Major Augustus-Henry-John.
Hepburn, Major-Gen. Francis, 3rd Foot Guards.
Herford, Lieut.-Col. Wm.
Heriott, Lieut.-Gen. Frederick-George.
Hetzler, Lieut.-Col. Robert.
Hicks, Lieut-Col. John, 32nd Foot.
Hill, Lieut.-Col. Sir Richard-C. knt., Horse Guards.
Hill, Lieut.-Col. Sir D. St. Leger, knt.
Hill, Lieut.-Col. J.-H.-E., 23rd Foot.
Hillyar, Captain James, R.N.
Holcombe, Lieut.-Col. Harcourt, Royal Artillery.
Holmes, Lieut-Col. George, 3rd Dragoon Guards.
Hope, Captain Henry, R.N.
Hornby, Captain Phipps, R.N.
Hoste, Major Sir George, knt. K.F. Royal Engineers.
Hughes, Major James, 18th Dragoons.
Hunt, Lieut.-Col. John-Philip.

John, Lieut.-Col. Henry.
Jackson, Capt. Samuel, R.N.
Johnstone, Col. Wm. 68th Foot.
Jones, Lieut.-Col. John-T., Royal Engineers.
Jones, Lieut.-Col. Arthur, 71st Foot.
Jonquieres, Lieut.-Col. C. de.
Jessopp, Major John, 44th Foot.
Keating, Col. Henry-S.
Kelly, Lieut.-Col. Dawson.
Kennah, Lieut.-Col. T.
Kennedy, Lieut.-Col. Michael.
Kerr, Captain Alexander, R.N.
Kerrison, Major-Gen. Sir Edward, bart., 7th Dragoons.
Keyt, Lieut.-Col. John, 51st Foot.
King, Col. the Hon. Henry.
Krauchenburgh, Lieut.-Col. G.
Kuhlman, Major H.
Lake, Rear-Admiral W., Royal Marines.
Latour, Lieut.-Col. P.-A.
Lawrence (2), Capt. John, R.N.
Lawson, Major Robert, Royal Artillery.
Leach, Lieut.-Col. Jonathan.
L'Estrange, Col. Guy, G.C., 31st Foot.
Lemoine, Major-Gen. John, Royal Artillery, K.F.
Lewis, Major George, R.M.
Lightfoot, Lieut.-Col. Thomas.
Lindsay, Lieut.-Col. Martin, 78th Foot.
Lindesay, Lieut.-Col. Patrick, 39th Foot.
Llewellyn, Lieut.-Col. Rich.
Linsingen, Lieut.-Col. Baron W.
Lockyer, Capt. Nicholas, R.N.
Loring, Capt. John-Wentworth, R.N.
Lutterman, Lieut.-Col. Frederick.
Lygon, Hon. Lieut.-Col. E.-P., 2nd Life Guards.
M'Creagh, Lieut.-Col. Michael.
M'Bean, Col. William, 54th Foot.
Macdonald, Major Robert, Royal Artillery.
Macdonald, Lieut.-Col. Alex., K.S.A., Royal Artillery.
Macdonald, Major R., 1st Foot.
Macdonald, Col. J.
Macdonald, Lieut.-Col. Donald, 92nd Foot.
Macdonnell, Lieut.-Col. James, Coldstream Guards, K.M.T., and St. W.
M'Donald, Capt. Colin, R.N.
Macdoual, Col. Robert.
Madden, Major-Gen. Sir Geo.-A., K.C. and K.T.S.
Mackie, Col. George, 60th Foot.
M'Kellar, Lieut.-Col. Neil.
Macleod, Lieut.-Col. George, Royal Engineers.
Macleod, Lieut.-Col. Alexander.
M'Leod, Col. John, 78th Foot.
M'Leod, Capt. Donald, R.N.
M'Leod, Lieut.-Col. Norman, Royal Scots.
Maclaine, Lieut.-Col. Archibald, K.C. (3.)
Macpherson, Lieut.-Col. Robert-B.
Maitland, Hon. Anthony, Captain R.N.
Maitland, Capt. Frederick-L., R.N.
Manners, Lieut.-Col. Russell, 74th Foot.
Manners, Col. Lord Charles-S., 3rd Dragoons.
Manners, Col. Lord Robert, 10th Dragoons.
Mansel, Lieut.-Col. John, 53rd Foot.
Maples, Capt. John-Fordyce, R.N.
Markland, Capt. John-D., R.N.
Marlay, Lieut.-Col. George.
Marshall, Capt. J., R.N.
Mason, Capt. F., R.N.
Maxwell, Major Stewart, Royal Artillery.
Maxwell, Lieut.-Col. Charles.
Maxwell, Capt. Sir Murray, R.N.
Maxwell, Lieut.-Col. William-George.
Mead, Hon. Col. John.
Mein, Lieut.-Col. N.A., 43rd Foot.
Mercer, Lieut.-Col. Douglas, 3rd Guards.
Middlemore, Lieut.-Col. George.
Miles, Lieut.-Col. Edward, 38th Foot.
Milne, Rear-Admiral Sir David, K.W.
Miller, Lieut.-Col. F.-S.
Miller, Lieut.-Col. Francis-M., 87th Foot.
Miller, Lieut.-Col. George, 95th Foot.
Milnes, Lieut.-Col. C. James.
Mitchell, Lieut.-Col. James, 92nd Foot.
Mitchell, Col. H.-H., 51st Foot.
Mitchell, Major Samuel, Rifle Brigade.
Money, Captain R., R.N.
Money, Lieut.-Col. Archibald, 11th Dragoons.
Montresor, Henry, Commander, R.N.
Munday, Captain G., R.N.
Montagu, Capt. W.-A., R.N.
Moresby, Capt. Fairfax, R.N.
Morrison, Lieut.-Col. Joseph-W.
Moore, Lieut.-Col. Lorenzo, 35th Foot.
Mounsey, Capt. William, R.N.
Moubray, Capt. R.-Hussey, R.N.
Mulcaster, Capt. W.-H., R.N.
Muller, Lieut.-Col. George.
Murray, Lieut.-Col. George-H., 16th Dragoons.
Murray, Hon. Lieut.-Col. Henry, 18th Dragoons.
Murray, Major-Gen. John.
Murray, Lieut.-Col. James-P.
Murray, Lieut.-Col. Sir Evan-J. M'Gregor, Lieut.-Col. 8th Dragoons.
Muskerry, Lord, Major-Gen.
Muttleberry, Lieut.-Col. George, 69th Foot.
Myers, Col. Christopher.
Napier, Lieut.-Col. W.-F.-P., 43rd Foot.
Napier, Lieut.-Col. Charles.
Napier, Lieut.-Col. George-T. 3rd Foot Guards.
Napier, Capt. Charles, R.N.
Newall, Lieut.-Col. David.
Newcombe, Capt. Francis, R.N.
Newman, Lieut.-Col. Frederick.
Nicolls, Major-Gen. James, 14th Foot.
Nicolas, John-Toup, Capt. R.N., K.C.F.M.
Nicolay, Major-Gen. William.
Norcott, Lieut.-Col. Amos-G., Rifle Brigade.
Nourse, Capt. Joseph, R.N.
Nooth, J. M., Lieut.-Col. 21st Foot.
Nugent, Major-Gen. John.
O'Brien, Lieut.-Col. Lucius-R.
Ogilvie, Lieut.-Col. James.
O'Hara, Lieut.-Col. Edward, 63rd Foot.
O'Malley, Lieut.-Col. George.

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Oswald, Lieut.-Col. Robert.
O'Toole, Lieut.-Col. Bryan.
Otway, Major-Gen. Sir Loftus, knt.
Pakenham, Lieut.-Col. Hon. H.-R.
Palmer, Capt. Edmund, R.N.
Parker, Lieut.-Col. John-B., Royal Artillery.
Parker, Capt. William, R.N.
Parry, Capt. W.-H.-W., R.N.
Paterson, Capt. William, R.N.
Patrickson, Col. C.-C., 43rd Foot.
Pearse, Capt. W.-H., R.N.
Pearson, Col. Thomas.
Pechell, Capt. Samuel-J., R.N.
Pelly, Lieut.-Col. Raymond, 33rd Foot.
Pellew, Hon. Capt. Fleetwood-B.-R., R.N.
Percival, Lieut.-Col. William.
Percy, Hon. Lieut.-Col. H., 14th Dragoons.
Petersdorff, Lieut.-Col. C. de.
Phillimore, Capt. John, R.N.
Piefold, Capt. J., R.N.
Pilkington, Lieut.-Col. Andrew.
Plenderleath, Lieut.-Col. Charles.
Pollock, Lieut.-Col. Thomas.
Popham, Lieut.-Col. George-M.
Ponsonby, Hon. Col. F.-C., 12th Dragoons.
Prescott, Capt. Henry, R.N.
Prevost, Col. William-A.
Prowse, Capt. William, R.N.
Pym, Capt. Samuel, R.N.
Pynn, Lieut.-Col. Sir Henry, knt., K.T.S.
Quentin, Col. George, 10th Dragoons.
Rainier, Capt. P., R.N.
Ramsay, Robert, Commander R.N.
Rathborne, Captain Wilson, R.N.
Reade, Major Sir Thomas, 27th Foot, K.F.
Reh, Lieut.-Col. Frederick.
Reeves, Lieut.-Col. George-J.
Reitzenstein, Lieut.-Col. Baron A.
Reynell, Col. Thomas, 71st Foot.
Rice, Lieut.-Col. Samuel, 51st Foot.
Richardson, Capt. Charles, R.N.
Ridge, Major Edward-J.
Robarts, Lieut.-Col. G.-J.
Roberts, Sam., Capt. R.N.
Robertson, Major-Gen. George-D.
Robertson, Lieut.-Col. Frederick de.
Robinson, Lieut.-Col. William, Marine Artillery.
Robinson, Lieut.-Col. W.-R.
Roche, Col. Sir P.-K.
Rodd, Capt. John, R.N.
Rogers, Major Thomas, Royal Artillery.
Rolt, Lieut.-Col. John.
Ross, Col. John, 66th Foot.
Ross, Capt. Charles-B.-H., R.N.
Ross, Col. John, Rifle Brigade.
Rotherham, Capt. Edward, R.N.
Rowan, Lieut.-Col. Charles, 52nd Foot.
Rooke, Col. Henry-W., 3rd Foot Guards.
Rudd, Lieut.-Col. John.
St. George, Major-Gen. J.-B.
Saltoun, George, Lord, Lieut.-Col. 1st Guards, K.M.T. and K.S.G.

Saluberry, Lieut.-Col. Charles-D.
Sayer, Captain George, (1) R.N.
Schomberg, Captain Charles-Marsh, R.N.
Scott, Captain George, R.N.
Scriven, Timothy, Captain, R.N.
Searle, Captain Thomas, R.N.
Seymour, Captain George-F., R.N.
Sharpe, Captain A. Renton, R.N.
Shawe, Lieut.-Col. Matthew, 84th Foot.
Silvester, Sir Phil.-Carteret, Captain R.N.
Sleigh, Lieut.-Col. James-W., 11th Dragoons.
Smith, Lieut.-Col. Sir J.-C., baronet, Royal Engineers, K.M.T. and S.W.
Smith, Lieut.-Col. Henry-G.
Smith, Captain John, R.N.
Smith, Lieut.-Col. Sir C.-F. knight.
Smith, Lieut.-Col. J.-W. Royal Artillery.
Snodgrass, Lieut.-Col. Kenneth.
Spencer, Captain Richard, R.N.
Straton, Lieut.-Col. Joseph, 5th Dragoons.
Stanhope, Hon. Lieut.-Col. Leicester, 47th Drag.
Stannus, Major E.-Gerrard.
Staunton, Major Francis-F.
Staveley, Lieut.-Col. Wm.
Stewart, Captain P.-Paterson, R.N.
Stewart, Hon. Lieut.-Col. James, 3rd Foot Guards.
Stewart, Col. David.
Stewart, Major-Gen. William.
Stuart, Hon. Major-Gen. W.
Stuart, Capt. Lord George, R.N.
Sullivan, Captain Thomas-Ball, R.N.
Sympher, Lieut.-Col. A.
Tayler, Captain Joseph-Needham, R.N.
Taylor, Major-Gen. John, 88th Foot.
Taylor, Col. George.
Thomas, Major Henry, 27th Foot.
Thornton, Col. Wm. 85th Foot.
Thornton, Lieut.-Col. Henry, 40th Foot.
Tidy, Lieut.-Col. F.-S. 14th Foot.
Tobin, Captain George, R.N.
Tolley, Col. Henry, 16th Foot.
Torrens, Lieut.-Col. R. 1st West India Regiment.
Travers, Col. Robert, 10th Foot, K.F.
Trollope, Captain George-B. R.N.
Tulloh, Lieut.-Col. Alexander, Royal Artillery.
Turner, Major-Gen. Charles.
Tweedale, Lieut.-Col. G., Marquess of, C.B., K.T.
Upton, Hon. Major-Gen. A.-P. 1st Foot Guards, K.M.J.
Usher, Captain Henry, R.N.
Vigoureux, Lieut.-Col. C.-A. 39th Foot.
Vincent, Captain Richard-Budd, R.N.
Viney, Lieut.-Col. James, Royal Artillery.
Waldegrave, Hon. Captain Granville-George, R.N.
Walker, Lieut.-Col. L. 71st Foot.
Walker, Rear-Admiral James, R.N. and K.T.S
Wallace, Major-Gen. Alex., 88th Foot.
Ward, Lieut.-Col. John-R.
Warren, Captain Charles, R.N.
Warren, Lieut.-Col. N.
Waters, Col. J.
Watson, Major-Gen. James, 14th Foot.

Way, Col. Sir G.-H.-B.
Whittingham, Col. Sir S.-Ford, K.F.
White, Lieut.-Col. W.-G., 48th Foot.
Wilkins, Lieut.-Col. George, Rifle Brigade.
Wilson, Lieut.-Col. George-D., 4th Foot.
Wilson, Col. Sir John, knight.
Williamson, Lieut.-Col. J.-S. Royal Artillery.
Willoughby, Capt. Nesbitt-J., R.N.
Wissel, Lieut.-Col. Augustus de.
Wise, Wm.-F. Captain R.N.
Wolfe, Captain George, R.N.
Wood, Col. Sir G.-A. knight, Royal Artillery, K.M.T. and K.S.W.
Wood, Rear-Admiral Sir James-A. knt. R.N.
Woodford, Col. A.-G. Coldstream Guards.
Woodford, Lieut.-Col. J.-G., 1st Foot Guards.
Woodgate, Col. Wm.
Wyatt, Col. Wm. Edgell.
Wylley, Lieut.-Col. Alexander-C. 7th Foot.
Zuhlcke, Lieut.-Col. George-Henry.

HONORARY COMPANIONS OF THE BATH.

Major-Gen. Brosin.
Major-Gen. Mareschal.
Major-Gen. Massow.
Major-Gen. O'Lalor.
Lieutenant-Col. his Highness Prince de la Tour and Taxis.
Major Baron Bodenhausen.
Major Schreibershofer.
Col. Washington.
Major Baumbach.
Major Rambergh.
Lieut.-Gen. Baron de Constant Rebecque.

OFFICERS OF THE EAST INDIA COMPANY.

Arnold, Major-Gen. John.
Adams, Col. J.-W.
Anbury, Lieut.-Col. Thomas.
Agnew, Major P. Vans.
Burnett, Lieut.-Col. John.
Blacker, Lieut.-Col. Valentine.
Bowen, Lieut.-Col. Henry.
Caldwell, Lieut.-Col. James-L.
Caldwell, Lieut.-Col. Alex.
Casement, Lieut.-Col. Wm.
Colebrooke, Lieut.-Col. John.
Cooper, Lieut.-Col. Wm.-H.
Cornway, Lieut.-Col. T.-H.-S.
Crosdill, Lieut.-Col. John.
Doveton, Col. Richard.
Dickson, Major Wm.
East, Col. Wm.
Elliot, Lieut.-Col. Wm.
Grant, Lieut.-Col. Alexander.
Gregory, Major-Gen. Robert.
Haldane, Major-Gen. Robert.
Hewitt, Col. W.-H.
Houstan, Lieut.-Col. Robert.
Innes, Major Wm.
Imlach, Lieut.-Col. Wm.
Johnson, Lieut.-Col. John.
Keating, Major Michael.
Knowles, Lieut.-Col. Joseph.
Lushington, Major James-L.
Lawrey, Major Thomas.
Ludlow, Lieut.-Col. John.
Mackenzie, Major John.
Macleod, Lieut.-Col. Donald.
Macleod, Lieut.-Col. Alex.
M'Dowall, Lieut.-Col Andrew.
Mason, Lieut.-Col. George.
Munt, Lieut.-Col. Henry.
Noble, Major John.
O'Halloran, Lieut.-Col. Joseph.
Prother, Lieut.-Col. David.
Paton, Major Robert.
Raban, Lieut.-Col. George.
Russell, Lieut.-Col. James.
Scott, Col. Robert.
Scott, Col. Hopetown.
Shapland, Lieut.-Col. John.
Smith, Lieut.-Col. Henry-F.
Thomas, Major-Gen. Lewis.
Thompson, Lieut.-Col. W.-A.
Worsley, Col. Henry.
Wood, Lieut.-Col. Samuel.
Wood, Lieut.-Col. Thomas.
Yule, Lieut.-Col. Udney.

OFFICERS OF THE SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES.

Garter King at Arms, Officer of Arms attendant upon the K.C.B. and Companions—Sir George Nayler, knt.
Secretary to the Second and Third Classes of the Order—William Woods, esq. (Bluemantle Pursuivant.)

THE MOST ILLUSTRIOUS ORDER OF ST. PATRICK.

Instituted by King George III., Feb. 5, 1783.

Consisting of the sovereign, a grand master, a prince of the blood royal, and thirteen knights, with seven officers.—The lord-lieutenant of Ireland for the time being is the grand master.

Motto—Quis separabit ?

KNIGHTS OF THE ORDER OF ST. PATRICK.

THE SOVEREIGN.

Richard-Colley Wellesley, Marquess Wellesley, K.G., K.C., K.S.I.,
Grand Master.

FIFTEEN KNIGHTS COMPANIONS.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland.

Earl of Carysfort.
Marquess Conyngham.
Marquess of Waterford.
Marquess of Headfort.
Marquess of Ely.
Earl of Shannon.
Earl O'Neill.
Marquess of Thomond.
Marquess of Sligo.
Earl of Enniskillen.
Earl of Longford.
Marquess of Donnegall.
Earl Talbot.
Earl of Caledon.

EXTRA KNIGHTS.

Marquess of Ormonde and Ossory.
Earl of Meath.
Earl of Fingal.
Earl of Courtown.
Earl of Roden.

OFFICERS OF THE ORDER.

Prelate of the Order—His grace the Lord Primate of all Ireland, the Right Hon. Lord John-George De-la-Poer Beresford, Lord Archbishop of Armagh.
Chancellor—Archbishop of Dublin.
Registrar—Dean of St. Patrick.
Secretary—
Genealogist—Sir Stewart Bruce, bart.
Usher of the Black Rod—Sir Charles Vernon, knt.
Ulster King of Arms attending the Order—Sir William S. Betham, knt.

THE MOST DISTINGUISHED ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE.

Instituted 27th April, 1818, for the United States of the Ionian Islands, and for the ancient sovereignty of Malta and its dependencies.

Consisting of eight Knights Grand Crosses, twelve Knights Commanders, and twenty-four Knights, exclusive of British subjects, holding high and confidential employments in the service of the said United States, and in the government of Malta and its dependencies.

OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE.

THE SOVEREIGN.

Grand Master.

FIRST CLASS.

KNIGHTS GRAND CROSSES.

Lieut.-Gen. Sir Frederick Adam, K.C.B., Lord High Commissioner.

First and principal Knight Grand Cross for the time being, the Admiral Commander-in-chief of all his Majesty's ships and vessels in the Mediterranean, (now Vice-Admiral Sir Harry Neale, bart., G.C.B.)

Vice-Admiral Sir Charles V. Penrose, K.C.B.

Ionian Islands.

His Highness Emanuel Baron Theotoky, of Corfu, President of the Senate of the United States of the Ionian Islands.

The Most Illustrious Senator the Noble Stamo Calichiopulo, of Corfu.

The Noble Antonio Count Cornuto, of Zante.

Malta.

The Most Illustrious Doctor Giuseppe-Borg Olivier, late President of his Majesty's High Court of Appeal, and late Member of the Supreme Council of Justice for the Island of Malta and its dependencies.

The Most Illustrious Doctor Raffaele Crispino Xerri, Member of the Supreme Council of Justice for the Island of Malta and its dependencies.

The Right Honorable Frederick North, Earl of Guilford, D.C.L., Chancellor of the University of the United States of the Ionian Islands.

SECOND CLASS.

KNIGHTS COMMANDERS.

The Most Noble Vettor Caridi, of Cephalonia.

The Most Noble Antonio Count Theotoky, of Corfu.

The Most Noble Dionisio Bulzo, of Zante.

Lieut.-Col. Sir Frederick Hankey, Secretary to the Lord High Commissioner of the Protecting Sovereign, Secretary to the Most Noble the Primary Council and Legislative Assembly of the Ionian Islands.

Sir Richard Plasket, late Secretary to the Most Noble the Primary Council and Legislative Assembly of the Ionian Islands, and his Majesty's Chief Secretary for the Island of Malta and its dependencies.

Colonel Sir Patrick Ross, Lieut.-Col. of the 75th Regiment, and Resident for the Lord High Commissioner in the Island of Zante.

Captain the Hon. Sir Anthony Maitland, C.B., Commodore commanding the Squadron of his Britannic Majesty in the Mediterranean.

The Most Noble Count Niccolo Anino Anastasio, of Cephalonia, Senator.

The Most Noble Giovanni Cappadoca, of Corfu, Member of the Supreme Council of Justice.

The Most Noble Marino Veja, of Cephalonia, President of the Legislative Assembly.

Colonel Sir Frederick Stovin, K.C.B., late Resident at St. Maura.

Sir Alexander Wood, late his Majesty's Chief Secretary for the Government of Malta, and for the Ionian States, Resident, &c.

The Most Noble B. Zavo, of Ithaca, Senator.

The Most Noble Count Demetrio Foscardi, of Zante, Senator.

The Most Noble Calichiopulo Manzaro, President of the Primary Council.

THIRD CLASS.

KNIGHTS.

The Most Noble Giovanni Ulelessino, of Zante.

The Noble Giulio Domenichino, of Zante.

The Most Noble Pietro Petrizzopulo, of Santa Maura.

The Noble Paolo Cappadoca, of Corfu.

The Noble Demetrio Valsamachi, of Cephalonia.

The Noble Andrea Mustoxidi, of Corfu.

The Noble Paolo Prossaleudi, of Corfu.

The Noble Pandasin Caridi, of Cephalonia.

The Noble Marco Carrazzia, of Corfu.

OFFICERS OF THE ORDER.

Prelate for the Ionian Islands—Monsignor Vescovo Macario, Provisionary Head of the Greek Church.

Prelate for Malta—The Most Reverend Doctor Giuseppe-Bartolomeo Xerri, Archdeacon and First Dignitary of the Cathedral Church of Malta.

King of Arms—Sir George Nayler, knt.

Registrar— —— Maclean, esq.

Secretary—Lieut.-Col. Sir Frederick Hankey, Knight Commander of the Order, &c. &c. &c.

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SCALE OF PRECEDENCY.

MALE.

The King.
King's Sons.*
King's Grandsons.
King's Brothers.
King's Uncles.
King's Nephews.
Prince Leopold of Saxe Coburg.
Archbishop of Canterbury, Lord Primate of all England.
Lord High Chancellor, or Lord Keeper, being a Baron.
Archbishop of York, Primate of England.
Lord High Treasurer.
Lord President of the Privy Council.
Lord Privy Seal.
Lord Great Chamberlain.
} Being of the degree of Barons.
Lord High Constable.
Earl Marshal.
Lord High Admiral.
Lord Steward of his Majesty's Household.
Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household.
Dukes according to their Patents.
Eldest Sons of Dukes of the Blood Royal.
Marquesses according to their Patents.
Dukes' eldest Sons.
Earls according to their Patents.
Younger Sons of Dukes of the Blood Royal.
Marquesses' eldest Sons.
Dukes' younger Sons.
Viscounts according to their Patents.
Earls' eldest Sons.
Marquesses' younger Sons.
Bishops of London, Durham, Winchester, and all other Bishops, according to their seniority of Consecration.
Barons according to their Patents.
Speaker of the House of Commons.
Treasurer,
Comptroller,
Vice-Chamberlain,
} of the Household.
Secretary of State, being under the degree of a Baron.
Viscounts' eldest Sons.
Earls' youngest Sons.
Barons' eldest Sons.
Knights of the Garter.
Privy Counsellors.
Chancellor of the Exchequer.
Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.
Lord Chief Justice of the King's Bench.
Master of the Rolls.
Vice-Chancellor.
Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas.
Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer.
Judges of the King's Bench.
Judges of the Common Pleas.
Barons of the Exchequer.
Bannerets made by the King himself, in person, under the royal standard, displayed in an army royal, in open war.
Viscounts' younger Sons.
Barons' younger Sons.
Baronets.
Bannerets not made by the King himself in person.
Knights of the Thistle.
Knights Grand Crosses of the Bath.
Knights of St. Patrick.
Knights Commanders of the Bath.
Companions of the Bath.
Knights Bachelors.
Eldest Sons of the younger Sons of Peers.
Knights of the Garter's eldest Sons.
Bannerets' eldest Sons.
Baronets' eldest Sons.
Knights of the Thistle and Bath's eldest Sons.
Knights' eldest Sons.
Baronets' younger Sons.
Esquires of the King's Body.
Gentlemen of the Privy Chamber.
Esquires of the Knights of the Bath.
Esquires by Creation.
Esquires by Office.
Younger Sons of Knights of the Garter.
Younger Sons of Bannerets.
Younger Sons of Knights of the Bath.
Younger Sons of Knights Bachelors.
Gentlemen.

* The King's eldest son is Prince of Wales.

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FEMALE.

The Queen.
Princess of Wales.
Princesses, Daughters of the King.
Princesses and Duchesses, Wives of the King's Sons.
Wives of the King's Brothers.
Wives of the King's Uncles.
Wives of the eldest Sons of Dukes of the Blood Royal.
Daughters of Dukes of the Blood Royal.
Wives of the King's Brothers' or Sisters' Sons.
Duchesses.
Marchionesses.
Wives of the eldest Sons of Dukes.
Daughters of Dukes.
Countesses.
Wives of the eldest Sons of Marquesses.
Daughters of Marquesses.
Wives of the youngest Sons of Dukes.
Viscountesses.
Wives of the eldest Sons of Earls.
Daughters of Earls.
Wives of the younger Sons of Marquesses.
Baronesses.
Wives of the eldest Sons of Viscounts.
Daughters of Viscounts.
Wives of the youngest Sons of Earls.
Wives of the eldest Sons of Barons.
Daughters of Barons.
Maids of Honour.
Wives of the younger Sons of Viscounts.
Wives of the younger Sons of Barons.
Baronetesses.
Wives of Knights of the Garter.
Wives of Bannerets of each kind.
Wives of Knights of the Bath.
Wives of Knights Bachelors.
Wives of the eldest Sons of the younger Sons of Peers.
Wives of the eldest Sons of Baronets.
Daughters of Baronets.
Wives of the eldest Sons of Knights of the Garter.
Daughters of Knights of the Garter.
Wives of the eldest Sons of Bannerets.
Daughters of Bannerets.
Wives of the eldest Sons of Knights of the Bath.
Daughters of Knights of the Bath.
Wives of the eldest Sons of Knights Bachelors.
Daughters of Knights Bachelors.
Wives of the youngest Sons of Baronets.
Daughters of Knights.
Wives of the Esquires of the King's Body.
Wives of the Esquires of the Knights of the Bath.
Wives of Esquires by Creation.
Wives of Esquires by Office.
Wives of the younger Sons of Knights of the Garter.
Wives of the youngest Sons of Bannerets.
Wives of the younger Sons of Knights of the Bath.
Wives of the younger Sons of Knights Bachelors.
Wives of Gentlemen.
Daughters of Esquires.
Daughters of Gentlemen.

ARTICLES OF UNION REGARDING PRECEDENCY.

SCOTLAND.

"All Peers of Scotland shall be Peers of Great Britain, and have rank next after the Peers of the like degree in England, at the time of the Union, which commenced the 1st of May, 1707, and before all Peers of Great Britain of the same degree created after the Union."—*23rd Art. of Union with Scotland*, 5 Anne, ch. 8.

IRELAND.

"The Lords of Parliament, on the part of Ireland, shall have the same privileges as the Lords, on the part of Great Britain; and all the Lords spiritual of Ireland shall have rank next after the Lords spiritual of the same rank of Great Britain, and shall enjoy the same privileges (except those depending upon sitting in the House of Lords); and the temporal Peers of Ireland shall have rank next after the Peers of the like rank in Great Britain, at the time of the Union; and all Peerages of Ireland, and of the United Kingdom, created after the Union, shall have rank according to creation; and all Peerages of Great Britain and Ireland shall, in all other respects, be considered as Peerages of the United Kingdom; and the Peers of Ireland shall enjoy the same privileges, (except those depending upon sitting in the House of Lords.)"—*Art. of Union with Ireland*, 39 and 40 Geo. III. cap. 67.

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HERALDIC DISTINCTIONS.

ARMS OF A BACHELOR.

A Bachelor may quarter his paternal coat of arms with other coats, if they appertain to him; but he cannot impale it while he remains unmarried.

ARMS OF A MARRIED MAN.

A man, when married, is to conjoin the coat armours of himself and his wife in one escutcheon paleways:—the male upon the dexter side, the female on the sinister.

ARMS OF AN HEIRESS.

The arms of an heiress, when she marries, are not to be impaled with her husband's, but are to be borne upon an escutcheon of pretence, in the centre of the shield. If there be issue of the marriage, the heir shall bear the hereditary coat armours of both his parents quarterly.

ARMS OF A WIDOW.

A widow's arms are to be impaled with those of her deceased husband; his on the dexter side, hers on the sinister.

ARMS OF A COMMONER MARRYING A LADY OF RANK.

A commoner, espousing a peeress in her own right, cannot impale her arms with his own; they are to be set aside in a separate shield, as the lady does not relinquish her title or rank.

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PRIVILEGES OF THE PEERAGE.

Peers are free from all arrest for debts, and cannot be outlawed in any civil action; nor can any attachment lie against their persons.

They are exempt from attending *courts-leet* or *sheriffs' turns;* or, in case of riot, the posse comitatus.

When arraigned for any criminal offence, it must be before their peers, who return a verdict, not upon oath, but upon honor.

Peers are tried in courts erected specifically for the purpose, in the centre of Westminster Hall, at the expense of the crown, which courts are pulled down so soon as the investigation terminates.

By the law denominated *scandalum magnatum*, any man convicted of spreading a scandalous report regarding a peer of the realm, no matter whether true or false, is subject to an arbitrary fine, and to remain in prison until the same be discharged.

Peers have the privilege of sitting covered in courts of justice, during their proceedings.

Peers of parliament have the privilege of franking letters; but it is as members of parliament, not as peers.

THE END.

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LONDON.

PUBLISHED BY HENRY COLBURN NEW BURLINGTON STREET.

MDCCCXXVI.

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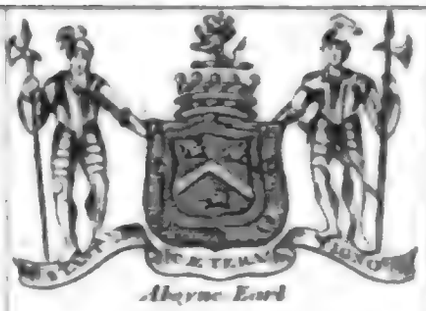
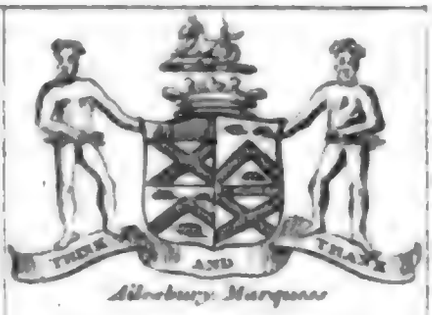
Abfo. Bart.

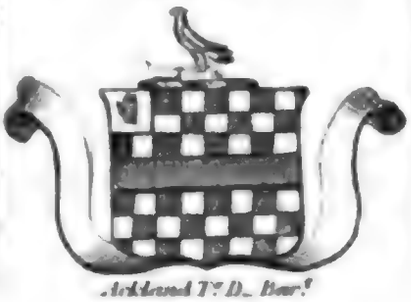


Aberne Earl



Aldesbury Marquess

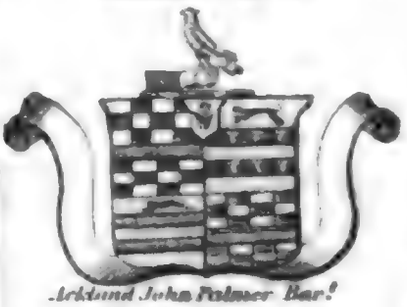
Aberdeen Marquess



Ashland Tho. D. Bart.

Ainslie Bart.

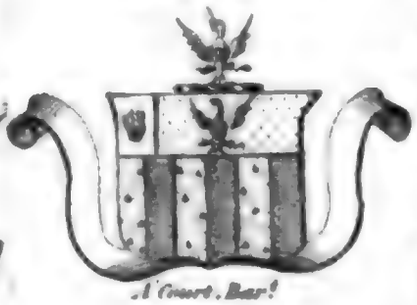
Abercrombie Baron



Ashland John Palmer Bart.

Albemarle Earl

Aberdeen Earl



A'Court Bart.

Aldborough Earl

Abergavenny Earl

Acton Bart.

Alexander Bart.

Abingdon Earl

Affleck Bart.

Alva Viscr.

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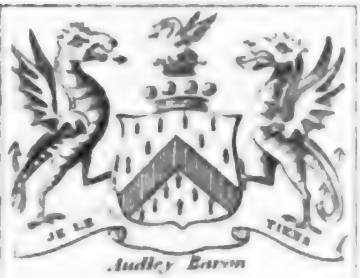
Arundel Baron

Astley Jacob Bart



Audley Baron

Ashbrook Vicc

Astley John D. Bart

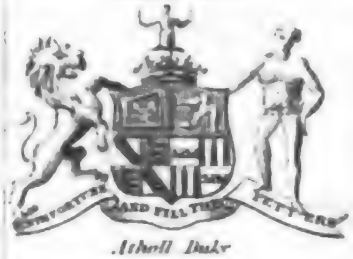
Avonmore Vicc

Ashburnham Earl

Athlone Earl

Ailesford Earl

Ashburnham Bart



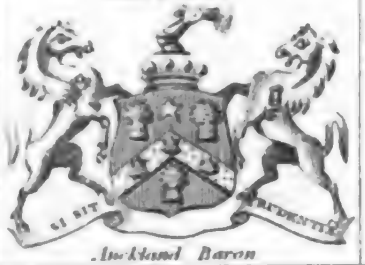
Atholl Duke

Ashmer Baron

Ashtown Baron

Aubrey Bart

Aston Baron



Auckland Baron

Digitized by Google

Baillie, Bar.t

Ball, Bar.t

Baird, Bar.t

Bampfylde, Bar.t

Baker of Dunstable, Bar.t

Bandon, Earl

Baker of Loventor, Bar.t

Bangor, Visc.t

Bacon, Bar.t

Baker of Axbeambe, Bar.t

Bantry, Earl

Baget, Baron

Balcarres, Earl

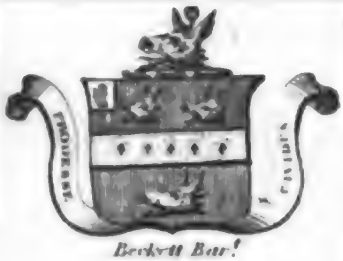
Barham, Baron

G. J. & J. Shede sc. 352 Strand

Digitized by Google

Baring Bar.t

Bathurst Earl



Beckett Bar.t

Barlow Bar.t

Bayntes Bar.t

Beckwith Bar.t

Barrington Vis.t

Barning Baron

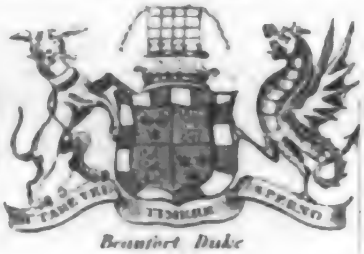
Bedford Duke

Barrington Bar.t

Beauchamp Earl

Bedingfield Bar.t

Bateson Bar.t



Beaufort Duke

Berwick Bar.t

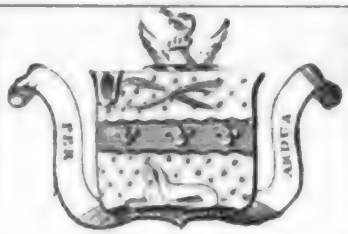
Bath Marquess

Beaumont Bar.t

Bethune of Stratton Baron

Digitized by Google

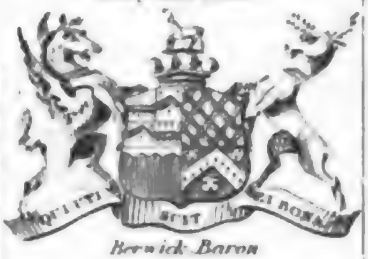
Bellingham Bart.



Berry Edw.d Bart.

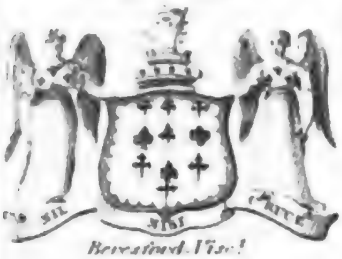
Bickerton Bart.

Belmore Earl



Berwick Baron

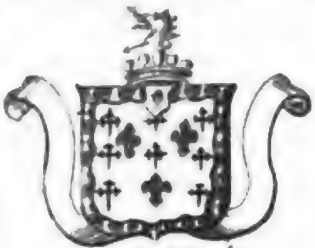
Biddulph Bart.



Beresford Wat.r

Bertie Bart.

Blackett Bart.



Beresford Bart.

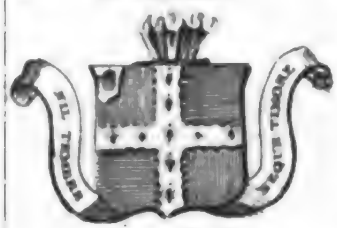
Beshborough Earl

Blackwood Bart.

Berkeley Earl

Beverley Earl

Blair Hunter Bart.



Berney Bart.

Bexley Baron

Blake Jn.o Bart.

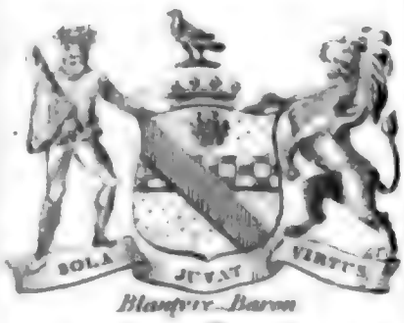
G. F. C. T. Neale sc. No. Strand

Digitized by Google

Blake Francis_Bart

Blakiston_Bart

Blane_Bart



Blanpiy_Baron

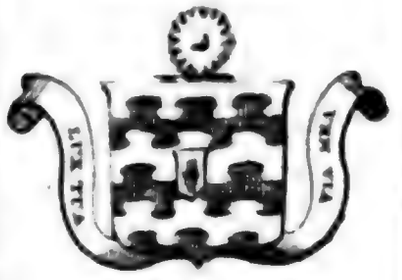
Blarney_Baron

Bleunerhasset_Bart

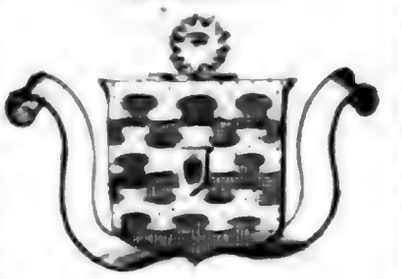
Blessington_Earl

Blois_Bart

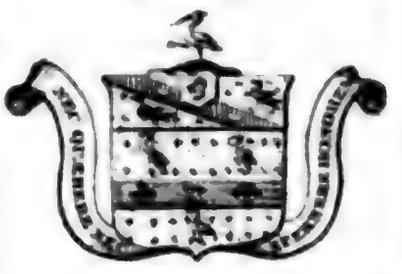
Blomefield_Bart



Blount_Bart



Blunt_Bart



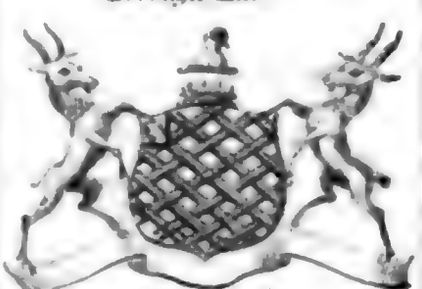
Boevey_Bart

Bolingbroke_Viscr

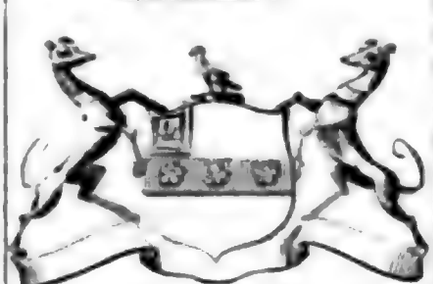
Bolton_Baron

Boothby_Bart

Borough_Bart

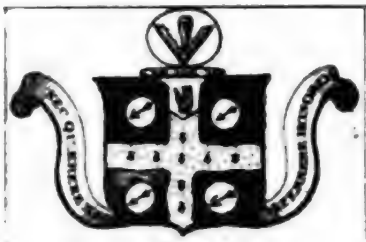


Boston_Bart

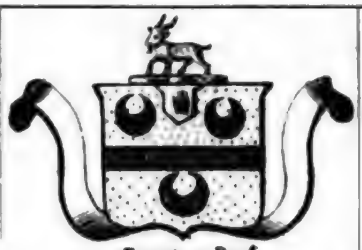


Boswell_Bart

Digitized by Google

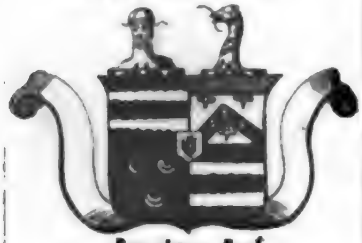


Boughey Fletcher Bart



Boynton Bart

Brydges Bart



Boughton Bart

Bradford Earl

Bridgewater Earl

Bowyer Bart

Brandon Baron

Bridport Baron

Boyd Bart

Brayebrooke Baron

Brian Bart

Boyle Baron

Breadalbane Earl

Bristol Earl

Bayne Vice

Brenton Bart

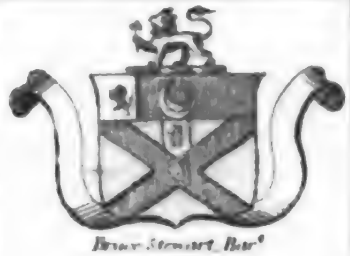
Bredrick Baron

G. J. & J. Neale sc. Alex Strand

Digitized by Google

Brograve Bart.

Brooke Bt. Bart.


Bruce Stewart Bart.

Brooke Bart.

Broughton Bart.

Brydges Bart.

Brownlow Bart.

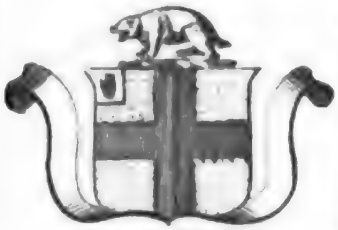
Brown Bart.

Bunbury Duke

Bromley Bart.

Brownlow Earl

Burdett Earl


Brooke Rt. Bart.

Brownrigg Bart.

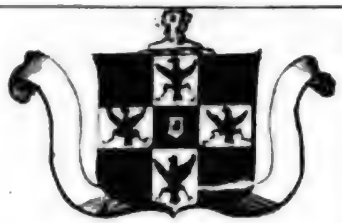
Buckingham Duke

Brooke of Oakley Bart.

Bruce Jt. Bart.

Buckinghamshire Earl

Digitized by Google



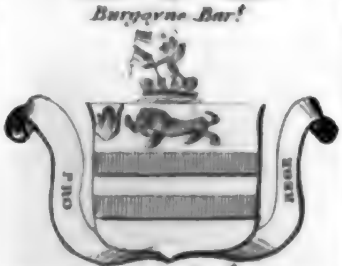
Buller_Bar.t

Bunbury_Bar.t

Burdett F_Bar.t

Burdet C.W._Bar.t

Burgoyne_Bar.t



Burnaby_Bar.t

Burrard_Bar.t

Burrell_Bar.t

Burroughs_Bar.t

Burton_Bar.t

Bute_Marquess

Buxton_Bar.t

Byron_Baron

G. & J. Neale sc. 3.5 Strand

Cadogan_Earl

Cambridge_Duke Royal

Caithness_Earl

Camden_Marquess

Caledon_Earl

Cameron_Bar.t

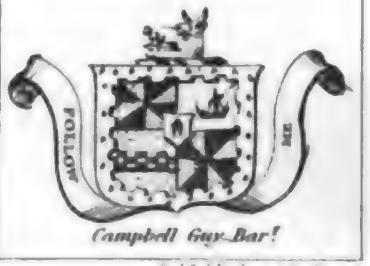
Call_Bar.t

Campbell Archibald_Bar.t

Calthorpe_Baron

Campbell Alex.r Bar.t

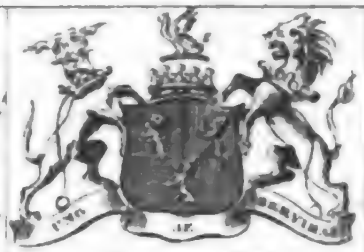
Calvert_Bar.t



Campbell Guy_Bar.t

Digitized by Google

Carbery, Baron



Caernarvon Earl

Castle Coote, Baron

Cardigan Earl

Carrick Earl

Castlemaine, Visc.

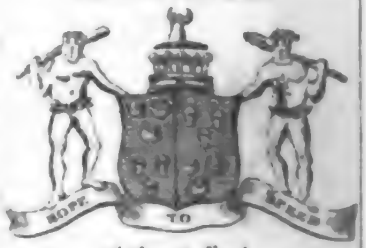
Carew, Bar.

Carrington, Baron

Castle Stewart, Earl

Carhampton, Earl

Carteret, Baron



Cathcart, Earl

Carleton, Visc.

Cayzelet, Earl

Carrick, Earl

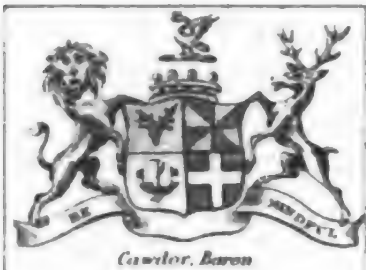
Carlisle, Earl

Cassilis, Earl

Cave, Bar.

E. J. & J. Neale sc. Westminster

Digitized by Google



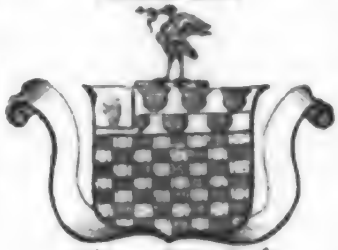
Cawdor, Baron

Chatham, Earl

Chichester, Earl

Cayley, Bart.

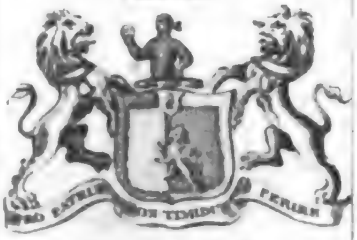
Chatterton, Bart.


Chichester, Arthur, Bart.

Chad, Bart.

Chesterfield, Earl

Chichester of Government, Bart.



Champneys, Bart.

Chetwode, Bart.

Chetwodey, Bart.

Charlemont, Earl

Chetwynd, Bart.

Cholmondeley, Marquess

Charleville, Earl

Chetwynd, Bart.

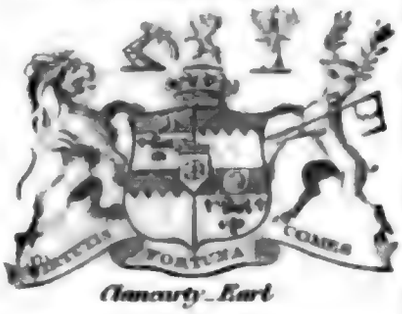
Churchill, Baron

Digitized by Google

Clanbrassil. Earl

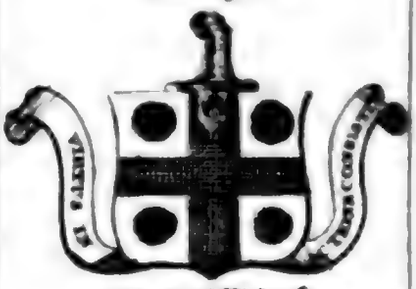
Clarence. Duke Royal

Clavering. Bar.t



Clancarty. Earl

Clarendon. Earl



Clayton Wm. Bar.t

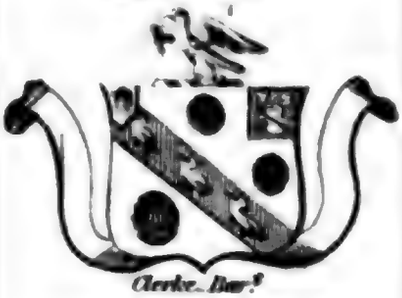
Clanmorris. Baron

Clarina. Baron

Clayton Rd. Bar.t

Clanricarde. Marq.s

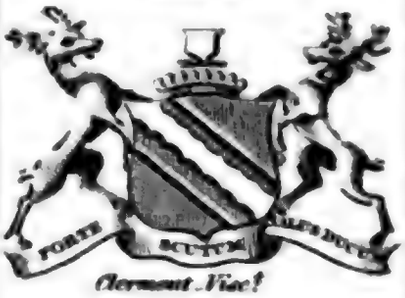
Clayes. Bar.t



Clerke. Bar.t

Clanwilliam. Earl

Clarke Simon H. Bar.t



Clermont. Vic.t

Clare. Earl

Clarke Wm. Hy. Bar.t

Clifden. Vic.t

G J & J Neale sc. 33 Strand

Clifford Baron

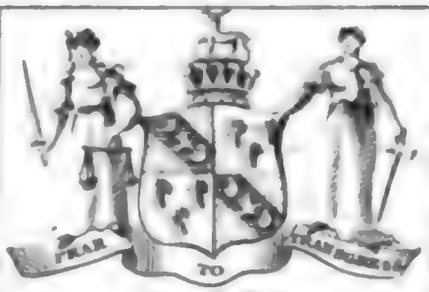
Clifton Bar.t

Clinton & Saye Baron

Clive Earl

Clonbrook Baron

Clonmorris Baron



Clonmell Earl

Cockerell Bar.t

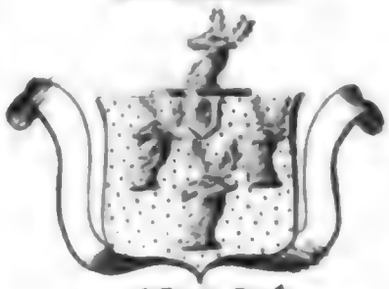
Codrington Bar.t

Coffin Bar.t

Coghill Bar.t

Colchester Baron

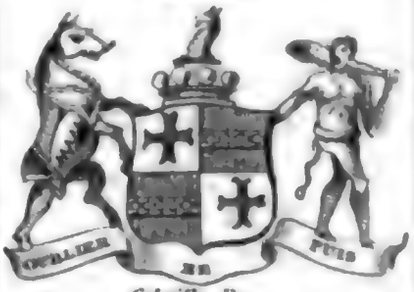
Colebrooke Bar.t



Colleton Bar.t

Colquhoun Bar.t

Colt Bar.t



Colville Baron

Comberemere Baron

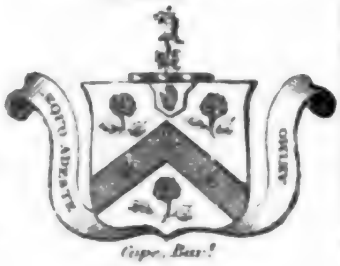
Digitized by Google

Congreve, Bart.

Coote, Bart.

Cornwallis, Earl

Conway, Baron



Cope, Bart.

Cotterell, Bart.

Constable, Bart.

Copley, Bart.

Cotton, Bart.

Cornwallis, Marquess

Corbet, Bart.

Coventry, Earl

Coke, Bart.

Cockburn, Earl

Courtenay, Visc.

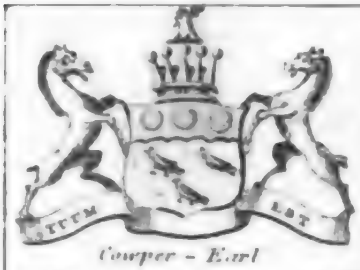
Cooper, Bart.

Cornwall, Bart.

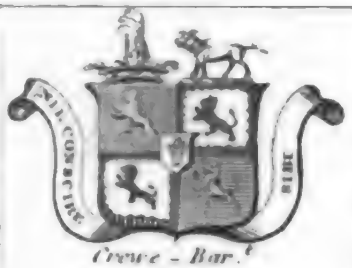
Courtown, Earl

C. J. & J. Neale sc. S. Sly Sculp.

Digitized by Google



Cowper - Earl



Crewe - Bar.t

Cumberland Duke Royal

Cranstoun - Baron

Croft Tho.s E. - Bar.t

Cunliffe - Bar.t

Craven - Earl

Croft John - Bar.t

Curtis L. - Bar.t

Crawford bar.t

Crofton - Baron

Curtis Wm. - Bar.t

Cremorne - Baron

Crofton - Bar.t

Cuyler - Bar.t

Crewe - Baron

Cullum - Bar.t

Digitized by Google

Dacre Baron.

Darlington Earl.

Dalhousie Earl.

Darnley Earl.

Dallas Bar.

Dartmouth Earl.

Dalling Bar.

Dashwood Bar.

Dalrymple Bar.

Davie Bar.

Darell Bar.

Davy Bar.

© J. L. J. Neale sc. 35 Strand

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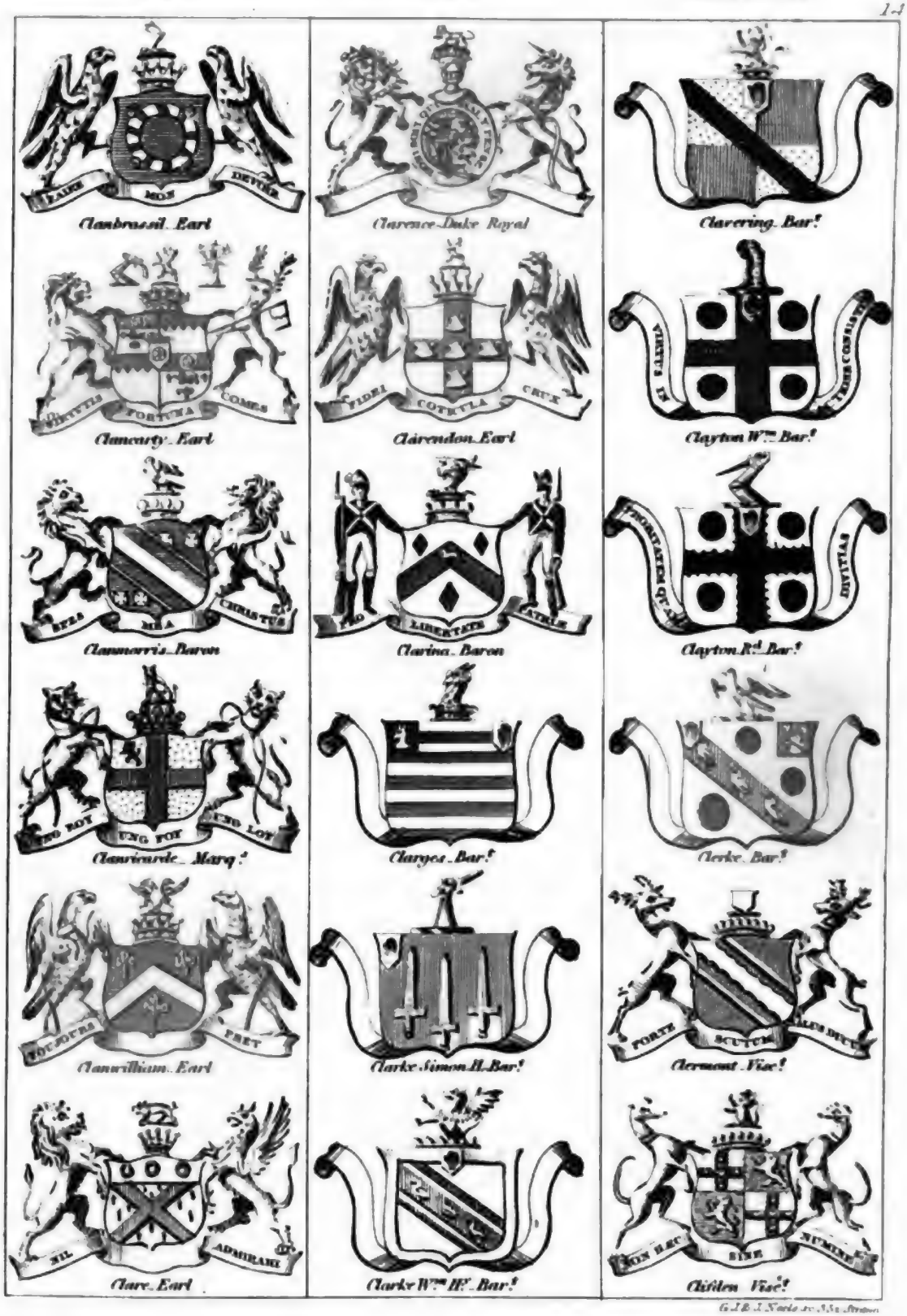
G.J.&J.Neele sc. 355 Strand

Digitized by Google



Clanbrassil. Earl — Clarence. Duke Royal — Clavering. Bar.t

Clancarty. Earl — Clarendon. Earl — Clayton Wm. Bar.t

Clanmorris. Baron — Clavina. Baron — Clayton Rd. Bar.t

Clanricarde. Marq.t — Clarges. Bar.t — Clerke. Bar.t

Clanwilliam. Earl — Clarke Simon H. Bar.t — Clermont. Visc.t

Clare. Earl — Clarke Wm. H. Bar.t — Clifden. Visc.t

G. J. B. J. Nichols sc. 25, Sa. Strand

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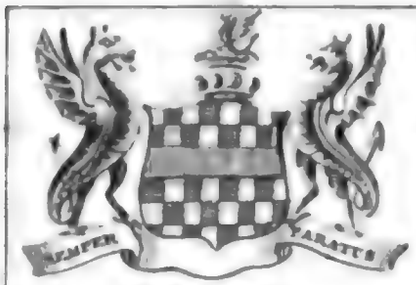
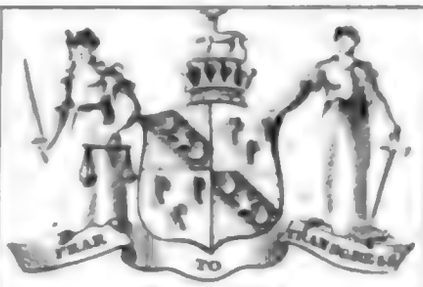


Clifford Baron

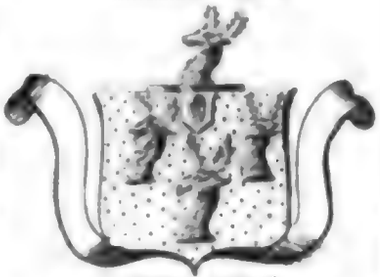


Clonmell Earl

Colebrooke Bart.

Clifton Bart.

Cockerell Bart.



Colleton Bart.

Clinton & Saye Baron

Codrington Bart.

Colquhoun Bart.

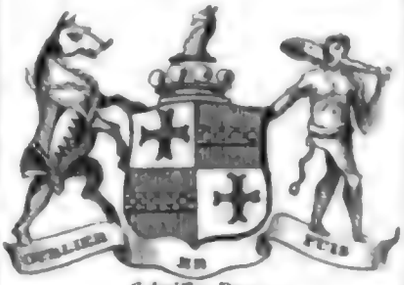
Clive Earl

Colvile Bart.

Colt Bart.

Clonbrock Baron

Cophill Bart.



Coleville Baron

Cloncurry Baron

Colchester Baron

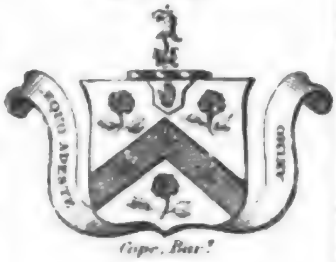
Combermere Baron

Congreve, Bart.

Coote, Bart.

Cornwallis, Earl

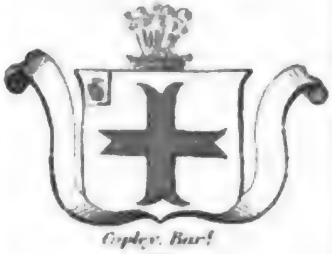
Conway, Baron



Cope, Bart.

Cottrell, Bart.

Constable, Bart.



Copley, Bart.

Cotton, Bart.

Cornwallis, Marquess

Corbet, Bart.

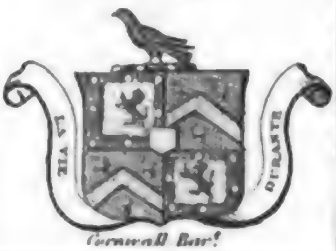
Coventry, Earl

Cooke, Bart.

Cork & Orrery, Earl

Courtenay, Visc.

Cooper, Bart.



Cornwall, Bart.

Cranbourn, Earl

G. J. & J. Neale sc. 55, Strand

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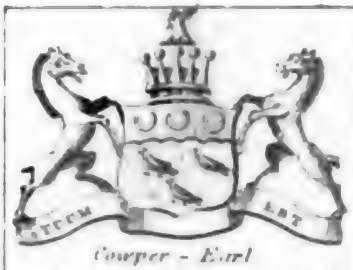
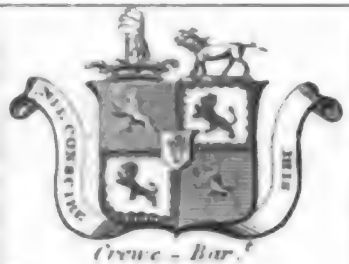


Cowper - Earl



Crewe - Bar.t

Cumberland Duke Royal

Cranston - Baron

Croft Thos E - Bar.t

Cunliffe - Bar.t

Craven - Earl

Croft John - Bar.t

Curtis L - Bar.t

Crawfurd bar.t

Crofton - Baron

Curtis Wm - Bar.t

Cromarne - Baron

Crofton - Bar.t

Cuyler - Bar.t

Crewe - Baron

Cullum - Bar.t

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Dacre Baron.

Darlington Earl

Dalhousie Earl.

Darnley Earl

Dallas Bart.

Dartmouth Earl.

Dalling Bart.

Dashwood Bart.

Dalrymple Bart.

Davie Bart.

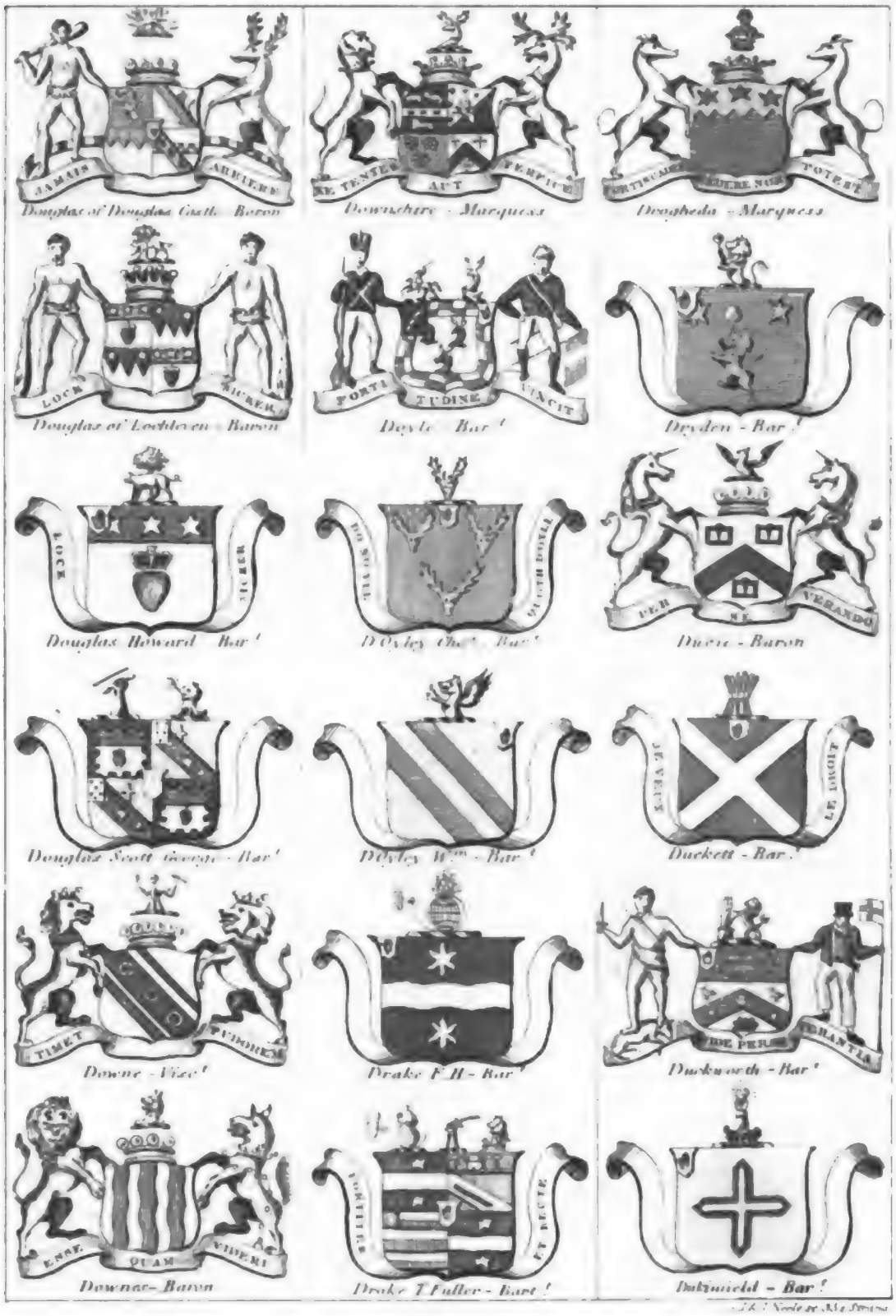
Darell Bart.

Davy Bart.

G. J. & J. Neale sc. 356, Strand

Digitized by Google

G.J.&J. Neale sc. Old Street



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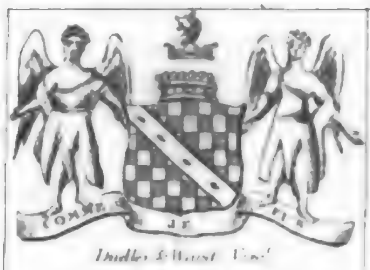
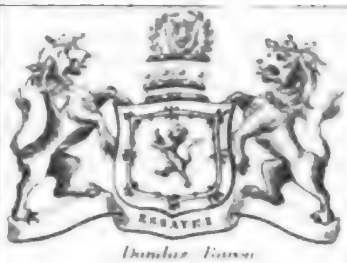


Dudley & Ward Vicc.



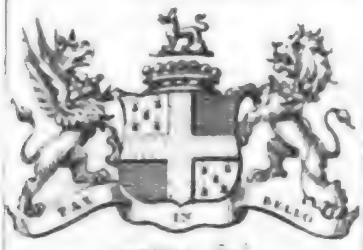
Dundas Baron.

Dunally Baron.

Dudleson Baron.

Dundas D. Bar.

Dunraven, Earl.



Dunmore Vicc.

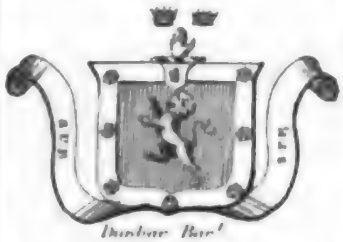
Dundas R. Bar.

Dunsany Baron.

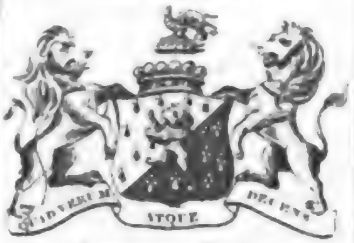
Dumfries Earl.

Dundonald Earl.

Dunne Bar.

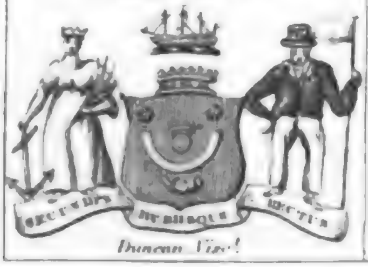


Dunbar Bar.

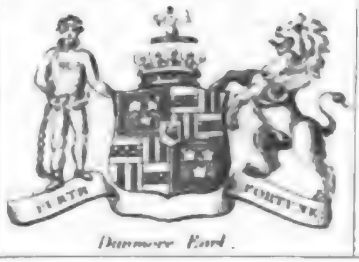


Dunsanion Vicc.

Durant Bar.



Duncan Vicc.



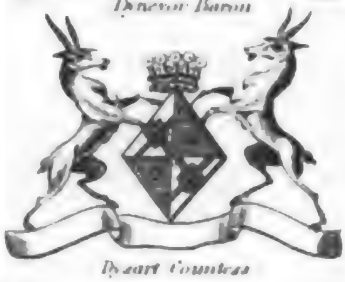
Dunmore Earl.

Dyer Bar.

Digitized by Google

Dyke Bart.

Dyneour Baron



Dysart Countess

East Gilbert Bart.

East Edwd. Hyde Bart.

Eden Robt. Bart.

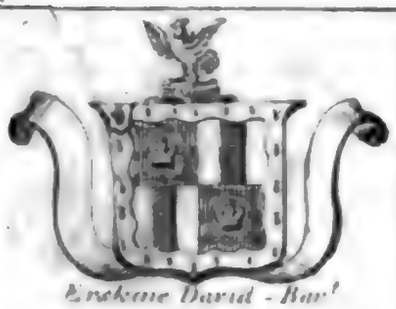
Eden Wm. Bart.

Edmonstone Bart.

Edwards Bart.

G. J. & J. Neele sc. 355 Strand

Digitized by Google



Evelyne David - Bar.t

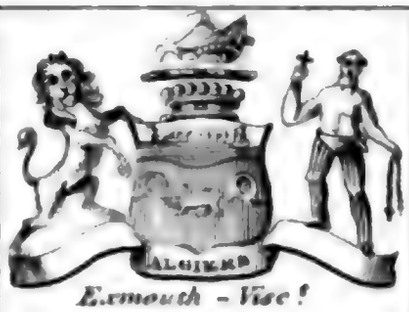
Essex - Earl

Evelyn - Bar.t

Everard - Bar.t

Every - Bar.t

Exeter - Marquess



Exmouth - Visc.t

Fagg - Bar.t

Fairfax - Baron

Falkland - Visc.t

Falmouth - Earl

Farnaby - Bar.t

Farnham - Baron

G. J. & J. Nichols, Parliament Street

Farquhar Ill. Bar.

Fetherstonhaugh Bar.

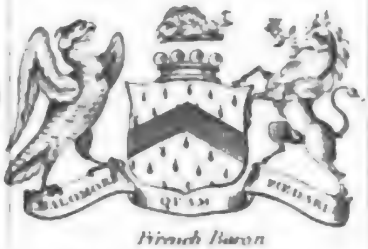
Fitherwick Baron

Farquhar Rob.t Bar.

Fettes Bar.

Fitzgerald J. J. Bar.

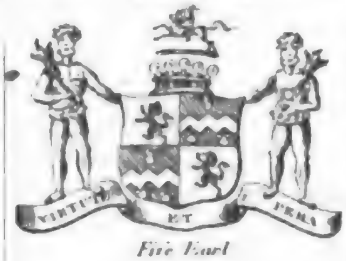
Farrington Bar.



Firnish Baron

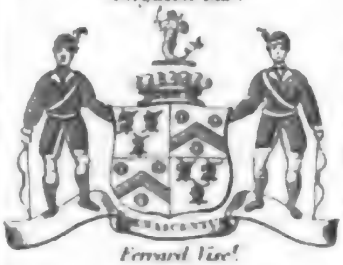
Fitzgerald Augustus Bar.

Ferguson Bar.



Fife Earl

Fitzwilliam Baron.


Fennard Visc.t

Filmer Bar.t

Fitzherbert Bar.t

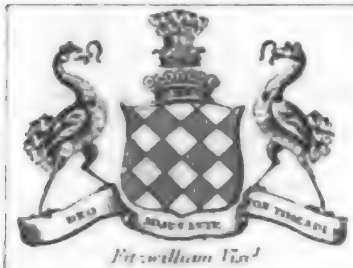
Fevers Earl.

Fingall Earl.

Fitzwilliam Earl.

R. H. J. Neale sc. Nov. Strand

Digitized by Google



Fitzwilliam Viscd

Fleming Bart

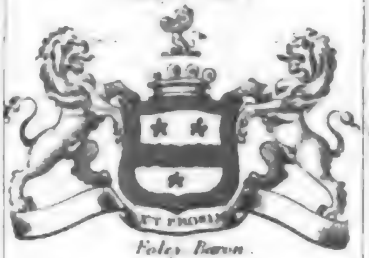
Fletcher Bart

Fletcher Rich.d J. Bart

Flower Bart

Floyd Bart

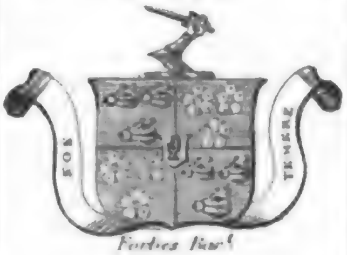
Fludyer Bart



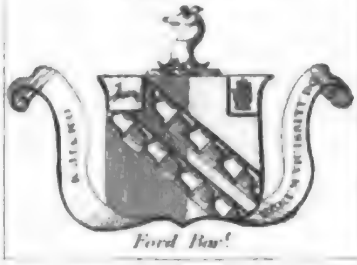
Foley Baron

Folliot Bart

Forbes Baron



Forbes Bart



Ford Bart

Forrester Baron

Forrester Baron

Fortescue Earl

Foulis Bart

Fowle Bart

Foxford Baron

222

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Frankfort de Montmorency - Visc.!

Frankland - Bar.!

Fraser - Bar.

Frederick - Bar.!

Fremantle - Bar.!

Gage - Visc.!

Gage - Bar.!

Galbraith - Bar.!

Galloway - Earl

Galloway - Bar.!

Galway - Visc.!

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Gambier - Baron

Gardiner - Bar.t

Gardner - Vis.c

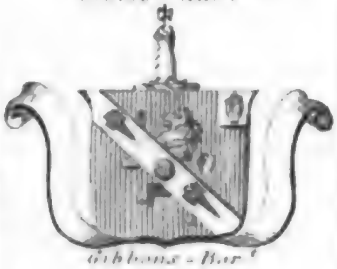
Garvagh - Baron

Geary - Bar.t

George Bar.t

Gerard - Bar.t

Gibbes - Bar.t


Gibbons - Bar.t

Gifford - Baron

Glasgow - Earl

Glastonbury - Baron

Glengall - Earl

Glenlyon - Bar.t

Gloucester Duke Royal

Glyn L.P. - Bar.t

Glyn R.C - Bar.t

Glynne R.d - Bar.t

G. J. & J. Neele sc. 348 Strand

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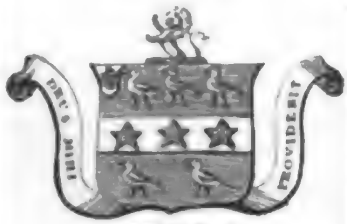
Gooch Bar.t

Goodrick Bar.t



Goold Bar.t

Gordon Duke.

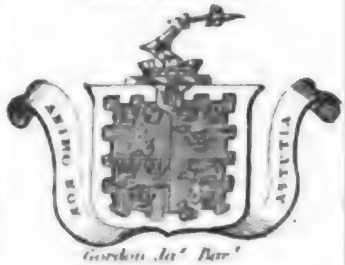
Gordon Huntly Baron

Gordon Vis.t

Gordon Jenison Bar.t

Gordon Cumming Bar.t

Gordon Alex.r Bar.t



Gordon Ja.s Bar.t

Goring Bar.t

Gormanston Vis.t

Gort Vis.t

Gosford Earl

Grace Bar.t

Grafton Duke.

Graham Earl

Graham R.t Bar.t

G. J. & J. Nichols, Pall Mall Journal

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Graham B. Bar.t

Grantley Baron.

Granville Baron

Graham Jas R.t Bar.t

Granville Visc.t

Gresley Bar.t

Graham Jas Bar.t

Graves Baron.

Grey Earl.

Grainard Earl

Gray Baron.

Grey de Ruthyn Baroness

Grandison Visc.t

Green Justly Watson Bar.t

Grey Bar.t

Grantham Baron.

Green Chas Bar.t

Grimston Visc.t

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Grinstead - Baron

Grosvenor - Earl

Guildford - Earl

Guise - Bar.t

Gunning - Bar.t

Guydyr - Baron

Haddington - Earl

Haggerstone - Bar.t

Hales Edw.d Bar.t

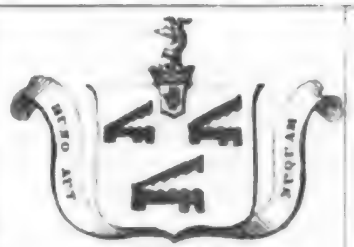
Hales P. - Bar.t

Halford - Bar.t

Halton - Bar.t

Digitized by Google

Hamilton & Brandon, Duke



Hampson, Baronet

Hardinge, Baronet

Hamilton, Chas. Bart.

Hanmer, Bart.

Hardwicke, Earl

Hamilton, John, Bart.

Hanham, Bart.

Hardy, Bart.

Hamilton, Edw.d Bart.

Harberton, Visc.t

Hare, Bart.

Hamlyn, Bart.

Harborough, Earl

Harewood, Earl

Hammond, Bart.

Harcourt, Earl

Harrington, Bart.

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Harland Bar.t

Hartopp Bar.t

Hawke Baron

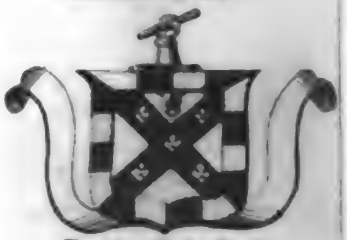
Harnage Bar.t

Hartwell Bar.t

Hawkins J.C Bar.t

Harrington Earl

Hasdrigge Bar.t



Hawkins Christ Bar.t

Harris Baron

Hastings Marquess

Hawley Bar.t

Harrowby Earl

Hastings Bar.t

Hay Baron

Hartland Baron

Hawarden Vis.t

Hay Bar.t

Digitized by Google

Hayes Bar.t

Head Bar.t

Headfort Marquess

Headley Baron

Heathcote G Bar.t

Heathcote Thos F Bar.t

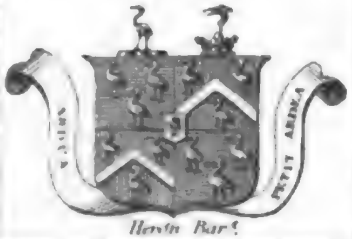
Henley Baron

Henniker Baron

Henniker Bar.t

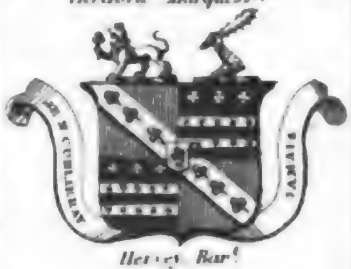
Hepburn Bar.t

Herrnord Vis.t



Hervin Bar.t

Hertford Marquess



Hervey Bar.t

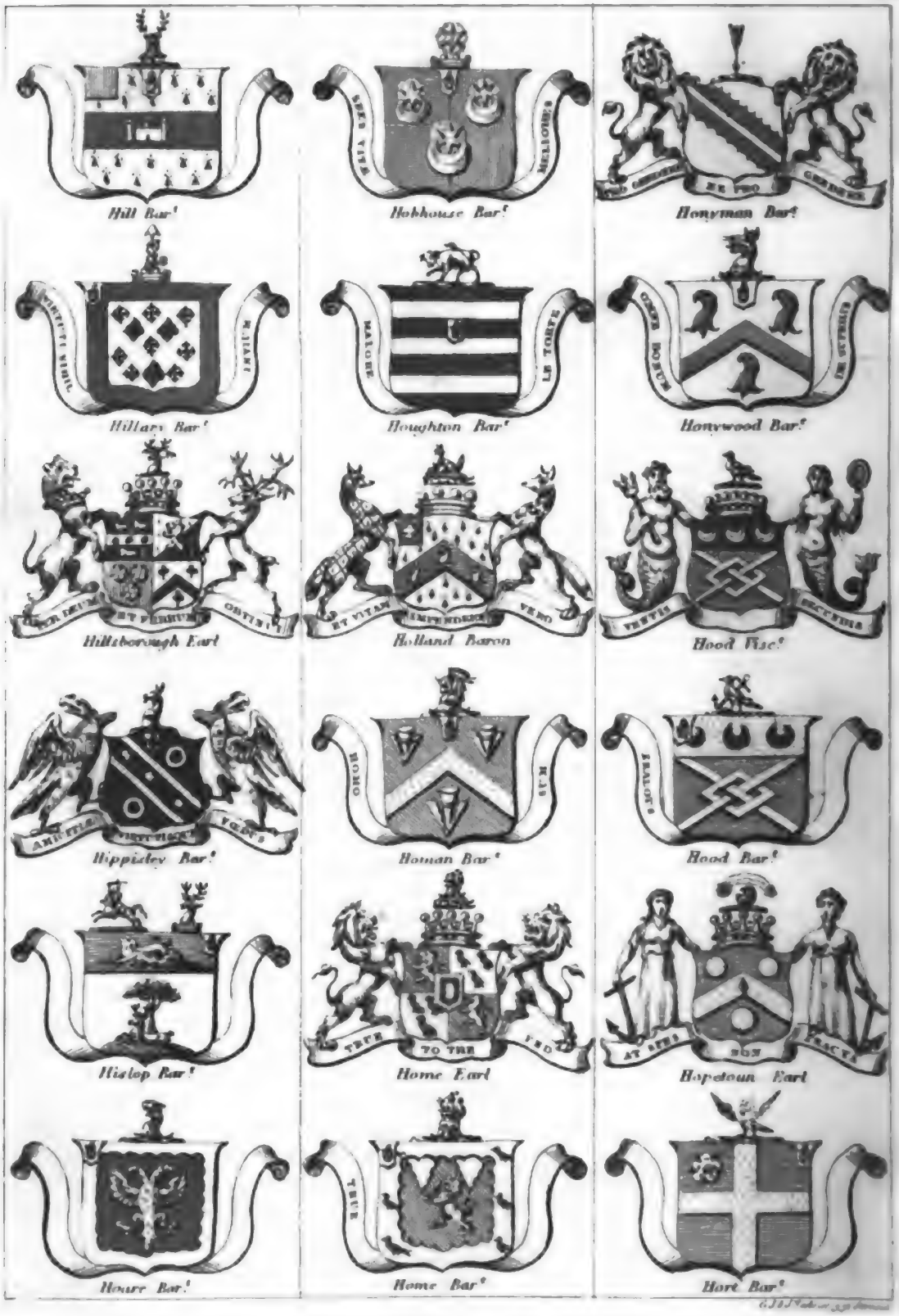
Heslath Bar.t

Hewett Bar.t

Hicks Bar.t

Hill Baron

Digitized by Google



Digitized by Google

Horton Bar.t

Howden Bar.t

Hulse Bar.t

Hoskins Bar.t

Howe Earl

Hume Bar.t

Hoste Bar.t

Howe Baroness

Huntlake Bar.t

Hotham Baron

Howth Earl.

Hunter Bar.t

Howard de Walden Baron.

Hudson Bar.t

Huntingdon Earl.

Howard of Effingham Baron.

Hughes Bar.t

Huntingfield Baron

Digitized by Google

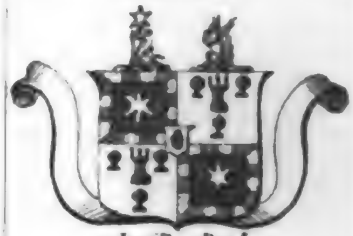
Huntley Marquess

Hutchinson Visc.t

Hutchinson Baron

Ibbetson Bar.t

Ilchester Earl



Ingilby Bar.t

Inglis Bar.t

Innes Bar.t

Irving Bar.t

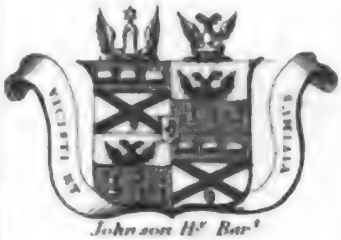
Digitized by Google

Isham Bar.t

James W.L. Bar.t

Johnson John Bar.t

James J.K. Bar.t

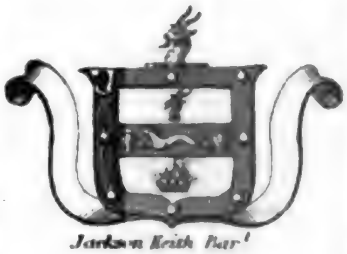

Johnson H.y Bar.t

Jephson R.d Bar.t

Johnstone John Bar.t

Jersey Earl

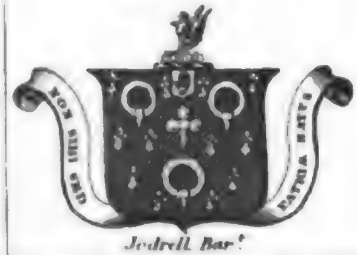
Jolyffe Bar.t

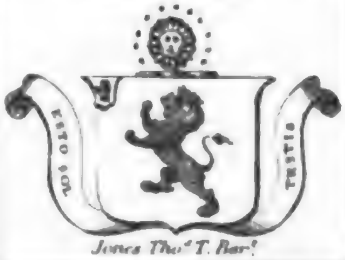

Jackson Keith Bar.t

Jervoise Bar.t

Jones Hartford Bar.t

Jackson Geo.e Bar.t

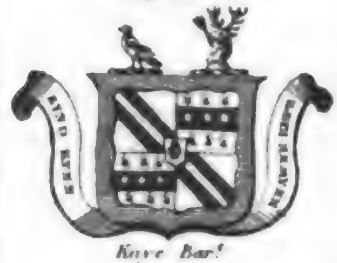

Jodrell Bar.t


Jones Tho.s T. Bar.t

Digitized by Google

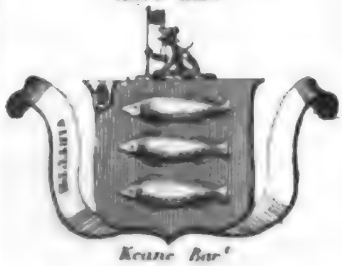
Kay Bar.t

Kenmare Earl.

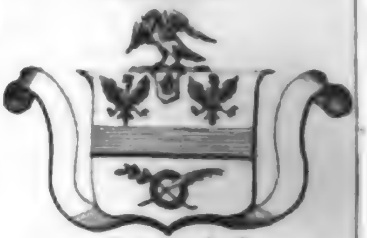


Kaye Bar.t

Kenmure Visc.t



Keane Bar.t


Kennaway Bar.t

Keith Baroness.

Kensington Baron

Kellie Earl

Kent Bar.t

Kellet Bar.t

Kenyon Baron

Digitized by Google

Ker Baron

King Baron

Kingsland Vic.

Kerrison Bar.

King John Dashwood Bar.

Kingston Earl

Kilkenny Earl.

King R.d Bar.

Kinnaird Baron

Kilmaine Baron.

King Gilbert Bar.

Kinnoull Earl

Kilmorey Earl.

King Ab. B. Bar.

Kintore Earl

Kilwarden Vic.

Kingsale Baron.

Kirkcudbright Baron

Digitized by Google

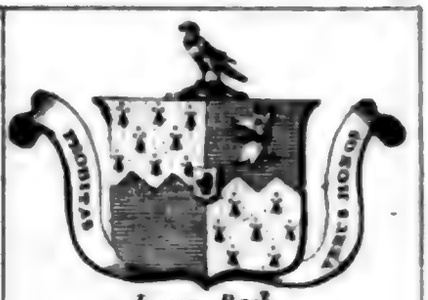
Knatchbull Bar.t

Knightley Bar.t

Knighton Bar.t

Knowles Bar.t

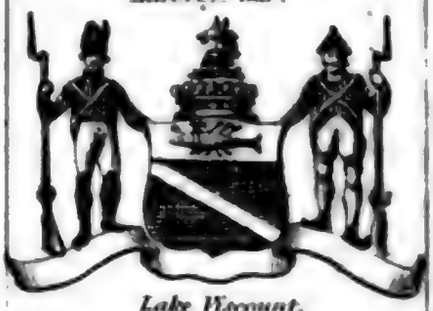
Kynaston Bar.t



Lacon Bar.t

Lade Bar.t

Laforey Bar.t



Lake Viscount.

Lake Bar.t

Lamb Bar.t

G. J. & J. Nichols, Lond. Sculpt.

Lambert Bart.

Larroche Bart.

Lee Bart.

Landaff Earl.

Lauderdale Earl

Leeds Duke

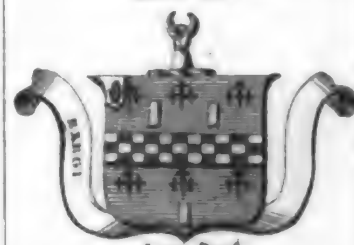
Lansborough Earl

Lawley Bart.

Leeds Bart.

Langford Baron

Lawson Bart.



Leon Bart.

Langham Bart.

Lechmere Bart.

Leppard Bart.

Lansdowne Marquess

Le Despencer Baron

Leigh Sam.l E. Bart.

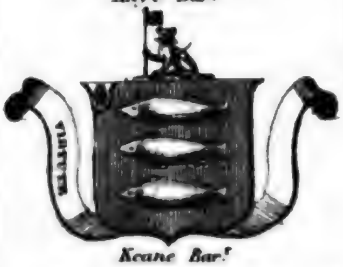
Digitized by Google

Kay Bar.t

Kenmare Earl.

Kaye Bar.t

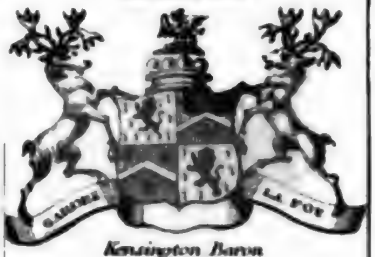
Kenmure Vis.t



Keane Bar.t

Kennaway Bar.t

Keith Baronet.

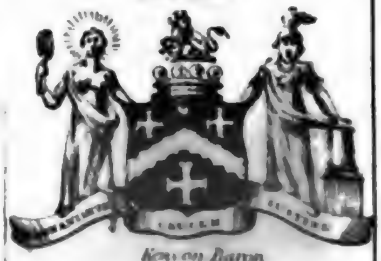


Kensington Baron

Kellie Earl.

Kent Bar.t

Kellet Bar.t


Kenyon Baron

G.J.A.J. Kirk sc. 39, Norwich

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49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
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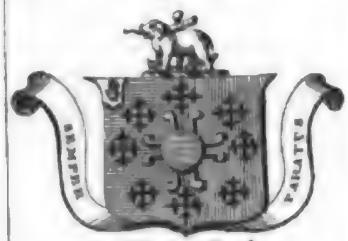
Knatchbull Bar.t

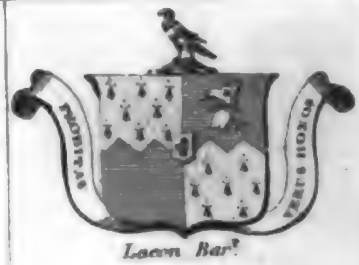
Knightley Bar.t

Knighton Bar.t



Knowles Bar.t

Kynaston Bar.t



Lacon Bar.t

Lade Bar.t

Lafforey Bar.t

Lake Viscount.

Lake Bar.t

Lamb Bar.t

Digitized by Google

Lambert Bar.t

Larroche Bar.t

Lee Bar.t

Landaff Earl

Lauderdale Earl

Leeds Duke

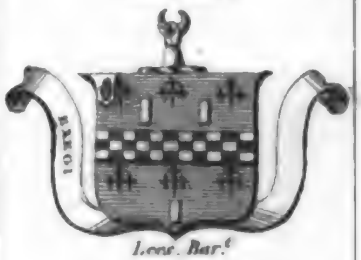
Lanesborough Earl

Lawley Bar.t

Leeds Bar.t

Langford Baron

Lawson Bar.t



Leon Bar.t

Langham Bar.t

Lechmere Bar.t

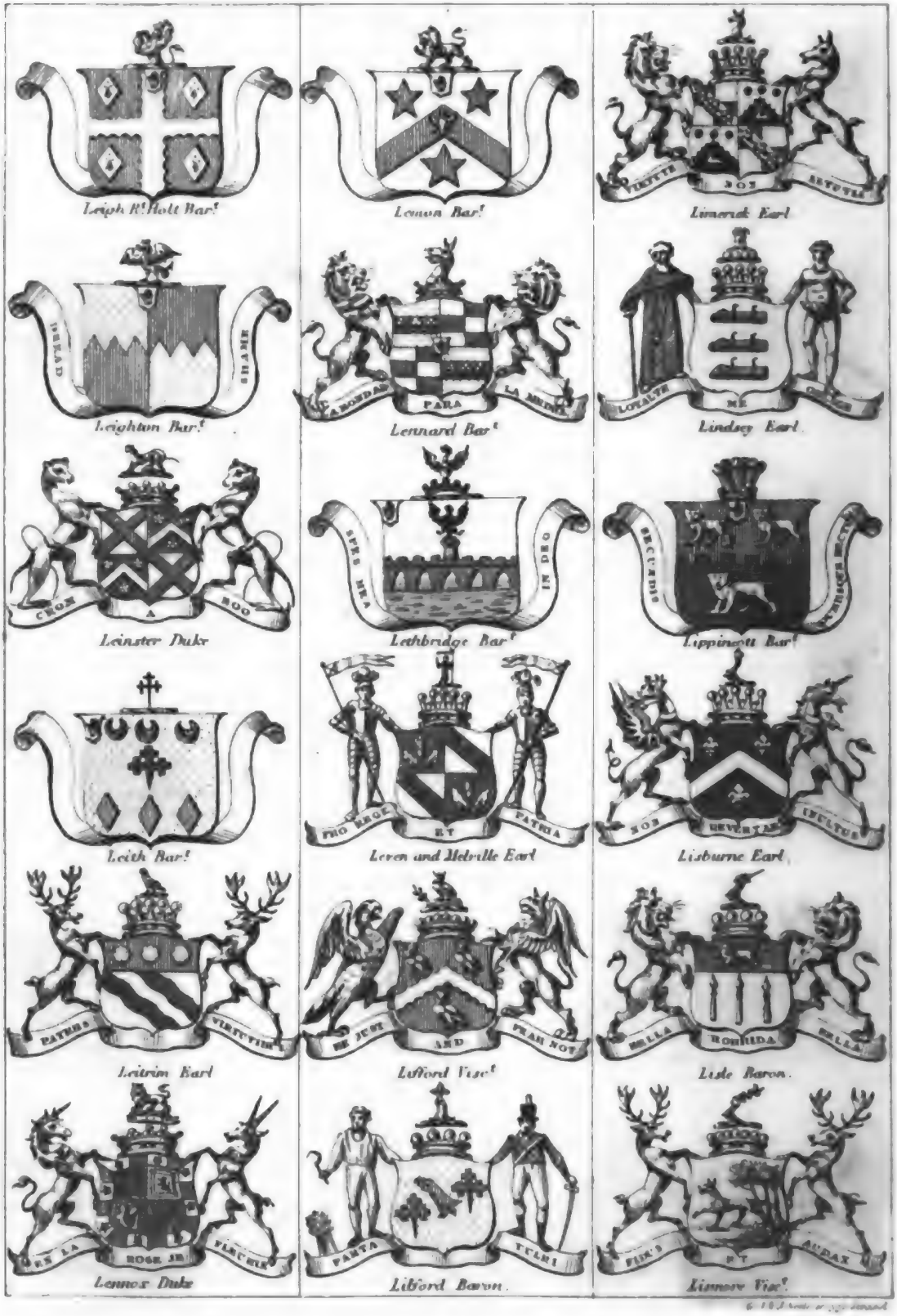
Legard Bar.t

Lansdowne Marquess

Le Despencer Baron

Leigh Sam.l E. Bar.t

Digitized by Google



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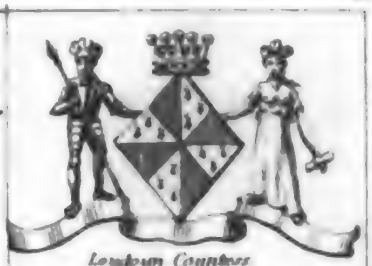
Lutwell Earl

Longford Earl


Loudoun Countess

Liverpool Earl

Lonsdale Earl

Lovell & Holland Baron.

Lloyd Bar.t

Lopes Bar.t

Louis Bar.t

Lockhart Bar.t

Loraine Bar.t

Louth Baron.

Lorius Baron

Lorton Vis.t

Lowther Bar.t

Londonderry

Lothian Marquess.

Lubbock Bar.t

Digitized by Google

Lucan Earl

Ludlow Earl

Lumley Visc^t

Lushington Bar^t

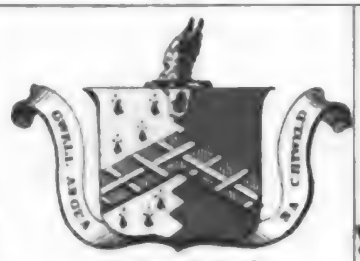
Lyndock Baron

Lyttleton Bar

J. H. Hale sc. 398 Strand

Digitized by Google

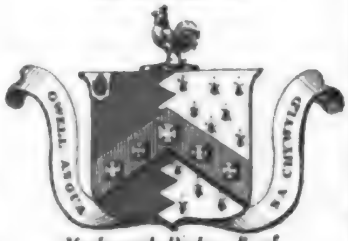
Macclesfield Earl



Mackworth Bar.t

Malmsbury Earl

Macdonald Baron



Mackworth Digby Bar.t

Manchester Duke

Macdonald Bar.t

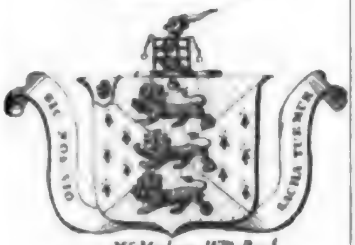
Mahon Bar.t

Manners Baron

Mackenzie Bar.t

Mainwaring Bar.t

Mansel Bar.t



Mc Mahon Wm Bar.t

Maitland Bar.t

Mansfield Earl

Mc Mahon Thos Bar.t

Malet Bar.t

Mansfield Countess

Lith J Nash, 16 Sq Strand

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Manners Earl

Martin Sir W Bart

Mouth Earl

Marjoribanks Bart

Massereene Visc

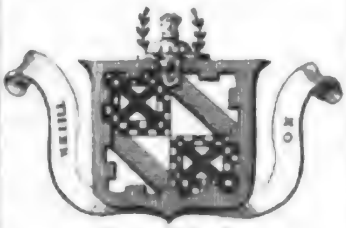
Medhyott Bart

Marlborough Duke

Mappy Baron

Melbourne Visc

Mayo Earl

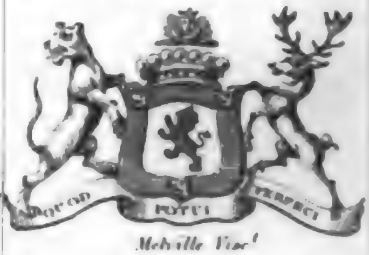


Maxwell Bart

Meldrum Baron

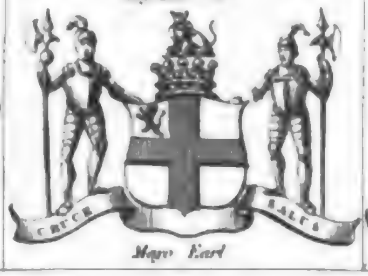
Marybrough Baron

Maynard Visc



Melville Visc

Martin Rogers Bart



Mayo Earl

Mendip Baron

Digitized by Google

Metcalfe Bar.t

Marlborough Earl

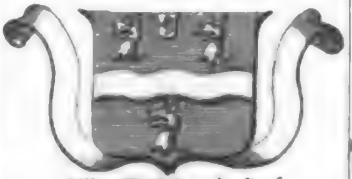
Middleton of Middleton Baron

Midleton Vis.t

Middleton Bar.t

Mildmay Bar.t

Mill Bar.t



Miller Tho.s Coombe Bar.t

Miller Wm Bar.t

Milman Bar.t

Millner Bar.t

Milnes Bar.t

Minster Bar.t

Milton Earl

Minto Earl

Moira Earl

Molesworth Vis.t

Molesworth Bar.t

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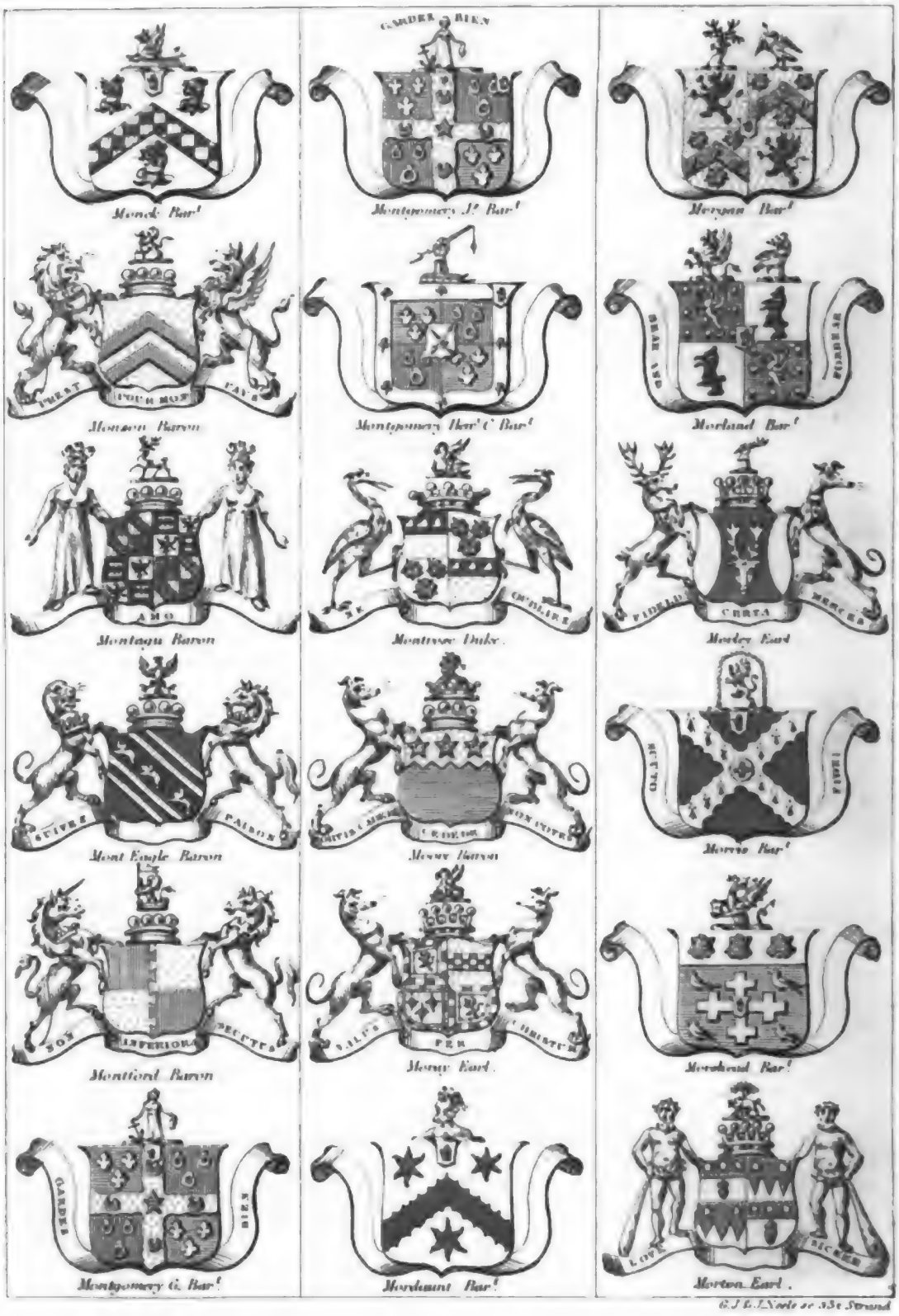


Monck Bar.t

Montgomery Jr. Bar.t

Morgan Bar.t

Monson Baron

Montgomery Bar.t C. Bar.t

Mordaunt Bar.t

Montagu Baron

Montrose Duke.

Morley Earl

Mont Eagle Baron

Mowy Baron

Morris Bar.t

Montford Baron

Moray Earl.

Mordaunt Bar.t

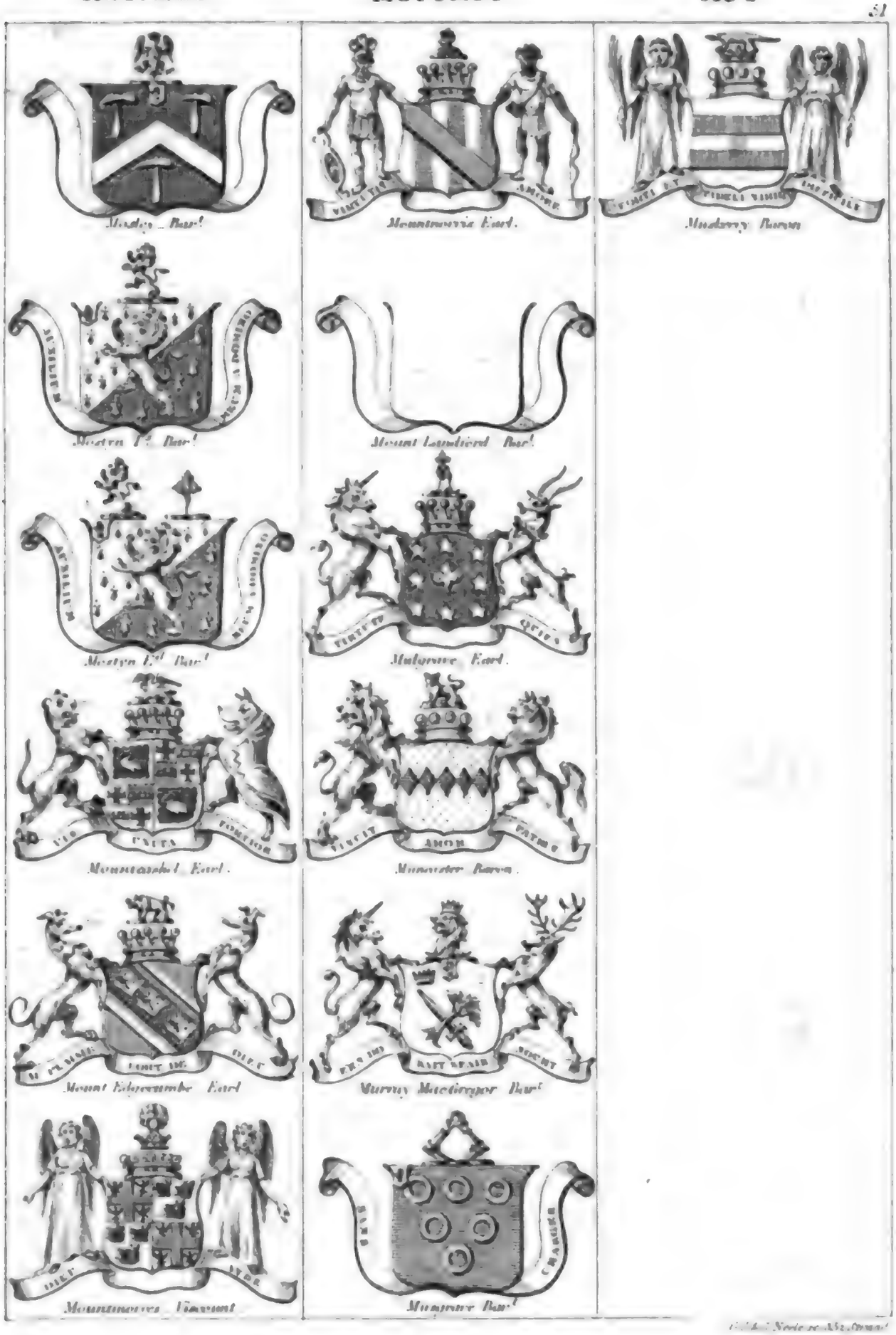
Montgomery G. Bar.t

Mordaunt Bar.t

Morton Earl.

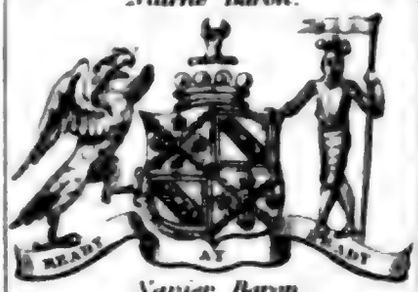
G. J. E. J. Neale sc. 33c Strand

Digitized by Google


Mosley Bart.
Mountnorris Earl.
Mudeford Baron
Mostyn Bart.
Mount Leonsford Bart.
Mostyn Bart.
Mulgrave Earl.
Mountcashel Earl.
Monmouth Baron.
Mount Edgcumbe Earl
Murray Macdougal Bart.
Mountnorris Viscount
Mompesson Bart.

Naylo Bart.

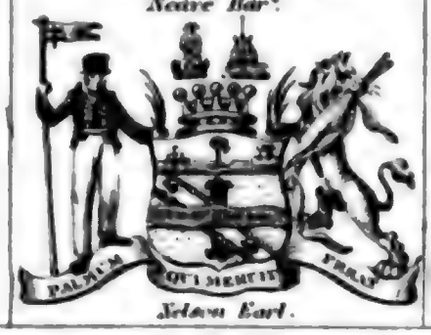
Nairne Baron.



Napier Baron.

Neale Bart.

Neave Bart.



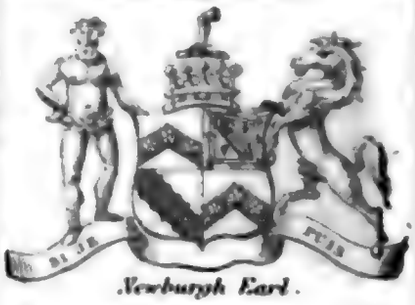
Nelson Earl.

Neltherpe Bart.

Nepean Bart.

Netterville Visct.

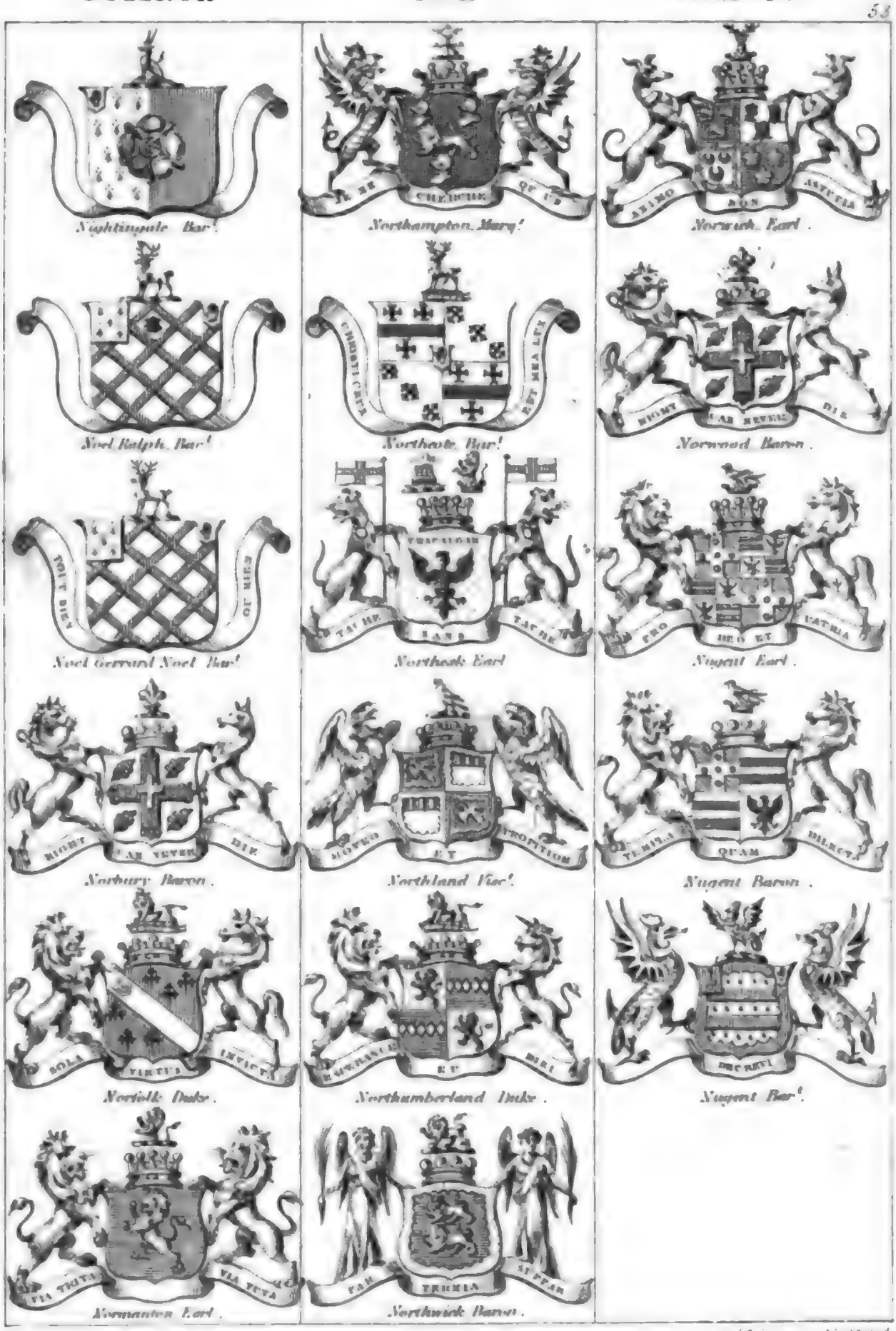
Newborough Baron



Newburgh Earl.

Newcastle Duke.

G. J. & J. Neale sc. 326 Strand



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O'Neil. Earl.

Oakes Bar.t

O'Neile Bar.t

Ochterlony Bar.t

Oxley Baron.

Oglander Bar.t

Onslow Earl.

Ogle Bar.t

Onslow Bar.t

O'Malley Bar.t

Orde Bar.t

G. J. Bell Sculp. et 33 Southampton Street

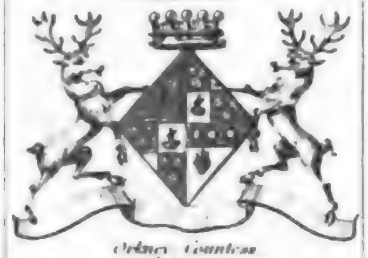
Digitized by Google

Orford Earl

Oxford & Mortimer Earl

Orford Baron

Oxeley Bar.t



Oxinge Baronet

Owen Wm. Bar.t

Ormonde Marq.t

Owen John Bar.t

Oxenden Bar.t

Oxenden Bar.t

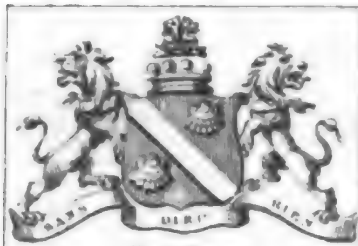
Osborn Bar.t

G. Lib. Nicolo sculp. Strand

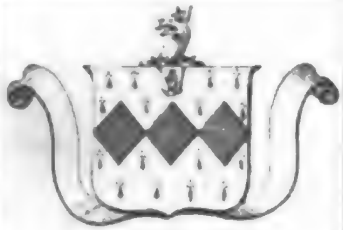
Digitized by Google

G. J. & J. Neale sc. 33 Strand

Digitized by Google

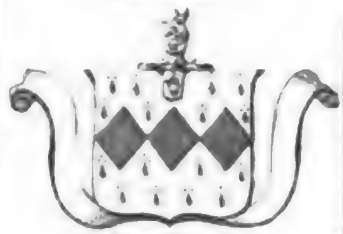


Peter Baron


Pigott Bart

Pole Cl Bart

Pepys Lewis Bart


Pigott G Bart

Pollen Bart

Pepys W W Bart

Plymouth Earl

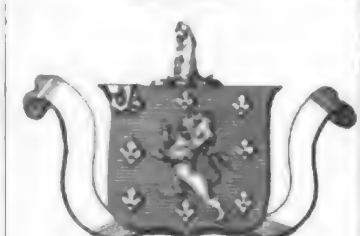
Pomfret Earl

Perrins Bart

Peel Bart

Ponsonby of Sysonby Baron

Peyton Bart


Pole W Temple Bart

Ponsonby of Imokilly Baron

Phillips Bart

Pole Peter Bart

Poore Bart

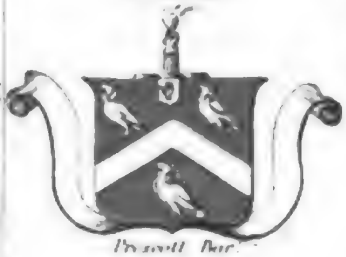
Digitized by Google

Portarlington Earl

Powis Earl

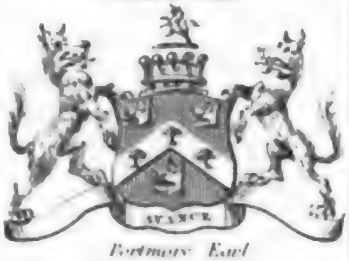
Prudhoe Bar.

Portland Duke

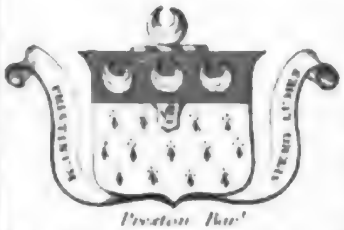


Prescott Bar.

Proctor Bar.



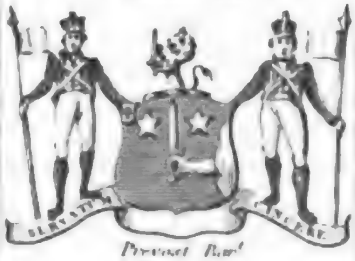
Portmore Earl



Preston Bar.

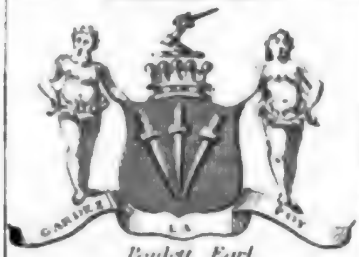
Prudhoe Baron

Portsmouth Earl.



Provost Bar.

Pulteney Bar.



Poulett Earl.

Price Chu. Bar.

Powerscourt Visc.

Price Rose Bar.

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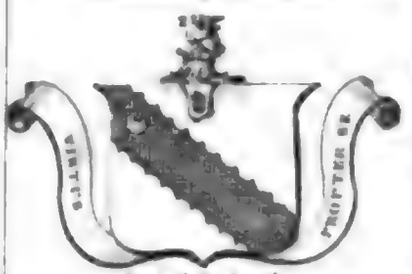
Queensberry Marquis

Ramsay Bar.


Radclift Bar.

Radclift Baron.

Radnor Earl.

Rawdon Bar.

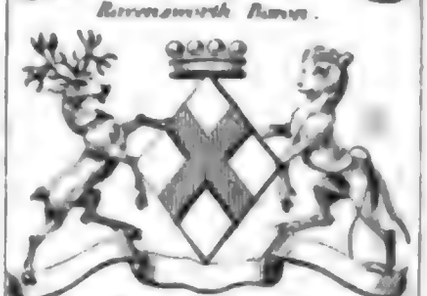
Radstock Baron.

Rathdown Earl.

Rae Bar.

Ravensworth Baron.

Ramsden Bar.


Raydon Baronet.

G. Ph. J. Neale sc. 28 St. Ground

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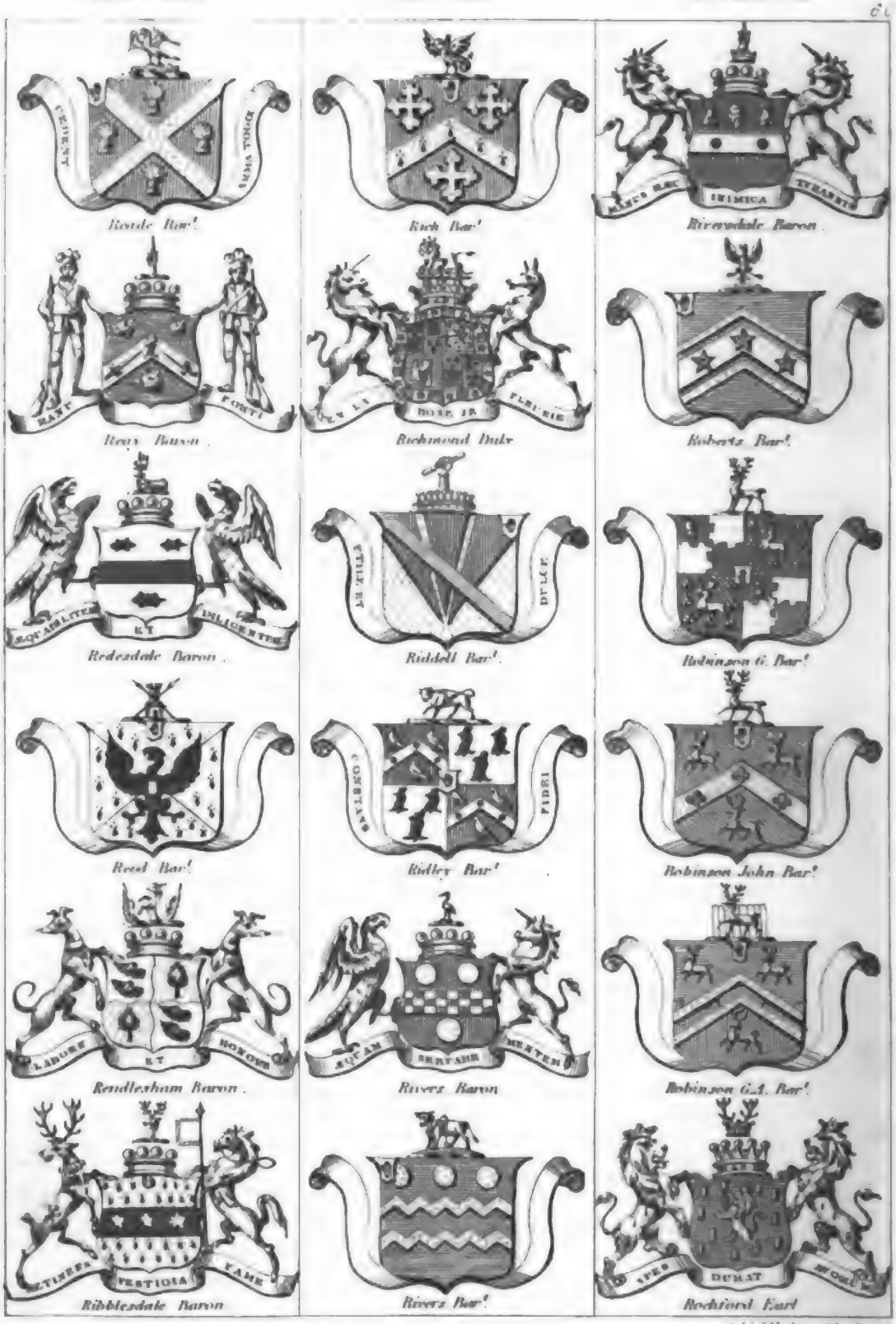

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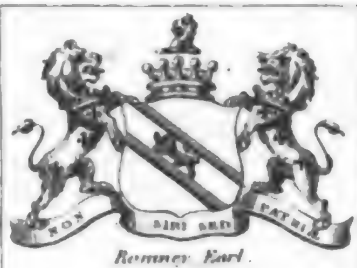
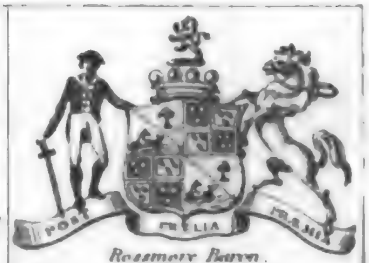
Roden Earl.



Romney Earl.

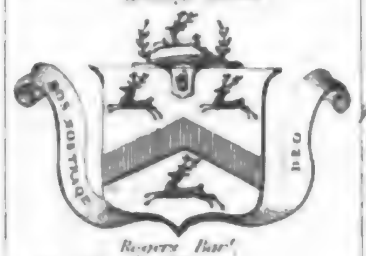


Rossmore Baron.

Rodney Baron.

Rosslyn Earl.

Rothes Earl.



Rogers Bart.

Rosebery Earl.

Rowley Wm. Bart.

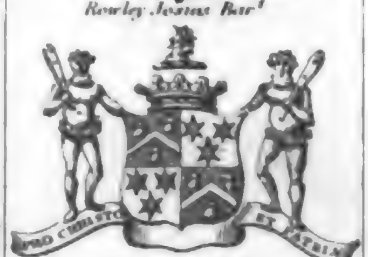
Rokeby Baron.

Ross Baron.

Rowley Jesus Bart.

Rolle Baron.

Rosse Earl.



Roxburgh Duke.

Rolle Baron.

Rosslyn Earl.

Rumbold Bart.

G. J. & J. Neale sc. 351 Strand

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Russell Bar^t

Ruthven Baron.

Rutland Duke

Ryeroft Bar^t

St Albans Duke

St Aubyn Bar^t

St Germains Earl.

St Helens Baron.

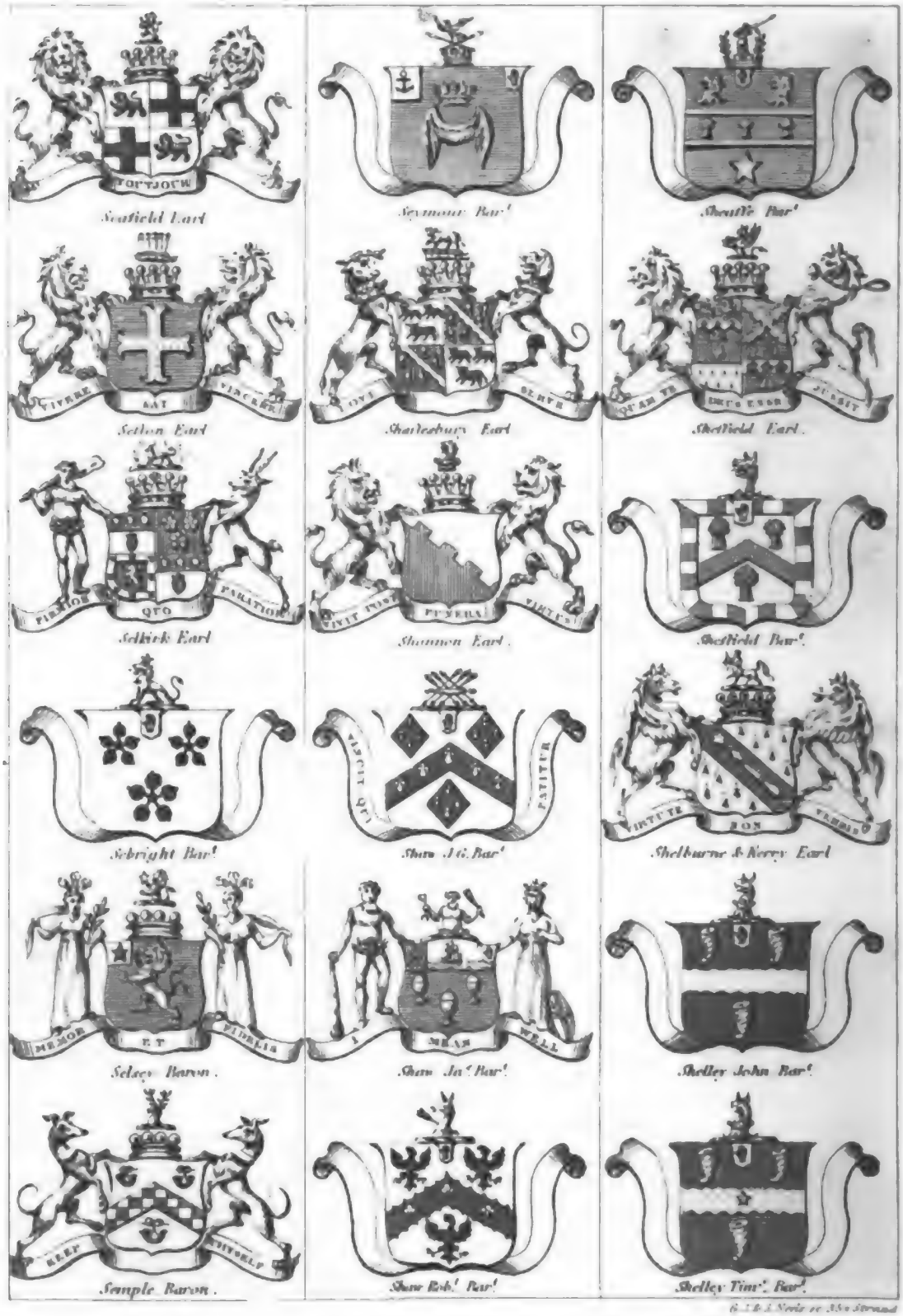
St John Baron.

St Paul Bar^t

J. & R. Moon sc. 356 Strand

Digitized by Google

Digitized by Google



Seafield Earl — Seymour Bar.t — Sheaffe Bar.t

Selkirk Earl — Shaftesbury Earl — Sheffield Earl

Selkirk Earl — Shannon Earl — Sheffield Bar.t

Sebright Bar.t — Shaw J. G. Bar.t — Shelburne & Kerry Earl

Selsey Baron — Shaw Jn.t Bar.t — Shelley John Bar.t

Semple Baron — Shaw Rob.t Bar.t — Shelley Tim.t Bar.t

G. & B. J. Neale or 355 Strand

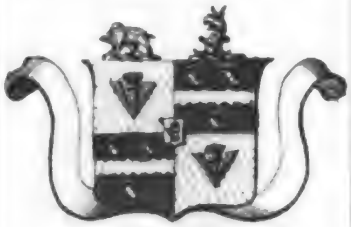
Digitized by Google

Sherrard Baron

Sidmouth Viscᵗ

Sinclair Barᵗ

Sheppard Barᵗ


Sidney Shelley Barᵗ

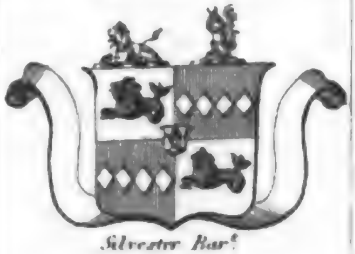
Sitwell Barᵗ

Sherborne Baron

Silchester Baron

Skelmington Barᵗ

Shiffner Barᵗ


Silvester Barᵗ

Skipwith Barᵗ

Shuckburgh Barᵗ

Simeon Barᵗ

Sligo Marquess

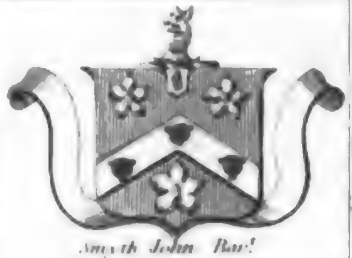
Shrewsbury Earl

Sinclair Baron

Smith Barᵗ

J. Pye Lith. Engr. Strand

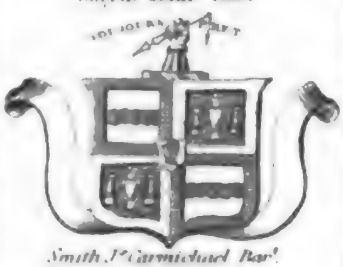
Smith J. W. Bar.t



Smyth John Bar.t

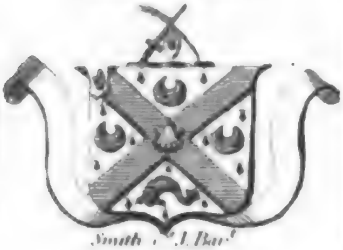
Somerville Baron.

Smith Gillen Bar.t



Smith J.n Carmichael Bar.t

Soulis Baron



Smith C.s J. Bar.t

Smyth Gillen Bar.t

Southampton Baron.

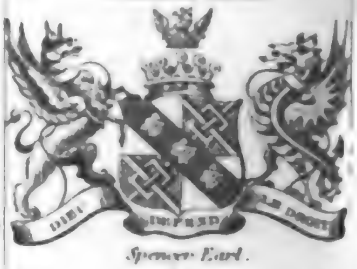
Smyth Tho.s Bar.t

Somme Bar.t

Southwell Baron

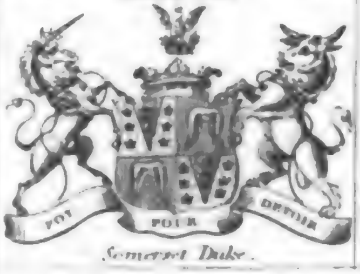
Smith David W. Bar.t

Somers Earl



Spencer Earl.

Smy the E.d Jo.s Bar.t

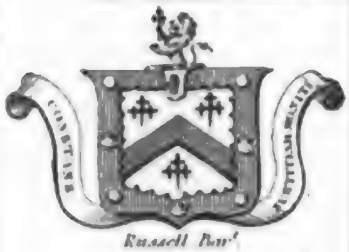


Somerset Duke.

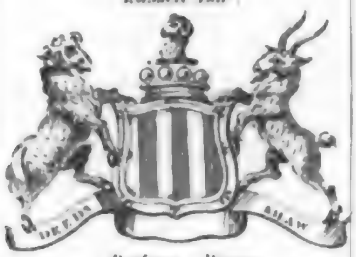
Stafford Marquess

Digitized by Google

Stair Earl
Stanley Thos. Bar.
Stirling Wal.r Bar.
Stainey Bar.
Stepney Bar.
Stonehouse Bar.
Stamford & Warrington Earl
Stewart of Garlies Baron
Stewart Visc.
Stanhope Earl
Stewart Bar.
Stourton Baron
Stanhope Bar.
Stewart J. Bar.
Stowell Baron
Stanley A.T. Bar.
Stirling G. Bar.
Stadtone Visc.



Russell Bar.t



Ruthven Baron.

Rutland Duke.

Ryeroft Bar.t

St. Albans Duke

St. Aubyn Bar.t

St. Germains Earl.

St. Helens Baron.

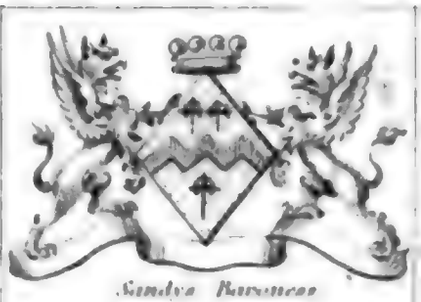
St. John Baron.

St. Paul Bar.t

Pub.d by Cadell & Davies Strand

Digitized by Google

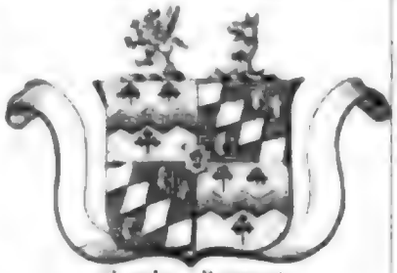
St Vincent Vis.t



Sandys Baroness

Scarsdale Baron

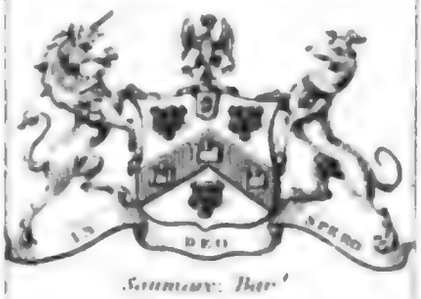
Salisbury Marquis



Sandys Baronet

Scott P. B. Bar.t

Saltersford Baron

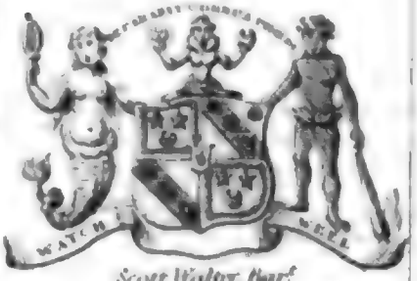


Somerville Bar.t

Scott Claude Bar.t

Saltoun Baron

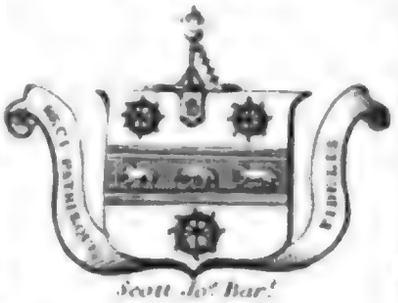
Saxton Bar.t



Scott Walter Bar.t

Salusbury Bar.t

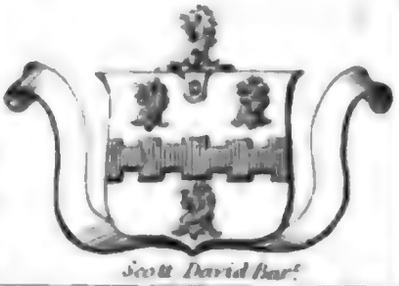
Sap & Sele Baron



Scott Joh.n Bar.t

Sandwich Earl

Scarborough Earl



Scott David Bar.t

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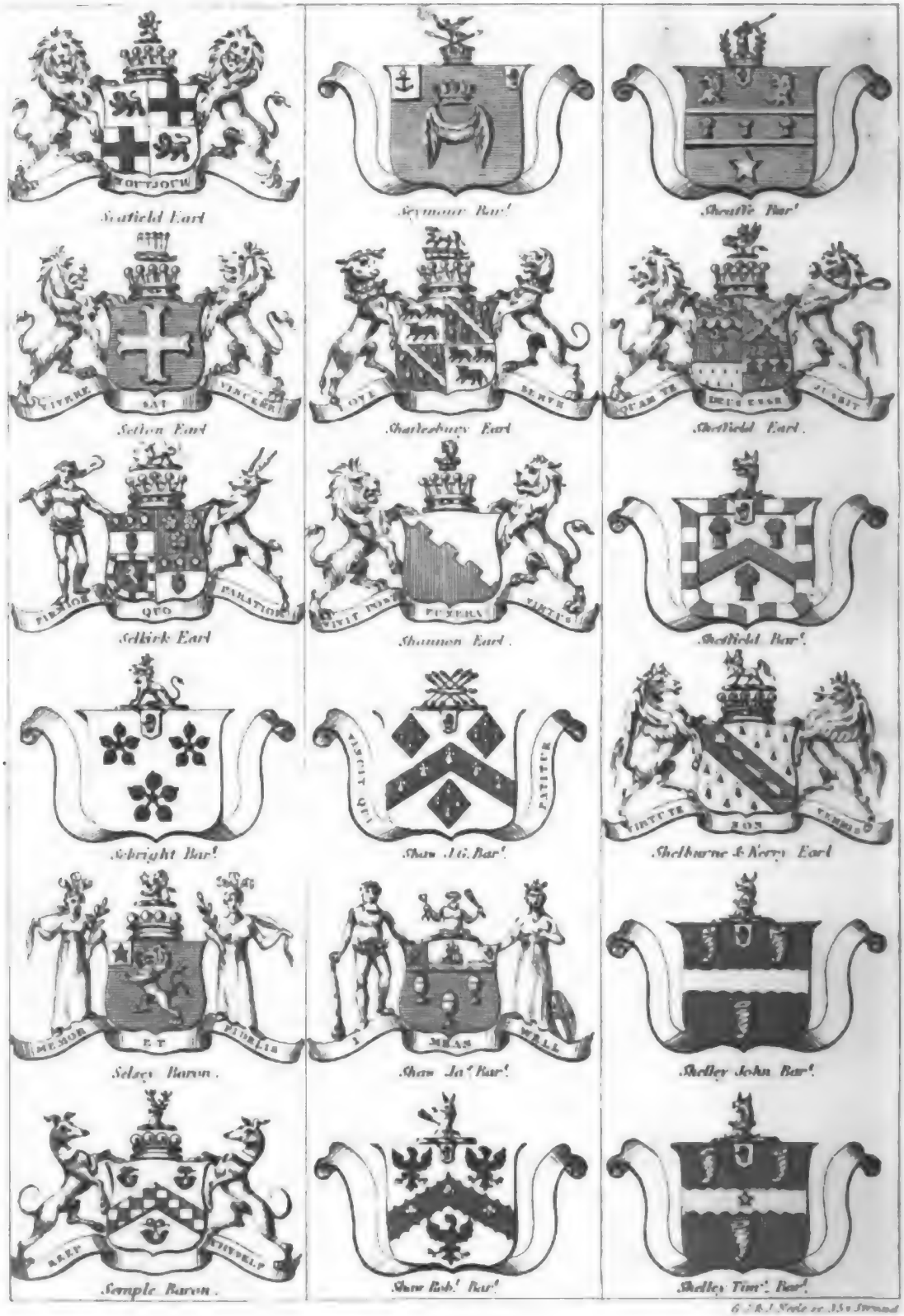

G. & R. J. Neale sc. 356 Strand

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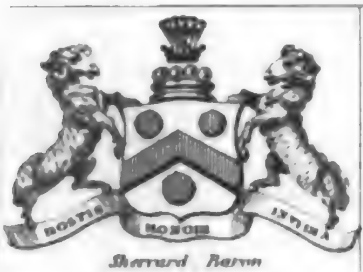
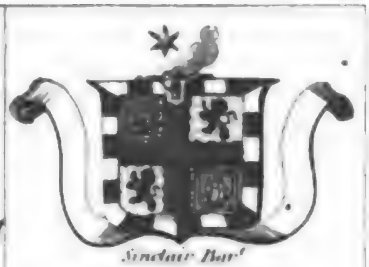
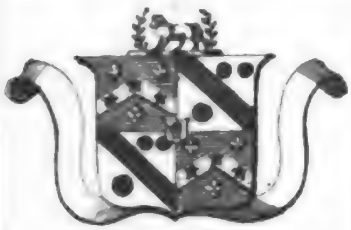
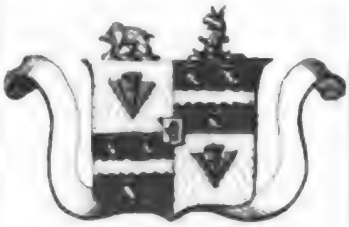


Sherrard Baron

Sidmouth Vis.t


Sinclair Bar.t


Sheppard Bar.t


Sidney Shelley Bar.t

Sitwell Bar.t

Sherborne Baron

Silchester Baron

Skelington Bar.t

Shiffner Bar.t

Silvester Bar.t

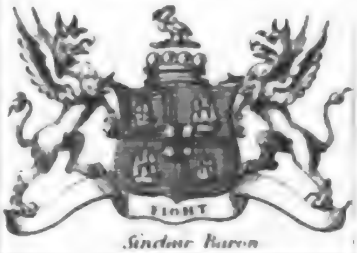
Skipwith Bar.t

Shuckburgh Bar.t

Simeon Bar.t

Sligo Marquess

Shrewsbury Earl



Sinclair Baron

Smith Bar.t

Digitized by Google

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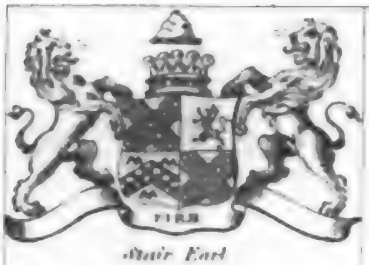
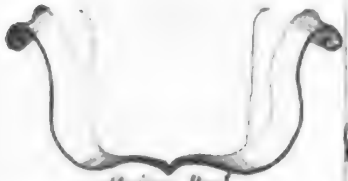


Stair Earl

Stanley Th.ª Bar.t

Stirling Rul.t Bar.t

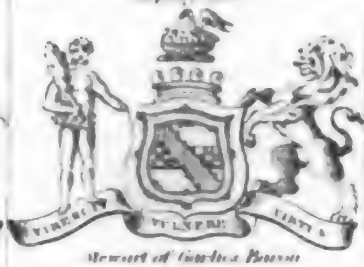


Staines Bar.t

Stepney Bar.t

Stonehouse Bar.t

Stamford & Warrington Earl



Stewart of Garlies Baron

Stormont Vis.t

Stanhope Earl

Stewart Bar.t

Stourton Baron

Stanhope Bar.t

Stewart I. Bar.t

Stowell Baron

Stanley J.T. Bar.t

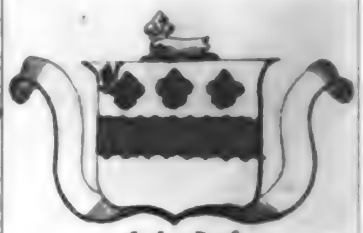
Stirling 6. Bar.t

Strathnaver Vis.t

Digitized by Google

Strathnaver Earl

Strathmore Earl.


Styles Bar.t

Strachey Hr Bar.t

Strickland Bar.t

Suffield Baron.

Strancy Ed. Bar.t

Strange Bar.t

Suffolk & Berkshire Earl.

Strange Earl.

Stuart of Castle Stuart Baron.

Sullivan Bar.t

Stringford Vis.t

Stuart Bar.t

Sundridge Baron.

Strathallan Vis.t

Style Bar.t

Sussex Ray.l Duke.

J. & J. Neale sc. Strand

Digitized by Google

Sutherland Countess

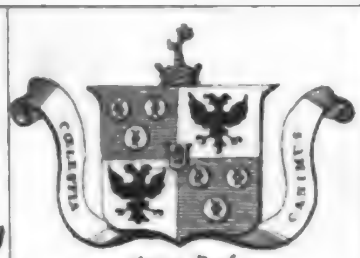
Sutton Bar.t

Swinburn Bar.t

Sydney Vis.t

Sykes F. W. Bar.t

Sykes T. Bar.t



Synge Bar.t

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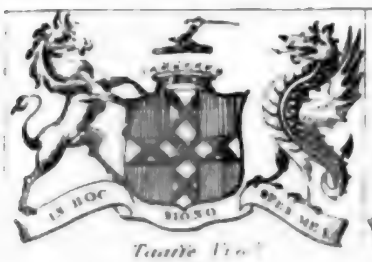
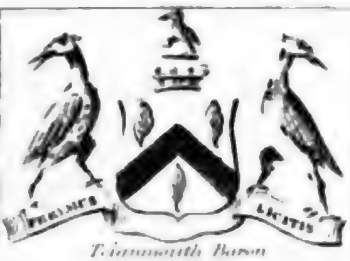
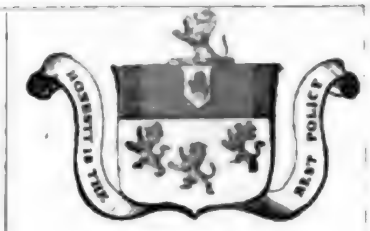


Taaffe Viscount

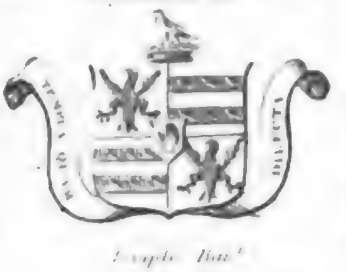


Teignmouth Baron



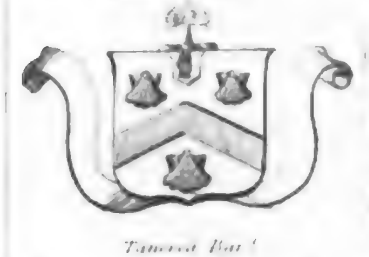
Thomas W. L. G. Bart.

Talbot Earl



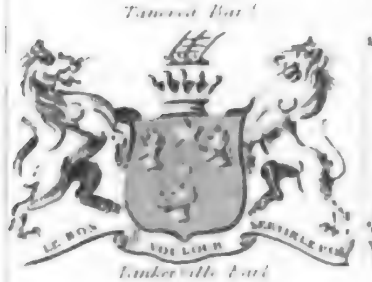
Temple Bart.

Thomond Marquess

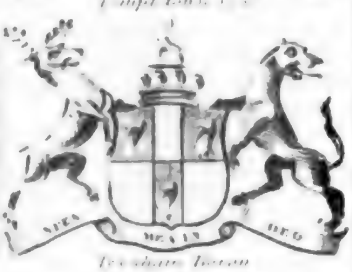

Tancred Bart.

Temple Lord

Thompson N. Bart.



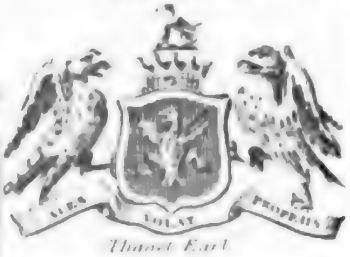
Tankerville Earl



Teignmouth Baron

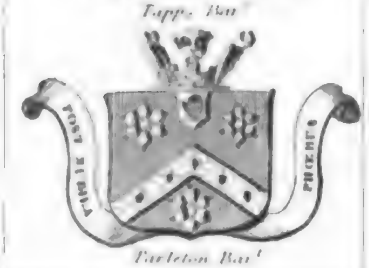
Thompson T. B. Bart.

Tapps Bart.



Thanet Earl

Thorold Bart.



Tarleton Bart.

Thomas-John Bart.

Throckmorton Bart.

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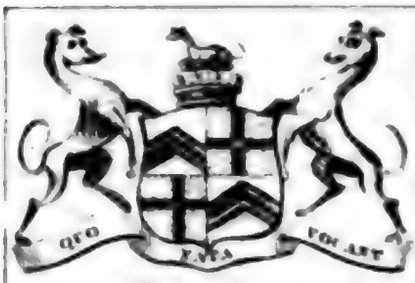
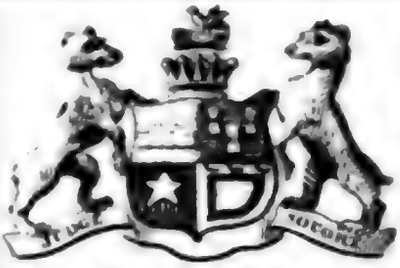
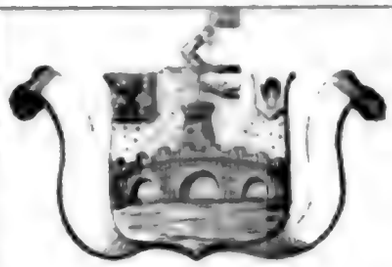
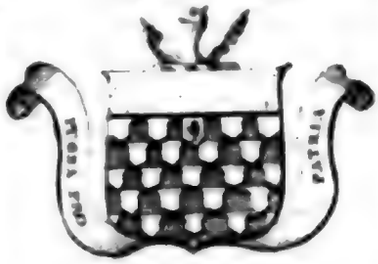


Thurlow Baron

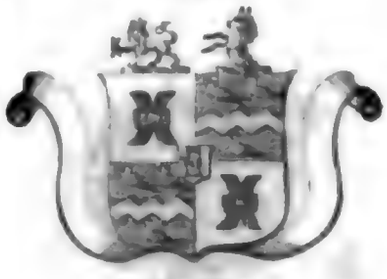

Traquair Earl


Trowbridge Bart.



Tichborne Bart.

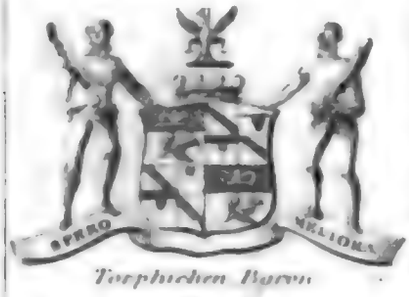
Trelawney Bart.


Turner Bart.

Tierney Bart.

Trevelyan Bart.

Turton Bart.


Tarphichen Baron

Trimlestown Baron

Tweeddale Marquess

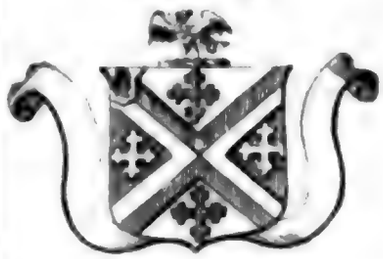
Torrington Visc.

Trollope Bart.

Twisden Bart.

Townshend Marquess

Trotter Bart.

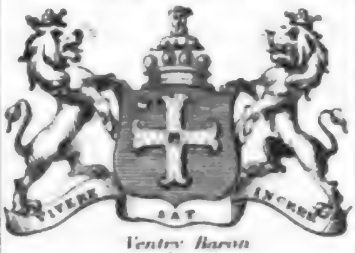

Tyrwden Bart.

Tyrconnel Earl.

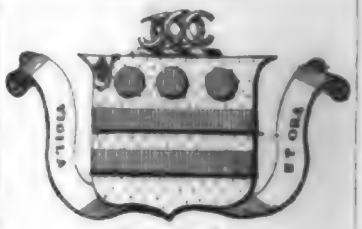
Tavasour H. M. M. Bar

Waldegrave Earl

Tyrell Bart.

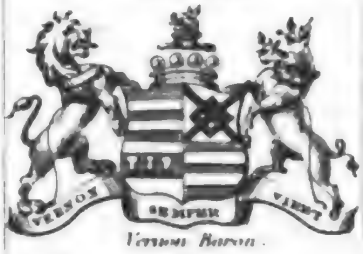


Ventry Baron



Waite Bart.

Tyrwhit Earl.



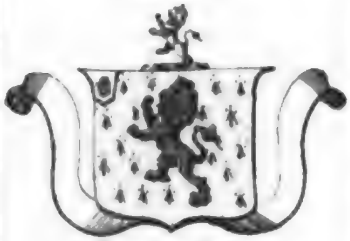
Vernon Baron.

Waller Bart.

Vane Bart.

Verulam Earl.

Wallscourt Baron.


Vaughan Bart.

Vincent Bart.

Walsh Bart.

Varasor Thos. Bart.

Vyvyan Bart.

Walsingham Baron.

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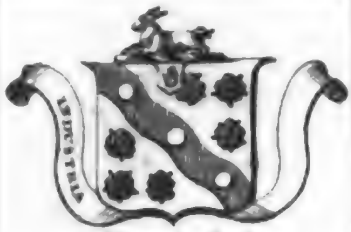


Warrender Bar.t

Webster Bar.t

Wentworth Bar.t

Warwick & Brooke Earl

Welderburn Bar.t

Westcote Baron

Waterford Marquess

Welby Bar.t

Westmeath Marquess

Waterpark Baron

Wellesley Marquess

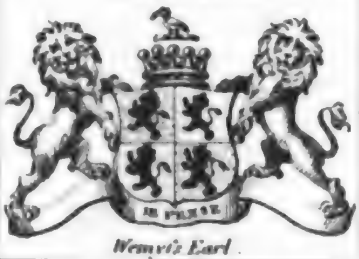
Westmorland Earl

Watson Bar.t

Wellington Duke

Westford & Waterford Earl

Webb Bar.t



Wemyss Earl

Wheler Bar.t

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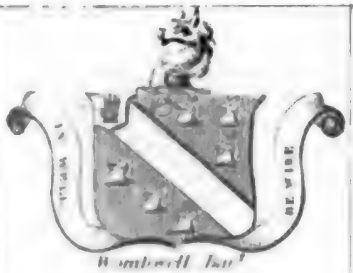
Digitized by Google

Winnington Bart



Wombwell Bart

Wright Bart

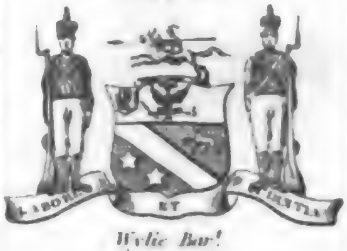
Winterton Earl

Wood Francis L. Bart

Wrottesley Bart

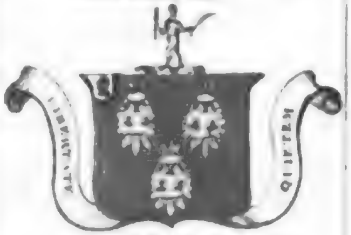
Wiseman Bart

Wood Mark Bart



Wylie Bart

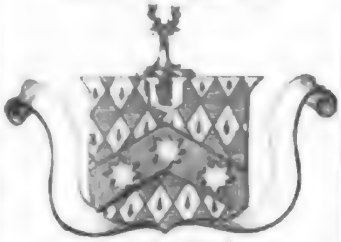
Wodehouse Baron



Woodhouse Ralph Ad. Bart

Wynn Bart

Wolff Bart



Wentworth Bart

Yarborough Bart

Wolseley Bart

Wray Bart

Yea Bart

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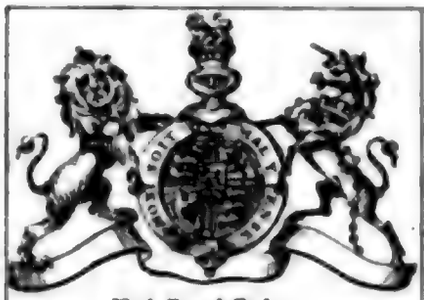

York Royal Duke.

Young Wm. Bart.

Young Sam.l Bart.

Young Wm. Bart.

Edd J Kirk sc 320 Strand

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New Peers created since the year 1825.

	1826.	present title	family name
200	B. Tadcaster	M. Thomond	O'Brien
	B. Somerhill	M. Clanricarde	De Burgh
	B. Wigan	E. Balcarres	Lindsay
	B. Ranfurly	E. Ranfurly	Knox
	B. Farnborough	B. Farnborough	Long
	B. De Tabley	B. De Tabley	Leicester
210	B. Gower	B. Gower	Gower
	B. Wharncliffe	B. Wharncliffe	Mackenzie
	B. Feversham	B. Feversham	Duncombe
	B. Seaford	B. Seaford	Ellis
	1827.		
	V. Goderich	V. Goderich	Robinson
	B. Lyndhurst	B. Lyndhurst	Copley
	B. Fife	E. Fife	Duff
	B. Tenterden	B. Tenterden	Abbot
	B. Plunkett	B. Plunkett	Plunkett
	B. Melrose	E. Haddington	Hamilton
	1828.		
220	V. Canning	V. Canning	Canning
	B. Stuart de Rothesay	B. Stuart de Rothesay	Stuart
	B. Cowley	B. Cowley	Wellesley
	B. Keyserberg	B. Keyserberg	A'court
	B. Rosebery	E. Rosebery	Primrose
	B. Clanwilliam	E. Clanwilliam	Meade
	B. Durham	B. Durham	Lambton
	B. Skelmersdale	B. Skelmersdale	Bootle Wilbraham
	B. Wallace	B. Wallace	Wallace

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New Peers created since the year 1828.

	1829		
129.	B. Wynford.	B. Wynford.	Best.
	1830		
130	B. Brougham.	B. Brougham.	Brougham
	B. Kilmarnock.	E. Errol ...	Hay.
	B. Fingall ...	E. Fingall ...	Plunkett
	1831.		
	E. Munster --	E. Munster --	Fitz Clarence
	B. Sefton ...	E. Sefton ...	Molyneux
	B. Rossie --	B. Kinnaird --	Kinnaird
	B. Dover --	B. Dover --	Ellis.
	B. Clements.	E. Leitrim ..	Clements.
	E. Burlington.	E. Burlington	Cavendish
137.	B. Lenlis --	M. Headfort ..	Taylour.
138.	B. Chaworth ..	E. Meath --	Bourbaron
139	B. Dunmore ..	E. Dunmore -	Murray
140	B. Ludlow --	E. Ludlow ..	Ludlow
141	B. Hamilton.	E. Belhaven.	Hamilton
142	B. Howden ..	B. Howden ..	Cradock
143	B. Panmure -	B. Panmure.	Maule
144	B. Oakley	B. Oakley ..	Cadogan
145	B. Poltimore.	B. Poltimore.	Baltimore
146	B. Wenlock -	B. Wenlock.	Lawley
147.	B. Mostyn ..	B. Mostyn	Lloyd.
148.	B. Segrave	B. Segrave	Berkeley

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New Peers created after the year 1831

1831.		
B. Templemore.	B. Templemore.	Chichester
B. Dinorben.	B. Dinorben.	Hughes.
B. Cloncurry	B. Cloncurry.	Lawless
B. De Saumarez	B. De Saumarez	Saumarez.

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